# 7.8. ADOPTION OF THE WASTE REDUCTION AND RECYCLING PLAN 2025 - 2030

REPORT AUTHOR Resource Recovery Officer

MANAGER Manager Environment and Planning

**DEPARTMENT** Environment and Planning

#### RECOMMENDATION

#### **That Council:**

- 1. Adopt the Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan 2025-2030 as per the requirements of the Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011;
- 2. Delegates authority to the Chief Executive Officer to undertake any minor grammatical changes required.

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011 (the Act) contains a suite of measures to reduce waste generation and landfill disposal and encourage recycling within Queensland. The legislation establishes a framework to modernise waste management and resource recovery practices in Queensland.

A key provision of the Act includes the requirement for Queensland Government agencies and local governments to prepare waste management plans.

The Queensland Waste Strategy, released in 2019, supports the implementation of the Act and focuses on three core priorities:

- a. building economic opportunity;
- b. reducing the impact of waste on the environment;
- c. transitioning to the principles of a circular economy to help retain the value of material in the economy for as long as possible.

Consultation is under way on the draft new Queensland Waste Strategy 2025 - 2030 – Less Landfill, More Recycling. The Draft Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan 2025 - 2030 for Douglas Shire (the Plan) will replace the existing Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan 2022 - 2025.

#### **BACKGROUND**

The Act requires the Plan to include:

- a. waste reduction and recycling targets;
- b. strategies for achieving these targets;
- c. details of current and proposed infrastructure:
- d. management and monitoring of the local government's performance under the Plan;
- e. information about achieving continuous improvement in waste management

- f. regard to current and predicted information about population profiles, residential industrial and commercial development, amounts and types of waste generated and services, markets and facilities relevant to dealing with different types of waste;
- g. regard to the waste and resource management hierarchy and principles; and
- h. how the goals and targets of the State's waste management strategy will be achieved.

The Plan has been created considering a range of factors including those items listed above, the current Queensland Waste Strategy, and the proposed Queensland Waste Strategy 2025–2030.

Queensland's current strategy provides actions to achieve ambitious targets for waste reduction and recycling in Queensland up until 2050. The resource recovery sector in Far North Queensland (FNQ) is facing a range of challenges, driven by changing policy, large transport distances, low economies of scale, lack of local markets, community behaviours and capacity to pay, and lack of infrastructure or aging assets. These challenges result in decreased participation in recycling, low resource recovery rates, and increased volume of waste to landfill. Without support and planning the FNQ region has low capacity to meet the State strategy targets and improve regional resource recovery outcomes.

The Plan takes these challenges into consideration whilst aligning with the State's three strategic priorities of reducing the impact of waste on the environment, transitioning to a circular economy and building economic opportunities.

The Plan details achievable actions, Key Performance Indicators (KPI's) and Projects which will allow us to work towards the waste avoidance, landfill diversion and recycling rate targets outlined in the current Queensland Waste Strategy.

#### **COMMENTS**

Council has implemented numerous strategies, programs and initiatives in line with Council's preceding Waste Reduction and Recycling Plans and the evolving waste industry to reduce waste generation and increase resource recovery.

#### Programs include;

- a. undertaking waste characterisation audits;
- b. implementation of waste monitoring systems;
- c. waste education:
- d. increased capacity for resource recovery;
- e. investigation of market opportunities for problem wastes.

A more detailed overview of implemented programs can be found on page 15 of the Plan.

#### **PROPOSAL**

The Plan focuses on addressing current resource recovery and waste management challenges in the Shire whilst looking ahead to shape the region's future direction in the management of waste as a resource. The Plan outlines how Council will work with the community, local businesses and industry to better manage its waste and recovered materials until 2030.

#### FINANCIAL/RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

The estimated cost to Council for implementing this plan is \$10,000 annually although this should be reviewed in line with evolving resource recovery needs. Council's waste collection contractor contributes additional resources to waste audit activities bi-annually and waste

education activities annually to assist with implementing the Plan. In addition, the Resource Recovery Officer actively seeks grant funding as needed for new programs that align with the Plan.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS**

The Act requires Council to prepare and adopt a Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan which complies with the requirements detailed in this report. If Council does not have a Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan in place, the State will prepare one to be implemented and Council will be responsible for all costs, charges and expenses reasonably incurred.

#### **SUSTAINABILITY IMPLICATIONS**

**Economic:** Numerous economic benefits are expected from reducing waste and

increasing recycling volumes in Douglas Shire, including lower processing costs and increased income from recyclables (eligible beverage containers, scrap metal and batteries). Increased resource recovery will also result in higher landfill diversion rates and less waste which is transported to an offsite landfill and reduced landfill

levy fees.

**Environmental:** Waste reduction and increased resource recovery rates will result in

improved environmental outcomes. The waste hierarchy, in particular reducing and reusing items, reduces adverse environmental impacts associated with the consumption of natural resources, the manufacture and use of products and the disposal of

waste.

Social: Waste reduction and resource recovery is important to residents and

tourists in Douglas Shire. Education and providing choices for communities on waste, particularly in relation to the waste hierarchy, allows communities to change behaviours and contribute to a sustainable environment. Well informed communities can purchase wisely, reduce packaging, reuse items and influence suppliers. Waste minimisation provides leadership to the community and demonstrates commitment to social and environmental

responsibility.

#### CORPORATE/OPERATIONAL PLAN, POLICY REFERENCE

This report has been prepared in accordance with the following:

#### Corporate Plan 2025-2030 Initiatives:

#### Theme 1 - Liveability

To deliver community activities to promote safe, healthy, inclusive and socially engaged communities with an environmental conscious.

**1.7 -** Investigate and promote environmental, green, eco-friendly and nature focused initiatives.

#### Theme 3 - Service Delivery

We deliver Council services effectively and efficiently to meet community expectations,

focusing on the wellbeing of both the community and our employees. **3.9 -** *Preserve, protect and improve our unique environment.* 

#### **Operational Plan 2025-2026 Actions:**

Legislative requirement.

Sustainable Waste Management at Events - Encourage sustainable practices at events, including supporting the culture of BYO reusables and provision of recycling bins where they are unavailable commercially.

Plastic Free Places - Continue to participate in the Plastic Free Cairns and Douglas Program, managed by Boomerang Alliance, which assists businesses to reduce or eliminate single-use plastic items from their supply chain. This includes a "Choose to Reuse" Program funded by the State Government.

Illegal dumping program - Continue the illegal dumping program through a combination of education, investigation, and enforcement.

Update Council's Waste Reduction Plan - Update Council's Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan to align with Queensland's Waste Strategy, reducing waste to landfill and increasing resource recovery.

Waste Education - Implementation of Council's Waste Education Plan for schools, businesses and community groups.

#### **COUNCIL'S ROLE**

Council can play a number of different roles in certain circumstances and it is important to be clear about which role is appropriate for a specific purpose or circumstance. The implementation of actions will be a collective effort and Council's involvement will vary from information only through to full responsibility for delivery.

The following areas outline where Council has a clear responsibility to act:

**Advocate** Council makes representation on behalf of the community on

important issues, funding opportunities, projects and programs. Council will use its influence to seek the best outcomes for the

community.

**Custodian** Council owns and manages infrastructure, facilities, reserves,

resources and natural areas. In fulfilling its role as custodian, Council will be mindful of the community, the economy, the

environment, and good governance.

**Regulator** Council has a number of statutory obligations detailed in numerous

regulations and legislative Acts. Council also makes local laws to ensure that the Shire is well governed. In fulfilling its role as regulator, Council will utilise an outcomes based approach that balances the needs of the community with social and natural justice.

Service Provider Council provides many services to the community from roads and

waste services to libraries and recreational facilities. Services evolve

over time and it is the Council's mission to ensure that these

services are appropriate, delivered efficiently, and designed with the

customer at the centre.

#### CONSULTATION

Internal: Internal consultation was undertaken with the Environment and

Planning Department.

External: The public consultation period began on the 19th of June and ended

on the 18th of July, a total of 30 days.

#### **COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT**

The Plan was released for public consultation following endorsement at an Ordinary Council Meeting on the 17th June 2025. The public consultation period began on the 19th of June and ended on the 18th of July, a total of 30 days (minimum of 28 days is prescribed by the Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011) and was promoted through various mediums.

The main points from the consultation were:

- Prior to the release of the Plan, over 80% of respondents were aware or somewhat aware of Council's waste reduction and recycling initiatives.
- 100% of respondents were somewhat or very confident in knowing what items can be recycled.
- Over 69% of respondents visit a waste transfer station at least a few times a year.
- Over 95% of respondents agree or strongly agree that waste reduction and recycling are important issues for the Shire.
- Respondents identified the following priority areas for resource recovery in the next five years; education and behaviour change (70%), organics and food waste (55%), reducing waste from tourism (50%).
- Almost 70% of respondents are willing to do more when it comes to reducing waste and increasing recycling.
- General concerns focused on green waste management, easier recycling options and education tools.

Many concerns raised related to existing services or tools which highlights the need for enhanced education and awareness campaigns on existing waste reduction and recycling options.

A number of the suggestions put forth by the respondents were for projects already scheduled in the Waste Education and Behaviour Change Plan 2025-2026 which provides an annual implementation framework to ensure Council's resource recovery activities are in line with the Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan 2025 -2030.

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

1. Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan 2025-2030 [7.8.1 - 24 pages]





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Message from the Mayor

As Mayor of Douglas Shire, I am proud to present the Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan 2025-30. This comprehensive plan reflects our commitment to sustainability and our vision for a cleaner, greener future for our community.

Douglas Shire is renowned for its natural beauty, from the lush rainforests to the pristine beaches. It is our responsibility to protect and preserve these treasures for future generations. This plan outlines the priorities and actions that will guide us in reducing waste, increasing recycling, and promoting sustainable practices across the Shire.

Our approach is collaborative, involving residents, businesses, and local organisations. Together, we can make significant strides in minimizing our environmental footprint. The plan emphasises education, innovation, and community engagement, ensuring that everyone has a role to play in achieving our waste reduction goals.

I encourage all members of our community to embrace the principles outlined in this plan.

By working together, we can create a more sustainable and resilient Douglas Shire. Let us take pride in our efforts and continue to lead by example in environmental stewardship.

Thank you for your support and dedication to making Douglas Shire a better place for all.



Lisa Scomozzon Mayor, Douglas Shire Council



### Introduction

### Purpose

The purpose of the Waste Reduction and Recycling Plan (WRRP) is to define Council's overall priorities for recycling and waste management within the Shire. This plan supports the Council's vision of working together to enhance our environment, lifestyle, culture and community.

The WRRP focuses on addressing current resource recovery and waste management challenges in the Shire whilst looking ahead to shape the region's future direction in the management of waste as a resource. This document outlines how Council will work with the community, local businesses and industry to better manage its waste and recovered materials until 2030.

### Snapshot of the Shire

The Douglas Shire region is located in Far North Queensland, Australia. The region extends from Degarra in the north to south of Wangetti. Famous for its 'rainforest to reef' setting, the Shire is at the interface of two World Heritage Listed areas, the Great Barrier Reef and the Wet Tropics which includes the ancient Daintree rainforest. Approximately 70% of the Shires residents reside in Port Douglas and Mossman. Other urban areas include the beachside communities of Wonga Beach, Newell and Cooya Beach.



of land area



12,500

residents (2021 ABS)





### Opportunities and Challenges

Domestic and international tourism remains the cornerstone of the Douglas Shire economy, attracting approximately 1.2 million visitors annually.

While seasonal fluctuations in visitor numbers create variability in waste volumes, they also present opportunities to implement innovative, tourism-focused waste reduction and recycling initiatives by partnering with local tourism providers.

Beyond tourism, key industries such as transport, health care, education, construction, commercial fishing, tropical horticulture, cattle farming, the creative arts, and professional services contribute to a diverse waste stream. This creates potential for tailored resource recovery initiatives across different sectors.

Community engagement and education represent some of the most powerful tools for improving recycling and reducing contamination.

Douglas Shire has significant opportunities to work closely with schools, residents, and commercial operators to foster a culture of sustainability.

Education programs can be developed and delivered in schools to build early awareness of recycling and environmental stewardship. For households, community workshops, targeted campaigns, and digital resources can help residents better understand what can be recycled, reduce contamination, and promote at-home composting or participation in local organics initiatives.

For the commercial sector, tailored education and support programs can help businesses understand their waste profiles and identify opportunities to reduce, separate, and recover waste materials more effectively.

This could include partnerships with hospitality venues to improve back-of-house recycling, food waste reduction, and organics diversion.

By embracing these education and engagement opportunities, Douglas Shire can significantly enhance participation in recycling programs, reduce contamination, and support the growth of a local circular economy, benefitting both the community and the environment.

Across Far North Queensland (FNQ), the resource recovery sector is navigating a period of transition.

Challenges such as changing policy settings, vast transport distances, low economies of scale, limited local recycling markets, community behaviour patterns, and ageing or insufficient infrastructure continue to affect recovery rates.

However, these same factors present valuable opportunities to explore regional solutions, invest in improved infrastructure, foster local processing capabilities, and build market demand for recovered materials.

Additionally, FNQ is particularly vulnerable to natural disasters such as cyclones and floods, as well as other significant local events. These events can place sudden and severe pressure on waste management systems, generating large volumes of debris and disrupting regular services.

# Strategic Context

### **Key Policy Drivers**

There are a number of national and state legislative and policy requirements that guide the direction of Australia's waste and resource recovery management.

The Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011 (WRR Act) requires every Queensland local government to prepare, adopt and implement a WRRP, which must set clear guidelines for waste management within the local government area.

#### **Recycling and Waste Reduction Act 2020**

National framework to manage waste and recycling, including export bans and economic stimulation with targets.

#### Australia's National Waste Policy 2018 and Action Plan 2019

Adopts principals that support the vision of a circular economy and sets targets to guide investment.

#### **National Food Waste Strategy 2017**

A framework to support action for halving national food waste by 2030.

#### 2025 National Packaging Targets

Sets targets for packaging by 2025, including reusability, recyclability, use of recycled content and the phase out of problematic single-use plastics.

#### **Australasian Recycling Label**

On-pack labelling system developed for assisting consumers in understanding appropriate disposal methods for packaging.

#### National Plastics Plan 2021

A national plan to address plastic waste.

# state

Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011

Requires the development and implementation of Waste Reduction and Recycling Plans.

**Queensland Waste Management and Resource Recovery Strategy 2019** 

Sets targets for waste disposal in Queensland.

**Waste Disposal Levy** 

Implemented in 2019 to disincentivise disposal of waste to landfill.

Plastic Pollution Reduction Plan 2019

Identifies and prioritises actions to reduce plastic waste

**Single-Use Plastic Bans** 

Legislated bans of single-use plastic bags (2018) and other items including plastic straws (2021). Other items are continually being reviewed for inclusion in the ban.

Organics Strategy and Action Plan 2022-32

Provides framework for improved management of organic material, with the Action Plan providing a road map.

### Corporate Alignment

This plan has been developed with national, state and local policies, objectives and targets in mind.

Douglas Shire Council is committed to leading our community towards a cleaner, greener future. Our vision is to reduce waste generation, maximise resource recovery, and protect our unique natural environment through innovation, education, and collaboration.

By fostering a circular economy, encouraging responsible consumption, and supporting sustainable practices, we will ensure that Douglas Shire remains a vibrant and resilient region for generations to come.

Our vision is to reduce waste generation, maximise resource recovery, and protect our unique natural environment through innovation, education, and collaboration.

#### Douglas Shire Council Corporate Plan 2025-2030

Waste management has the potential to impact a wide range of areas and consequently has strong linkages throughout various corporate strategies. The WRRP has been developed to compliment the councils Corporate Plan and Operation Plan, specifically under the following themes:



- 1. Liveability
- 1.7 Investigate and promote environmental, green, eco-friendly and nature focused initiatives.



- 3. Service Delivery
- 3.9 Preserve, protect and improve our unique environment.

#### **FNQROC** Regional Resource Recovery Plan

This plan aligns with the Far North Queensland Regional Organisation of Councils (FNQROC) regional plan which presents a series of actions to collaboratively deliver resource recovery outcomes and provide positive impact across all participating council regions.

# **Qld Waste Targets**

Queensland Waste Management and Resource Recovery Strategy 2019 ("Queensland Waste Strategy") sets short to medium term targets for waste avoidance, landfill diversion and recycling rates. Council's WRRP aligns with the Queensland's Waste Strategy targets outlined in this section.

### Waste & Resource Management Hierarchy

The waste and resource management hierarchy underpins the Queensland Waste Strategy and this WRRP. This framework guides the order of preference for managing waste. It emphasises waste avoidance as the priority, after which options for reuse, recycle, recover and treatment should be explored, before the least preferable option of disposal. Council prioritises the adoption of circular systems, aiming for materials to be kept in their original use for as long as possible.

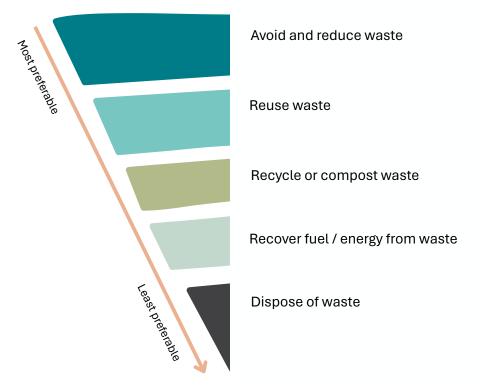


Figure 1: The Waste and Resource Management Hierarchy

### **Waste Avoidance Targets**

The waste avoidance target seeks to reduce the amount of waste that each household in Queensland generates. Table 2 shows Queensland's Waste Strategy waste reduction targets for households (per capita).

Stream	Baseline (2018)	2025	2030	2040	2050
MSW	0.54 tonnes	10%	15%	20%	25%

Table 2: Queensland's Waste Avoidance Targets

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### **Landfill Diversion Targets**

Landfill diversion targets set in Queensland's Waste Strategy are shown below in Table 3.

Stream	Baseline (2018)	2025	2030	2040	2050
MSW	32.4%	55%	70%	90%	95%
C&I	47.3%	65%	80%	90%	95%
C&D	50.9%	75%	85%	85%	85%
Overall	45.4%	65%	80%	80%	90%

Table 3: Waste diversion from landfill targets – recovery rate as a percentage of total waste generated

### **Recycling Rate Targets**

Increased recycling rates is supported in the Queensland's Waste Strategy through the development of markets and the delivery of infrastructure to meet market demand for recycled material. The percentages in Table 4 relate to waste that is reported as recycled or reused, specifically excluding material from which energy is recovered.

Stream	Baseline (2018)	2025	2030	2040	2050
MSW	31.1%	50%	60%	65%	70%
C&I	46.5%	55%	60%	65%	>65%
C&D	50.9%	75%	80%	>80%	>80%
Overall	44.9%	60%	65%	70%	75%

Table 4: Recycling rates - as a percentage of total waste generated

# Douglas Shire Waste Profile

#### **Current Services and Infrastructure**

Council provides services and facilities for waste disposal and recycling throughout the Shire. This includes a general waste and recycling kerbside collection services for properties within the collection service area and four transfer stations. Killaloe landfill was active from 1989 until the end of 2021 when it reached capacity resulting in offsite transport of all residual waste.

Approved properties outside of the kerbside collection service area are levied a Special Refuse Charge to utilise transfer stations, including one transfer station in the adjacent local government area of Cook Shire.

#### **Transfer Stations**

Council operates four transfer stations, with Killaloe Transfer Station being the primary facility in the Shire. The remaining three transfer stations: Newell, Daintree and Cow Bay transfer stations service the remote areas of the Shire. All facilities are supervised during opening hours and are secured when closed.

Eligible properties outside of the kerbside collection service area are issued a Special Refuse Card for use at transfer stations for the disposal of waste and recyclables. Approximately 240 properties are outside of the kerbside collection area and rely on transfer stations for waste disposal.

Council has an arrangement with the adjacent local government area of Cook Shire to allow residents in the Degarra area to utilise Ayton Transfer Station.





#### Kerbside Collection Service

Council's kerbside collection service is available to approximately 7550 residential and 550 commercial properties within the Shire. This consists of a weekly kerbside service of 240L waste bins and a fortnightly kerbside service of 240L yellow-lidded co-mingled recycling bins.

Kerbside waste was previously delivered to an advanced resource recovery facility in Cairns where processible waste was recovered, however a significant fire at this facility in January 2025 has resulted in all waste collected being diverted to landfill on the Tablelands until a long-term regional solution is implemented. Recyclables collected in the kerbside collection service are transported directly to the Material Recovery Facility (MRF) in Cairns. Recyclables are sorted and separated into plastics, paper, steel and aluminium, baled and exported for recycling. Glass is separated and crushed for use in Cairns Regional Council's operations, including concrete cycle and pedestrian path construction.

A waste-only kerbside collection service is also available for commercial properties north of Forest Creek, over the Daintree River. Investigations into the viability for expansion of this service to include domestic properties will be investigated during the term of this Plan. The Container Refund Scheme, Containers for Change, is very active in this area and captures majority of eligible beverage containers for recycling. Residents and commercial operators are encouraged to self-haul remaining co-mingled recyclables to one of Council's transfer stations where they are accepted free of charge.



#### Waste Profile

The waste profile for Douglas Shire is presented below and includes approximate annual tonnages of waste generated by waste stream and waste type.



Figure 2: Snapshot of Douglas Shire Waste Profile in 2023 - 2024

The 2023-2024 MSW waste total of 7,232 tonnes indicates an average waste generation of 0.57 tonnes per capita annually (2021 ABS), which is in line with the Queensland baseline of 0.54 tonnes set in 2018. This indicates broadscale waste reduction must be prioritised in this WRRP to move toward achieving the Queensland Strategy Targets 15% reduction target by 2030.

Douglas Shire already exceeds the 2030 MSW landfill diversion target of 70%, however the significant fire at the advanced resource recovery facility in Cairns will impact this until a long-term regional solution is implemented. Council is in line with the 2025 landfill diversion target for C&I of 65% but needs to focus on improvements in the C&D sector moving forward.

Waste characterisation audits of household bins have shown contents of household waste bins typically contain 50% organic material, 20% recyclables and 30% landfill waste. This represents lost resources of 70% in the waste bin in the form of organics which could have been reduced or composted, and recyclables which could have been put into the yellow-lidded recycling bins.

Household yellow-lidded recycling bins contain approximately 8% contamination, that is material which is not accepted in this bin, indicating a opportunity to improve the quality of this material by diverting this waste into the kerbside waste bins, transfer stations or other specialised recyclers.

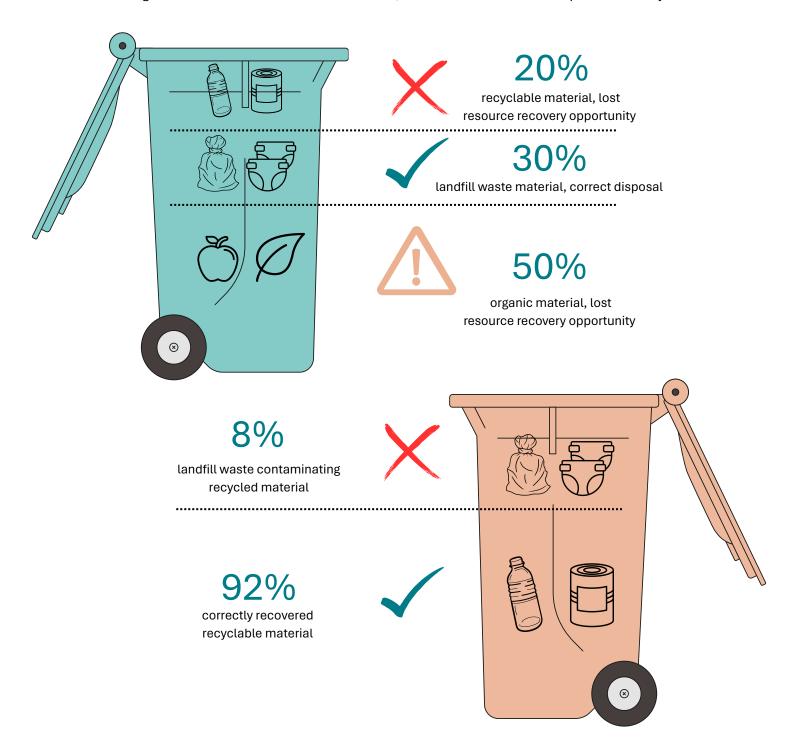


Figure 3: Approx. Composition of Household Waste and Recycling Bins



278

tonnes construction & demolition waste (C&D)



4888

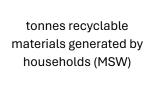
tonnes general waste generated from households (MSW)

960



32

tonnes recyclable materials generated from Council activities





331

tonnes green waste generated from Council activities



1384

tonnes green waste generated by households (MSW)



278

tonnes general waste generated from Council activities



1885

tonnes kerbside waste collected from commercial and industrial



.....

194

tonnes recyclable material collected from commercial and industrial



1195

tonnes other general waste collected from commercial and industrial



389

tonnes green waste collected from commercial and industrial

Figure 4: Approx. Composition of Waste in Douglas Shire 2023 -2024

### **Resource Recovery Activities**

To date Council have implemented numerous strategies, programs and initiatives to reduce waste generation and increase resource recovery, including:

- Waste characterisation audits to determine the contents of household bins and identify ways to improve resource recovery.
- The appointment of a Waste Education Officer in 2021 to deliver a waste education program offered free of charge to early learning centres, schools, businesses and community groups.
- Free waste assessments and advice offered to event organisers to ensure sustainable practices at events in the Shire.
- Monitoring of bin contamination events as logged by Council's Waste Collection Contractor to allow targeted education of properties requiring information or direction on proper waste management.
- A bin tagging program, funded by the State Government's Let's Get it Sorted Partnership's program, to educate and reward residents for proper waste disposal. This program operated from November-December 2024 and resulted in an overall improvement by households of 7%, with those properties receiving green tags in the second round compared to orange or red in the first round.
- Support offered to the Container Refund Scheme, Containers for Change, to ensure access to the scheme in all areas of the Shire.
- Support of the Plastic Free Cairns and Douglas program, funded by the State and delivered by Boomerang Alliance, to support businesses transition to compliance with the single-use plastic items bans which came into effect in 2021, and a second round in 2022. This program continues with the implementation of a reusable coffee cup system in 2025.
- Operation of Council's Tip Shop at Killaloe Transfer Station, the "Scrap Shack" which allows residents to drop off good quality, reusable items for other members of the community to take free of charge. This has resulted in the of thousands of items from landfill since its opening in 2016.
- Support and advocacy for the battery stewardship program in Queensland, "B-Cycle". Council operates drop off points to allow greater access to the scheme for residents.
- Investigations into end-of-life solutions for other material destined for landfill, such as untreated timber, wet cardboard, textiles, solar panels and household batteries are also continuing in an effort to increase landfill diversion rates.

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The noted resource recovery activities implemented by Council resulted in the landfill diversion rates shown below in Table 1.

Waste Stream	2014/15	2020/21	2023/24
Municipal Solid Waste (MSW)	90%	70%	76%
Commercial and Industrial (C&I)	80%	75%	64%
Construction and Demolition (C&D)	1.2%	83%	33%
Overall	57%	75%	72%

Table 1: Landfill Diversion Rates for Douglas Shire

Significant changes to recovery rates between 2014/15 and 2020/21 are attributed to improvements in reporting with the introduction of the waste levy. Operational changes relating to the sorting of residual waste have also resulted in increased recovery of C&D waste, particularly concrete.

The high levels of recovery for MSW are due to kerbside general waste being transported to an advanced resource recovery facility in Cairns until January 2025 where organic material was recovered. All waste collected is now being diverted to landfill on the Tablelands until a long-term regional solution is implemented.

Changes in local population and difficulties in waste stewardship programs resulted in a slight decline in over rates of waste diverted from landfill. Household resource recovery increased slightly due to several proactive education activities.



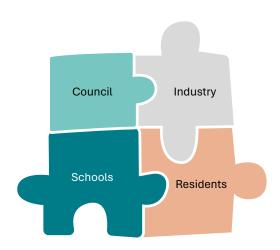
## **Waste Priorities**

Council does not anticipate significant population growth over the term of this WRRP. As a result, no significant additional waste infrastructure or services are expected to be required during this period.

Regional collaboration with other local governments in the FNQ region and state departments remains ongoing to support future planning aimed at enhancing existing resource recovery and expanding economic opportunities for the far north.

Council's waste reduction and recycling actions aim to reduce overall volumes of waste generated within the Shire, increase participation rates in kerbside recycling and result in improved resource recovery rates at transfer stations.

Implementing education and engagement initiatives in the community and various industry sectors will increase recycling participation, reduce contamination rates, and strengthen the foundations of a local circular economy.



Actions have been set with regard to the Waste and Resource Management Hierarchy, aiming to move waste up the hierarchy in an effort to achieve the goals and targets outlined in the Queensland's Waste Strategy.



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### Waste Reduction and Recycling Actions

Strateg	ic Priority 1 – Reducing the impact of waste of the environment	
#1	Continuation of the Resource Recovery Officer role to support the implementation of the WRRP.	Immediate
#2	Develop and implement annual Waste Education and Behaviour Change Plan targeting community wide waste reduction, recycling and organics diversion.	Immediate
#3	Encourage the diversion of organic waste from landfill, continue ongoing investigations for long-term opportunities.	Long Term
#4	Encourage sustainable events by fostering a culture of BYO or reusables and providing recycling bins where they are unavailable commercially.	Short Term
#5	Implement a targeted illegal dumping program through a combination of educations, investigation and enforcement.	Short Term
#6	Recovery of waste (concrete, pavement and other suitable materials) from Council's operations for reuse.	Short Term

Strateg	gic Priority 2 – Transitioning to a circular economy for waste	
#7	Advocacy and support of individuals and groups working to divert waste from landfill.	Ongoing
#8	Support the implementation of circular economy initiatives.	Ongoing
#9	Support environmentally responsible internal procurement in accordance with Council's Procurement Policy.	Ongoing

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### Waste Reduction and Recycling Actions

Strateg	Strategic Priority 3 – Building economic opportunity				
#10	Regional collaboration across FNQ councils to create economies of scale and meet infrastructure needs.	Long Term			
#11	Maintaining relationships with state departments, including Department of Environment, Tourism, Science and Innovation and Queensland Treasury to identify economic and development opportunities.	Ongoing			
#12	Investigate market opportunities for waste with an existing resource value, find alternative end of life solutions for material destined for landfill.	Long Term			

### Annual KPI's and Projects



10

multi-unit dwellings supported to reduce waste and increase resource recovery



20

commercial premises supported to reduce waste and increase resource recovery



5

active organic diversion programs in place



6

early education facilities supported



300

primary school students participating in waste education initiatives



100

high school students participating in waste education initiatives



2

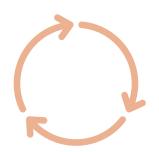
remote communities supported to utilise the Containers for Change services



5

stewardship programs supported and maintained to manage problem wastes





2

circular economy initiatives supported within the region



