

5.8. COUNCIL TO CEO DELEGATION

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RECOMMENDATION

That Council under S257 of the *Local Government Act 2009* resolves to delegate the exercise of the powers contained within the Delegations Register – Council to Chief Executive Officer. Furthermore these powers must be exercised subject to the limitations contained in the Delegations Register as listed.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The *Local Government Act 2009* gives Council the authority to do its work and provides for the delegation of this authority from Council to the Chief Executive Officer (CEO). The Chief Executive Officer can further delegate to Council officers in order to provide the effective and efficient delivery of services to the community.

The Local Government Association of Queensland's Delegations Register Service provides updates to the Chief Executive Officer each year regarding recommended changes to delegations. The update of delegations from Council to the CEO is updated and presented to Council for consideration.

BACKGROUND

There are over 70 Acts and Regulations that relate to local government. The legislative framework to undertake delegations is as follows:

- Section 257 of the Local Government Act 2009 (the Act) allows a Council to delegate a power, other than where an Act specifically states that the power must be exercised by Council resolution.
- Section 257 (1)(b) of the Act provides for a power to be delegated to the CEO.
- Section 259 of the Act allows a CEO to on-delegate their powers to appropriately qualified officers, other than where the local government specifically directs that the power not be further delegated or it is a power to keep a register of interests.

COMMENT

When determining which powers should be delegated from Council to the CEO, a differentiation has been made between 'making the decision' (to remain with Council) and 'implementation of the decision' (to be delegated to the CEO).

In addition, it was determined that policy matters, land matters, and matters relating to public liability insurance would all remain with Council.

It should be noted that, in addition to the updates, delegated matters can be brought to Council by the CEO on a case-by-case basis.

The changes include the addition of the following new registers:

Animal Care and Protection Regulation 2012

Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017

Nature Conservation (Protected Areas Management) Regulation 2017

Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018

Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2018

Public Health Regulation 2018

Transport Operations (Road Use Management – Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015

Transport Operations (Road Use Management – Road Rules) Regulation 2009

Transport Operations (Road Use Management – Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2010

Existing registers that have been amended are:

Building Regulation 2006

Environmental Protection Regulation 2008

Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990

Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

Local Government Act 2009

Local Government Regulation 2012

Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 2017

Residential Services (Accreditation Act 2002)

State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999

Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016

Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011

Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011

Water Act 2000

Water Regulation 2016

The Local Government Association of Queensland service also advised of a number of matters that require a Resolution of Council and cannot be delegated.

PROPOSAL

That Council under S257 of the *Local Government Act 2009* resolves to delegate the exercise of the powers contained within the Delegations Register – Council to Chief Executive Officer. Furthermore these powers must be exercised subject to the limitations contained in the Delegations Register as listed.

FINANCIAL/RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS

There are no financial implications to this process. Appropriate implementation of delegations to the CEO ensures the efficient use of Council resources.

RISK MANAGEMENT IMPLICATIONS

The administration of Council's responsibilities under the local government Acts carries with it inherent risk. Appropriate delegations form part of the risk management framework associated with these responsibilities.

This process is part of Council meeting its legislative delegation requirements under the Local Government Act 2009. It is also a major part in Council eliminating legal non-compliance issues impacting upon the legal validity / enforceability of Council decisions, or Council's ability to legally enforce or litigate breaches of local government Acts.

SUSTAINABILITY IMPLICATIONS

- Economic:** The appropriate delegation of powers by Council assists with the efficient and timely utilization of Council's resources thereby extending the economic sustainability of these usually limited resources
- Environmental:** The appropriate delegation of powers by Council allows officers to respond to emergent events as well as provide continuous enhancement to the protection of the environment and its ongoing sustainability.
- Social:** Appropriate delegation of powers by Council enables officers to provide efficient delivery of standard services to the community and gives authority to officers to respond to new projects approved by Council in response to community desires.

CORPORATE/OPERATIONAL PLAN, POLICY REFERENCE

This report has been prepared in accordance with the following:

Corporate Plan 2019-2024 Initiatives:

Theme 5 - Robust Governance and Efficient Service Delivery

Goal 1 - *We will conduct Council business in an open and transparent manner with strong oversight and open reporting.*

Operational Plan 2019-2020 Actions:

5.1.1 - *Develop a Project Decision Framework and an Administration Instruction.*

COUNCIL'S ROLE

Council can play a number of different roles in certain circumstances and it is important to be clear about which role is appropriate for a specific purpose or circumstance. The implementation of actions will be a collective effort and Council's involvement will vary from information only through to full responsibility for delivery.

The following areas outline where Council has a clear responsibility to act:

Regulator Council has a number of statutory obligations detailed in numerous regulations and legislative Acts. Council also makes local laws to ensure that the Shire is well governed. In fulfilling its role as regulator, Council will utilise an outcomes based approach that balances the needs of the community with social and natural justice.

CONSULTATION

Internal: Elected Members - Workshop

External: Local Government Association of Queensland Delegations Register Service

ATTACHMENTS

1. All Council to CEO Delegations Register Draft MAY 2019 [5.8.1 - 418 pages]
2. Matters that require Council resolution and CANNOT be delegated checklist [5.8.2 - 14 pages]



Douglas Shire Council Register of Delegations State Legislation Council to the Chief Executive Officer

Council delegates under section 257 (1)(b) of the *Local Government Act* 2009, the following powers to the Chief Executive Officer.

Legend – Updates March and April 2019

Chief Executive Officer	Delegation to CEO
	Delegation to remain with Council
	New delegation
	Amendment to delegation
Strikethrough	Deletion

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to take all reasonable and practicable steps to ensure that the human remains are taken into the custody of the chief executive.	Section 17 <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to advise the chief executive of the existence and location of the human remains and give the chief executive all details that the chief executive reasonably requires.	Section 18 <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who carries out an activity, to take all reasonable and practicable measures to ensure the activity does not harm Aboriginal cultural heritage.	Section 23 <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the Minister about cultural heritage duty of care guidelines.	Section 28(2) <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who is involved in putting an approved cultural heritage management plan into effect, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the chief executive is advised about all Aboriginal cultural heritage revealed to exist because of any activity carried out under the plan.	Section 30 <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who carries out an activity, to advise the chief executive of Aboriginal cultural heritage revealed to exist because of the activity.	Section 31 <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to carry out a cultural heritage study and have its findings recorded in the register including all steps authorised or required by Part 6 of the Act for the purpose of carrying out the study, recording it in the register and objecting to the way the study is recorded in the register.	Sections 53, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62(2), 63(3), 64(2), 65(2), 67, 68, 69(2), 70, 71, 76, 77(2) and 153 <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the Minister about guidelines to help people in choosing suitable methodologies for carrying out cultural heritage studies.	Section 54(2) <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner or occupier of land, to consult with the sponsor about obtaining access to the land and determine whether or not access should be given.	Section 70(3) <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the chief executive about a cultural heritage study.	Section 72(1)(c) <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to object to the Land Court to:- (a) the chief executive's recording in the register of the findings of a cultural heritage study; and (b) the chief executive's refusal to record in the register the findings of a cultural heritage study.	Section 76 <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to develop, reach agreement on and seek approval for a cultural heritage management plan including all steps authorised or required by Part 7 of the Act for the purpose of developing, reaching agreement on and seeking approval of the plan and objecting to any refusal to approve the plan.	Sections 82, 83, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97(2), 98(2), 99(2), 100, 101, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 109(5), 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117(5) and 153 <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the Minister about guidelines to help people in choosing suitable methodologies for developing cultural heritage management plans.	Section 85(1) <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner or occupier of land, to consult with a person who wishes to enter land to perform a cultural heritage activity about obtaining access to the land and to determine whether or not access should be given.	Section 153 <i>Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Acquisition of Land Act 1967

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an entity taking the resource interest to give the relevant chief executive for the resource interest written notice.	Section 4B(2) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to prepare, serve and amend a Notice of Intention to Resume, to discontinue a resumption and to give notice to the land registry.	Section 7 <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to hear the objector, consider the grounds of objection to the taking of land and to amend the notice of intention to resume or discontinue the resumption.	Section 8 <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to apply to the Minister that the land be taken and to respond to requests from the Minister for further particulars or information.	Section 9 <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to deal with land mentioned in subsection (4) for the purpose for which it is taken on and from the day it is taken, even though the land is yet to be dedicated, granted, leased or otherwise dealt with under subsection (4A).	Section 12(4B) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to agree with the Claimant on the amount of compensation payable.	Section 12(5A) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to serve the gazette resumption notice upon every person who is entitled pursuant to section 18 to claim compensation or is a mortgagee of the land.	Section 12(7) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to lodge with the registrar of titles a plan of survey showing a new boundary for a lot or common property.	Section 12A <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to dedicate land taken under the Act as a road.	Section 12B <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to take additional land	Sections 13(1) and (1A)	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Acquisition of Land Act 1967

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to take additional land.	Section 13(2) and (2A) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to sell or otherwise deal with additional land taken.	Section 13 (3) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to take land pursuant to a resumption agreement and to take all steps necessary to prepare and enter the resumption agreement.	Section 15B <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Minister to take land pursuant to a resumption agreement and to respond to requests from the Minister for further particulars or information.	Section 15C <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to declare by gazette notice that land taken pursuant to a resumption agreement is taken for the purpose stated in the notice.	Section 15D <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to serve a notice of discontinuance of a resumption.	Section 16(1) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to agree with the claimant about the amount of compensation payable under subsection (1A) or to refer the issue for determination by the Land Court..	Section 16(1B) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to have the amount of compensation payable under subsection (1A) taxed by an officer of the Supreme Court.	Section 16(1C) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power as a gazetting authority to, by gazette notice, revoke a gazette resumption notice.	Section 17(1) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to agree in writing with the person entitled as owner to compensation in respect of the taking of the land to the revesting of the land or part of it, to which a gazette resumption notice will relate.	Section 17(1A) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Acquisition of Land Act 1967

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to lodge a gazette copy of the revoking gazette notice with the land registry.	Section 17(2)(c) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to agree upon the amount of compensation to be paid under subsection (4) or to agree that the amount be determined by the Land Court.	Section 17(5) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to accept and deal with a claim for compensation served by the claimant within 3 years after the day the land was taken.	Section 19 <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to accept and deal with a claim for compensation served by the claimant more than 3 years after the day the land was taken.	Sections 19(4) and 19(6) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to agree to grant the claimant, in satisfaction wholly or partly of the claimant's claim for compensation, any easement, right of way, lease or other right of occupation, or any other right, privilege or concession in, upon, over or under the land taken or any other land the property of Council.	Section 21(1) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to agree to transfer land held in fee simple by Council to the claimant in satisfaction wholly or partly of the Claimant's claim for compensation.	Section 21(1A) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to agree with the Claimant that the extent to which the grant or transfer shall satisfy the claim for compensation be determined by the Land Court.	Section 21(2) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to make an advance on compensation to the Claimant.	Section 23(2) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, before paying the advance, require the claimant to satisfy Council regarding taxes, rates and other moneys which, if unpaid, would be a charge upon the land, and to decide to reduce an advance by any such amount.	Section 23(5) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Acquisition of Land Act 1967

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to reduce the advance by the sum due to the mortgagee.	Section 23(6) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay to Council, the Crown or a mortgagee any amount by which the advance has been reduced.	Section 23(7) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to refer a claim for compensation to the Land Court.	Section 24(1) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Land Court for further or other particulars of a claim for compensation.	Section 24(4) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Land Court for the Claimant to enter an appearance on the reference.	Section 25(1) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay the amount of compensation agreed upon or determined into the Supreme Court.	Sections 29 & 30 <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	Notification to councillors before payment is made
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay to a mortgagee so much of the amount of compensation as does not exceed the sum due to the mortgagee.	Section 32 <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to deduct from an amount of compensation and pay to the Crown or to Council any amount of taxes, rates or other moneys charged upon the land taken in favour of the Crown or Council.	Section 35 <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to authorise a person to exercise the powers in section 36(1) on Council's behalf.	Section 36(1) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give 7 days notice in writing of the intention to enter the land.	Section 36(3) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to temporarily occupy and use any land for the purpose of constructing, maintaining or repairing any works and to exercise the powers prescribed in subsection (1).	Section 37(1) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Acquisition of Land Act 1967

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give notice to the occupier or owner of the intention to temporarily occupy and use the land.	Section 37(2) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to agree with the Claimant upon the amount of compensation to be paid under section 37 or to agree that such amount be determined by the Land Court.	Section 37(5) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to issue a warrant to the sheriff to deliver up possession of the land taken or occupied under the Act.	Section 38(1) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	
	Power to offer for sale land taken under the Act to the former owner of the land.	Section 41(1) <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Animal Care and Protection Act 2001

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the specified circumstances, to agree in writing to the transfer of the ownership of an animal or other thing to Council.	Sections 156(2) <i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the specified circumstances, to deal with an animal or other thing as considered appropriate.	Section 157 <i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the specified circumstances, to recover the cost from the animal's owner or former owner.	Section 189 <i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the specified circumstances, to agree in writing to the transfer of the ownership of an animal to Council.	Section 214A(2) <i>Animal Care and Protection Act 2001</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Animal Care and Protection Regulation 2012

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with the requirements of schedule 3A – Code of practice for breeding of dogs.	<i>Section 2(2), Animal Care and Protection Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a person in charge of a breeding dog usually kept at premises to ensure:- (a) the relevant information for the dog is recorded in writing; and (b) the records of the relevant information is kept for 3 years after the later of when the dog is last used for breeding or the dog is no longer kept for breeding.	<i>Section 5A, Animal Care and Protection Regulation 2012</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give identifying information to particular persons.	Section 39 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to recognise a body supervising an exhibition in which a cat or dog is participating.	Section 42(4) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
	Power, as an approved entity, to:- (a) conduct an accreditation scheme to breed dogs; and (b) accredit a person as an “accredited breeder” under the accreditation scheme. ## Note: this section only applies to local governments who have been declared to be an approved entity under section 43W.	Section 43B <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
	Power, as an approved entity, to give an accreditation number to an accredited breeder. ## Note: this section only applies to local governments who have been declared to be an approved entity under section 43W.	Section 43C <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give registration notice.	Section 49(2) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep registration form and information.	Section 51 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
	Power to fix the fee for the registration of a dog.	Section 52 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to recognise a body supervising an exhibition or an obedience trial in which a dog is participating.	Section 64(1) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require applicant to give a stated document or information that is relevant to a permit application.	Section 74(1) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to grant or refuse a permit application within a certain time.	Section 75(1) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide whether desexing is likely to be a serious risk to the health of a dog.	Section 75(3) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to impose conditions on the grant of an application for a restricted dog permit.	Section 75(5) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a restricted dog permit.	Section 77 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a decision notice after deciding to refuse a permit application.	Section 79 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to grant or refuse a renewal application within a certain time.	Section 84(1) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to seek further information in deciding an application for a renewal application.	Section 84(4)(b) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> if the application is granted, issue a renewed permit; or if the application is refused, issue a decision notice. 	Section 84(5) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to amend a restricted dog permit at any time.	Section 87 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make:- (a) a dangerous dog declaration; (b) a menacing dog declaration; (c) restricted dog declaration.	Section 89(1) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to determine whether a dog is of a breed mentioned in section 63(1).	Section 89(4) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a dog owner a proposed declaration notice regarding a dog.	Section 90 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to withdraw a proposed declaration notice regarding a dog.	Section 92 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider any written representations and evidence within a period stated in a proposed declaration notice and make a regulated dog declaration.	Section 94 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an owner of a dog the subject of a regulated dog declaration, a notice about the decision under subsection (3) or (4).	Section 95 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to destroy a surrendered regulated dog.	Section 100 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to recover reasonable seizure or destruction costs.	Section 102 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give notice of a proposed inspection program.	Section 114 <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to include other information considered appropriate in the general register.	Section 178(e) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to authorise an employee to verify a copy of a document.	Section 198(1) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
	Where a local government has received a registration form in relation to a cat prior to 23 September 2013 and it has not yet given a registration notice, power to:- (a) refund the registration fee to the owner; or (b) if the local government is a declared local government—register the cat under former chapter 3, part 2; or (c) if a local government makes a local law requiring cats to be registered—register the cat under the local law.	Section 227(2) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	
	Where a local government has received a registration fee in relation to a cat prior to 23 September 2013 and it has given a registration notice for the cat, power to refund the registration fee or a portion of the fee to the owner.	Section 228(2)(b) <i>Animal Management (Cats and Dogs) Act 2008</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Biosecurity Act 2014**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in a circumstance listed in subsection (1), to advise an inspector of the presence of the biosecurity matter.	Section 36(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in a circumstance listed in subsection (1), to advise an appropriate authorised officer of the presence of the biosecurity matter that is a relevant restricted matter.	Section 42(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to carry out the main function of a local government under the Act.	Section 48 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the Minister.	Section 50(3) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a notice issued by the Minister pursuant to subsection (4).	Section 50(5) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree with the chief executive that Council cannot achieve substantial compliance with the notice.	Section 51(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a request from the Minister for a written report made pursuant to subsection (1).	Section 52(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare and approve a biosecurity plan for invasive biosecurity matter for Council's area.	Section 53 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a copy of the biosecurity plan available for inspection.	Section 54 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the chief executive about the suitability and priority of the activities.	Section 59 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Biosecurity Act 2014**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay the amount required by a notice issued by the Minister pursuant to this section.	Section 60(5) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence, or as an owner of land affected by the amendment, to consult with the chief executive about the amendment of the barrier fence map.	Section 91(3) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence, in the circumstance set out in subsection (1), to build and pay for a gate or grid in the fence.	Section 92(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence, to undertake the activities set out in subsections (a) and (b).	Section 93 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence, to enter a place in the circumstances set out in subsection (1).	Section 94 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence, to enter into an agreement with another person about making an opening in the fence for a particular purpose and period.	Section 95 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence, to give a notice to a person requiring the person to restore the fence.	Section 96(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence, to carry out the restoration of the barrier fence and recover the reasonable costs from the person to whom notice was given pursuant to subsection (2).	Section 96(4) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence part, to appoint a person employed or engaged by Council to exercise powers under the Act in relation to the barrier fence part.	Section 100 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Biosecurity Act 2014**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a building authority for a barrier fence part, to give directions to a barrier fence employee.	Section 101(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity, to consult with the chief executive about a proposed making of a code of practice.	Section 105 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make written submissions on a proposed guideline.	Section 107 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to an inspector for a biosecurity emergency order permit.	Section 121 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to an inspector for a biosecurity instrument permit.	Section 132 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a registrable biosecurity entity to apply for registration.	Sections 145 and 147 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a registrable biosecurity entity to apply for a registration exemption.	Section 146 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make written submissions in response to a notice from the chief executive.	Section 150(3)(b) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1) to apply for deregistration as a biosecurity entity.	Section 152 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requirement of the chief executive made under subsection (2) or (3).	Section 156(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a registered biosecurity entity, owner or occupier to give the chief executive a restricted place notice.	Section 160(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Biosecurity Act 2014**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for the removal of the entry for a restricted place from the biosecurity register.	Section 164 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for the end of a declaration of a designated animal as a restricted animal.	Section 164A <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for the end of a declaration of a designated biosecurity matter as a restricted biosecurity matter.	Section 164B <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive further information or a document about the application.	Section 165 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a registered biosecurity entity to give the chief executive a change notice.	Section 170(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for a travel approval for the movement of a special designated animal.	Section 181 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a receiver of a special designated animal at a saleyard, to take the action referred to in subsections (a) and (b).	Section 187 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a receiver of a special designated animal at a restricted agricultural show, to take the action referred to in subsection (2).	Section 188 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a receiver of a special designated animal at a place, to take the action referred to in subsection (2).	Section 190 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1), as a receiver of a special designated animal to advise an inspector of the circumstances in subsection (1).	Section 193(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Biosecurity Act 2014**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, to comply with all reasonable directions the inspector gives.	Section 193(3) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant person, to create a movement record for a designated animal and to give the record to the conveyor or drover of the animal.	Section 194(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant person, to keep and produce a movement record for a designated animal in accordance with the requirements of this section.	Section 197 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as person who receives a copy of a movement record, to keep and produce the copy of the movement record for in accordance with the requirements of this section.	Section 198(2) and (7) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (4) and as a person who accepts delivery of the animal at the end of the movement, to create, keep and produce a record complying with subsection (6).	Section 198(5) and (7) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person having responsibility for the organisation and operation of an agricultural show, to keep a record in the appropriate form for the designated animal.	Section 199 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for a prohibited matter permit or a restricted matter permit and to take all steps required to bring the application to finalisation and obtain a decision on the application.	Sections 214 and 215 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for the renewal of a prohibited matter permit or a restricted matter permit and to take all steps required to bring the application to finalisation and obtain a decision on the application.	Sections 225 and 226 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a direction of the chief executive issued pursuant to subsection (2).	Section 229 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Biosecurity Act 2014**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for the transfer of a prohibited matter permit or a restricted matter permit.	Section 230 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with an interested entity about a proposed biosecurity program.	Section 235(3)(d) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the chief executive about a proposed biosecurity program.	Section 239(1) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the chief executive and an invasive animal board before authorising a biosecurity program.	Section 239(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give make copies of a biosecurity program authorisation available for inspection and purchase at Council's public office.	Section 241 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the court for an order against the person convicted of an offence against the Act to pay the costs Council has incurred in taking a thing or doing something else during the investigation of the offence.	Section 358 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant body, to stay the original decision, fix conditions on the stay, fix the period of a stay and revoke a stay.	Section 364 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the issuing authority, after receiving an internal review application to conduct an internal review and make a decision.	Section 365 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the issuing authority, to give notice of an internal review decision.	Section 366 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the issuing authority, to make a new decision following the receipt of directions from the court.	Section 372(1) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Biosecurity Act 2014**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the issuing authority, to give effect to a decision of the court to substitute the internal review decision with a new decision.	Section 372(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the issuing authority for a biosecurity order, to give notice of the amount of the debt.	Section 380(2) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to register a charge over the land for an unpaid amount and to release the charge once the unpaid amount has been paid.	Section 381 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a third party, to appear at the hearing of an application for a cost recovery order.	Section 383 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a government and industry agreement with the Minister or the chief executive.	Section 391 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a compliance agreement with the chief executive.	Section 393 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive to enter into a compliance agreement with the State.	Section 396 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive further information or a document required to decide the application.	Section 399(1)(b) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the other party to a compliance agreement, to make written representations to the chief executive following receipt of a show cause notice.	Section 405 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder for a relevant authority, to apply to the chief executive to amend the conditions of the authority and to take all steps necessary to obtain a decision on the application.	Sections 479 and 480 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Biosecurity Act 2014**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder for a relevant authority, to make written representations about the show cause notice to the chief executive.	Section 485 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder for a relevant authority, to ask the chief executive to cancel the authority.	Section 490 <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder for a relevant authority, to comply with a notice requiring the return of the document evidencing the authority.	Section 491(3) <i>Biosecurity Act 2014</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Act 1975

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to determine whether a building development application complies with the building assessment provisions and if it does, to approve the application.	Section 34A(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to consult with the chief executive about the variation application.	Section 41(1) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to appoint or employ a building certifier to carry out the assessment against the fire safety standard.	Section 46(5) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, under, the Planning Act to receive, assess and decide a building development application.	Section 51(2)(a) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint or employ a private certifier or another building certifier.	Section 51(2)(b) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint or employ a building certifier where asked in writing by the nominated owner and the building work has not been certified.	Section 51(3) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a building development approval.	Section 52 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in carrying out functions under the <i>Building Act</i> , to accept and, without checking, rely and act on a certificate or other document made by or given to the building certifier.	Section 53(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to accept and, without further checking, rely and act on a document, given to Council by a private certifier for a building development application, for the purpose of making it available for inspection or purchase as required by the <i>Planning Act</i> .	Section 54 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Act 1975

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as assessment manager, in relation to undecided building development applications and lapsed building development approvals, to resume or start the development assessment process under the Planning Act at any stage the assessment manager considers appropriate.	Section 55 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a registered easement or statutory covenant, to consent to building work.	Section 65 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	CEO can always refer back to Council as required.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide an application to extend the period mentioned in subsection 71(3), to consult with an entity in deciding the application and to give notice of the decision.	Section 71 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a private certifier a document acknowledging receipt of the fee mentioned in subsection 86(1)(c).	Section 87 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to take the action considered necessary to complete the building work where the building development approval lapses and the building work is other than demolition.	Section 92(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to use all or part of any security given to the local government for the carrying out of the building work.	Section 92(5) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refund or release part of any security given to the local government for the carrying out of the building work, at any time, having regard to the progress of the building work.	Section 93(1) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the assessment manager, to give a reminder notice about the lapsing.	Section 95 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with a private certifier with regard to further extensions of the period under, the Planning Act, s 341 (When approval lapses if development not started).	Section 97(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Act 1975

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the assessment manager, to take enforcement action against an owner contravening section 114 of the Act.	Section 117 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
	Power to give a building certifier a notice ('show cause notice').	Section 206(1) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
	Power to consider any representations made under the show cause notice and decide to take no further action, or apply to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal to start a disciplinary proceeding against the building certifier.	Section 207 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
	Power to apply to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal to conduct disciplinary proceeding to determine whether there are proper grounds for taking disciplinary action against a building certifier.	Section 208(1) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to notify the QBCC of Council's application to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal.	Section 210 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with any other entity considered appropriate in deciding an application made by the owner of a budget accommodation building to approve a period for the building under section 220(a)(ii) or (b)(ii) (longer periods for approval).	Section 221(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to grant (including with reasonable conditions) or refuse an application made by the owner of a budget accommodation building to approve a period for the building under section 220(a)(ii) or (b)(ii) (longer periods for approval).	Sections 221(2)(b) and (3) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, on written application from the owner, decide whether or not a building conforms with fire safety standards and, if applicable, state what must be done to make the building conform.	Section 222(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Act 1975

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to inspect budget accommodation buildings at least once every 3 years.	Section 228 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to approve, with or without conditions, a later day for a residential care building to comply with section 231AK of the <i>Building Act</i> .	Section 231AK(a)(iii) and (b)(iii) and section 231AL <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as local government, on an application by the owner of an RCB for a later day to obtain a fire safety compliance certificate or certificate of classification to: (a) consult on the application; (b) decide the application; (c) impose conditions on the grant of an application; (d) give an information notice about the decision.	Section 231 AL <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require the applicant to give medical evidence to support the application.	Section 236 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	No Delegation below CEO
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, on application by a pool owner, decide an application for exemption from complying with part of the pool safety standard relating to barriers for a regulated pool due to disability (with or without conditions).	Section 237 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give notice of Council's decision (including an information notice about the decision).	Section 238 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give notice of each exemption granted under Chapter 8, Part 2, Division 3 to the QBCC commissioner.	Section 239 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an applicant a show cause notice.	Section 242(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Act 1975

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider any representations made under the show cause notice and give a further notice (a revocation notice) to the applicant, revoking the decision previously given.	Section 242(3) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give to the QBCC commissioner notice of each revocation notice given.	Section 243 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a copy of each exemption granted and make the copy available for inspection and purchase as if it were a document, that under the Planning Act, the local government must make available for inspection and purchase.	Section 244 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, on application by a pool owner for exemption from complying with part of the pool safety standard relating to barriers for the regulated pool due to compliance being impracticable, require further information to establish that compliance with the part of the pool safety standard is not practicable.	Section 245A <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, on application by a pool owner, decide an application for exemption from complying with part of the pool safety standard relating to barriers for the regulated pool due to compliance being impracticable (with or without conditions).	Section 245B <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written notice of the grant of an exemption.	Section 245C(1) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an information notice.	Section 245C(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the owner of the regulated pool a show cause notice.	Section 245E(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Act 1975

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider any representations made under the show cause notice and give a further notice (a revocation notice) to the owner, revoking the decision previously given.	Section 245E(3) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the QBCC commissioner the notices required by sections 245F(1) and 245F(2).	Section 245F <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a copy of each exemption available for inspection and purchase as if it were a document that, under the Planning Act, must be available for inspection and purchase.	Section 245FA(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of adjoining land, to agree with the pool owner as to the construction of a pool barrier along the common boundary.	Section 245XB(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of adjoining land, to agree with the pool owner as to the alteration or replacement of a dividing fence that is used, or proposed to be used, as a pool barrier along the common boundary.	Section 245XD(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of adjoining land where a pool barrier is constructed along the common boundary for a pool on the other land, to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> alter or replace the part of the pool barrier with the agreement of the pool owner; or attach a thing on the part of the pool barrier that does not unreasonably or materially alter or damage the barrier. 	Section 245XF(2) and (3) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of adjoining land, to grant access to Council's land to the owner of the other land to carry out fencing work.	Section 245XG(1) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Act 1975**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of adjoining land, where Council has carried out urgent fencing work under section 245XK of the <i>Building Act</i> and the owner of the other land is responsible for some or all of the costs of carrying out the fencing work under section 245XH of the <i>Building Act</i> , to require the owner of the other land to contribute a share for any reasonable cost incurred for the fencing work.	Section 245XN(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of adjoining land, to apply to QCAT, in the absence of the owner of the other land, for authorisation to carry out fencing work, including apportionment of the contributions for the work.	Section 245XS(1) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of adjoining land, where an order has been made under section 245XS(1) of the <i>Building Act</i> and the owner of the other land has since been located, to give a copy of the order to the owner of the other land and recover the contribution as stated in the order.	Section 245XS(3) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of adjoining land, where the owner of the other land has carried out fencing work for a dividing fence forming part of a pool barrier without authorisation, to apply to QCAT for an order requiring the owner to rectify the dividing fence.	Section 245XV(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to inspect a regulated pool for compliance when a pool safety complaint notice, or section 245I or 245UA notice is received.	Section 246ADA(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to take necessary enforcement action to ensure the pool complies with the pool safety standard or fencing standards for the pool.	Section 246ADA(5) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Act 1975

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to cancel a pool safety certificate for a regulated pool.	Section 246AF (2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the QBCC commissioner notice of the cancellation of the pool safety certificate for a regulated pool.	Section 246AF(3) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a show cause notice before cancelling a pool safety certificate.	Section 246AG(1) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider submissions and decide whether to cancel a pool safety certificate.	Section 246AG(5) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the owner notice of the decision.	Section 246AG(6) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the owner an information notice about the decision.	Section 246AG(7) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint or employ a pool safety inspector to conduct an inspection of a pool in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1).	Section 246AH <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a record of a notice mentioned in section 246ADA(1) and the results of the inspection carried out under section 246ADA.	Section 246AIA <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a request for information from the QBCC commissioner.	Section 246AIB(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the QBCC commissioner notice of each existing regulated pool in Council's local government area of which it has a record.	Section 246AQ <i>Building Act 1975</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Act 1975**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the swimming pool safety advisory information to the owner of each non-certificate regulated pool in its local government area.	Section 246ATC <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, by gazette notice, designate land as a transport noise corridor.	Section 246X <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a notice ('enforcement notice') to the owner of a building, structure or building work.	Section 248(1) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an enforcement notice to a person who does not comply with a particular matter in the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .	Section 248(2) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a person a show cause notice.	Section 248(3) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as local government, to make a complaint for an offence against section 245G(1) of the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .	Section 256(2)(d) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as local government, to make a complaint for an offence against section 245K, 245L or 246AR(2) of the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .	Section 256(2)(e) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as local government, to make a complaint for an offence against section 246AD(2) or 246AJ(4) of the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .	Section 256(2)(f) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as local government, to make a complaint for an offence against section 246AP(2) of the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .	Section 256(2)(g) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Act 1975**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to make a complaint for an offence against chapter 8, part 4, division 5, subdivision 2, other than section 246ATH(2) of the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .	Section 256(2)(h) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as local government, to authorise a person to make a complaint for an offence against chapter 8, part 4, division 5, subdivision 2, other than section 246ATH(2) of the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .	Section 256(2)(h) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to make a complaint for an offence against chapter 8, part 5 of the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .	Section 256(2)(i) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as local government, to authorise a person to make a complaint for an offence against chapter 8, part 5 of the <i>Building Act 1975</i> .	Section 256(2)(i) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to make a complaint for an offence against the <i>Building Act 1975</i> other than an offence listed in section 256(2)(a)-(j) of the <i>Building Act</i> .	Section 256(2)(k) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as local government, to authorise a person to make a complaint for an offence in the <i>Building Act 1975</i> other than an offence listed in section 256(2)(a)-(j) of the <i>Building Act</i> .	Section 256(2)(k) <i>Building Act 1975</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to extend the time for an owner of a swimming pool to comply with section 235 (where an extension under section 49H(11)(b) of the <i>Local Government Act 1936</i> is still in force.	Section 262 <i>Building Act 1975</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Regulation 2006

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, if it is not practicable to show each of the designated bush fire prone area in Council's planning scheme maps, to:- (a) prepare maps showing the areas; and (b) ensure the maps are updated.	Section 12(4) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a register of the flood hazard areas Council designates and when each designation was made.	Section 13(4) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an owner to:- (a) register, by using the online system, the owner's name and the address of the owner's private building; and (b) give a copy of a completed combustible cladding checklist (part 1) for the building to the QBCC by using the online system.	Section 16Q(1) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an owner to apply to the QBCC commissioner to extend the time for complying with subsection (1).	Section 16Q(2) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an owner to keep the completed combustible cladding checklist for the owner's private building in the way provided in subsections (a) and (b).	Section 16R <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner who knows or suspects that the building is an affected private building, to give the QBCC notice of that knowledge or suspicion.	Section 16S(2)(b) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Regulation 2006

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which section 16S applies, to give to the QBCC:- (a) a completed combustible cladding checklist (part 2) for the owner's private building; and (b) a building industry professional statement.	Section 16T(1) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which section 16S applies, to apply to the QBCC commissioner to extend the time for complying with subsection (1).	Section 16T(3) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which section 16S applies, to keep the completed combustible cladding checklist (part 2) and a building industry professional statement for the owner's private building in the way provided in subsections (a) and (b).	Section 16U <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which section 16V applies, to give to the QBCC, the name and registration number of the fire engineer engaged by the owner for complying with part 4A, division 2, subdivision 3.	Section 16W(1) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which section 16V applies, to apply to the QBCC commissioner to extend the time for complying with subsection (1).	Section 16W(2) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which section 16V applies, to apply give to the QBCC a copy of each of the following documents for the owner's private building:- (a) a completed combustible cladding checklist (part 3); (b) a building fire safety risk assessment; and (c) a fire engineer statement.	Section 16X(1) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Regulation 2006

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which section 16V applies, to apply to the QBCC commissioner to extend the time for complying with subsection (1).	Section 16X(4) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which section 16V applies, to keep the documents listed in subsection (1) for the owner's private building for the period provided in subsections (2) and/or (3).	Section 16Y <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which subsection 16Z applies, to display an affected private building notice in compliance with subsections (2) and (3).	Section 16ZA <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which subsection 16Z applies of a building that comprises two or more lots, to, if there is a body corporate roll kept for the building, give a copy of the building fire safety risk assessment to each lot owner, and each leasehold interest holder, for a lot in the building.	Section 16ZB(2) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner to which subsection 16Z applies of a building that comprises two or more lots, to, if there is not a body corporate roll kept for the building, leave a copy of the building fire safety risk assessment at, or post a copy of the building fire safety risk assessment to, the address of each lot in the building.	Section 16ZB(3) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Building Regulation 2006

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an original owner, in the circumstance set out in subsection (1), to, before the ownership changes, give the new owner:- (a) a notice, in the approved form, about the extent to which the original owner has complied with part 4A; and (b) a copy of each document given by or to the original owner under this part.	Section 16ZD(2)(a) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an original owner, in the circumstance set out in subsection (1), to, before the ownership changes, give the QBCC a copy of the notice that is given to the new owner under subsection (2)(a)(i).	Section 16ZD(2)(b) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an original owner, to give the document/s referred to in subsection (1)(a) to the new owner before ownership of the building changes.	Section 16ZF(3) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner, to comply with a notice given by the QBCC.	Section 16ZM(2) <i>Building Regulation 2006</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to make submissions to the Minister regarding a draft coastal plan.	Section 25(2)(d) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a copy of a draft coastal plan available for inspection by the public.	Section 25(5) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
	Power to comply with a request from the Chief Executive to carry out activities necessary to implement a coastal plan.	Section 34(2) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
	Power to:- (a) make submissions to the Minister before a regulation, pursuant to section 54(1)(b), is made declaring, changing the boundaries of or abolishing a coastal management district; and (b) when making a submission, ask the Minister for a response on the submission.	Section 57 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal against the chief executive's decision to give a coastal protection notice to Council.	Section 59(5) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal against the chief executive's decision to give a tidal works notice to Council.	Section 60(7) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land or as a party with an interest in the land, to:- (a) give written notice to the chief executive claiming compensation at any time during, or within 3 months after, the chief executive's occupation and use of the land; and (b) make an agreement with the chief executive concerning the amount of compensation payable.	Section 68(5), (6) and (9) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep available for inspection by the public any document given to Council under section 70(2)(c) or 71(2)(b).	Section 72 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an application to the chief executive for an allocation of quarry material in tidal water.	Section 73 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission to the chief executive about Council's views on the removal of quarry material or placement of spoil regarding an application for allocation of quarry material.	Section 75(3)(c) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an allocation notice holder, to give the chief executive written notice:- a) about the quantity of quarry material removed under the allocation in a period where a condition requires it; or b) about the quantity of quarry material removed under the allocation in a quarter within 20 business days after the end of a quarter.	Section 80(2) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an allocation notice holder, to apply to the chief executive to transfer all or part of the allocation to another person.	Section 82 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an allocation notice holder, to apply to the chief executive officer to renew the allocation notice.	Section 83 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an allocation notice holder, to make representations to the chief executive showing why the allocation notice should not be amended, suspended or cancelled.	Section 86(1) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an allocation notice holder, to surrender the allocation.	Section 88 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
	Power to endorse a plan of subdivision with Council's acceptance of trusteeship of the reserve.	Section 115B(5)(a) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Plan Act 1995</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to certify a plan of subdivision which shows an artificial waterway.	Section 119(2) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to maintain and keep clean each canal in its area and access channel for a canal in its area, whether or not the access channel is in its area.	Section 121 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	Power:- (a) as an owner of freehold land; or (b) an occupier of land, other than freehold land, adjacent to State tidal land; or (c) as a public utility provider; or (d) as a trustee under any law or agreement, to occupy and use State tidal land to carry out tidal works in accordance with a development permit or to maintain and use infrastructure constructed as part of tidal works.	Section 123(4) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power:- (a) as an owner of freehold land adjacent to State tidal land; or (b) as an occupier of land, other than freehold land, adjacent to State tidal land ;or (c) as a public utility provider; or (d) as a trustee under any law or agreement, to ensure that tidal works are maintained in a safe condition.	Section 124 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to allow an authorised person to enter the land.	Section 134(3)(a) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to claim compensation if Council incurs a loss or expense because of the exercise or purported exercise of a power under chapter 3, part 2, division 1 by an authorised person.	Section 136 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of an interest in land, to claim compensation if the existing use that may be made of the land is changed by a prohibition imposed by the coastal plan or the declaration of a coastal management district.	Section 150 and 152 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of an interest in land, to appeal against the decision of the chief executive regarding a claim for compensation under section 150.	Section 153(3) and (4) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
	Power to make an appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the chief executive's decision to give Council a coastal protection or tidal works notice.	Section 159 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
	Power to bring a proceeding in the Planning and Environment Court for a declaration about a matter done, to be done or that should have been done, for chapter 2, part3, division 2.	Section 164A <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to:- (a) where the chief executive has delegated powers under the <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i> , to exercise those powers; and (b) sub-delegate the powers delegated by the chief executive under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified entity.	Section 165 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to elect not to be the assessment manager (in which case Council cannot be a referral agency) for an application to make a minor change to a deemed approval under section 177.	Section 190 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to elect not to be the responsible entity for a request to make a permissible change to a deemed approval under section 177.	Section 193 <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to elect not to be the responsible entity for a change application.	Section 206(5) <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Development Assessment Rules

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to determine if the application is a properly made application.	Section 1.2 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to give a confirmation notice.	Section 2.3 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to give an action notice.	Section 3.1 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree to a further period for the applicant to comply with all actions in the action notice and give notice to the assessment manager that it has complied.	Section 3.2 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to give a confirmation notice if the applicant has complied with the action notice.	Section 3.4 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to accept the application as a properly made application after giving an action notice.	Section 3.5 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree on a further period for giving a confirmation notice.	Section 3.6(b) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree to a further period for the applicant to give a copy of the application to a referral agency.	Section 5.1 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to determine if the application is a properly referred application.	Section 6.2 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to give a referral confirmation notice.	Section 7.1 Development Assessment Rules	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Development Assessment Rules

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to give the applicant an action notice	Section 8.1(a) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to give a copy of the action notice to the assessment manager.	Section 8.1(b) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to agree to a further period for the applicant to comply with all the actions in the action notice.	Section 8.2 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, where the applicant has complied with all the actions in the action notice, to give a referral confirmation notice to the applicant and a copy to the assessment manager.	Section 8.2(b) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to give the assessment manager notice that the application is taken to have not been referred.	Section 8.3(b) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to agree to a further period for the referral agency assessment period.	Sections 9.2(a) and (b) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessing authority, to agree to receive further information from the applicant during the development assessment process.	Section 11.2 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessing authority, to make an information request.	Section 12.1 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree to a further period in which to make the information request.	Section 12.2 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to agree to a further period in which to make the information request.	Section 12.4 Development Assessment Rules	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Development Assessment Rules**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessing authority, to give the applicant advice about an information request or any other matter, including how the applicant may change the application.	Section 12.5 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessing authority, to agree to a further period for the applicant to respond to the information request.	Section 13.1 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager acting under section 53(10) of the Act to comply with the public notice requirements.	Sections 17.1, 17.3 and 17.4 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree to a further period for the applicant to give notice of compliance with the public notice requirements.	Section 18.1 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to accept properly made submissions and not properly made submissions.	Section 19.1 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to agree to a further period to consider the submissions.	Section 19.3 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the assessment manager, to agree to a further period to assess and decide the application.	Section 22.1(a) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the assessment manager, to:- (a) give a copy of the notice to each referral agency for the original application and any other referral agency required to be given referral; and (b) advise each referral agency, with a copy to the applicant, of the effect of the change on the development assessment process.	Section 25.1 Development Assessment Rules	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Development Assessment Rules

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the assessment manager, to determine whether the change:- (a) only deals with a matter raised in a properly made submission for the application; or (b) is in response to an information request for the application; or (c) is in response to further advice provided by an assessing authority about the application.	Section 26.1 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the assessment manager, to give the applicant a confirmation notice where part 4 applies to the changed application and part 4 did not apply to the original application.	Section 26.2(a)(i) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the assessment manager, to determine whether the change:- (a) would be likely to attract a submission objecting to the thing comprising the change if public notification were to apply to the change; (b) only addresses a matter raised in a properly made submission.	Section 26.2(b) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the assessment manager, to give notice to the applicant that public notification is required under section 26.2(b) and that it must be carried out in accordance with section 16.4.	Section 26.2(c) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, despite section 11.1, to make an information request as a result of a referral under section 26.	Section 26.5 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessing authority, despite section 11.1, to make an information request about the change.	Section 27.2 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the assessment manager, to determine whether the change would be likely to attract a submission objecting to the thing comprising the change, if public notification were to apply to the change.	Section 27.3 Development Assessment Rules	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Development Assessment Rules

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a concurrence agency, after the referral agency assessment period and any further periods has ended, to change its referral agency response or give a late referral agency response before the application is decided.	Section 28.1 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a concurrence agency, to give notice of its intention to change its referral agency response to the assessment manager and the applicant.	Section 28.4(a) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a concurrence agency, to agree to a further period for the giving of an amended referral agency response.	Section 28.4(b) Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to the application, to give notice to each other party that the applicant has not referred the application in accordance with section 54(1) of the Act.	Section 29.2 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, despite section 11.1, to make an information request as a result of a referral under section 29.	Section 29.6 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party who initiated an extension under the DA rules, to give a copy of the agreement to any other party to the application.	Section 33.1 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager or as a concurrence agency for the application, to ask any third party for third party advice.	Section 34.1 Development Assessment Rules	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager or as a concurrence agency for the application, to give further advice about the application to the applicant, including how the applicant may change the application.	Sections 35.1 and 35.2 Development Assessment Rules	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Disaster Management Act 2003**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to establish a Local Disaster Management Group for the local government area.	Section 29 <i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree to unite with one or more other local government/s for the purpose of establishing a local group.	Section 31 <i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to provide, at least once a year, written notice of the members of a Local Disaster Management Group to the chief executive and the chairperson for the disaster district in which the Local Disaster Management Group is situated.	Section 37 <i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare a local disaster management plan for disaster management in the local government's area.	Section 57(1) <i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to review, or renew, its local disaster management plan when the local government considers it appropriate.	Section 59 <i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, on payment of the appropriate fee, give a person a copy of the local disaster management plan.	Section 60 <i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree to unite with one or more other local governments for the purpose of preparing a local disaster management plan.	Section 61 <i>Disaster Management Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Disaster Management Regulation 2014

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint a person to a district disaster management group for a disaster district.	Section 5(1) <i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to inform the chief executive of the department, and the chairperson of the district group, of an appointment under section 5(1).	Section 5(6) <i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to nominate a person to a temporary district disaster management group.	Section 7(1) <i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint a person as a member of a local disaster management group.	Section 9(1) <i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint a chairperson and deputy chairperson of a local disaster management group.	Section 10(1) <i>Disaster Management Regulation 2014</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Economic Development Act 2012**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with MEDQ about a proposed declaration under section 40C(1).	Section 40B <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to MEDQ about the proposed planning instrument change.	Section 41(5)(b) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as the proposer to prepare a proposed planning instrument change. For the avoidance of doubt this power includes all actions and all matters required to be considered under sections 42A, 42B, 42C, 42D, 42E, 42G, 42H, 42I, 42J and 42L of the <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	Sections 42A, 42B, 42C, 42D, 42E, 42G, 42H, 42I, 42J and 42L <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree to the making of a regulation making an interim local law.	Section 43(3) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a request by MEDQ to supply documents or information.	Section 52(3) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with MEDQ about a proposed development scheme.	Section 58(2)(a) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an owner of land to consent to the making of a PDA development application.	Section 82(1)(b) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to MEDQ about a PDA development application.	Section 84(4)(d) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an owner of land to consent to the cancellation of a PDA development approval.	Section 98(2) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an owner of land to consent to the making of an amendment application.	Section 99(5) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a superseding public sector entity to continue to make and levy the infrastructure expenses recoupment charge.	Section 116E(3)(b) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Economic Development Act 2012**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a charging entity to give a charge notice.	Section 116G <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to recover a charge that becomes owing under subsection (1).	Section 117 <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with MEDQ about a proposed infrastructure agreement likely to continue to apply to land after the land ceases to be in, or to be PDA-associated land for, a priority development area.	Section 122(2) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a directed entity to do everything reasonably necessary to comply with a direction given by MEDQ.	Section 127(4) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a directed entity to comply with a direction given by MEDQ to provide or maintain stated infrastructure in, or relating to, a stated priority development area.	Section 128(4) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to subdelegate a function or power of MEDQ delegated to Council under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified employee Council.	Section 169(4) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a directed entity, in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to comply with the direction.	Section 213(2) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a directed entity, in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to comply with the direction.	Section 214(2) <i>Economic Development Act 2012</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Electricity Act 1994**

Note: This register contains the powers of Council as a road authority, public entity and street lighting customer only. It does not contain provisions which apply to Council as a consumer of electricity.

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road authority, to enter a written agreement with an electricity entity.	Section 102(2) <i>Electricity Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road authority, to give an electricity entity information about lines and levels for proposed roadworks.	Section 102(4) <i>Electricity Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road authority, to consult with an electricity entity.	Section 103 <i>Electricity Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public entity, to require an electricity entity to alter the position of the electricity entity's works in a publicly controlled place if the works could interfere with the exercise of the public entity's powers for the place.	Section 106 <i>Electricity Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public entity, to refer a dispute with an electricity entity arising under Chapter 4, Part 4 of the Act to the Regulator.	Section 117(2) <i>Electricity Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person whose interests are affected by a decision mentioned in schedule 1, to apply to the reviewer for internal review of the decision, including all steps necessary to progress the internal review (such as applying for a statement of reasons, applying to QCAT for a stay, participating in a mediation or arbitration).	Section 214, 215, 216 and 217 <i>Electricity Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person whose interests are affected by a decision of the regulator under section 218 to apply to QCAT for an external review of the decision.	Section 219 <i>Electricity Act 1994</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Electricity Regulation 2006**

Note: This register contains the powers of Council as a public entity and local government only. It does not contain provisions which apply to Council as a consumer of electricity.

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public entity, to agree on a different consultation period with an electricity entity.	Section 18(3) <i>Electricity Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public entity, to impose reasonable requirements on an electricity entity that proposes to undertake action on a publicly controlled place.	Section 19(1) <i>Electricity Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public entity, to require an electricity entity to provide additional warning or protection devices to safeguard the public whilst taking action on a publicly controlled place.	Section 20(2) <i>Electricity Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public entity, to agree with an electricity entity about the restoration of a publicly controlled place that has been opened or broken up, including the power to impose reasonable conditions and requirements for the restoration.	Section 21(2) <i>Electricity Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public entity, to agree with an electricity entity about the way maintenance work is to be carried out.	Section 22(2) <i>Electricity Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to consult with a person about the installation of a low voltage electricity line beyond the person's property, including the power to state in writing whether or not Council has any objection to the proposal.	Section 24 <i>Electricity Regulation 2006</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 2009

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in cooperation with the chief executive, to develop a healthy waters management plan.	Section 24(2) <i>Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 2009</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an affected person, to make written comments to the chief executive about a TOR notice.	Sections 42 and 43 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a written submission about a submitted EIS.	Section 54 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give an applicant a notice about an application that is not a properly made application.	Section 128 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree a further period within which the applicant must give notice under section 128	Section 129 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give a notice about an application made by joint applicants, to the principal applicant nominated in the application.	Section 130 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to refuse to allow a change to an application if the change would result in the application not being a properly made application and the applicant does not take action to make the remade application properly made.	Section 132 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give written agreement that a change to an application is a minor change.	Section 133 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to determine satisfaction that the requirements under the application stage have been complied with.	Section 136(b)(i) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to make a written information request to the applicant to give further information needed to assess the application.	Section 140 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to agree to extend the applicant's information request response period.	Sections 145 and 147 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to determine not to make an information request.	Section 148(b)(i) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give the applicant an information notice prescribing an additional or substituted way to give public notice of an application.	Section 152 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide to allow or not allow substantial compliance with public notice requirements.	Section 159	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to, by written notice to the applicant, extend the decision period and further extend the decision period with the written agreement of the applicant.	Section 168 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to approve a standard application subject to the standard conditions for the relevant activity or authority.	Section 170 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as an administering authority, to approve a variation application subject to the standard conditions for the relevant activity or authority or subject to conditions which are different to the standard conditions for the activity or authority.	Section 171 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to refuse a site- specific application or approve a site-specific application subject to conditions.	Section 172 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to issue an environmental authority.	Section 172 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to include a copy of the environmental authority in the relevant register.	Section 177 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give an information notice to the applicant for an environmental authority.	Section 198(2) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give an information notice about the decision to any submitter for the application.	Section 198(4) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to impose a condition on an environmental authority or draft environmental authority to which section 115 applies.	Section 203 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to amend an environmental authority to correct a clerical or formal error by giving written notice to the holder but only if the amendment does not adversely affect the interests of the holder or anyone else.	Section 211 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to amend an existing environmental authority issued subject to conditions to replace the existing standard conditions with new standard conditions issued by the chief executive and to give written notice of the amendment to the environmental authority holder.	Section 213 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to make an amendment to an environmental authority which is necessary or desirable because of a matter mentioned in section 215(2) or if the holder has agreed in writing to the amendment.	Section 215 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to make other amendments to an environmental authority in accordance with the procedure required by Chapter 5, Part 6, Division 2 or with the written agreement of the authority holder.	Sections 216 and 219 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to refuse an amendment application to which section 227A(1) applies, to require the environmental authority holder to make a site specific application and to give written notice of the refusal to the applicant.	Section 227A <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to decide whether an application made by the holder of an environmental authority to amend the authority is a minor or major amendment.	Section 228 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give written agreement to the continued assessment of a changed application to amend an environmental authority.	Section 237 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to request further information needed to assess a changed amendment application which is not a minor change and to which the information stage applies.	Section 238(3) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to decide that the notification stage be repeated in respect of a changed amendment application which would be likely to attract a submission objecting to the change.	Section 238(7) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to:- (a) decide to approve or refuse an amendment application; (b) if the amendments is approved, to make other amendments to the conditions of the environmental authority (c) give notice of the decision to the applicant; and (d) include a copy of any amended environmental authority in the register.	Sections 240 & 242 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	Delegation not below General Manager
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to decide to approve an application to amalgamate environmental authorities or refuse an amalgamation application to which section 247(1)(b) applies.	Section 247 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i> .	Delegation not below General Manager
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to:- (a) de-amalgamate an environmental authority; (b) issue 2 or more environmental authorities; and (c) include each environmental authority in the relevant register.	Section 250C <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	Delegation not below General Manager

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to approve or refuse an application by the holder of an environmental authority to transfer all or part of the environmental authority to another entity.	Section 254 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994.</i>	Delegation not below Manager level
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to decide whether a final rehabilitation report includes enough information to decide that the requirements in section 264(1)(b)(i) and 264(1)(b)(ii) have been met.	Section 264 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to make a written request to an applicant to give further information needed to assess an application to surrender an environmental authority.	Section 265 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to approve or refuse a surrender application.	Section 266 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to:- (a) cancel or suspend an environmental authority if an event mentioned in section 278(2) has occurred; (b) follow the procedures in Chapter 5, Part 11, Division 2 (c) give notice of the decision; and (a)(d) record the action in the relevant register.	Sections 278,279, 280, 282, 283 and 284 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to approve or refuse an application made by the holder of an environmental authority to suspend the environmental authority.	Section 284C <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to impose a condition on an environmental authority requiring the holder to give financial assurances as security for compliance with the environmental authority and for costs or expenses mentioned in section 298.	Section 292 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to decide the amount and form of financial assurance required under a condition of an environmental authority.	Section 295 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give notice of the decision under section 295(1).	Section 296 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to decide to make a claim on or realise a financial assurance and give an information notice about the decision.	Section 301 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to by written notice require an applicant to give a compliance statement for a financial assurance before deciding an application to amend or discharge the financial assurance.	Section 304 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to approve or refuse an application by the holder of an environmental authority to amend the amount or form of a financial assurance stated in a notice given under section 296 or to discharge a financial assurance.	Section 305 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to require a change of the amount of a financial assurance.	Section 306 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority to, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1), give notice stating how much of the financial assurance has been used and requiring it be replenished.	Section 307 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the administering authority, to recover from the holder of an environmental authority as a debt, outstanding annual fees.	Section 308 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to change the anniversary day for an environmental authority for which an annual fee is prescribed, in the circumstances provided for by section 310(1)(a) and 310(1)(b).	Section 310 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to change an anniversary day for an environmental authority.	Section 311 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to, in the circumstances specified in section 314(1)(a) and 314(1)(b):- (a) require the holder of the environmental authority to make a site-specific application for a new environmental authority under Chapter 5 Part 2 or make an amendment application for the authority under Chapter 5 Part 7; (b) give written notice of the proposed requirement prior to making it..	Section 314 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to ask any entity for advice, comment or information about an application made under Chapter 5.	Section 315 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
	Power to make submissions about a proposed ERA standard.	Section 318A <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as person aware of an event described in section 320A, to give written notice of the event, its nature and the circumstances in which it happened to the administering authority, any occupier of the affected land or any registered owner of the affected land, or by public notice.	Section 320C <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

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COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as employer aware of an event described in section 320A, to give written notice of the event, its nature and the circumstances in which it happened to the administering authority, any occupier of the affected land or any registered owner of the affected land, or by public notice.	Section 320D <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person mentioned in section 320A(2)(a), to within 24 hours after becoming aware of an event or change mentioned in section 320A(2)(b)(i) or (ii) give the administering authority written notice of the matters stated in subsection (2).	Section 320DA(1) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person mentioned in section 320A(2)(a), to within 20 business days after becoming aware of an event or change mentioned in section 320A(2)(b)(iii) give the administering authority written notice of the activity.	Section 320DA(3) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government mentioned in section 320(3)(a), to within 20 business days after becoming aware that the activity has been, or is being, carried out on land in its area, give the administering authority written notice.	Section 320DB(1) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government mentioned in section 320(3)(b), to within 24 hours after becoming aware of the event or the change in condition of the land give the administering authority written notice.	Section 320DB(2) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to require a person to conduct or commission an environmental audit and give an environmental report about the audit.	Sections 322 and 323 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to require a person to conduct or commission an environmental investigation.	Section 326B <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to ask for further information.	Section 326F <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to accept the report or refuse to accept the report and to give notice of the decision.	Section 326G <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority which has accepted an environmental report under section 326G, to do 1 or more of the things listed in subsection (1).	Section 326H <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority which has refused to accept an environmental report under section 326G(4)(b), to, by written notice, require the recipient to conduct or commission another environmental investigation and submit a report on the investigation.	Section 326I <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to require a person or public authority to submit a draft transitional environmental program.	Section 332 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to submit a draft transitional environmental program to the administering authority for approval.	Section 333 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to by written notice require the person or public authority that submitted the draft transitional environmental authority to give further information.	Section 334A <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
	Power to make a submission in relation to a draft transitional environmental program.	Section 335 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to invite parties to a conference to help it determine whether or not to approve a draft transitional environmental program.	Section 336 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to seek advice, comment or information about a TEP submission.	Section 336A <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to extend the period for decision about a draft transitional environmental program and approve a draft transitional environmental program.	Section 337 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to:- a) approve a draft transitional environmental program as submitted or with amendments requested or agreed to by the administering authority; or b) refuse to approve a draft transitional environmental program.	Section 339(1) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to impose on an approval of a draft transitional environmental program:- a) any conditions the authority must impose under a regulatory requirement; and b) any other conditions the administering authority considers appropriate.	Section 339(2) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give a person or public authority who submitted a draft transitional environmental program for approval written notice of the decision.	Section 340 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to approve a draft transitional environmental program if there has been substantial compliance with public notice requirements.	Section 342 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	Delegation not below Manager level
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to consider and approve or refuse an application to amend a transitional environmental program.	Section 344 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to cancel the approval for a transition environmental program, give notice of the decision or record details of the decision in a register.	Section 344E <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to withdraw the notice or remove the record.	Section 344F <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give the holder of the environmental authority a copy of the authority that does not include the note.	Section 344G <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to apply to the Court for an order that section 353(1) does not apply.	Section 355 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority who has made an application to the Court under section 355, to apply to the Court for an order pending decision on the application	Section 357(2) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as administering authority, to – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> grant an application for a temporary emissions licence, with or without conditions, as submitted or on different terms than have been requested in the application; or refuse to grant the application for a temporary emissions licence 	Section 357C, 357D and 357E <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	Delegation not below General Manager
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as administering authority, to amend, cancel or suspend a temporary emissions licence.	Section 357J(a) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as holder of a temporary emissions licence, to give written agreement to the amendment of the licence.	Section 357J(b) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to issue an environment protection order.	Section 358 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the land's owner, to make a written submission to the administering authority in response to a show cause notice issued pursuant to section 375.	Section 376 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, to give the administering authority:- (a) a contaminated land investigation document accompanied by a declaration and a statement; and (b) a statement as owner of the land agreeing to the draft plan.	Section 390 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prescribed responsible person, to make a written submission in response to a show cause notice issued pursuant to section 391.	Section 392(1) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prescribed responsible person, to comply with a notice issued by the administering authority pursuant to this section.	Section 394(5) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prescribed responsible person, to:- (a) obtain the consent of the owner or occupier to enter the land; (b) give the owner or occupier written notice of the intention to enter the land; (c) agree with the owner or occupier about reasonable compensation because of the loss or damage; and (d) appear in any proceeding before a court of competent jurisdiction (including instructing a legal representative to appear) where agreement about compensation cannot be reached.	Section 395 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prescribed responsible person, to comply with a requirement of the administering authority given pursuant to this section.	Section 397 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to amend a site management plan and to comply with Chapter 7, Part 8, Division 3, Subdivisions 2 to 4 as they relate to the application.	Section 402 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner or occupier of land, to consent to the amendment of a site management plan for the land by the administering authority.	Section 403 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	Delegation not below General Manager
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the person who released the contaminant, the relevant local government or the owner of the land, to prepare, a draft amendment of a site management plan if requested to do so by the administering authority and to comply with Chapter 7, Part 8, Division 3 Subdivisions 2 to 5 as they relate to the draft amendment.	Section 404 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	Delegation not below Manager level
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of land, to give a lessee or proposed lessee notice that particulars of the land have been recorded in the contaminated land register.	Section 407 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land in a circumstance listed in subsection (1), to give the notice required by subsection (2).	Section 408 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to require a person to provide information for the enforcement or administration of this Act.	Section 451 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner or occupier of land, to consent to an authorised person's entry onto the land.	Section 452 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of land, to consent to an authorised person's entry onto the land.	Section 454 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to issue a notice that an authorised person will enter land.	Section 454(3)(b) and (4) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

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COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the occupier of access land, to consent to an authorised person's entry onto the land.	Section 455 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a person to whom an emergency direction is given to comply with the direction and to take the steps required by subsection (b).	Section 478 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to waive payment of costs of investigation or remediation work.	Section 489 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to make an application to the court for an order against a defendant for costs.	Section 501(1)(c) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to carry out work or take other action reasonably necessary where a person has failed to comply with an order made under section 502.	Section 502A(2) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to make an application to the Court to remedy or restrain an offence against this Act.	Section 505 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who has made an application pursuant to section 505, to seek an order of the Court pending determination of the application.	Section 506 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the administering authority, to: (a) accept or reject an enforceable undertaking; (b) give written notice of the decision and the reasons for the decision (c) publish a copy of any undertaking on Council's website; and (d) take all reasonable steps to have any proceedings in relation to the contravention discontinued.	Section 507 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the administering authority, to agree in writing to the withdrawal or variation of an enforceable undertaking and to publish notice of the withdrawal or variation on Council's website.	Section 509 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the administering authority, to amend an enforceable undertaking by written agreement.	Section 510 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the administering authority, to make an amendment to an enforceable undertaking to correct a clerical or formal error and give written notice of the amendment.	Section 511 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the administering authority, to:- (a) amend or suspend an enforceable undertaking where satisfied one of the circumstances in subsections 512(1)(a) to (d) apply; and (b) comply with the requirements of subsection 512(2) to (7).	Section 512 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the administering authority, to apply to the Magistrates Court for an order if a person contravenes an enforceable undertaking.	Section 513 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to exercise all the powers of the chief executive that have been delegated to Council. (Sub-section (2) permits sub delegation of these powers to a qualified entity).	Section 516 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where the chief executive has delegated the powers as an administering authority to Council, to exercise those delegated powers to an authorised person or public service officer or local government.	Section 518(1)(a) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
	Power, by resolution, to delegate the Authority's powers under this Act to an appropriately qualified entity.	Section 518(1)(b) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	Cannot be delegated according to advice received by LGAQ see doc #877182

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to permit the subdelegation of the power to an appropriately qualified entity – a power of the chief executive officer as the administering authority, delegated to a local government; a power of a local government as the administering authority.	Section 518(2) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to review a decision.	Section 521(5) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a dissatisfied person, to apply for a review of an original decision.	Section 521 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a dissatisfied person that has applied for a review under section 521, to apply to the Planning and Environment Court or the Land Court for a stay of operation of the original decision.	Section 522 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a dissatisfied person, to appeal to the Land Court against a review decision of an original decision mentioned in schedule 2, part 1.	Section 524 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a dissatisfied person, to appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against a review decision of an original decision, other than a review decision to which Chapter 11, Part 3, Division 3, Subdivision 1 of this Act applies or a review decision that relates to an original decision mentioned in Schedule 2, Part 3.	Section 531 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, keep the registers listed in section 540(1) and keep them available for inspection.	Sections 540, 541 and 542 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to prepare and submit a report to the chief executive.	Section 546 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	Delegation not below Manager level

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to consult with the chief executive about guidelines the chief executive proposes for administering authorities.	Section 548(3) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the chief executive about guidelines the chief executive proposes.	Section 549(3) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstance referred to in subsection 574BA(1), to recover the administering authorities reasonable costs and expenses in performing the function.	Section 574BA <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to request written notice of damage caused to land or something on the land by a person who enters land under an entry order.	Section 578 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to change or cancel a condition of an environmental authority given continuing effect under section 619(2)(d) or 619(4)(d) of this Act.	Section 620 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	Delegation not below Manager level
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, in relation to an activity being carried out under section 619(1) of this Act, to give the person carrying out the activity a development approval and a registration certificate.	Section 621 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to give the registered operator for a level 1 approval for a level 1 chapter 4 activity taken to be a registration certificate under section 619, a notice stating that section 316 applies to the registration certificate.	Section 623 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to amend a condition about financial assurance imposed under Chapter 13 Part 7.	Section 634 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Act 1994**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to consider or continue to consider, a draft transitional program submitted under section 332 or 333 before 4 April 2011 and decide whether to approve it under the unamended Act.	Section 671(2) <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to approve or refuse an application made by the holder of a transitional authority, to convert the conditions of the transitional authority to the standard conditions for the authority or relevant activity.	Section 697 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to approve an application to convert a surrendered registration certificate to an environmental authority that has been suspended under Chapter 5, Part 11A of this Act.	Section 698B <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to amend an environmental authority to which a requirement applies to impose a condition about the financial assurance and to give written notice of the amendment to the authority holder.	Section 699 <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Regulation 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a waste facility in schedule 2, section 60(1)(a) or (b) if untreated clinical waste is disposed of at the facility, to ensure:- (a) the waste is buried at the facility; and (b) the burial of the waste is supervised by a person who is competent to supervise the burial.	Section 21 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who generates waste, if required by an authorised person, to retest the waste under chapter 5, part 1, division 2.	Section 64E <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a generator of waste in the circumstances prescribed in subsection (1), to notify the administering authority of the change within 24 hours after receiving the test results for the retesting.	Section 64I(2) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a generator of waste in the circumstances prescribed in subsection (1), to give a written report to the administering authority containing those things prescribed in subsection (3).	Section 64I(3) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a generator of waste, to:- (a) for each load of the waste transported to a receiver, record the prescribed information for the load in the approved form; (b) give the prescribed information for the load to the receiver; and (c) keep the record mentioned in subsection (1) for at least 5 years	Section 64J <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Regulation 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a receiver of waste, to:- (a) make a record of the prescribed information for the load in the approved form; (b) within 24 hours of becoming aware of an omission or inaccuracy in the prescribed information, give written notice of the omission or inaccuracy to the administering authority; and (c) keep the record mentioned in subsection (2) for at least 5 years	Section 65 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a generator, to give the transporter the prescribed information about the waste in the prescribed form and to record the prescribed information about the waste.	Section 81I <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a transporter, to give the receiver the prescribed information about the waste in the prescribed form and to record the prescribed information about the waste.	Section 81J(2) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a transporter, to give the administering authority notice of a discrepancy in information received from the generator.	Section 81J(3) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a receiver, to record the prescribed information about the waste.	Section 81K(1) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a receiver, to give a copy of the prescribed information about the waste to the administering authority.	Section 81K(2) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Regulation 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a receiver, to give the administering authority notice of a discrepancy in information received from the transporter.	Section 81K(3) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a receiver, to record the prescribed information about the waste.	Section 81O(1) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a receiver, to give a copy of the prescribed information about the waste to the administering authority.	Section 81O(2) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a receiver, to give the administering authority notice of a discrepancy in information received from the transporter.	Section 81O(3) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a generator, to give the transporter the prescribed information about the waste and to record the prescribed information about the waste.	Section 81R(1) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a generator, to give the prescribed information about the waste to the administering authority.	Section 81R(2) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a transporter, to give the administering authority notice of a discrepancy in information received from the generator.	Section 81S(2) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the administering executive for approval of a particular way of giving prescribed information to the administering authority under division 3 and to take all steps necessary to advance the application.	Section 81W <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Regulation 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the administering executive for a consignment number for loads of trackable waste to be transported into Queensland and to take all steps necessary to advance the application.	Section 81X <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the administering executive for an exemption for the transportation of trackable waste to which Chapter 5, Part 9 applies and to take all steps necessary to advance the application.	Section 81Y <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the administering executive for a generator identification number.	Section 81ZB <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require an owner or occupier of relevant premises to supply waste containers other than standard general waste containers.	Section 81ZF(1)(b) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to supply premises with standard general waste containers.	Section 81ZF(2) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require a waste container to be kept at a particular place at a premises.	Section 81ZH(1)(a) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require a prescribed person of serviced premises, other than a detached dwelling, to supply: (a) an elevated stand; or (b) an imperviously paved and drained area for the waste containers, and (c) a hose cock and hose in the vicinity of the stand or paved area; and (d) a suitable enclosure for the waste containers.	Section 81ZI(2) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Regulation 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice about the removal of general waste.	Section 81ZJ <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written approval to the owner or occupier of relevant premises for depositing and disposing of general waste and to impose conditions on the approval.	Section 81ZK <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require the occupier of relevant premises where there is industrial waste to: (a) supply industrial waste containers; (b) keep the waste containers in a specified location; and (c) keep the waste containers clean and in good repair.	Section 81ZL <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require the occupier of relevant premises, where there is industrial waste, to treat the waste to the standard required by Council for disposal of the waste at a waste facility.	Section 81ZM <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer and enforce chapter 5A, part 2.	Section 81ZS <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner, operator or controller of a waste facility, to administer and enforce chapter 5A, part 3.	Section 81ZT <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a reporting facility that under NPI NEPM exceeds the reporting threshold for a substance in the facility's reporting period, to give the chief executive the information identified in subsection (2).	Section 85(2) <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Regulation 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a reporting facility that under NPI NEPM exceeds the reporting threshold for a substance in the facility's reporting period, to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to subsection (6).	Section 85(7) Environmental Protection Regulation 2008	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a reporting facility that under NPI NEPM exceeds the reporting threshold for a substance in the facility's reporting period, to keep the information listed in section 87.	Section 87 Environmental Protection Regulation 2008	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a reporting facility that under NPI NEPM exceeds the reporting threshold for a substance in the facility's reporting period, to make written representations to the Minister in response to a notice issued pursuant to subsection (4).	Section 88 Environmental Protection Regulation 2008	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a reporting facility that under NPI NEPM exceeds the reporting threshold for a substance in the facility's reporting period, to apply to the chief executive for an estimation technique approval and to respond to any request for further information.	Section 91 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a reporting facility that under NPI NEPM exceeds the reporting threshold for a substance in the facility's reporting period, to give the chief executive a written notice claiming that the information required to be given under section 85(2) or (7) should be treated as confidential and to respond to any requests for further information.	Section 95 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer and enforce those provisions of the Act devolved to Council.	Sections 98, 99, 100, 101 and 102 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Environmental Protection Regulation 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to recover as a debt an unpaid fee under the Act.	Section 116A <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to recover as a debt from the holder of an environmental authority an unpaid supplementary annual fee for an amended environmental authority.	Section 134 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer and enforce former environmentally relevant activities devolved to Council.	Section 156 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to refund:- a) the application fee for a later application; and b) the annual fee for a development approval for chemical storage.	Section 164 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to refund to the holder of an environmental authority an annual fee if environmental authorities are amalgamated.	Section 168 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to exercise the power contained in previous section 135 where the circumstances in subsection 177(1) apply.	Section 177 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to exercise the power contained in previous section 136 where the circumstances in subsection 178(1) apply.	Section 178 <i>Environmental Protection Regulation 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requirement issued by an authorised fire officer under subsection (2).	Section 58D Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requisition notice.	Section 69 <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the occupier of a premises in or on which any dangerous goods are stored or to be stored, to provide information sought by the commissioner in a notice.	Section 96 <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the occupier of a premises in or on which any dangerous goods are stored or to be stored, to prepare an off-site emergency plan and to amend the plan.	Sections 97, 99 and 100 <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay to the commissioner charges for any advice or other assistance provided in preparation of an off-site emergency plan.	Section 98(2) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to implement an off-site emergency plan.	Section 101 <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written notice to the chief executive of a change of circumstances affecting an off-site emergency plan.	Section 102(1) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the occupier of a building, to maintain a fire and evacuation plan and to provide instructions to prescribed persons in the building concerning the action to be taken by them in the event of fire threatening the building.	Section 104E <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay to the commissioner charges for any advice or other assistance provided in preparation of a fire and evacuation plan.	Section 104F(2) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the commissioner about a notice under section 104G(1).	Section 104G(2) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the occupier or owner of a building, to comply with a notice issued by the commissioner under section 104G(1).	Section 104G(3) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with an authorised officer about a notice under section 104I(7) or (8).	Section 104I(9) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to nominate a person to be appointed an assessor by the commissioner to help QCAT in section 104SG(1) proceedings.	Section 104SI(2)(b)(ii) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to furnish to the chief executive a return disclosing the particulars prescribed under a regulation relating to certain properties.	Section 109(1) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to collect annual contributions and other amounts imposed by the local government pursuant to Chapter 3, Part 10 of the <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act</i> .	Section 111(2) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, in respect of each financial year: (a) determine the prescribed properties within its area; and (b) determine the annual contributions payable in respect of prescribed properties by reference to the categories prescribed under a regulation made under section 108.	Section 112(1) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the owner of a prescribed property a levy notice.	Section 112(2) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive information which is relevant to the determination of an appeal against a local government's determination, if required by the chief executive.	Section 113(3) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to amend, revoke or revoke and give a new levy notice if the chief executive allows an appeal.	Section 113(6) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refund to the appellant any amount paid in respect of contributions, for the financial year to which the notice relates and for any previous financial year, in excess of the amount calculated in accordance with the chief executive's determination.	Section 113(7) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide the way in which it keeps an administration fee for performing functions under Chapter 3, Part 10 of the <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act</i> .	Section 117(3) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make payments to the department, for the fund, out of its operating fund from moneys received or recovered by the local government under Chapter 3, Part 10.	Section 118(1) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare and submit a return in the approved form	Section 118(4) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refuse or grant, subject to any conditions, an application to pay contributions by instalments.	Section 121(2) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to engage a debt collector (authorised to perform a debt collection activity under the <i>Debt Collectors (Field Agents and Collection Agents) Act 2014</i>) to collect any arrears of annual contribution payable by an owner of prescribed property, and to require by notice in writing the owner to pay an amount by way of a collection fee.	Section 126(1) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make and levy special rates or charges or separate rates or charges and to contribute amounts raised via special rates or charges, or separate rates or charges, to rural fire brigades operating in Council's local government area.	Section 128A <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	Power to make and levy - remain with Council Power to pay - delegate to CEO
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the commissioner about the establishment of an SES unit in Council's local government area.	Section 133(2) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Fire and Emergency Services Act 1990

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to nominate a person to be the local controller for an SES unit.	Section 134(2) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a local government affected by a disaster to request the commissioner to appoint a person as a SES coordinator.	Section 136(3) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the commissioner about the appointment of a person as a SES coordinator.	Section 136(4) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter an agreement with the Department which sets out the responsibilities of each party in relation to the SES in Council's local government area.	Section 140 <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the commissioner about the establishment of an ES unit in Council's local government area.	Section 141(2) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the commissioner about the functions of an ES unit in Council's local government area.	Section 142(3) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to nominate a person to be a ES unit coordinator.	Section 146(2) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to produce to an authorised person any document or record mentioned in subsection (2)(b).	Section 152C(4) <i>Fire and Emergency Service Act 1990</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Food Act 2006**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer and enforce the following provisions of the <i>Food Act 2006</i> : (a) section 39(1); (b) chapters 3 and 4; (c) chapter 6, other than section 159.	Section 23(1) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer and enforce sections 32, 33, 35 and 36 of the <i>Food Act 2006</i> , in conjunction with the State.	Section 24 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree with the chief executive that the State may do a thing that is a matter of administration and enforcement for local government under section 23(1) of the <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	Section 25(1)(a) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree with the chief executive that Council may do a thing that is a matter of administration and enforcement for the State under section 22(1) of the <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	Section 25(1)(b) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the chief executive, and provide information required by the chief executive, about the administration and enforcement of sections 24 and 25 of the <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	Section 28 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider and grant, or refuse to grant, an application for a licence to carry on a licensable food business.	Section 55 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to obtain and consider the written advice of an auditor about whether a food safety program complies with section 98.	Section 56(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide whether premises are suitable for carrying on a licensable food business.	Section 58 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Food Act 2006

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make enquiries as to the suitability of the applicant to hold a licence, and the suitability of the premises for carrying on a licensable food business.	Section 59(1)(a) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require the applicant to give Council further information or documents that Council reasonably requires.	Section 59(1)(b) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to extend the time needed to make a decision about the application.	Section 62(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree with the applicant, at any time prior to the final consideration day, about the day upon which the application must be decided.	Section 62(3) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a provisional licence, at any time prior to deciding an application for a licence.	Section 64 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide the term of the licence. (Note: not more than 3 years).	Section 67 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide the term of the provisional licence. (Note: not more than 3 months).	Section 68(1) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to extend, and further extend, the term of a provisional licence (to a total period of not more than 3 months after the provisional licence was issued).	Section 68(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to impose reasonable conditions on the licence.	Section 69(1)(e) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider and renew, or refuse to renew, the licence for an application made under section 72(1) of the <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	Section 72(3) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Food Act 2006**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider and restore, or refuse to restore, the licence, where application has been made under section 73(1) of the <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	Section 73(3) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider and amend, or refuse to amend, a licence, where application has been made under section 74(1) of the <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	Section 74(3) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require the applicant to give Council further information or documents Council reasonably requires to decide the application (for an application that is made under Chapter 3, Part 5, Division 2, Subdivision 1, i.e. sections 72(1), 73(1) and 74(1)).	Section 75(1) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an information notice where Council has failed to decide an application within 30 days of receipt under Chapter 3, Part 5, Division 2, Subdivision 1, i.e. Sections 72(1), 73(1) and 74(1).	Section 77(4) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a show cause notice.	Section 79(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider representations about a show cause notice.	Section 80(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to end the show cause process after considering representations made by the licensee.	Section 81 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to suspend a licence after considering representations (if any).	Section 82(2)(a) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to cancel a licence after considering representations (if any).	Section 82(2)(b) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to suspend a licence immediately.	Section 83(1) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Food Act 2006**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an information notice and show cause notice, as required, before suspending a licence pursuant to section 83(1).	Section 83(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the second local government, to take the same action as the first local government (except the power to cancel, suspend impose conditions or other similar action in relation to the licence).	Section 90(1) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the second local government, to advise the first local government of the thing done or omitted to be done by a licensee of a mobile food business.	Section 91(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the first local government, to take action, in relation to a thing done or omitted to be done by the licensee in the second local government area.	Section 92(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider and grant, or refuse to grant, an application for a replacement licence.	Section 97 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider an application and to accredit, or refuse to accredit, the food safety program.	Section 103(1) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to obtain and consider the written advice of an auditor about whether or not the food safety program complies with the criteria in section 104.	Section 103(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, before deciding the application, to require the applicant to give further information or documents reasonably required to decide the application.	Section 105(1) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an information notice to the applicant where the application is refused under section 107.	Section 107(4) <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Food Act 2006**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide that more time is needed to make a decision about the application.	Section 108(1) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree with the applicant, at any time prior to the final consideration day, about the day upon which the application must be decided.	Section 108(3) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, after accrediting an applicant's food safety program, to decide how often the program must have compliance audits.	Section 109(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to determine changes to the frequency of compliance audits for a food safety program accredited by Council.	Section 110 <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider an application and approve, or refuse to approve, the amendment of an accredited food safety program.	Section 112(4) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, before deciding the application, to require the applicant to give further information or documents reasonably required to decide the application.	Section 113(1) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, by notice, to direct the holder of a Council accredited food safety program to amend the program.	Section 114 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the holder of a food safety program a show cause notice, and to decide the term of the show cause period.	Section 118 <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider representations about a show cause notice.	Section 119 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, after considering written representations by the holder of the accredited food safety program, to take no further action.	Section 120 <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to cancel the accreditation of a food safety program.	Section 121 (2) <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Food Act 2006**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to conduct a non-conformance audit of a food safety program.	Section 160(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve an improvement notice where remedying the contravention would be likely to stop the food business from operating.	Section 210(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the 'reviewer', to review an original decision under Chapter 3 or Chapter 4 of the <i>Food Act 2006</i> .	Section 237 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	Delegation not below team leader level
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as reviewer, to, at any time, extend the time to apply for a review.	Section 238(2) <i>Food Act 2006</i>	Delegation not below team leader level
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as reviewer, to, after reviewing the original decision, make a further decision to: (a) confirm the original decision; or (b) amend the original decision; or (c) substitute another decision for the original decision.	Section 239 <i>Food Act 2006</i>	Delegation not below team leader level

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Food Production (Safety) Act 2000**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve the appointment of an employee of Council as an authorised officer by Safe Food Production (QLD).	Section 83 <i>Food Production (Safety) Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation

Note: This register covers powers of Council as a road manager only and does not include powers of Council as a driver or operator of a heavy vehicle

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the making of an HML declaration.	Sections 13(1)(b) and 14 <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the making of an HML declaration subject to conditions.	Section 14(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant road manager for an HML declaration, to consent to the making of the declaration subject to the condition that stated intelligent access conditions are imposed on the use of a stated type of HML heavy vehicle under the higher mass limits in an area or on a route to which the declaration applies.	Section 14(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager for a HML declaration, to request the regulator to amend or cancel the declaration.	Section 14(4) <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant road manager for an HML declaration, to give written reasons for a decision made under subsection 14(3) to the Regulator.	Section 14(4) <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant road manager for an HML declaration in the circumstances set out in subsection 18(1), to ask the Regulator to do one or more of the things listed in subsection 18(2).	Section 18 <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation

Note: This register covers powers of Council as a road manager only and does not include powers of Council as a driver or operator of a heavy vehicle

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the granting of an HML permit.	Sections 22(1)(b) and 23 <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the granting of an HML permit subject to conditions.	Section 24(1)(a) <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to amendment of an HML permit.	Section 29(4) <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager for a HML permit, to request the regulator to amend or cancel the permit.	Section 31(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to a declaration of the regulator pursuant to section 40.	Section 41(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle (Mass, Dimension and Loading) National Regulation</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party in the chain of responsibility for a heavy vehicle, to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the safety of the party's transport activities relating to the vehicle.	Section 26C <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for a vehicle standards exemption permit and to comply with any request from the Regulator for further information.	Section 69 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a permit for a vehicle standards exemption (permit), to apply to the Regulator for an amendment or cancellation of the exemption and to comply with any request from the Regulator for further information.	Section 75 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a permit for a vehicle standards exemption permit, to make written representation in response to a notice issued by the Regulator issued under subsection (2).	Section 76(2)(e) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a permit for a vehicle standards exemption permit, to comply with a notice issued by the Regulator requiring the return of the permit.	Section 79(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to apply for a replacement permit.	Section 80(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for a driver mentioned in subsection (2), to ensure the driver complies with subsection (2).	Section 82(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for a driver mentioned in subsection (2), to ensure the driver complies with subsection (2).	Section 83(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who permits another person to drive a heavy vehicle on a road, to ensure the vehicle, and the vehicle's components and load, comply with the mass requirements applying to the vehicle.	Section 96(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who permits another person to drive a heavy vehicle on a road, to ensure the vehicle, and the vehicle's components and load, comply with the dimension requirements applying to the vehicle.	Section 102(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who permits another person to drive a heavy vehicle on a road, to ensure the vehicle, and the vehicle's components and load, comply with the loading requirements applying to the vehicle.	Section 111(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the grant of a mass or dimension exemption (notice)	Section 118(1)(b) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the amendment of a map or list imposed on a mass or dimension exemption (notice)	Section 119(5)(b) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Regulator for a mass or dimension exemption (permit) and to comply with a notice from the Regulator for additional information.	Section 123 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the grant of a mass or dimension exemption (permit)	Section 124(1)(b) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle, to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the driver of the pilot vehicle or escort vehicle complies with subsection (2). the vehicle, and the vehicle's components and load, comply with the loading requirements applying to the vehicle	Section 130(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for a driver mentioned in subsection (2), to ensure the driver complies with subsection (2).	Section 132(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for a driver mentioned in subsection (1), to ensure the driver complies with subsection (1).	Section 133(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the grant of a class 2 heavy vehicle authorisation (notice)	Section 139(1)(b) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the amendment of a map or list imposed on a class 2 heavy vehicle authorisation (notice)	Section 142(6)(b) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the grant of a class 2 heavy vehicle authorisation (permit)	Section 145(1)(b) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for a driver mentioned in subsection (2), to ensure the driver complies with subsection (2).	Section 151(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for a driver mentioned in subsection (1), to ensure the driver complies with subsection (1).	Section 152(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent or not to consent to the grant of a mass or dimension authority.	Section 156(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to ask the regulator Regulator for a longer period of time under section 156(1)(b).	Section 156(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to give the regulator a written statement that explains the road manager's decision and complies with section 172.	Section 156(6) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to determine that the consent should only be given if the mass of the vehicle under the application for the authority was less than applied for, and give the consent subject to a road condition that the vehicle not exceed the mass.	Section 156A(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the Regulator a written statement that explains the road manager's decision and complies with section 172.	Section 156A(4) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to notify the regulator Regulator:- (a) that a route assessment is required for the road manager deciding whether to give or not to give the consent; (b) the fee payable (if any) for the route assessment under a law of the jurisdiction in which the road is situated.	Section 159(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to consent to the grant of a mass or dimension authority subject to conditions.	Sections 160(1), 161(1) and 162(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager for a mass or dimension authority, to give the regulator Regulator a written statement that explains the road manager's decision and complies with section 172.	Sections 160(2), 161(2) and 162(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager for a mass or dimension authority, to give the regulator Regulator a notice objecting to the application of section 167 to the proposed replacement authority.	Section 167(2)(b) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager for a mass or dimension authority, to seek an extension of time to give a notice under section 167(2)(b).	Section 167(2)(b)(ii) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager for a mass or dimension authority, to give consent to the grant of a mass or dimension authority for a trial period of no more than 3 months.	Section 169(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager for a mass or dimension authority, to object to the renewal of the authority for a further trial period.	Section 170(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager for a mass or dimension authority granted by Commonwealth gazette notice, to request the regulator Regulator to amend or cancel the authority if the circumstances of section 174(1) exist.	Section 174(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager for a mass or dimension authority granted by permit, to request the regulator Regulator to amend or cancel the authority if the circumstances of section 178(1) exist.	Section 178(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a responsible entity for a freight container, to ensure an operator or driver of a heavy vehicle does not transport the freight container by road using the vehicle without a complying container weight declaration for the freight container containing information in the form required under section 192A.	Section 190(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle, to ensure a driver of a heavy vehicle does not transport the freight container by road using the vehicle without a complying container weight declaration for the freight container containing information in the form required under section 192A.	Section 191(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle, to ensure the freight container is not given to another carrier unless the carrier has been provided with:- (a) a complying container weight declaration for the freight container containing information in the form required under section 192A; or (b) the prescribed particulars contained in a complying container weight declaration for the freight container.	Section 191(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for the driver of a heavy vehicle, to take all reasonable steps to ensure business practices will not cause the driver to exceed a speed limit applying to the driver.	Section 204 Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a loading manager for goods in heavy vehicles, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the arrangements for loading goods onto and unloading goods from heavy vehicles will not cause the driver of a heavy vehicle to exceed a speed limit applying to the driver.	Section 209 Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a commercial consignor or a consignee of goods, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the terms of consignment will not cause the relevant driver to exceed a speed limit applying to the driver.	Section 212(1) Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a commercial consignor or a consignee of goods, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the terms of consignment will not cause a relevant party for the relevant driver to cause the driver to exceed a speed limit applying to the driver.	Section 212(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party in the chain of responsibility for a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle, to take all reasonable steps to ensure a person does not drive the vehicle on a road while the person is impaired by fatigue.	Section 229 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for the driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the relevant party's business practices will not cause the driver to:- (a) drive while impaired by fatigue; or (b) drive while in breach of the driver's work and rest hours option; or (c) drive in breach of another law to avoid driving while impaired by fatigue or while in breach of the driver's work and rest hours option.	Section 230 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a consignor or consignee of goods for transport by a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the terms of consignment will not result in, encourage or provide an incentive to the vehicle's driver to:- (a) drive while impaired by fatigue; or (b) drive while in breach of the driver's work and rest hours option; or (c) drive in breach of another law to avoid driving while impaired by fatigue or while in breach of the driver's work and rest hours option. (d)	Section 235(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a consignor or consignee of goods for transport by a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the terms of consignment will not result in, encourage or provide an incentive to a relevant party for the vehicle's driver to cause the driver to:- (a) drive while impaired by fatigue; or (b) drive while in breach of the driver's work and rest hours option; or (c) drive in breach of another law in order to avoid driving while impaired by fatigue or while in breach of the driver's work and rest hours option.	Section 235(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	<p>Power, as a loading manager for goods in heavy vehicles, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the arrangements for loading goods onto and unloading goods from fatigue-regulated heavy vehicles at or from the premises in relation to which the person is a loading manager will not cause the driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle to:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) drive while impaired by fatigue; or (b) drive while in breach of the driver's work and rest hours option; or (c) drive in breach of another law in order to avoid driving while impaired by fatigue or while in breach of the driver's work and rest hours option. 	Section 238 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a loading manager, to take all reasonable steps to ensure the driver is able to rest while waiting for the goods to be loaded onto or unloaded from the fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle.	Section 239(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	<p>Power, as a relevant party for the driver, in the circumstances mentioned in subsection (1), to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the driver:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) does not drive a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle after making the change unless the driver has complied with section 263; and (b) can comply with his or her obligations in relation to the change. 	Section 264(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person referred to in subsection (1), to apply to the Regulator for a work and rest hours exemption and provide any additional information sought by the Regulator.	Section 274 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a permit for a work and rest hours exemption, to apply to the Regulator for an amendment or cancellation of the exemption and to provide any additional information sought by the Regulator.	Section 280 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a notice from the Regulator regarding a work and rest hours exemption.	Section 284 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where a permit for a work and rest hours exemption is defaced, destroyed, lost or stolen, to apply to the Regulator for a replacement permit.	Section 285 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for a driver mentioned in subsection (2), to ensure the driver complies with subsection (2).	Section 287(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for a driver mentioned in subsection (1), to ensure the driver complies with subsection (1).	Section 288(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	<p>Power, as a record keeper in the circumstances listed in subsection (1), to, as soon as reasonably practicable after becoming aware of the matter or having reason to suspect the matter:-</p> <p>(a) either:-</p> <p>(b) if the record keeper removes any information relating to any period during the last 28 days from the work diary to make it capable of recording new information—give the driver the removed information in a way that makes the information readily available to the driver; and</p> <p>(i) make the electronic work diary capable of recording new information; or</p> <p>(ii) give the driver a new electronic work diary that is in working order; and</p> <p>(b) if the record keeper removes any information relating to any period during the last 28 days from the work diary to make it capable of recording new information – give the driver the removed information in a way that makes the information readily available to the driver; and</p> <p>(c) notify the Regulator in the approved form that the electronic work diary has been filled up.</p>	Section 311 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	<p>Power, as a record keeper in the circumstances listed in subsection (1), to, as soon as reasonably practicable after becoming aware of the matter or having reason to suspect the matter:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) inform the driver that the electronic work diary has been destroyed, lost or stolen unless the driver informed the record keeper about the fault under section 309; and (b) give the driver an electronic work diary that is in working order; and (c) give the driver any information, in a way that makes the information readily available to the driver, that was in the destroyed, lost or stolen electronic work diary that:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) is accessible to the record keeper; and (ii) relates to any period during the last 28 days; and (iii) is not stored in the new electronic work diary. 	Section 312(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a record keeper to notify the Regulator in the approved form that the electronic work diary has been destroyed, lost or stolen.	Section 312(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a record keeper in the circumstances listed in subsection (1), to, as soon as reasonably practicable after becoming aware of the matter or having reason to suspect the matter inform the driver about the matter unless the driver informed the record keeper about the matter under section 309.	Section 313(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	<p>Power, as a record keeper in the circumstances listed in subsection (1), to, after becoming aware of the matter or having reason to suspect the matter:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) direct the driver in the approved form to use a supplementary record in compliance with section 305; and (b) give the driver information that was in the electronic work diary, in a way that makes the information readily available to the driver, that:- <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) is accessible to the record keeper; and (ii) relates to any period during the last 28 days; and (iii) is not stored in the electronic work diary because the electronic work diary is not in working order or is malfunctioning or has malfunctioned; and (c) notify the Regulator in the approved form that the electronic work diary is not in working order or is malfunctioning or has malfunctioned; and (d) ensure the electronic work diary is examined and brought into working order and is not malfunctioning. 	Section 313(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a responsible party for the driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle, to ensure, so far as is reasonably practicable, the driver complies with each of Part 6.4, Division 2, Subdivisions 1, 2, 3 and 4.	Section 315 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a record keeper for a driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle who is undertaking only 100km work under standard hours, to keep a record of the information listed in subsections (1)(a) to (b).	Section 319 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a record keeper for a driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle who is undertaking 100+km work under standard hours; or operating under BFM hours, AFM hours or exemption hours, to keep a record of the information listed in subsections (1)(a) to (c) and (3) (where relevant).	Section 321 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a record keeper for a driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle to ensure the driver complies with subsection (2).	Section 322(4) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a new record keeper for a driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle to ensure the driver complies with subsection (2).	Section 323(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a record keeper in the circumstances listed in subsection (1), to give the driver the information listed in subsection (2).	Section 324(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a record keeper in the circumstances listed in subsection (1), to give the driver the information listed in subsection (2).	Section 324A(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a record keeper for the driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle who knows, or has reasonable grounds to suspect, an electronic work diary has been tampered with, to report the matter to the Regulator.	Section 336A <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a record keeper of the driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle, to keep a record (or a copy) required to be made or kept under Division 3, for the period for which, and way in which subsections (1) to (7) require.	Section 341 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Regulator for the approval of an electronic recording system.	Section 342 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of an electronic recording system approval, to apply to the Regulator for an amendment or cancellation of the approval and give any additional information sought by the Regulator.	Section 351 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of the approval in relation to which a direction has been given under subsection (2), to comply with the direction.	Section 354(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person given a notice under subsection (3), to give a copy of the notice to each other person to whom the person has supplied an electronic recording system the subject of the approval, or a device forming part of the system.	Section 354(5) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstance stated in subsection (1), to remove any electronic message on the system's visual display stating the system is or includes an electronic work diary.	Section 355(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstance stated in subsection (1), to give each person to whom the holder has supplied an electronic recording system the subject of the approval that constitutes an electronic work diary, or of which an electronic work diary is a part, a notice stating that the approval has been cancelled	Section 355(4) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer of the driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle to make an application under subsection (1) on behalf of the driver and give any further information sought by the Regulator.	Section 364 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party for a driver mentioned in subsection (2), to ensure the driver complies with subsection (2).	Section 376(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the record keeper for a driver of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle, to apply to the Regulator for a fatigue record keeping exemption (permit) and give any further information sought by the Regulator.	Section 384 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a permit for a fatigue record keeping exemption, to apply to the Regulator for an amendment or cancellation of the exemption and give any further information sought by the Regulator.	Section 389 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a permit for a fatigue record keeping exemption, to make submissions to the Regulator.	Section 390(2)(e) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a permit for a fatigue record keeping exemption that is amended or cancelled, to comply with a notice of the Regulator given under subsection (1).	Section 392(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a permit for a fatigue record keeping exemption that is defaced, destroyed, lost or stolen, to apply to the Regulator for a replacement permit. .	Section 393(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle required by the national regulations to be fitted with an odometer, to maintain the odometer in accordance with the requirements prescribed by the national regulations.	Section 396(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a fatigue-regulated heavy vehicle that is informed under section 397 of a malfunctioning or suspected malfunctioning odometer, to ensure the odometer is examined and brought into working order.	Section 398(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a heavy vehicle, to apply to the Regulator for heavy vehicle accreditation, provide the declaration required by subsection (3) and give any further information -or statutory declaration sought by the Regulator.	Section 459 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the applicant, to consent to the Regulator obtaining prescribed criminal history information.	Section 460(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an operator to ask the Regulator for an accreditation label for the new relevant vehicle.	Section 466(2)(a) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a heavy vehicle, to ensure a driver who is operating under a BFM accreditation or AFM accreditation complies with subsection (1).	Section 468(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle who holds a heavy vehicle accreditation, to, if the accreditation is BFM accreditation or AFM accreditation, ensure each driver who operates under the accreditation:- (a) is inducted into the operator's relevant management system; and (b) at all times, meets the requirements relating to drivers operating under the accreditation (if any).	Section 470(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle who holds a heavy vehicle accreditation, to, if the accreditation is AFM accreditation, ensure each driver who operates under the accreditation is informed of the AFM hours applying under the accreditation.	Section 470(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle who holds a heavy vehicle accreditation, to keep the things listed in subsection (4).	Section 470(4) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle who holds a heavy vehicle accreditation, to comply with a requirement issued by the Regulator under subsection (7).	Section 470(8) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle who holds a heavy vehicle accreditation that is amended or suspended, or as an operator that ceases to hold an accreditation, to give notice to any driver of, or scheduler for, a heavy vehicle who may be affected by the amendment, suspension or cessation	Section 471(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who holds a heavy vehicle accreditation, to apply to the Regulator for an amendment or cancellation of the heavy vehicle accreditation and give any further information sought by the Regulator.	Section 472 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who holds a heavy vehicle accreditation, to make written representations in response to a notice given by the Regulator.	Section 473(2)(f) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle who holds a heavy vehicle accreditation that is amended, suspended or cancelled, to comply with a notice of the Regulator issued under subsection (1).	Section 476(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person whose accreditation certificate for a heavy vehicle accreditation is defaced, destroyed, lost or stolen, to apply to the Regulator for a replacement accreditation certificate.	Section 477(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to consent to its entry by an authorised officer, with or without conditions, and to sign and acknowledgement of the consent.	Section 504(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle, to comply with a direction of an authorised officer to move the vehicle or cause it to be moved to a location stated in the direction.	Section 516(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle, to comply with a direction of an authorised officer to move the vehicle or cause it to be moved to a location stated in the direction and do, or cause to be done, anything else the officer reasonably requires in the direction.	Section 517(4) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a registered operator or owner of a heavy vehicle, to comply with a notice of an authorised officer issued under subsection (2) and to request that the place or time of inspection be changed.	Sections 522(3) and (5) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle, to make a request to an authorised officer for written permission for the vehicle that is the subject of a vehicle defect notice to be used on a road during a period stated in the permission.	Section 529A <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle, to comply with a direction of an authorised officer given under subsection (2).	Section 533(7) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle, to comply with a direction of an authorised officer given under subsection (2).	Section 534(5) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operator of a heavy vehicle, to comply with a direction of an authorised officer given under subsection (2).	Section 535(5) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of a thing seized under chapter 10 and not forfeited, to apply to the relevant tribunal or court for the return of the thing.	Section 556(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person served with an embargo notice, to take all reasonable steps to stop any other person from doing anything prohibited in the notice.	Section 558(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person served with an embargo notice, to comply with a requirement stated in the notice.	Section 559(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to seek an authorised officer's approval to tamper with an embargoed thing or anything used to restrict access to the thing and enter a place in contravention of a restriction or tamper with anything used to restrict access to a place.	Sections 559(4) and (5) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of a thing or sample seized under chapter 10 and forfeited under section 561(1), to agree with the regulator Regulator to transfer the ownership of the thing or sample to the regulator Regulator.	Section 563 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party mentioned in subsection (1), to apply to the relevant tribunal or court for:- (a) ownership in the thing or sample to be transferred to Council; or (b) the thing or sample to be sold and the Regulator to pay to Council, and any other persons with a registered interest in the thing or sample, an amount commensurate with the value of their respective interest.	Section 565(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a responsible person for a heavy vehicle, to comply with a requirement issued by an authorised officer under subsection (1).	Section 569(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a responsible person for a heavy vehicle, to comply with a requirement issued by an authorised officer under subsection (1).	Section 570(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a notice issued by an authorised officer under subsections (2) or (3).	Section 570A(5) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person given an improvement notice, to take the steps necessary to comply with the notice.	Section 573 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person given a direction under section 576A(2) or a prohibition notice to comply with the direction or notice.	Section 576C <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to comply with a requirement issued by an authorised officer under subsections (1) or (2).	Section 577(4) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to claim compensation from the Regulator if Council incurs costs, damage or loss because of the exercise, or purported exercise, of a power by or for an authorised officer.	Section 581(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an undertaking in relation to the contravention or alleged contravention of the Heavy Vehicle National Law by Council.	Section 590A <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with an undertaking given under section 590A.	Section 590B <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree in writing with the promise to withdraw the undertaking or change the undertaking.	Section 590C(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person to whom a supervisory intervention order applies, to apply to the Court to amend or revoke the order.	Section 603 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person to whom a supervisory intervention order applies, to take the steps necessary to comply with the order.	Section 604 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person to whom a prohibition order applies, to apply to the Court to amend or revoke the order.	Section 609 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person to whom a prohibition order applies, to take the steps necessary comply with the order.	Section 610 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to apply to the Court for a compensation order.	Section 611(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager and public authority, to sign a certificate.	Section 612(2)(c) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public authority, to give a copy of the certificate issued pursuant to section 611(2)(c) to the defendant.	Section 613(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a dissatisfied person for a reviewable decision, to apply to the regulator Regulator for internal review of the decision.	Section 641(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who has made a review application for a reviewable decision, to apply for a stay of the decision and serve a copy of the application on the Regulator.	Sections 642(2) and (6) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who has made a review application for a reviewable decision, to make representations to the reviewer.	Section 644(3) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a reviewer, to make a review decision.	Section 645(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a reviewer who is a road manager, to give a copy of the review decision to the Regulator.	Section 645(5) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager and reviewer, to agree to a longer prescribed period for a review of a reviewable decision.	Section 645(6) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal against a review decision relating to a reviewable decision made by the Regulator or an authorised officer.	Section 647(1) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who appeals against a review decision, to apply to the relevant appeal body for a stay of the decision and to serve a copy of the application on the Regulator.	Sections 648(2) and (6) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a defendant for an offence, to give the complainant notice of the intention to challenge a matter stated in a certificate mentioned in section 711, 712, 713 or 714(1).	Section 715 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a defendant for an offence, to give the complainant notice of the intention to challenge a matter stated in subsection (5).	Section 722 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a defendant for an offence, to give the complainant notice of the intention to challenge a matter stated in subsection (4).	Section 724 <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law (Qld)</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Heavy Vehicle National Law Regulation 2014

Note: This register covers powers of Council as a road manager only and does not include powers of Council as a driver or operator of a heavy vehicle

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a road manager, to set the fee payable for a route assessment.	Section 4(2) <i>Heavy Vehicle National Law Regulation 2014</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to ask or require an employee to work additional hours if the hours are reasonable under section 26.	Section 23(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree with an employee who is not covered by an applicable industrial instrument, to an averaging arrangement.	Section 25(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to decide an employee's request for flexible working arrangements with or without conditions.	Sections 28(1) and (2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to give written notice of the decision on an employee's request for flexible working arrangements.	Section 28(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree when an employee is to take annual leave.	Section 33(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, and where the employer and employee cannot agree when the employee is to take annual leave, to decide when the employee is to take the leave and give the applicable notice to the employee.	Section 33(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree that an employee may take annual leave before becoming entitled to it.	Section 33(4) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to pay the employee for annual leave otherwise than in advance.	Section 35(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree that an employee may cash out a particular amount of annual leave.	Section 37(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to pay an employee for annual leave not taken on termination of employment.	Section 38(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee taking additional unpaid carer's leave.	Section 42(4) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee who is a short term casual taking additional unpaid carer's leave.	Section 43(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee who is a long term casual taking additional unpaid carer's leave.	Section 44(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to require an employee to give a doctor's certificate or statutory declaration as evidence of the need to take carer's leave for more than 2 consecutive days.	Section 45(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to require an employee to give a statutory declaration or evidence mentioned in section 45(3)(a) to (d) as evidence of the need to take carer's leave to care for or support a person who has experienced domestic violence.	Section 45(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to require an employee to give a copy of a funeral notice or other evidence as evidence of a death resulting in the taking of bereavement leave.	Section 49(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to require an employee to give evidence to satisfy a reasonable person that the employee was taking compassionate leave because a member of the employee's family or household's life was threatened by personal illness or personal injury.	Section 49(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee taking additional unpaid bereavement leave or compassionate leave.	Section 50 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee taking unpaid cultural leave	Section 51(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee taking additional unpaid domestic and family violence leave.	Section 52(5) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, and where an employee has claimed domestic and family violence leave, to ask the employee for evidence that the employee has experienced domestic violence and needs to take leave as a result	Section 54(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to inform the employee his/her entitlements and obligations under chapter 2, part 3, division 8	Section 71(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer that has decided to implement significant change at a workplace, to advise employees on parental leave about the proposed change before it is implemented and give each employee reasonable opportunity to discuss any significant effect the change will have on the employee's position	Section 72 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee entitled to parental leave under subdivision 2, or who is taking parental leave, making more than 1 application under subsection (1) within a 12-month period in relation to a particular instance of parental leave.	Section 73(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee on parental leave, making more than 1 application under subsection (1) within a 12-month period.	Section 74(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to decide an application by an employee entitled to or taking parental leave to extend parental leave if the circumstances of section 73 exist, to discuss the application and to give written notice of that decision.	Section 76 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to decide an application by an employee on parental leave to return to work on a part-time basis pursuant to section 74, to discuss the application and to give written notice of that decision.	Section 76 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to nominate a time for the employee to resume work.	Section 78(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee taking paid sick leave or other paid leave whilst the employee is on unpaid parental leave.	Section 79(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee on parental leave performing work on a keeping in touch day.	Section 80(1)(b) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree that an employee break the period of parental leave by returning to work.	Section 81 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee on parental leave shortening the period of leave.	Section 83 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to give notice to the employee of the day on which the employee must return to work and, if the employee returns to work, to cancel the rest of the parental leave.	Section 84 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer of a female employee whose present work is, because of her pregnancy or breastfeeding, a risk to the health or safety of the employee or her unborn or newborn child, to temporarily adjust the employee's working conditions or hours of work, or transfer the employee to other appropriate work.	Section 89 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer of a replacement employee, to give the replacement employee written notice of the temporary nature of the employment and the parent's right to return to work.	Section 92(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree when an employee is to take long service leave.	Section 97(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, and where the employer and employee cannot agree when the employee is to take long service leave, to decide when the employee is to take the leave and give the applicable notice to the employee.	Section 97(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, where the employee is on long service leave and where the ordinary rate is increased or reduced, to pay the employee at the increased or reduced rate for the leave period to which the increased or reduced rate applies.	Section 98(4) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree on when, and the way in which, the employee will be paid for long service leave.	Section 101 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer of a casual or regular part-time employee, to agree that the employee's entitlement to long service leave may be taken in the form of its full time equivalent.	Section 104 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree in writing with the employee that the employee be paid for all or part of an entitlement to long service leave instead of taking the leave.	Section 110(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, upon an employee's death, to pay the employee's legal personal representative any amount payable for the employee's entitlement to long service leave that has not already been paid.	Section 111(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to ask an employee to work on a public holiday if the request is reasonable.	Section 116(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to dismiss an employee if the circumstances of section 121(1) exist.	Section 121(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer who obtains other acceptable employment for the employee or cannot pay the amount, to apply to the commission for an order reducing the amount of the redundancy pay to a stated amount the commission considers appropriate.	Section 127(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to give each employee before, or as soon as practicable after, the employee starts working for the employer, the information and documents required by section 129(1).	Section 129 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, where a magistrate has made an order about an offence against section 137(4) and that order states both alternatives of section 137(8), to decide how to comply with that order in terms of the alternatives.	Section 137(9) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to apply to the commission to:- (a) make a modern award; or (b) make an order varying a modern award.	Section 147(2)(b) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to apply to the commission to make an order revoking a modern award.	Section 150(3)(b)(iii) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person to whom a modern award applies, to apply to the commission to review the award.	Section 156(1)(b)(i) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to make a certified agreement with 1 or more employee organisations that represent, or are entitled to represent, Council's employees, or the employees of Council at the time the agreement is made.	Section 165 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to consent to the making of a bargaining award.	Section 167(a) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a proposer, to give a notice of intention to:- (a) the other proposed parties to the negotiations; (b) if the negotiations relate to a project agreement—all relevant employee organisations and the commission.	Section 169(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recipient of a notice of intention where the negotiations:- (a) relate to a project agreement; or (b) involve a multi-employer agreement, to give written notice of Council's intention to be a party to the negotiations to the proposer and the commission.	Section 170(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer and where the circumstances of section 171(1) exist, to take reasonable steps to ensure compliance with section 171(2).	Section 171(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer and where the circumstances of section 171(1) exist, to give the relevant employee organisation a reasonable opportunity to represent the employee as required by section 171(4).	Section 171(4) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer and where the circumstances of section 172(1) exist, to negotiate with the single bargaining unit.	Section 172(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as negotiating party, to negotiate in good faith and do all things listed in subsections (2) and (3).	Section 173 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as negotiating party, where the peace obligation period has ended, to ask the commission to help the parties reach an agreement.	Section 175(1)(b) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as one of the negotiating parties, to notify the commission that the parties intend to resume negotiating without the commission's help.	Section 175(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a negotiating party, to comply with an attendance notice and negotiate on Council's behalf at a conciliation conference.	Section 176(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as one of the negotiating parties, to apply to the commission for arbitration of the matter.	Section 178(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as one of the negotiating parties, to agree matters with the other negotiating parties before or during an arbitration of the matter.	Section 181(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a negotiating party, to agree with the other negotiating parties the nominal expiry date for the arbitration determination.	Section 183(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a negotiating party, to apply to the commission for a scope order.	Section 184(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to an agreement, to apply to the commission to certify the agreement.	Section 189(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a proposed bargaining award, to apply to the commission to:- (a) make the bargaining award; and (b) terminate the relevant modern award.	Section 190(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who will be covered by a proposed bargaining instrument, to take action that may be necessary to enable the commission to grant the application, including participating in a conciliation on Council's behalf.	Section 194 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a proposed bargaining instrument, to sign it on Council's behalf.	Section 196(1)(b) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to apply to the commission for a decision under subsection (3).	Section 213(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, on or before the nominal expiry date of a bargaining instrument, to, apply to the commission to extend the nominal expiry date.	Section 223(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to apply to the commission to amend a bargaining instrument.	Section 225(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an approving party, to approve an amendment to a bargaining instrument.	Section 225(2)(a)(i) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person to whom a bargaining instrument applies, to apply to the commission to amend the instrument in one of the ways set out in subsection (5) and to agree to any amendment.	Section 225(5) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a bargaining award or a proposed new party to the award, to, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), apply to the commission to amend the bargaining award so the award applies to the proposed new party.	Section 226(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, on or before the nominal expiry date of a certified agreement or arbitration determination, to apply to the commission to terminate the agreement or determination.	Section 227(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, after the nominal expiry date of a certified agreement or arbitration determination, to apply to the commission to terminate the agreement or determination.	Section 228(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the person who intends to terminate the agreement or determination to give all other persons to whom the agreement or determination applies, notice of the intention.	Section 228(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to an agreement or determination that does not provide for the way it may be terminated, to agree to the agreement or determination being terminated.	Section 228(3)(b)(i) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a negotiating party for a proposed bargaining instrument, to take protected industrial action for the proposed instrument subject to the requirements of Chapter 4, Part 8.	Section 232 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer intending to take the industrial action, to give notice of the intention to all of the negotiating parties for the proposed bargaining instrument, either in writing or by taking other reasonable steps to notify employees of the intended action.	Section 236 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer taking industrial action that is the lockout of an employee, to refuse to pay the employee for the period of the lockout.	Section 237(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a negotiating party for a proposed bargaining instrument, to apply to the commission for an order to suspend or terminate protected industrial action for the proposed bargaining instrument being engaged in, or threatened to be engaged in.	Section 240(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a negotiating party for a proposed bargaining instrument, to apply to the commission for an order to suspend or terminate protected industrial action for the proposed bargaining instrument being engaged in, where the industrial action has threatened, is threatening or would threaten;- (a) to endanger the life, personal safety or health, or welfare of the State's population or part of it; or (b) to cause significant damage to the State's economy or an important part of it..	Section 241(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to apply to the registrar for a certificate stating that the employer need not negotiate with an employee organisation under chapter 4 because of a circumstance in section 171(5).	Section 242(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a certified agreement or a bargaining award, to sign the affidavit prepared pursuant to subsection (2) on behalf of Council.	Section 250(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant party subject to a direction of the commission, to comply with the direction on behalf of Council, including signing any affidavit required under subsection (3).	Section 251(4) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to an industrial dispute, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1), to give the registrar written notice of the dispute.	Section 261(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party directly involved in an industrial cause, to request the registrar act as mediator in the cause.	Section 263(a) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person served with an attendance notice, to attend the compulsory conference and agree to measures which attempt to prevent or settle the dispute.	Section 264(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person the subject of an order, to prepare, file and sign an affidavit under subsection (3)(c).	Section 265(3) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person served with a show cause notice, to show cause to the full bench at the stated time why Council should not be dealt with under section 266.	Section 265(7) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to pay or refuse to pay, an employee for a period when the employee engages in a strike.	Section 268(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer against whom the strike was organised, engaged in or threatened, to make an application to the commission for an order for a contravention of section 268.	Section 269(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who has been affected by a contravention of Chapter 8, Part 1, to apply to the commission for the commission to deal with the dispute.	Section 309(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an applicant or an employer, to attend a conciliation conference at a stated time and place and attempt to settle the matter on behalf of Council.	Section 312(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to attend a conciliation conference at a stated time and place and attempt to settle the matter on behalf of Council.	Section 318(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party, to seek further conciliation, or settle the matter, at any time before an order is made under section 321 or 322.	Section 318(5) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer that has decided to dismiss 15 or more employees for economic, technological or structural reasons, to dismiss the employees if the circumstances of section 329(1) apply and give the requisite notices.	Section 329(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to give each employee organisation the opportunity to consult on the ways listed in section 330(1).	Section 330 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to stand down an employee if the circumstances of section 333 apply	Section 333 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to apply to the commission for an authorised officer's authority under section 337 to be revoked or suspended.	Section 338(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to keep a time and wages record for each industrial instrument employee as required by section 339.	339(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer and upon request by the employee, to give the employee a certificate stating the total hours recorded under section 339(1)(d) for the employee, worked out to the previous 30 June.	Section 339(5) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to keep a time and wages record for each non-industrial instrument employee as required by section 340.	340(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer and upon request by the employee, to give the employee a certificate stating the total hours recorded under section 340(1)(d) for the employee, worked out to the previous 30 June.	Section 340(5) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to keep an employee register as required by section 341.	341(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, when paying an employee wages, to give the employee a written statement as required by section 343(2).	343(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, when asked by the inspector to inspect, or for electronic access to, the time and wages record, to comply with the request.	344(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, when asked by the registrar to inspect, or for electronic access to, the time and wages record, to comply with the request.	346(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, when directed by the registrar, to give the employee register or index to a stated person, at a stated reasonable time and place.	346(4) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee inspecting the time and wages record for that employee's particulars, as permitted by section 347(2)(a) and (b), and to give the particulars to the employee in writing.	Section 347 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to agree to an employee inspecting the time and wages record:- (a) more than once in any 12-month period; or (b) outside the employer's business hours; or (c) during the employee's working time.	Section 347(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to require an authorised officer to produce the officer's authorisation.	Section 348(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, where an authorised officer fails to produce the officer's authorisation, to treat the office as a trespasser.	Section 348(5) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, when asked by the authorised officer for an item in section 350(1), to comply with the request and to refuse to comply if the circumstances of section 350(3) or 350(5) exist.	Section 350 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to keep an accurate written account of the amounts received from the prime contractor, and of the way the amounts have been disbursed or disposed of.	Section 359(4) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to produce the account for inspection to an employee in the circumstances set out in subsection (a) to (c) and allow the employee to make a copy of the account.	Sections 359(5) and (6) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prime contractor served with an attachment notice, to keep from the amounts payable, or to become payable, by the prime contractor to the employer for the contracted work, an amount sufficient to satisfy:- (a) the claim for wages stated in the notice; and (b) all further claims for wages stated in notices of attachment served on the prime contractor within 7 days after the service of the first notice.	Section 361(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prime contractor served with an attachment notice, to pay the amount to which the notice relates to a clerk of the Magistrates Court.	Section 361(4) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prime contractor, to pay the amount stated in the relevant order to the employee from the amounts attached and kept in the hands of the prime contractor.	Section 362(4) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prime contractor, to ask the employee to sign a discharge for the amount paid for a claim for wages to which an order under section 362 relates.	Section 366 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, where an employee's consent authorising a deduction to be made from wages is not written, to, before making the deduction, give the employee written acknowledgement of the consent.	Section 371(5) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to pay each employee's wages at least monthly to the employee.	Section 373(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, where the circumstances in subsection (1) apply, to immediately at the end of the 30 days, pay the wages payable to the former employee to the nearest clerk of the Magistrates Court.	Section 375(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to recover an amount to which the employee is not entitled by deducting amounts from the employee's wages for a subsequent pay period or periods.	Section 376(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, where an employee ceases employment without giving the employer the notice required by an industrial instrument, to deduct from the employee's wages an amount stated by an industrial instrument.	Section 377 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, to contribute, for eligible employees, to the approved superannuation fund at the level required by the relevant industrial instrument.	Section 394(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who may be directly affected by the declaration, to apply to the commission for a declaration about an industrial matter.	Section 463(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to apply to the commission for an interpretation of an industrial instrument, other than a certified agreement or bargaining award.	Sections 467(1) and 468(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person bound by the agreement, to apply to the commission for an interpretation of a certified agreement or bargaining award.	Sections 467(1) 468(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to an industrial cause, to agree in writing to the parties requesting the commission to assist the parties in negotiating or resolving a matter relevant to the industrial cause, whether or not the matter is within the jurisdiction of the commission and to agree that the request being amended.	Sections 469(1) and (2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to an industrial cause, to agree, in writing, for the decision of the commission to bind the parties.	Section 469(4) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a dispute, to make a referral agreement with the other parties to the dispute.	Section 470(1)(b) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a dispute, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to apply to the commission for the commission to perform its dispute resolution functions.	Section 470(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a contract, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to apply to the commission for the commission to amend or declare void (wholly or partly) the contract.	Section 471(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person under section 474, to apply to the commission for the commission to grant an injunction:- (a) to compel compliance with an industrial instrument, a permit or this Act; or (b) to restrain or prevent a contravention, or continuance of a contravention, of an industrial instrument, a permit or this Act.	Section 473(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to apply to the full bench for the orders set out in section 479 about a demarcation dispute.	Section 479 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person mentioned in section 485, to apply to the full bench or the commission for proceedings to be reopened.	Section 484(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to proceedings, to appoint in writing, an agent to represent Council in the proceedings.	Section 529(1)(a) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person aggrieved by a decision of the court or the full bench constituted by the president and 2 or more other members, to appeal to the Court of Appeal.	Section 554(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person aggrieved by a decision of the full bench constituted by the president and 2 or more other members, to seek the leave of the Court of Appeal to appeal.	Section 554(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person aggrieved by a decision of a magistrate, to appeal to the court.	Section 556 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person aggrieved by a decision of the commission, to appeal to the court.	Section 557(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person aggrieved by a decision of the commission, to seek the leave of the court to appeal.	Section 557(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person aggrieved by a decision of the registrar, to appeal to the full bench.	Section 560(1) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person aggrieved by a decision of the registrar, to seek the leave of the full bench to appeal.	Section 560(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the industrial tribunal to allow a longer period in which to start an appeal.	Section 564(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person mentioned in column 2 of schedule 3 to apply to the relevant industrial tribunal for an order in relation to a contravention, or alleged contravention, of a civil penalty provision.	Section 572 <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person subject to a requirement from an inspector to produce a document, to comply with the requirement.	Section 912(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer subject to a written demand by an inspector under subsection (1), to comply with the demand.	Section 915(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to pay wages payment to an employee under the Act, a relevant industrial instrument or a permit, in accordance with the employee's written direction.	Section 928(1)(b) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer in a workplace where an industrial instrument applies, to display a copy of the industrial instrument as required by section 934(2).	Section 934(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, where a person whose employment with the employer has been terminated has asked for a certificate described in section 935(1), to give the certificate.	Section 935(2) <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Industrial Relations Regulation 2018

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	DATE AND NUMBER OF RESOLUTION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, when working out continuous service under section 123(1) of the <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i> , to notify the employee that another absence from work breaks the employee's continuous service	Section 4(1)(c) <i>Industrial Relations Regulation 2018</i>		
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the employer, when working out continuous service under section 123(1) of the <i>Industrial Relations Act 2016</i> , to withdraw a notice to the employee given under section 4(1)(c)	Section 4(5)(b) <i>Industrial Relations Regulation 2018</i>		

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Information Privacy Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to transfer an individual's personal information to an entity outside Australia under certain circumstances.	Section 33 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	Delegation not below manager level
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to enter into a service arrangement with an entity other than an agency to provide services.	Section 34 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to give access to a document created after the application for access is received.	Section 47 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to search for a document on a backup system if it considers the search is appropriate.	Section 49 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to appoint an appropriately qualified healthcare professional to make a healthcare decision in relation to an access or amendment application.	Section 50(5)(b) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to contact the person and tell them how the application does not comply with a relevant application requirement.	Section 53(2) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to refuse to deal with an access or amendment application if: (a) the application does not comply with all relevant application requirements; and (b) the applicant has been afforded a reasonable opportunity to consult with a view to making the application comply.	Section 53(3) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to give prescribed written notice of the decision.	Section 53(6) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Information Privacy Act 2009

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to refuse to deal with an access application if: (a) the application should have been made under the <i>Right to Information Act</i> (because it is for access to a document other than to the extent it contains the applicant's personal information); and (b) reasonable efforts have been made to inform the applicant that the application: (i) can not be made under the <i>Information Privacy Act</i> ; and (ii) should be made under the <i>Right to Information Act</i> ; and (iii) may be changed so it can be made under the <i>Information Privacy Act</i> , or may be dealt with under the <i>Right to Information Act</i> by paying the application fee.	Section 54 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, at any time before a deemed decision is taken to have been made in relation to an access or amendment application, to ask the applicant for a further specified period to consider the application. Note: more than one request can be made (section 55(2) <i>Information Privacy Act</i>)	Section 55(1) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to continue to consider an access or amendment application, if a further specified period has been requested under section 55(1), the applicant has not refused the request, and no notice that the applicant has applied for review has been received.	Section 55(3) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Information Privacy Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to give access to a document that contains information the disclosure of which may reasonably be expected to be of concern to a government, agency, or person (a “relevant third party”), <u>only if</u> reasonably practicable steps are taken to obtain the relevant third party’s views on whether: (a) the document is a document for Chapter 3 of the <i>Information Privacy Act</i> (document of an agency or a Minister under the <i>Right to Information Act</i>); or (b) the information is exempt information or contrary to public interest information.	Section 56(1) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to transfer an access or amendment application to another agency if the document is not in the original agency’s possession, but is, to the original agency’s knowledge, in the other agency’s possession, and the other agency consents.	Section 57(2) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to refuse to deal with the application without having identified any or all of the documents, if the documents contain information of a stated kind or relate to a stated subject matter and it appears that all of the documents are comprised of exempt information (as defined in Schedule 3 of the <i>Right to Information Act</i>).	Section 59 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to refuse to deal with an access or amendment application, or, if considering two or more access or amendment applications by the applicant, all the applications, if the work involved in dealing with the application, or all the applications, would substantially and unreasonably divert the resources of Council from use in performance of Council functions.	Section 60(1) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Information Privacy Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to give the applicant: (a) written notice of the refusal to deal with an access or amendment application under section 60(1) <i>Information Privacy Act</i> ; and (b) a reasonable opportunity to consult.	Section 61(1) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to refuse to deal with a later access application for one or more of the same documents sought under the first access application by the same applicant, to the extent it is for access to documents in the first application, if the later application does not disclose any reasonable basis for seeking such access.	Section 62(3) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to refuse to deal with a later amendment application for one or more of the same documents sought to be amended under the first access application by the same applicant, to the extent it is for amendment to documents in the first application, if the later application does not disclose any reasonable basis for seeking such access.	Section 63(3) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, after considering an access application, to decide whether to give access to the document and whether any access charge must be paid by the applicant.	Section 65 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to refuse access to a document in the same way and to the extent access can be refused under section 47 <i>Right to Information Act</i> , were access to the document applied for under that Act.	Section 67(1) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Information Privacy Act 2009

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to give a prescribed written notice to an applicant, for an access application, of: (a) the decision on the application, including a decision to refuse to deal with the application; and (b) the fact that the document is not a document in the possession, or under the control, of Council, if this is the case.	Section 68(1) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to not include any exempt information or contrary to public interest information in the notice given under section 68(1) <i>Information Privacy Act</i> .	Section 68(3) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to give prescribed written notice to an applicant that does not include details required to be in a prescribed written notice under section 199(a) and (b) <i>Information Privacy Act</i> , but states that Council neither confirms nor denies the existence of the document, but assuming the document does exist, it would be a document to which access would be refused under section 67 <i>Information Privacy Act</i> to the extent it comprised prescribed information.	Section 69(2) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, after considering an amendment application, to decide whether amendment of the document is permitted.	Section 70 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to give an applicant for an amendment application a prescribed written notice of the decision on the application.	Section 73(1) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to not include reasons for a decision to permit amendment of the document in the notice given under section 73(1) <i>Information Privacy Act</i> .	Section 73(2) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Information Privacy Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to not include any exempt information or contrary to public interest information in the notice given under section 73(1) <i>Information Privacy Act</i> .	Section 73(3) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, if a decision to amend the document is made, to make the amendment by altering the personal information or adding an appropriate notation to the personal information.	Section 74 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to waive an access charge.	Sections 80, 81 and 82 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to refuse to give access to a document in a form requested, if it would: (a) interfere unreasonably with Council's operations, or (b) be detrimental to the preservation of the document, or (c) be inappropriate having regard to the physical nature of the document; or (d) involve an infringement of the copyright of a person other than the State, and give access in another form.	Section 83(4) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to extend the period in which an applicant may access a document.	Section 84(2) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to defer giving access to a document for a reasonable period if the document was prepared: (a) for presentation to the Assembly or a committee of the Assembly; or (b) for release to the media; or (c) solely for inclusion in a document prepared for a purpose in (a) or (b).	Section 87 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Information Privacy Act 2009

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to delete irrelevant information from a copy of a requested document when giving access to that requested document, if the agency considers, it is reasonably practicable to give access to the copy.	Section 88 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to give access to a copy of a document from which the exempt information has been deleted.	Section 89 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to give access to a copy of a document from which the contrary to public interest information has been deleted.	Section 90 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to direct access to the document be given instead to an appropriately qualified healthcare professional nominated by the applicant and approved by the agency, where access was refused under section 47(3)(d) of the <i>Right to Information Act</i> , as applied under the <i>Information Privacy Act</i> .	Section 92(2) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to conduct a particular further search or to conduct further searches directed by the information commissioner.	Section 115 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to apply to the information commissioner for declaration that a person is a vexatious applicant.	Section 127 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to apply to the information commissioner for approval to waive or modify the obligation to comply with the privacy principles.	Section 157 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to ask the information commissioner to extend the time within which to take action stated in a compliance notice.	Section 159 <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as agency, to apply to QCAT, as provided under the QCAT Act, for review of the information commissioner's decision to give a compliance notice.	Section 161(1) <i>Information Privacy Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for a licence to provide labour hire services.	Section 13(1) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to apply for renewal of the licence before it expires.	Section 18(1) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to withdraw an application for renewal of a licence.	Section 18(3)(b) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for restoration of the licence after it has expired.	Section 19(1) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to give a written response to a show cause notice that proposes to cancel the licence.	Section 23(2) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to return a suspended or cancelled licence to the chief executive.	Section 25(1) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to surrender the licence.	Section 26(1) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to comply with conditions imposed on a licence.	Section 29 <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to give a written response to a proposed condition or variation of a licence.	Section 30(1)(c) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to give the chief executive a report that complies with sections 31 and 32.	Section 31(1) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to apply to the chief executive to remove and appoint nominated officers for the licence.	Section 35 <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to substitute a nominated officer for a limited period if the circumstances of section 36(1) exist.	Section 36 <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to apply to the chief executive to extend the appointment of a substitute nominated officer.	Section 37 <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to produce a copy of the licence for inspection by an inspector, worker or other person on request.	Section 38 <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to give the chief executive notice of a prescribed change in circumstances of the licensee.	Section 40 <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an applicant, to give the chief executive information the chief executive reasonably requires to decide the application.	Section 41(2) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an applicant, to consent to the chief executive entering and inspecting Council's place of business for the purpose of ascertaining whether Council is a fit and proper person to provide labour hire services.	Section 42(3)(b) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to give the chief executive the information required in a notice given under section 43.	Section 43 <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier, to consent to entry of Council's premises by an inspector and to sign an acknowledgement of the consent.	Section 60(1) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier, to comply with a help requirement given by an inspector.	Section 69(2) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a seized thing, to apply to the chief executive for its return.	Section 79(3) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a seized thing, to agree, in writing, to the transfer of the ownership of the thing to the State.	Section 82(b) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to claim compensation from the State if loss is incurred because of the exercise, or purported exercise of a power by or for an inspector.	Section 87(1) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who has been given or is entitled to be given an information notice for a decision, to apply for review of the decision.	Section 93(1) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an interested person, to apply for review of a decision listed in section 93(2).	Section 93(2) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an applicant mentioned in section 93(1), to apply to QCAT for a stay of the decision.	Section 96(2) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an organisation given a QCAT information notice, to apply to QCAT for a review of the decision.	Section 98(1) <i>Labour Hire Licensing Act 2017</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refer a land access dispute to the land access ombudsman.	Section 32(1) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to resolve a land access dispute.	Section 32(2) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a land access dispute, to provide reasonable help to the land access ombudsman in the conduct of reasonably necessary inquiries.	Section 35(2) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a direction from the land access ombudsman to make a reasonable attempt to resolve the land access dispute with the other party.	Section 37(2) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, by notice given to the land access ombudsman, and in compliance with the requirements for withdrawal under a procedural guideline made under section 65, to withdraw a land access dispute referral.	Section 39(1) and (2) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a land access dispute, to comply with a request from the land access ombudsman, to give the ombudsman a stated document or information at a stated reasonable time and place; or access to a stated document or information.	Section 42(4) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a land access dispute, to comply with a notice from the land access ombudsman, requiring attendance at a meeting with the land access ombudsman at a stated reasonable time and place, and answer questions.	Section 43(2) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a land access dispute, to seek the leave of the land access ombudsman to be represented by someone at a meeting.	Section 43(4) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consent to the land access ombudsman entering land the subject of a dispute about a conduct and compensation agreement.	Section 45(1) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consent to the land access ombudsman entering land the subject of a dispute about a make good agreement.	Section 45(2) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to impose conditions upon the land access ombudsman's entry to the disputed land and to withdraw consent for the land access ombudsman to enter disputed land.	Section 45(3) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, if consent is given for the land access ombudsman to enter disputed land, to sign an acknowledgement of the consent.	Section 49(1) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to the land access ombudsman in response to the draft notice about the investigation.	Section 51(4) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to the land access ombudsman about the proposed action.	Section 53(4) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submissions to the land access ombudsman about action to be taken under section 54(2).	Section 54(4) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission to the land access ombudsman about action to be taken under section 55(2).	Section 55(4) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to inspect a document within the custody of the land access ombudsman.	Section 57(2) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, when giving a document or information to the land access ombudsman, to inform the land access ombudsman of a belief that the document or information to be provided is confidential or that the disclosure of the document or information to the ombudsman might be detrimental to the party's commercial activities.	Section 59(2) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consent to the use of, recording of, or disclosure of confidential information by a person who is, or has been, the land access ombudsman or an officer.	Section 60(3)(b) <i>Land Access Ombudsman Act 2017</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as a person who may take water under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> , section 96, to exercise a right of access, a right of grazing and a right to bring action for trespass over the adjacent land.	Section 13A(4) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a person an adjacent owner for the land, to consent to the dedication of non-tidal watercourse land or non-tidal lake land as a reserve.	Section 13AC(1)(a) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as owner of land having a non-tidal boundary (watercourse) (the relevant land), to apply to the chief executive (water) to have land adjoining the relevant land (the watercourse land) declared to be former watercourse land.	Section 13B(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to give notice of the person's intention to make an application pursuant to section 13B to the owners of any land that adjoins the watercourse land	Section 13B(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as an applicant under section 13B(1), to appeal against the refusal of the application.	Section 13B(6) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as registered owner of land, to enter an agreement with the Governor in Council to exchange all or part of the freehold land for the grant of unallocated State land.	Section 18(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as lessee of a freeholding lease, to enter an agreement with the Governor in Council to exchange all or part of the freeholding lease for a freeholding lease over unallocated state land.	Section 18(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Act 1994**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as lessee of a term lease (other than a State lease or a perpetual lease), to enter an agreement with the Minister to exchange all or part of the term lease for a lease of unallocated State land for a term of years or in perpetuity.	Section 18(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a person seeking to have a plan of subdivision registered in relation to the land contained in a deed of grant, deed of grant in trust or lease, to apply to the Minister for the allocation of a floating reservation to some or all of the lots created by the plan.	Section 23A(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as an applicant under section 23A(1), to appeal against the Minister's decision.	Section 23A(6) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as registered owner of the deed of grant or lessee of a freeholding lease of a reservation for a public purpose to be sold under section 24(1), to apply to the Governor in Council to buy the land.	Section 24(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to appeal against the Minister's determination of the unimproved value of land to be sold under section 24(1) of the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	Section 25(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee, lessee or registered owner, to agree to the Minister's proposal to change the boundaries of a lease, deed of grant or deed of grant in trust where the Governor in Council is resuming possession of all or part of a reservation and the boundaries of the reservation are not stated in the lease, deed of grant or deed of grant in trust.	Section 26(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Act 1994**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as lessee, registered owner or trustee, to appeal the Minister's decision to change the boundaries of a lease, deed of grant or deed of grant in trust where the Governor in Council is resuming possession of all or part of a reservation and the boundaries of the reservation are not stated in the lease, deed of grant or deed of grant in trust.	Section 26(4) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as lessee or registered owner, to buy a forest entitlement area under sections 24 and 25.	Section 26B(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as lessee or registered owner, to appeal against the value decided by the Minister for commercial timber on a forest entitlement area that the local government is buying.	Section 26B(8) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, to apply to the Minister for the dedication of a reserve.	Section 31C(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to give notice of the intention to apply for the dedication of a reserve.	Sections 31C(2) and 31C(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee, to apply to the Minister to change the boundary of a reserve or the purpose of a reserve.	Section 31D(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to give notice of the intention to change the boundary of a reserve or the purpose of a reserve.	Sections 31D(2) and 31D(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee, to consult with the Minister in response to a proposed State lease over a reserve.	Section 32 <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to apply to the Minister to revoke the dedication of all or part of a reserve.	Section 34(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to give notice of the intention to apply to the Minister to revoke the dedication of all or part of a reserve.	Sections 34(2) and 34(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as owner of improvements on a reserve the dedication to which has been revoked, to apply to remove improvements on the reserve.	Section 34H(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as owner of improvements on a reserve the dedication to which has been revoked, to remove improvements with the written approval of the Minister.	Section 34H(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee of an operational reserve, to apply for a deed of grant over the reserve.	Section 34I(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee of an operational reserve, to give notice of the intention to apply for a deed of grant over the reserve.	Sections 34I(3) and 34I(4) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee, to apply for an additional community purpose or to amalgamate land with common purposes.	Section 38A(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee, to apply for the cancellation of a deed of grant in trust under section 38.	Section 38A(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee, to give notice of the intention to apply under section 38A.	Sections 38A(3) and 38A(4) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as owner of improvements on a deed of grant in trust that has been cancelled, to apply to remove the improvements on the deed of grant in trust.	Section 38G(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as owner of improvements on a deed of grant in trust that has been cancelled, to remove the improvements with the Minister's approval.	Section 38G(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to accept appointment as trustee.	Section 44 <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as trustee, to advise the chief executive of change in details.	Section 45 <i>Land Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as trustee, to comply with the administrative, accounting function and other directions provided by Minister.	Sections 46, 47, 48 and 49 <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to take all necessary action for the maintenance and management of trust land.	Sections 52(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as trustee, to surrender all or part of a deed of grant in trust on terms agreed with the Minister and with the Minister's written approval.	Section 55(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as trustee, to apply to surrender all or part of a deed of grant in trust.	Section 55A(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee, to give notice of the intention to apply to surrender all or part of a deed of grant in trust.	Sections 55A(2) and 55A(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as owner of improvements on a deed of grant in trust that has been surrendered, to apply to remove the improvements on the deed of grant in trust.	Section 55H(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as owner of improvements on a deed of grant in trust that has been surrendered, to remove the improvements on the deed of grant in trust with the written approval of the Minister.	Section 55H(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee, to lease all or part of the trust land if the trustee first obtains the Minister's written "in principle" approval to the lease.	Section 57(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power as trustee to, without the Minister's approval, grant a trustee lease (construction) or a trustee lease (State or statutory body) over all or part of the trust land.	Section 57(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to seek the Minister's approval to amend a trustee lease.	Section 57A(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as trustee lessee, to transfer, mortgage or sublease a trustee lease subject to the written approval of the Minister and the trustee to the transaction.	Section 58(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to appeal against the Minister's decision to refuse to allow a transfer, mortgage or sublease of a trustee lease.	Section 58(7) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee, to issue a trustee permit to use all or part of the trust land.	Section 60(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to lodge a trustee permit in the appropriate register.	Section 60(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to seek consent to group trust land reserved for similar purposes together.	Section 62 <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to seek the Minister's approval for rent from a trustee lease or trustee permit to be applied to costs other than on maintenance and enhancement of the trust land.	Section 63(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a relevant person, to apply for approval to lease, sublease or sub-sublease trust land even if an authority is in force.	Section 64(4) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee, to cancel a trustee lease or trustee permit if the lessee or permittee does not comply with the conditions of the lease or permit.	Section 65(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to allow the trustee lessee or trustee permittee to remove the trustee lessee's or trustee permittee's improvements on the land within a reasonable time stated by the trustee.	Section 66(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee of a deed of grant in trust, to mortgage a deed of grant in trust issued prior the commencement of the <i>Land Act 1994</i> , subject to the Minister's approval under section 67(4).	Section 67(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to mortgage a deed of grant in trust issued after the commencement of the <i>Land Act 1994</i> subject to section 67(3)(a) and (b) and the Minister's approval under section 67(4).	Section 67(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as trustee of trust land for cemetery purposes, to repair or remove structures, monuments or tombstones from a cemetery on trust land.	Section 80(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to ask the Minister that a cemetery on trust land be closed to further burials.	Section 81(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to ask the Minister to re-open a cemetery previously closed for further burials.	Section 81(4) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to agree to take on the trusteeship of a cemetery from trustees of the cemetery, and to agree on the terms of the transfer.	Section 82 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to seek approval from the Minister to exhume a body from a cemetery, in the absence of any local law covering the matter.	Section 83(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to apply to the Minister seeking approval to surrender land granted for an estate in fee simple for some community, public or similar purpose, to the State, and for the issue of a deed of grant in trust under this Act for a community or public purpose.	Section 84(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to apply for land to be dedicated as a road for public use.	Section 94(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to apply to the Minister to permanently close a road.	Section 99(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to apply to the Minister to temporarily close a road.	Section 99(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as an adjoining owner of land who makes an application to permanently close a road pursuant to section 99(1) of the <i>Land Act 1994</i> , to ask that the land be amalgamated with the adjoining owner's adjoining land upon its closure.	Section 99(4) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to object to a road closure application in response to a public notice.	Section 100 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a road licensee, to surrender all or part of a road licence.	Section 105(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as registered owner of land, to apply for the simultaneous opening and closing of roads subject to the conditions in section 109A(1)(a), (b) and (c).	Section 109A(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as registered owner, to ask the Minister to include certain matters in the deed of grant in trust issued under section 358.	Section 109A(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as registered owner, to appeal against any conditions the Minister imposes under section 420I.	Section 109A(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as trustee of lessee, to apply for the simultaneous opening or closing of roads subject to section 109B(1)(a), (b) and (c).	Section 109B(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to ask the Minister to include certain matters in the deed of grant in trust issued under section 358 or dedicated as a reserve under section 31A (whichever is applicable).	Section 109B(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, to ask that the land in the road being closed be amalgamated in accordance with section 109B(3)(a) or (b) (whichever is applicable).	Section 109B(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as trustee or lessee, to appeal against any conditions the Minister imposes under section 420I.	Section 109B(4) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to apply for an interest in land that may be granted without competition.	Section 120A(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as lessee, to apply to the Minister that a lease be used for additional or fewer purposes.	Section 154 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, to apply for extension of a term lease (40 years).	Section 155A(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, to apply for extension of a term lease (50 years).	Section 155B(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, to apply for extension of a term lease (75 years).	Section 155BA(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, to apply for an offer of a new lease (a renewal application).	Section 158 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as an applicant for a renewal application, to appeal against the chief executive's decision to refuse the renewal application if the only reason for the refusal was that the applicant had not fulfilled the conditions of the lease.	Section 160(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a lessee under a rolling term lease, to apply to the Minister for an extension of the term.	Section 164C(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a lessee under a rolling term lease, to appeal to the Minister's refusal of an extension of the term.	Section 164C(7) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, to apply to convert a perpetual lease to freehold land and a term lease to a perpetual lease or to freehold land.	Section 166(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as applicant for a conversion application, to appeal against the chief executive's decision to refuse the conversion application if the only reason for the refusal was that the applicant had not fulfilled the conditions of the lease.	Section 168(5) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to appeal against the chief executive's decision on the purchase price for the conversion of a lease to a deed of grant.	Section 170(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, to apply for approval to subdivide the lease.	Section 176(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to appeal against the Minister's decision to refuse an application for approval to subdivide a lease.	Section 176E <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee of 2 or more leases, to apply to the Minister for approval to amalgamate the leases.	Section 176K (1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a local government, to prepare a statement of Council's views on the amalgamation of 2 or more leases.	Section 176K(3)(b) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to give the chief executive an opinion in respect of a proposed road closure.	Section 176N <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to consult with the chief executive regarding the issue of a permit to occupy unallocated State land, a road or a reserve.	Section 177 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to apply for a permit to occupy unallocated State land, a reserve or a road.	Section 177A(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to give notice of an intention to apply for a permit to occupy unallocated State land, a reserve or a road.	Section 177A(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as an applicant for a permit, to enter an agreement with an adjoining owner about the maintenance of a fence.	Section 179 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as a permittee, to surrender a permit to occupy on terms agreed to between the chief executive and the permittee and with the chief executive's written approval.	Section 180(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a relevant entity, to apply to surrender or cancel a permit to occupy.	Section 180A <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a permittee for a permit that is cancelled or surrendered, to apply to remove the permittee's improvements on the permit land.	Section 180H(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a permittee, to remove improvements with the chief executive's written approval.	Section 180H(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, licensee or permittee, to give the Minister the information asked for about the lease, licence or permit.	Section 201 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, licensee or permittee, to apply to change an imposed condition of the lease, licence or permit.	Section 210 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to appeal against the Minister's decision to change an imposed condition about the protection and sustainability of the lease land.	Section 212(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to make submissions to the Minister in response to a warning notice.	Section 214A <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a lessee or licensee to whom a remedial action notice has been given, to appeal against the decision to give the notice.	Section 214B <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a lessee or licensee to whom a remedial action notice has been given, to comply with the notice.	Section 214D <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, to appeal against the Minister's decision to reduce the term of, or impose additional conditions on, a lease.	Section 214F(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as a person who has a lawful interest in the matters listed at section 219(3)(a), (b) and (c), to claim compensation as prescribed by the <i>Acquisition of Land Act 1967</i> .	Section 219(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a compensation claimant, to appeal the Minister's decision about the amount of loss, costs and expenses the claimant is entitled to claim.	Section 222(6) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as owner of lawful improvements on a lease or part of lease resumed under the division, to claim compensation.	Section 225(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee, to appeal against the Minister's decision on compensation payable.	Section 226(5) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as owner of lawful improvements on all or part of a reservation resumed, to claim compensation.	Section 230(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as owner, to appeal against the Minister's decision on compensation payable.	Section 232(5) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a relevant local government of a term or a perpetual lease, to appeal against a decision under subsection (2)(b)(iv) to allow an entity other than the relevant local government to sell the lease.	Section 239(4) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, after receiving a notice under section 235(1) or 238(3), as a lessee of a lease, to make written application for permission to sell the lease.	Section 240E(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a local government, to apply to the Minister to sell a lease.	Section 240G <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as lessee of a forfeited lease, to apply to remove the lessee's improvements on the lease.	Section 243(1A) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as lessee of a forfeited lease, to remove the improvements with the written approval of the Minister.	Section 243(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a transferor or a person creating the interest, or the transferee or the person in whose favour the interest is to be created, to sign a document transferring a lease, sublease or licence or creating an interest in a lease or sublease.	Section 288(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a transferee or the person in whose favour the interest is to be created, to authorise a legal practitioner to sign a document transferring a lease, sublease or licence or creating an interest in a lease or sublease on Council's behalf.	Section 288(1)(b) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to lodge a standard terms document and amend the standard terms document by lodging a further document.	Sections 318 & 319 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a lessee, licensee or the holder of a sublease, to apply to transfer a lease, sublease or licence under the Act with the approval of the Minister.	Section 322(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a lessee, licensee or the holder of a sublease, to apply to the Minister to extend the time mentioned in subsection 322(4).	Section 322(5) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a lessee, licensee or the holder of a sublease, to appeal a decision of the Minister not to grant the transfer of a lease, sublease or licence.	Section 322(8) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to surrender freehold land on terms agreed between the Minister and the registered owner and with the Minister's written approval.	Section 327 <i>Land Act 1994</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to surrender a lease or part of a lease on terms agreed between the Minister and the lessee and with the Minister's written approval.	Section 327A <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a registered owner, to apply to the Minister to surrender freehold land.	Section 327B <i>Land Act 1994.</i>	
	Power, as a lessee, to apply to the Minister to surrender all or part of a lease.	Section 327C(1) <i>Land Act 1994.</i>	
	Power, as a lessee, to give notice of an intention to apply to the Minister to surrender all or part of a lease.	Sections 327C(2) and 327C(3) <i>Land Act 1994.</i>	
	Power, as owner of improvements on a lease that has been surrendered, to apply to remove the owner's improvements on the lease.	Section 327I(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as owner of improvements on a lease that has been surrendered, to remove the owner's improvements with the Minister's written approval.	Section 327I(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as lessee, to give notice of the intention to surrender a lease.	Section 329(1) <i>Land Act 1994.</i>	
	Power to seek the Minister's approval to sublease a lease issued under the Act.	Sections 332(1) and 332(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to appeal against the Minister's refusal to approve the sublease of a lease issued under the Act.	Section 332(6) and <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to seek the Minister's approval to amend a sublease.	Section 336 <i>Land Act 1994</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as party to a sublease, to ask the chief executive to refer the dispute to mediation.	Section 339B <i>Land Act 1994.</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner or trustee, to surrender land if the description of the land is no longer correct, because of the reasons listed in section 358(1)(a) to (f).	Section 358(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as registered owner or trustee, to surrender the land contained in the registered owner's deed of grant or trustee's deed of grant in trust if, on resurvey of the land, the boundaries of the land do not agree with the boundaries described in the existing deed or appropriate plan, and no doubt exists about the boundaries of the land, with the written approval of the Minister.	Section 358(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i>	
	Power to apply to amend the description in a freeholding lease if the description of the lease may be amended under section 360(1)(a) or (d).	Section 360C(1) <i>Land Act 1994.</i>	
	Power to apply to amend the description in a term lease, other than a State lease, or a perpetual lease if the description of the lease may be amended under section 360A(2)(a), (b) or (c).	Section 360C(2) <i>Land Act 1994.</i>	
	Power to apply to amend the description in a State lease if the description of the lease may be amended under section 360B(1)(a), (b), (c) or (d).	Section 360C(3) <i>Land Act 1994.</i>	
	Power, as a lessee or a person acting for a lessee, to give notice of an intention to make an application under section 360C to amend the description of a lease.	Section 360D <i>Land Act 1994.</i>	
	Power to sign the plan of survey for an easement where Council is the public utility provider or the owner of the land to be burdened.	Section 363(1)(b) <i>Land Act 1994.</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to sign a document surrendering an easement in favour of Council, where Council is one or more of the entities listed in subsections 371(2)(a) to (c).	Section 371(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Minister for approval for a public utility easement to continue over unallocated State land when the deed of grant in trust, lease or licence ends or the dedication of the reserve is revoked.	Section 372(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Minister for approval for a public utility easement to continue over unallocated State land when the freehold land is surrendered.	Section 372(5) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the trustee, lessee or sublessee of nonfreehold land the subject of a trust, lease or sublease, to consent to the creation of a covenant on the land.	Section 373A <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as trustee of trust land, or as a lessee, licensee or permittee to start a proceeding in the Magistrates Court for unlawful occupation or trespass of the trust land, or a lease, licence or permit.	Section 415 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to make a submission in response to a notice received under the Act about a proposed application.	Section 420CB <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to respond to a request from the Chief Executive for information listed in sections 420E(1)(a) and 420E(1)(b).	Section 420E <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to apply to the Minister for a review of a decision.	Section 423 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to appeal to the Court against a decision.	Section 427 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to make a local law stating use conditions that apply to a declared beach area.	Section 431T <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to consult with the Minister about whether Council wishes to be the manager of a declared beach area.	Section 431U(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power to consult with the public and the owner of the lot about the use conditions to be contained in a local law applying to a declared beach area.	Section 431U(3) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as licensee, to surrender all or part of an occupation licence, on terms agreed to between the Minister and the licensee and with the Minister's written approval.	Section 481A <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a public utility provider or a licensee to apply to cancel or surrender all or part of an occupation licence.	Section 481B(1) and 481B(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, to give notice of an intention to, as a public utility provider or a licensee, apply to cancel or surrender all or part of an occupation licence.	Section 481B(4) and 481B(5) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a licensee of an occupation licence that is cancelled or surrendered absolutely, to apply to remove the licensee's improvements on the licence.	Section 481J(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a licensee, to remove the licensee's improvements on the licence with the written approval of the Minister.	Section 481J(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as licensee of an occupation licence, to carry out improvements or development work on the licence only with the Minister's written approval.	Section 482 <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	
	Power, as a local government, to apply to exchange the conditional deed for a reserve or deed of grant in trust with the local government as trustee or a lease granted under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	Section 492(1) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to agree to an allocation or dedication of land from the State, where the land has become an asset of the State by virtue of section 231 (repealed) of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> .	Section 505(2) <i>Land Act 1994</i> .	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as a person served with a written notice by the registrar, to give public notice of a request listed in subsection (1) and to satisfy the registrar that the public notification has been given.	Section 18 <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to undertake the searches and obtain copies of the documents described in section 35(1)	Section 35(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner, to ask the registrar to issue a certificate of title	Section 42(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner, to agree to a plan of subdivision and dedicating the public use land	Section 50(1)(b) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the relevant planning body, to approve a plan of subdivision	Section 50(1)(h) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered proprietor whose interests are affected by the plan, to consent to a plan of subdivision	Section 50(1)(j) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner of a lot, to dedicate the lot as a road for public use	Section 54(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the relevant planning body, to approve a dedication notice to dedicate a lot as a road for public use	Section 54(3) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner, to sign a building management statement for registration	Section 54B(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner, to sign an instrument of amendment for a building management statement	Section 54E(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner of all lots to which a building management statement applies, to ask the registrar to extinguish the building management statement	Section 54G <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as the registered owner, to sign an instrument of extinguishment or partial extinguishment for a building management statement	Section 54H(3) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner of a lot with two or more registered owners, to request the registrar create separate a indefeasible title for the interest of each owner	Section 57 <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a registered owner subject to a joint tenancy, to unilaterally sever the joint tenancy	Section 59(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a registered owner subject to a joint tenancy, to give notice of the severing of the joint tenancy in the way prescribed by subsection (2).	Section 59(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register an instrument of transfer for the transfer of a lot or interest to or from Council.	Section 60(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register an instrument of lease for the lease of a lot, or part of a lot, to or from Council.	Section 64 <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register an instrument of amendment of a lease to or from Council.	Section 67(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the relevant local government, to approve the instrument of lease where it is for reconfiguring a lot within the meaning of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	Section 65(3A) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a lessor under a registered lease who has lawfully re-entered and taken possession under the lease, to lodge a request for the registrar to register the re-entry	Section 68(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a lessor or lessee under a registered lease, to execute and register an instrument of surrender of the lease	Section 69(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as a sublessee, to consent to the surrender of the lease	Section 69(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a sublessee, to consent to the surrender of the lease	Section 69(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register an instrument of easement benefiting or burdening land owned by Council.	Section 82(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner, lessee, person entitled to the land or public utility provider, to sign an instrument of easement for particular easements	Section 83(1)(b) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the relevant local government, to approve the plan of survey for the creation of an easement giving access to a lot from a constructed road where it is the reconfiguring of a lot under the <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	Section 83(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner of a lot burdened by an easement in favour of a public utility provider that is not a public thoroughfare easement, to recover from the public utility provider a reasonable contribution towards the cost of keeping the part of the lot affected by the easement in a condition appropriate for enjoyment of the easement	Section 85B(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner of the lot benefited and the lot burdened by an easement, to ask the registrar to extinguish the easement	Section 87 <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register an instrument of surrender of an easement benefiting or burdening land owned by Council	Section 90(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to sign an instrument of surrender of an easement	Section 90(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as a lessee or sublessee of a lot benefited by an easement, to consent to surrender of the easement	Section 90(3) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register an instrument of amendment of an easement benefiting or burdening land owned by Council	Section 91(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a local government and covenantee, to register an instrument of covenant	Section 97A <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a local government and covenantee, to register an instrument of amendment of a covenant	Section 97C <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a local government and covenantee, to sign and register an instrument of surrender of a covenant	Section 97D <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register an instrument of profit a prendre benefiting or burdening land owned by Council	Section 97E <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner of the lot benefited and the lot burdened by a profit a prendre, to ask the registrar to extinguish the profit a prendre	Section 97I <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register an instrument of amendment of a profit a prendre benefiting or burdening land owned by Council	Section 97K <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register an instrument of release of a profit a prendre benefiting or burdening land owned by Council	Section 97L <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register instrument of carbon abatement interest for a lot owned by Council or over which Council has an interest	Section 97O <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a holder of a registered interest in land affected by a proposed grant of a carbon abatement interest, to consent to the proposed grant	Section 97P(c) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	

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COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Title Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to register instrument of amendment of a carbon abatement interest for a lot owned by Council or over which Council has an interest	Section 97S(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to register instrument of surrender of a carbon abatement interest for a lot owned by Council or over which Council has an interest	Section 97U(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to apply to be registered as owner of a lot as an adverse possessor	Section 99(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to withdraw an application to be registered as owner of a lot as an adverse possessor and request that all documents lodged in support of the claim be returned	Section 100 <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a person claiming an interest in a lot the subject of an adverse possession claim, to lodge a caveat	Section 104 <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a caveator given a written notice under subsection (1), to:- (a) start a proceeding in the Supreme Court to recover the lot; and (b) give written notice, in the way the registrar requires, to the registrar that the proceeding has started	Section 106(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a caveator that does not agree to the registration of the applicant for a lesser interest in the lot, to:- (a) start a proceeding in the Supreme Court to recover the lot; and (b) give written notice, in the way the registrar requires, to the registrar that the proceeding has started	Sections 107(2) and (3) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as an applicant, to sign the plan of subdivision as if the applicant were the registered owner of the relevant lot	Section 108A <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the registered owner holding the interest in the lot as trustee, to lodge an instrument of transfer to register the interest as being held as trustee	Section 110(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Title Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as a person who is beneficially entitled under a will to a lot or an interest in a lot of a deceased registered proprietor, to apply to the registrar to be registered as proprietor of the lot	Section 112(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a person mentioned in section 114(1), to apply to the Supreme Court for an order to be registered as proprietor of the lot	Section 114(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to lodge a caveat	Section 122 <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to withdraw a caveat	Section 125 <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a caveatee, to serve on the caveator a notice requiring the caveator to start a proceeding in a court of competent jurisdiction to establish the interest claimed under the caveat and to notify the registrar of service of the notice.	Sections 126(2) and (3) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a caveator served with a notice under subsection (2), to:- (a) start a proceeding in a court of competent jurisdiction to establish the interest claimed under the caveat; and (b) notify the registrar that a proceeding has been started and the identity of the proceeding.	Section 126(4) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a caveatee, to apply to the Supreme Court for an order that a caveat be removed	Section 127(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to lodge a request to cancel a caveat.	Section 128(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to seek the leave of a court of competent jurisdiction to lodge a further caveat.	Section 129(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Title Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to deposit a priority notice for a lot	Section 139(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to deposit a request to extend a priority notice	Section 141(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to deposit a request to withdraw a priority notice	Section 143(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as an affected person for a lot to which a priority notice applies, to apply to the Supreme Court for an order that the priority notice be removed	Section 144(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to deposit a request to cancel a priority notice	Section 145(1)(a) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the depositor of a priority notice, to request a correction to the priority notice	Section 149(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to comply with a requisition given to Council by the registrar	Section 156(3) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to apply to the registrar to relodge an instrument that the registrar has permitted to be withdrawn	Section 159(4) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to comply with a requirement of the registrar to deposit an instrument for correction or cancellation	Section 160 <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to comply with a requirement of the registrar to lodge a plan of survey for the lot	Section 165 <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power to lodge a standard terms document and amend a standard terms document on Council's behalf	Section 169(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Title Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to request the registrar to withdraw a standard terms document on Council's behalf	Section 172(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a person affected by a correction, to apply to the Supreme Court for an order that the correction be amended or set aside	Section 186(2) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a person with an entitlement to compensation under section 188 or 188A, to apply to the Supreme Court for an order:- (a) for compensation to be paid by the State; (b) directing the registrar to take stated action.	Section 188B(1) <i>Land Title Act 1994</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Stock Route Management Act 2002**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare a stock route network management plan.	Section 105 to 109 <i>inclusive</i> Stock Route Management Act 2002	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to review, or renew, its stock route network management plan when the chief executive officer of the local government considers it appropriate.	Section 113 Stock Route Management Act 2002	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an issuing entity, to give notice that a person may apply for a permit for the land.	Section 116(2)(c)(ii) Stock Route Management Act 2002	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to by written notice, ask the applicant of a stock route permit to give further reasonable information or documents about the application by the reasonable date stated in the notice and refuse the application if the applicant does not comply.	Section 117 Stock Route Management Act 2002	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to grant or refuse an application for a stock route agistment permit.	Section 118 Stock Route Management Act 2002	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to grant or refuse an application to renew a stock route agistment permit.	Section 123 Stock Route Management Act 2002	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to impose on a stock route agistment permit the reasonable conditions it decides.	Section 126 Stock Route Management Act 2002	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to amend the conditions of a stock route agistment permit.	Section 127 Stock Route Management Act 2002	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to cancel a stock route agistment permit.	Section 128 Stock Route Management Act 2002	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require the holder of a stock route agistment permit to return the permit.	Section 130 Stock Route Management Act 2002	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Stock Route Management Act 2002**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask the applicant to give the further reasonable information or documents about the application, and to refuse the application if the applicant does not comply.	Section 135 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to grant or refuse an application for a stock route travel permit.	Section 136 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require a stock route travel permit holder who gives a notice of the correct particular to return the permit.	Section 141 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to impose on a stock route travel permit the reasonable conditions Council decides.	Section 142 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to amend a stock route travel permit.	Section 143 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to cancel a stock route travel permit.	Section 144 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require the holder of a stock route travel permit to return the permit for an amendment under a decision made under certain sections of the Act.	Section 146 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider it necessary to build a stock-proof fence on the boundary of land adjoining a stock route network.	Section 148 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a fencing notice.	Section 149 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a mustering notice.	Section 156 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to manage and conserve pasture on Council's stock route network.	Section 160 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Stock Route Management Act 2002**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require an owner to reduce the number of stock on the land.	Section 161(2) <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consent to the burning or removal of pasture.	Section 180 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the Minister about the performance of the function or obligation under the Stock Route Management Act 2002.	Section 184(3) <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to take action to comply with any notice given by the Minister in relation to the administration and enforcement of the Stock Route Management Act.	Section 184(5) <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay the amount to the chief executive in the stated period.	Section 187(5) <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay half of the amounts referred to in subsection (1) to the department.	Section 187A <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to provide any information that the Minister may required in relation to: (a) details of amounts payable to Council under the <i>Stock Route Management Act</i> ; and (b) functions or powers performed or exercised or required to be performed or exercised by Council under the <i>Stock Route Management Act</i> .	Section 188 <i>Stock Route Management Act 2002</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Land Valuation Act 2010**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the valuer-general about a proposed decision not to make an annual valuation of land.	Section 74 <i>Land Valuation Act 2010</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the valuer-general valuation-related documents, information about a sale or proposed sale of land for unpaid rates and information about all land Council acquires or disposes of.	Section 244 <i>Land Valuation Act 2010</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Liquor Act 1992

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply, as provided under the QCAT Act, to the tribunal for a review of a decision of a commissioner.	Section 30 <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to appeal a decision of the tribunal to the Court of Appeal.	Section 35 <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consent to the making of an application for an adult entertainment permit or to abstain from consenting to the application.	Section 105B <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make comments in regard to the grant of an adult entertainment permit.	Section 107D(2) <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to raise a matter and make comment to the chief executive, where Council is consulted in relation to an application for an extended hours permit.	Section 110(4)(a) <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to: (a) comment on the reasonable requirements of the public in the locality; or (b) object; in respect of the grant of a relevant application.	Section 117(2) <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comment about an application relating to a restricted area.	Section 117A <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission about an application which requires a notice to be published under section 118 and a community impact statement to be given under section 116.	Section 118A <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make comment in regard to the grant of an application generally.	Section 121 (1) (c) <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to designate a “public place” as a “designated area”, for the purposes of permitting the consumption of liquor, and power to set the period or times during which the designation will have effect.	Section 173C(1) and (2) <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	Only for temporary entertainment events or a prescribed activity.

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Liquor Act 1992

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to advertise the designation made under section 173C(1), and power to erect signs advising of the designation, the period and times of the designation.	Section 173D(1) and (3) <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to repeal or amend the designation under section 173C, and power to advertise the repeal or amendment; erect signs that the designation has been amended; or remove signs if the designation has been repealed	Section 173E (1) and (3) <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to display a notice regarding a designation at or near each entrance to a place within a restricted area.	Section 173M(1) <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to: (a) display a notice about the suspension of a restricted area designation on each of the section 173M notices displayed for the restricted area whilst the suspension is in force; and (b) notify the Queensland Police Service about the suspension.	Section 173N (3) and (4) <i>Liquor Act 1992</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to conduct a joint government activity.	Section 10 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	Not to be sub delegated and not to apply to contractual arrangements in excess of \$200,000.00
	Power to:- (a) review whether each of its divisions has a reasonable proportion of electors; and (b) give the electoral commissioner and the Minister written notice of the results of the review no later than 1 March in the year before the quadrennial elections.	Section 16 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to make submissions to the change commission in response to a request for submissions in relation to a proposed local government change.	Section 19 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to decide the local government's process for making a local law consistent with Chapter 3, Part 1 of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Section 29(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with relevant government entities about the overall State interest in a proposed local law.	Section 29A(3) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to conduct a public benefit assessment of a new significant business activity	Section 46(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to prepare a report on the public benefit assessment in accordance with section 46(5) of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Section 46(5) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to apply a code of competitive conduct to a business activity other than a business activity prescribed under a regulation.	Section 47(9) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to exercise control of all roads in the local government area including the ability to survey and resurvey roads, construct, maintain and improve roads, approve the naming and numbering of private roads, and name and number other roads.	Section 60 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	All decisions regarding the naming of roads is not delegated
	Power to give the owner of land a notice of intention to acquire land.	Section 61 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to lodge the copy of a notice of intention to acquire land with the Registrar of Titles for registration on the instrument of title to the land.	Section 61(6) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to decide a claim for compensation for a notice of intention to acquire land.	Section 62 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to acquire land after service of notice of intention to acquire instead of paying compensation for injurious affection.	Section 64 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to assess compensation for acquisition of land.	Section 64 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to serve notice of decision not to proceed to acquire land the subject of a notice of intention to acquire.	Section 65(3) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to withdraw notice of intention to acquire land.	Section 65(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to lodge with Registrar of Titles for registration a notice of a decision not to proceed with, or to withdraw, notice of intention of realignment of road or part of road.	Section 65(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to assess and pay the owner of land reasonable compensation for decrease in value of land because of decision not to proceed with realignment of a road or part of a road after giving a notice of intention to acquire land and structural improvements have been made on land that adjoins the road.	Section 66 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to acquire land that adjoins a road for use as a footpath.	Section 67 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to submit objection to application for opening or closing of road in local government area by someone other than the local government.	Section 68 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to close a road (permanently or temporarily) to all traffic, or traffic of a particular class, if there is another road or route reasonably available for use by the traffic.	Section 69(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	Temporary closure only
Chief Executive Officer	Power to close a road to all traffic, or traffic of a particular class: (a) during a temporary obstruction to traffic; or (b) if it is in the interests of public safety; or (c) if it is necessary or desirable to close the road for a temporary purpose (including a fair, for example).	Section 69(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to publish notice of closing of road.	Section 69(3) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to do everything necessary to stop traffic using the road after it is closed.	Section 69(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to permit the use of any part of a road after it is closed to traffic for a temporary purpose subject to appropriate conditions.	Section 69(5) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a temporary road through land adjoining the road to be used while the road is being remade or repaired.	Section 70(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree with owner or occupier of land regarding local government entry and the giving of written or oral notice as specified in section 70(3) and (4) of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Sections 70(3) and (4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to agree with the owner of land the amount of compensation for physical damage caused by local government entering, occupying or using land under section 70 of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Sections 70(7) and (8) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to fix and advise the owner or occupier or change the permanent level of a road under section 71 of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Sections 71(1) and (3) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to agree the amount of compensation payable under section 71 of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Section 71(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 72(1), to require the entity that is conducting the activity to provide information that will enable the local government to assess the impact of the activity on the road.	Section 72(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 72(1), to assess impact of the activity on the road.	Section 72(3) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the entity conducting an activity a direction about the use of the road to lessen the impact or to require the entity to carry out works to lessen the impact or to pay an amount as compensation for the impact.	Sections 72(3)(a) and (b) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to recover an amount of compensation payable under subsection 72(3)(b)(ii) in a court.	Section 72(5) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to categorise the roads in the local government area according to the surface of the road.	Section 73 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare and keep up to date a map of every road including private roads in the local government area and a register of roads showing the category of every road, the level of every road that has a fixed level and other particulars prescribed under a regulation.	Section 74(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to provide to a person on application and payment of a reasonable fee a copy of a map or register of roads; or a certificate signed by an employee of the local government who is authorised for the purpose – about the category, alignment and levels of roads in its area; or about the fact that the alignment or level of a road in its area has not been fixed.	Section 74 (4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	Cannot be delegated in accordance with advice provided by LGAQ see doc #877182
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve the carrying out of works on a road or interference with a road or its operation subject to conditions.	Section 75 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, by written notice, require the owner of a property to connect a stormwater installation for the property to the local government's stormwater drain in the way, under the conditions and within the time stated in the notice.	Section 77 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give approval for the connection of a stormwater installation to the local government's stormwater drain (including the imposition of conditions) in accordance with section 77 of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Section 77 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a notice requiring the owner of a property to perform sewerage installation works.	Section 78 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to perform work to fix damage and recover reasonable costs for the work from a person who puts a prohibited substance in the stormwater drain.	Section 79 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to provide a ferry service across a water course under section 80B of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> including the leasing of the right to provide the ferry service.	Section 80B <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to apply to the Minister for approval to make a major policy decision during the caretaker period for an election for the local government.	Section 90B <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to register a charge over land for overdue rates and charges under section 95 of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Section 95 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to lodge documents with the Registrar of Titles for release of the charge if overdue rates and charges are paid.	Section 95 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to establish a system of financial management, except those parts of the system that must be adopted by resolution (e.g. 5-year corporate plan, budget and operational plan).	Section 104(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to regularly review and update the financial policies of Council.	Section 104(6) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to carry out a review of the implementation of the annual operational plan annually.	Section 104(7) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to establish an efficient and effective internal audit function.	Section 105(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a large local government, to establish an audit committee.	Section 105(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to maintain public liability insurance and professional indemnity insurance.	Section 107(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a contract of insurance with WorkCover Queensland or another insurer to cover its councillors.	Section 107(3) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to give the public notice of the disbursement of funds not provided for in the local government's budget.	Section 110 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submission to the Minister about the Minister's proposed exercise of the power.	Section 120(3)(d) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give or to attempt to give an occupier of a property a written notice that informs the occupier of the local government's intention to enter the property.	Section 133 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to assess, agree and pay compensation for damage or loss incurred by a person because of the exercise, or purported exercise, of a power under division 1 part 2 chapter 5 of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Section 137 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	Subject to financial delegation
Chief Executive Officer	Power to authorise an employee or agent of the local government to act as a local government worker.	Section 138(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give each local government worker an identity card.	Section 138A(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a reasonable entry notice, as defined by section 138AA(4), to the occupier of a property that a local government worker may enter the property and take action required under a remedial notice.	Section 142(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to recover as a debt the amount that the local government properly and reasonably incurs in taking the action from the person who failed to take the action.	Section 142(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to recover a debt payable under section 142 of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> as if the debt were an overdue rate.	Section 142 (7) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give reasonable entry notice to the owner and the occupier of rateable land of entry by a local government worker to search for and remove materials.	Section 143 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree and to pay the amount of compensation payable to a person who incurs damage or loss during the course of the exercise, or purported exercise, of a power under division 2, part 2, chapter 5 of the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Section 147 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	Subject to financial delegation
Insert Title or Position	Power, as a government entity, to refer a complaint about the conduct of a councillor to the assessor and give the assessor all information held by the entity that relates to the complaint.	Section 150P(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the person who made the complaint, to comply with a notice to give the assessor further information about the complaint.	Section 150Q(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in either of the circumstances listed in subsection (1), to give the assessor a notice about the councillor's conduct and all information held by Council that relates to the conduct.	Section 150S(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to publish Council's investigation policy on Council's website.	Section 150AE(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where the council obtains information indicating that a councillor may have engaged in misconduct, to give the information to the assessor for further investigation under division 4.	Section 150AF(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to consent to the entry of the investigator and to impose conditions on the entry.	Sections 150BI(1) and (2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to sign an acknowledgement of the consent.	Section 150BM(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to comply with a help requirement.	Section 150BV(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the assessor for the return of a seized item.	Section 150CE(3) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a notice from the investigator requiring information to be provided.	Section 150CH(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to claim compensation from the State if the Council incurs loss because of the exercise, of a power by or for an investigator, including a loss arising from compliance with a requirement made of Council under division 3, 4 or 5.	Section 150CN <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person given, or entitled to be given, an information notice under section 150CC, to apply for an internal review.	Section 150CO <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask the assessor to extend the time for making the application.	Section 150CP(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an applicant dissatisfied with a review decision made by the assessor, to apply to QCAT for a review of the decision.	Section 150CR <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to request the conduct tribunal to:- (a) investigate the suspected inappropriate conduct of a councillor referred to the local government, by the assessor, to be dealt with by the local government; and (b) make recommendations to the local government about dealing with the conduct.	Section 150DL <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay the costs of the conduct tribunal in relation to the conduct tribunal:- (a) conducting a hearing about the misconduct of a councillor under part 3, division 6; or (b) at the request of the local government, investigating the suspected inappropriate conduct of a councillor and making recommendations to the local government about dealing with the conduct	Section 150DU <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep an up-to-date councillor conduct register, publish the register on Council's website and make the register available for inspection and purchase by the public.	Section 150DX <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written notice of a complaint about the conduct or performance of a councillor to the chief executive officer.	Section 176B(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree with other local governments about the joint employment of a local government employee.	Section 198 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prescribed employee's employer, to pay superannuation contributions payable for the employee into LGIAsuper.	Section 219(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prescribed employee's employer, to pay superannuation contributions payable for the employee into another fund directed by the employee.	Section 219(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government other than the Brisbane City Council, to comply with a notice giving by the LGIAsuper Trustee under subsection 219A(1).	Section 219A <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay a yearly superannuation contribution in the circumstances prescribed in section 220.	Section 220 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to deduct all or part of the employee's contributions from the employee's salary or any money that the employee owes to Council.	Section 220A(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 220B(1), to agree in writing with an employee:- (a) to reduce the pre-agreement contributions to the amount equal to the employee's concessional contributions cap for the financial year; and (b) if a yearly contribution made under section 220A(3) is part of the pre-agreement contributions – on the extent, if any to which a contribution mentioned in 220B(1)(a) of (b) will be reduced to achieve the reduction.	Section 220B(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where the pre-agreement contributions are reduced under subsection 220B(2), to pay the amount of the reduction to the employee as salary.	Section 220B(3) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to agree in writing with an employee:- (a) that the employee is exempt, on the grounds of the employee's financial hardship, from paying all or a stated part of the contributions payable under section 220A(2) by the employee; and (b) on the period, of not more than 1 year, of the exemption.	Section 221(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to give a copy of the agreement made under subsection 220(2) to the relevant trustee.	Section 221(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer who has received a notice from the employee under subsection 222(2), to calculate the yearly contributions payable for the employee based on the employee's salary before it was decreased.	Section 222(3) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection 224(1), to pay interest on the amount of the contribution to the relevant fund for the employee.	Section 224(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government (other than the Brisbane City Council), to, for its councillors:- (a) establish and amend a superannuation scheme; or (b) take part in a superannuation scheme.	Section 226(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government who has exercised its power under subsection 226(1), to pay an amount from its operating fund to the superannuation scheme as a contribution for its councillors.	Section 226(2) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into an arrangement with a councillor under which – (a) the councillor agrees to forgo a percentage or amount of the remuneration that the councillor is entitled to as a councillor; and (b) the local government agrees to contribute the percentage or amount to the superannuation scheme for the councillor.	Section 226(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
	Power to make a submission as a local governing body within the meaning of the Local Government (Financial Assistance) Act to assist the Local Government Grants Commission to make a decision about funding under the Local Government (Financial Assistance) Act.	Section 228(4) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to sign a document on behalf of a local government as a delegate of the local government.	Section 236 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to effect substituted service.	Section 239 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to authorise an employee in any legal proceedings – (a) to give instructions and act as the authorised agent for the local government; and (b) sign all documents for the local government.	Section 240(1) <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	That Council is advised of all legal engagement

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to do anything that is necessary or convenient for performing the responsibilities of the local government under a Local Government Act.	Section 262 <i>Local Government Act 2009</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make available for inspection at its public office, a copy of the local government's area map	Section 6(6) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide the amount of a fee for a request of give an extract or certified copy of a local law from the local government's register of local laws where the person has paid the applicable fee.	Section 14(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to publish the register of local laws on Council's website.	Section 14(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power to identify and assess each new significant business activity for possible reform involving full cost pricing, commercialising, or corporatizing the activity.	Section 18 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power to decide what to charge for goods or services provided in conducting a significant business activity in accordance with section 22 Local Government Regulation 2012.	Section 22 Local Government Regulation 2012	
	Power, when conducting a relevant business activity, to carry out all functions described in subsections (a), and (c) to (f). conduct a 2-part charge assessment for providing water services	Section 41(1)(a) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ensure the public can inspect a copy of the report given to Council under section 52.	Section 53 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power to give notice of the resolution made pursuant to section 55(1) to the entities listed in the subsection (4).	Section 55(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Cannot be delegated in accordance with advice provided by LGAQ see doc #877182

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to establish a register of business activities to which the competitive neutrality principle applies.	Section 56(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power in relation to a mall to do any of the following: (a) anything necessary or desirable for developing, managing, maintaining (including cleaning), promoting or using a mall; (b) permit the use of any part of the mall on conditions it considers appropriate; (c) anything incidental to its powers mentioned in (a) or (b).	Section 58(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to construct, maintain, manage and regulate the use of : (a) construct, maintain, manage and regulate the use of harbours for small vessels in or over tidal waters; and (b) construct, maintain, manage and regulate the use of jetties, breakwaters and ramps in or over tidal waters; and (c) to occupy and use foreshore, tidal land or tidal waters to undertake work in exercising those powers.	Section 59 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to take all necessary steps for: (a) construction on, maintenance of or improvement of the land; and (b) regulation of the use of the land, where the land is subject to a public thoroughfare easement in Council's favour .	Section 63 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into arrangements necessary to perform the joint responsibility of the local government where a road or other work is to be, or has been, built:	Section 64(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	(a) along the boundary between two or more local government areas; and (b) partly in each of the areas.		
Chief Executive Officer	Power to identify, in any way considered appropriate, parcels of rateable land to which a minimum amount of general rates apply.	Section 77(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power to identify, in any way considered appropriate, the rating category to which each parcel of rateable land in the local government area belongs. NB this section is only required where Council is levying differential general rates.	Section 81(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Cannot be delegated in accordance with advice provided by LGAQ see doc #877182
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide what rating category the land referred to in subsection (1) should be in. Nb. this section is only required where Council is levying differential general rates.	Section 82(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ensure that each relevant rate notice is accompanied by, or contains, a rating category statement. Nb. this section is only required where Council is levying differential general rates.	Section 88(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to allow a longer period than prescribed for the owner of land to object to the categorisation of the owner's land for rating purposes.	Section 88(4)(d)(ii) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to allow a longer period within which an owner of rateable land must give an objection notice.	Section 90(5)(b) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Nb. this section is only required where Council is levying differential general rates.		
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1), to pay unspent special rates or charges to the current owners of the land on which the special rates or charges were levied. Nb. this section is only required where Council is levying special rates or charges rates .	Section 96(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1), to pay unspent special rates or charges (in the proportions stipulated in subsection (3)) to the current owners of the land on which the special rates or charges were levied. Nb. this section is only required where Council is levying special rates or charges rates .	Section 97(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstance referred to in subsection (1), to return paid special rates or charges to the person who paid them.	Section 97(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to levy rates or charges by a rate notice.	Section 104, 105, 106, 107 and 108 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to include on a rate notice an amount, other than an amount for rates or charges, payable to Council.	Sections 105 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power to determine a period considered appropriate for the issue of a rate notice.	Section 107(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a rate notice and, if required, a rating category statement, electronically.	Section 108 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where land becomes, or stops being, rateable land, to adjust the rates so that the rates are calculated only on the period when the land was rateable land.	Section 110 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, if the value of the land changes under the Land Valuation Act, to adjust the rates so that the rates are calculated on the new value of the land for the period that starts on the day the change takes effect.	Section 111 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, if the land is given a rating category, including a change of rating category, to adjust the general rates so that the rates are calculated on the new or changed rating category for the period that starts on the day the land was given the new or changed rating category.	Section 112 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, if the land becomes, or stops being, land on which the local government may levy special rates or charges, to adjust the rates or charges so that the rates or charges are calculated on the period when the land was land on which the local government could levy special rates or charges.	Section 113 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstance of subsection (1) if the land becomes, or stops being, land on which the local government may levy special rates or charges, to adjust the rates or charges so that the rates or charges are calculated only for the period when the land was land on which the local government could levy special rates or charges person was entitled to occupy the land.	Section 114 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where rates or charges are paid before they are adjusted, to refund the overpaid amount of rates or charges, or recover the amount of rates or charges owing if the rates or charges are paid before they are adjusted.	Section 115 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to levy rates or charges, or adjust a rates or charges levy in a financial year, even though the resolution for making the rates or charges was made for a previous financial year.	Section 117 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power to grant a concession of the following types – a rebate of all or part of the rates or charges; an agreement to defer payment of the rates or charges; an agreement to accept a transfer of unencumbered land in full or part payment of the rates or charges.	Section 122 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to accept an application from a ratepayer made under subsection (1)(a).	Section 122(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Section 122 granting of a concession referred to in section 121 cannot be delegated in accordance with advice provided by LGAQ see doc #877182
Chief Executive Officer	Power to be satisfied that a ratepayer is eligible for a concession granted pursuant to a resolution made under subsection (1)(b).	Section 122(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Section 122 granting of a concession referred to in section 121 cannot be delegated in accordance with advice provided by LGAQ see doc #877182
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the relevant circumstances of section 123, to grant a rebate of rates or charges for land occupied by pensioners.	Section 123 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1), to refund the amount of the rebated rates or charges to the ratepayer.	Section 124(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to still allow a discount where satisfied that the ratepayer has been prevented, by circumstances beyond their control, from paying the rates or charges in time to get the discount.	Section 130(10) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power to give a benefit that is not a discount as an inducement for payment of rates or charges before the due date for payment.	Section 131 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power, for interest on overdue rates or charges, to decide: (a) the rate of interest payable; (b) the day from which interest is payable on overdue rates or charges; and (c) the manner of the calculation of interest.	Section 133 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to recover overdue rates or charges by bringing Court proceedings for a debt.	Section 134 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the State or government entity that has an interest in the land under a State encumbrance a notice of the local government Council's intention to sell the land.	Section 138(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council has by resolution decided to sell the land, to give all interested parties a notice of intention to sell the land.	Section 140(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council has been paid the amount of the overdue rates or charges, and all expenses that Council has incurred in attempting to sell the land, to end the procedures for selling the land.	Section 141(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to carry out the procedures that a local government must follow to sell land for overdue rates or charges.	Section 142 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to set a reserve price for the sale by auction of land for overdue rates and charges.	Section 143(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Mandatory thresholds (market value/rateable value) not to be sub delegated
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into negotiations with the highest bidder at the auction to sell the land for overdue rates or charges and to form an agreement to sell the land.	Section 143(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the registrar of titles a general request form if land is taken to have been sold at auction to Council.	Section 144(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to give the registrar of titles an appropriate form.	Section 145(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to use the proceeds of sale of the land for the purposes and in the order specified.	Section 146 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council has by resolution decided to acquire the land for overdue rates or charges , to give all interested parties a notice of intention to acquire the land.	Section 149(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to start the procedures to acquire the land for overdue rates or charges.	Section 150(2) and 151 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council has been paid the amount of the overdue rates or charges, and all expenses that Council has incurred in attempting to acquire the land, to end the procedures for acquiring the land.	Section 150(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to carry out the procedures to acquire land for overdue rates or charges.	Section 151 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a land record.	Section 154(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide include in a land record any other information considered appropriate for inclusion in a land record .	Section 154(2)(e) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power to decide the reasonable fee to inspect the land record kept by Council.	Section 155(1) Local Government Regulation 2012	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to provide access to or give copies of the land record kept by Council (including parts of the land record).	Section 155(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to record the details of the new owner in the land record.	Section 162 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a written record, in the way required by subsection (2), which states the matters identified in subsection (1).	Section 164 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to discharge Council's responsibilities in a way that is consistent with the adopted 5-year corporate plan.	Section 165(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to spend money in a financial year before the budget is adopted if Council provides for that spending in the budget for the financial year.	Section 173(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to discharge Council's responsibilities in a way that is consistent with the adopted annual operational plan.	Section 174(5) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to omit information from the copies of the annual performance plan (which is part of the annual operational plan) made available to the public if subsections (3)(a) and (b) are satisfied..	Section 175(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to publish Council's annual report on Council's website.	Section 182(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a grant to a community organisation in the public interest and consistent with the local government's community grants policy.	Section 194 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Applies only to in-kind assistance grants
Chief Executive Officer	Power to spend money on entertainment or hospitality consistent with the local government's entertainment and hospitality policy.	Section 196(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to spend money on advertising to provide information or education that is in the public interest and consistent with the local government's advertising spending policy.	Section 197(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to allow the public to inspect and purchase copies of the documents referred to in subsection (1).	Section 199(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to:- 1. establish a trust fund; 2. deposit trust money in a financial institution account; and 3. reconcile the assets of the trust fund with the liabilities of the trust fund at least monthly.	Section 200 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power to transfer money from a trust fund if the purpose for which an amount of trust money was credited to the trust fund no longer exists.	Section 201(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Cannot be delegated in accordance with advice received from LGAQ see doc #877182
Chief Executive Officer	Power to transfer money to or from a trust fund in accordance with section 201. Local Government Regulation 2012	Section 201 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to publish an availability notice.	Section 202(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to publish a notice after an amount has been allocated from a councillor's discretionary funds.	Section 202(7) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to establish separate accounting records for Council's:- (a) operations; and (b) its trust fund.	Section 203 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare a financial report.	Section 204 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to:- (a) prepare an internal audit plan; (b) carry out an internal audit; (c) prepare a progress report for the internal audit; (d) assess compliance with the internal audit plan; and (e) give the documents referred to in subsection (3) to the audit committee.	Section 207 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint one of the members of the audit committee as chairperson.	Section 210(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
	Power to appoint the members of the audit committee.	Section 210(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the financial statements referred to in subsections (1) and (2) to the auditor-general.	Section 212 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the department's chief executive a notice stating that the local government Council has paid notional GST for the previous financial year.	Section 215 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the public notice of a proposed resolution to apply Chapter 6, part 2 to its contracts.	Section 218(2)(b) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to allow the public to inspect and buy copies of the contracting plan that has been adopted.	Section 220(8) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to set the value limit for valuable non-current assets other than land.	Section 224(7)(b) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to invite written quotes for a medium-sized contractual arrangement. Please refer Councils Procurement Policy for monetary value of Medium/ Large sized contracts	Section 225(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide to accept a quote or to decide not to accept any of the quotes it receives for a medium-sized contractual arrangement.	Section 225(3) and (4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Sub delegations in accordance with council's adopted procurement policy and financial delegations
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter a medium-sized contractual arrangement after first inviting written quotes for the contract.	Section 225 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to invite written tenders for a large-size contractual arrangement.	Section 226(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter a large-sized contractual arrangement after first inviting written tenders for the contract.	Section 226 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to invite written tenders for a valuable non-current asset contract or to offer a non-current asset for sale by auction.	Section 227(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Delegated with exception of land

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter a valuable non-current asset contract after first inviting written tenders for the contract or offering the non-current asset for sale by auction.	Section 227 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to invite expressions of interest, prepare a shortlist and invite written tenders pursuant to section 228 Local Government Regulation 2012 .	Section 228(2)(b) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	The local government: (a) first decides, by resolution, that it would be in the public interest to invite expressions of interest before inviting written tenders; and (b) records its reasons for making the resolution in the minutes of the meeting at which the resolution was made.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare a shortlist of people from the persons who responded to the invitation for expressions of interest and to invite written tenders from those persons.	Section 228(6) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to invite all persons who submitted a tender to change their tender to take account of a change in the tender specifications.	Section 228(7) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide to accept a tender or not to accept any tenders it receives.	Sections 228(8) and (9) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Excludes land and only within the limits of financial delegation.
	Power to decide to prepare a quote or tender consideration plan and prepare and adopt the plan.	Section 230(1)(a) and (b)	Cannot be delegated in accordance with advice

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**
Local Government Regulation 2012

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
			received by LGAQ see doc #877182.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a medium-sized contractual arrangement or large-sized contractual arrangement in accordance with a quote or tender consideration plan adopted by local government resolution.	Section 230(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Only within the limits of financial delegation.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a medium-sized contractual arrangement or large-sized contractual arrangement for services with a person on an approved contractor list.	Section 231(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Only within the limits of financial delegation
	Power to put together an approved contractor list.	Section 231(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Remain with Council
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a contract for a medium-sized contractual arrangement or large-sized contractual arrangement for the supply of goods or services with a supplier from a register of pre-qualified suppliers.	Section 232(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Only within the limits of financial delegation
Chief Executive Officer	Power to establish a register of pre-qualified suppliers of particular goods or services by inviting tenders.	Section 232(3) to (6) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	(6) to Remain with Council. CEO Delegation (3-5)
Chief Executive Officer	Power to invite suppliers to tender to be on a register of pre-qualified suppliers.	Section 232(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a medium-sized contractual arrangement or large-sized contractual arrangement for goods or services with a preferred supplier under a preferred supplier arrangement.	Section 233(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Only within the limits of financial delegation

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Regulation 2012

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to establish enter a preferred supplier arrangement by inviting tenders.	Section 233(2)(3 to (8)) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	(5) to Remain with Council. CEO Delegation for the rest
Chief Executive Officer	Power to invite persons to tender for a preferred supplier arrangement.	Section 232(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a contract for goods and services under an LGA arrangement.	Section 234(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Only within the limits of financial delegation
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a medium-sized contractual arrangement or large-sized contractual arrangement in circumstances specified in section 235 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012.</i>	Section 235 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Only within the limits of financial delegation

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Regulation 2012

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to dispose of a valuable non-current asset other than by tender or auction in circumstances specified in section 236 Local Government Regulation 2012 .	Section 236 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Delegated with the exception of land.
	Power to decide that an exception referred to in section 236(1)(a)-€ may apply on the disposal of a valuable non-current asset other than by tender or auction.	Section 236(1)(a)-€ <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Cannot be delegated in accordance with advice received from LGAQ see doc #877182.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to publish and display relevant details of a contractual arrangement worth \$200,000.00 or more (exclusive of GST).	Section 237 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay remuneration to each councillor.	Section 247(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstance identified in subsection (1), to make a submission to the tribunal remuneration commission for approval to pay a councillor an amount of remuneration of more than the maximum amount.	Section 248(2) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to notify of the adoption of an expenses reimbursement policy in the way specified in section 251 make the adopted expenses reimbursement policy available for inspection and purchase by the public and to publish that policy on Council's website.	Section 251 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written notice of each meeting or adjourned meeting of Council to each councillor.	Section 258 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Regulation 2012

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written notice of the intention to propose the repeal or amendment of a resolution.	Section 262 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make available for inspection and purchase the minutes of each meeting (Council and committee meetings).	Section 272(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to allow a councillor person to take part in a meeting (Council or committee meetings) by teleconferencing and approve the teleconferencing arrangement.	Section 276(2) and (3)(b) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	Provided the approval is necessary to establish a quorum. Not to be sub delegated.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to publish the notice mentioned in subsection (1).	Section 277(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to display in a conspicuous place in Council's public office a notice of the days and time when Council meetings will be held and committee meetings will be held.	Section 277(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to notify any change to the days and times of meetings (Council and committee meetings).	Section 277(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make available for inspection and publish on Council's website, the list of items to be discussed at a meeting (Council and committee meetings), including details or documents relating to an item, on the local government's website.	Section 277(5) and (6) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a former employer, to pay the new employer an amount for the number days of long service leave that the person is entitled to take because of the person's period of employment with the former employer.	Section 287(1) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Regulation 2012

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a former employer, to provide the new employer with the information specified in subsection (3).	Section 287(3) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make available a copy of the register of interests of councillors available for inspection by the public at Council's public office and on its website.	Section 295 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to do all things specified in subsection (4) in relation to Council's complaints management process and administrative action complaints.	Section 306(4) <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a reasonable allocation of its administrative and overhead costs to each relevant activity, having regard to all of a local government's relevant activities.	Schedule 4 section 5 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ensure the terms on which the cost of resources is based are similar to the terms on which they are made available in conducting the relevant entity.	Schedule 4 section 6 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide an amount for depreciation of an asset used in conducting a relevant activity that is appropriate in the circumstances.	Schedule 4 section 7 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to work out tax equivalents for Commonwealth or State taxes a local government Council is not liable to pay as a local government in accordance with schedule 4 section 8 Local Government Regulation 2012 and keep details of the calculations.	Schedule 4 section 8 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to take account of amounts equivalent to the cost of funds advantage obtained over commercial interest rates because of a State guarantee.	Schedule 4 section 9 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Local Government Regulation 2012**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide the amount for the return on capital used by a local government in conducting a relevant activity in accordance with schedule 4 section 10 Local Government Regulation 2012.	Schedule 4 section 10 <i>Local Government Regulation 2012</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Nature Conservation Act 1992

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a landholder, to make a submission to the Minister about the proposed declaration of a nature refuge.	Section 44(4) <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a landholder, to enter a conservation agreement with the Minister about the declaration of a nature refuge.	Sections 45(1) and 48(1) <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a landholder, to request the cancellation of a conservation agreement.	Section 47(2) <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a landholder, to make an objection to a proposed compulsory declaration of a nature refuge.	Section 49(2)(c) <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a landholder, to claim compensation for injurious affection arising out of the declaration of a nature refuge under section 49 of the Act.	Section 67(5) <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to prepare a statement of management intent for protected wildlife required by the Minister and publish it on Council's website.	Section 100K <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a landholder of land subject to an interim conservation order, to claim compensation.	Section 108(1) <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a landholder, to make a submission about a draft management plan.	Section 115A(3)(c) <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Nature Conservation Act 1992

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	<p>Power, as a landholder, to claim compensation for injurious affection arising where:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) a regulation is made, or a conservation plan is approved, for an area identified under the regulation or plan as, or including, a critical habitat or an area of major interest; and (b) a landholder's interest in land in the area is injuriously affected by a restriction or prohibition imposed under the regulation or plan on the landholder's existing use of the land. 	Section 137A(5) <i>Nature Conservation Act 1992</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 2017

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for the grant of a relevant authority and to do all things necessary to process the application to obtain a decision.	Sections 23, 24, 26, 28, 29, 30 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 200617</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for the amendment of a relevant authority.	Section 58 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 200617</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make representations in response to a notice issued by the Chief Executive pursuant to this section.	Section 60 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 200617</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make representations in response to a notice issued by the Chief Executive pursuant to this section.	Section 65 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 200617</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to return a relevant authority to the chief executive.	Sections 66(2), 67(2) and 68 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 200617</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Chief Executive for replacement of a damaged, destroyed, lost or stolen relevant authority.	Section 80 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 200617</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to surrender a relevant authority to the Chief Executive.	Section 81 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 200617</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for internal review of a reviewable decision and to do all things necessary to process the application to obtain a decision.	Sections 116 and 118 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 200617</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who is given, or is entitled to be given, a notice under section 117(3) about a decision, to apply to QCAT for external review of the decision.	Section 119 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 200617</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a return of operations to the chief executive.	Section 143 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 200617</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 2017

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a copy of a return of operations given to the chief executive.	Section 145 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 2006</i> 17	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive a notice stating a return of operations has been stolen, lost, destroyed or damaged.	Section 146 <i>Nature Conservation (Administration) Regulation 2006</i> 17	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Nature Conservation (Protected Areas Management) Regulation 2017

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as trustee of a conservation park listed in schedule 1, column 1, to exercise the powers of the chief executive stated in schedule 1, column 3 for that park.	Section 14(2)(b) <i>Nature Conservation (Protected Areas Management) Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as trustee of a conservation park listed in schedule 1, column 1, to use a fee charged for a service provided in the park for giving effect to the management principles for the park	Section 16(2) <i>Nature Conservation (Protected Areas Management) Regulation 2017</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**

Nature Conservation (Wildlife Management) Regulation 2006

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to:- (a) destroy a flying-fox roost; (b) drive away, or attempt to drive away, a flying-fox from a flying-fox roost; or (c) disturb a flying fox in a flying-fox roost, in an urban flying-fox management area.	Section 41A <i>Nature Conservation (Wildlife Management) Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a damage mitigation permit, to give a return of operations for the permit to the chief executive.	Section 188 <i>Nature Conservation (Wildlife Management) Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a flying-fox roost management permit, to give a return of operations for the permit to the chief executive.	Section 188G <i>Nature Conservation (Wildlife Management) Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to give the Chief Executive information about:- (a) an area zoned for use for residential or commercial purposes under the local government's planning scheme; and (b) ask the chief executive to amend the urban flying-fox management area map to include the area.	Section 379(2) <i>Nature Conservation (Wildlife Management) Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to respond to a request from the Chief Executive pursuant to this section.	Section 383(2)(a) <i>Nature Conservation (Wildlife Management) Regulation 2006</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Peaceful Assembly Act 1992**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
The Chief Executive Officer	Power to nominate an officer of Council as a 'representative'.	Section 4 <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	
The Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local authority, to give a notice under subsection (2)(b) and impose conditions in the notice.	Sections 10(2)(b) and 11 <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	
The Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier, to give a notice under subsection (2)(c).	Section 10(2)(c) <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	
The Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant authority, to consult under subsections (4) or (5).	Sections 11(4) or (5) <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	
The Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant authority, to apply to a Magistrates Court for an order refusing to authorise the holding of the assembly.	Section 12 <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	
The Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant authority, to consult with each interested person.	Section 13(1)(c) <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	
The Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant authority, to engage in a mediation process.	Section 13(1)(d) <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	
The Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances provided in subsection (3), to:- (a) fix a reasonable time and place for holding the consultations; and (b) cause a notice of the time and place to be published in a newspaper circulating in the area in which the assembly is proposed to be held.	Section 13(3) <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	
The Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant authority, to notify the organiser in writing that it does not oppose the holding of the assembly.	Section 15(1) <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Peaceful Assembly Act 1992

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
The Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant authority, to participate in a mediation process.	Section 15(2) <i>Peaceful Assembly Act 1992</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to make submissions to the Minister about the making or amending of a State Planning instrument.	Section 10 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	Remain with Council
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give notice of a proposed planning scheme or proposed amendment to the chief executive and follow the process for making or amending a planning scheme. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions as detailed in sections 18, 20 and 26 and as required under a notice give by the chief executive or in the Minister's rules.	Sections 18, 20 and 26 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	This delegation does not include any powers that are required to be exercised by Council pursuant to a resolution of Council.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply a planning scheme as a categorising instrument in relation to prescribed tidal works in the tidal area for Council's local government area	Section 19 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to follow the process for the making or amending of an LGIP as set out in the Minister's rules. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions as detailed in sections 21 and 26 and as required in the Minister's rules.	Sections 21 and 26 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	This delegation does not include any powers that are required to be exercised by Council pursuant to a resolution of Council.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to follow the process for the making or amending of a planning scheme policy as set out in the Minister's rules. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions as detailed in sections 22 and 26 and as required in the Minister's rules.	Sections 22 and 26 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	This delegation does not include any powers that are required to be exercised by Council pursuant to a resolution of Council.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to follow the process for the making or amending of a TLPI as set out in the Minister's rules. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions as detailed in sections 23 and 26 and as required in the Minister's rules.	Sections 23 and 26 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	This delegation does not include any powers that are required to be exercised by Council pursuant to a resolution of Council.

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to follow the process for repealing a TLPI or planning scheme policy. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions as detailed in section 24.	Section 24 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	This delegation does not include the power to decide to repeal the TLPI or planning scheme policy which is required to be exercised by Council pursuant to a resolution of Council (see subsection (1)).
Chief Executive Officer	Power to review a planning scheme and a LGIP and follow the process for the review as set out in the Minister's rules. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions as detailed in sections 25 and 26 and as required in the Minister's rules.	Sections 25 and 26 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	This delegation does not include any powers that are required to be exercised by Council pursuant to a resolution of Council.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide whether or not to agree to a superseded planning scheme request and give notice of the decision.	Section 29 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide a compensation claim. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions and consider all matters detailed in sections 32 and 33.	Sections 32 and 33 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make or amend a designation and follow the process in the designation process rules. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions and consider all matters detailed in sections 35, 36, 37, 38 and the designation process rules.	Sections 35, 36, 37 and 38 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	This delegation does not include any powers that are required to be exercised by Council pursuant to a resolution of Council.
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an affected party, to make submissions about the proposal to the Minister.	Section 37(4) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
	Power to extend the duration of a designation. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions as detailed in section 39.	Section 39 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	To remain with Council

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to repeal a designation made by Council. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions and consider all matters as detailed in sections 40 and 41.	Sections 40 and 41 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	To remain with Council
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of an interest in designated premises, to request a designator to repeal a designation made by the designator on the basis that the designation is causing the owner hardship.	Section 41(1) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to include a note about the making, amendment, extension or repeal of a designation in Council's planning scheme. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions as detailed in section 42.	Section 42 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an exemption certificate for the development. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions as detailed in section 46.	Section 46 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to act as the "assessment manager" for all development applications, change representations, cancellation applications and extension applications received by Council under Chapter 3 of the Planning Act 2016. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions of an assessment manager and consider all matters as detailed in sections 48, 51, 53, 54, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 67, 71, 75, 76, 84, 85, 86, 87, 93, 100, 101, 105, 107 and 109 of the Planning Act 2016.	Sections 48, 51, 53, 54, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 67, 71, 75, 76, 84, 85, 86, 87, 93, 100, 101, 105, 107 and 109 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a list of persons who are appropriately qualified to be an assessment manager in relation to a particular type of development.	Section 48(3)(b) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter an agreement with a person on Council's list of persons who are appropriately qualified to be an assessment manager in relation to a particular type of development.	Section 48(3)(d) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
	Power, as the owner of premises, to give written consent to the making of the development application.	Section 51(2)	Remain with Council
Chief Executive Officer	Power to act as a 'referral agency' for all development applications and cancellation applications received by Council as a referral agency under Chapter 3 of the Planning Act 2016. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions of a referral agency and consider all matters as detailed in sections 46, 54, 55, 56, 57, 65, 66, 67, 84, 85, 100, 107 and 109 of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> .	Sections 46, 54, 55, 56, 57, 65, 66, 67, 84, 85, 100, 107 and 109 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the Minister about making or amending the instrument mentioned in subsection (8)(c).	Section 64(9)	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to act as a 'responsible entity' for all change applications received by Council as a responsible entity under Chapter 3 of the Planning Act 2016. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions of a responsible entity and consider all matters as detailed in sections 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 93, 100, 105, 107 and 109 of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> .	Sections 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 93 and 100, 105, 107 and 109 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to act as an 'affected entity' for all change applications received by Council as an affected entity under Chapter 3 of the Planning Act 2016. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions of an affected entity and consider all matters as detailed in section 80 of the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> .	Section 80 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of land, to give written consent to the cancellation application.	Section 84(3)(b)(i) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public utility, to give written consent to the cancellation application.	Section 84(3)(b)(iii) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of land, to give written consent to the extension application.	Section 86(2)(b)(ii) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to note an approval referred to in subsection (1) on Council's planning scheme and give notice of the approval to the chief executive.	Section 89 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a direction given by the Minister.	Section 93(2) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions in response to a proposed call in notice received by Council.	Section 102 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the decision-maker, to give the Minister reasonable help.	Section 105(3) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a participating local government for a distributor-retailer, to enter a break-up agreement about the charges break-up and publish a copy of the agreement on the local government's website.	Section 115 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to carry out the steps required after making a charges resolution.	Section 118 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an infrastructure charges notice. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions and consider all matters as detailed in sections 119, 120, 121 and 129.	Sections 119, 120, 121 and 129 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government that gave an infrastructure charges notice, to agree with the recipient about:- a) whether the levied charge may be paid other than as required under section 122, including whether it may be paid by instalments; and/or whether infrastructure may be provided instead of paying all or part of the levied charge.	Section 123 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to consider representations made on an infrastructure charges notice and, issue a negotiated notice or give a decision notice.	Section 125 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government with a LGIP that identifies adequate trunk infrastructure to service the subject premises, to impose a development condition requiring either or both of the following to be provided at a stated time: a) the identified infrastructure; and/or b) different trunk infrastructure delivering the same desired standard of service.	Section 128(1) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government with a LGIP that does not identify adequate trunk infrastructure to service the subject premises, to impose a development condition requiring development infrastructure necessary to service the premises to be provided at a stated time.	Section 128(2) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to impose an extra payment condition. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions and consider all matters as detailed in sections 130, 131, 132, 133, 134 and 135.	Sections 130, 131, 132, 133, 134 and 135 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1) to, by notice given to the applicant, amend the infrastructure charges notice.	Section 137 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	Remain with Council
	Power, as a local government, to consider and decide a conversion application. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions and consider all matters as detailed in sections 140, 141 and 142	Sections 140, 141 and 142 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	Remain with Council
	Power, as a local government, to agree with an applicant that a levied charge, for the purpose of its recovery, is not taken to be rates.	Section 144(2) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	Remain with Council
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to impose a development condition about non-trunk infrastructure.	Section 145 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
	Power in the circumstances referred to in subsection (1) to:- (a) pay the amount of the levied charge to the State infrastructure provider; and (b) agree with the State infrastructure provider and the person who provided the replacement infrastructure about when the amount of the levied charge will be paid.	Section 149 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	Remain with Council
	Power, as a local government, to enter an infrastructure agreement. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions and consider all matters as detailed in Chapter 4, Part 4.	Chapter 4, Part 4 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	Remain with Council
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an enforcement authority, to give a show cause notice.	Section 167 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an enforcement authority, to give an enforcement notice.	Section 168 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with a private certifier before giving an enforcement notice.	Section 169 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give notice of the giving or withdrawal of an enforcement notice to the chief executive.	Section 170 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to bring offence proceedings for an offence against the Act.	Section 174 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consent to proceedings being brought on behalf of the corporation.	Section 175(1)(a)	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an enforcement authority, to:- (a) take the action required under the enforcement order; and (b) recover the reasonable cost of taking the action as a debt to the authority from the defendant.	Section 176(10) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an enforcement authority in an offence proceeding, to apply for an order for the payment of the expenses.	Section 178(1)(b) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to start proceedings in the P&E Court for an enforcement order.	Section 180 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an enforcement authority, to:- (a) take the action required under the enforcement order; and (b) recover the reasonable cost of taking the action as a debt to the authority from the respondent.	Section 180(13) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the P&E Court to cancel or change an enforcement order or interim enforcement order.	Section 181(4) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an enforcement authority in an offence proceeding, to apply for a disposal order.	Section 214 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a claim for compensation from the State where Council incurs loss because of the exercise, or purported exercise, of a power by or for an inspector.	Section 221 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
	Power as an appellant to start an appeal.	Sections 229(2) and 230 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	Remain with Council
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a respondent or co-respondent to be heard in an appeal.	Section 229(4) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, to apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.	Section 229(5) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal.	Section 230(6) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to start proceedings for a declaration by a tribunal. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions detailed in sections 239(1), 240 and 241.	Sections 239(1), 240 and 241, <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the registrar information that the registrar reasonably requires for the proceedings.	Section 246(2) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appear as a party to a tribunal proceeding.	Section 248 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to the tribunal.	Section 249 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give notice to the Registrar once a tribunal's direction or order has been complied with.	Section 257 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an applicant the planning and development certificate applied for.	Section 265 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to note the registration of premises on Council's planning scheme.	Section 267(13) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	Remain with Council
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of premises in an affected area, before entering into a lease of the premises with a person, to give a notice that states :- (a) the premises are in an affected area; and (b) that restrictions may apply to the person in taking proceedings about emissions from registered premises in the affected area.	Section 270 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Transitional provisions for the assessment of applications lodged under the <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i> and not decided before 3 July 2017	Sections 285, 286, 287, 288 and 289 <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	<p>Application Assessment and Determination. Powers must be exercised in accordance with the following rules:-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Code Assessable applications of a minor nature, including Operational Work and Building Work assessable against the Planning Scheme are delegated, including all associated administrative matters, including correspondence associated with the routine management of all development applications. 2. Code Assessable applications not of a minor nature and all Impact Assessable applications to be determined by Council. However all associated administrative matters, including correspondence associated with the routine management of all development applications. 3. Approval of plans of subdivision and associated documentation, approval of works on and off maintenance and the release of bonds, and all other delegations not otherwise listed are delegated. 4. Management of appeals and legal proceedings are delegated. <p>Any and all of the above matters may be referred to an Ordinary Meeting of Council on the request of the Manager Sustainable Communities, General Manager Operations, or the Chief Executive Officer.</p>
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an amendment of a type specified in subsection (1) by following the process set out in the rules. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes the power to take all actions as detailed in the rules.	Section 293(5) <i>Planning Act 2016</i>	This delegation does not include any powers that are required to be exercised by Council pursuant to a resolution of Council.

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning and Environment Court Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to start a declaratory proceeding.	Section 11(1) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the assessment manager, to start a declaratory proceeding for a matter done, to be done or that should have been done in relation to the call in.	Section 12(2) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to participate in an ADR process.	Section 16 <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party, to confer with the ADR registrar about the way to conduct the P&E Court proceeding.	Section 16(3) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to agree to the resolution of all or part of the dispute in an ADR process.	Section 18(1) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding who has agreed on resolution of the dispute, to sign the resolution agreement.	Section 18(1) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to apply to the P&E Court for an order giving effect to an agreement reached as a result of an ADR process.	Section 20(1) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to agree to the ADR registrar disclosing information acquired as part of the ADR process.	Section 21(2)(a) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding for which the ADR registrar is exercising, or has exercised, a power, to apply for a court review.	Section 26(2) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning and Environment Court Act 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to consent in writing to the ADR registrar making an order or direction in the proceeding.	Section 27(1)(a) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consent to a person starting a declaratory proceeding or a proceeding for an enforcement order under the Planning Act on behalf of Council.	Section 41(2)(a) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay the expenses, including legal costs, incurred by the representative in relation to the proceeding.	Section 41(3) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a P&E Court proceeding, to appeal a decision in the proceeding.	Section 63(1) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Court of Appeal for leave to appeal.	Section 64(1) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to file and serve a Notice of Appeal following the granting of leave by the Court of Appeal.	Section 64(2) <i>Planning and Environment Court Act 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Regulation 2017

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to extend the period mentioned in subparagraph (a).	Section 12(b) <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to make the requested decision.	Schedule 11, Section 10(1) <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to give notice of the decision.	Schedule 11, Section 10(2) <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to give notice of the decision, including the reasons for the decision.	Schedule 11, Section 10(3) <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where the request complies with the criteria stated in section 2, to approve the request.	Schedule 18, Section 3(1) <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give notice of the approval to the person making the request.	Schedule 18, Section 3(2) <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep the documents listed in subsection (1) available for inspection and purchase.	Schedule 22, Section 1 <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep the documents listed in subsection (1) available for inspection only.	Schedule 22, Section 2 <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to publish the documents listed in subsections (1) and (4) on Council's website.	Schedule 22, Section 3 <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to keep the documents listed in subsections (1) and (2) available for inspection and purchase.	Schedule 22, Section 5 <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to keep the documents listed in subsection (1) available for inspection only.	Schedule 22, Section 6 <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Planning Regulation 2017

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to publish the documents listed in subsections (1) and (4) on Council's website.	Schedule 22, Section 7 <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to keep the documents listed in subsections (a) to (d) available for inspection and purchase.	Schedule 22, Section 8 <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to keep a register for all development applications and change applications given to the referral agency under section 54 of the Act and to make it available for inspection only.	Schedule 22, Section 9 <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency, to publish the documents listed in subsections (a) to (d) on Council's website.	Schedule 22, Section 10 <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a copy of a resolution which decides work for which a compliance permit is not required to the chief executive and a distributor-retailer (if applicable) and to make it available for inspection at Council's public office.	Section 83 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to carry out compliance assessment of plans or work in relation to compliance assessable work by or for a public sector entity and, if satisfied, issue a compliance permit if it is a plan and a compliance certificate if it is for a work.	Section 84 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant service provider, to give written consent before a compliance permit or certificate is issued.	Section 84(5) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a compliance request for compliance assessment of a plan for compliance assessable work, including requesting further information, deciding the request imposing reasonable and relevant conditions and giving or refusing to give the compliance permit.	Section 85 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a copy of a compliance permit to: a) The owner of premises to which a permit relates; and b) The water services provider, where Council is not the provider, and the work involves the installation of water meters.	Section 85(8) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, upon refusal to give a compliance permit or the grant of a compliance permit on conditions, to give the person who made the request an information notice about the decision.	Section 85(10) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to assess and decide all requests for compliance assessment for compliance assessable work according to the provisions of the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i> and <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i> including giving or refusing to give the compliance certificate.	Section 86 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide not to assess on-site sewerage work if an approved person for the assessment gives Council a notice in the approved form verifying that the work complies with the relevant compliance permit and the <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i> .	Section 86(6) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask, after assessing compliance assessable work or after a compliance notice is given for on-site sewerage work, for a plan of the assessed work.	Section 86(7) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a copy of a compliance certificate to: a) The owner of premises to which the certificate relates; and b) the water services provider, where Council is not the provider, and the work involves the installation of water meters.	Section 86(10) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power upon refusal to give a compliance certificate to give the person who made the request an information notice about the decision.	Section 86(12) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask a person who has completed compliance assessable work in a remote area to supply a plan of the completed work.	Section 86A(3)(b) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide a request for compliance assessment of compliance assessable work in a remote area to which a resolution under section 86A(1)(b) applies and to give the compliance certificate or refuse to give the compliance certificate and issue an information notice.	Section 86A(4), (5) and (8) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a copy of a compliance certificate for compliance assessable work in a remote area to which a resolution under section 86A(1)(b) to the owner of the premises.	Section 86A(6) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a copy of a resolution pursuant to section 86A(1)(b) to the chief executive and to make it available for inspection at Council's public office.	Section 86A(9) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to replace a compliance certificate with a certificate that has different conditions for the ongoing operation, maintenance or testing of a relevant greywater use facility or on-site sewerage facility.	Section 86D <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a written notice requiring a former holder of a compliance certificate for testing purposes to remove all or a stated part of a greywater use facility or on-site sewerage facility.	Section 86E <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to amend any compliance certificate for work for testing purposes if it is necessary or desirable due to changes in a relevant chief executive's approval.	Section 86G <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity, to give the Plumbing Industry Council notice of the completion of notifiable work.	Section 87(3)(a) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to inspect notifiable work that has been completed following the giving of a notice pursuant to section 87(3)(a).	Section 87(8) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity, to give a copy of the notice of completion of notifiable work to the owner of the premises where the work was carried out or, if another person asked the relevant entity to carry out the work, the other person.	Section 87(9) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer the <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation</i> for Council's area, or those areas not under Council's control that it has been requested to administer by the entity that has control of the area.	Section 89 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint those individuals that have the qualifications and experience prescribed under the <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i> as an inspector for the purposes of the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i> .	Section 107 (1) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to notify the QBCC commissioner of the appointment of an inspector and to give the commissioner a list of Council's inspectors.	Section 107(2) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue an inspector's instrument of appointment with or without conditions limiting the inspector's powers under the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i> .	Section 108 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue an identity card to each inspector appointed under section 107 of the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i> .	Section 109 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue show causes notices before a local government gives a person an enforcement notice under section 116(1)(a)(ii) to (iv) or (2) of the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i> .	Sections 115 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue an enforcement notice to the owner of premises requiring the owner to do a stated thing.	Section 116(1) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue an enforcement notice to a person who has performed plumbing or drainage work requiring the person to do a stated thing.	Section 116(2) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an enforcement notice to the owner or occupier of the premises to install a backflow prevention device.	Section 117(2)(a) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an enforcement notice to the owner or occupier of the premises to register a backflow prevention device that is required to be registered under the <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i> .	Section 117(2)(b) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an enforcement notice to the owner or occupier of the premises to have a backflow prevention device inspected, tested and if necessary repaired or replaced by a licensee licensed to do the work.	Section 117(2)(c) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to authorise a person to dismantle or take away all or part of a grey-water treatment plant.	Section 127A <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to authorise a person to dismantle or take away all or part of an on-site sewerage facility.	Section 128 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve the disposal of the contents of a greywater treatment plant into the infrastructure of the sewerage service provider for the area in which the plant is located.	Section 128OA <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve the disposal of the contents (other than effluent) of an on-site sewerage facility that has not been installed only for testing purposes.	Section 128P(2) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve the disposal of effluent from an on-site sewerage facility that has not been installed only for testing purposes.	Section 128P(4) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a copy of each compliance document and make compliance documents available for inspection and purchase.	Section 143 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a register of details of on site sewerage and greywater use facilities installed in the local government area for which Council has given a compliance certificate.	Section 143A <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to monitor greywater use facilities in Council's local government area.	Section 143B <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to monitor an on-site sewerage facility installed for testing purposes in seweraged areas in Council's local government area.	Section 143C <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018

NOTE: this Act does not commence until 1 July 2019

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to start a prosecution for an offence against the Act.	s. 90(1)(d) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer the Act within Council's area.	s. 135(1) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (3), to, if asked by the entity that has control of the area, administer the act within the area.	s. 135(4) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to monitor grey water use facilities prescribed by regulation, in Council's area.	s. 136 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to monitor on-site sewage facilities prescribed by regulation in Council's area.	s. 137 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint an authorised person as an inspector under the Act.	s. 139(1) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to advise the commissioner of each appointment of an inspector made by Council.	s. 142(a) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the commissioner a list of Council's inspectors as at 1 July in each year.	s. 142(b) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1) to give a person who carried out plumbing or drainage work an enforcement notice.	s. 143(1) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, in the circumstances set out in subsection (2), give the owner of premises an enforcement notice.	s. 143(2) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a show cause notice before giving an enforcement notice.	s. 144 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances set out in subsection (1), to:- (a) do anything reasonably necessary to ensure the enforcement notice is complied with; and (b) recover any reasonable costs and expenses incurred in doing so as a debt.	s. 149(2) <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the responsible person for plumbing or drainage work an action notice.	s. 150 <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019

NOTE: this Act does not commence until 1 July 2019

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for a treatment plant approval.	<i>Section 16(1) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive to amend a treatment plant approval.	<i>Section 16(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive the information asked for under subsection (2).	<i>Section 17(3) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the new holder, to give the chief executive notice of the transfer in the approved form.	<i>Section 24(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive under subsection (1)	<i>Section 26(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of premises, to consent to the entry of the premises to carry out the inspection of the treatment plant.	<i>Section 27(c) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a treatment plant approval, to make written representations about the show cause notice to the chief executive.	<i>Section 29(1) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of an existing treatment plant approval, to apply to the chief executive to renew the approval.	<i>Section 34(1) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council makes a fast-track work declaration or fast-track opt-out declaration, to:- (a) publish the declaration on Council's website; (b) give a copy of the declaration to the chief executive; (c) if Council is a participating local government for a distributor retailer – give a copy of the declaration to the distributor retailer; (d) ensure a copy of the declaration may be inspected, free of charge, at Council's public office.	<i>Section 41 Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in a circumstance listed in subsection (1), to give the applicant an information request.	<i>Section 45(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider each properly made application and decide to:- (a) approve the application with or without conditions; or (b) refuse the application.	<i>Section 46 Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council decides to approve an application, to:- (a) issue a permit, or an amended permit, to the applicant; and (b) give a copy of the permit, or amended permit, to each entity listed in subsection (b).	<i>Section 48 Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in a circumstance listed in subsection (1), to give an information notice about the decision.	<i>Section 50(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written consent for an application relating to SEQ water work.	<i>Section 53(e)(i) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written consent for an application relating to SEQ sewerage work.	<i>Section 53(f)(i) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council has issued a permit and has not given a final inspection certificate for the work carried out under the permit at least 3 months before the permit is to end, to give notice of the day the permit is to end to the entities listed in subsection (3).	<i>Section 59(3) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power in the circumstances listed in the subsection (1), to allow the responsible person to give a covered work declaration for the work.	<i>Section 67(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to inspect the work if the public sector entity asks Council to inspect the work under subsection (2).	<i>Section 68(3) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, instead of inspecting on-site sewage work, allow an appropriate person to give Council an on-site sewage work declaration.	<i>Section 69(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council has passed a resolution under subsection (1), to:- (a) publish each declaration on its website; (b) give the chief executive a copy of the declaration; (c) ensure the declaration may be inspected, free of charge, at the local government's public office; and (d) ensure each remote area declaration includes a map identifying the remote area.	<i>Section 71(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances identified in subsection (1), to decide to:- (a) accept the remote area compliance notice; or (b) otherwise, refuse to accept the notice.	<i>Section 73(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances identified in subsection (1) and where Council has made a decision under subsection (2), to give the responsible person a decision notice.	<i>Section 73(3) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances identified in subsection (1) and where Council has refused to accept the remote area compliance notice, to ensure the decision notice includes, or is accompanied by, an information notice.	<i>Section 73(4) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council is taken to have decided to refuse to accept the remote area compliance notice, to give an information notice about the decision.	<i>Section 73(6) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances identified in subsection (1), to amend the approved plan so that it correctly represents the work carried out under the permit.	<i>Section 75(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an inspection certificate for the work to the responsible person for the work.	<i>Section 83(1) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a final inspection certificate for the work to the responsible person for the work.	<i>Section 84(1) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a copy of the final inspection certificate to the entities listed in subsection (1).	<i>Section 86(1) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council receives a notice under subsection (2), to comply with the notice.	<i>Section 86(3) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council is taken under subsection (2) to have decided to refuse to give an inspection certificate or final inspection certified, to give an information notice about the decision.	<i>Section 87(3) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council considers that a responsible person has not complied with the action notice, to give a copy of the notice to the owner of the premises.	<i>Section 98(3) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to establish a program for:- (a) registering each testable backflow prevention device installed at premises in Council's area; (b) monitor the maintenance and testing of each device.	<i>Section 101 Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances listed in subsection (1), to:- (a) remove the obstruction or fix the damage; and (b) fairly apportion the reasonable cost of removing the obstruction or fixing the damage between the owners; and (c) recover as a debt from each owner, the owner's share of the cost.	<i>Section 107(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances listed in subsection (1), to require by notice to the owner of the old building and the owner of the new building:- (a) the owner of the old building to change the affected vents; and (b) the owner of the new building to pay the owner of the old building the reasonable cost of changing the affected vents.	<i>Section 108(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a register containing each document listed in subsection (1).	<i>Section 112 Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a register containing each notice given to Council under section 102(2) or 103(3).	<i>Section 113 Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a register containing each service report for a greywater use facility or on-site sewage facility given to Council under section 106.	<i>Section 114 Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep a register containing a copy of each show cause notice and enforcement notice given by Council.	<i>Section 115(1) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to remove a notice mentioned in subsection (1) from the register if the premises to which the notice relates are demolished or removed.	<i>Section 115(2) Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in relation to each register kept under part 8, division 2, to allow a person to:- (a) inspect the register, free of charge, at Council's public office; or (b) buy a copy of an entry in the register for not more than the reasonable cost of producing the copy.	<i>Section 116 Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2019</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer and enforce the Act for Council's area.	Section 9 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider all applications for licences, and determine whether to grant or refuse the application.	Section 33 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to grant an application for a licence only if Council is satisfied— (a) the applicant is a suitable person to hold a licence; and (b) the premises at which the higher risk personal appearance services are to be provided are suitable for providing the services.	Section 34 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to have regard to the matters listed in this section in deciding whether a person is a suitable person to hold a licence.	Section 35 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to have regard to all the matters listed in this section in deciding whether the premises at which higher risk personal appearance services are to be provided are suitable for providing the services.	Section 36 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make inquiries before making a decision regarding sections 35 and 36 and, by giving notice to the applicant, require the applicant to give Council, within the reasonable time of at least 40 days stated in the notice, further information or a document Council reasonably requires to decide the application.	Section 37 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to impose conditions on a licence.	Sections 38(2) and 41(1)(c) <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide the earlier ending date of a licence.	Section 40 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider all applications for renewals of licences, and determine whether to grant or refuse the application for renewal.	Section 44 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a notice to a licensee requiring the licensee to give Council, within a reasonable period of at least 40 days stated in the notice, further information or a document Council reasonably requires to decide a licence renewal application.	Section 45 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider all applications for amendments to licences, and determine whether to grant or refuse the application to amend the licence.	Section 47 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a notice to the licensee requiring the licensee to give Council, within a reasonable period of at least 40 days stated in the notice, further information or a document Council reasonably requires to decide a licence amendment application.	Section 48 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to determine whether to grant or refuse the application to transfer the licence by having regard to whether the transferee is a suitable person to hold a licence and whether the premises are suitable for providing higher risk personal appearance services.	Section 49 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a notice to the licensee requiring the licensee to give Council, within a reasonable period of at least 40 days stated in the notice, further information or a document Council reasonably requires to decide a licence transfer application.	Section 50 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, for forming a belief that the ground for suspending or cancelling a licence mentioned in subsection (1)(a) exists, have regard to the matters to which Council may have regard in deciding whether a proposed licensee is a suitable person to hold the licence	Section 51(2) <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a 'show cause notice'.	Section 52 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to determine whether grounds continue to exist for the suspension or cancellation of a licence after issuing the licensee with a 'show cause' notice, and if so, determine whether to suspend or cancel the licence.	Sections 54 and 55 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to suspend a licence immediately if Council believes— (a) a ground exists to suspend or cancel the licence; and (b) it is necessary to suspend the licence immediately because there is an immediate and serious risk of infection to the licensee's clients.	Section 56 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider all applications for a replacement licence, and determine whether to grant or refuse the application for the replacement licence.	Section 62 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an agreement with a licensee intending to provide higher risk personal appearance services from mobile premises to allow a lesser period for notification to Council of the licensee's intentions.	Section 65(3) <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, where Council is the second local government for a licence under the Act, notify the first local government where it is reasonable to believe that a mobile licensee or operator has contravened their licence.	Section 68 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, where Council is the first local government and has been notified by a second local government of their reasonable belief that a mobile license holder or operator has breached their licence conditions, take action under the Act.	Section 69 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint authorised persons.	Section 70 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply conditions to an authorised person's powers under the Act by giving the person a signed notice.	Section 72 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue an identity card to an authorised person.	Section 74 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to monitor compliance with the Act by having authorised persons inspect places of business in Council's areas and recover monitoring costs from business proprietors.	Section 105 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to charge a business proprietor an inspection fee to check if the remedial notice given by an authorised person acting for Council to the proprietor has been complied with.	Section 110 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prosecute a business proprietor or operator for the contravention of a relevant provision for which a remedial notice has been issued without an authorised person first issuing a remedial notice for the contravention.	Section 111(7) <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, at any time, extend the time for applying for a review of Council's original decision relating to a licence application.	Section 121(2) <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, upon request, review an original decision and make a determination according to section 122 of the Act.	Part 7, Division 1 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, following the conviction of a person of an offence against this Act, apply to the court for an order against the person for the payment of the costs Council has incurred in taking a thing or doing something else during the investigation of the offence.	Section 137 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to deal with a thing forfeited to Council, including destroying the thing.	Section 140 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to commence proceedings against a person who has committed an offence against the Act.	Section 143 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve forms to be used in the administration and enforcement of the Act.	Section 147 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, with regard to an application for registration of premises made under part 15 of the former regulation, assess the suitability of the application and the premises under this Act, and make inquiries and require further information or a document under section 37 of the Act.	Section 153 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, with regard to an application for renewal of registration of premises made under part 15 of the former regulation, assess the suitability of the applicant and the premises under this Act, and make inquiries and require further information or a document under section 45 of the Act.	Section 154 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, with regard to an application for registration or renewal of registration of 2 or more premises to which sections 153(2) and 154(2) apply, issue a single licence to cover all the premises.	Section 155 <i>Public Health (Infection Control for Personal Appearance Services) Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Health Act 2005

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer and enforce the Act regarding local government public health risks and a regulation made under section 61 stating that the regulation is to be administered and enforced by local governments only.	Section 13 <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an issuing authority, to apply to a magistrate for an order enforcing a public health order (an enforcement order).	Section 24(2) <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an issuing authority, to enter a place to take steps to remove or reduce the risk to public health from the public health risk or prevent the risk to public health from recurring, if ordered by a magistrate.	Section 27(2)(b) <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an issuing authority, to recover the amount, plus interest, a person has been ordered to pay under an enforcement order as an overdue rate payable to Council under the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Section 31 <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to lodge a request to register with the registrar of titles, in the appropriate form over the land, an unpaid amount, including interest, that is payable to Council under an enforcement order relating to a public health risk on land owned by a person as a charge on the land.	Section 32 <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the chief executive before the chief executive authorises a prevention and control program which relates to Council's local government area.	Section 36(5) <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a water service provider ¹ , to inform the authorised person that Council believes that it has complied with an improvement notice issued under this division.	Section 57B <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Health Act 2005

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into an agreement with the chief executive for the disclosure of confidential information.	Sections 84(1)(b)(i) and (2)(a), 226(1)(b)(i) and (2)(a), 244(1)(b)(i) and (2)(a), and 269(1)(b)(i) and (2)(a) <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person in charge of an education and care service or QEC approved service to take any of the actions mentioned in subsection 160B(1).	Section 160B <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person in charge of an education and care service or QEC approved service to take any of the actions mentioned in subsection 160C(1).	Section 160C <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an issuing authority, to enter the place, at reasonable times, to take the steps stated in a public health order where the person has failed to comply the order.	Section 388(2) <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an issuing authority, to give the occupier and owner of a place a notice required under the section, where an authorised person intends to enter the place to take steps required under a public health order.	Section 393(2) <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an issuing authority, to recover the amount payable, including interest, of the reasonable costs and expenses incurred by Council in exercising powers under section 388 or 405 as an overdue rate payable to Council under the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> .	Section 406 <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an issuing authority, to lodge with the registrar of titles, in the appropriate form over the land, a request to register an unpaid amount, including interest, that is payable to Council for steps taken by it on land owned by a person as a charge on the land.	Section 407 <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Health Act 2005**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a thing seized by an authorised person, to inspect the thing and, if it is a document, to copy it.	Section 415 <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the court for an order against a person convicted of an offence against the Act for the payment of the costs Council has incurred in taking a thing or doing something else during the investigation of the offence.	Section 443(1)(b) <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to deal with a thing forfeited as Council considers appropriate, including destroying the thing.	Section 446 <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a thing forfeited to a relevant entity under section 413(1), to appeal against a decision resulting in the forfeiture of the thing.	Section 450 <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to recover contribution from a prescribed person.	Section 454B(3) <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with the indemnity conditions in relation to each asbestos-related event to which the official conduct relates.	Section 454C(2) <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give notice of the proceeding to the State.	Section 454CA(2) <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ensure each authorised person who exercises powers under the Act in relation to an asbestos-related event has satisfactorily completed the training prescribed by regulation.	Section 454G <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to keep the records prescribed in subsections 454I(1), (2) for each asbestos-related event.	Section 454I <i>Public Health Act 2005</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**
Public Health Regulation ~~2005~~2018

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer and enforce Part 1A 2, Divisions 1, 2 and 3.	Sections 2C 6, 2M 16, and 2F 22 Public Health Regulation 2005 2018	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve a site for the disposal of asbestos waste.	Section 24 12(2)(c) Public Health Regulation 2005 2018	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**
Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to: (a) decide not to investigate or deal with a public interest disclosure in certain circumstances; and (b) give written reasons for a decision not to investigate.	Section 30(1) and (2) <i>Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refer a disclosure to another public sector entity in certain circumstances.	Section 31(1) and (2) <i>Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a person making a disclosure, or an entity referring a disclosure, reasonable information about the disclosure.	Section 32(1) and (2) <i>Public Interest Disclosure Act 2010</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Records Act 2002**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make and keep records of Council's activities.	Section 7(1)(a) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to have regard to any relevant policy, standards and guidelines made by the archivist about the making and keeping of public records.	Section 7(2) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ensure the safe custody and preservation of Council's records.	Section 8(1) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written notice to the State archivist of the existence of a public record in Council's possession which is more than 25 years old.	Section 10(1)(a) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a public record in Council's possession, which is more than 25 years old, to the State archivist.	Section 10(1)(b) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a public record in Council's possession, which is 25 years old or less, to the State archivist.	Section 11(2) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to take action to ensure that a public record remains able to be produced or made available.	Section 14(2) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written notice to the State archivist of a restricted access period for a public record.	Section 16 <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a responsible public authority to give the State archivist a written notice stating— (i) the public authority has classified a record which has a restricted access period as a record to which unrestricted access is allowed; or (ii) access to a record which has a restricted access period may be given on conditions stated in the notice.	Section 18(2)(b) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a responsible public authority to give the State archivist written notice of a change to the restricted access notice for a record.	Section 19(2) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Public Records Act 2002

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a responsible public authority to refer a dispute about a restricted access notice for a public record to the committee.	Section 19(4) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the State archivist for, or consent to, an authorisation for the disposal of particular public records or classes of public records.	Section 26(1) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an arrangement with the State archivist for the storage of public records.	Section 28 <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a public authority to make a written application to the committee for a review of a decision by made by the archivist refusing to authorise the disposal of particular public records or classes of public records.	Section 39(1) <i>Public Records Act 2002</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Queensland Heritage Act 1992

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to apply to the Chief Executive to have a place entered or removed from the Queensland Heritage Register including all powers authorised or required by Part 4 of the Act for the purpose of making the application and having the place entered in or removed from the Register.	Sections 36, 36A, 43, 46, 48 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
	Power to make a heritage submission (including power to agree to a later day for making the submission).	Sections 41 and 42 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
	Power to make written representations to the chief executive about the place the subject of an application under Part 4 of the Act.	Section 43 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make oral representations to the Heritage Council about the recommendation.	Section 46(2)(a) <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner, to make a written response to the Heritage Council about the recommendation.	Section 46(2)(b) <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner, to consult with the chief executive about a proposed destroyed place recommendation.	Section 46A(1)(c) <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make written representations to the Heritage Council about the place the subject of an application under Part 4 of the Act.	Section 48 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to request and make oral representations to the Heritage Council about the recommendation.	Sections 49 and 50 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner, to give the Council a heritage response to the heritage recommendation.	Section 50A <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Queensland Heritage Act 1992

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner, to agree in writing with the Council on a later day by which the heritage response must be given.	Section 50B(3) <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a place the subject of a heritage recommendation to agree to extend the day for making the decision.	Section 52 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
	Power, as the owner of a place, to apply to the chief executive to have the place excluded from entry into the Queensland heritage register as a State heritage place including all powers authorised or required by Part 4 of the Act for the purpose of making the application and having the place excluded.	Section 56B <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a place referred to in subsection (1), to give notice to the chief executive before a prescribed application is made for the place.	Section 58 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a place in the circumstances referred to in subsections (1) or (3), to advise the chief executive of a development approval and within the relevant period advise the chief executive of the relevant application.	Section 59 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
	Power to make a submission about development the State proposes to carry out on a Queensland heritage place.	Section 71 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant person for a Queensland heritage place, to apply to the chief executive for an exemption certificate to carry out development mentioned in subsection (3) on the place including all powers authorised or required by Part 6, Division 2 to obtain the exemption.	Sections 72 and 73 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
	Power to enter into a heritage agreement for a Queensland heritage place and to agree to the changing or ending of a heritage agreement.	Section 80 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Queensland Heritage Act 1992

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as owner, to consent to the entering of a heritage agreement for a Queensland heritage place and to agree to the changing or ending of a heritage agreement.	Sections 80(1)(b) and 80(2)(b) <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a heritage agreement, to apply to the Planning and Environment Court for the orders required to secure compliance with the agreement.	Section 82 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a Queensland heritage place, to comply with a repair and maintenance notice.	Section 84(6) <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive notice of the discovery of an archaeological artefact or underwater cultural heritage artefact.	Section 89 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for compensation for a loss suffered because of the exercise of a power under section 92 including all powers authorised or required by Part 9, Division 2 to obtain compensation.	Sections 94 and 95 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to QCAT for an external review of a compensation decision.	Section 98 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for a permit to enter a protected area including all powers authorised or required by Part 10, Division 1 to obtain the permit.	Sections 105 and 106 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a show cause notice in relation to a proposal to cancel a permit to enter a protected area.	Section 110 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal to the Planning & Environment Court in relation to those matters listed in subsection (1).	Section 111 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a local government to keep a local heritage register for its area including all powers authorised or required by Part 11, Divisions 1, 1A, 2, 3 and 5, other than section 119, to keep the register. ##Please note that Part 11 does not apply to those local governments identified in section 199##.	Sections 112, 112B, 113, 114, 116, 117, 118, 120, 122 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Queensland Heritage Act 1992

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person identified in subsection (1), to appeal to the Planning & Environment Court against the decision.	Section 161 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to provide any information or assistance that the Minister or chief executive reasonably requires for the purposes of the Act.	Section 165 <i>Queensland Heritage Act 1992</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to request the Minister to declare a project for proposed development to be a declared project.	Section 42(5) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree about the declaration of acquisition land.	Section 43(7) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to request the Minister to declare a part of the State to be a reconstruction area and/or acquisition land.	Section 43(8) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a decision-maker for a prescribed decision, to comply with a progression notice given by the authority.	Section 49 <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a decision-maker for a prescribed decision, to comply with a notice to decide given by the authority.	Section 50 <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a decision-maker for a prescribed decision, to give the authority all reasonable assistance or materials it requires.	Section 53(1) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a decision-maker for a prescribed decision, to give the authority a written report containing the information prescribed in subsection 53(2).	Section 53(2) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the authority a written recommendation to impose a condition for infrastructure.	Section 53(4) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a referral agency for a relevant application, to assess the application having regard to the development scheme and give the weight considered appropriate to any amendment or replacement of the development scheme.	Sections 80(2) and 80(6) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS COUNCIL TO CEO

Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager for a relevant application, to assess the application against the matters stated in the development scheme as assessment benchmarks for the Planning Act and give the weight considered appropriate to any amendment or replacement of the development scheme.	Sections 80(3) and 80(6) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a responsible entity for a change application, to assess the application against the development scheme and give the weight considered appropriate to any amendment or replacement of the development scheme.	Section 81 <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to comply with the requirements under the Planning Act about giving public access to development approvals, as if the notice were a development approval.	Section 92(3) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to request the Minister to direct the local government to take particular action about a local planning instrument.	Section 111(2) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to the Minister about a proposal to direct the local government to take particular action about a local planning instrument.	Section 111(3) <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a direction of the Minister given under section 112.	Section 112 <i>Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, on application by a person conducting, or proposing to conduct, a residential service in premises, to assess and determine whether a building complies with the prescribed building requirements.	Section 29(1) and (3) <i>Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where a building complies with the prescribed building requirements, to issue a building compliance notice.	Section 29(13)(b) and Schedule 2 <i>Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve the form to be used for an application under section 29(1) <i>Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002</i> .	Section 29(2)(a) <i>Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where a building does not comply with the prescribed building requirements, to give notice of the decision stating those matters required by section 29(4).	Section 29(4) and Schedule 2 <i>Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a notice stating the extent to which the premises comply with the prescribed building requirements.	Section 189(3)(a) <i>Residential Services (Accreditation) Act 2002</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Powers to give a prospective tenant for a residential tenancy the documents prepared for section 61 (the written residential tenancy agreement).	Section 58(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare a residential tenancy agreement in the way required by section 61.	Section 61 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give to the tenant a residential tenancy agreement prepared for section 61 for signing.	Section 62(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to sign a residential tenancy agreement signed by the tenant and to return a copy signed by both parties to the tenant.	Section 62(3) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal if the Council as lessor reasonably believes the tenant has contravened section 62(2).	Section 64(3) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare, in the approved form, a condition report for premises and any inclusions, to sign the report, and to give a copy of the report to the tenant.	Section 65(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to sign the copy of a condition report received from the tenant at the end of the tenancy or, if not agree with the report, to show the parts of the report that are disagreed with by marking the copy in an appropriate way, and to make a copy of the report and return it to the tenant at the tenant's given forwarding address.	Section 66(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give to a tenant an information statement in the approved form containing information for the benefit of the tenant, by the period specified in section 67.	Section 67 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give to the tenant a copy of the park rules in a moveable dwelling park and a copy of the rules as changed.	Section 68(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a tenant a copy of bylaws applicable to the occupation of premises under the <i>Body Corporate and Community Management Act 1997</i> or <i>Building and Group Titles Act 1980</i> .	Section 69 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare a rooming accommodation agreement in the way required by section 77.	Section 77 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the document prepared for section 77 to the resident for signing.	Section 78(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to sign a rooming accommodation agreement signed by the resident and to return a copy signed by both parties to the resident.	Section 78(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare, in the approved form, a condition report for the room and the facilities in the room, to sign the report and to give a copy of the report to the resident.	Section 81(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the tenant a written notice stating an approved way, or a different approved way, as the way in which rent is required, or is proposed, to be paid.	Section 83(3) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree in writing to payments of rent being made in the way stated in a written notice received from the tenant.	Section 83(3) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the tenant a written notice that gives the tenant a choice of at least 2 approved ways for payment of rent under section 83(4)(a) to (f) and advises about costs associated with the approved way.	Section 84(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice stating a place, or a different place, as the place at which rent is required to be paid.	Section 85(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give and sign a receipt for payment of rent.	Section 88 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a written record of the payment of rent.	Section 88(5) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written notice of a proposal to increase rent for a periodic agreement or a fixed term agreement during the term of the agreement.	Section 91(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice stating an approved way, or a different approved way, to pay rent under a rooming accommodation agreement.	Section 98(3) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree in writing to payments of rent under a rooming accommodation agreement being made in the way stated in a written notice given by a resident.	Section 98(3) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a resident a written notice for the payment of rent that gives the resident a choice of at least 2 approved ways and advises about costs associated with the approved ways.	Section 99(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice stating a place, or a different place, as the place where rent is required to be paid.	Section 100(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a receipt for the payment of rent.	Section 102 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a written record of the payment of rent paid.	Section 102(5) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice stating the amount of increased rent under a rooming accommodation agreement and the day from which the increased rent is payable.	Section 105(3) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree on the amount and time for the decrease of rent for matters including loss of amenity or service.	Section 106 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree to a reduction in rent because of the resident's absence.	Section 107 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay a rental bond to the Residential Tenancies Authority and to give the Authority a notice, in the approved form, about the rental bond.	Section 116(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	If rental bond instalments are payable under a residential tenancy agreement, the power to pay the rental bond to the Residential Tenancies Authority once all rental bond instalments have been received and to give the Authority a notice, in the approved form about the instalments.	Section 117 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	If rental bond instalments are payable under a rooming accommodation agreement, the power to pay the rental bond to the Residential Tenancies Authority once all rental bond instalments have been received or within 3 months after receiving the rental bond instalment, and to give the authority a notice, in the approved form about the instalments.	Section 118 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay to the Residential Tenancies Authority an amount equal to the maximum rental bond for the agreement if financial protection against breach of the agreement by the tenant is given to Council.	Section 119 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Residential Tenancies Authority for payment of a rental bond.	Section 125 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a dispute resolution request to the Residential Tenancies Authority about an application for payment of a rental bond.	Section 136 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about the payment of a rental bond and give the residential tenancy authority a written notice informing it of the application.	Sections 136(3)(c)(iv)(A) or Section 136(4)(c)(iv)(A) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the Residential Tenancies Authority a written application requesting it to extend the 7 day period by not more than 3 days.	Section 136(5) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to withdraw an application to the Residential Tenancies Authority for the payment of a rental bond.	Section 140 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to sign and give a receipt for a rental bond.	Section 145 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give written notice to the tenant to increase the rental bond if the rent payable under the agreement increases.	Section 154 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal disputing the amount being treated as a rental bond.	Section 155(3) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require a prospective tenant to pay a key deposit.	Section 156 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a receipt for a key deposit that was paid by a prospective tenant.	Section 157 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refund a key deposit in full when the key is returned.	Section 158 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require a prospective tenant to pay a holding deposit for a tenancy of premises.	Section 159 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a receipt for a holding deposit.	Section 160 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refund the holding deposit to the prospective tenant within 3 days after notification that the prospective tenant intends not to exercise the option.	Section 161(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree a reduced rent amount attributable to a service or facility becoming unavailable for use by the tenant.	Section 168(3) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written statement to the tenant showing each service or facility for which an amount of rent is attributable and the amount attributed to the service or facility.	Section 168(4) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for a decision about: (a) the amount of the lessor's outgoings for a service charge payable by the tenant; or (b) the amount of the reduced rent payable under the agreement because a service or facility ceases to be available for use by the tenant.	Section 169(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter premises on a ground specified in section 192(1), to take all steps necessary to allow for the entry, and to exercise all the powers of Council upon making the entry.	Sections 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal to enter the premises under order of the tribunal, and to comply with the rules of entry as changed by the tribunal.	Section 201 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask the tenant the tenant's name or place of employment.	Section 205 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask the tenant in writing to state the tenant's new residential address.	Section 205(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice to the tenant stating the lessor's and/or the lessor's agent's name and address for service including any change of such details.	Section 206 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree to the tenant attaching a fixture or making a structural change to the premises including the power to set the terms upon which the agreement is given.	Sections 207 and 208 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to waive the breach by a tenant attaching a fixture or making a structural change to the premises without the lessor's agreement and to treat the fixture or change as an improvement to the premises for the lessor's benefit.	Section 209 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to supply and maintain the locks and keys that are necessary to ensure the premises are reasonably secure.	Section 210 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to change a lock to the premises or to agree to the tenant changing a lock to the premises.	Section 211 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree to not being given a key for a lock to the premises changed by the tenant.	Section 211(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal about a lock or key for the premises.	Section 213(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to nominate a nominated repairer and to provide written notice to the tenant stating the nominated repairer and to give written notice of any change in a nominated repairer.	Section 216 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about the reimbursement or payment of an amount for emergency repairs to the tenant.	Section 220(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a notice to relocate to another site in the moveable dwelling park to the tenant.	Section 223 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about the relocation of a tenant to another site in the moveable dwelling park.	Section 227 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make rules about the use, enjoyment, control and management of a moveable dwelling park owned by Council.	Section 228 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a notice proposing a change to a park rule to residents of the park.	Section 229 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an owner of a moveable dwelling park to set up a park liaisons committee to consider objections received to the proposal to change a park rule.	Section 231 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to be Council's nominee on the park liaison committee.	Section 231(3)(b) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a non-resolution notice to each of the objectors objecting to a change of a park rule.	Section 231(6) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order declaring the proposal to change a park rule to be reasonable or unreasonable.	Section 233(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree in writing to the transfer or subletting of the tenant's interest under an agreement.	Section 237(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree in writing to the transfer or subletting of all or a part of the tenant's interests under the agreement.	Section 238(2)(a) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require the tenant to pay an amount equivalent to the reasonable expenses incurred by the lessor in agreeing to the transfer or subletting.	Section 240 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require a tenant to pay a fee for the sale or attempted sale of a caravan on the premises.	Section 241(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice of a tenancy to a buyer to whom Council proposes to transfer the Council's interests in the premises.	Section 242(1)(a) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice of the transfer (the attornment notice) to the tenant if the lessor's interest is transferred.	Section 242(1)(b) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to be heard on an application by a person occupying the premises to be recognised as a tenant under an agreement.	Section 243(7) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to be heard before a tribunal on an application by a person to be recognised as the tenant or a co-tenant under an agreement instead of the person's domestic associate.	Section 245(8) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to be heard before a tribunal on the application of an occupant for an order to be recognised as the tenant, or a co-tenant under an agreement instead of the tenant or co-tenant.	Section 246(6) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree about cleaning common areas for a common area used by the resident and a minority of other residents of the provider.	Section 247(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice to the resident stating the provider's name and address for service or the provider's agent's name and address for service and a notice detailing any changes to those details.	Section 248(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to supply and maintain the locks that are necessary to ensure the resident's room is reasonably secure.	Section 250(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree to change or repair a lock at the request of a resident.	Section 251 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order relating to a lock or key mentioned in section 250.	Section 252 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree to the resident attaching a fixture, or making a structural change, to rental premises including setting the terms of the agreement.	Section 254 and 255 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to waive a breach by a resident who attaches a fixture or makes a structural change to rental premises without the provider's agreement, or to treat the fixture or change as an improvement to the rental premises for the provider's benefit.	Section 256(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter a resident's room, for any reason, if the resident agrees.	Section 257(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter a resident's room, at a reasonable time, to inspect the room and to give notice of the entry.	Section 258(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give at least 24 hours prior written notice of a proposed entry to a resident's room for a purpose mentioned in the section.	Section 259 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter a resident's room without notice for one of the reasons set out in section 260.	Section 260 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an application to a tribunal for an order to enter the resident's room, which entry may be subject to rules of entry as changed by the tribunal.	Section 264 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make house rules for rental purposes for any of the matters specified in section 268(1).	Section 268(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice of proposed rule change for rental premises.	Section 270(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice withdrawing the proposed rule change.	Section 271 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice to residents stating that at least the prescribed number of residents have objected to the rule change and that the proposed change will not take effect on the proposed commencement date.	Section 272(4)(b) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order declaring the proposed rule change to be reasonable.	Section 273(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice of the tribunal's decision regarding an application under section 273 to each resident of the rental premises.	Section 273(7) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice of the tribunal's decision on an application by a resident for an order declaring an existing house rule to be unreasonable to each resident of the rental premises.	Section 274(7) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a person a copy of the house rules for the premises.	Section 275 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to display a copy of the house rules at a place in the rental premises where it is likely to be seen by the residents.	Section 276 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to end a residential tenancy agreement by written agreement with the tenant.	Section 277(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a notice to leave the premises to the tenant.	Section 277(3) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree with the tenant's personal representative or relative on a day for the residential tenancy agreement to end.	Section 277(7)(c) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a tenant a notice to remedy breach.	Section 280 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a notice to leave the premises to a tenant because of any of the reasons set out in sections 281 to 291 (inclusive).	Section 281(1), 282(1), 283(2), 284(1), 285(2), 286(1), 287(2), 288(1), 289(2), 290(2), 290A(1) and 291(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order because of any of the reasons set out in sections 293 to 297A (inclusive).	Sections 293, 294, 295, 296, 296A, 297, 297A, 298 and 299 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an interim order to restrain tenant from causing further damage or injury.	Section 300 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to remedy a lessor's breach following receipt of a notice to remedy breach from the tenant.	Section 303 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to withdraw a notice to leave for unremedied breach.	Section 333(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree to the tenant withdrawing a notice of intention to leave the premises.	Section 334(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the tribunal for a termination order without giving a notice to leave the premises to the tenant.	Section 335(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give an abandonment termination notice to the tenant terminating the agreement.	Section 355(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about the abandonment by the tenant of the premises.	Section 357(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order requiring the tenant to pay compensation for the tenant remaining in possession and an occupation fee.	Section 358 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order for compensation following the giving of an abandonment termination notice.	Section 359 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to take all reasonable steps to mitigate loss or expense incurred because of the matters set out in section 362(1).	Section 362 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to sell tenant's goods left on premises or dispose of them in another way.	Sections 363(2) and 363(4) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay any balance from the sale of goods of a former tenant to the public trustee.	Sections 363(8) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order for an entitlement to receive an amount in the fund kept under the <i>Public Trustee Act 1978</i> .	Section 363(10) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give documents left on the premises in the ways prescribed under section 364.	Section 364 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree with a resident, by written agreement, to end a rooming accommodation agreement.	Section 366(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to end a rooming accommodation agreement by giving a notice under Part 2.	Section 366 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree with a resident's personal representative or relative on a day for a rooming accommodation agreement to end.	Section 366(7)(c) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order deciding the day a rooming accommodation ends due to the death of a sole resident.	Section 366(7)(d) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a resident notice requiring the resident to remedy a breach of a rooming accommodation agreement.	Section 368(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a resident a notice requiring the resident to leave the rental premises because of failure to remedy breach.	Section 369(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to withdraw a notice requiring the resident to leave the rental premises because of failure to remedy breach.	Section 369(5) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a written notice requiring the resident to leave the rental premises immediately because of a serious breach.	Section 370(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a resident a notice requiring the resident to leave the rental premises if premises destroyed etc.	Section 371 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a notice terminating a periodic or fixed term agreement without ground.	Section 372 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a resident a notice requiring the resident to leave the premises if resident's employment ends or entitlement to occupy under employment ends.	Section 374(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to use necessary and reasonable force to remove a resident and the resident's property from rental premises if the resident refuses to leave the premises and the circumstances specified in section 375(1) apply.	Section 375(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for a termination order for repeated breaches by resident.	Section 376(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order terminating a fixed term agreement because of excessive hardship.	Section 377(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to remedy a provider's breach following receipt of a notice requiring remedy of breach from the resident.	Section 378 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the tribunal for a termination order without giving a notice to leave the rental premises to the resident.	Section 388(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make reasonable efforts to contact a former resident about property left at the rental premises.	Section 392(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to deal with a personal document or money in the ways stated in the section.	Section 392 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to sell property left at the rental premises that is not a personal document or money, or to dispose of it in another way.	Sections 393(2), 393(4) and 393(5) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply the proceeds from the sale of property under section 393 in the ways stated in the section.	Sections 393(7) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal to make an order conferring an entitlement to receive funds paid to the public trustee under section 392 or section 393.	Section 395(4) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a dispute resolution request to the Residential Tenancies Authority and to take all steps necessary to participate in the conciliation, withdraw from a conciliation and agree to the terms of a conciliation agreement.	Sections 402, 404, 405, 406, 408 and 410 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an application to the tribunal for an order declaring that a stated agreement is, or is not, a residential tenancy agreement or a rooming accommodation agreement to which the Act applies.	Section 418 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about a breach of a term of a residential tenancy agreement or a rooming accommodation agreement.	Section 419(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about a disputed ground stated in a notice to remedy breach or notice of intention to leave premises given to Council as the lessor by the tenant (other than a notice of intention to leave without ground).	Section 424(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about a disputed ground stated in a notice to remedy breach or a notice of intention to leave premises (other than a notice of intention to leave without ground).	Section 425(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order about a general dispute between parties to a residential tenancy agreement or rooming accommodation agreement.	Section 429(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to be heard before the tribunal on an application regarding a dispute between cotenants or coresidents about a rental bond for an agreement.	Section 430(2) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to claim compensation for a loss or expense incurred because of the exercise or purported exercise of a power under Chapter 7, Part 2.	Section 449 <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to a tribunal for an order excluding a person from a moveable dwelling park because of the person's behaviour in the park.	Section 455(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to list a person on a tenancy database in the circumstances referred to in section 459(1) and for the reasons prescribed under a regulation.	Section 459(1) <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Where Council is a community housing provider as defined by section 527B, power to give written notice to the tenant to give an acceptable behaviour agreement undertaking.	Section 527D <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Where Council is a community housing provider, power to apply to the tribunal for a termination order relating to either a failure to enter into acceptable behaviour agreement or a serious or persistent breach of acceptable behaviour agreement.	Section 527E <i>Residential Tenancies and Rooming Accommodation Act 2008</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Right to Information Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to disclose information under a publication scheme, without limiting another way Council may disclose information.	Section 22 <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give access to a document created after the application is received but before notice is given under section 54.	Section 27(2) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to search for a document from a backup system if Council considers the search appropriate.	Section 29(2) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appoint an appropriately qualified healthcare professional to make a healthcare decision in relation to an access application.	Section 30(5)(b) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to: (1) ask the applicant for a further specified period to consider the application; (2) make additional requests for further specified periods under subsection (1); and (3) continue to consider the application and make a considered decision in relation to it only if— (a) Council has asked the applicant for a further specified period under subsection (1); and (b) the applicant has not refused the request; and (c) Council has not received notice that the applicant has applied for review under this Act.	Section 35 <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an agreement with the applicant to extend the prescribed period.	Section 36(7), “prescribed period” <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Right to Information Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give access to a document that contains information the disclosure of which may reasonably be expected to be of concern to a government, agency or person (the relevant third party) only if Council has taken steps that are reasonably practicable— (a) to obtain the views of the relevant third party about whether— (i) the document is a document to which this Act does not apply; or (ii) the information is exempt information or contrary to public interest information; and (b) to inform the relevant third party that if access is given to the document because of an access application, access may also be given to the document under a disclosure log.	Section 37 (1) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide that: (a) a document to which section 37(1) applies is a document to which the Act does not apply; or (b) information in a document referred to in (a) is not exempt information or contrary to public interest information	Section 37(3)(b)) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to transfer the application to another agency if— (a) the document to which the application relates is not in Council's possession but is, to Council's knowledge, in the other agency's possession; and (b) the other agency consents to the transfer.	Section 38(2) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to deal with an access application even if this Act provides that the Council may refuse to deal with the application.	Section 39(3) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Right to Information Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refuse to deal with the access application without having identified any or all of the documents if— (a) an access application is expressed to relate to all documents, or to all documents of a stated class, that contain information of a stated kind or relate to a stated subject matter; and (b) it appears to Council that all of the documents to which the application relates are comprised of exempt information.	Section 40 <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refuse to deal with an access application or, if Council is considering 2 or more access applications by the applicant, all the applications, if Council considers the work involved in dealing with the application or all the applications would, if carried out, substantially and unreasonably divert the resources of the Council from their use by Council in the performance of its functions, provided that the conditions set out in section 42(1) have been complied with.	Section 41(1) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an agreement with an applicant to extend the prescribed consultation period.	Section 42(6)(b) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refuse to deal with the later application to the extent it is for access to a document or documents sought under the first application if— (a) when the later application was made, Council had not decided the first application; or (b) in relation to the first application, if made under this Act— (i) the applicant had been given notice under section 54 that access was to be given to the document sought or to some or all of the documents sought; or	Section 43(3) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Right to Information Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (ii) Council had decided that the application was for a document to which this Act does not apply; or (iii) Council had decided the document or documents sought were documents access to which was refused under section 47; or (iv) Council had refused to deal with it under this part; or (c) in relation to the first application, if made under the Information Privacy Act— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the applicant had been given notice under section 68 of that Act that access was to be given to the document sought or to some or all the documents sought; or (ii) Council had decided that the application was for a document to which chapter 3 of that Act does not apply; or (iii) Council had decided the document or documents sought were documents access to which was refused under section 67 of that Act; or (iv) Council had refused to deal with it under chapter 3, part 4 of that Act; or (d) Council's decision on the first application— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) is the subject of a review and the review is not complete; or (ii) has been the subject of a completed review (other than an internal review). 		
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refuse access to a document of the Council.	Section 47(3) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide whether disclosure of a document would, on balance, be contrary to the public interest	Sections 48(1), 49(1), 50(1), and 51(1) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Right to Information Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give access to all or part of a document despite Council's power under section 47(3)(a) to refuse access to all or part of the document.	Section 48(3) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give access to all or part of a document despite Council's power under section 47(3)(b) to refuse access to all or part of the document.	Section 49(5) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give access to all or part of a document despite Council's power under section 47(3)(c) to refuse access to all or part of the document.	Section 50(4) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give access to all or part of a document despite Council's power under section 47(3)(d) to refuse access to all or part of the document.	Section 51(3) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to be satisfied in dealing with an application for access to a document that is nonexistent or unlocatable, that— (a) the document does not exist; or (b) the document has been or should be in Council's possession, and all reasonable steps have been taken to find the document but the document cannot be found.	Section 52(1) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a prescribed written notice, with regards to an access application for a document containing prescribed information, that does not include details mentioned in section 191(a) or (b), and in a schedule of relevant documents.	Section 55 (2) and (3) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to waive a processing charge, or access charge, for an access application if Council considers that the likely associated costs to Council would be more than the likely amount of the charge.	Section 64(1) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give access to a document in one or more of the prescribed forms in section 68(1).	Section 68(1) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Right to Information Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refuse to give access to documents in a form requested by the applicant and give access in another form in the circumstances specified in section 68(4).	Section 68(4) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give access to a document in another form agreed to by the applicant	Section 68(8) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to allow an additional period during which a person may access a document.	Section 69(2) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to defer giving access to a document for a reasonable period if the document was prepared— (a) for presentation to the Assembly or a committee of the Assembly; or (b) for release to the media; or (c) solely for inclusion, in the same or an amended form, in a document to be prepared for a purpose mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b); and the document is yet to be presented or released, or included in a document to be presented or released, as the case may be.	Section 72(1) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to delete irrelevant information from a copy of a document and give access to the document by giving access to a copy of the document with the irrelevant information deleted, only if Council considers the applicant would accept the copy and it is reasonably practicable to give access to the copy.	Section 73 <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, subject to section 55, to give access to a document containing exempt information if it is practicable to give access to a copy of the document from which the exempt information has been deleted and it appears to Council that the applicant would wish to be given access to the copy.	Section 74 <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, subject to section 55, to give access to a document containing contrary to public interest information if it is practicable to give access to a copy of the	Section 75 <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Right to Information Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	document from which the contrary to public interest information has been deleted and it appears to Council that the applicant would wish to be given access to the copy.		
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consider, despite Council refusing access to a document to the extent that it comprises personal information of the applicant, whether it is consistent with the primary object of the Act to give the applicant or an intermediary a summary of the personal information on conditions of use or disclosure agreed between Council and the intermediary, or between Council, the intermediary and the applicant specified in section 76(2).	Section 76(2) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult, or make an agreement, with the information giver or a person other than the applicant if a summary of information under section 76(2) includes information given by the information giver or the other person.	Section 76(3) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer ²	Power, despite Council refusing access to the document under section 47(3)(d), to direct that access to a document is to be given instead to an appropriately qualified healthcare professional nominated by the applicant and approved by Council.	Section 77(2) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to— (a) include a copy of a document, or details identifying the document and information about how the document may be accessed, in a disclosure log if that document that does not contain personal information of the applicant and is accessed by the applicant within the access period; or (b) include details identifying the document and information about how the document may be accessed and any applicable charge if the applicant has failed to access the document within the access period.	Section 78A <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Right to Information Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the information commissioner to participate in an external review if Council is affected by the decision the subject of the external review.	Section 89(2) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the information commissioner to allow Council further time to deal with the access application which has become the subject of an application for an external review concerning a deemed decision in relation to an access application.	Section 93(1) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a participant in an external review, to apply to the information commissioner to correct an error in a written decision of the commissioner.	Section 111(2) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a participant in an external review, to make a request to the information commissioner to refer a question of law arising on an external review to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal.	Section 118 (1) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a participant in an external review, to appeal to the appeal tribunal against a decision of the information commissioner on the external review.	Section 119 <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an application to the information commissioner to extend the 10 year period during which disclosure of certain information cannot be made.	Schedule 4, Part 4, section1(3) <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
River Improvement Trust Act 1940

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to, either singly or jointly, apply to the Minister for the establishment, change or abolition of a river improvement trust area.	Section 3(3) <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	
	Power to appoint a councillor to a river improvement trust.	Sections 5(1)(a), 5(1A)(a) and 5(2) <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	
	Power to decide the term of appointment for a councillor appointed pursuant to subsection (1)(a) or (2).	Section 5(3) <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	
	Power to appoint a councillor to a river improvement trust where the office becomes vacant.	Section 5A(1) <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	
	Power to comply with a notice from the Minister requiring Council to appoint a councillor to a vacant office.	Section 5A(2) <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	
	Power to give the Minister the local government's views on the recommendation of an appointment to the Governor in Council.	Section 5A(5B) <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	
	Power to remove a person from office as a member of a trust.	Section 5K <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	
	Power to consent for the trust to appoint the chief executive officer to be its secretary.	Section 6(1A) <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	
	Power to enter into a written arrangement with a trust to use the accounts and the accounting systems of Council.	Section 12A <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	
	Power to pay to the trust the amount of revenue estimated by the trust in the budget adopted by it for such year.	Section 14A(1A) <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	
	Power to negotiate and agree for each financial year the amount to contribute to the trust and to pay the amount to the trust.	Section 14A(1B) <i>River Improvement Trust Act 1940</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to request a reasonable number of copies of a plan the subject of a compliance request.	Section 14(6) <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to request other information that the local government requires in relation to the testing of a proposed greywater use facility.	Section 14B(c)(ii) <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to request other information that the local government requires in relation to work for testing purposes on an on-site sewerage facility.	Section 14D(3)(c)(ii) <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to accept a certification of a plan for compliance assessable work or on-site sewerage work from a competent person where the Chief Executive Officer has decided that part of the work is outside Council's expertise.	Section 15 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to request information or documents to assess compliance assessable work from a person who, because of section 83(2) of the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002</i> , does not require a compliance permit to perform regulated work.	Section 18 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to test or commission plumbing or drainage the subject of compliance assessable work carried out in a remote area.	Section 27 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to accept a notice of compliance under section 86A(3)(a) of the Act from a person other than the person who performed the work.	Section 29 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to agree to assess, and assess, notifiable work for compliance with the regulation.	Section 29A <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a rectification notice and an information notice.	Section 29B(2) and 29B(6) <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve the continued use of a plumbing or drainage item that is not certified and to require a person to have the item tested at the person's cost.	Section 30 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to determine whether an item (that an inspector is satisfied is unsuitable for a particular use) may: (a) not be installed or used; or (b) be approved for installation or use with either a protective coating, lining or wrapping or another plumbing or drainage item.	Section 32 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide that a supply pipe for premises or a premises group can not give an efficient water supply for the premises or premises group.	Section 34(1) <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require for a supply pipe for a premises: (a) part or all of the supply pipe (premises main) to be built to the standard of a water main; (b) the premises main to supply directly each separately occupied part of the premises; (c) the premises main to supply directly each fire service within the premises.	Section 34(2) <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require for a supply pipe for a premises group: (a) part of the supply pipe (premises group main) to be built to the standard of a water main; (b) each separately occupied part of the premises group to be served directly by a supply pipe connected to the premises group main; and (c) each separately occupied part of the premises group that is to have a fire service to be served directly by a fire service connected to the premises group main.	Section 34(3) <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to require the sanitary drainage for premises or a group of premises to be of a standard of a sewer forming part of Council's or another service provider's sewerage system.	Section 35 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to implement and maintain a program for the registration, maintenance and testing of testable backflow prevention devices.	Section 38 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve the design and location of a grease arrestor.	Section 39 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve air-cooling equipment's connection to a supply pipe.	Section 41 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve hydraulic powered equipment's connection to a supply pipe.	Section 44 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve a pipe carrying water supplied by the local government or other service provider to be:- (a) connected to a water storage tank used to store water obtained from another source or; (b) discharged into a water storage tank used to store water obtained from another source.	Section 45 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve a water closet pan, urinal or another fixture below the level of the sewer or on-site sewerage facility.	Section 47 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a notice to the owner of a new building and an old building, requiring:- (a) the owner of the new building to pay the reasonable costs of changing the vents of the old building; and (b) the owner of the old building to change the vents.	Section 52 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to determine the qualifications, skills and experience that an individual should have to be competent to assess plumbing and drainage work.	Section 53 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to perform maintenance work on existing combined sanitary drains, apportion the reasonable costs between or among the owners and recover from each owner, the owner's share of Council's costs.	Section 54 <i>Standard Plumbing and Drainage Regulation 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as administering authority, to approve a form for an infringement notice.	Section 15(1) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as administering authority, to approve (or refuse where the conditions in this section have not been complied with) an application for payment of a fine by instalments.	Section 23 <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as administering authority, to submit particulars required for registration of approval of instalment payments with the State Penalties Enforcement Registry.	Section 24(1) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as administering authority, to withdraw an infringement notice at any time before the fine is satisfied in full.	Sections 28(1) and (2) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an approved sponsor, to apply to the registrar on behalf of the subject applicant for a work and development order to satisfy all or part of the enforceable amount of the applicant's SPER debt.	Section 32J(1) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an approved sponsor, to undertake an eligibility assessment.	Section 32K(1) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an approved sponsor, to give the registrar evidence to support the eligibility assessment.	Section 32K(2) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an approved sponsor, to apply to SPER on behalf of the individual for an increase in the order amount.	Section 32O(1) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an approved sponsor, to withdraw the work and development order because the approved sponsor is unable to continue as the approved sponsor.	Section 32P(1) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the recipient of a notice under section 32L, 32O or 32Q, to apply, as provided under the QCAT Act, to QCAT for a review of the decision.	Section 32S <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as administering authority, to give the State Penalties Enforcement Registry a default certificate for registration in respect of any recipient of an infringement notice who has not taken action within the time period provided by the infringement notice.	Section 33(1) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an approved sponsor who has the agreement of the debtor, to apply on behalf of the debtor under part 3B for:- (a) work and development order to satisfy the amount of the order; or (b) if the debtor is subject to a work and development order – a variation of the order.	Section 41(2) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as administering authority, to (a) commence proceedings against an applicant for an offence; or (b) accept payment of the fine in full; or (c) issue a fresh infringement notice, where the registrar has cancelled an enforcement notice and referred the matter back to Council.	Section 57(5) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer who pays earnings to an employee for whom a fine collection notice for redirection of the enforcement debtor's earnings is in force, to when paying the earnings, deduct an amount from the earnings as required under Part 5, Division 4.	Section 81 <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer who deducts an amount from an employee's earnings under a fine collection notice, to pay the amount to the registrar and give to the registrar a return in the approved form.	Section 84(1) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer who does not deduct an amount from an employee's earnings under a fine collection notice, give to the registrar a return in the approved form.	Section 84(2) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer who pays earnings to an employee while a fine collection notice relating to the employee is in force, to give the employee the written notice required under the subsection.	Section 84(3) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where an employee to whom a fine collection notice relates stops being an employee while the notice is in force, to give the registrar the written notice of that fact.	Section 84(4) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to keep the records required to be kept by this section.	Section 94 <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to state any matter in subsection (2) is evidence of the matter.	Section 157(2) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an administering authority, to request the Registrar to give a certificate under subsection (3).	Section 157(4) <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to approve forms for use as infringement notices.	Section 162 <i>State Penalties Enforcement Act 1999</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body, to operate a deposit and withdrawal account with a financial institution.	Section 31(1) <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body, to seek the approval of the Treasurer to operate a deposit and withdrawal account with an overdraft facility.	Section 31(2) <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
	Power, as a statutory body, to borrow money and to seek the treasurer's approval for the borrowing.	Section 34(1) <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
	Power, as a statutory body, to, (a) create an encumbrance; and (b) otherwise transfer property, or assign income, by way of security, and to seek the treasurer's approval for same.	Section 35(3) <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body, to exercise category 1 investment powers.	Sections 42 and 44 <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body, to keep records that show Council has invested in the way most appropriate in all the circumstances.	Section 47(2) <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body, to:- (a) obtain the Treasurer's approval for continuing with an investment arrangement referred to in section 52(1); or (b) liquidate an investment arrangement referred to in section 52(1).	Section 52(2) <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
	Power, as a statutory body, to appoint a person as a funds manager and obtain the treasurer's approval for the appointment.	Section 59 <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as a statutory body, to enter a type 1 financial arrangement and obtain the treasurer's approval for the arrangement.	Section 60A <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body to which section 61 applies, to enter a type 2 financial arrangement and obtain the treasurer's approval for the arrangement.	Section 61A <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body, to sign documents for a financial arrangement under the Act.	Section 62(1) <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body, to obtain the treasurer's approval before signing for a financial arrangement that:- (a) creates an encumbrance; or (b) otherwise transfers Council's property, or assigns Council's income, by way of security.	Section 62(2) <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body, to apply to the treasurer for approval of the exercise of a power under the Act.	Section 71 <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body, to respond to a request from the Treasurer for a document or information the Treasurer considers necessary for considering Council's application under section 71 of the Act.	Section 72 <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a statutory body, to keep a register of the Treasurer's approvals under Part 9, Division 3 of the Act for Council's exercise of a power.	Section 74 <i>Statutory Bodies Financial Arrangements Act 1982</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Strong and Sustainable Resource Communities Act 2017

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the owner of a large resource project preparing an operational workforce management plan	Section 7(3) <i>Strong and Sustainable Resource Communities Act 2017</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the owner of, or proponent for, a large resource project described in section 9(1) about the social impact assessment prepared under section 9(2)	Section 9(5) <i>Strong and Sustainable Resource Communities Act 2017</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Summary Offences Act 2005**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to authorise a person to busk in a public place.	Section 8(2)(b) <i>Summary Offences Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to recover from the owner of a place, as a debt, any damages, including costs, paid by Council under section 32(2), if the breach of duty by the owner that caused the injury to ,or death of, a local graffiti removal officer amounts to gross negligence.	Section 32(3) <i>Summary Offences Act 2005</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an agreement with the owner of a place in relation to the fee payable by Council to the owner for the removal of public graffiti by the owner.	Section 33(2) <i>Summary Offences Act 2005</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**
Summary Offences Regulation 2006

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with an entity that intends to make an application for an area of public land to be prescribed as motorbike control land about the proposal.	Section 10(1)(a) <i>Summary Offences Regulation 2006</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as entity having a legitimate interest in the area, to consult with a government entity for the purposes of reviewing the number and location of prescribed areas of motorbike control land.	Section 14(3) <i>Summary Offences Regulation 2006</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to consent to a surveyor placing a permanent survey mark on the land.	Section 21(2) <i>Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public authority that placed, or requested to be placed, a survey mark, to give to the chief executive a copy of a survey plan or other information necessary to establish a survey mark as a recognised permanent survey mark.	Section 34 <i>Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where the survey mark is on a road under the control of Council, to maintain the integrity of survey markers, and provide updated information to the survey control register.	Section 39 <i>Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public authority, where the survey mark is on land, other than roads, controlled by Council, to maintain the integrity of survey markers, and provide updated information to the survey control register.	Section 40 <i>Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public authority, where a person interferes with a recognised permanent survey mark, to take action reasonably necessary to reinstate the physical and survey integrity of a recognised permanent survey marker.	Section 44 <i>Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public authority, to provide the chief executive with information about the boundaries of an administrative area.	Section 49 <i>Survey and Mapping Infrastructure Act 2003</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as a local government, to amend a planning scheme to reflect a designated region's regional plan.	Section 39 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
	Power, as a local government, to consult with the Minister about the establishment of a regional planning committee.	Section 41(5)(c) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
	Power, as a local government, to accept or refuse a request made under section 95, including extending the request period by 10 days.	Section 96 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to issue a written notice of Council's decision under section 96.	Section 97 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to decide application request for extension of time made under section 98(2), and give written notice of that decision.	Section 98(2) and (4) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to publish in a local newspaper and government gazette notice of a repealed temporary planning scheme.	Section 123(3) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to publish in a local newspaper and government gazette notice of a repealed planning scheme policy.	Section 124(3) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to make submissions to the Minister about the proposed exercise of the State's power, after being given written notice under section 125.	Section 125(3)(b) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
	Power, as a local government, to facilitate the designation of land for community infrastructure under Chapter 5 of the Act. For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes (without limitation) the power to take all actions as detailed in sections 206, 212, 213, 216, 223, 224, 225, 226 and 227.	Sections 206, 212, 213, 216, 223, 224, 225, 226 and 227 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, as a local government or owner of any land to which the proposed designation applies, to make a submission to the Minister in relation to a Ministerial designation of land.	Section 207 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to enter a Ministerial designation of land in its planning scheme.	Section 211 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive officer	Power, as a local government, to facilitate the repeal of a designation made by Council. For the avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes (without limitation) the power to take all actions as detailed in sections 218, 219 and 221.	Sections 218, 219 and 221 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to act as the “assessment manager” for all applications received by Council under Chapter 6 of the <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i> . For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes (without limitation) the power to take all actions of an assessment manager as detailed in sections 256, 259, 260, 261, 262, 266, 267, 268, 272, 274, 276, 277, 279, 280, 286, 297, 303, 304, 305, 309, 310, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 324, 325, 327, 328, 331, 334, 337, 339, 348, 350, 352, 354, 355, 357, 362, 363, 368, 371, 373, 374, 375, 376, 378, 381, 383, 386, 387, 389, 417, 418, 419, 428, 433 and 434 of the <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i> .	Sections 256, 259, 260, 261, 262, 266, 267, 268, 272, 274, 276, 277, 279, 280, 286, 297, 303, 304, 305, 309, 310, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 324, 325, 327, 328, 331, 334, 337, 339, 348, 350, 352, 354, 355, 357, 362, 363, 368, 371, 373, 374, 375, 376, 378, 381, 383, 386, 387, 389, 417, 418, 419, 428, 433 and 434 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	*1: See condition noted at the end of the delegations table for this Act.

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to act as a “referral agency”, “concurrence agency” or “advice agency” for all applications referred to Council under Chapter 6, Part 3 of the <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i> . For avoidance of doubt, the power delegated includes (without limitation) the power to take all actions of a “referral agency” or a “concurrence agency” or an “advice agency” as detailed in sections 256, 271, 276, 277, 279, 281, 282, 284, 285, 287, 288, 290, 291, 292, 348, 368, 371, 373, 374, 375, 376, 378, 385, 420 and 434 of the <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i> .	Sections 256, 271, 276, 277, 279, 281, 282, 284, 285, 287, 288, 290, 291, 292, 348, 368, 371, 373, 374, 375, 376, 378, 385, 420 and 434 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of the land, to consent to the making of a development application.	Sections 260(1)(e) and 263 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity the Minister considers appropriate, to consult with the Minister in relation to a making or amending the standard conditions.	Section 332 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to give an applicant an new infrastructure charges notice under section 633, regulated infrastructure charges notice under section 643 or adopted infrastructure charges notice under section 648F to replace the original notice.	Section 364 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of the land, to consent to a request to change the development approval.	Section 371 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of the land, to consent to an application to cancel a development approval.	Section 379(1) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of the land, to consent to an application to extend a period mentioned in section 341.	Section 383(3)(d) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to note an approval on its planning scheme and give notice of that approval to the chief executive of the department.	Section 391 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to carry out compliance assessment.	Section 399 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to assess and give the compliance assessor written notice of Council's response regarding the aspects of a development requiring compliance assessment that must be referred to the local government.	Section 402 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a compliance assessor, to decide a request, give an action notice, give a compliance permit with conditions (if any) and give a compliance certificate with conditions (if any).	Sections 405, 407 and 408 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a compliance assessor, to respond to a request to withdraw or change an action notice.	Section 412 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a compliance assessor, to decide a request to change a compliance permit or compliance certificate.	Section 413 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to commence proceedings in the Planning and Environment Court for declarations and orders.	Section 456 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an advice agency, where Council, in its advice agency response, told the assessment manager to treat the response as a properly made submission, to appeal to the Planning and Environment Court.	Section 464 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
	Power, as a party to a proceeding decided by a building and development committee, to appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the decision.	Section 479 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as assessment manager, to apply to the court to withdraw from an appeal, if the appeal is only about a concurrence agency's response.	Section 485(6) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, concurrence agency or referral agency for the development application, to elect to become a co-respondent in an appeal.	Section 485(8) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a proceeding, to apply for a review of a decision, direction or act of the ADR registrar.	Section 491B(6) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a second entity required to be given notice of an appeal under section 484, to elect to be a co-respondent.	Section 487 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
	Power, as a party to a proceeding, to appeal a decision to the Court of Appeal.	Section 498 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to bring a proceeding before a building and development committee for a declaration about whether the application is a properly made application.	Section 510 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a compliance assessor, to bring a proceeding before a building and development committee about whether the request for compliance assessment has lapsed under this Act.	Section 512 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a responsible entity, to bring a proceeding before a building and development committee about whether a proposed change to the approval is a permissible change.	Section 513 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person entitled to bring a proceeding for declarations or as a person entitled to start an appeal before a building and development committee, to request the proceeding be fast-tracked.	Sections 515 and 537 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity that gave a notice under section 373, to appeal to a building and development committee against a decision on a request to make a permissible change to the development approval.	Sections 521 and 530 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i> .	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an advice agency, to appeal to a building and development committee about the giving of a development approval.	Section 528 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to apply to withdraw from the appeal if the appeal is only about a concurrence agency response.	Section 543 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity required under section 541 or 542 to be given notice of the appeal, to elect to be a co-respondent.	Section 547(3)(b) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i> .	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to provide all material requested by the registrar.	Section 551 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to an appeal or proceedings, to agree to have the matter decided on the basis of written submissions.	Section 558(b) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessing authority, to give a show cause notice.	Section 588 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessing authority, to give an enforcement notice.	Section 590 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to bring proceedings in the Magistrates Court on a complaint to prosecute a person for an offence against Chapter 7, Part 3 of the Act.	Section 597 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to bring proceedings in the Planning and Environment Court for an enforcement order, an interim enforcement order, or to cancel or change an enforcement order or interim enforcement order.	Section 601 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive officer	Power, as assessing authority, where the Planning and Environment Court has convicted a person of an offence against this Act, to apply to the court for an order against the person for the payment of the costs and expenses incurred in taking a sample or conducting an inspection, test measurement or analysis during the investigation of the offence.	Section 614 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a participating local government for a distributor-retailer, to agree with a distributor-retailer about the breakup of adopted charges.	Section 632 Sustainable Planning Act 2009	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government giving a development approval where there is an adopted charge that applies for providing trunk infrastructure for the development, to give an infrastructure charges notice.	Section 635 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government giving a change approval or an extension approval where there is an adopted charge that applies for providing trunk infrastructure for the development, to give a new infrastructure charges notice.	Section 626(1)(d) and 635 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to state, in an infrastructure charges notice for development other than reconfiguring a lot, building work or making a material change of use, the day the adopted charge is payable.	Section 638(1)(d) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government that gave an infrastructure charges notice, to agree with a person to whom an infrastructure charges notice has been given, about:- b) whether the charge may be paid other than as required under section 638, including whether it may be paid by instalments; and/or c) whether infrastructure may be provided instead of paying all or part of the charge.	Section 639 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to consider submissions made on an infrastructure charges notice and, if the submissions are agreed, issue a new infrastructure charges notice.	Section 643(1) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government with a LGIP that identifies adequate trunk infrastructure to service the subject premises, to impose a condition on a development approval requiring either or both of the following to be provided at a stated time: a) the identified infrastructure; and/or b) different trunk infrastructure delivering the same desired standard of service.	Section 646 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government with a LGIP that does not identify adequate trunk infrastructure to service the subject premises, to impose a condition on a development approval requiring development infrastructure necessary to service the premises to be provided at a stated time.	Section 647 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to impose a condition requiring payment of additional trunk infrastructure costs.	Section 650 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to agree with an applicant about the payment time for an additional payment condition imposed under section 650(1).	Section 651(2) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government that has received a conversion application, to give a notice to the applicant requiring the applicant to give information reasonably needed to decide the conversion application.	Section 660(3) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government within 20 business days of deciding, on a conversion application, to convert non-trunk infrastructure to trunk infrastructure, to amend the development approval by imposing a necessary infrastructure condition for the trunk infrastructure.	Section 662(3) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to agree with an applicant that a levied charge, for the purpose of its recovery, is not taken to be rates.	Section 664(2) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to impose a condition on a development approval about non-trunk infrastructure.	Section 665 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to enter an infrastructure agreement.	Chapter 8 Part 4 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a public sector entity, to enter an agreement about: a) providing or funding infrastructure; or b) refunding payments made towards the cost of providing or funding infrastructure.	Section 677 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
	Power, as a local government, to sell land it holds on trust in fee simple for public parks infrastructure or local community facilities.	Section 678 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government where trunk infrastructure is not identified because paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of the definition of trunk infrastructure in section 627 do not apply, to impose a condition on a development approval for the supply of development infrastructure for a purpose mentioned in section 665(2).	Section 679 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, upon receipt of a notice under section 680ZD, to note the registration on Council's planning scheme, and any new planning scheme Council makes before the registration ends.	Section 680ZE <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make comments in relation to draft terms of reference for an environmental impact statement.	Section 691(8) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, upon receiving a copy of the draft terms of reference for an environmental impact statement, to make the copy available for inspection and purchase until the last day for making comments.	Section 691(10) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make comments in relation to draft environmental impact statement.	Section 694 and 695 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, upon receiving a copy of the draft environmental impact statement, to make the copy available for inspection and purchase until the last day for making comments.	Section 694(7) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
	Power, as a local government, to decide claims for compensation.	Sections 709 and 710 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
	Power, as local government, to seek approval of the Governor in Council to take land, under the Acquisition Act.	Section 714 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager or relevant entity for a request for compliance assessment, to enter land to undertake works.	Section 715 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager or other entity, where a person has incurred loss or damage because of the exercise of powers under section 715, to decide a claim for compensation and recover, from the applicant or person who requested compliance assessment, the amount of compensation paid that is not attributable to Council's negligence.	Section 716 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
	Power to make submissions in response to public notification of a development for public housing.	Section 721 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity required to keep a document available for inspection and purchase, to charge a person for supplying copy of the document or part of the document.	Section 723(3) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to decide that section 724(1) does not apply where reasonably satisfied that the documents mentioned in section 724(1)(y) to (zd) contain— (a) sensitive security information; or (b) information of a purely private nature about an individual, including, for example, someone's residential address.	Section 724(5) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to decide that section 726(1) does not apply where reasonably satisfied that the documents mentioned in section 726(1) contain sensitive security information.	Sections 726(3) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to decide that section 728(1) does not apply where reasonably satisfied that the documents mentioned in section 728(1) contain sensitive security information.	Section 728(3) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an assessment manager, to decide that section 729(1) does not apply where reasonably satisfied that the documents mentioned in section 729(1)(l) or (m)— (a) sensitive security information; or (b) information of a purely private nature about an individual, including, for example, someone's residential address.	Section 729(5) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a compliance assessor, to decide that section 734(1) does not apply where reasonably satisfied that the documents mentioned in section 734(1) contain— (a) sensitive security information; or (b) information of a purely private nature about an individual, including, for example, someone's residential address.	Section 734(3) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to publish information and documents on Council's website.	Section 736 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to decide that section 736(1) and (2) do not apply where reasonably the information contains sensitive security information.	Section 736(5) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to issue a planning and development certificate.	Section 741 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions in response to public notification of a development application under Chapter 9 Part 7.	Section 751 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity considered appropriate by the Minister, to consult with the Minister in relation to the guidelines the Minister may make under section 759.	Section 759 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity considered appropriate by the chief executive, to consult with the chief executive in relation to guidelines the chief executive may make under section 760.	Section 760 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government that has a declared master planned area in its local government area, to take the action required by subsection 761A(2) (where Council's planning scheme is not an IPA planning scheme) or 761A(3) (where Council's planning scheme is an IPA planning scheme).	Section 761A <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government or an assessment manager, to continue to decide a claim made under sections 5.4.2, 5.4.3, 5.4.5 or 5.5.3 of the repealed IPA.	Section 842 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to impose conditions on a development approval about infrastructure.	Section 848 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to continue to decide an iconic places development application to which section 873(3) applies and give a decision notice for the application.	Section 873(4)(b) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government for the application, to appeal to the Planning and Environment Court, as if Council had been a submitter for an iconic places development application to which sections 461 to 464 apply.	Section 875(3) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government that has started the process for preparing a PIP under section 627 as it was before the SPICOLAA came into effect, to continue to prepare and make the PIP as if the SPICOLAA had not commenced.	Section 976A <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government that has given a notice mentioned in section 977(1) in relation to a development approval (e.g. an adopted infrastructure charges notice), to, where a request to change the development approval under section 369 is made, amend the notice.	Section 977(3) <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government that has a planning scheme that does not include an LGIP and before 4 July 2014, did not include a PIP, to:- (a) give an infrastructure charges notice under section 635; and (b) impose condition about trunk infrastructure under section 646, 647 or 650.	Section 996 <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i>	

***1: Powers must be exercised subject to the following limitations:-**

1. Minor Complying Code and Compliance Assessments and associated administrative matters, including correspondence associated with the routine management of all development applications.
2. Complying Code and Compliance Assessable applications, including Building Works Assessable against the Planning Scheme, and other applications of a minor nature, including all fast track applications.
3. Complying Code Assessable and Compliance Assessable applications, including Operational Works, and Impact Assessable applications without submissions of objection. Also includes a number of process related delegations, including issuing planning certificates, approval of works on and off maintenance and the release of bonds, and all other delegations not otherwise listed.

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Act 2009**

4. Applications of a moderately complex nature, generally mainstream impact assessable applications and code assessable applications of a higher level of complexity. Impact applications may involve submissions objecting to the proposal readily addressable by reasonable and relevant conditions. Both may have minor level aspects outside a stated policy position that are subject to discretionary provisions of the Planning Scheme. Applications seeking approval of a plan of survey are included in this category.
5. Approval of plans of subdivision and associated documentation.
6. Management of appeals and legal proceedings.

Any and all of the above matters may be referred to an Ordinary Meeting of Council on the request of the Mayor or Councillor or at the request of the Manager Sustainable Communities, General Manager Operations, or the Chief Executive Officer.

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Sustainable Planning Regulation 2009

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to give written notice to a school that Council does not agree to the exemption.	Schedule 4, table 5, item 11(3)(b) of the <i>Sustainable Planning Regulation 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to give written notice to a school that – (a) A matter mentioned in schedule 4, table 5, item 12A(3)(a) applies to the development; and (b) Council is satisfied that the development may – <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • affect the local heritage place, place of cultural heritage significance or protected vegetation; or • be affected by subsidence. 	Schedule 4, table 5, item 12A(3)(b) of the <i>Sustainable Planning Regulation 2009</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of an enclosed space, to give directions to stop persons from smoking in the enclosed space.	Section 26U(1) <i>Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the Department about a proposed local law under section 26ZPA.	Section 26ZPB Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a request for information from the chief executive about a local law made under section 26ZPA.	Section 26ZPC Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to administer and enforce Part 2BB, divisions 4 to 8 and Part 2C, division 3 of the Act.	Sections 26ZU and 26ZV Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a request for information from the chief executive about the local government's administration and enforcement.	Section 26ZW Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to give consent to an authorised person to enter the place.	Section 33(1)(a) <i>Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to sign an acknowledgement confirming that consent to enter the place was given to an authorised person.	Section 34(3) <i>Tobacco and other Smoking Products Act 1998</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a seized thing, to inspect the thing seized by an authorised person and, if it is a document, to copy it.	Section 44B(1) <i>Tobacco and Other Smoking Products Act 1998</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to manage Council's public marine facilities listed in schedule 1.	Section 5, 7, and Schedule 1 <i>Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a manager of a public marine facility, to give written approval for the use of the facility for a commercial purpose.	Section 6(b)(i) <i>Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a manager of a non-State managed boat harbour, to pay to the chief executive the fees stated in schedule 3 for each mooring in the boat harbour.	Section 79 <i>Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a manager of a non-State managed boat harbour, to ask the chief executive to enter into another arrangement for the payment of fees under section 79.	Section 81(2) <i>Transport Infrastructure (Public Marine Facilities) Regulation 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the chief executive concerning the development of a roads implementation program if the chief executive believes that Council would be affected by the program.	Section 11(4) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the chief executive concerning the development of a rail implementation program if the chief executive believes that Council would be affected by the program.	Section 14(3)(a) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the chief executive concerning the development of implementation programs for miscellaneous transport infrastructure if the chief executive believes that Council would be affected by the programs.	Section 17(4) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power to prepare and make submissions to the Minister in relation to any declaration, or revocation of a declaration that a road or route, or part of road or route, is a State-controlled road.	Section 25(b) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power to prepare and make submissions to the Minister in relation to any declaration or revocation of declaration that the whole or a part of a State-controlled road is a motorway.	Section 27(3)(b) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into contracts with the chief executive in respect of road works, other works or the operation of State-controlled roads within and outside Council's local government area.	Section 29 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power to make a sharing arrangement with the chief executive for the costs of:- (a) acquisition of land for transport infrastructure; (b) road works on a State-controlled road; (c) other works that contribute to the effectiveness and efficiency of the road network; or (d) the operation of a State-controlled road; including all necessary preliminary costs associated with acquisition, works, or operation.	Section 32 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to provide written approval agreeing to allow the chief executive to enter, and occupy or use the land to undertake road works after service of notice for temporary occupation and use of land.	Section 36(1) and (4) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land, to give notice to the chief executive claiming compensation for physical damage caused by the temporary entry, occupation, or use, or for the taking or consumption of material.	Section 37 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into agreements with the chief executive in relation to funding for road works on Council's roads.	Section 40 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	Subject to financial delegations
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a financial arrangement with the chief executive for improvements to State-controlled roads that would be beneficial to Council's road network.	Section 41 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	Only within financial delegation
Chief Executive Officer	Power to obtain the chief executive's written approval for consent to carry out road works or make changes to the management of a Council road if conditions under subsection (1) apply and exceptions under subsections (2) or (5) do not apply.	Section 42 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply and enforce conditions to proposed road works or changes to the management of a Council road.	Section 42(5) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to obtain the chief executive's written consent to the erection, alteration or operation of an advertising sign or device that would be:- (a) visible from a motorway; (b) beyond the boundaries of the motorway; and (c) reasonably likely to create a traffic hazard; and on conditions that comply with fixed criteria.	Section 43 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply conditions to the erection, alteration or operation of an advertising sign or device.	Section 43(4) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to exercise all the powers Council may exercise for a local government road in its area in relation to State-controlled roads in its area.	Section 45 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of ancillary works and encroachments, to enter into an agreement with the chief executive for a contribution towards the cost of the alteration, relocation, making safe or removal of the ancillary works and encroachments.	Section 52(6) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to the chief executive concerning a proposal to publish a gazette notice to make, amend or revoke a declaration or to make, amend or replace a policy for limited access roads.	Section 55 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an application to the chief executive to make a written decision stating any of the matters provided in sub-subsections (a)-(k) concerning access between 1 or more State-controlled roads and particular adjacent land which Council has an interest in.	Section 62(1) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask the chief executive, in writing, to give Council a copy of any decision in force under section 62(1) for land that Council has an interest in.	Section 67(A) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to enter into an agreement with the chief executive for:- (a) the supply by the chief executive of, or a contribution towards the supply by the chief executive of, alternative road access works between a State-controlled road and Council's land or between Council's land and another road; or (b) the carrying out, or contributions towards the carrying out of, other works in relation to Council's land.	Section 72(2) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to recover, as a debt from the chief executive, compensation for the diminution in land value because of the prohibition or change made to the access between a State-controlled road and Council's land.	Section 73(4) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power to enter into an agreement with the chief executive for the supply of roadside service centres, roadside rest facilities and other roadside businesses adjacent to or near State-controlled roads.	Section 76 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as the owner of a public utility plant (whether existing or proposed), to arrange with the chief executive for the sharing of the costs, including preliminary costs, of all or any of the following:- (a) acquisition of land associated with the plant; or (b) construction, augmentation alteration or maintenance of the plant; or (c) construction of road works affected by the plant.	Section 83 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a toll road operator, to give a single notice to a registered operator for notices under section 99 and 105ZH.	Section 99AA <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a toll road operator, to give a single notice to a person for notices under section 101 and 105ZK.	Section 101A <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to allow the chief executive to enter the land by giving written consent to the chief executive.	Section 109A(4)(a) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power to apply to the chief executive for a rail feasibility investigator's authority for an area of land.	Section 110 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power:- (a) as an owner or occupier of land, to consent to an investigator or an associated person to enter onto land; or (b) as an authorised investigator, to enter land, with the owner's or occupier's consent; for the purpose of investigating the land's potential and suitability as a rail corridor.	Section 114(3)(a) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an authorised investigator, to allow an associated person to act under the investigator's authority.	Section 115(1) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to ask person who has entered, is entering, or is about to enter Council's land under an authority for the person's identification or about the person's authority to enter Council's land.	Sections 115(4) and 408(4) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an authorised investigator, to do anything necessary or desirable to minimise damage to the land or inconvenience to the land's owner or occupier.	Section 117(b) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to:- (a) claim compensation from the relevant person for the loss or damage arising out of an entry onto land, any use made of the land, anything brought onto the land, or anything done or left on the land in connection with the relevant person's authority; (b) require the relevant person to carry out works to rectify, within a reasonable time, the damage after the relevant person has finished investigating the land under the authority; or (c) require the relevant person to carry out works to rectify the damage and claim compensation from the investigator for any loss or damage not rectified.	Section 118 (1) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power:- (a) as an owner or occupier of land, to make an agreement with the relevant person with regards to the amount of compensation; or (b) as an authorised investigator, to make an agreement with owner or occupier of the land with regards to the amount of compensation.	Section 118(4)(a) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land, to agree to allow an applicant for accreditation as a railway manager and/or operator to access the land where the railway is constructed or is proposed to be constructed.	Section 126(2)(d)(i) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to agree to allow the chief executive or an accredited person to take or use the material on Council's land.	Section 165(c) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to give written notice to the chief executive or an accredited person regarding:- (a) a claim for compensation for the loss or damage caused by the entry or railway works carried out on Council's land; (b) a claim for compensation for the taking or use of materials; (c) a requirement that the accredited person carry out works in restitution for the damage; or (d) a requirement that the accredited person carry out works in restitution for the damage and a claim for compensation for any loss or damage not restituted.	Section 166(1) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to seek the chief executive's written approval to carry out works near a railway.	Section 168 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to make an agreement with an authorised person to allow the authorised person to enter Council's land and inspect railway works.	Section 168(7)(b) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to consent to the entry of a rail safety officer into the place.	Section 178(1)(a) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to sign an acknowledgement of Council's consent to allow a rail safety officer to enter the place.	Section 179(3) and (5) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an agreement with the chief executive, or commence proceedings in a court, for compensation to be paid to Council because of the revocation of an unregistered right in a railway manager's sublease for a section of rail corridor land.	Section 240B (5)-(7) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power to enter into a sublease with the chief executive for a section of non-rail corridor land.	Section 240D <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as an owner of land, to seek and negotiate with the railway manager a right of access across a proposed railway if Council's land is adjacent to the relevant land or Council has access over the relevant land.	Section 240E(2) and (3) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as an owner of land, to ask the chief executive, if an agreement regarding right of access cannot be made, to decide whether a right of access across the proposed railway should be granted.	Section 240E(5) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land, to give the chief executive the information the chief executive requires in deciding whether to grant a right of access across the proposed railway.	Section 240E(7) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a right of access holder, to agree to cancel the right of access to the land.	Section 240F(3)(a) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power, an owner of land, to enter into an agreement in relation to the compensation payable for the cancellation of a right of access across a rail corridor land.	Section 240F(4) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as an owner of land, to commence proceedings in the Land Court for compensation.	Section 240F(6) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an agreement with the railway manager for a railway within a common area regarding the costs of removing rail transport infrastructure from the common area and restoring the relevant road.	Section 249(5) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power:- (a) as an authority responsible for a road, to make an agreement with the railway manager with regards to the responsibility for the payment of all reasonable expenses incurred in altering the road level; or (b) as an occupier or owner of land that has been directly affected by the road alteration, to:- (i) make an agreement with the railway manager regarding the amount of compensation payable to Council; (ii) make an application to a court with jurisdiction to make a decision on the amount of compensation.	Section 250 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to construct, maintain and operate a road on rail corridor land or non-rail corridor land, if permitted by the chief executive, by way of a bridge or other structure that allows the road to go over or pass under the relevant infrastructure on the land, or a crossing at the same level as the relevant infrastructure.	Section 253(1) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a sublessee of non-rail corridor land, to consult with the chief executive before the chief executive makes a decision on proposed relevant infrastructure on rail corridor land or non-rail corridor land.	Section 253(3) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a sublessee of non-rail corridor land, to continue to use the land and the airspace above the land, other than any land and airspace excluded by a condition of the permission.	Section 253(4) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into an agreement with the chief executive concerning the maintenance of a road and a bridge, structure or crossing constructed on rail corridor land or non-rail corridor land, as well as the costs of removing the bridge, structure or crossing when the road is no longer in use and the subsequent restoration of the relevant infrastructure on the land.	Section 253(7) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power:- (a) to seek written approval from a railway's manager to interfere with the railway; and (b) to interfere with a railway provided that the interference is:- (i) with the railway manager's written approval; (ii) permitted or authorised under a right of access under sections 240E or 253, or under the <i>Transport (Rail Safety) Act 2010</i> ; or (iii) otherwise approved, authorised or permitted under this Act or another Act.	Section 255(1) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an application to the chief executive to make a change to the management of a local government road.	Section 258A <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land next to existing railway, to enter into an agreement for compensation for railway works with the railway manager.	Section 260(4)(b) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an owner or occupier of land adjacent to an existing railway, to carry out further works at Council's expense, with the railway manager's agreement, if Council considers that the works carried out under section 260 are insufficient for the convenient use of the land.	Section 260(6) and (7) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land adjacent to an existing railway, to cross the existing railway with Council's, and its employees' and agents', vehicles and livestock until the railway manager carries out the works pursuant to subsection (2), unless Council has received compensation for the works.	Section 260(9) and (11) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operational licensee, to:- (a) apply for an approval by a responsible entity to construct, maintain, use or operate miscellaneous transport infrastructure stated in the licensee's operational licence across, over or under an intersecting area and (b) subject to any approval conditions, construct, maintain, use or operate the miscellaneous transport infrastructure identified in the application across, over or under the area.	Section 420 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a responsible entity for an intersecting area, to grant or refuse an approval for an application by a licensee to construct, maintain, use, or operate miscellaneous transport infrastructure stated in the licensee's operational licence across, over, or under an intersecting area.	Section 420(3) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operational licensee, to apply in writing to the Minister for an approval under section 420 should the responsible entity refuse the application or fail to grant the application within 20 business days after the application is made.	Section 422 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to impose reasonable conditions on an approval given to a licensee's application made by Council or the Minister.	Section 423 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to jointly, with a licensee applicant, appoint an independent arbitrator to resolve a dispute concerning approval conditions.	Section 426(1) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an application to the Minister and the Minister administering the <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i> , if Council and the licensee applicant do not appoint an arbitrator within 10 business days of the giving of a dispute notice, to appoint an independent arbitrator to resolve a dispute concerning approval conditions.	Section 426(2) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an operational licensee, to make an agreement with the State regarding the ownership of miscellaneous transport infrastructure.	Section 431 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to commence proceedings against a licensee to claim an amount incurred by Council for the cost, damage, liability, or loss because of the existence, construction, maintenance, use or operation of the miscellaneous transport infrastructure by the licensee.	Section 432(3) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to give permission to the chief executive, or a person authorised by the chief executive, to occupy or use Council's land for the purposes of Chapter 12.	Section 434 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land, to claim compensation from the chief executive for physical damage caused to Council's land by the entry, occupation, use, or for the taking or consumption of materials from the land under Chapter 12.	Section 435 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for an exemption from complying with a provision of a regulation about transporting dangerous goods by rail	Section 443(1) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to help, or attempt to help, in a situation in which an accident or emergency involving dangerous goods happens or is likely to happen.	Section 458 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consent to Council's appointment as a manager of a public marine facility.	Section 459(2) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the manager of a public marine facility, to exercise all its functions, powers and obligations under the <i>Local Government Act 2009</i> , and do anything Council considers necessary or convenient for the facility's effective and efficient management.	Section 462 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the manager of a public marine facility, to impose fees for the use of the facility, whether as a condition of an approval to use the facility or otherwise, and recover the fee as a debt owing to Council.	Section 466 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the manager of a public marine facility, to resign.	Section 467 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the manager of a public marine facility, to remove, within 3 months of its resignation or the revocation of the appointment, any improvements to the facility added by Council that do not form an integral part of the facility.	Section 468 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to give consent to an authorised person under Chapter 15 to enter the place.	Section 475I <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an occupier of a place, to sign an acknowledgement of the consent given to an authorised person under Chapter 15 to enter the place.	Section 475J(3) and (5) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to the chief executive in relation to a proposed declaration of a transport interface management area.	Section 475Z(2) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into a transport interface agreement for a transport interface.	Section 475ZJ <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to provide written agreement to a person authorised by the chief executive to enter the land and inspect Council works that threaten, or are likely to threaten, the safety or operational integrity of transport infrastructure.	Section 476B(7)(b) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to undertake the following concerning the entry onto Council land pursuant to section 476B(7):- (a) claim compensation for loss or damage caused by the entry on Council land; or (b) claim compensation for the taking or use of materials; or (c) require the chief executive to carry out works in restitution for the damage; or (d) require the chief executive to carry out works in restitution for the damage and then claim compensation for any loss or damage not restituted.	Section 476C(2) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner or occupier of land, to enter into an agreement with the chief executive with regards to the amount of compensation to be claimed by Council pursuant to subsection (2).	Section 476C(4)(a) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal to the Minister against a notice requiring Council to give to the chief executive, or to a specified person, information on a particular issue relevant to the discharge of functions or the exercise of powers under the Act or the <i>Sustainable Planning Act 2009</i> .	Section 477(4) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a relevant entity under this section and lease holder under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> of port land or land relating to a declared project that has been subleased to a person, to grant a concurrent sublease of all or part of the land to another person for all or part of the term of the lease.	Section 477C <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
	Power, as a relevant entity under this section and lease holder of land under the <i>Land Act 1994</i> in relation to a declared project, to grant a licence to enter and use the land.	Section 477E <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a holder, or proposed holder, of a licence to construct or establish transport infrastructure under the Act, to:- (a) seek consent from the chief executive allowing Council to submit a compliance management plan; and (b) submit a compliance management plan addressing 1 or more compliance matters for the licence.	Section 477G <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the manager of a public marine facility, to retain fees or other amounts recovered by Council pursuant to section 466 and not paid into the consolidated fund.	Section 480(8) <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask the chief executive to review a decision described in schedule 3 that has affected Council's interests.	Section 485 <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal ("QCAT"), as provided under the <i>QCAT Act</i> , for a review of the chief executive's decision on a review under section 485.	Section 485A <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter an appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the chief executive's decision on a review under section 485.	Section 485B <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Operations (Marine Pollution) Act 1995

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the State, the port authority or port operator, if required, in preparing a response to a discharge or probable discharge of pollutant into coastal waters.	Section 93(5) <i>Transport Operations (Marine Pollution) Act 1995</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Act 1994

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a public authority to make a submission on a proposal to prepare a draft standard.	219C(4) <i>Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Act 1994</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a public authority to make a submission on a draft standard.	219E(3) <i>Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Act 1994</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the general manager a proposal for an area (a proposed area) to be a marine zone under section 177 of the <i>Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016</i> .	Section 179(1) <i>Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with the proposing entity, if it is a government entity, about a proposal under section 179 of the <i>Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2016</i> .	Section 180(1)(a)(iii) <i>Transport Operations (Marine Safety) Regulation 2004</i> 2004 2016	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to install and remove official traffic signs on Council's roads, off-street regulated parking areas and, with the chief executive's written consent, on declared roads.	Section 69 <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to install official traffic signs where reasonably satisfied that there is a danger, hindrance, obstruction to traffic or other emergency.	Section 71 <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to take proceedings against a person who has committed an offence under section 74(1) of <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act</i> .	Section 74(2) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to remove unauthorised traffic signs.	Section 75(1) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to commence proceedings against a person who has injured one of Council's official traffic signs.	Section 76(1) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to remove and detain at a place for safe keeping any vehicles, trams and animals and any goods, equipment or thing contained in, on or about the vehicle, tram or animal, where the requirements of section 100(1) are satisfied.	Section 100 <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to regulate parking in Council's area on a road (other than a declared road), on a declared road (with the chief executive's written permission) or on an off-street regulated parking area.	Section 101(1) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to regulate parking by installing official traffic signs indicating how parking is regulated.	Section 102(1) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**
Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to exercise control over land for use as an off-street parking area under an arrangement with a person who owns or has an interest in the land.	Section 104 <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to install a parking meter or parkatarea for a designated parking space if it is installed in a way specified by the MUTCD or approved by the chief executive.	Section 105(5) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to enter into an agreement with the commissioner of police in respect of annual or periodical payments to the commissioner of police for costs incurred in the carrying out of duties by police officers enforcing parking regulations.	Section 109(1) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management) Act 1995</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**

Transport Operations (Road Use Management – Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to an authorising officer for a special event permit for an event.	Section 125(1) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ensure the conditions of a special event permit are complied with.	Section 127 <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to an authorising officer for a special circumstances permit (e.g. to breach a provision of the Queensland Road Rules to serve an infringement notice).	Section 128(1) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for a permit under section 132.	Section 132(1) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for written consent to drive a vehicle over the bridge or culvert.	Section 133(a) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Accreditation and Other Provisions) Regulation 2015</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**

Transport Operations (Road Use Management – Road Rules) Regulation 2009

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a commercial vehicle identification label for the purposes of stopping in a loading zone.	Section 179(1)(c) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Road Rules) Regulation 2009</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to issue a permit to lead more than one animal on a road.	Section 301(4) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Road Rules) Regulation 2009</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**

Transport Operations (Road Use Management – Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2010

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an eligible person, to request information about a vehicle from, and pay the relevant fee to, the chief executive.	Section 115(1) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2010</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government toll road operator, to enter a written arrangement with the chief executive for the chief executive to give an extract from the register of information about a vehicle to an entity or person listed in section 116(1) or 116(2).	Sections 116(1) and 116(2) <i>Transport Operations (Road Use Management—Vehicle Registration) Regulation 2010</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Trusts Act 1973

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where appointed trustee for certain purposes, to administer trust property.	Section 116 <i>Trusts Act 1973</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
<i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	<p>NOTE: The State (via DERM as it was previously known) has delegated certain powers of the chief executive to local governments under section 263(1)(b) of the <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i> This has been done via:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the Waste Reduction and Recycling (Local Government) Delegation (No. 1) 2015. <p>The delegations specifically include the power to sub-delegate to an “appropriately qualified entity”</p>		
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a waste disposal site required to hold an environmental authority for the disposal of more than 10000t of waste in a year at the site to install prescribed under a regulation, to install and keep in proper working order, a weighbridge (NB this obligation does not come into operation until the day provided in section 8(2) of the Regulation).	Section 43 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a waste disposal site at which a weighbridge is installed, to measure and record waste.	Section 44 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a waste disposal site, to prepare a waste data return for each reporting period.	Section 52 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for accreditation as scheme manager for a voluntary product stewardship scheme.	Section 89 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a participant in an accredited stewardship scheme, to amend the scheme by agreement with all other participants in the scheme.	Section 95 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as scheme manager of an accredited stewardship scheme that the minister is proposing to revoke, to make written submissions to show why the proposed action to revoke the accreditation should not be taken.	Section 97 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to claim a refund amount for an empty container under chapter 4, part 3B, division 3, subdivision 1. <i>Note: this power does not come into effect until 01 November 2018 (section 63 of the Heavy Vehicle National Law and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2018).</i>	Sections 99S(1) and 99U(1) <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a container refund point, to accept the container and pay the person the refund amount for the container.	Section 99S(2) <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a container refund point, to:- (a) keep each refund declaration given to the operator for at least 5 years after the declaration was given; (b) for the proof of identity document mentioned in section 99T(3)(c) that accompanied the declaration, make a copy of the proof of identity document and keep the copy with the declaration for at least 5 years after the declaration was given; (c) if asked by an authorised person - produce the declaration and copy of the proof of identity document for inspection by the authorised person.	Section 99Y(1) <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a container refund point, to enter a container collection agreement with the Organisation.	Section 99ZA <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a container refund point, to claim a collection amount from the Organisation for containers collected. <i>Note: this power does not come into effect until 01 November 2018 (section 63 of the Heavy Vehicle National Law and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2018).</i>	Section 99ZB <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a material recovery facility, to enter a material recovery agreement with the Organisation.	Section 99ZF <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a material recovery facility, to claim the recovery amount from the Organisation. <i>Note: this power does not come into effect until 01 November 2018 (section 63 of the Heavy Vehicle National Law and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2018).</i>	Section 99ZH <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the operator of a material recovery facility, to comply with the recovery amount protocol.	Section 99ZL <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, to give a notice to an adult person.	Section 110 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	As this power relates to Chapter 5, Part 2 of the Act.
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, to give a notice to an adult person.	Section 111 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	As this power relates to Chapter 5, Part 2 of the Act.
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, to direct a responsible entity to collect material from premises.	Section 112 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	As this power relates to Chapter 5, Part 2 of the Act.
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to prepare and implement a waste reduction and recycling plan (NB this obligation does not commence until 30 June 2015).	Section 123 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make written submissions where the chief executive intends to prepare a waste reduction and recycling plan for the local government to address an aspect that is relevant to the local government.	Section 128 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government, to give the chief executive a report about the operation, in the financial year, of all the local	Section 147 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	government's waste reduction and recycling plans in force in its local government area (NB this obligation does not commence until 2 months after 30 June 2015).		
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a reporting entity, to give the chief executive a report about the entity's receiving, sorting, recycling, treatment or disposal of waste in the financial year.	Section 152 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission about a potential end of waste code	Section 160 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission about a draft end of waste code	Section 165 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to amend an end of waste code	Section 168 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in relation to an end of waste code which the chief executive proposes to amend, cancel or suspend, to make written submissions about the proposed action.	Section 172 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive a notice stating that Council intends to become a registered resource producer for the code.	Section 173B(1) <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive a notice in the approved form.	Section 173B(3) <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission in response to a notice issued by the chief executive.	Section 173D <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a request for advice, comment or information about the operation of an end of waste code issued by the chief executive.	Section 173H <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for an end of waste approval to conduct a trial for 1 kind of waste.	Section 173I <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with the conditions of an end of waste approval.	Section 173K <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive to extend an end of waste approval.	Section 173L <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive to amend an end of waste approval.	Section 173M <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive to transfer an end of waste approval.	Section 173O <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a request from the chief executive for advice, comment or information about the operation of Chapter 8, Part 3.	Section 173Q <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a request from the chief executive for further information or documents required to decide an application under chapter 8A.	Section 173T <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a show cause notice from the chief executive.	Section 173ZB <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to surrender an approval by giving notice to the chief executive officer.	Section 173ZE <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a notice from the chief executive requiring information about an approval.	Section 173ZF <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where given, or entitled to be given, an information notice for a decision, to apply to the chief executive for an internal review of the decision.	Section 175 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, apply for an internal review of the decision.	Section 175 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	As this power relates to sections 248(2) and 253(3) of the Act.

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, extend the time for making an internal review application.	Section 176(2) <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	As this power relates to sections 248(2) and 253(3) of the Act.
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where an internal review application has been made, to apply for a stay of the original decision.	Section 177 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, conduct an internal review of the original decision and decide the internal review application.	Section 178 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	As this power relates to sections 248(2) and 253(3) of the Act.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, give notice of an internal review decision.	Section 179 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	As this power relates to sections 248(2) and 253(3) of the Act.
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where given, or entitled to be given, a QCAT information notice under section 179 of the <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i> , to apply to QCAT, under the QCAT Act, for external review of the decision.	Section 180 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, to appoint a person as an authorised person.	Section 183 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i> and	Any appointment of an authorised person must be subject to the limitation that an authorised person can only exercise the powers in section 117 and Chapter 10 of the Act in relation to the following offences: - Chapter 5, Parts 1, 2 and 3, Division 1 and 2 of the Act;

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Section 251(a); - Section 251(c); - Section 254; and - Section 264
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, to issue an identity card to an authorised person.	Section 187 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, to give a show cause notice.	Section 246 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	As this power relates to sections 103(1), 104(1), 107(1), 108, 109(1) or (2) and 112(2) of the Act.
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, to give a compliance notice	Sections 248 and 249 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	As this power relates to sections 103(1), 104(1), 107(1), 108, 109(1) or (2) and 112(2) of the Act.
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as delegate of the chief executive administering the Act, to give a notice requiring the person to commission a waste audit and to provide a waste report on the audit.	Section 253 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	As this power relates to section 104 of the Act.
Chief Executive Officer	Power to bring a proceeding in a Magistrates Court for an order to remedy or restrain an offence against the Act, or a threatened or anticipated offence against the Act.	Section 261 <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council has, by resolution, designated areas to conduct general waste or green waste collection, to decide the frequency of general waste or green waste collection in designated areas.	Section 7(b) <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where the container collection agreement allows the operator to subcontract the operation of the container refund point, to give the Organisation notice of the information contained in subsection (3)	Section 22(3) <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to sign the notice about a recovery sharing arrangement on behalf of Council.	Section 26(3)(a) <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the information required by sections 41Q(2) and 41Q(3) to the Chief Executive	Section 41Q <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the information required by sections 41ZL(1) and 41ZL(2) to the Chief Executive.	Section 41ZL <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare an emergency plan and keep it up to date.	Section 41ZM <i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider directed to impose water restrictions under section 25D, to provide the Minister with a response stating the way it intends to ensure the restrictions are complied with.	Section 25C(d)(iii) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider directed to achieve outcomes, to provide the Minister with a response stating: 1. its intended actions to achieve those outcomes; and 2. if the actions include restrictions; how It intends to ensure compliance with the restrictions.	Section 25C(d)(v) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to comply with a direction given under a water supply emergency declaration.	Section 25E <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider and to the extent stated in a declaration or regulation, to recover, as a debt due, from Council's customers or other service providers: (a) contributions made by the State; and (b) costs in section 25O(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i> to the extent approved by the Minister; and (c) the rate of return.	Section 25O <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to apply to the Minister for compensation for loss or damage because of actions taken under Chapter 1A, Part 1, <i>Water Act 2000</i> and to provide other relevant information required by the Minister.	Section 25R <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider who has made an application under section 25R, to provide the information the Minister requires to decide the application.	Section 25T <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to comply with a notice requiring information issued by the chief executive.	Section 25Y <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider to apply for written approval to restrict the use of subartesian water by a customer of the water service provider in an area if	Section 25ZA(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	the water is taken, other than for stock purposes, for a purpose mentioned in subsections 25ZA(1)(a) or (b).		
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to respond to a request for further information about the application from the chief executive.	Section 25ZA(3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a water service provider outside the SEQ region or a designated region in the circumstance provided in subsection (1), with the written approval of the chief executive, to impose a restriction on the use of subartesian water by a customer of the water service provider in an area.	Section 25ZE <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who is completing works that have been started, to give the chief executive notice about the works by the day stated in the moratorium notice.	Section 30(3)(d) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land, to stop construction of the work by the completion day and apply to the Minister for an extension of the completion day.	Section 33(2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as person who is authorised, or has an entitlement to take or interfere with water, to provide information requested by the chief executive under section 35.	Section 35 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land, to give the chief executive an owner's notice..	Section 36 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a resource operations licence holder, to consult with the chief executive about the proposed temporary release of water from the reserve.	Section 40B <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a notice of public consultation on a proposed water plan.	Section 44 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission on a draft water plan.	Section 46 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission in response to a notice of the Minister's intention to postpone the expiry of a water plan.	Section 54 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions in response to a notice of the making of a draft water use plan.	Section 61 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make consult with the chief executive about the amendment or replacement of a water management protocol.	Section 69(2)(c) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions in response to a notice of the making of a draft water entitlement notice.	Section 72 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to take water for any of the purposes referred to in section 93.	Section 93 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to interfere with water for any of the purposes referred to in section 94.	Section 94 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as the owner of land to take water for stock or domestic purposes.	Section 96 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, to take overland flow water that is not more than the volume necessary to satisfy the requirements of:- (a) an environmental authority; or (b) a development permit for carrying out an environmentally relevant activity.	Section 97(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to interfere with the flow water by impoundment if the interference is not more than is necessary to satisfy the requirements of an environmental authority.	Section 97(2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a constructing authority or water service provider, to take water to operate public showers or toilets.	Section 99(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a constructing authority, to take water to construct or maintain infrastructure.	Section 99(2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, subject to any relevant alteration or limitation prescribed under a moratorium notice, water plan or a regulation under section 1046 to:- (a) take water to carry out an activity prescribed by regulation; (b) take overland flow water; (c) take water that has been collected in a dam other than a dam across a watercourse or lake.	Section 101(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, in a water plan area, subject to any relevant alteration or limitation prescribed under a moratorium notice:- (a) take water up to a volume stated in the water plan for the area; (b) take water if doing so is necessary to carry out an activity stated in the water plan for the area; (c) interfere with water to the extent stated in the water plan for the area.	Section 102(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, where there is no water plan or where the water plan for the area does not provide for the taking or interfering with water up to a volume stated in the plan, subject to any relevant alteration or limitation prescribed under a moratorium notice:- (a) take water up to a volume prescribed by regulation; (b) interfere with water to the extent prescribed by regulation.	Section 102(3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land, to take water from a watercourse, lake or spring for stock or domestic purposes in the circumstances described in subsections (a) or (b).	Section 103 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a parcel or parcels of land, to apply for a water licence for the parcel or parcels.	Section 107 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prescribed entity, to apply for a water licence for taking water or interfering with the flow of water.	Section 107(4) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity mentioned in subsection (1), to apply for a transmission water licence.	Section 108 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requirement for additional information received from the chief executive and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Section 111 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give public notice of an application for a water licence in compliance with a notice received from the chief executive.	Section 112(3), (4), (5) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive evidence of the publication.	Section 112(6) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
	Power to apply for 1 or more dealings with a water licence, take all steps to progress the application and give notice of the application (if required).	Sections 121, 122, 123, 126 and 127 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	Remain with Council
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to have a water licence reinstated.	Section 125 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requirement for additional information received from the chief executive and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Section 128 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a show cause notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to subsection (3).	Section 134 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to surrender a water licence.	Section 136 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for a water permit for an activity.	Section 137 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requirement for additional information received from the chief executive and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Section 137A <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a allocation holder and as a resource operations licence holder to enter a supply contract for the allocation.	Section 147(4) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licence holder, to require the allocation holder to give reasonable security for supplying and storing the allocation.	Section 149 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a requirement from the chief executive to give additional information about the correction and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Section 151 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licence holder in a circumstance prescribed in subsection (1), to agree that the obligation on the water allocation holder to pay a charge has been satisfied.	Section 154(2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licence holder in a circumstance prescribed in subsection (1), to give notice in the approved form to the chief executive of an agreement reached under subsection (2).	Section 154(3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an allocation holder in a circumstance prescribed in subsection (1), to give a disclosure statement and acknowledgement notice for the water allocation before entering a contract for the transfer or lease of the water allocation.	Section 155 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a water allocation holder who proposes to transfer or lease a water allocation not managed under a resource operations licence, to give the chief executive notice of the proposed transfer or lease.	Section 157 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a water allocation holder, to apply to the chief executive for a water allocation dealing, other than a transfer or lease, under the water allocation dealing rules and to take all steps to comply with the rules.	Section 159 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a water allocation holder, given a certificate under sections 157 or 159, to lodge it with the registrar.	Section 161 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a water allocation holder, to surrender the water allocation by agreement with the chief executive.	Section 162(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a water allocation managed under a resource operations licence or a distribution operations licence, to consent to the surrender of the water allocation with or without conditions.	Section 162(2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or distribution operations licence, to otherwise agree with the chief executive about the liability for fees under the supply contract or distribution arrangements.	Section 162(3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of water allocation, to respond to a show cause notice as to why the allocation should not be forfeited.	Section 164(2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person having an entitlement to exercise a power of sale in relation to a water allocation, to give notice of the proposed exercise of the power to any person having a registered interest in the water allocation.	Section 166(5) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person having an entitlement to exercise a power of sale in relation to a water allocation, to apply an amount received on the sale of the water allocation in the way mentioned in section 164(7).	Section 166(6) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to search and obtain copies of documents in the water allocations register and pay any fees associated with the request.	Section 175 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a nominator, to give the chief executive notice in the approved form nominating a nominee to be the holder of a distribution operations licence.	Section 178 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity mentioned in section 176(2) to apply for a resource operations licence for existing or proposed water infrastructure.	Section 181(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity mentioned in section 177(2) to apply for a distribution operations licence for existing or proposed water infrastructure.	Section 181(2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or a distribution operations licence, to consult with the chief executive about a proposed amendment of the licence.	Section 183(3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

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COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence in the circumstances listed in subsection (4), to ask the chief executive to refer the proposed change to the rules to a referral panel.	Section 183(5) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or a distribution operations licence, to apply to the chief executive to amend the licence and pay any fee associated with the application.	Section 184(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence in the circumstances listed in subsection (4), to ask the chief executive to refer the proposed change to the rules to a referral panel.	Section 184(6) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or a distribution operations licence, to agree with the chief executive about the amendment of the licence.	Section 186 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or the holder of a distribution operations licence or the current infrastructure owner, to apply to the chief executive to transfer the licence and pay any fee associated with the application.	Section 187 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the current infrastructure owner or incoming owner, to give written consent to the application to transfer.	Section 188 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requirement of the chief executive to give additional information about the application and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Section 189 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or a distributor operations licence, to apply to the chief executive to amalgamate the licence with another licence in the same water supply scheme and pay any fee associated with the application.	Section 193 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

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COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as allocation licence the holder of a resource operations licence or distribution operations licence, or the water infrastructure owner, to respond to a show cause notice issued by the chief executive about the proposed cancellation of the licence.	Section 195(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or a distribution operations licence, to agree with the chief executive that the licence is no longer required and that it can be cancelled.	Section 196 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or a distribution operations licence, to prepare the operations manual and submit it together with the sufficient information to the chief executive for approval.	Section 197 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or a distribution operations licence, to publish the approved operations manual on Council's website.	Section 198(3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or a distribution operations licence, to apply to the chief executive to have those parts of the operations manual that were not approved referred to a referral panel.	Section 199(3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a resource operations licence or a distribution operations licence, to apply to the chief executive to amend or replace an operations manual.	Section 200(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a relevant licence, to apply to the chief executive to amend the relevant licence.	Section 200(4) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of the licence, to publish a statement of the changes made to the operations manual.	Section 200(6) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in the circumstances prescribed in subsections (1) or (3), to review the operations manual and apply to the chief executive to amend it.	Section 201 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

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COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity referred to in subsection (1), to give an authorised person free and uninterrupted access to the water infrastructure to which the licence applies and any records relating to the water infrastructure.	Section 203(2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity given a direction under section 203B(1), to comply with the direction.	Section 203D <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
	Power, to apply for an operations licence.	Section 206 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requirement of the chief executive to give additional information about the application and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Section 207 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive to amend an operations licence.	Section 211 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of an operations licence, to respond to a show cause notice issued by the chief executive about the proposed amendment or cancellation of the licence.	Section 212 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of an operations licence, to consent to a different day being stated in the operations licence.	Section 213(4) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee or a new water entitlement holder, in circumstances where subsection (2) applies, to consent to the amendment including the new holder instead of the previous holder.	Section 213(5) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a licensee, to surrender an operations licence by giving the chief executive a notice to surrender.	Section 216 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the chief executive for a permit to destroy vegetation, excavate or place fill in a watercourse, lake or spring.	Section 218 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as the registered owner of land to consent to the making of an application for a permit to destroy vegetation, excavate or place fill in a watercourse, lake or spring.	Section 218(3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

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COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requirement of the chief executive to give additional information about the application and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Section 219 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a permittee, to respond to a show cause notice issued by the chief executive about the proposed amendment or cancellation of a riverine protection permit.	Section 222 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to subsection (3).	Section 225 (5) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for an allocation of quarry material.	Section 227 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requirement of the chief executive to give additional information about the application, to pay the chief executive the reasonable amount and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Section 228 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
	Power, as an allocation notice holder, to apply to transfer all or part of the allocation to another person and pay any fee associated with the application.	Section 235 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	Remain with Council
	Power, as an allocation notice holder, to apply to renew the allocation notice before it expires.	Section 236 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	Remain with Council
Chief Executive Officer	Power as an allocation holder, to respond to a show cause notice issued by the chief executive about the proposed amendment, suspension or cancellation of the allocation notice.	Section 237 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an allocation holder, to surrender the allocation notice by giving the chief executive a notice of surrender.	Section 239 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an allocation holder, to pay the royalty or price payable for quarry material removed under the allocation notice.	Section 240 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make written submissions in response to a notice published pursuant to section 345 of the <i>Water Act 2000</i>	Section 345 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare a draft water security program	Section 354 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare a revised draft water security program	Section 357(4) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to decide not to prepare a revised draft water security program	Section 357(6) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to finalise a water security program	Section 358 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to review a water security program	Section 359 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to amend a water security program	Section 360 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
	Power, as a bulk water party, to amend a bulk water supply agreement	Section 360H <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
	Power, as a bulk water party to an amended bulk water supply agreement, to respond to Minister's notice under section 360I	Section 360I <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a code regulated entity to make submissions to the Minister about the making or amending of the bulk water code	Section 360U <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission to the responsible entity about a proposed underground water impact report or final report and give a copy of the submission to the chief executive.	Section 382 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land, to comply with any reasonable request by the holder made under subsection (1).	Section 404 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a water bore the holder reasonably believes has an impaired capacity, to negotiate and enter into an agreement with the holder about the matters listed in subsection (2).	Section 406 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a water bore, to comply with any reasonable request by the tenure holder made under subsection (1).	Section 416 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a water bore for which a responsible tenure holder has undertaken a bore assessment under division 2, to negotiate and enter into make good agreement for the bore.	Section 423 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a water bore who has entered a make good agreement for the bore, to terminate the agreement within the cooling off period by giving written notice to the responsible tenure holder for the water bore.	Section 423A <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a make good agreement, in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to:- (a) give a notice under subsection (2); and (b) negotiate a variation of a make good agreement for the water bore.	Section 424 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425 to give the other party, and where necessary the chief executive, an election notice.	Section 426 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425, to ask for and agree to a longer period to finish the conference or ADR.	Section 427(4) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425, to attend a conference.	Section 429(1) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425, to seek the authorised officer's approval for someone else to be present at the conference.	Section 429(3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425, to agree to the other party being represented by a lawyer.	Section 429(4) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party who attended the conference where the other party did not attend, to apply to the Land Court for Council's costs.	Section 430 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to a dispute referred to in section 425, to negotiate an agreement about the matters the subject of the conference and to sign the agreement on Council's behalf.	Section 433 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as party to the dispute or who attended the conference or ADR under section 425 of the <i>Water Act 2000</i> , to apply to the Land Court to decide the matter the subject of the election notice issued under section 425 of the <i>Water Act 2000</i> .	Section 434(3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of a water bore, to comply with a requirement of the chief executive to give the information referred to in subsection (2).	Section 454 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission in response to a proposal to amend the establishment regulation for a water authority.	Section 556 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission in response to a proposal to change the composition of the board of a water authority.	Section 598A <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
	Power, as a landholder who receives a notice from the chief executive, to make a submission regarding a proposed amalgamation or dissolution of water authorities.	Section 692 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant registered owner of land in the authority area, to enter a closed water activity agreement.	Section 695A <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
	Power to agree in writing with the water authority to a proposed transfer by the water authority to the local government of all or part of the authority's functions and on how to implement the proposed transfer.	Section 700A(1)(a)(i) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, together with a water authority, to notify the Minister of their agreement about the proposed transfer and on how it is to be implemented and ask for the Minister's approval of the proposed transfer.	Section 700A(1)(b) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a requirement of the Minister made under this subsection.	Section 700A(2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as interested person who has been given an information notice or compliance notice by the chief executive, to apply for an internal review of the original decision to give the notice.	Section 862 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as interested person who applied for an internal review under section 862 of the <i>Water Act 2000</i> , to appeal against, or apply for a review of, the review decision.	Section 877 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as lessee of the leased land, to provide written consent to arrangements about the route the person may use across the lessee's land for the removal of the quarry material.	Section 966(2)(a) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to the chief executive in response to a show cause notice issued pursuant to section 972H(2) and to comply with any notice issued pursuant to section 972H(3).	Sections 972H(2) and (3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to the chief executive in response to a show cause notice issued pursuant to section 972I(1) and to comply with any notice issued pursuant to section 972I(2).	Sections 972I(1) and (2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make submissions to the chief executive in response to a show cause notice issued pursuant to section 972J(2) and to comply with any notice issued pursuant to section 972J(3).	Sections 972J(2) and (3) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a claim for compensation under Chapter 8, Part 3 to the chief executive.	Section 988 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
	Power, if one of the stated authorities, to have a supply contract with SEQ Water for Council's water entitlement.	Section 992C <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a client, to consent to the disclosure of commercially sensitive information.	Section 1010A(2) <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Act 2000

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an owner of land to which the expired licence attached, to apply to the chief executive:- (a) to reinstate the licence and make a validating declaration; or to replace the licence and make a validating declaration.	Section 1273A <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as holder of the new licence, to request the chief executive to make a validating declaration in relation to the licence.	Section 1273B <i>Water Act 2000</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a holder of a distribution operations licence or a resource operations licence, to consent to the chief executive amending the licence without complying with the provisions of chapter 2, part 3, division 5, subdivision 2.	Section 1288 <i>Water Act 2000</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Fluoridation Act 2008**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	Power to decide that fluoride be added to the water supply and to give the requisite notice (if applicable) to the water supplier.	Section 7(1) and (2) <i>Water Fluoridation Act 2008</i>	
	Power to decide that fluoride not be added to the water supply and to give the requisite notice (if applicable) to the water supplier.	Section 7(3) and (4) <i>Water Fluoridation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive notice stating the Council has made a fluoridation decision and to publish that notice.	Section 13(2) <i>Water Fluoridation Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive a fluoridation notice and to publish that notice.	Section 13(3) <i>Water Fluoridation Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Regulation 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, in relation to an original licence, to apply to the chief executive for a transfer, amendment or amalgamation and to pay the application fee.	Section 34 <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of the original licence, to swear the statutory declaration required in subsection (3)(b)(i)	Section 34(3)(b)(i) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an interested entity, to provide written consent to the proposed transfer, amendment or amalgamation.	Section 34(3)(b)(ii) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an applicant under section 34, to give the chief executive a transfer notice.	Section 37 <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a water allocation, to apply to the chief executive for a seasonal water assignment for the water allocation for the water year in which the application is made and to pay the application fee.	Section 58(1) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the holder of a seasonal water assignment notice, to apply to the chief executive for a seasonal water assignment for the seasonal water assignment notice for the water year in which the application is made and to pay the application fee.	Section 58(2) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive under subsection (2).	Section 64(2) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive evidence of the publication.	Section 64(5)(a) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief additional information required under subsection (1) and to verify the information by statutory declaration.	Section 65 <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, where Council has made an application under section 63, to pay the estimated cost to the chief executive.	Section 66(3) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Regulation 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a meter notice issued by the chief executive.	Section 108 <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant person in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to give the chief executive a written notice stating the meter is a faulty meter.	Section 110A(3) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant person in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to give the chief executive all the information sated in subsection (4).	Section 110A(4) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant person in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to, before the expiry date:- (a) ensure that a meter, other than a faulty meter, is attached to the works; (b) arrange a validation inspection for the meter and give the chief executive a copy of the validation certificate for the meter.	Section 110A(5) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant person in the circumstances specified in subsection (1), to request the expiry date be extended.	Section 110A(6) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to arrange for a validation inspection to be carried out on a meter and to give a copy of the validation certificate to the chief executive.	Section 112 <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant person, to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive under subsection (3).	Section 112A(5) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant person, to request the expiry date be extended.	Section 112A(6) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a notice from the chief executive requiring Council to read a meter and , provide the meter reading to the chief	Section 113(3) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Regulation 2016

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
	executive and notify the chief executive about whether or not the meter is faulty.		
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay a meter operating charge to the chief executive.	Section 115 <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay a meter use charge to the chief executive.	Section 116 <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the chief executive a notice that Council has decided to stop using an approved meter.	Section 117(1) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay the metering exit charge.	Section 117(3) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, after receiving a transfer notice, to give written notice to the chief executive that Council is refusing to accept the transfer	Section 119(3) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a licensee to pay the water licence fee stated in the notice received from the chief executive.	Section 131(2)(b) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to pay a charged levied by a notice received from the chief executive pursuant to this section.	Section 134(1)(d) <i>Water Regulation 2016</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a responsible entity, to respond to a notice to give information received from the regulator.	Section 13 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a local government that owns infrastructure for supplying water or sewerage services, to apply for registration as a service provider.	Sections 20 and 21(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an applicant under section 20 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> , to give additional information to the regulator about the application.	Section 21(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to apply to change the service provider's details of registration in the service provider register.	Section 23 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to review the service provider's registration details in the service provider register and notify the regulator of any changes in the details.	Section 23A <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a current infrastructure owner, to give to the regulator notice of the transfer of the ownership of infrastructure for the relevant service or notice of transfer of the registration as service provider for the relevant service.	Section 25A <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, to respond to the regulator's request to give additional information about a transfer notice.	Section 25A(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give notice to the regulator that the service provider is likely to stop supplying a registered service.	Section 26(2) and 26(7)(b) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to respond to a request by the regulator for additional information about a possible stoppage.	Section 26(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give notice to the regulator that the service provider has stopped supplying a registered service.	Section 26(8) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to apply to the regulator to cancel the registration as a service provider if the service provider is not supplying, and does not intend to start supplying, the service for which the provider is registered.	Section 28 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as applicant, to respond to a request by the regulator for additional information about a cancellation of registration as a service provider.	Section 28(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give a person a notice requiring them to provide a reason why Council should not disconnect their unauthorised connection.	Section 33(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to consider a response provided to a notice issued pursuant to section 33(2).	Section 33(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to recover from a person, as a debt, Council's costs in disconnecting the unauthorised connection, and the value of any service used by the person through the connection.	Section 33(4) (b) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give a person a notice requiring them to rectify equipment or remove vegetation or other things.	Section 34(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to recover from an owner as a debt, Council's costs in doing the work required to be done in a notice issued under section 34(2) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 34(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to install or approve the installation of a meter and to decide the position of the meter, on infrastructure supplying water to premises.	Section 35 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give a person an entry notice.	Section 36(2)(b) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to recover from a person as a debt, the amount of the loss or reasonable cost of repairing damage to Council's infrastructure caused by the person.	Section 40(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as water service provider, to restrict: (a) the volume of water taken by or supplied to a customer or type of customer; or (b) the hours when water may be used on premises for stated purposes; or (c) the way water may be used on premises.	Section 41(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	To be approved by the Mayor and CEO
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a water service provider, to provide an exemption to a water restriction.	Section 41(5) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a water service provider, to give notice of a service provider water restriction imposed by the service provider to anyone affected by it.	Section 43(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a water service provider, to shut off water supply to premises for the time reasonably necessary to perform work on the infrastructure.	Section 44(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a water service provider, to give notice of shut off of water supply to anyone likely to be affected by it.	Sections 44(2) and 44(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to shut off water supply without notice if there is: (a) a serious risk to public health; (b) likelihood of serious injury to persons or damage to property; or (c) another emergency.	Section 44(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to appoint an authorised person.	Section 45 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to issue an identity card to an authorised person.	Section 46 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give a customer, or type of customer, a written notice to prepare a plan and to give it to Council within a reasonable period.	Section 52(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to require the customer to give additional information about the plan within a reasonable period, for deciding whether or not to approve a water efficiency management plan.	Section 54(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to approve or refuse a water efficiency management plan.	Section 54(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give an information notice.	Section 54(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, where the water efficiency management plan is not approved, to extend the 20 business day period within which the customer must amend the plan to address the reasons for the decision and give the revised plan to Council under section 54(4) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 54(5) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to recover from the customer, as a debt, an application fee for the approval of a water efficiency management plan.	Section 54(7) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give the chief executive:- a) a copy of an approved water efficiency management plan; or b) information about a plan that has not yet been approved; or c) a report summarising progress by the water service provider's customers in achieving water savings and efficiencies.	Section 56(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to comply with a written direction of the Chief Executive	Section 57(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to give a customer a written notice requiring the customer to:- a) amend the plan and give it to the water service provider within the reasonable period stated by the water service provider; or b) prepare a new water efficiency management plan and give it to the water service provider within the reasonable period stated by the water service provider.	Section 58(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to approve a request to amend an approved water efficiency management plan or a request that a new water efficiency management plan be prepared.	Section 59 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to give a customer a notice to comply with a water efficiency management plan.	Section 60 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to require a customer to review a water efficiency management plan.	Section 61 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a drinking water service provider, to prepare a drinking water quality management plan.	Section 95 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a drinking water service provider, to provide information requested by the regulator.	Section 96 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a drinking water service provider, to amend, with the agreement of the Regulator, a drinking water quality management plan.	Section 99A <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a drinking water service provider, to apply to amend a drinking water quality management plan.	Section 100 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as drinking water service provider, to make submissions in response to a show cause notice issued by the regulator regarding proposed amendments to the drinking water quality management plan.	Section 101 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as drinking water service provider, to comply with a notice issued by the regulator pursuant to section 101(3)(a) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 101(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as drinking water service provider, to notify the regulator of any noncompliance with the water quality criteria relating to the service and the circumstances that gave rise to the noncompliance.	Section 102 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as drinking water service provider that obtains water for the drinking water service from a water storage or other infrastructure not part of a water service for which there is a drinking water quality management plan, to give notice to the owner of the water storage or other infrastructure asking for information reasonably required about the quality of the water.	Section 103 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to review a drinking water quality management plan, in accordance with the notice given by the regulator under section 99.	Section 106(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to amend a drinking water quality management plan to reflect the changes to the operation of the water service and to apply to the regulator to approve the amended plan.	Section 107(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to arrange for the preparation of a drinking water quality management plan audit report and to give it to the regulator.	Section 108 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to arrange for the preparation of a performance audit report and to give it to the regulator.	Section 108A <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to comply with an information notice given by the regulator pursuant to section 110(6) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 110(7) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to give access to the service provider's infrastructure and records relating to the infrastructure to the auditor and any person employed or authorised by the auditor.	Section 112 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider who does not have service contract with all of its customers, to prepare a proposed customer service standard and publish it.	Section 115(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider who does not have service contract with all of its customers, to consider all submissions made in response to the proposed customer service standard and prepare a final customer service standard.	Section 115(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to revise a customer service standard if required to by the regulator under section 118 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 119 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to review a customer service standard.	Section 120 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant service provider, to prepare a drinking water quality management plan report for each financial year after a financial year in which a relevant service provider's drinking water quality management plan has been approved and give a copy to the regulator.	Section 142(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant service provider, to prepare a performance report for each financial year and give a copy to the regulator.	Section 142A(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant service provider, to prepare a system operating plan report for each financial year and give a copy to the regulator.	Section 142B(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider providing a retail water service, to fix a meter and/or seal to a private fire fighting system.	Section 144(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give notice of the making or amendment of a declaration under section 161 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> and to make the notice available for inspection and purchase.	Section 162 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to:- a) keep a map of the service area; b) update the map, at least annually.	Section 163 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to recover from a customer the reasonable costs of complying with its obligations under section 164 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 165 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to impose conditions on the installation of water storage tanks and pumps, where the customer wants to connect to Council's water supply services.	Section 166(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to advise the owner of premises of any work the service provider considers reasonably necessary to be carried out on the premises and any reasonable connection fee to enable the premises to be connected to the service provider's infrastructure.	Section 167(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to issue a notice to the owner of premises in Council's service area, requiring the owner to carry out works for connecting the premises to a registered service.	Section 168 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to issue a notice to an owner or occupier, requiring them to stop contravening a restriction or pay the rate or charge for the service.	Section 169(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to reduce the water supply to premises to the minimum level necessary for health and sanitation purposes, where the circumstances described in section 169(1) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> apply.	Section 169(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as sewerage service provider, to give a person a trade waste approval or a seepage water approval with or without conditions.	Sections 180 and 181 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as sewerage service provider, to suspend or cancel a trade waste approval or seepage water approval.	Section 182 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	Complying with section 183 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as sewerage service provider, to immediately suspend or cancel a trade waste approval or seepage water approval if urgent action is necessary in the interests of public health or safety, to prevent environmental harm, or to prevent damage to the sewerage system or the sewerage service provider has been given a regulator notice prohibiting the sewerage service provider from giving the trade waste approval or seepage water approval.	Section 184 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as sewerage service provider, to, by notice given to the approval holder, amend the approval to ensure it is consistent with the conditions mentioned in section 185(1)(a) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 185 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give or refuse written consent for a person to connect or disconnect from Council's infrastructure.	Section 191 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give or refuse written consent for a person to interfere with Council's infrastructure.	Section 192(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to give or refuse written consent for a person to: (a) build over; (b) interfere with access to; (c) increase or reduce the cover over; or (d) change the surface of land in a way causing ponding of water over an access chamber for; Council's infrastructure.	Section 192(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give or refuse written consent for a person to discharge water from an ornamental pond, swimming pool or filtration system of a swimming pool into Council's infrastructure.	Section 193(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as service provider, to give or refuse written consent for a person to take water from Council's infrastructure.	Section 195 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity for a recycled water scheme to apply for registration of the scheme.	Section 196AA <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity for a recycled water scheme, other than a CSG recycled water scheme, to give additional information about an application under section 196AA to the regulator and to verify the information in a statutory declaration.	Section 196AB <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity for a recycled water scheme, other than a CSG recycled water scheme, to change the details of the registration that are recorded in the register.	Section 196AD <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity for a recycled water scheme, other than a CSG recycled water scheme, to apply to cancel the registration if recycled water is no longer supplied under the scheme.	Section 196AE <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity of a recycled water scheme, to apply to the regulator for approval of a recycled water management plan for the scheme.	Section 202 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity of a recycled water scheme, to respond to the regulator's request for additional information or to verify any information by statutory declaration.	Section 203 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme, to give the regulator notice of the stoppage or proposed stoppage of production or supply of recycled water.	Section 208(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme, to stop supply of recycled water to the entity if the entity is using the water other than in a way or for the purpose provided for under the recycled water management plan.	Section 208(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a scheme manager for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to give the regulator notice of the recycled water provider's stoppage or proposed stoppage of production or supply of recycled water.	Section 208(5) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to stop supply of recycled water to an entity if the entity is using the water other than in a way or for the purpose provided for under the recycled water management plan.	Section 208(6) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity for recycled water scheme, to amend the recycled water management plan with the regulator's agreement.	Section 209 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme, to make a submission in response to the regulator's show cause notice issued under section 210(2) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 210(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme, to amend a recycled water management plan in the way required by a notice issued by the regulator under section 210(3) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> and to give a copy of the amended plan to the regulator.	Section 210(3)(a) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the scheme manager or declared entity for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to make a submission in response to the regulator's show cause notice issued under section 211(2) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 211(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a scheme manager or declared entity for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to amend the manager's scheme manager plan or the entity's scheme provider plan in the way required by a notice issued by the regulator under section 211(3) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> and to give a copy of the amended plan to the regulator.	Sections 211(3)(a) and 211(5) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an entity for the recycled water scheme to apply to the regulator for approval of an amendment to a recycled water management plan.	Sections 212 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the responsible entity, scheme manager or declared entity for a recycled water scheme, to make submissions in response to the regulator's show cause notice issued under section 213(2)(a) or (b) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 213(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity for a recycled water management plan that has been suspended under Chapter 3 Part 2 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> , to apply to the regulator for approval to resume supply of recycled water under the scheme.	Section 215(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity for a recycled water management plan that has been suspended under Chapter 3 Part 2 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> , to comply with a direction of the regulator pursuant to section 215(4)(c) or (d) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Sections 215(4)(c) and 215(4)(d) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider for a recycled water scheme that is not a critical recycled water scheme, to notify the regulator of a proposal to permanently stop the supply of water under the scheme.	Section 230(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity for a critical recycled water scheme, to notify the regulator of a proposal to permanently stop the supply of water under the scheme.	Section 230(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity for the recycled water scheme, to provide information or to verify information by statutory declaration as required by the regulator under section 230(6) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 230(6) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity for a recycled water scheme, to notify the regulator of a stoppage in the supply of recycled water under the scheme.	Section 230(9) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity for the recycled water scheme that augments the supply of drinking water, to apply to the regulator for approval of a validation program.	Section 237 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity for the recycled water scheme that augments the supply of drinking water, to provide information or information verified by statutory declaration as required by the regulator under section 238(1) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Section 238(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity for the recycled water scheme that augments the supply of drinking water, to apply to the regulator to amend the approved validation program.	Section 242 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme to review the approved recycled water management plan for the scheme.	Section 258(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a scheme manager for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme to arrange for a review of the approved recycled water management plan for the scheme	Section 258(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme to amend the approved recycled water management plan for the scheme and apply to the regulator for approval of the amended plan.	Section 259(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a scheme manager for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme to amend the manager's scheme manager plan for the scheme.	Section 259(3)(a) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a declared entity for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme to amend the entity's scheme provider plan for the scheme.	Section 259(3)(b) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a scheme manager for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme to apply to the regulator for approval of the amended recycled water management plan for the scheme.	Section 259(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme or a scheme manager for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to arrange for an internal audit report and give it to the regulator.	Sections 260(1) and 260(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme or a scheme manager for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to arrange for an audit report and give it to the regulator.	Sections 261(1) and 261(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as recycled water service provider for a single-entity recycled water scheme, to respond to the regulator's show cause notice about a proposed spot audit.	Section 262(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the scheme manager or declared entity for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to respond to the regulator's show cause notice about a proposed spot audit.	Section 262(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the responsible entity, to comply with the regulator's notice issued pursuant to section 262(8) of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> .	Sections 262(8) and 262(9) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity and any declared entity for a recycled water scheme, to give the auditor, and any person employed or authorised by the auditor, free and uninterrupted access to the infrastructure forming part of the scheme and any records relating to the infrastructure.	Sections 265 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an alerting entity, to inform the regulator and the responsible entity for the non-compliance that the quality of recycled water produced or supplied under the recycled water scheme for the entity does not comply with the water quality criteria for the recycled water relevant to the scheme.	Sections 270(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a responsible entity for the non-compliance, to give the regulator notice of the following:- a) the noncompliance and the circumstances that gave rise to the noncompliance; b) any action taken, or to be taken, by the entity to correct the noncompliance; c) the measures the entity will take to prevent the noncompliance in the future.	Sections 270(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an alerting entity, to inform the regulator and the responsible entity for the prescribed incident about a prescribed incident.	Sections 271(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a responsible entity for the non-compliance, to give the regulator notice of the following:- a) the prescribed incident and the circumstances that gave rise to the prescribed incident; b) any action taken, or to be taken, by the entity relating to the prescribed incident; c) the measures the entity will take to prevent the prescribed incident in the future.	Sections 271(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity for a recycled water scheme, to prepare an annual report about the scheme and give it to the regulator.	Section 273 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a relevant entity for a recycled water scheme to augment a supply of drinking water, or recycled water scheme to premises by way of a dual reticulation system, to prepare and make publicly available a public report about the scheme.	Section 274 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as recycled water provider or another entity, to respond to a notice issued by the regulator pursuant to this section.	Section 302 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider, or other entity for a multiple-entity recycled water scheme, to make submissions regarding the regulator's intention to make a declaration that the recycled water scheme is a critical recycled water scheme.	Section 303 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity for a critical recycled water scheme, to ask the regulator to review the making of the declaration that the scheme is a critical recycled water scheme, after one year since the declaration was made.	Section 306 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as sewerage service provider, to comply with a regulator notice.	Section 330 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a sewerage service provider, to give the regulator a report about the actions taken to comply with a regulator notice.	Section 331 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a recycled water provider or other declared entity, to give the scheme manager, information the scheme manager reasonably requires to comply with the scheme manager's obligations under the Act.	Section 333 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a dam, to have it failure impact assessed and give it to the chief executive.	Sections 343, 344 and 345 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a dam owner, to give the chief executive additional information about a failure impact assessment.	Section 349(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a dam owner, to comply with an information notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to this section and return the recertified assessment to the chief executive.	Section 351 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a dam owner, to comply with an information notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to this section.	Section 352 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to prepare an emergency action plan for the dam and comply with the requirements of Chapter 4, Part 1, Subdivision 3 when preparing the plan.	Sections 352F, 352G and 352H, <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to comply with an information notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to this section.	Section 352L <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to this section.	Section 352O <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to review an emergency action plan for the dam, give the chief executive a notice stating whether or not the owner proposes an amendment of the plan because of the review and if so, a copy of the amended plan.	Section 352P <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to apply to the chief executive to correct a minor error or make a change, that is not a change of substance, in an emergency action plan for the dam.	Section 352Q <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to apply to the chief executive for a change of substance to an emergency action plan for the dam.	Section 352R(1) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to this section.	Section 352R(2)(c) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to prepare a new emergency action plan for the dam and give it to the chief executive for approval.	Section 352S <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to prepare an emergency event report in compliance with Chapter 4, Part 1, Subdivision 9 and give it to the chief executive.	Section 352T <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to comply with a notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to this section.	Section 352U <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to provide the chief executive with information that will help the chief executive to decide what safety conditions are to apply to the dam.	Section 353 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the owner of a referable dam, to provide the chief executive with information that will help the chief executive to decide what changes should be made to the safety conditions and development conditions that apply to the dam.	Section 356 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a compliance notice issued by the chief executive pursuant to this section.	Section 359 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a dam owner, to give the chief executive the authorisation request information.	Section 379 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a dam owner, to record the authorisation request information in writing and give it to the chief executive where the circumstances in section 381(1) or (2) are satisfied.	Section 381(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare an improvement plan in response to an improvement notice issued by the regulator.	Sections 446(2) and 447 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a show cause notice issued by the regulator pursuant to this section.	Section 446(3) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with a direction issued by the regulator pursuant to this section 448.	Sections 448 and 449 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to start a proceeding referred to in section 475(1) in the District Court and to give a copy of the proceeding to the regulator.	Section 475 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an interested person for an original decision, to apply for an internal review of the decision.	Section 512 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the recipient of a submitter notice on an internal review application, to make written submissions on the application.	Section 513(4) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the applicant on an internal review application, to apply for the stay of an original decision to the relevant entity listed in section 516(2).	Section 516(2) <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an interested person for the original decision, to appeal against or apply for an external review of an internal review decision.	Section 517 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

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DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an interested person for a review decision about an original decision the subject of an information notice or a compliance notice mentioned in section 510(1)(b), other than an original decision that is a decision relating to a matter involving drinking water or recycled water, to give the authority under the <i>Queensland Competition Authority Act 1997</i> a notice applying for arbitration on the decision.	Section 524 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as water service provider, to make guidelines for persons about preparing a water efficiency management plan.	Section 573 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to keep available for inspection and purchase the documents referred to in the section.	Section 575 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a service provider, to publish each of the documents referred to in the section.	Section 575A <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity for a recycled water scheme, to keep available for inspection and purchase the documents referred to in the section.	Section 576 <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as the relevant entity for a recycled water scheme, to publish the annual report prepared under section 273.	Section 576A <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Work Health and Safety Act 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to notify the regulator after becoming aware a notifiable incident has occurred	Section 38 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to consult with workers who are, or are likely to be, directly affected by a matter relating to work health or safety	Section 47 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to facilitate the conduct of an election for 1 or more health and safety representatives to represent workers	Sections 51 to 54 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make an application to the commission to disqualify a health and safety representative.	Section 65 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with the general obligations of a person conducting a business or undertaking provided in section 70.	Section 70 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to refuse on reasonable grounds to grant access to the workplace to a person assisting a health and safety representative for a workgroup.	Section 71(5) <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as person conducting a business or undertaking, to refuse to grant access to information mentioned in section 70(1)(c) if the information is confidential commercial information.	Section 71(7) <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector to decide the matter.	Section 72(5) <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power as a person conducting a business or undertaking to comply with subsections (a) to (c).	Section 74 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to establish a health and safety committee.	Sections 75 to 78 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a party to an issue, to resolve the issue in accordance with an agreed procedure or the default procedure.	Section 80 and 81 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector to assist in resolving the issue.	Section 82(2) <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Work Health and Safety Act 2011**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to direct the worker to carry out suitable alternative work at the same or another workplace.	Section 87 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector to attend the workplace to assist in resolving an issue arising from a cessation of work.	Section 89 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give a copy of the provisional improvement notice to the regulator.	Section 97A <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to give the industrial registrar written notice of the dispute.	Section 102B <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal a decision of the Commission given under Part 5, Division 7A.	Section 102G <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking, to appoint a work health and safety officer for that business or undertaking.	Section 103A <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking, to instruct a work health and safety officer to take reasonable action to eliminate or minimise risks to health and safety.	Section 103F <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Magistrates Court for an order under section 112 about engaging in or inducing discriminatory or coercive conduct.	Section 112 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Commission to revoke a WHS entry permit.	Section 138 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal a decision of the commission.	Section 140 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Work Health and Safety Act 2011**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ask the regulator to appoint an inspector to attend the workplace to assist in resolving the dispute.	Section 141 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the Commission for it to deal with the dispute.	Section 142(4) <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal a decision of the Commission.	Section 142A <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the regulator for the return of a seized thing.	Section 180 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to demand that the regulator allow the CEO to inspect a seized thing and if the seized thing is a document to make copies of it.	Section 181 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to claim compensation from the State.	Section 184 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a written undertaking (a WHS undertaking) in connection with a matter relating to a contravention or alleged contravention of the <i>Work Health and Safety Act</i> .	Section 216 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person who has made a WHS undertaking, to at any time, with the agreement of the regulator, withdraw the undertaking or vary the undertaking.	Section 221 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an eligible person in relation to a reviewable decision to apply to the regulator for an internal review of the decision.	Section 224 <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an eligible person to apply to the external review body for review of a reviewable decision made by the regulator or a decision made, or taken to have been made, on an internal review.	Section 229 to 229E <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Work Health and Safety Act 2011**

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal a decision of the commission.	Section 229F <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, in the circumstances provided in subsections (1) or (1A), make a written request to the regulator that a prosecution be brought.	Sections 231(1) and (1A) <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to, in the circumstances provided in subsection (3), request the regulator to refer the matter to the director of public prosecutions.	Section 231(3) <i>Work Health and Safety Act 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive officer	Power, as an approved RTO, to grant a person a certificate of authority.	Section 31B <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking at a workplace, to prepare, maintain and implement an emergency plan.	Section 43 <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking at a workplace, to maintain a written record of the evidence provided under subsections (1), (2) and (3).	Section 85(4) <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the regulator for a licence to carry out demolition work.	Section 144B <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to make a submission to the regulator in relation to a proposed refusal	Section 144I <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a holder of a licence to carry out demolition work, to make a submission to the regulator in relation to a proposed amendment to a licence.	Section 144P <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a holder of a licence to carry out demolition work to apply to the regulator to amend the licence.	Section 144Q(1) <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power after receiving a written notice of intention to refuse an application to amend the licence from the regulator, to make a submission to the regulator in relation to the proposed refusal.	Section 144Q(2) <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply to the regulator for a replacement document.	Section 144U <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a holder of a licence to carry out demolition work to voluntarily surrender the licence document to the regulator.	Section 144V <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a holder of a licence to carry out demolition work, to apply to the regulator for renewal of the licence.	Section 144VA, 144VB <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a holder of a licence to carry out demolition work to make a submission to the regulator in relation to the proposed suspension, cancellation and/or disqualification.	Section 144Y <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person with management or control of an item of plant stated in schedule 5, part 2, to apply to the regulator for the registration of that item of plant.	Section 265 <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a notice from the regulator on a proposal to refuse registration of an item of plant stated in schedule 5, part 2.	Section 270(1)(b) <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to respond to a notice from the regulator on a proposal to cancel the registration of an item of plant stated in schedule 5, part 2.	Section 288C <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to return the registration document for an item of plant stated in schedule 5, part 2 to the regulator.	Section 288D <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking, to obtain the current safety data sheet for a hazardous chemical used at a workplace	Section 344 <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a person conducting a business or undertaking, to prepare and maintain a register of hazardous chemical used at a workplace	Section 346 <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply in writing to the regulator for authorisation to use, handle or store a prohibited carcinogen or restricted carcinogen	Section 383 <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ensure that all asbestos or asbestos contaminated material at a workplace is identified by a competent person.	Section 422(1) <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to ensure that the presence and location of all asbestos or asbestos contaminated material at a workplace is clearly indicated and if practicable labelled.	Section 424 <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare, maintain and review an asbestos register for each workplace.	Sections 425(1) and 426 <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to prepare, maintain and review an asbestos management plan for each workplace.	Sections 429 and 430 <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an eligible person in relation to a reviewable decision set out in section 676 of the <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation</i> , to apply to the regulator for an internal review of a decision.	Section 678(1) <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an eligible person in relation to a reviewable decision under section 89(5), 118(5), 256(5), 269(5) or 497(5) of the <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation</i> to apply to the regulator for an internal review of the decision.	Section 678(2) <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an eligible person to apply to QCAT for an external review of reviewable decision made by the regulator or of a decision made, or taken to have been made, on an internal review.	Section 683 <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for an exemption from compliance with any provision of the <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation</i> .	Section 684 <i>Work Health and Safety Regulation 2011</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to insure and keep insured all Council's employees and Councillors.	Section 48 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to ask the Regulator to approve the amount provided for in the industrial instrument for the purposes of section 107B of the <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i> .	Section 107E(2) <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to appeal the Regulator's decision to refuse to approve the amount provided for in the industrial instrument under Chapter 13 of the <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i> .	Section 107E(6) <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to pay compensation to an injured worker for the day the worker stops work because of the injury.	Section 144 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to pay the amount of the first charge or the whole of the damages to the insurer.	Section 207B(4) <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to appoint a Rehabilitation and Return to Work Coordinator where the employer meets the criteria prescribed under a regulation.	Section 226 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to prepare and have in place a workplace rehabilitation policy and procedure, and review those policies and procedures every 3 years.	Section 227 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to assist or provide an injured worker with rehabilitation.	Section 228(1) and 228(2) <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to comply with the requirement of an authorised person to give information or produce documents required under section 532C.	Section 532C <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer or contractor, to keep the documents about workers, and contracts for the performance of work, prescribed under a regulation.	Section 532D <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer who is a self-insurer, to give the Regulator information the employer has in relation to a person defrauding, or attempting to defraud, the self-insurer, or in relation to a person stating anything, or giving a document containing information, to the self-insurer or a registered person that the person knows is false or misleading in a material particular.	Section 536(4) <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to apply for a review of a decision identified in section 540(1) of the <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i> and to take all steps necessary to conduct the application and to appear at the hearing.	Section 541 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal to an appeal body against the following decisions of the Regulator or the insurer: (a) a review decision, other than a decision to return a matter to a decision-maker under section 545 of the <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i> ; and (b) a decision under Chapter 3 or Chapter 4 of the <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i> that is not a decision mentioned in section 540(1) (a non-reviewable decision), and to take all steps necessary to file and serve the notice of appeal and conduct the appeal, to appear at any conference in the proceeding and to appear at the hearing.	Section 549, 550, 552A and 554 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power to seek the consent of the other party or the leave of the appeal body for Council to be represented by a lawyer at a conference under section 552A or at the hearing of an appeal.	Section 552B <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power to appeal against a decision of the Regulator identified in section 567 of the <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i> and to take all steps necessary to file and serve the notice of appeal and conduct the appeal, to appear at any conference in the proceeding and to appear at the hearing.	Section 568 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a prospective employer, to request in writing that a prospective worker disclose to Council the worker's pre-existing injury or medical condition, if any.	Section 571B <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a principal contractor for a construction project to, by written notice, ask the relevant contractor for a copy of a required document.	Section 576C <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003</i>	

REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003

DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer other than a self-insurer, to submit to WorkCover a declaration of wages.	Section 8(2) <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer other than a self-insurer, to enter a payment plan with WorkCover.	Section 10(2)(d) <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a former employer, to give written notice to WorkCover.	Section 13(3) <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a self-insurer, to appoint an actuary to calculate an amount of outstanding liability for section 87 of the Act.	Section 26 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to agree with WorkCover on a calculation of an outstanding liability for section 87 of the Act, based on a joint summary report prepared by actuaries under section 30 of the <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i> .	Section 31 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer, to advise the Regulator that WorkCover and the employer do not agree on the outstanding liability amount.	Section 32 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a former self-insurer, to appoint an actuary to calculate an amount of liability for section 102 of the Act.	Section 46 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a former self-insurer, to give the information, in the approved form, necessary to enable the actuaries to complete the calculation.	Section 47 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	

**REGISTER OF DELEGATIONS
COUNCIL TO CEO**
Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003



DELEGATE	DESCRIPTION OF POWER DELEGATED	LEGISLATION	CONDITIONS TO WHICH THE DELEGATION IS SUBJECT
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a former self-insurer, to agree with WorkCover on the amount of the calculation for section 102 of the Act.	Section 51 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a former self-insurer, to advise the Regulator that WorkCover and the former self-insurer do not agree on the self-insurer's liability amount.	Section 52 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a self-insurer, to give the Regulator and the approved actuary, in the form approved by the Regulator, the self-insurer's data.	Section 56 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as a self-insurer, to agree with the Regulator about the self-insurer's estimated claims liability.	Section 62 <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	
Chief Executive Officer	Power, as an employer of employees to appoint one rehabilitation and return to work coordinator for more than one workplace.	Section 115(3) <i>Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Regulation 2003</i>	

Matters that require a Resolution of Council

CANNOT BE DELEGATED

(template checklist as at 10 October 2018)

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Local Government Act & related

SECTION	MATTERS THAT REQUIRE A RESOLUTION OF COUNCIL (CANNOT BE DELEGATED)	CHECKED/DATE/SIGN
	Local Government Act 2009	
25C	Approval of constitution for a joint local government	<input type="checkbox"/>
29	Making of a local law	<input type="checkbox"/>
32	Adoption of a consolidated version of a local law	<input type="checkbox"/>
46(6)	Decision on whether to apply the competitive neutrality principle in relation to a new significant business activity identified in an annual report of the local government	<input type="checkbox"/>
47(7)	Decision on whether to apply the code of competitive conduct to a business activity prescribed under regulation	<input type="checkbox"/>
48	Adoption of a process for resolving competitive neutrality complaints	<input type="checkbox"/>
74(4)	Decision to fix a fee for a person to obtain a copy of a road map or register of roads, or a signed certificate under section 74	<input type="checkbox"/>
80A(5)	Decision to pay compensation to a person because of the establishment, modification or closing of a mall by the local government	<input type="checkbox"/>
84(1)	Decision (of a trustee council) that a meeting relating to trust land be closed to the public	<input type="checkbox"/>

Local Government Act & related

85(2)(c)	Decision (of a trustee council) that a proposal to make a decision must be dealt with as a trust change proposal	<input type="checkbox"/>
88(2)(a)	Appointment (by an indigenous regional council) of a member of a community forum, other than the chairperson	<input type="checkbox"/>
93(3)(h)	Exemption of land from rating that is primarily used for showgrounds or horseracing	<input type="checkbox"/>
93(3)(i)	Exemption of land from rating for charitable purposes	<input type="checkbox"/>
94(2)	Decision on what rates and charges are to be levied for the financial year	<input type="checkbox"/>
97(1)	Fixing of a cost-recovery fee	<input type="checkbox"/>
97(5)(b)	Decision that the purpose of a tax included in an application fee referred to in section 97(2)(a) (cost-recovery fees) benefits the local government area	<input type="checkbox"/>
99(3)	Decision to levy a fee on the occupier of a structure referred to in section 99 (fees on occupiers of land below the high-water mark) for the use of the local government's roads and other infrastructure	<input type="checkbox"/>
100(2)	Decision (by Aurukun Shire Council, Mornington Shire Council or an indigenous local government) to levy a fee on residents of its local government area	<input type="checkbox"/>
107A	Approval and adoption of the budget presented by the mayor	<input type="checkbox"/>
134	Approval of a systematic or selective inspection program	<input type="checkbox"/>

Local Government Act & related

165(2)	Appointment of acting mayor	<input type="checkbox"/>
165(3)	Declaration that the office of deputy mayor is vacant	<input type="checkbox"/>
166(2)	Filling a vacancy in the office of a councillor (who is not the mayor) to which section 166(2) applies	<input type="checkbox"/>
166(5)	Filling a vacancy in the office of a councillor (who is not the mayor) to which section 166(5) applies	<input type="checkbox"/>
170A(6)	Adoption of "acceptable requests guidelines"	<input type="checkbox"/>
175(2)	Appointment of a deputy mayor at a post-election meeting	<input type="checkbox"/>
196(1)	Adoption of an appropriate organisational structure	<input type="checkbox"/>
202(3)(b)	Decision that authorised persons of another local government may be appointed as authorised persons of the local government (as the adopting local government)	<input type="checkbox"/>
257	Delegation of local government powers	<input type="checkbox"/>
268	Adoption of a process for resolving administrative action complaints	<input type="checkbox"/>
276(4)	Adoption or making of a local law to which transitional provisions 276(3) and (4) apply	<input type="checkbox"/>

Local Government Act & related

	Local Government Regulation 2012	
29	Decision to convert a business unit to a commercial business unit	<input type="checkbox"/>
30	Decision to create a commercial business unit	<input type="checkbox"/>
55	Decision on whether to implement the recommendations in the Queensland Productivity Commission's report	<input type="checkbox"/>
74(3)	Decision to use the value of land averaged over a number of financial years for the purpose of calculating the land's rateable value	<input type="checkbox"/>
81	Decision on categorisation of land for differential general rates	<input type="checkbox"/>
94(2)	Decision to levy special rates or charges	<input type="checkbox"/>
94(4)	Adoption of the overall plan referred to in section 94(3)	<input type="checkbox"/>
94(6)	Adoption of an annual implementation plan for an overall plan that is for more than 1 year	<input type="checkbox"/>
94(9)	Amendment to an overall plan or an annual implementation plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
97(3)(a)	Decision on the proportions in which the local government will pay current owners any surplus special rates or charges after an overall plan is cancelled	<input type="checkbox"/>
102(2)	Decision that a meter is taken to have been read during the period that starts from 2 weeks before, and ends 2 weeks after, the day on which the meter is actually read	<input type="checkbox"/>

Local Government Act & related

116(1)	Decision to limit the increase in rates or charges	<input type="checkbox"/>
118(3)	Decision at the budget meeting on the date by which, or the period within which, rates or charges must be paid	<input type="checkbox"/>
122	Granting of a concession referred to in section 121	<input type="checkbox"/>
129(2)	Decision at the budget meeting to allow ratepayers to pay rates or charges by instalments	<input type="checkbox"/>
130(4)	Decision at the budget meeting to allow a discount for payment of rates or charges before the end of the discount period	<input type="checkbox"/>
130(7)	Change to the discount period for payment of rates or charges	<input type="checkbox"/>
140(2)	Decision to sell land for overdue rates or charges	<input type="checkbox"/>
149(1)	Decision to acquire land	<input type="checkbox"/>
165(2)	Adoption of a 5-year corporate plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
165(3)	Amendment of the 5-year corporate plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
167	Adoption of a long-term asset management plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
170(1)	Adoption of budget for the financial year (NB For the contents of a budget, see section 169)	<input type="checkbox"/>
170(3)	Amendment to the budget	<input type="checkbox"/>

Local Government Act & related

173(2)	Authorising unauthorised spending in circumstances of genuine emergency or hardship	<input type="checkbox"/>
174(1)	Adoption of an annual operational plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
174(4)	Amendment to the annual operational plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
182(2)	Adoption of an annual report	<input type="checkbox"/>
191	Adoption of an investment policy	<input type="checkbox"/>
192	Adoption of a debt policy	<input type="checkbox"/>
195	Adoption of a community grants policy	<input type="checkbox"/>
196	Adoption of a entertainment and hospitality policy	<input type="checkbox"/>
197	Adoption of an advertising spending policy	<input type="checkbox"/>
198	Adoption of a procurement policy	<input type="checkbox"/>
201(3)	Resolution that a purpose for which an amount of trust money was credited to the trust fund no longer exists	<input type="checkbox"/>
206(2)	Valuation of non-current physical assets	<input type="checkbox"/>
218	Decision to apply the strategic contracting procedures to local government contracts	<input type="checkbox"/>

Local Government Act & related

219(6)	Decision that Chapter 6, Part 2 (strategic contracting procedures) no longer applies to local government contracts	<input type="checkbox"/>
220(2)	Adoption of a contracting plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
220(7)	Amendment to a contracting plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
221(5)	Amendment of a significant contracting plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
222	Adoption of a contracting manual	<input type="checkbox"/>
228(3)	Decision that it would be in the public interest to invite expressions of interest before inviting written tenders	<input type="checkbox"/>
230(1)(a)	Decision to prepare a quote or tender consideration plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
230(1)(b)	Adoption of a tender consideration plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
235(a)	Resolution that local government is satisfied that there is only 1 supplier who is reasonably available	<input type="checkbox"/>
235(b)	Resolution that, because of the specialised or confidential nature of the services sought, it would be impractical or disadvantageous for the local government to invite quotes or tenders	<input type="checkbox"/>
236(2)	Decision that an exception referred to in section 236(1)(a)-(e) may apply on the disposal of a valuable non-current asset other than by tender or auction	<input type="checkbox"/>

Local Government Act & related

247(2)	Decision that the maximum amount of remuneration payable to a councillor is not payable to a particular councillor	<input type="checkbox"/>
247(3)	Decision on the amount payable to a councillor referred to in section 247(2)	<input type="checkbox"/>
250(1)	Adoption of an expenses reimbursement policy	<input type="checkbox"/>
250(2)	Amendment of an expenses reimbursement policy	<input type="checkbox"/>
257(3)	Decision to fix a place for a particular local government meeting at a place other than the local government's public offices	<input type="checkbox"/>
272(6)	Decision to exempt a committee from the requirement to take minutes of its proceedings (and application of section 272)	<input type="checkbox"/>
275(1)	Decision to close a local government meeting to the public	<input type="checkbox"/>
306(2)	Adoption of a complaints management process	<input type="checkbox"/>

Planning Act & related

SECTION	MATTERS THAT REQUIRE A RESOLUTION OF COUNCIL (CANNOT BE DELEGATED)	CHECK/DATE/SIGN
	<i>Planning Act 2016</i>	
9(4)	Resolution that the local government give a temporary local planning instrument, or amendment, and the request for an earlier effective day, to the Minister for approval	<input type="checkbox"/>
24(1)	Repeal of a temporary local planning instrument or planning scheme policy	<input type="checkbox"/>
113	Adoption of charges for providing trunk infrastructure for development (a charges resolution)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Schedule 2	Fixing of a fee for an application or referral to a local government	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<i>Planning Regulation 2017</i>	
11(3)	Setting of a fee for considering a superseded planning scheme request made under section 29 of the Planning Act	<input type="checkbox"/>

Planning Act & related

Schedule 6, Part 2(2)(e)	Decision to apply sub-section 2(2)(e) (material change of use for particular buildings or structures) to a class 1(a)(ii) building made up of not more than 2 attached dwellings	<input type="checkbox"/>
Schedule 9, Part 3, Division 2, Table 1	Declaration that the form of a certain development may have an extremely adverse effect on the amenity, or likely amenity, of a locality, or would be in extreme conflict with the character of a locality (Building Work under Building Act, Referral agency assessment, Particular class 1 and 10 buildings and structures involving possible amenity and aesthetic impacts)	<input type="checkbox"/>
Minister's Guidelines and Rules		
Chapter 2, Part 1, 3.1	For the purposes of section 20 of the Planning Act (Amending planning schemes under Minister's rules), adoption of a proposed administrative amendment to a planning scheme	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chapter 2, Part 2, 6.1	For the purposes of section 20 of the Planning Act (Amending planning schemes under Minister's rules), adoption of a proposed minor amendment to a planning scheme	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chapter 2, Part 3, 14.1	For the purposes of section 20 of the Planning Act (Amending planning schemes under Minister's rules), adoption of a proposed qualified state interest amendment to a planning scheme approved and notified by the Minister under section 13.5	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chapter 2, Part 4, 22.1	For the purposes of section 20 of the Planning Act (Amending planning schemes under Minister's rules), adoption of a proposed major amendment to a planning scheme approved and notified by the Minister under section 21.5	<input type="checkbox"/>

Planning Act & related

Chapter 3, Part 1, 5.1	For the purposes of section 22 of the Planning Act (Making or amending planning scheme policies), adoption of a proposed planning scheme policy or planning scheme policy amendment	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chapter 3, Part 2, 9.1	For the purposes of section 23 of the Planning Act (Making or amending temporary local planning instruments), adoption of a proposed temporary local planning instrument or temporary local planning instrument amendment approved and notified by the Minister under section 8.5	<input type="checkbox"/>
Chapter 5, Part 2, 10.1	For the purposes of sections 25(3) and (4) of the Planning Act (Reviewing a local government infrastructure plan) and making or amending an LGIP, or making an interim LGIP amendment, adoption of a proposed LGIP or amendment approved and notified by the Minister under section 9.7	<input type="checkbox"/>

Environment Protection Act

SECTION	MATTERS THAT REQUIRE A RESOLUTION OF COUNCIL (CANNOT BE DELEGATED)	CHECK/DATE/SIGN
	<i>Environment Protection Act 1994</i>	
514(5)	Setting of fees payable to the local government for a matter devolved to it	<input type="checkbox"/>
518(1)(b)	Delegation of the local government's powers under the <i>Environment Protection Act</i> to an appropriately qualified entity	<input type="checkbox"/>

Waste Reduction and Recycling Act & related

SECTION	MATTERS THAT REQUIRE A RESOLUTION OF COUNCIL (CANNOT BE DELEGATED)	CHECK/DATE/SIGN
	<i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011</i>	
125	Adoption of a waste reduction and recycling plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
127	Amendment of a waste reduction and recycling plan	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<i>Waste Reduction and Recycling Regulation 2011</i>	
7(a)	Designation of areas within the local government area in which the local government may conduct general waste or green waste collection	<input type="checkbox"/>

If you have additional questions regarding Matters that require a Resolution of Council and CANNOT be delegated, contact the LGAQ Member Services team on:

Phone: 1300 542 700

Email: ask@lgaq.asn.au

councilassist.lgaq.asn.au

