

9.4.2 Advertising devices code

9.4.2.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) applications for advertising devices, whether they are associated with material change of use application or are a separate application for operational works;
 - (b) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.

Note – Home based business signs complying with the Acceptable Outcomes of the Home based business code do not require further planning scheme / local law assessment.

Note – Roadside stall signs complying with the Acceptable Outcomes of the Rural activities code do not require further planning scheme / local law assessment.

Note – The following signs are not regulated by the planning scheme:

- Temporary shop front signs, being any freestanding advertising device that is temporary and easily moved from one position to another and usually utilised during operating hours;
- Temporary community event signs;
- Garage sales signs where displayed on day of sale and face not exceeding 1.2m² and not affixed to vegetation or other signage;
- Non-illuminated real estate signs, where sited on and advertising the premises for sale/rent, on an easily removable support structure with a face not exceed 2.4m²;
- Signs inside shop windows;
- Election signage;
- Entry statement signs or place name signs;
- Safety signage and other signs of a statutory nature;
- Sporting field fence sign, being any advertising device painted or otherwise affixed to a fence marking the boundaries
 of a sporting field.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

9.4.2.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Advertising devices code is to ensure that advertising devices are established in a manner which is consistent with the desired character and amenity of Douglas Shire.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) an advertising device complements, and does not detract from the desirable characteristics of the natural and built environment in which the advertising device is exhibited:
 - (b) Third party advertising devices are not encouraged to establish in the Shire, being contrary to the unique character, lifestyle and environmental attributes of the Shire;
 - (c) an advertising device is designed and integrated into the built form so as to minimise visual clutter:
 - (d) an advertising device does not adversely impact on visual amenity of a scenic route, heritage building or public open space;
 - (e) an advertising device does not adversely impact on rural, rural residential, residential, environmental management or conservation areas;
 - (f) an advertising device does not pose a hazard for pedestrians, cyclists or drivers of motor vehicles.

Note - For billboards and/or other devices on a State-controlled road, contact the Department of Transport and Main Roads for further information about obtaining an 'Ancillary Works and Encroachment (AWE) Permit' under the *Transport Infrastructure Act* 1994.





9.4.2.3 Criteria for assessment

Part A - Criteria for self-assessable and assessable development

Table 9.4.2.3.a - Advertising devices code - self assessable and assessable development

Performance outcomes

Acceptable outcomes

Requirements for all Advertising devices regulated by this planning scheme

General

PO1

An advertising device:

- (a) is compatible with the existing and future planned character of the locality in which it is erected:
- (b) is compatible with the scale, proportion, bulk and other characteristics of buildings, structures, landscapes and other advertising devices on the site;
- (c) is of a scale, proportion and form that is appropriate to the streetscape or other setting in which it is located;
- (d) is sited designed to be compatible with the nature and extent of development and advertising devices on adjoining sites and does not interfere with the reasonable enjoyment of those sites;
- (e) is sited and designed to:
 - (i) not unduly dominate the visual landscape;
 - (ii) maintain views and vistas of public value; and
 - (iii) protect the visual amenity of scenic routes:
- (f) is designed to achieve a high standard of architectural, urban and landscape design, or at least does not detract from the architectural, urban or landscape design standards of a locality; and
- (g) is designed and sited so as to not contribute to the proliferation of visual clutter.

AO1

Self-assessable development

For self-assessable development, the advertising device complies with the requirements specified in Column 2 of Table 9.4.2.3.b.

Assessable development

For assessable development, in partial fulfilment of Performance Outcome P1 – the advertising device substantially complies with the requirements specified in Column 2 of Table 9.4.2.3.b – Specific requirements for types of advertising devices.

Note — Third party advertising devices, fly-posters, inflatable signs, blimps, bunting/streamers and standing-vehicle signs are not encouraged to establish in Douglas Shire. In most circumstances, these forms of advertising device would:

- (a) be contrary to Performance Outcome PO1 and the applicable specific requirements for advertising devices in this code; and
- risk compromising the character, lifestyle and environmental attributes of the Shire as defined in the Part 3 (Strategic Framework).

Note — A planning report and streetscape or landscape analysis prepared by a competent person may be required in support of a development application for a Third party advertising device.

Illumination, lighting and movement

PO2

An advertising device only incorporates illumination and lighting where it:

- (a) is appropriate to its setting and is compatible with the amenity of the local area;
- (b) does not cause nuisance or distraction;
- (c) does not create glare, reflecting or flaring of colours; and
- (d) will not create a potential safety hazard, including a potential traffic safety hazard.

AO2.1

The advertising device is only illuminated where it is:

- (a) located in a Centre zone or an Industry zone, or a Recreation and Open Space zone;and
- (b) associated with a business that operates at night.

AO2.2

Where an advertising device is illuminated, it:

- (a) it has a maximum luminance of 350 candelas per m²;
- (b) does not incorporate flashing lights or digital displays; and
- (c) is switched off between 11.00pm and 5.00am the following day or at any time the business





Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes
	is not operating between these hours.
PO3 An advertising device does not move or incorporate elements that give the impression of movement.	AO3 The advertising device does not revolve, contain moving parts or have a moving boarder.
Safety of pedestrians and vehicles	
PO4 An advertising device is designed so as not to create a traffic or pedestrian safety hazard.	AO4.1 The advertising device does not physically obstruct the passage of pedestrians or vehicles.
	AO4.2 The advertising device does not mimic, and is not able to be confused with, a traffic control device.
	AO4.3 The advertising device does not restrict sight lines at intersections or site access points.
	Note - Refer to Figure 9.4.2.3.a for details.
	 AO4.4 The advertising device is: (a) appropriately secured and supported so as to cause no injury or damage to persons or property; (b) not on or attached to a tree, telegraph and/or electricity poles, traffic or safety signs.
Maintenance	
PO5 A high quality appearance of advertising devices is established, and is maintained.	AO5 Advertising devices (a) are constructed of high quality materials selected for easy maintenance, durability and an ability not to readily stain, discolour or deteriorate; (b) that have stained, discoloured or deteriorated are either: (i) remedied; or (ii) removed.
Additional requirements for Advertising devices management zone and the Rural zone north of	
PO6 Advertising devices are high quality, low key in scale, and are reflective of the character of the area and directly promote small-scale lawfully-established businesses.	AO6 In addition to the requirements contained within the Advertising devices code, where the advertising device is free standing or attached to a fence, the advertising device: (a) has a maximum height of 1.5 metres above ground level; (b) has a maximum width of 1.5 metres; (c) requires no significant vegetation removal to make the advertising device visible;* (d) is directly associated with a lawfully established business conducted on or near the premises;* (e) is non-illuminated;



(f) is of colours that are subdued, reflecting the



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes
	natural character and amenity of the area (colours include the content of the advertising device)^
	*Note – These requirements may involve a site selection for the advertising device that is not within the premises and this would require further direction from Council.
	^Note – Signage consisting of representative symbols, as an alternative to text may be considered to be an example of advertising devices that are in keeping with the character of the area.

Table 9.4.2.3.b – Specific requirements for types of advertising devices

Advertising device type	Specific requirements	
Façade sign: An advertising device painted or otherwise affixed to the façade of a building.	 (a) does not obscure any window or architectural feature; (b) does not exceed 25% of the surface area of the wall to which it is attached; (c) does not project above or beyond the wall to which it is attached; (d) is not more than 300mm thick. 	
Flush wall sign: An advertising device painted on or otherwise affixed flat to the wall of a building or structure, not being a façade sign.	 (a) is erected only in a Centre zone or an Industry zone (b) does not exceed 25% of the surface area of the wall to which it is attached; (c) does not project beyond the edges of the wall to which it is attached; (d) does not exceed a maximum sign face of 18m²; (e) does not cover more than 30% of the visible area of the total surface of the wall face; and (f) is not more than 300mm thick. 	
Projecting sign: An advertising device attached or mounted at an angle to the façade of a building.	 (a) is erected only in a Centre zone or an Industry zone; (b) does not project further than 0.75m from the building line; (c) has a minimum vertical clearance of 2.4m from the lowest part of the sign to the footpath pavement; (d) does not exceed a maximum surface area of 1m²; (e) does not project beyond any awning or verandah of the building to which it is attached; (f) does not protrude above the roofline of the building to which it is attached; and (g) is limited to a maximum of one sign per premises. 	
Above awning sign: An advertising device located on top of an awning or verandah.	 (a) is erected only in a Centre zone or an Industry zone; (b) is only erected where it can be demonstrated that there is no other opportunity to make use of an alternative sign type; (c) has a maximum height above the awning not exceeding 1.2m (d) is of a size and form that is appropriate to the scale and character of the building on which it is exhibited and the development in the locality; (e) is positioned and designed in a manner that is compatible with the architecture of the building to which it is attached. Note – A streetscape or landscape analysis prepared by a competent person may be required in support of a development application for an above awning sign. 	
Created awning sign: An advertising device attached to and extending beyond the fascia of an awning or the like.	 (a) is integrated with the design of the building so as to complement its architectural form or style; (b) does not extend more than 500mm above the fascia to which it is attached; (c) does not exceed a sign-face area equivalent to 25% of the area of the 	



Advertising device type	Specific requirements
	awning face; and (d) has a minimum clearance of 2.4 metres between the lowest part of the sign and the footway pavement.
Under awning sign: An advertising device attached underneath or suspended from an awning, verandah or the like.	 (a) is oriented at right angles to the building frontage; (b) is not more than 2.5 metres long or 600mm high; (c) does not exceed a maximum sign-face area of 1.50m²; (d) has a minimum clearance of 2.4 metres between the lowest part of the sign and the footway pavement; (e) one per shop or tenancy and is generally centrally located along the frontage of each shop or tenancy; and (f) is not closer than 3 metres to any other under awning sign or within 1.5 metres of any side property.
Created roof sign: An advertising device positioned on a roof, façade or wall of a building which changes the horizontal or angular lines of the roof.	 (a) is integrated with the design of the building so as to complement its architectural form and style; and (b) has a maximum height above the surrounding roof line of not more than 1.2 metres.
Roof top sign: An advertising device fitted to the roof of a building with no relation to the architectural design or appearance of the building.	 (a) is erected only in a Centre zone or an Industry zone; (b) is only erected where it can be demonstrated that there is no other opportunity to make use of an alternative sign type; (c) is of a size and form that is appropriate to the scale and character of the building on which it is exhibited and the development in the locality; (d) is positioned and designed in a manner that is compatible with the architecture of the building to which it is attached; and (e) does not extend more than 1.2 metres above the roofline to which it is attached. Note – A streetscape or landscape analysis prepared by a competent person may be required in support of a development application for a roof top sign.
Freestanding signs: An advertising device normally elevated from the ground and supported by one or more vertical supports used to display advertising matter, including billboards, pylon, three-dimensional and other freestanding signs.	 (a) do not exceed the maximum height and sign-face area requirements set out in Table 9.4.2.3.c – Maximum height and sign-face area of billboard and pylon signage (b) ensure than not more than one freestanding sign is erected on any site (including a site with multiple occupancy buildings), except for a free standing sign, which:- (i) identifies access to a site; (ii) is not more than 1.5 metres in height; and (iii) has a maximum surface area of 2m²/side; and (c) notwithstanding any other provisions of this code: (i) are consistent with the streetscape character of the area; (ii) are of a scale and proportion consistent with the existing development and predominant land use in the area; (iii) are presented and designed to a proportional and uniform detail; and (iv) do not detract from or obscure any important view or vista. Note – A streetscape or landscape analysis prepared by a competent person may be required in support of a development application for a three-dimensional sign.





Table 9.4.2.3.c - Maximum height and sign-face area of billboard and pylon signage

Zone	Maximum height	Maximum sign-face area/side
Centre zone and Industry zone	(a) Where total street frontage is less than 40 metres: 5m.or(b) Where total street frontage is 40 metres or greater: 7.5m.	 (a) Where total street frontage is less than 40 metres: 10m² or (b) Where total street frontage is 40 metres or greater: 15m².
Any other zone	5m.	10m ² .

Figure 9.4.2.3.a - Sightlines for Advertising devices



