DA Form 1 – Development application details

Approved form (version 1.3 effective 28 September 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016.

This form **must** be used to make a development application **involving code assessment or impact assessment**, except when applying for development involving only building work.

For a development application involving **building work only**, use *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

For a development application involving **building work associated with any other type of assessable development** (i.e. material change of use, operational work or reconfiguring a lot), use this form (*DA Form 1*) and parts 4 to 6 of *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

Unless stated otherwise, all parts of this form **must** be completed in full and all required supporting information **must** accompany the development application.

One or more additional pages may be attached as a schedule to this development application if there is insufficient space on the form to include all the necessary information.

This form and any other form relevant to the development application must be used to make a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land under the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994*, and airport land under the *Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008*. For the purpose of assessing a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land, any reference to a planning scheme is taken to mean a land use plan for the strategic port land, Brisbane port land use plan for Brisbane core port land, or a land use plan for airport land.

Note: All terms used in this form have the meaning given under the Planning Act 2016, the Planning Regulation 2017, or the Development Assessment Rules (DA Rules).

PART 1 - APPLICANT DETAILS

1) Applicant details	
Applicant name(s) (individual or company full name)	Kate Agrums
Contact name (only applicable for companies)	c/- GMA Certification, Patrick Clifton
Postal address (P.O. Box or street address)	PO Box 831
Suburb	Port Douglas
State	QLD
Postcode	4877
Country	Australia
Contact number	0438 755 374
Email address (non-mandatory)	Patrick.c@gmacert.com.au
Mobile number (non-mandatory)	0438 755 374
Fax number (non-mandatory)	
Applicant's reference number(s) (if applicable)	20210602

2) Owner's consent
2.1) Is written consent of the owner required for this development application?
☐ Yes – the written consent of the owner(s) is attached to this development application☑ No – proceed to 3)



PART 2 - LOCATION DETAILS

Note: P		pelow and) or 3.2), and 3. n for any or all p			he development	t application. For further information, see <u>DA</u>	
3.1) St	treet addres	s and l	ot on pl	an						
⊠ Str	eet address	AND I	ot on pla	an (a <i>ll l</i> e	ots must be liste	ed), or				
					an adjoining etty, pontoon. A				premises (appropriate for development in	
	Unit No.	Stree	t No.	Stree	t Name and	Туре			Suburb	
- \		30		Murp	hy Street				Port Douglas	
a)	Postcode	Lot N	0.	Plan Type and Number (e.g. RP, SP)		P, SP)	Local Government Area(s)			
	4877	1		RP72	29453				Douglas Shire Council	
	Unit No.	Stree	t No.	Stree	t Name and	Туре			Suburb	
b)	Postcode	Lot N	0.	Plan	Type and Nu	ımber ((e.g. RF	P, SP)	Local Government Area(s)	
							-			
3.2) C	oordinates o	of prem	ises (ap	propriat	e for developme	ent in ren	note area	as, over part of a	a lot or in water not adjoining or adjacent to land	
e.	g. channel dred	dging in I	Moreton E	Bay)						
	lace each set o			•	e row. de and latitud	0				
Longit		premis	Latitud		e and latitud	Datur	m		Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)	
Longit	uue(s)		Latitut	Je(S)			/GS84		Local Government Area(s) (ii applicable)	
				_			DA94			
						_	ther:			
Coordinates of premises by easting and northing										
Eastin		Ī	ning(s)			m		Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)		
	9(-)				□ 54		/GS84			
				ļ	☐ 5 -		DA94			
					☐ 56		ther:			
3.3) A	dditional pre	mises								
Add	ditional pren	nises a	re relev	ant to	this developr	nent a	pplicati	on and the de	etails of these premises have been	
					opment appli				·	
⊠ No	t required									
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			vide any rele	vant details	
	•				itercourse or	in or a	bove a	n aquiter		
Name of water body, watercourse or aquifer:										
	• •				nsport Infras	structur	e Act 1	994		
ŀ	plan descrip		•	•	land:					
	of port auth	ority fo	r the lot	:						
_	a tidal area									
Name	of local gov	ernmer	nt for the	e tidal	area (if applica	able):				
Name	of port auth	ority fo	r tidal a	rea (if a	applicable):					
☐ On	airport land	under	the Airp	oort As	sets (Restru	cturing	and D	isposal) Act 2	2008	
Nama	of airports									

Listed on the Environmental Management Register (EM	IR) under the Environmental Protection Act 1994
EMR site identification:	
Listed on the Contaminated Land Register (CLR) under	the Environmental Protection Act 1994
CLR site identification:	
5) Are there any existing easements over the premises? Note: Easement uses vary throughout Queensland and are to be identified how they may affect the proposed development, see <u>DA Forms Guide</u> .	ed correctly and accurately. For further information on easements and
Yes – All easement locations, types and dimensions are application	e included in plans submitted with this development
⊠ No	

PART 3 – DEVELOPMENT DETAILS

Section 1 – Aspects of development

6.1) Provide details about the	e first development aspect		
a) What is the type of develo	pment? (tick only one box)		
☐ Material change of use	Reconfiguring a lot		Building work
b) What is the approval type?	? (tick only one box)		
□ Development permit	☐ Preliminary approval	☐ Preliminary approval that	includes a variation approval
c) What is the level of assess	sment?		
	☐ Impact assessment (requir	es public notification)	
d) Provide a brief description lots):	of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit aparts	ment building defined as multi-unit dw	velling, reconfiguration of 1 lot into 3
Driveway construction			
e) Relevant plans Note: Relevant plans are required to Relevant plans.	o be submitted for all aspects of this o	development application. For further in	nformation, see <u>DA Forms guide:</u>
Relevant plans of the prop	posed development are attach	ned to the development applica	ation
6.2) Provide details about the	e second development aspect		
a) What is the type of develo	pment? (tick only one box)		
☐ Material change of use	Reconfiguring a lot	Operational work	Building work
b) What is the approval type?	? (tick only one box)		
☐ Development permit	☐ Preliminary approval	☐ Preliminary approval that	includes a variation approval
c) What is the level of assess	sment?		
Code assessment	Impact assessment (requir	es public notification)	
d) Provide a brief description lots):	of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit apart	ment building defined as multi-unit dw	velling, reconfiguration of 1 lot into 3
e) Relevant plans Note: Relevant plans are required to Relevant plans.	be submitted for all aspects of this d	evelopment application. For further in	formation, see <u>DA Forms Guide:</u>
Relevant plans of the prop	posed development are attach	ned to the development applica	ation
6.3) Additional aspects of de	velopment		
		levelopment application and the transfer to this	

Section 2 - Further development details

Occion 2 Turiner develo	princin ac	tans					
7) Does the proposed develop	pment applic	cation invol	ve any of the follow	ving?			
Material change of use	☐ Yes –	complete	division 1 if assess	able agains	t a local	planning instru	ument
Reconfiguring a lot	☐ Yes –	complete	division 2				
Operational work	⊠ Yes –						
Building work	☐ Yes –	complete	DA Form 2 – Buildi	ng work de	tails		
Division 1 — Material change Note: This division is only required to b local planning instrument. 8.1) Describe the proposed m Provide a general description	ne completed if	ige of use	e development application			hange of use asse	essable against a
proposed use	or trie		h definition in a new rov			if applicable)	area (m²) (if applicable)
8.2) Does the proposed use in Yes	nvolve the u	se of existi	ng buildings on the	premises?			
□ No							
Division 2 – Reconfiguring a Note: This division is only required to be 9.1) What is the total number	e completed if			on involves re	configuring	g a lot.	
0.0\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	lat mana after						
9.2) What is the nature of the	iot reconligi	uration? (tid		nto norto bi	, oaroon	oot (41)
Subdivision (complete 10))	mn/oto 1211		☐ Dividing land i☐ Creating or ch				
Boundary realignment (con	ripiete 12))		from a constru				5 10 a 101
				·	•		
10) Subdivision							
10.1) For this development, h	ow many lot	ts are bein	g created and what	is the inten	ded use	of those lots:	
Intended use of lots created	Resider	ntial	Commercial	Industrial		Other, please	e specify:
Number of lots created							
10.2) Will the subdivision be s	staged?						
☐ Yes – provide additional de	etails below						
How many stages will the wor	rks include?						
What stage(s) will this develop apply to?							

11) Dividing land int	o parts b	y agree	ment – hov	v many pa	arts are being o	created and what	t is the intended use of the	
Intended use of par	ts create	d Re	esidential	Co	mmercial	Industrial	Other, please specify:	
Number of parts cre	eated							
12) Boundary realig	inment							
12.1) What are the		nd prop	osed areas	for each	lot comprising	the premises?		
,		ent lot					oosed lot	
Lot on plan descript	plan description A		m²)		Lot on plan	description	Area (m²)	
12.2) What is the re	ason for	the bou	ndarv reali	anment?				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				9				
13) What are the di (attach schedule if there				existing	easements bei	ing changed and	or any proposed easement?	
Existing or proposed?	Width (r	m) Le	ength (m)	Purpose pedestriar	of the easemo	ent? (e.g.	Identify the land/lot(s) benefitted by the easement	
Division 3 – Operat	ional wo	rk						
Note: This division is only			eted if any pai	rt of the dev	elopment applicati	ion involves operatio	nal work.	
14.1) What is the na	ature of th	ne opera	ational worl	< ?				
Road work				Stormwa				
☐ Drainage work☐ Landscaping			⊠ Earthwor □ Signage				vegetation	
Other – please s	specify:	Dr	riveway Coı	<u> </u>			vogotation	
14.2) Is the operation						lots? (e.g. subdivis	sion)	
Yes – specify nu	ımber of ı	new lots	S:					
⊠ No								
14.3) What is the m	onetary \	alue of	the propos	ed opera	tional work? (in	oclude GST, material	s and labour)	
\$TBC								
PART 4 – ASS	ESSMI		MANAG	ER DE	ΤΔΙΙ ς			
17(1(1 4 7(00)	LOOIVII		vi/ (i v / (O		TAILO			
15) Identify the asse	essment	manage	er(s) who w	ill be asse	essing this dev	elopment applica	ation	
Douglas Shire Cour	ncil							
16) Has the local go	overnmer	nt agree	d to apply a	a superse	ded planning s	scheme for this d	evelopment application?	
Yes – a copy of					•	• •		
☐ The local goverr attached	nment is t	aken to	have agre	ed to the	superseded pla	anning scheme r	equest – relevant documents	
⊠ No								

PART 5 - REFERRAL DETAILS

17) Does this development application include any aspects that have any referral requirements? Note: A development application will require referral if prescribed by the Planning Regulation 2017.
No, there are no referral requirements relevant to any development aspects identified in this development application – proceed to Part 6
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the Planning Act 2016:
☐ Clearing native vegetation
Contaminated land (unexploded ordnance)
☐ Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA has not been devolved to a local government)
☐ Fisheries – aquaculture
Fisheries – declared fish habitat area
Fisheries – marine plants
Fisheries – waterway barrier works
Hazardous chemical facilities
Heritage places – Queensland heritage place (on or near a Queensland heritage place)
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – designated premises
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – state transport infrastructure
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – State transport corridor and future State transport corridor
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – State-controlled transport tunnels and future state-controlled transport tunnels
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – near a state-controlled road intersection
☐ Koala habitat in SEQ region – interfering with koala habitat in koala habitat areas outside koala priority areas
☐ Koala habitat in SEQ region – key resource areas
Ports – Brisbane core port land – near a State transport corridor or future State transport corridor
Ports – Brisbane core port land – environmentally relevant activity (ERA)
Ports – Brisbane core port land – tidal works or work in a coastal management district
Ports – Brisbane core port land – hazardous chemical facility
Ports – Brisbane core port land – taking or interfering with water
Ports – Brisbane core port land – referable dams
Ports – Brisbane core port land – fisheries
Ports – Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits (below high-water mark)
SEQ development area
 SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – tourist activity or sport and recreation activity
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – community activity
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – indoor recreation
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – urban activity
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – combined use
Tidal works or works in a coastal management district
Reconfiguring a lot in a coastal management district or for a canal
Erosion prone area in a coastal management district
Urban design
Water-related development – taking or interfering with water
Water-related development – removing quarry material (from a watercourse or lake)
Water-related development – referable dams
Water-related development –levees (category 3 levees only)
Wetland protection area
Matters requiring referral to the local government:
☐ Airport land
Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA has been devolved to local government)

☐ Heritage places – Local heritage places		
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the dis	_	on entity:
Matters requiring referral to:		
The Chief Executive of the holder of the licence, if	not an individual	
The holder of the licence, if the holder of the licence		
Infrastructure-related referrals – Oil and gas infrastructu	ıre	
Matters requiring referral to the Brisbane City Council : ☐ Ports − Brisbane core port land		
Matters requiring referral to the Minister responsible for a Ports – Brisbane core port land (where inconsistent with the B Ports – Strategic port land		
Matters requiring referral to the relevant port operator , if a Ports – Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits (below to	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the rel Description: Descri	-	
Matters requiring referral to the Gold Coast Waterways A Tidal works or work in a coastal management district (in	_	
Matters requiring referral to the Queensland Fire and Em Tidal works or work in a coastal management district (in		berths))
40\\\	this also also as a second second is a time of	
18) Has any referral agency provided a referral response for ☐ Yes − referral response(s) received and listed below are ☐ No		
Referral requirement	Referral agency	Date of referral response
Identify and describe any changes made to the proposed of referral response and this development application, or inclu (if applicable).		
PART 6 – INFORMATION REQUEST		
PART 6 - INFORMATION REQUEST		
19) Information request under Part 3 of the DA Rules		
☐ I agree to receive an information request if determined in the second secon	necessary for this development	application
☐ I do not agree to accept an information request for this of		
Note: By not agreeing to accept an information request I, the applicant, a		alsing this development
 that this development application will be assessed and decided bas application and the assessment manager and any referral agencies Rules to accept any additional information provided by the applican parties 	relevant to the development application	n are not obligated under the DA

Part 3 of the DA Rules will still apply if the application is an application listed under section 11.3 of the DA Rules.

Further advice about information requests is contained in the <u>DA Forms Guide</u>.

PART 7 – FURTHER DETAILS

20) Are there any associated of	•			
☐ Yes – provide details below ☐ No	or include details in a sched	lule to this d	evelopment application	1
List of approval/development	Reference number	Date		Assessment
application references	ixelefelice fluilibel	Date		manager
Approval				
☐ Development application				
☐ Approval				
☐ Development application				
21) Has the portable long serv operational work)	ice leave levy been paid? (on	nly applicable to	development applications in	nvolving building work or
	ed QLeave form is attached t	to this devel	opment application	
	ovide evidence that the porta		•	en paid before the
	des the development applicat			
give a development approv Not applicable (e.g. building	al only if I provide evidence t	•		levy has been paid
_ 11 10	Ĭ	ss man \$150	, ,	/Λ D or Γ\
Amount paid	Date paid (dd/mm/yy)		QLeave levy number	(A, B or E)
\$				
22) Is this development applica	ation in response to a show o	eauco notico	or required as a result	of an enforcement
notice?	ation in response to a snow e	ause notice	or required as a result	of all chilorechient
Yes – show cause or enforce	cement notice is attached			
⊠ No				
23) Further legislative requiren	nents			
Environmentally relevant act	<u>ivities</u>			
23.1) Is this development appli Environmentally Relevant Ac				
•	ent (form ESR/2015/1791) fo	• •		tal authority
	nent application, and details a	are provided	in the table below	
No Note: Application for an environmenta	d authority can be found by searchin	og "ESD/2015/1	701" as a search term at we	wald gov ou. An EDA
requires an environmental authority to				<u>w.yiu.gov.au</u> . All EKA
Proposed ERA number:		Proposed E	RA threshold:	
Proposed ERA name:				
	le to this development applica	ation and th	e details have been att	ached in a schedule to
this development application	n.			
Hazardous chemical facilitie	<u>s</u>			
23.2) Is this development appli	cation for a hazardous cher	nical facilit	y ?	
Yes – Form 69: Notification	of a facility exceeding 10% of	of schedule	15 threshold is attache	d to this development
application				
No Note: See www.business.qld.gov.au f	or further information about hazardo	ous chemical no	otifications.	

Clearing native vegetation
23.3) Does this development application involve clearing native vegetation that requires written confirmation that the chief executive of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> is satisfied the clearing is for a relevant purpose under section 22A of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> ?
☐ Yes – this development application includes written confirmation from the chief executive of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> (s22A determination)
Note: 1. Where a development application for operational work or material change of use requires a s22A determination and this is not included, the development application is prohibited development. 2. See https://www.qld.gov.au/environment/land/vegetation/applying for further information on how to obtain a s22A determination.
Environmental offsets
23.4) Is this development application taken to be a prescribed activity that may have a significant residual impact on a prescribed environmental matter under the <i>Environmental Offsets Act 2014</i> ?
 Yes – I acknowledge that an environmental offset must be provided for any prescribed activity assessed as having a significant residual impact on a prescribed environmental matter No
Note: The environmental offset section of the Queensland Government's website can be accessed at www.qld.gov.au for further information on environmental offsets.
Koala habitat in SEQ Region
23.5) Does this development application involve a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot or operational work which is assessable development under Schedule 10, Part 10 of the Planning Regulation 2017?
☐ Yes – the development application involves premises in the koala habitat area in the koala priority area
Yes – the development application involves premises in the koala habitat area outside the koala priority area
No Note: If a koala habitat area determination has been obtained for this premises and is current over the land, it should be provided as part of this development application. See koala habitat area guidance materials at www.des.qld.gov.au for further information.
Water resources
<u>Water resources</u> 23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> ?
23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> ? Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> may be required prior to commencing development
23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> ? ☐ Yes − the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> may be required prior to commencing development ☐ No
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23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> ? ☐ Yes − the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> may be required prior to commencing development ☐ No Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at www.dnrme.qld.gov.au for further information. DA templates are available from https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/ . If the development application involves: Taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore: complete DA Form 1 Template 1 Taking overland flow water: complete DA Form 1 Template 3.
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23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the Water Act 2000? Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the Water Act 2000 may be required prior to commencing development No Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at www.dnrme.gld.gov.au for further information. DA templates are available from https://planning.dsdmip.gld.gov.au . If the development application involves: Taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore: complete DA Form 1 Template 1 Taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring: complete DA Form1 Template 2 Taking overland flow water: complete DA Form 1 Template 3. Waterway barrier works 23.7) Does this application involve waterway barrier works? Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application involving waterway barrier works, complete DA templates are available from https://planning.dsdmip.gld.gov.au/ . For a development application involving waterway barrier works, complete
23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the Water Act 2000? Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the Water Act 2000 may be required prior to commencing development No. Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at www.dnrme.qld.gov.au for further information. DA templates are available from https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/ . If the development application involves: Taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore: complete DA Form 1 Template 1 Taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring: complete DA Form1 Template 2 Taking overland flow water: complete DA Form 1 Template 3. Waterway barrier works 3.7) Does this application involve waterway barrier works? Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application No DA templates are available from https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/ . For a development application involving waterway barrier works, complete DA Form 1 Template 4.
23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the Water Act 2000? Yes - the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the Water Act 2000 may be required prior to commencing development No Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at www.dnrme.qld.gov.au for further information. DA templates are available from https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au . If the development application involves: • Taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore: complete DA Form 1 Template 1 • Taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring: complete DA Form1 Template 2 • Taking overland flow water: complete DA Form 1 Template 3. Waterway barrier works 23.7) Does this application involve waterway barrier works? Yes - the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application involving waterway barrier works, complete DA Form 1 Template 4. Marine activities 23.8) Does this development application involve aquaculture, works within a declared fish habitat area or

Quarry materials from a watercourse or lake
23.9) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from a watercourse or lake under the <i>Water Act 2000?</i>
☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing development ☐ No
Note : Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at www.business.qld.gov.au for further information.
Quarry materials from land under tidal waters
23.10) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from land under tidal water under the <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995?</i>
☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing development ☐ No
Note : Contact the Department of Environment and Science at www.des.qld.gov.au for further information.
Referable dams
23.11) Does this development application involve a referable dam required to be failure impact assessed under section 343 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> (the Water Supply Act)?
☐ Yes – the 'Notice Accepting a Failure Impact Assessment' from the chief executive administering the Water Supply Act is attached to this development application
No Note: See guidance materials at www.dnrme.gld.gov.au for further information.
Tidal work or development within a coastal management district
23.12) Does this development application involve tidal work or development in a coastal management district?
Yes – the following is included with this development application:
Evidence the proposal meets the code for assessable development that is prescribed tidal work (only required if application involves prescribed tidal work)
A certificate of title
No Note: See guidance materials at www.des.qld.gov.au for further information.
Queensland and local heritage places
23.13) Does this development application propose development on or adjoining a place entered in the Queensland heritage register or on a place entered in a local government's Local Heritage Register ?
☐ Yes – details of the heritage place are provided in the table below
No Note: See guidance materials at www.des.gld.gov.au for information requirements regarding development of Queensland heritage places.
Name of the heritage place: Place ID:
Brothels
23.14) Does this development application involve a material change of use for a brothel ?
Yes – this development application demonstrates how the proposal meets the code for a development
application for a brothel under Schedule 3 of the Prostitution Regulation 2014
⊠ No
Decision under section 62 of the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994
23.15) Does this development application involve new or changed access to a state-controlled road?
☐ Yes – this application will be taken to be an application for a decision under section 62 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> (subject to the conditions in section 75 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> being satisfied)
⊠ No

Walkable neighbourhoods assessment benchmarks under Schedule 12A of the Planning Regulation
23.16) Does this development application involve reconfiguring a lot into 2 or more lots in certain residential zones (except rural residential zones), where at least one road is created or extended?
Yes – Schedule 12A is applicable to the development application and the assessment benchmarks contained in schedule 12A have been considered
No No
Note : See guidance materials at www.planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au for further information.

PART 8 - CHECKLIST AND APPLICANT DECLARATION

24) Development application checklist	
I have identified the assessment manager in question 15 and all relevant referral requirement(s) in question 17 Note: See the Planning Regulation 2017 for referral requirements	⊠ Yes
If building work is associated with the proposed development, Parts 4 to 6 of <u>DA Form 2 – Building work details</u> have been completed and attached to this development application	☐ Yes ☑ Not applicable
Supporting information addressing any applicable assessment benchmarks is with the development application Note: This is a mandatory requirement and includes any relevant templates under question 23, a planning report and any technical reports required by the relevant categorising instruments (e.g. local government planning schemes, State Planning Policy, State Development Assessment Provisions). For further information, see DAForms Guide: Planning Report Template .	☐ Yes
Relevant plans of the development are attached to this development application Note : Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms Guide</u> : Relevant plans.	⊠ Yes
The portable long service leave levy for QLeave has been paid, or will be paid before a development permit is issued (see 21)	☐ Yes ☑ Not applicable
25) Applicant declaration	
 ☑ By making this development application, I declare that all information in this development correct ☑ Where an email address is provided in Part 1 of this form, I consent to receive future electrom the assessment manager and any referral agency for the development application was required or permitted pursuant to sections 11 and 12 of the <i>Electronic Transactions Actions to the intention of the inten</i>	etronic communications where written information
Note: It is unlawful to intentionally provide false or misleading information. Privacy – Personal information collected in this form will be used by the assessment manage.	er and/or chosen
assessment manager, any relevant referral agency and/or building certifier (including any promise which may be engaged by those entities) while processing, assessing and deciding the development application may be available for inspection and published on the assessment manager's and/or referral agency's website. Personal information will not be disclosed for a purpose unrelated to the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> , Regulation 2017 and the DA Rules except where:	ofessional advisers elopment application. urchase, and/or Planning
 such disclosure is in accordance with the provisions about public access to documents of Act 2016 and the Planning Regulation 2017, and the access rules made under the Planning Regulation 2017; or 	
 required by other legislation (including the Right to Information Act 2009); or 	
otherwise required by law.	
This information may be stored in relevant databases. The information collected will be retain <i>Public Records Act 2002</i> .	ned as required by the

PART 9 – FOR COMPLETION OF THE ASSESSMENT MANAGER – FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

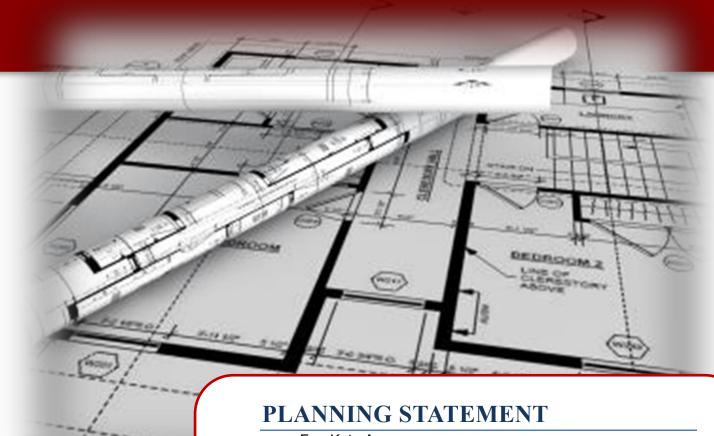
Date received: Reference number(s):						
Notification of engagement of	of alternative assessment ma	nager				
Prescribed assessment man	ager					
Name of chosen assessmen	t manager					
Date chosen assessment ma	anager engaged					
Contact number of chosen a	ssessment manager					
Relevant licence number(s)	of chosen assessment					
manager						
QLeave notification and pay	ment					
Note: For completion by assessme	nt manager if applicable					
Description of the work						
QLeave project number						
Amount paid (\$)		Date paid (dd/mm/yy)				
Date receipted form sighted	by assessment manager					

Name of officer who sighted the form



Leaders in Building Certification Services

GMA Certification Group



For: Kate Agrums

Development: Operational Works (Driveway)

At: 30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas (Lot 1 RP729453)

Prepared by: GMA Certification Group

File Ref: 20210602

Revision: A



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1.0 Introduction

This report has been prepared on behalf of Kate Agrums in support of a Development Application to Douglas Shire Council for a Development Permit for Operational Works for the purpose of the construction of a driveway on land located at 30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas, and described as Lot 1 on RP729453.

The application site contains an area of 800m² and has frontage to Murphy Street of approximately 25 metres. The land is currently vacant and is covered with dense vegetation with a topography that slopes form the north to the Murphy Street frontage to the south and with a fall of approximately 10 metres over the 30 metre depth of the site. An existing building pad has historically been created in the western side of the site. It is understood that this was created at the time of the original subdivision. Access to the site is obtained by a shared driveway within the road reserve that also provides access to the lots to the east and west.

The area surrounding the site is characterised by large single detached dwelling to the north and vacant hillside allotment to the east and west. To the south, on the opposite side of Murphy Street are multiple dwelling developments.

A significant overland flow path is located immediately adjacent the eastern side boundary of the site. This drainage path has recently been augmented by the council following a recent and significant rain event that caused sedimentation issues within the Murphy Street road reserve.

It is proposed to establish a driveway access to the existing house pad and to undertake earthworks to improve the house pad to facilitate the construction of a dwelling in the near future. The driveway would be located adjacent the existing overland flow path and would connect to the existing concrete driveway from Murphy Street. The driveway would traverse the length of the site and would terminate at the northern end of the existing house pad.

The application is identified as being Code Assessable and consideration can only be given to the applicable planning Assessment Benchmarks contained in the Douglas Shire Planning Scheme.

The proposed development is considered to be consistent with the Assessment Benchmarks contained within the Planning Scheme and is able to be accommodated on the site without adverse impact on the amenity of the area or the stability of the site.

The application is submitted for approval, subject to reasonable and relevant conditions.



2.0 Development Summary

Address:	30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas		
Real Property Description:	Lot 1 RP729453		
Easements & Encumbrances:	Nil		
Site Area/Frontage:	Area: 800m ²		
	Frontage: 25 metres		
Registered Owner:	Kate Agrums		
Proposal:	Operational Works (Driveway)		
Approval Sought:	Development Permit		
Level of Assessment:	Code Assessment		
State Interests – State Planning Policy	 Environment and Heritage: MSES – Wildlife Habitat (endangered or vulnerable); MSES – Wildlife Habitat (special least concern animal); MSES Regulated Vegetation (Category B); MSES Regulated Vegetation (essential Habitat); and, Safety and Resilience to Hazards – Bushfire Prone Area – Very High Potential Bushfire Intensity. 		
State Interests – SARA Mapping:	Native Vegetation Clearing: Category A containing of concern regional ecosystems on the Regulated Vegetation Management Map; and, Essential Habitat. Nil (Exempt Clearing Work Schodule 21)		
Referral Agencies:	Nil (Exempt Clearing Work – Schedule 21, Part 1 1 (1) (b) , <i>Planning Regulations 2017</i>		
State Development Assessment Provisions:	Not applicable		
Regional Plan Designation:	Urban Footprint		
Zone:	Environmental Management Zone		



Local Plan Designation:	Port Douglas Craiglie Local Plan, Precinct 1f – Flagstaff Hill.		
Overlays:	 Bushfire Hazard Overlay – Very High Potential Bushfire Intensity; Hillslopes Overlay – Hillslopes Area; 		
	 Landscape Values Overlay – High Landscape Value & Scenic Buffer Area; and, 		
	 Potential Landslide Hazard Overlay High and Medium Hazard Risk. 		



3.0 Site and Locality

The application site is a single residential allotment located at 30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas, and described as Lot 1 on RP729453. The site contains an area of 800m² and has frontage to Murphy Street of approximately 25 metres.

The site is a vacant site and is covered with dense vegetation with a topography that slopes form the north to the Murphy Street frontage to the south and will a fall of approximately 10 metres over the 30 metre depth of the site. An existing building pad has historically been created in the western side of the site. It is understood that this was created at the time of the original subdivision; however, the stability of this pad is not known. Access to the site is obtained by a shared driveway within the road reserve that also provides access to the lots to the east and west.

The area surrounding the site is characterised by large single detached dwelling to the north and vacant hillside allotment to the east and west. To the south, on the opposite side of Murphy Street are multiple dwelling developments.

A significant overland flow path is located immediately adjacent the eastern side boundary of the site. This drainage path has recently been augmented by the council following a recent and significant rain event that caused sedimentation issues within the Murphy Street road reserve.



Photo 1 – Site Location (Source Queensland Globe)



4.0 Proposal

It is proposed to establish a driveway access to the existing house pad and to undertake earthworks to improve the house pad to facilitate the construction of a dwelling in the near future. The driveway would be located adjacent the existing overland flow path and would connect to the existing concrete driveway from Murphy Street. The driveway would traverse the length of the site and would terminate at the northern end of the existing house pad.

The driveway would be a concrete driveway established on a benched area created through a cut and fill exercise. Where required, the cut would be retained through the use of gabion baskets that have been engineer designed and determined to be suitable following a detailed geotechnical analysis.

The design of the driveway would enable vehicles to safely access and exit the site in a forward gear. To facilitate the driveway, an existing tree adjacent the overland flow path would need to be removed and works would be required within the elevated portion of the Murphy Street Road Reserve.

Proposal Plans and the geotechnical assessment and report are attached at Appendix 2.



5.0 Statutory Planning Considerations

This section provides a summary of the legislative framework affecting the application pursuant to the Planning Act 2016.

5.1 Planning Act 2016

5.1.1 Categorisation of Development

The proposed development is not identified as prohibited development having regard to the relevant instruments that can prohibit development under the *Planning Act 2016*, including

- Schedule 10 of the Planning Regulations 2017
- Relevant Categorising Instruments.

The development is made assessable under the Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme, which is a categorising instrument for the purpose of s43 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

5.1.2 Assessment Manager

Pursuant to Schedule 8 of the *Planning Regulations 2017*, the Assessment Manager for the application is the Douglas Shire Council.

5.1.3 Level of Assessment

The application involves operational works. The table below identifies the level of assessment and the categorising section of the Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme.

Development	Categorising Section	Level of Assessment
Operational Works	Table 5.6.d Environmental	Code Assessable
(driveway)	Management Zone	

5.1.4 Statutory Considerations for Assessable Development

As the application is subject to Code Assessment, in deciding the application pursuant to s60 of the *Planning Act 2016*, the Council, as Assessment Manager, can only have regard to the matters established in the relevant planning benchmarks.

This assessment is further discussed in Section 6.0 of this report and a detailed assessment of the proposed development against the assessment benchmarks is provided at Appendix 3.

5.1.5 State Planning Policy

It is understood that the Minister has identified that the State Planning Policy has been appropriately integrated into in the Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme and consequently no further assessment is required in this instance.



5.1.6 Regional Plan

The application site is identified in the Urban Footprint designation of the FNQ Regional Plan. Consistent with the State Planning Policies, it is understood that the Planning Scheme has been determined to appropriately advance the Regional Plan and, on that basis, no further assessment is required in this instance.

5.1.7 Referral Agencies

There are no referral agencies identified in respect of this application.

5.1.8 State Development Assessment Provisions

As there are no referral agencies for the application, no State Development Assessment Provisions Apply to the assessment.



6.0 Local Planning Considerations

6.1 Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme

Within the Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme (2018), the site is identified within the Environmental Management Zone and the Port Douglas Craiglie Local Plan, Precinct 1f – Flagstaff Hill, and is affected by the following overlays:

- Bushfire Hazard Overlay Very High Potential Bushfire Intensity;
- Hillslopes Overlay Hillslopes Area;
- Landscape Values Overlay High Landscape Value & Scenic Buffer Area; and,
- Potential Landslide Hazard Overlay High and Medium Hazard Risk.

The Table below identifies the applicable Assessment Benchmarks contained within the Planning Scheme.

Assessment Benchmark	Applicability	Compliance
Environmental Management Zone Code	Applies	Consideration of Performance Outcome PO5 is required. refer below.
Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan	Applies	Complies with applicable Acceptable Outcomes and Performance Outcomes where no Acceptable Outcome is identified.
Bushfire Hazard Overlay Code	Not applicable	Not identified as an Assessment Benchmark
Hillslopes Overlay Code	Applies	Consideration is required in respect of Performance Outcome PO3. Refer below.
Landscape Values Overlay Code	Not applicable	Not identified as an Assessment Benchmark
Potential Landslide Hazard Overlay Code		
Environmental Performance Code	Applies	Complies or able to comply with the relevant Acceptable Outcomes.



Infrastructure Works Code	Applies	Complies or able to comply with all applicable Acceptable Outcomes.		
Landscaping Code	Not applicable	No landscaping is proposed or required for the proposed operational works.		

6.1.1 Statement of Compliance - Benchmark Assessment

6.1.1.1 Environmental Management Zone Code

Performance Outcome PO5 of the Environmental Management Zone Code states:

PO₅

Development is located, designed, operated and managed to respond to the characteristics, features and constraints of the site and its surrounds.

The associated Acceptable Outcome states:

AO5.2

Buildings and structures and associated infrastructure are not located on slopes greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%) or on a ridgeline.

The proposed driveway alignment has been selected to achieve the least impact on the features of the site and to respond to the sites constraints. It is considered to represent the least impact option to provide suitable access to an existing house pad. On the basis that the proposed driveway design responds to the characteristics, features and constraints of the site and its surrounds, the proposed development is considered to satisfy Performance Outcome PO5 of the Environmental Management Zone Code.

6.1.1.2 Hillslopes Overlay Code

Performance Outcome PO3 of the Hillslopes Overlay Code states:

PO3

Excavation or filling does not have an adverse impact on the amenity, safety, stability or function of the site or adjoining premises through:

- (a) loss of privacy;
- (b) loss of access to sunlight;
- (c) intrusion of visual or overbearing impacts;
- (d) complex engineering solutions.

The associated Acceptable Outcome states:



AO3

Excavation or fill:

- (a) is not more than 1.2 metres in height for each batter or retaining wall;
- (b) is setback a minimum of 2 metres from property boundaries;
- (c) is stepped with a minimum 2 metre wide berm to incorporate landscaping in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 Landscaping;
- (d) does not exceed a maximum of 3 batters and 3 berms (i.e. not greater than 3.6 metres in height) on any one lot.

The proposed driveway would involve the construction of gabion retaining walls with a height of in the order of 1.5 metres. This exceeds the accepted height of 1.2 metres; however, the gabion walls are stepped walls with each element having a height of 0.5 metres.

The proposed walls are considered to represent the simplest engineering solution that has the least impact on the topography and the least visual impact. The walls would blend into the natural environment and would not result in an overbearing visual impact on the surrounding area. The proposed gabion walls are considered to satisfy the performance outcome, notwithstanding that they would have a height greater than the accepted 1.2 metres.

6.1.1.3 Potential Landslide Hazard Overlay Code

Performance Outcome PO2 of the Potential Landslide Hazard Overlay Code states:

PO₂

The siting and design of necessary retaining structures does not cause an adverse visual impact on landscape character or scenic amenity quality of the area.

The associated Acceptable Outcome states:

AO2

Excavation or fill:

- (a) is not more than 1.2 metres in height for each batter or retaining wall;
- (b) is setback a minimum of 2 metres from property boundaries;
- (c) is stepped with a minimum 2 metre wide berm to incorporate landscaping in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 Landscaping;
- (d) does not exceed a maximum of 3 batters and 3 berms (i.e. Not greater than 3.6 metres in height) on any one lot.

Consistent with the response to the Hillslopes Overlay Code, the proposed driveway would involve the construction of gabion retaining walls with a height of in the order of 1.5 metres. This exceeds the accepted height of 1.2 metres; however, the gabion walls



are stepped walls with each element having a height of 0.5 metres.

The proposed walls are considered to represent the simplest engineering solution that has the least impact on the topography and visual amenity of the area. The walls would blend into the natural environment and would not result in an overbearing impact on the landscape character or scenic amenity of the area. The proposed gabion walls are considered to satisfy the performance outcome, notwithstanding that they would have a height greater than the accepted 1.2 metres.



7.0 Summary and Conclusion

This report has been prepared on behalf of Kate Agrums in support of a Development Application to Douglas Shire Council for a Development Permit for Operational Works for the purpose of the construction of a driveway on land located at 30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas, and described as Lot 1 on RP729453.

The application site contains an area of 800m² and has frontage to Murphy Street of approximately 25 metres. The land is currently vacant and is covered with dense vegetation with a topography that slopes form the north to the Murphy Street frontage to the south and with a fall of approximately 10 metres over the 30 metre depth of the site. An existing building pad has historically been created in the western side of the site. It is understood that this was created at the time of the original subdivision. Access to the site is obtained by a shared driveway within the road reserve that also provides access to the lots to the east and west.

It is proposed to establish a driveway access to the existing house pad and to undertake earthworks to improve the house pad to facilitate the construction of a dwelling in the near future. The driveway would be located adjacent the existing overland flow path and would connect to the existing concrete driveway from Murphy Street. The driveway would traverse the length of the site and would terminate at the northern end of the existing house pad.

The application is identified as being Code Assessable and consideration can only be given to the applicable planning Assessment Benchmarks contained in the Douglas Shire Planning Scheme. An assessment has demonstrated that the proposed development is consistent with the Assessment Benchmarks and is able to be accommodated on the site without adverse impact on the amenity of the area or the stability of the site.

The application is submitted for approval, subject to reasonable and relevant conditions.



Appendix 1.

CERTIFICATE OF TITLE



TITLES REGISTRY

Current Title Search

Department of Resources ABN 59 020 847 551

Title Reference: 21019174		
Date Title Created:	30/06/1976	
Previous Title:	20665056	

ESTATE AND LAND

Estate in Fee Simple

LOT 1 REGISTERED PLAN 729453

Local Government: DOUGLAS

REGISTERED OWNER

Dealing No: 719825261 02/01/2020

KATHERINE JEAN AGRUMS

EASEMENTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND INTERESTS

- Rights and interests reserved to the Crown by Deed of Grant No. 10366042 (ALLOT 4 SEC 12)
- MORTGAGE No 719825262 02/01/2020 at 08:59
 AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED A.C.N. 005 357 522

ADMINISTRATIVE ADVICES

NIL

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS

NIL

Caution - Charges do not necessarily appear in order of priority

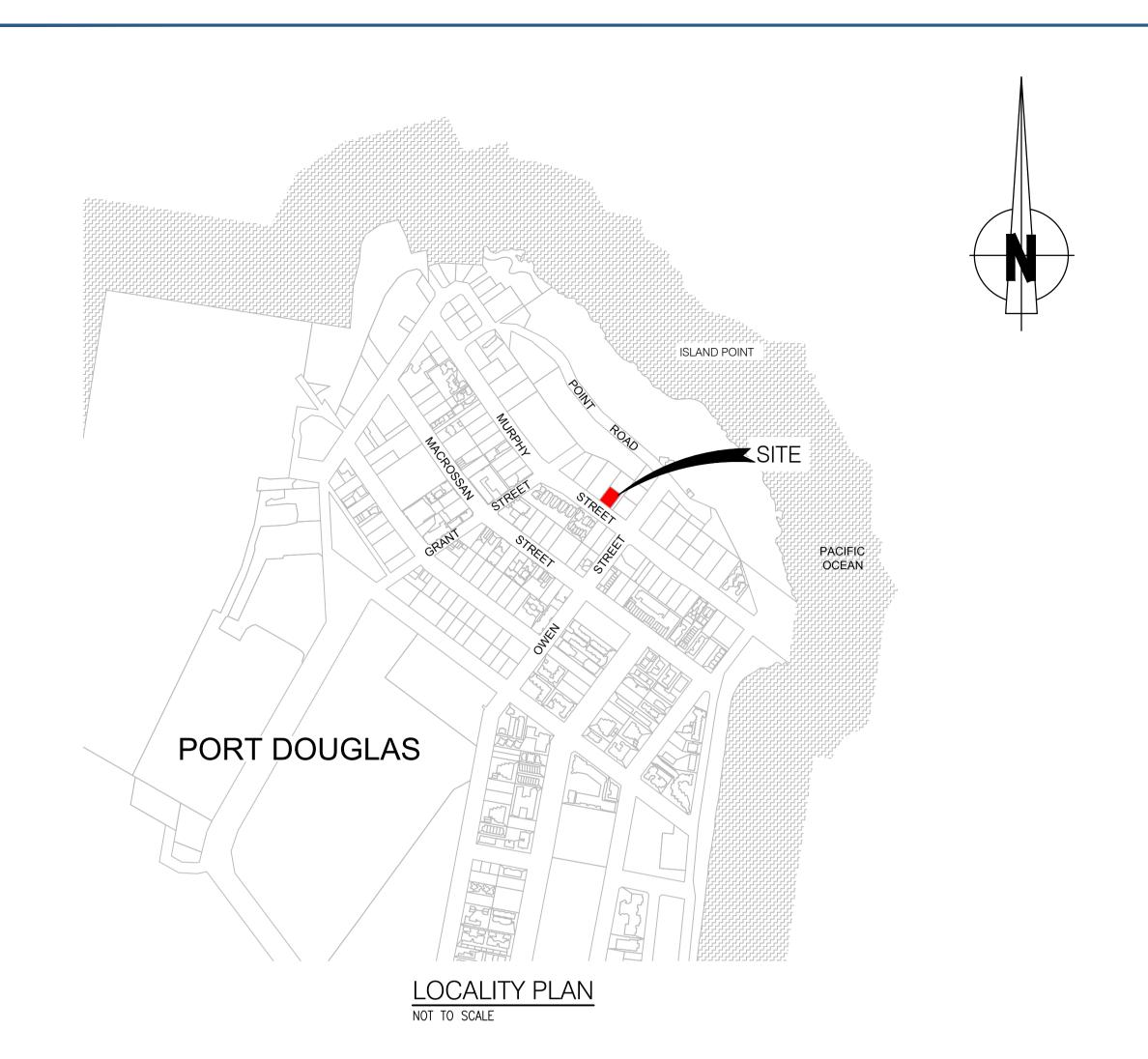
** End of Current Title Search **

www.qld.gov.au/titles



Appendix 2.

PROPOSAL PLANS AND GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT



SCHEDULE OF PROJECT DRAWINGS

ARO0053-C01 LOCALITY PLAN, DRAWING SCHEDULE AND GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN ARO0053-C02 DRIVEWAY LAYOUT PLAN, CONTROL LINE SETOUT AND LONGITUDINAL SECTION DRIVEWAY TYPE SECTIONS AND DETAILS ARO0053-C03 ARO0053-C04 GABION WALL ELEVATION AND DETAILS ARO0053-C05 DRIVEWAY ANNOTATED CROSS SECTIONS - SHEET 1 OF 2 ARO0053-C06 DRIVEWAY ANNOTATED CROSS SECTIONS - SHEET 2 OF 2

125 SP144708 SP144708 TBM ♠▽ SCREW IN KERB RL 24.545 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN

ORIGIN OF SURVEY

LEVELS DATUM : AHD(D) ORIGIN OF LEVELS : PSM 500028, RL4.241 SURVEY CARRIED OUT BY VERIS, REFER DRG No. 401394-001 SURVEY DATED 8TH MARCH 2021

PRELIMINARY ISSUE

Client Logo KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS Description Reviewed Approved Date 1:200 30 MURPHY STREET, PORT DOUGLAS Drawing Check Design Check RPEQ LOCALITY PLAN, DRAWING SCHEDULE Drawing is not to be used for construction AND GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN unless approved. 1 PRELIMINARY ISSUE

••••• 000000 $\bullet \bullet \bullet$



44 McLeod Street Cairns Qld 4870 E admin@aroindustries.com.au W www.aroindustries.com.au ABN: 49 641 461 298

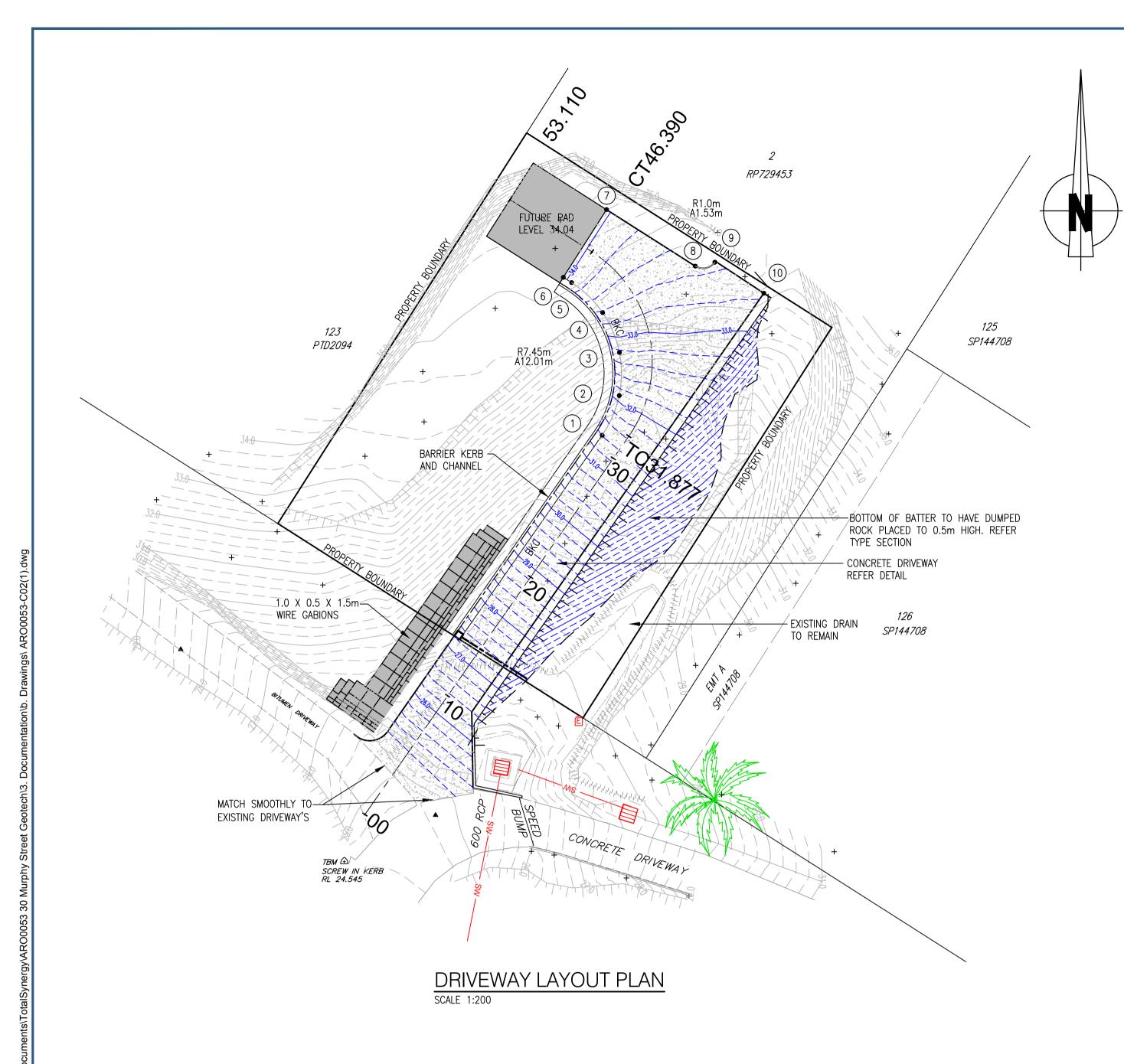
DO NOT SCALE

ARO0053-C01

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0 2 4 6 8 10m

SCALE 1:200 (A1)



CONCRETE DRIVEWAY ALIGNMENT SETOUT TABLE

34°53'23.92"

34°53'23.92"

302°30'00.00" 302°30'00.00"

CHAINAGE EASTING NORTHING

336288.471

336293.838

336285.924

CT 46.390

336270.237 8177049.424

8177075.572

8177083.269

8177088.310

8177091.921

LEGEND

R10.00

A15.75

BKC BARRIER KERB AND CHANNEL EXISTING SURFACE CONTOUR (0.25m INTERVAL) DESIGN SURFACE CONTOUR (0.2m INTERVAL) PROPOSED TOP OF BATTER PROPOSED TOE OF BATTER EXISTING TOP OF BATTER EXISTING TOE OF BATTER EXISTING TOE OF BATTER EXISTING TOE OF BATTER EXISTING SEALED ROAD EXISTING OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY EXISTING STORMWATER KERB SETOUT POINT

DRIVEWAY TURNOUT SETOUT TABLE

RADIUS

ARC LENGTH

POINT No.	EASTING	NORTHING	LEVEL
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	336286.627 336287.809 336287.822 336286.663 336284.519 336283.947 336286.929 336293.059 336294.416 336297.799	8177075.637 8177078.376 8177081.359 8177084.108 8177086.182 8177086.547 8177091.227 8177087.322 8177087.594 8177085.452	31.409 32.092 32.765 33.376 33.949 34.039 34.039 33.464 33.457 33.255

NOTES

- 1. ALL WORKS AND MATERIALS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FNQROC DEVELOPMENT MANUAL GUIDELINES AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2. DESIGN SURFACE LEVELS SHOWN ARE AFTER ALL EARTHWORKS ARE COMPLETED, INCLUDING 75mm TOPSOILING.
- 3. BATTERS SHALL BE (UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE):

 DRIVEWAY: 1 ON 2 (MAX.)

 TEMPORARY BATTERS: 1 ON 1
- 4. ALL DESIGN SURFACES ARE TO BE GRADED EVENLY BETWEEN SHOWN LEVELS UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN.
- 5. REFER TO FNQROC STANDARD DRAWINGS:
 S1000 : CONCRETE KERB & CHANNEL
 S1110 : CONCRETE DRIVEWAY FOR ALLOTMENT ACCESS
- 7. NEW ROADWORKS AND KERBING TO JOIN SMOOTHLY TO EXISTING WORKS. PROVIDE CUT BACK TO EXISTING DRIVEWAYS WHERE NECESSARY.
- 8. LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING SERVICES TO BE CONFIRMED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION BY CONTRACTOR THROUGH LIAISON WITH RELEVANT AUTHORITIES.
- 9. TRIM AND DRILL SEED ALL FOOTPATHS/ROAD VERGES. BATTERS >0.5m TO BE HYDROMULCHED AFTER FINAL EARTHWORKS AND TOPSOILING IS COMPLETED.

FINISHED SURFACE ----EXISTING SURFACE— CUT OFF WALL AT TOP OF DRIVEWAY REFER DETAIL ON DRG ARO0053-C03 _ 2.79% _ 12.50% 25.00% 12.42% 0.00% GRADE VERT. CURVE RADIUS VERT. CURVE LENGTH R-9m HORIZ. CURVE RADIUS DATUM RL 12.0 DESIGN SURFACE EXISTING SURFACE CUT/FILL DEPTH CHAINAGE

DRIVEWAY LONGITUDINAL SECTION

HORIZONTAL SCALE 1:200

	No.	Description	Reviewed	Approved	Date	Client Logo	Client	KATE & LUCAS AGF
U							Project	30 MURPHY STREET, POR
Revisions							Title	LOCALITY PLAN, DRAWING
R	1	PRELIMINARY ISSUE	-	-	27/05/2021			AND GENERAL ARRANGE

BEARING RAD/SPIRAL A.LENGTH DEFL.ANGLE

R = -9.000

14.513

92°23'23.92"

Client	KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS			Approved		Scale (A1 size)	
Project	30 MURPHY STREET, PORT DOUGLAS	MS	MS			AS SHOWN	
Title	LOCALITY PLAN, DRAWING SCHEDULE	Drawing Check	Design Check	RPEQ	Date	Drawing is not to be used for construction	
	AND GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN					unless approved.	





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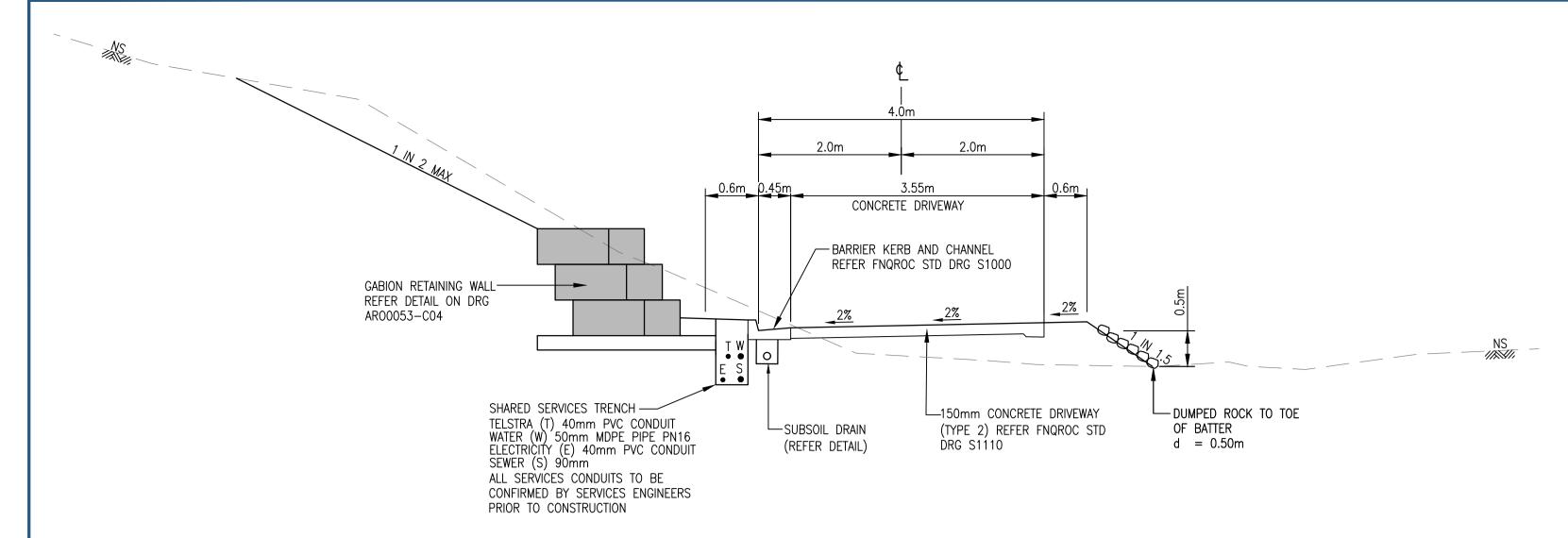
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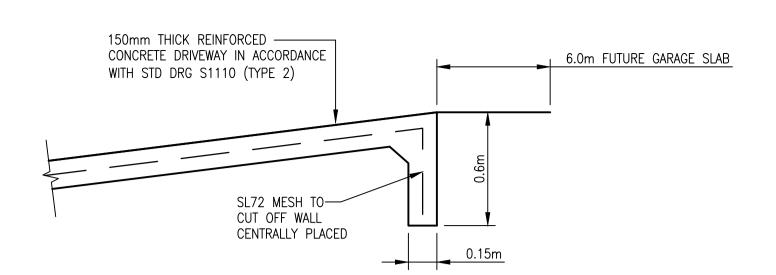
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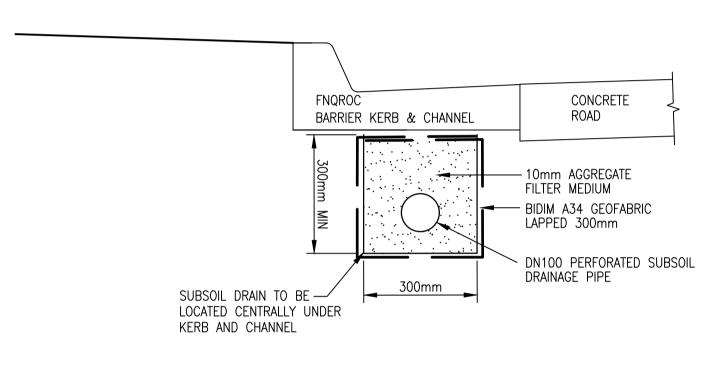


NOTES

- 1. ALL WORKS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FNQROC SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2. CUT BATTERS ALONG DRIVEWAY TO BE A MAXIMUM OF 3.0m HIGH AND 1 IN 2 SLOPE. FILL BATTERS TO BE LIMITED TO A MAXIMUM OF 2.0m HIGH AND 1 IN 2 BATTER SLOPE. ANY VARIATION IS TO BE CERTIFIED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. KERBS TO BE CONSTRUCTED AS PER FNQROC STANDARD DRG S1000.
- 4. SETOUT TABLES ARE TO CONTROL LINE OF DRIVEWAY (AS PER TYPE CROSS SECTIONS).
- DEPTH OF SUBSOIL DRAIN VARIES. GRADE TO PROVIDE 0.5% MINIMUM FALL WITH OUTLET TO INVERT OF DRAIN. MAINTAIN MINIMUM DEPTH BASED ON GRADING REQUIREMENTS.
- ALL ASSOCIATED FITTINGS FOR SUBSOIL DRAINS AS PER FNQROC STD
- 7. ALL DIMENSIONS IN METRES (m) UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 8. REFER TO FNQROC STANDARD DRAWINGS: S1000 : CONCRETE KERB & CHANNEL S1110 : CONCRETE DRIVEWAY FOR ALLOTMENT ACCESS



CUT OFF WALL DETAIL

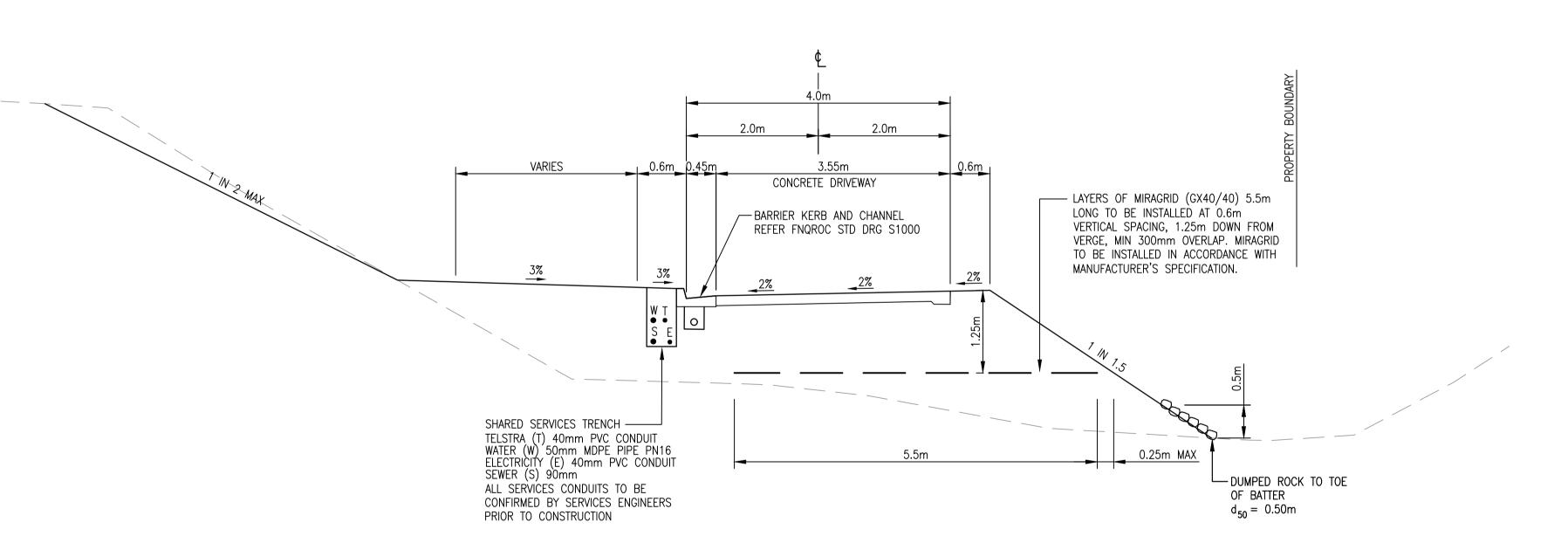


SUBSOIL DRAIN DETAIL

•888•

••••

TYPICAL DRIVEWAY CROSS SECTIONS (WITH GABIONS)



TYPICAL DRIVEWAY CROSS SECTIONS

Client Logo

Reviewed Approved Date

0 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5m SCALE 1:50 (A1)

Description

KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS Approved Designed AS SHOWN MS Project 30 MURPHY STREET, PORT DOUGLAS 000000 Drawing Check Design Check RPEQ Drawing is not to be DRIVEWAY TYPE SECTION AND CULVERT DETAILS used for construction unless approved. Drawing No.

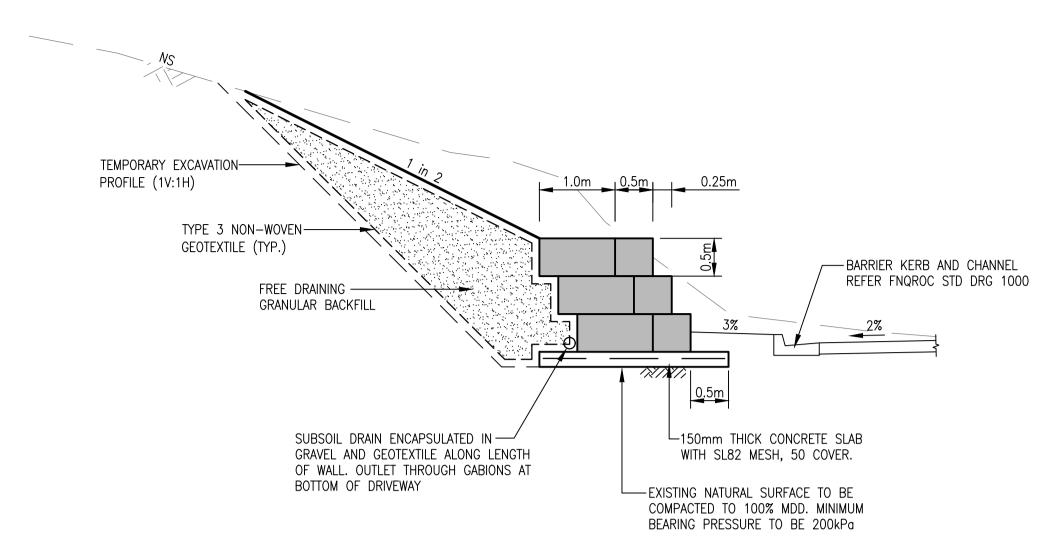
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PRELIMINARY ISSUE

GABION RETAINING WALL ELEVATION



GABION TYPICAL SECTION SCALE 1:50

GABION NOTES

<u>MATERIALS</u>

WIRE GABIONS

GENERAL: COMPLY WITH AS 2423. GALVANISE ALL WIRE TO AS 4534. COAT ALL COMPONENTS WITH POLYVINYL CHLORIDE TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 0.5mm.

GABIONS: USE MESH WITH A WIRE DIAMETER NOT LESS THAN 2mm. PROVIDE APPROPRIATE MESH SIZE TO RETAIN THE ROCK FILLING. PROVIDE SELVEDGE WIRES WITH A DIAMETER NOT LESS THE 3.15mm AND BINDING WIRE WITH A DIAMETER NOT LESS THAN 2.5mm.

ROCK FILL

GENERAL: CLEAN, HARD, DURABLE CRUSHED ROCK, ROCK SPALLS OR RIVER GRAVEL, WITH MINIMUM SIZE LARGER THAN THE MAXIMUM OPENING SIZE OF THE MESH OR FABRIC FORMING THE BASKET. ROCKS MUST BE CUBICAL WHERE POSSIBLE. THE SMALLEST DIMENSION MUST NOT BE LESS THAN HALF THE GREATEST

PROPERTIES: WET/DRY STRENGTH VARIATION TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH QUEENSLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT AND MAIN ROADS TEST METHOD Q205C OR AS 1141.22 MUST NOT EXCEED 35%. TEN PERCENT FINES VALUE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH QUEENSLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT AND MAIN ROADS TEST METHOD Q205B OR AS 1141.22 MUST NOT BE LESS THAN 140 KN.

GABIONS: PROVIDE ROCK OF NOMINAL SIZE BETWEEN 120mm AND 200mm. ROCK MUST BE UNIFORMLY GRADED, WITH GREATER THAN 80% BY NUMBER EXCEEDING THE 150mm NOMINAL SIZE.

<u>GABIONS</u>

GENERAL: CONSTRUCT GABION PROTECTION WORK IN THE LOCATIONS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.

SURFACE PREPARATION: TRIM AREAS ON WHICH GABIONS ARE TO BE POSITIONED TO THE SPECIFIED SHAPES WITHIN A TOLERANCE OF ± 50mm. TRIMMED SURFACES MUST BE FREE OF ROOTS, STUMPS, BRUSH, ROCKS AND THE LIKE PROTRUSIONS.

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC: PLACE TYPE 3 GEOTEXTILE BEHIND ALL GABIONS.

ASSEMBLY: ASSEMBLE TO COMPLY WITH THE DRAWINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE MANUFACTURER. POSITIONING: POSITION ASSEMBLED GABIONS EMPTY IN THE WORKS. SECURELY POSITION THE FIRST ROW OF GABIONS AND FILL BEFORE GABIONS IN OTHER ROWS ARE POSITIONED.

ROCK FILL: HAND PACK THE EXPOSED FACES OF THE BASKET. THE REMAINDER MAY BE FILLED USING MACHINE METHODS. PLACE THE ROCK TO PRODUCE A DENSE, EVENLY DISTRIBUTED FILLING WITH A MINIMUM OF VOIDS. MAINTAIN THE TOLERANCES AND SHAPE SPECIFIED. TIE TOGETHER THE OUTER AND INNER PANELS OF THE GABIONS DURING THE PLACING OPERATION TO MINIMISE DISTORTIONS WHERE NECESSARY.

DAMAGE: DURING THE PLACING, DO NOT DAMAGE THE GABION MESH OR GEOTEXTILE.

CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCES

<u>GENERAL:</u> CONSTRUCT GABIONS AND MATTRESSES IN THE LOCATIONS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.

0 1 2 3 4 5m SCALE 1:100 (A1) 0 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5m

SCALE 1:50 (A1)

	No. Description	Reviewed	Approved	Date	Client Logo	KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS	De	Designed A	Аррі
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Drawing No.

Client	KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS	Drawn		Approved		Scale (A1 size)	
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Title	GABION LAYOUT AND DETAILS	Drawing Check	Design Check	RPEQ	Date	Drawing is not to be used for construction unless approved.	

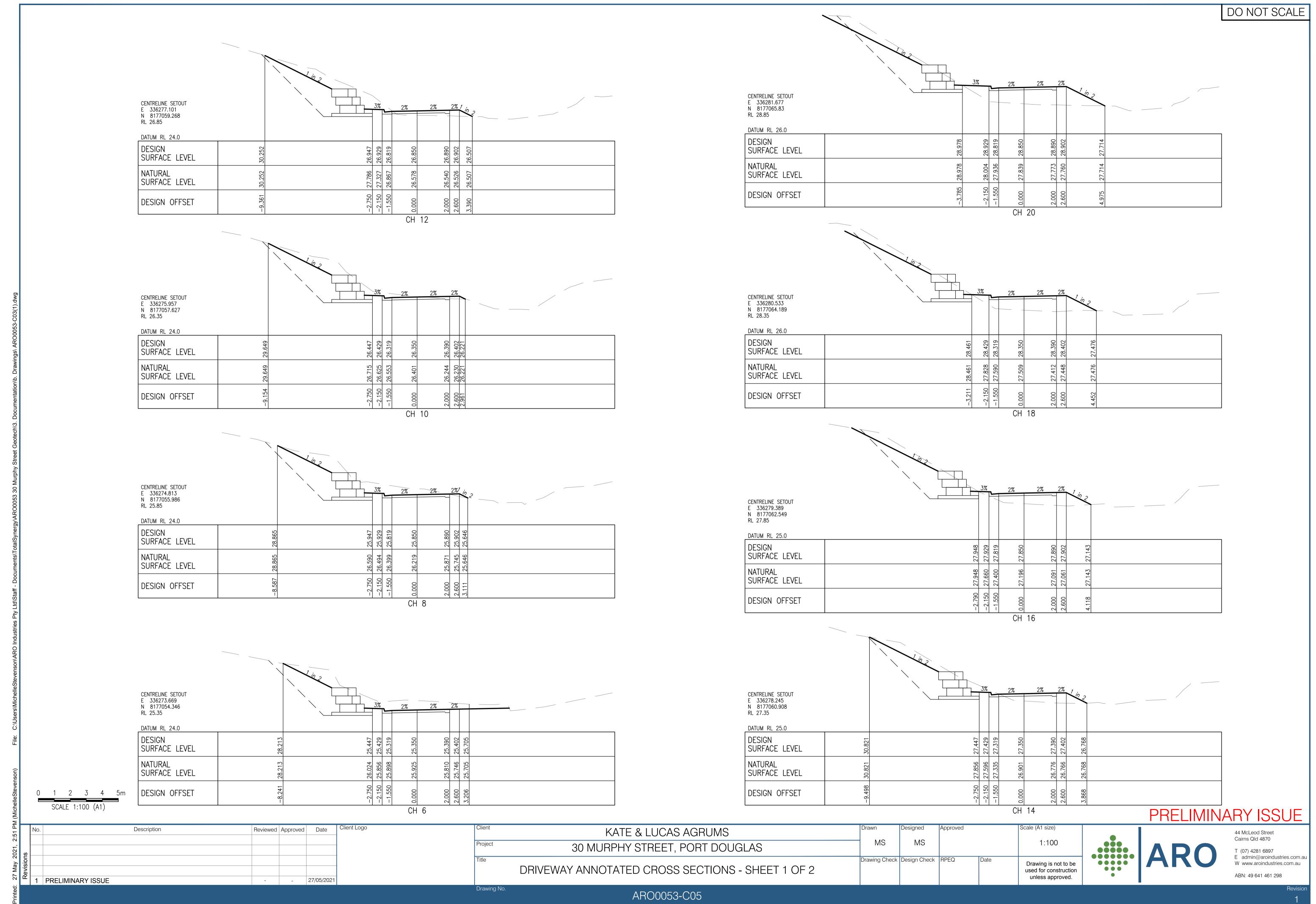


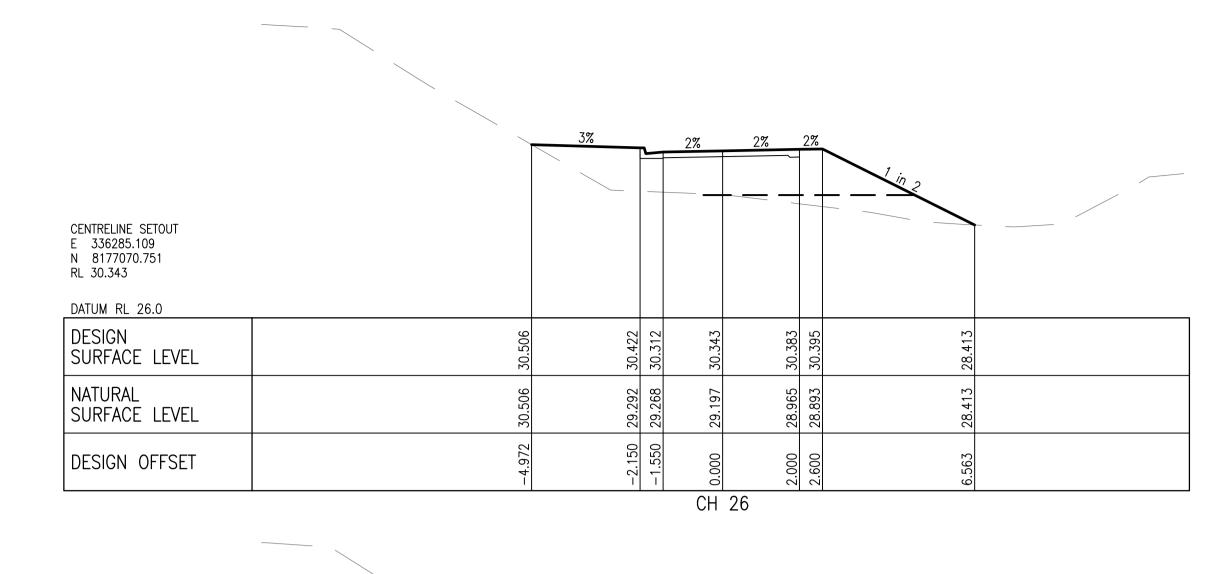
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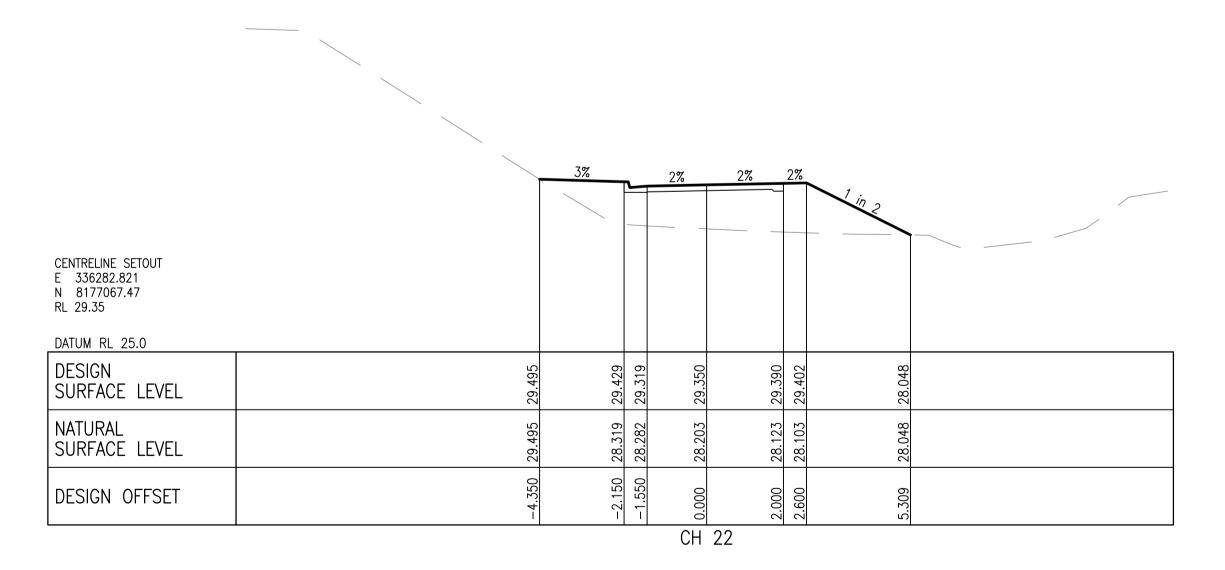
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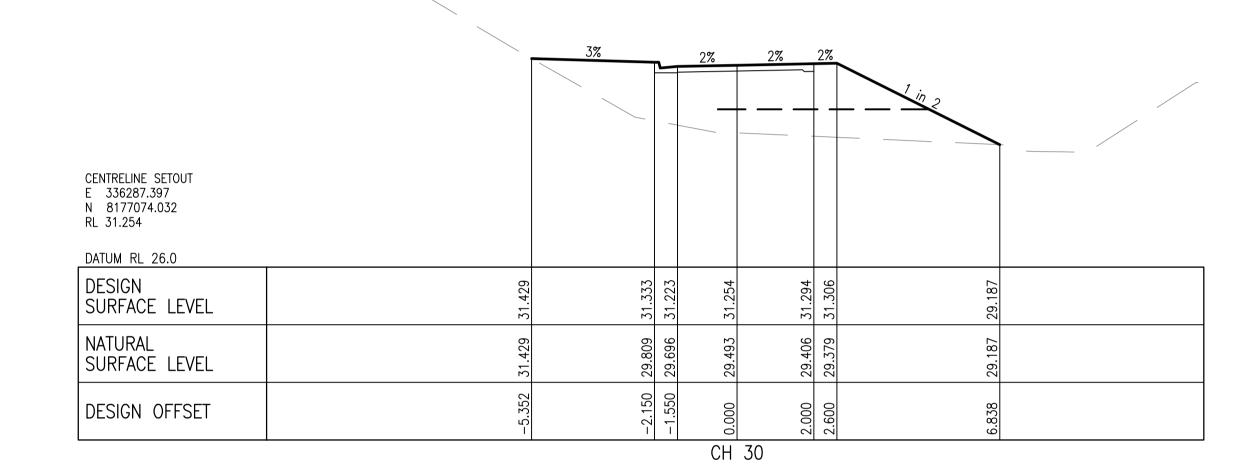


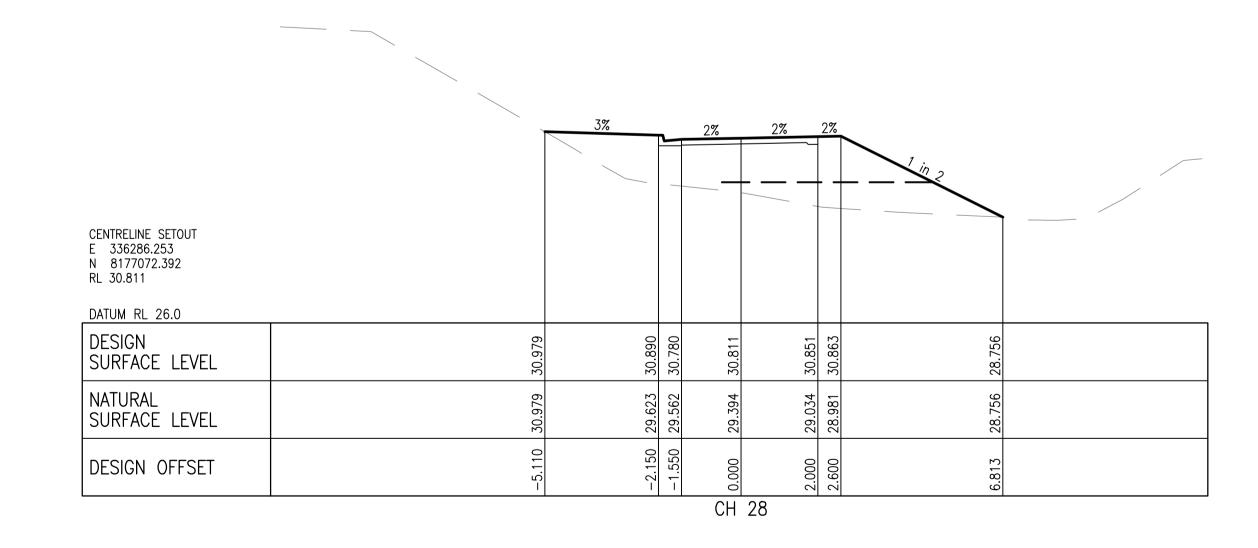
		3%		2%	2%	2%	1 in 2	
CENTRELINE SETOUT E 336283.965 N 8177069.111 RL 29.85 DATUM RL 25.0								
DESIGN SURFACE LEVEL	30.007	29.929	29.819	29.850	29.890	29.902	28.336	
NATURAL SURFACE LEVEL	30.007	28.777	28.749	28.656	28.445	28.403	28.336	
DESIGN OFFSET	-4.756		-1.550	0.000	2.000	2.600	5.732	



CH 24

			RE	EFER LAYOU DRIVEWAY	T PLAN FOR SETOUT			
		3%		2%	2%	2%	1 in 2	
CENTRELINE SETOUT E 336288.541 N 8177075.673 RL 31.672 DATUM RL 27.0								
DESIGN SURFACE LEVEL	31.848	31.750	31.640	31.672	31.712	31.724	29.643	
NATURAL SURFACE LEVEL	31.848	30.033	29.921	29.734	29.833	29.809	29.643	
DESIGN OFFSET	-5.501	-2.231	-1.631	0.000	2.001	2.601	6.763	
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0 1 2 3 4 5m SCALE 1:100 (A1)

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30 MURPHY STREET, PORT DOUGLAS GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT REPORT





DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

Title: 30 Murphy, Port Douglas Geotechnical Assessment Report

Document No: ARO0053

Project Director: Rudd Rankine

Author: Shaun Booth

Client: Kate & Lucas Agrums

Client Contact: Patrick Clifton
Client Reference: 30 Murphy Street

Purpose: A geotechnical assessment of the site stability and proposed

construction of a dwelling and driveway.

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Recommendations contained in this report are based largely on our understanding of the information that has been supplied to us and should be balanced against additional information that you may hold or seek. The client is cautioned to exercise due commercial diligence in the interpretation of any material herein and accept our findings as suggestions given in good faith requiring interpretation within the context of the client's own enterprise environment.

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Distribution	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
GMA Certification Group	1								
Kate & Lucas Agrums	1								
ARO Industries Record	1								

Revision History							
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Revision No.	Author	Reviewer	RPEQ No.	Signature	Date		
0	S. Booth	R. Rankine	8452	P. ZC-	27/5/2021		



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1. INTRODUCTION

This report has been prepared as supporting information for the geotechnical design of a building pad and driveway for 30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas. The report has been commissioned by Kate and Lucas Agrums. The report has been prepared to assess the existing geotechnical conditions of the sites and details how the proposed driveway and dwelling structure can be safely constructed regarding geotechnical stability.

The location of the site is identified in Figure 1, and localised topographical information in Figure 2.



Figure 1 – Locality Plan of Sites (Queensland Globe)

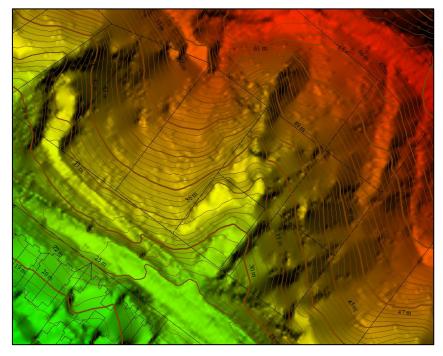


Figure 2 – Site topography (source: Geoscience Australia)

A comprehensive assessment of the sites has been undertaken, including.

- An assessment of risk according to the Australian Geomechanics Society (AGS) (2007c) guidelines;
 and
- A limit state analysis (or 'slip circle') assessment of stability.



2. PREVIOUS GEOTECHNICAL STUDIES

There have been no previous geotechnical assessments completed on the site. However, there are multiple geotechnical studies that have been conducted on the adjacent land parcels and other properties along Murphy Street.

3. SITE UNDERSTANDING

3.1. Site Inspection

A site inspection was undertaken by a senior geotechnical engineer and consisted of a site walk-over in early 2021. The site is currently unoccupied and is heavily vegetated with a natural gully running along the south-eastern boundary of the allotment. It is proposed that a dwelling be constructed along the north-western area of the property on an existing benched area and will be accessed by a driveway traversing the eastern side of the property up to the benched area.

3.2. Surface Condition

The site is located on Murphy Street, Port Douglas (Flagstaff Hill) and is mapped on the Douglas Shire Planning Scheme as within the hillslopes overlay (Figure 3). The site is well vegetated and has notably steep slopes. The slopes adjacent to the proposed building pad appear to have been cut and cast aside to form the approximate 1.75H:1V downslope batter and approximate 1H:1V upslope batter. It is considered that the downslope batter assumed to be created with the uncontrolled fill (won cut material) has not been adequately compacted.

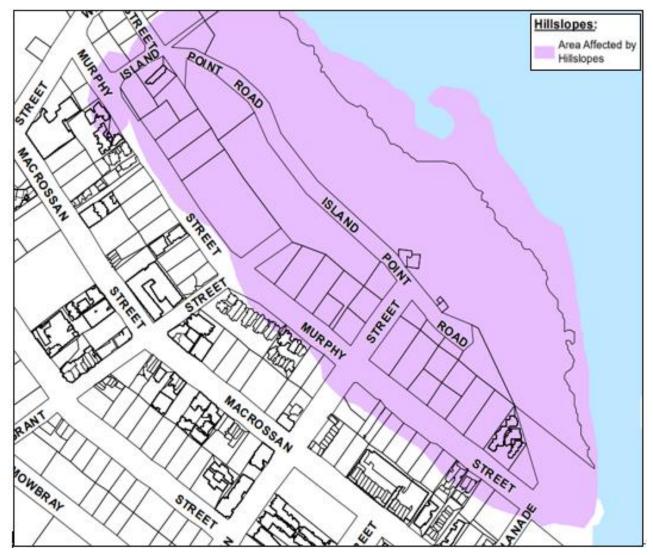


Figure 3- Location of the site relative to the Hillslopes Overlay from Douglas Shire Council's Planning Scheme.



3.3. Site Geology

The Geological Survey of Queensland's 1:100,000 series map indicates that the site is underlain primarily by Hodgkinson Formation/cg; Dark grey, thick-bedded pebble to boulder conglomerate, conglomeratic greywacke. An extract of the map from Queensland Globe has been included as *Figure 4* below.

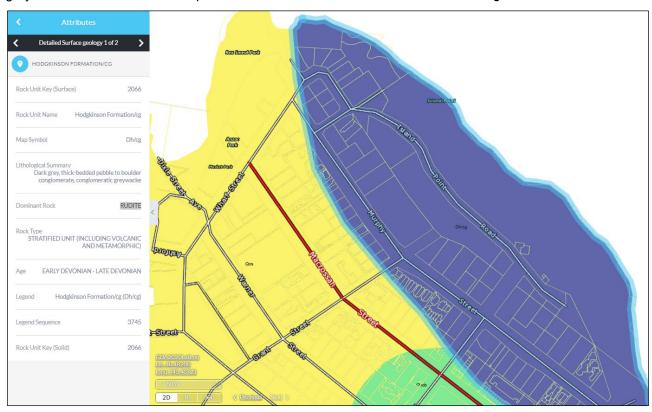


Figure 4 – Geological Survey of Queensland's 1:100,000 series map

The previous geotechnical reports on surrounding properties indicate that test-pits identified materials consistent with those mapped.

3.4. Subsurface Conditions

During the initial walk-over, it was noted that the existing pad that has been cut along the north-western boundary of the site, provided excellent visibility of the subsurface conditions on site. The subsurface conditions from multiple previous studies were investigated to compare and validate the subsurface conditions observed at the 30 Murphy Street site. A summary has been detailed in *Table 1*.

Table 1 – Previous studies existing subsurface conditions

	Depth of Layer						
Soil Condition	34 Murphy Street	24 Murphy Street	69-73 Murphy Street	30 Murphy Street			
Topsoil: Very loose to loose silty sand	GL to 0.4/1.9m	1	-	GL to 0.4/1.5m			
Colluvium/Residual soil: Very dense silty clayey sand	1.9 to 2.9m	GL to 1.3/1.6m	GL to 0.6/1.0m	0.4/1.5-2.5-3.m			
Extremely weather to highly weather rock (phyilite), extremely low to low and low to medium strength	Deeper than 0.4/2.9m	Deeper than 1.5 to 2.5m	0.6/1.0m to 5.8/6.0m	Deeper than 2.5-3m			



Soil Condition	Depth of Layer						
	34 Murphy Street	24 Murphy Street	69-73 Murphy Street	30 Murphy Street			
Fresh, high to very high strength Grewacke rock	-	-	5.8/6.0m to 8.0/8.8m				

It is noted that these findings compare favourably with the site geology identified in previous reports for surrounding sites.

3.5. Slope Geometry

Initially a topographical profiles were extracted from site LiDAR. Sections across two of the steepest portions of the site were taken and used for the geotechnical assessments. The Sections have been referred to as A and B respectively. Figure 4 shows where the sections have been taken, and Figures 5 and 6 the cross sections of each cut.

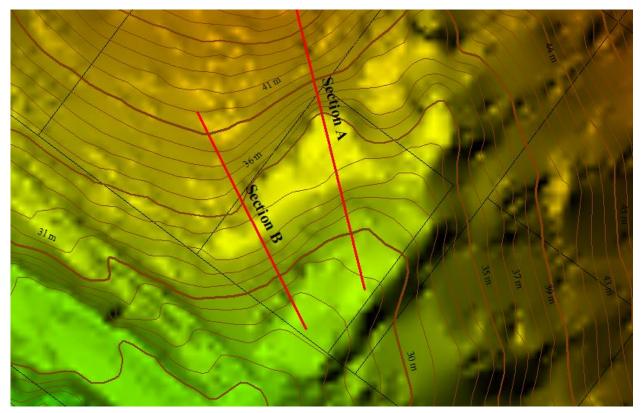


Figure 4 – Locality of Cross-Sections





Figure 5 – Geometry of the slope Section A



Figure 6 – Geometry of the slope Section B

A detailed site survey was undertaken by Veris Surveyors. A copy has been included in Appendix E.



4. GEOTECHNICAL ASSESSMENT OF PROPOSED SLOPE STABILISATION OPTIONS

4.1. Risk Assessment (AGS 2007)

A risk assessment of the site(s) was undertaken in accordance with the Australian Geomechanics Society (AGS) 2007 Guidelines for landslide risk assessment. *Table 2* summarises the findings of the assessment.

Table 2 - Qualitative assessment of risk to property due to future site works

				WITHOUT	Engineering	Controls		<u>WITH</u> Engineering Controls		ontrols
	Potential Hazard	Risk to	Condition	Consequence	Likelihood	Qualitative Risk	Engineering Controls to Reduce Risk	Consequence	Likelihood	Qualitative Risk
	Earth slides in 1V:3H	House	Dry	Minor	Rare	Very Low	Provide adequate drainage and erosion protection, including lined drains	Minor	Rare	Very Low
	to 1V:1.5H (20-34 degree) slopes on site	(Property)	Wet	Minor	Possible	Moderate	at the crest of batters. No other engineering controls recommended.	Minor	Unlikely	Low
	Earth slides in 1V:1.5H to 1V:1H (34-	House	Dry	Medium	Unlikely	Low	Provide adequate drainage and erosion protection, including lined drains	Medium	Rare	Low
Existing	45 degree) slopes on site up to 2.5 meters	(Property)	Wet	Medium	Likely	High	at the crest of batters. No other engineering controls recommended.	Medium	Unlikely	Low
Exis	Earth slides in 1V:1.5H to 1.75V:1H (45-60 degree) slopes on site and 1V:1.5H to	House	Dry	Medium	Likely	High	Positive retention of the slope is recommended to reduce risk of slope		See Below	
	1V:1H (34-45 degree) slopes on site greater than 2.5 meters	(Property)	Wet	Medium	Almost Certain	Very High	failure		occ Bolow	
	Earth slide in future cut batters less than	House	Dry	Minor	Rare	Very Low	Provide adequate drainage and erosion protection, including lined drains at the crest of batters.	Minor	Rare	Very Low
	1V:1.5H (~34 degrees)	(Property)	Wet	Minor	Unlikely	Low	No other engineering controls recommended.	Minor	Rare	Very Low
	Earth slide in future cut batters greater	House	Dry	Medium	Unlikely	Low	Limit batter/bench heights to appropriate heights or provide positive support/retention. Provide adequate drainage and erosion protection, including lined drains	Medium	Rare	Low
	than1V:1.5H (~34 degrees)	(Property)	Wet	Medium	Possible	Moderate	at the crest and toe of batters along creek banks Revegetate batters where possible, preferably deep-rooted native varieties	Medium	Rare	Low
peso	Earth slides in future	House	Dry	Medium	Unlikely	Low	Limit batter/bench heights to appropriate heights or provide positive support/retention. Provide adequate drainage and erosion protection, including lined drains	Medium	Rare	Low
Future/ Proposed	fill batters	(Property)	Wet	Medium	Possible	Moderate	at the crest and toe of batters along creek banks Vegetate batters where possible, preferably deep-rooted native varieties	Medium	Unlikely	Low
Future	Failure of future retention structure	House	Dry	Major	Barely Credible	Very Low	Suitably designed and certified retention systems to be installed Provide adequate drainage and erosion protection, including lined drains at the crest and toe of batters.	Major	Barely Credible	Very Low
	and resulting earth slide	(Property)	Wet	Major	Rare	Low	Revegetate batters where possible, preferably deep-rooted native varieties if compatible with retention structure.	Major	Rare	Low
	Degradation of earth	House	Dry	Minor	Likely	Moderate	Provide adequate drainage and erosion protection, including lined drains at the crest of batters and rock protection for faces where erosion prone (e.g., qully).	Minor	Rare	Very Low
	batters	(Property)	Wet	Minor	Almost Certain	High	Revegetate batters where possible, preferably deep-rooted native varieties	Minor	Unlikely	Low



The qualitative risk to property of the existing slope was assessed as between "Very Low" to "Very High" without engineering controls for the scenarios assessed. Normally regulators accept risk levels of "Low" or "Very Low" when assessed in accordance with AGS (2007). Where risks levels are assessed to be above these limits, engineering controls are typically introduced to reduce the risks to acceptable levels. The survey of the sites indicate that the batters are between 1V:1.5H and 2V:1H, the risk assessment shows a very high level of risk in wet conditions. Should the proposed engineering controls recommended be implemented, the qualitative risk to property can be assessed as between "Low" and "Very Low".

To determine the stability of the site it is considered that further analysis in the form of limit state analysis on the existing and proposed development scenarios. The type and extent of engineering controls required have been determined by modelling the existing conditions and applying increasing levels of support until the required factors of safety have been reached. Section 4.2 describes the process and findings of the modelling.

4.2. Limit State Analysis

Limit State Analysis of the sites was undertaken using the proprietary software Rocscience Slide 2. The existing slopes were assessed with the outputs summarised in Table 5, and detailed outputs provided in Appendix A.

6.1.1 Material Properties

The material properties identified in Table 3 was adopted for the various soil types used in the slope stability analyses.

Table 3: Material Properties

		Drained ("I Soil Para		Undrained ("Total") Soil Parameters		
Ма	terial Description	Bulk Density	Friction angle	Cohesion	Friction angle	Cohesion
		γ _b (kN/m³)	ø' (degrees)	c' (kPa)	Ø (degrees)	<i>c</i> (kPa)
	Uncontrolled Fill	17	26	3	0	35
	Topsoil	17	28	2	0	35
	Colluvium	18	28	3	0	50
	Residual Soils	18	30	5	0	80
	Weathered Rock	22	34	8	0	120
	Engineered Fill	18	30	2	0	50

6.1.2 Model Profile

The details of the profiles used for the modelling are shown in *Figures 7* to 9. A 40 kN loading was applied to account for dead (building) loads applied to the founding material of bored piers or shallow footings. **This is important to note as the loads are transferred directly into the bedrock material and the loads are not applied to the overlying soil layers.**



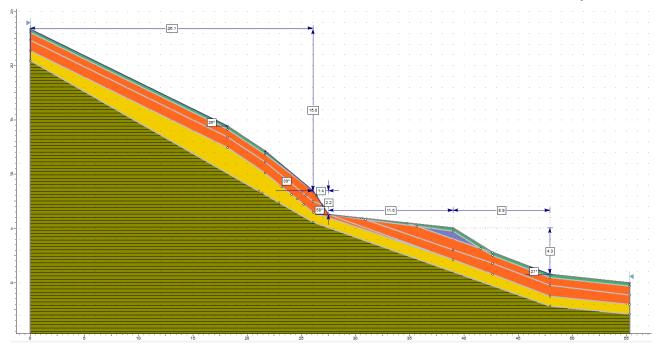


Figure 7 - Model profile of slope of Section A

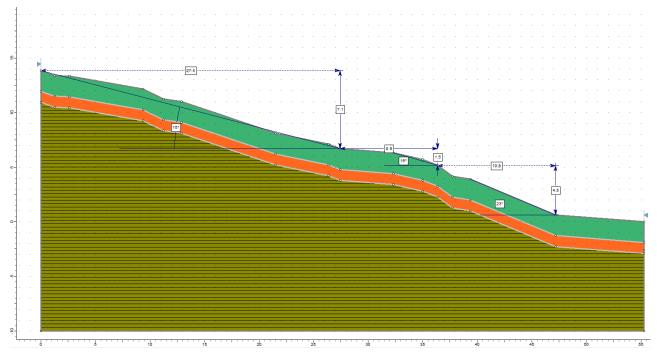


Figure 8 – Model profile of slope of Section B

6.1.3 Slope Stability Assessment

The stability analysis for the selected profiles were performed for dry ("normal") conditions and wet ("extreme") conditions. The "extreme" wet conditions were modelled by assuming a fully saturated profile, then solving the groundwater conditions to a steady state solution. This is to understand where the phreatic surface (i.e., groundwater) is likely to be in fully saturated conditions. Once this has been determined, it is used as an input to the slope stability assessment for the saturated drained condition. The saturated drained condition represents the condition when the soil is saturated, and loading is applied slowly (no pore pressure build up). The saturated undrained case represents the case where loading is applied to the surface instantaneously, the consequence of which is the build-up of pore pressure (water pressure) in the soil matrix.

For the purposes of assessing stability the following is provided which are considered appropriate to the site:

- A calculated factor of safety > 1.5 indicates that the profile is likely to be stable;
- A calculated factor of safety from 1.0 1.5 indicates a marginally stable profile;



A calculated factor of safety < 1.0 indicates a marginally stable profile.

In general terms, the factor of safety (FoS) is calculated by dividing the forces resisting instability (i.e., strength of the soil) by the forces driving instability (i.e., the weight of the soil, groundwater, and loads on the slope).

Generally, for normal operating conditions a long-term factor of safety of 1.5 is acceptable. For short term or "extreme" conditions, it may be acceptable to design for a reduced factor of safety of 1.2.

Both sections of the site were analysed from cross sections obtained from LiDAR which closely match the detailed survey obtained of the site. The results of the analysis is summarised in *Table 4*.

Table 4: Existing Stability of Batter

Section	Calculated Factor of Safety					
		Wet Conditions				
	Dry Conditions	Undrained	Drained (Steady State Groundwater)			
Α	1.381	0.912	1.648			
В	1.737	0.930	2.009			

The results of the stability analyses show that the factors of safety are not within the acceptable limits during both wet and dry conditions. These results indicate instability of the batters. The sites are considered unstable and require retention or other remediation works in order to strengthen and stabilise the batters to achieve the required Factor of Safety to allow the construction of a house on the proposed building pad.

Where a batter is unstable various remedial options can be considered. Batter steepness can be reduced to a stable profile, or numerous forms of positive retention or reinforcement can be used. The reinforcement may take the form of soil nails, micropiles or geofabric which act to confine the soil to act as a single mass by increasing the resistive forces along the slip plane. Other types of reinforcement include gravity retaining and cantilever retaining walls, which is generally a passive reinforcement type that provides an inertial resistive force due to self-weight or converts horizontal pressures from behind the wall to vertical pressures on the ground below respectively.

5. OPTIONS ASSESSMENT

Various options were considered including, batter back slope (decrease angle), Gabion Retaining Wall, Masonry Retaining Wall, and Horizontal Drains.

Table 5: Proposed Solutions

	Proposed Solution					
	Decrease Batter Angle	Gravity Retaining Wall - Gabions	Retaining Wall – Masonry	Insitu Horizontal Drains		
Technically Feasible	No	Yes	Yes	Yes		
Cost	Low	Medium	High	Relatively low		
Constructability	Very simple construction.	Relatively simple to construct.	Simple to construct.	Relatively simple to construct.		
Safety	Safe. Can be constructed in a safe manner.	Safe. Can be constructed in a safe manner.	Safe. Can be constructed in a safe manner.	Safe. Can be constructed in a safe manner.		
Approvals/ Environmental	Would need to resume land from adjacent property or have permission from upslope landowner.	No approvals envisaged to be required	No approvals envisaged to be required	No approvals envisaged to be required		



	Proposed Solution						
	Decrease Batter Angle	Gravity Retaining Wall - Gabions	Retaining Wall – Masonry	Insitu Horizontal Drains			
Comment	Not considered an appropriate solution due to the need for works in adjacent properties. Not considered further.	Considered a good solution to retain batters up to 3m with suitable global stability.	Considered a good solution larger retain larger batters with suitable global stability. Best for use within the building design. I.e., masonry wall of the building to be the retaining wall.	Considered a good solution in conjunction with the other proposed solutions to relieve buildup of pore water pressure.			

Discussions with the Client informed that the gabion is the preferred retaining structure for any batters adjacent the driveway. Based on the modelling results of the existing condition, it is considered that the corner of the north western boundary (i.e., the existing building pad) would need to be retained by a masonry retaining wall due to the large cut required in close proximity to the northern and western property boundary. It is proposed to utilise gabion basket gravity retaining walls to locally support the batter adjacent the driveway below the building pad.

The large batter that has been formed as part of the building pad, is unstable and will need to be supported. It is envisaged that the retention of the batter may well be in the form of a design response. That is, one of the walls of the building may also be designed as a retaining wall as well as part of the house structure.

As the proposed dwelling structure is unknown at the current time, modelling required to retain the north western corner of the allotment has not been included. It is noted that modelling was undertaken which demonstrates that retaining the batter to a suitable factor of safety is possible.

The options were further explored through modelling using proprietary software Rocscience Slide 2. The modelling showed that the proposed options are all technically feasible to provide a suitably stable batter profile. It should be noted that the critical case, for all sections analysed, is the saturated drained scenario. This denotes importance of reducing pore water pressure within the batter, to ensure fully saturated conditions are avoided. It is considered that horizontal drains may be installed as part of the proposed solution to address this. The importance of providing adequate erosion control on exposed batters is also emphasised.

Table 6: Summary of Batter Stability Analysis - excluding house pad batter

Section	Calculated Factor of Safety					
	Dry Conditions	Wet Conditions				
		Undrained	Drained (Steady State Groundwater)			
Α	1.909	2.213	1.266			
В	2.200	2.060	1.401			

The proposed solution includes multiple elements including, gabion baskets, geofabric, geogrids, rock scour protection, and native vegetation. The analysis shows that the design provides suitable factors of safety to enable the provision of the access and turning bay to the site. The limit state analysis demonstrates that the potential for failure it reduced to within normally acceptable limits and would be considered a "low" risk in accordance with the AGS (2007) guidelines.

The detail design of the gabions used is included in Appendix C.



6. ENGINEERING ADVICE

6.1. Drainage

It is recommended that the natural flow path of the property be maintained so that runoff continues to discharge lawfully to the Murphy Street road frontage into the existing field inlet pit. A file note which documents the sites stormwater constraints and opportunities has been created by ARO Industries and included in Appendix D.

This should be considered when designing the footprint of the dwelling and any paved areas that could impact on the effectiveness of the natural drainage topography. All stormwater runoffs should be collected and directed away from the site foundations and batter faces.

6.2. Site Preparation and Earthworks

It is anticipated that excavation of existing site material will be able to be completed with traditional earthmoving equipment. If excavation beyond the uncontrolled fill is required (assumed to be at a depth of approximately 0.4m) some specialist earthmoving equipment such as rock breaker attachments may be required.

Previous studies indicate that the excavated material will be a colluvium/residual soil of very dense silty clayey sand.

If onsite filling is required, the following site preparation measures should be considered:

- Stripping and grubbing of site to remove all vegetation from the site surface. Environmentally significant vegetation should be noted, and advice sought regarding their removal if deemed necessary. Depressions in the surface from removal of vegetation should be filled and compacted in layers with clean fill.
- Excavate and removal of structurally poor material. Compaction of subgrade level will aid in identification of poor material.
- Fill should be placed and compacted in layers not exceeding 200mm in thickness.

Using the standard compaction method, a density ratio of at least 95% is recommended. Imported clean fill should have a CBR greater than 15% and a plasticity index of less than 10.

Earthworks are completed in accordance with AS3798-2011 and the works are supervised by a suitably qualified person.

6.3. Footings & Site classification

No details of the footings or the structural loading for the proposed development have been provided to ARO at the present time. All geotechnical comments provided in this report should be considered preliminary in nature and should be reviewed and, if necessary, revised once the final design details are available.

A site-specific geotechnical report will be required as part of the building design due to the detailing the proposed retaining solution for the retaining the unstable boundary batters, with the critical location being the north western corner. All footing excavations should be inspected by a geotechnical engineer to confirm the ground conditions are consistent with those on which these design guidelines are based.

The site under investigation is identified as a "Class P" in accordance with AS2870-1996 'Residential slabs and footings – Construction.' Footing design should consider the below recommendations.

Shallow Footings

For pads and footings supporting residency vertical loads, shallow footings shall be founded at least 0.5m into low strength (or better) rock as specified in Table 7. Ancillary footings should be founded into bedrock where achievable. When this is not achievable, allowable vertical bearing pressure of material can be assumed as per Table 7

Table 7: Shallow footing design parameters

Material	Unit Weight (kN/m3)	Friction Angle (°)	Modulus of Elasticity (MPa)	Allowable Vertical Bearing Pressure (kPa)
Dense to very dense silty sand	18	35	15-20	120
Medium dense to dense silty sands	18	30	10-15	80



Material	Unit Weight (kN/m3)	Friction Angle (°)	Modulus of Elasticity (MPa)	Allowable Vertical Bearing Pressure (kPa)
Engineered fill	18	30	10-20	100
Very low strength extremely weathered rock	22	34	100	600

Whilst residency shallow footings may be founded on low strength (or better) rock, previous data suggests that this may not be achievable due to depth of. It is recommended that deep footings be the primary load bearing structure for residency loads.

Deep Footings

It is recommended that bored cast *in situ* piles be used to support all residency vertical loads.

Where shallow foundations are not achievable, bored piers, micropiles or cast in-situ piles could be considered. For preliminary design purposes, piles must extend into the weather rock by a minimum depth of three times the pile diameter. Detail design of the piles shall be in accordance with AS2159-2009 'Piling – Design and installation'. Preliminary design of piles can be undertaken using the allowable capacities in Table 8 below.

Table 8: Deep footing design parameters

Material	Allowable End Bearing (kPa)	Allowable Shaft Adhesion (kPa)
Low strength weathered rock	600	50

6.4. Uncontrolled Fill

Existing site material is assumed to be uncontrolled fill. Consequently, all foundations are to be embedded into underlying rock layers to allow direct transmission of the loads into competent substrate.

6.5. Retaining Walls

Retaining structures should be bedded into underlying rock or have an embedment into medium dense to dense or dense to very dense silty sands of at least 0.5m.

It is recommended that drainage be provided behind the retaining wall to adequately mitigate the development of pore water pressure. Regardless of prescription of drainage, the designer should allow for a build-up of pore water pressure behind to wall if drainage becomes obstructed or ineffective.

Design parameters for retaining walls are provided in Table 9 below.

Table 9: Geotechnical Design Parameters for Retaining Walls

Material	Active Earth Pressure Coefficient (ka)	At Rest Earth Pressure Coefficient (k _o)	Passive Earth Pressure Coefficient (k _o)	Unit Weight (kN/m³)
Engineered fill/Colluvium	0.3*	0.47	3.0	18
Very Low and Low Strength Weathered Road	0.3	0.5	-	22

^{*}Assuming horizontal backfill behind wall



7. SPECIFICATIONS

7.1. Compaction Procedure and Specifications

Provided the placement moisture content of the imported fill or select in-situ material approximates the Optimum Moisture Content (OMC) for compaction, suitable compaction levels should be achievable using typical compaction machinery (5-10t vibrating sheepsfoot roller or compactor, vibrating plate compactors and compaction wheels).

For the above plant, the fill material should be compacted in layers not exceeding 300mm loose thickness lifts. This is more than typical compaction requirements – but has been specified by the manufacturer to ensure that the damage to the geogrid during installation is minimised. Final maximum placement layer thickness will need to be determined by a geotechnical engineer when the compaction plant as well as the material type and conditions are known.

Minimum requirements for compaction have been outline in Table 10.

Table 10: Minimum compaction requirements

		Trafficable Areas	Non-Trafficable Areas				
Soil Types	Test Method	Embankment/ Embedment Material	Embedment Material	Embankment Material			
		(%)	(%)	(%)			
Cohesionless	Density Index	70	60	Compaction will			
Cohesive	Standard Dry Density Ration, Hilf Density Ratio	95	90	depend on site requirements			

Field density testing should be carried out to check the standard of compaction achieved and the placement moisture content. The frequency and location of testing should be as specified in AS/ NZS 2566.2, Section 5.6.4.

8. GABIONS

8.1. Baskets

Maccaferri Galmac + Polimac coated Gabion baskets (filled without securing the internal diaphragms) are specified as the scour protection solution to be placed at the toe of the batters. This product is recommended due to its high life expectancy to be in excess of 100 years. The gabion baskets are to be installed with the manufacture's specifications.

8.2. Rockfill

Rocks to be used for gabions shall be hard, angular to round, durable and of such quality that they shall not break down on exposure to water or weathering during the life of the structure. Rock to be nominal size between 120mm and 200mm. Rock must be uniformly graded, with greater than 80% by number exceeding the 150mm nominal size.

Rock must be manually placed to form a dense matrix and minimise voids. The exposed faces should be carefully hand placed to give a neat flat and compact appearance. The cells shall be filled in stages so that local deformation is avoided. At no time, shall any cell be filled to a depth exceeding 0.3 m higher than the adjoining cell.

9. GEOSYNTHETIC REINFORCEMENT

9.1. Geogrid

TenCate Miragrid GX 35/35 or approved equivalent has been specified as a suitable geogrid.

The geogrid is required to have;

- a design life of 100 years in the environment proposed to be installed.
- the same or better short- and long-term strength parameters.
- the same or better installation damage factor.

9.2. Geofabric

Bidim Green A34 or approved equivalent is recommended for use behind the gabion structures as a separation and filtration fabric.

In accordance with the Main Roads Technical Specifications (MRTS27) The geofabric is required to;



- have a design life of 100 years in the environment proposed to be installed.
- meet geotextile strength Class C requirements in accordance with table 6.2 of MRTS 27
- meet geotextile filtration Class III requirements in accordance with table 6.3 of MRTS 27

10. MATERIAL USAGE

The following recommendations apply to the materials on site and any imported materials intended for use during construction.

- The surficial fill materials encountered are considered suitable for re-use as general embankment fill.
- The insitu natural soils, where free from organic and deleterious material, may be used for embankment fill, provided the moisture content of the soils on placement approximates the optimum moisture content (OMC) required for compaction. This will require conditioning to bring the soil to optimum. However, it should be noted that the on-site soils could be expected to provide difficulties in handling, placement and compaction if the appropriate moisture content could not be achieved, particularly if the soils are overly moist.
- A moisture content within the range of OMC -2% to OMC +2% (Standard compaction) is recommended.
- Rock, or cobbles over 63mm greatest dimension, which cannot be broken down should be removed.
- Any imported fill, if required to make up embankment deficiencies should be fair to good quality and conform to the following general specifications:
 - Minimum soaked CBR = 10%
 - Maximum Aggregate size = 63mm
 - Shrink/ Swell Index Maximum of 1.0%
- Embankment Materials should conform to the material quality specifications in AS/ NZS 2566:2002.
- Pavement Gravels should comply with the appropriate TMR quality specifications for base, sub-base and sub-grade materials.

11. PERMITS AND APPROVALS

It is noted that the site is mapped as containing Category B regulated vegetation, a Category A or B Area containing of concern regional ecosystems, a coastal bioregion and sub-region, and essential habitat.

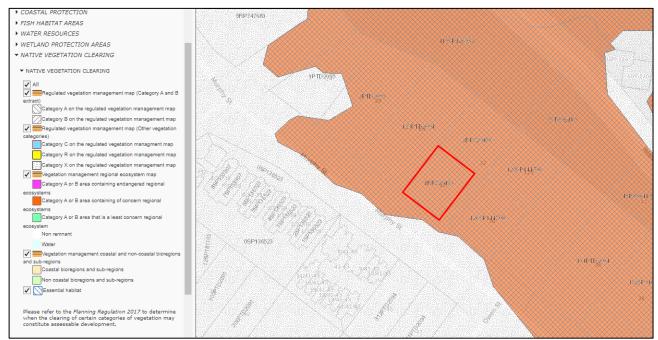


Figure 6 – Snippet from Queensland Government Development Assessment Mapping System.



12. CONSTRUCTION INSPECTIONS

Through the construction of the proposed reconstruction work, inspections by a suitably qualified and experienced geotechnical engineer are required to undertaken to confirm design assumptions.

Localised landslips may occur during construction activities. All works should aim to minimise disturbance of the natural slope outside of the immediate earthworks zone. Where possible, all earthworks should be completed in the dry season. Construction activities should not take place in heavy or prolonged rainfall due the potential reduction of slope stability. Works should be protected prior to forecast rainfall.

The proposed works ensure that the batter will remain geotechnically stable.

13. SUMMARY

Kate and Lucas Agrums have requested a geotechnical assessment of the site (30 Murphy Street), to confirm the access arrangements to the existing building pad, giving due consideration to the constraints and opportunities of the site.

A driveway access and turning area has been designed to allow vehicles to access and leave the site in a forward gear. A geotechnical assessment of the site has also been undertaken to confirm the appropriateness of the site and proposed access.

The findings can be summarised as:

- 1) The site is considered geotechnically suitable for the proposed development (driveway access and turnaround);
- 2) The site is considered low risk in accordance with the AGS (2007) guidelines for Landslide risk assessment:
- 3) A gabion wall is required to retain the existing batter profile at the access point to the driveway for approximately 20m.
- 4) The batter to the rear of the existing building pad (adjacent to lot 123 PTD2094) needs to be retained. It is assumed that this will be using a masonry block retaining wall, which will also form part of the house structure.
- 5) The proposed structure will need to be piled or use footing which allow the transfer of load directly to the competent bedrock strata., so that no further loads are applied to the existing pad.
- 6) Further geotechnical testing and investigations shall be required to determine the form, size, and location of the footings.

14. LIMITATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Limitations include:

- Soil substructure are interpreted from previous geotechnical studies completed in the area and from observations from the existing cuts on site. Actual ground conditions will need to be confirmed during the construction period and the designs confirmed, prior to being certified by a suitably experienced and qualified RPEQ (geotechnical)¹.
- The modelling of the site does not include the existing batter that has been created on the building platform. Given the proximity to the boundary and the size of the cut, and the constraints of the site, it is expected that the batter will be retained using a masonry block retaining wall (or approved equivalent). The retaining structure shall be designed and certified by a suitably qualified and experienced RPEQ (structural).
- The subsurface conditions have been interpreted from the site inspection and correlation with previous geotechnical reports of investigations in the immediate area.
- The analysis performed has been based on the information obtained, and the assumptions outlined below.

Assumptions

ARO Industries Pty Ltd have prepared this report for the use of the Clients, for design and construction
purposes in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical engineering practices. No other warranty,
expressed or implied, is made as to the professional advice included in this report.

¹ Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland

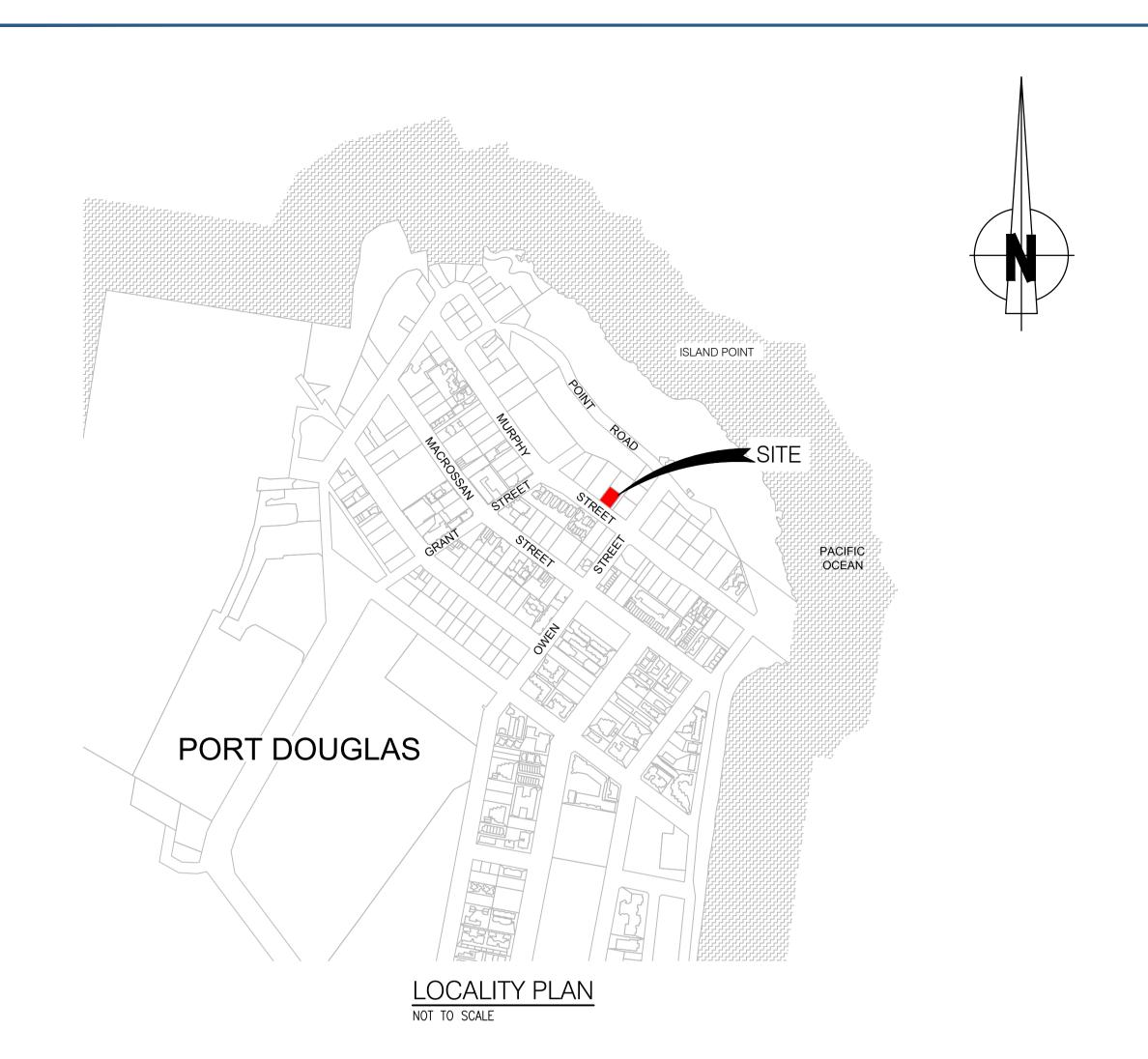


- This report has not been prepared for use by parties other than the Client or their design consultants, i.e., Architect & Civil/Structural Engineers.
- The report has been based on project details as provided to us at the time of the commission. It therefore applies only to the site investigated and to a specific set of project requirements as understood by ARO Industries Pty Ltd.
- If there are changes to the project, you need to advise us in order that the effect of the changes on the report recommendations can be adequately assessed.
- It is important to remember that the subsurface conditions described in the report represent the state of the site at the time of investigation, and in the locations tested. Natural processes and the activities of man can result in changes to site conditions. For example, ground water levels can change, or fill can be placed on a site after the investigation is completed. If there is a possibility that conditions may have changed with time, ARO Industries Pty Ltd should be consulted to assess the impact on the recommendations of the report.
- The site investigation only identifies the actual subsurface conditions at the location and time when the samples were taken. Geologists and engineers then extrapolate between the investigation points to provide an assumed three-dimensional picture of the site conditions.
- The report assumes that the site conditions as identified at the investigation locations are representative of the actual conditions throughout an area. This may not be the case and actual conditions may differ from those inferred to exist. This will not be known until construction has commenced. Your geotechnical report and the recommendations contained within it can therefore only be regarded as preliminary. In the event that conditions encountered during construction are different to those described in the report, ARO Industries Pty Ltd should be consulted immediately. Nothing can be done to change the actual site conditions which exist, but steps can be taken to reduce the impact of unexpected findings.
- This report should be retained as a complete document and should not be copied in part, divided or altered in any way.
- It is recommended that ARO Industries Pty Ltd is retained during the construction phase to confirm that conditions encountered are consistent with design assumptions. For example, this may involve assessment of bearing capacity for footings, stability of natural slopes or excavations or advice on temporary construction conditions. This document has been produced to help all parties involve recognise their individual responsibilities.



APPENDIX A

Proposed Development Plans



SCHEDULE OF PROJECT DRAWINGS

ARO0053-C01 LOCALITY PLAN, DRAWING SCHEDULE AND GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN ARO0053-C02 DRIVEWAY LAYOUT PLAN, CONTROL LINE SETOUT AND LONGITUDINAL SECTION DRIVEWAY TYPE SECTIONS AND DETAILS ARO0053-C03 ARO0053-C04 GABION WALL ELEVATION AND DETAILS ARO0053-C05 DRIVEWAY ANNOTATED CROSS SECTIONS - SHEET 1 OF 2 ARO0053-C06 DRIVEWAY ANNOTATED CROSS SECTIONS - SHEET 2 OF 2

125 SP144708 SP144708 TBM ♠▽ SCREW IN KERB RL 24.545 GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN

ORIGIN OF SURVEY

LEVELS DATUM : AHD(D) ORIGIN OF LEVELS : PSM 500028, RL4.241 SURVEY CARRIED OUT BY VERIS, REFER DRG No. 401394-001 SURVEY DATED 8TH MARCH 2021

PRELIMINARY ISSUE

Client Logo KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS Description Reviewed Approved Date 1:200 30 MURPHY STREET, PORT DOUGLAS Drawing Check Design Check RPEQ LOCALITY PLAN, DRAWING SCHEDULE Drawing is not to be used for construction AND GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN unless approved. 1 PRELIMINARY ISSUE

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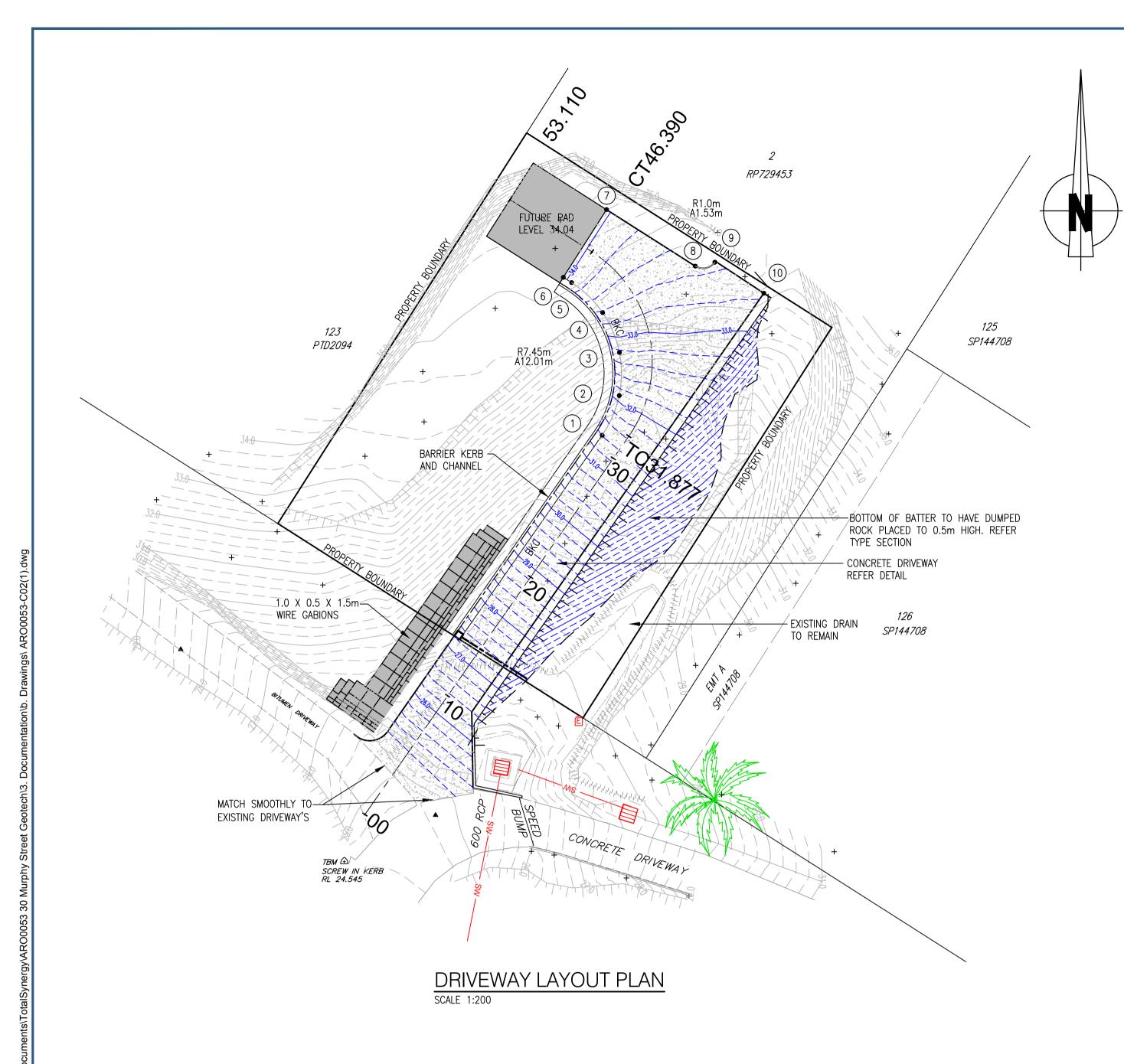
DO NOT SCALE

ARO0053-C01

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0 2 4 6 8 10m

SCALE 1:200 (A1)



CONCRETE DRIVEWAY ALIGNMENT SETOUT TABLE

34°53'23.92"

34°53'23.92"

302°30'00.00" 302°30'00.00"

CHAINAGE EASTING NORTHING

336288.471

336293.838

336285.924

CT 46.390

336270.237 8177049.424

8177075.572

8177083.269

8177088.310

8177091.921

LEGEND

R10.00

A15.75

BKC BARRIER KERB AND CHANNEL EXISTING SURFACE CONTOUR (0.25m INTERVAL) DESIGN SURFACE CONTOUR (0.2m INTERVAL) PROPOSED TOP OF BATTER PROPOSED TOE OF BATTER EXISTING TOP OF BATTER EXISTING TOE OF BATTER EXISTING TOE OF BATTER EXISTING TOE OF BATTER EXISTING SEALED ROAD EXISTING OVERHEAD ELECTRICITY EXISTING STORMWATER KERB SETOUT POINT

DRIVEWAY TURNOUT SETOUT TABLE

RADIUS

ARC LENGTH

POINT No.	EASTING	NORTHING	LEVEL
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	336286.627 336287.809 336287.822 336286.663 336284.519 336283.947 336286.929 336293.059 336294.416 336297.799	8177075.637 8177078.376 8177081.359 8177084.108 8177086.182 8177086.547 8177091.227 8177087.322 8177087.594 8177085.452	31.409 32.092 32.765 33.376 33.949 34.039 34.039 33.464 33.457 33.255

NOTES

- 1. ALL WORKS AND MATERIALS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FNQROC DEVELOPMENT MANUAL GUIDELINES AND SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2. DESIGN SURFACE LEVELS SHOWN ARE AFTER ALL EARTHWORKS ARE COMPLETED, INCLUDING 75mm TOPSOILING.
- 3. BATTERS SHALL BE (UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE):

 DRIVEWAY: 1 ON 2 (MAX.)

 TEMPORARY BATTERS: 1 ON 1
- 4. ALL DESIGN SURFACES ARE TO BE GRADED EVENLY BETWEEN SHOWN LEVELS UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN.
- 5. REFER TO FNQROC STANDARD DRAWINGS:
 S1000 : CONCRETE KERB & CHANNEL
 S1110 : CONCRETE DRIVEWAY FOR ALLOTMENT ACCESS
- 7. NEW ROADWORKS AND KERBING TO JOIN SMOOTHLY TO EXISTING WORKS. PROVIDE CUT BACK TO EXISTING DRIVEWAYS WHERE NECESSARY.
- 8. LOCATION OF ALL EXISTING SERVICES TO BE CONFIRMED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION BY CONTRACTOR THROUGH LIAISON WITH RELEVANT AUTHORITIES.
- 9. TRIM AND DRILL SEED ALL FOOTPATHS/ROAD VERGES. BATTERS >0.5m TO BE HYDROMULCHED AFTER FINAL EARTHWORKS AND TOPSOILING IS COMPLETED.

FINISHED SURFACE ----EXISTING SURFACE— CUT OFF WALL AT TOP OF DRIVEWAY REFER DETAIL ON DRG ARO0053-C03 _ 2.79% _ 12.50% 25.00% 12.42% 0.00% GRADE VERT. CURVE RADIUS VERT. CURVE LENGTH R-9m HORIZ. CURVE RADIUS DATUM RL 12.0 DESIGN SURFACE EXISTING SURFACE CUT/FILL DEPTH CHAINAGE

DRIVEWAY LONGITUDINAL SECTION

HORIZONTAL SCALE 1:200

	No.	Description	Reviewed	Approved	Date	Client Logo	Client	KATE & LUCAS AGF
u u							Project	30 MURPHY STREET, POR
Revisions							Title	LOCALITY PLAN, DRAWING
R	1	PRELIMINARY ISSUE	-	-	27/05/2021			AND GENERAL ARRANGE

BEARING RAD/SPIRAL A.LENGTH DEFL.ANGLE

R = -9.000

14.513

92°23'23.92"

Client	KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS			Approved		Scale (A1 size)	
Project	30 MURPHY STREET, PORT DOUGLAS	MS	MS			AS SHOWN	
Title	LOCALITY PLAN, DRAWING SCHEDULE	Drawing Check	Design Check	RPEQ	Date	Drawing is not to be used for construction	
	AND GENERAL ARRANGEMENT PLAN					unless approved.	





PRELIMINARY ISSUE

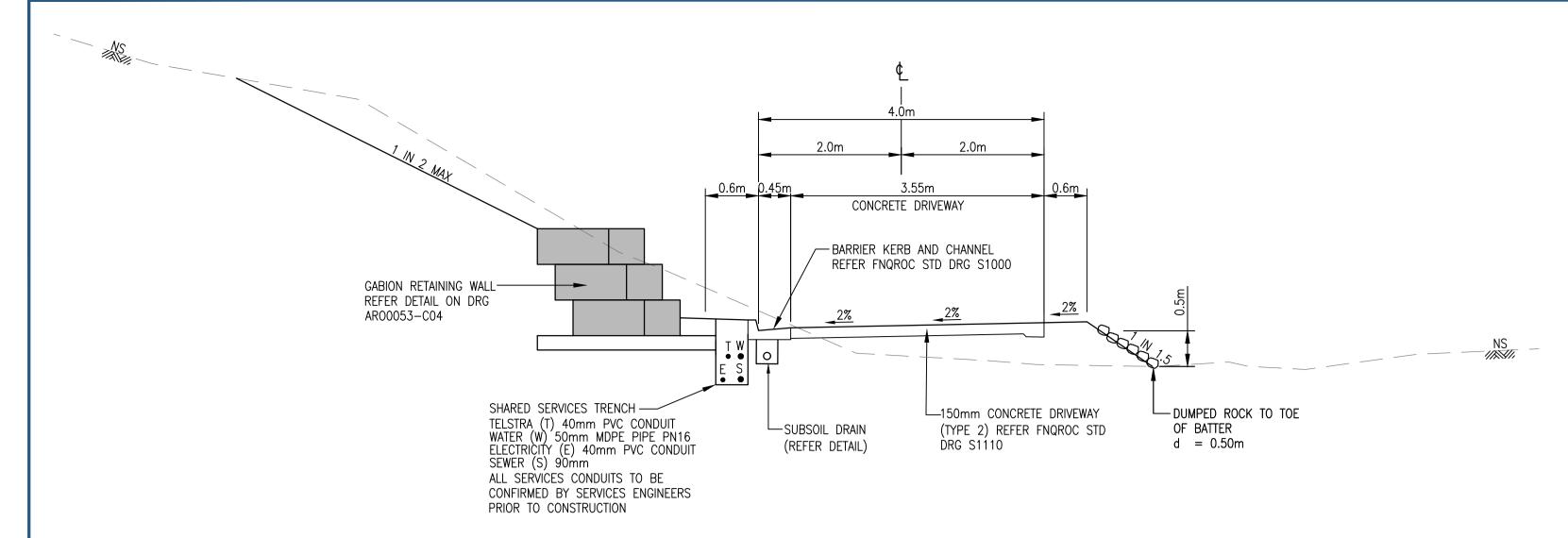
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ABN: 49 641 461 298

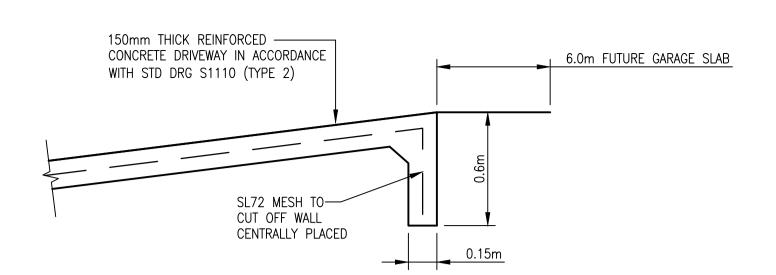
ARO0053-C02

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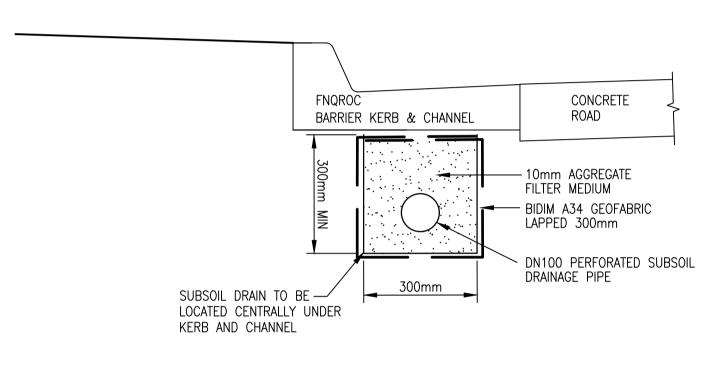


NOTES

- 1. ALL WORKS TO BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH FNQROC SPECIFICATIONS.
- 2. CUT BATTERS ALONG DRIVEWAY TO BE A MAXIMUM OF 3.0m HIGH AND 1 IN 2 SLOPE. FILL BATTERS TO BE LIMITED TO A MAXIMUM OF 2.0m HIGH AND 1 IN 2 BATTER SLOPE. ANY VARIATION IS TO BE CERTIFIED BY A GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
- 3. KERBS TO BE CONSTRUCTED AS PER FNQROC STANDARD DRG S1000.
- 4. SETOUT TABLES ARE TO CONTROL LINE OF DRIVEWAY (AS PER TYPE CROSS SECTIONS).
- DEPTH OF SUBSOIL DRAIN VARIES. GRADE TO PROVIDE 0.5% MINIMUM FALL WITH OUTLET TO INVERT OF DRAIN. MAINTAIN MINIMUM DEPTH BASED ON GRADING REQUIREMENTS.
- ALL ASSOCIATED FITTINGS FOR SUBSOIL DRAINS AS PER FNQROC STD
- 7. ALL DIMENSIONS IN METRES (m) UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.
- 8. REFER TO FNQROC STANDARD DRAWINGS: S1000 : CONCRETE KERB & CHANNEL S1110 : CONCRETE DRIVEWAY FOR ALLOTMENT ACCESS



CUT OFF WALL DETAIL

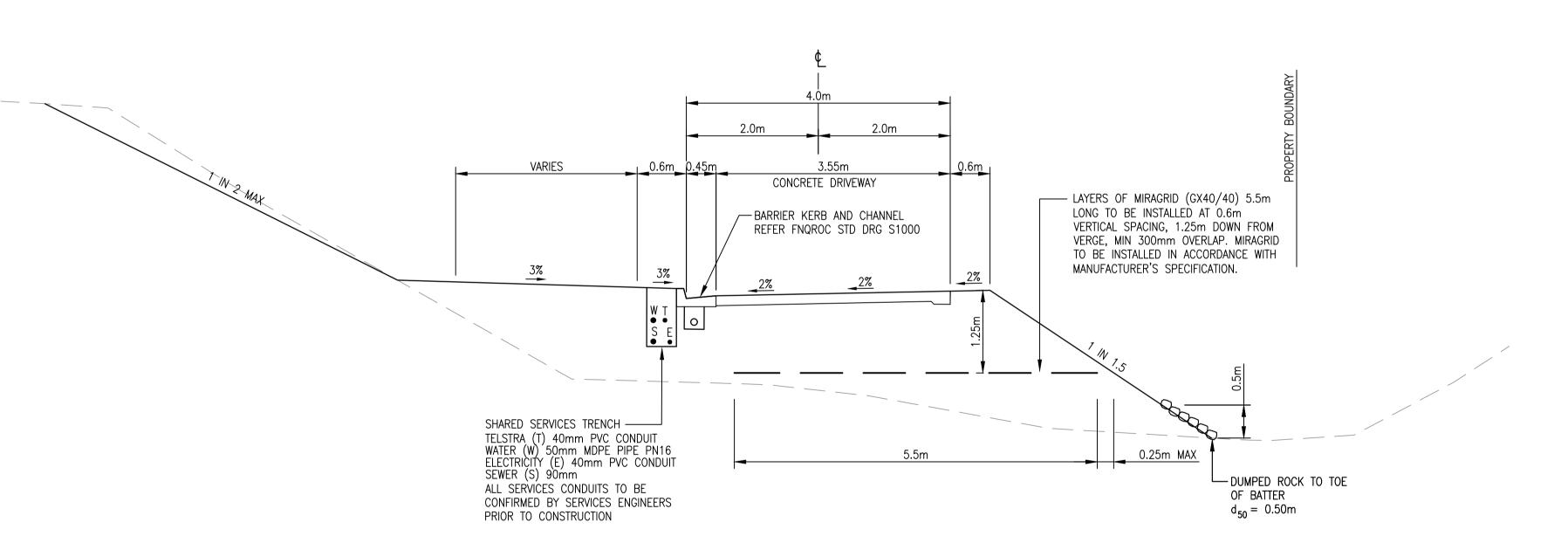


SUBSOIL DRAIN DETAIL

•888•

••••

TYPICAL DRIVEWAY CROSS SECTIONS (WITH GABIONS)



TYPICAL DRIVEWAY CROSS SECTIONS

Client Logo

Reviewed Approved Date

0 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5m SCALE 1:50 (A1)

Description

KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS Approved Designed AS SHOWN MS Project 30 MURPHY STREET, PORT DOUGLAS 000000 Drawing Check | Design Check | RPEQ Drawing is not to be DRIVEWAY TYPE SECTION AND CULVERT DETAILS used for construction unless approved. Drawing No.

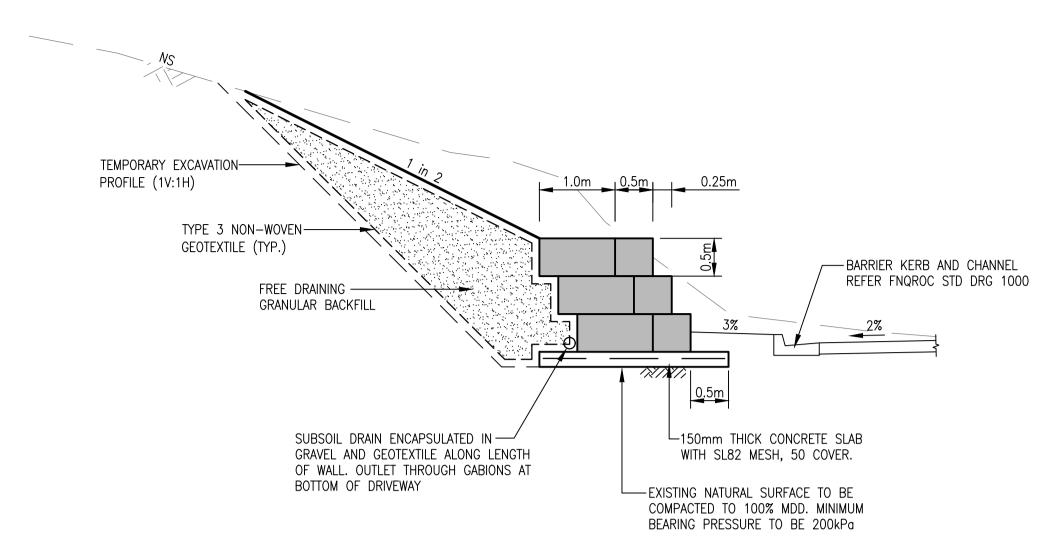
PRELIMINARY ISSUE

44 McLeod Street Cairns Qld 4870 T (07) 4281 6897 admin@aroindustries.com.au W www.aroindustries.com.au

ABN: 49 641 461 298

PRELIMINARY ISSUE

GABION RETAINING WALL ELEVATION



GABION TYPICAL SECTION SCALE 1:50

GABION NOTES

<u>MATERIALS</u>

WIRE GABIONS

GENERAL: COMPLY WITH AS 2423. GALVANISE ALL WIRE TO AS 4534. COAT ALL COMPONENTS WITH POLYVINYL CHLORIDE TO A MINIMUM THICKNESS OF 0.5mm.

GABIONS: USE MESH WITH A WIRE DIAMETER NOT LESS THAN 2mm. PROVIDE APPROPRIATE MESH SIZE TO RETAIN THE ROCK FILLING. PROVIDE SELVEDGE WIRES WITH A DIAMETER NOT LESS THE 3.15mm AND BINDING WIRE WITH A DIAMETER NOT LESS THAN 2.5mm.

ROCK FILL

GENERAL: CLEAN, HARD, DURABLE CRUSHED ROCK, ROCK SPALLS OR RIVER GRAVEL, WITH MINIMUM SIZE LARGER THAN THE MAXIMUM OPENING SIZE OF THE MESH OR FABRIC FORMING THE BASKET. ROCKS MUST BE CUBICAL WHERE POSSIBLE. THE SMALLEST DIMENSION MUST NOT BE LESS THAN HALF THE GREATEST

PROPERTIES: WET/DRY STRENGTH VARIATION TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH QUEENSLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT AND MAIN ROADS TEST METHOD Q205C OR AS 1141.22 MUST NOT EXCEED 35%. TEN PERCENT FINES VALUE TESTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH QUEENSLAND DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT AND MAIN ROADS TEST METHOD Q205B OR AS 1141.22 MUST NOT BE LESS THAN 140 KN.

GABIONS: PROVIDE ROCK OF NOMINAL SIZE BETWEEN 120mm AND 200mm. ROCK MUST BE UNIFORMLY GRADED, WITH GREATER THAN 80% BY NUMBER EXCEEDING THE 150mm NOMINAL SIZE.

<u>GABIONS</u>

GENERAL: CONSTRUCT GABION PROTECTION WORK IN THE LOCATIONS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.

SURFACE PREPARATION: TRIM AREAS ON WHICH GABIONS ARE TO BE POSITIONED TO THE SPECIFIED SHAPES WITHIN A TOLERANCE OF ± 50mm. TRIMMED SURFACES MUST BE FREE OF ROOTS, STUMPS, BRUSH, ROCKS AND THE LIKE PROTRUSIONS.

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC: PLACE TYPE 3 GEOTEXTILE BEHIND ALL GABIONS.

ASSEMBLY: ASSEMBLE TO COMPLY WITH THE DRAWINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE MANUFACTURER. POSITIONING: POSITION ASSEMBLED GABIONS EMPTY IN THE WORKS. SECURELY POSITION THE FIRST ROW OF GABIONS AND FILL BEFORE GABIONS IN OTHER ROWS ARE POSITIONED.

ROCK FILL: HAND PACK THE EXPOSED FACES OF THE BASKET. THE REMAINDER MAY BE FILLED USING MACHINE METHODS. PLACE THE ROCK TO PRODUCE A DENSE, EVENLY DISTRIBUTED FILLING WITH A MINIMUM OF VOIDS. MAINTAIN THE TOLERANCES AND SHAPE SPECIFIED. TIE TOGETHER THE OUTER AND INNER PANELS OF THE GABIONS DURING THE PLACING OPERATION TO MINIMISE DISTORTIONS WHERE NECESSARY.

DAMAGE: DURING THE PLACING, DO NOT DAMAGE THE GABION MESH OR GEOTEXTILE.

CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCES

<u>GENERAL:</u> CONSTRUCT GABIONS AND MATTRESSES IN THE LOCATIONS AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DETAILS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS.

0 1 2 3 4 5m SCALE 1:100 (A1) 0 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5m

SCALE 1:50 (A1)

	No. Description	Reviewed	Approved	Date	Client Logo	KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS	De	esigned	Аррі
S						Project 30 MURPHY STREET, PORT DOUGLAS MS		MS	
kevision						GABION LAYOUT AND DETAILS Drawing Ch	ieck De	esign Check	RPE
r	1 PRELIMINARY ISSUE	-	_	27/05/2021					

Drawing No.

Client	KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS	Drawn		Approved		Scale (A1 size)	
Project	30 MURPHY STREET, PORT DOUGLAS	MS	MS			AS SHOWN	
Title	GABION LAYOUT AND DETAILS	Drawing Check	Design Check	RPEQ	Date	Drawing is not to be used for construction unless approved.	

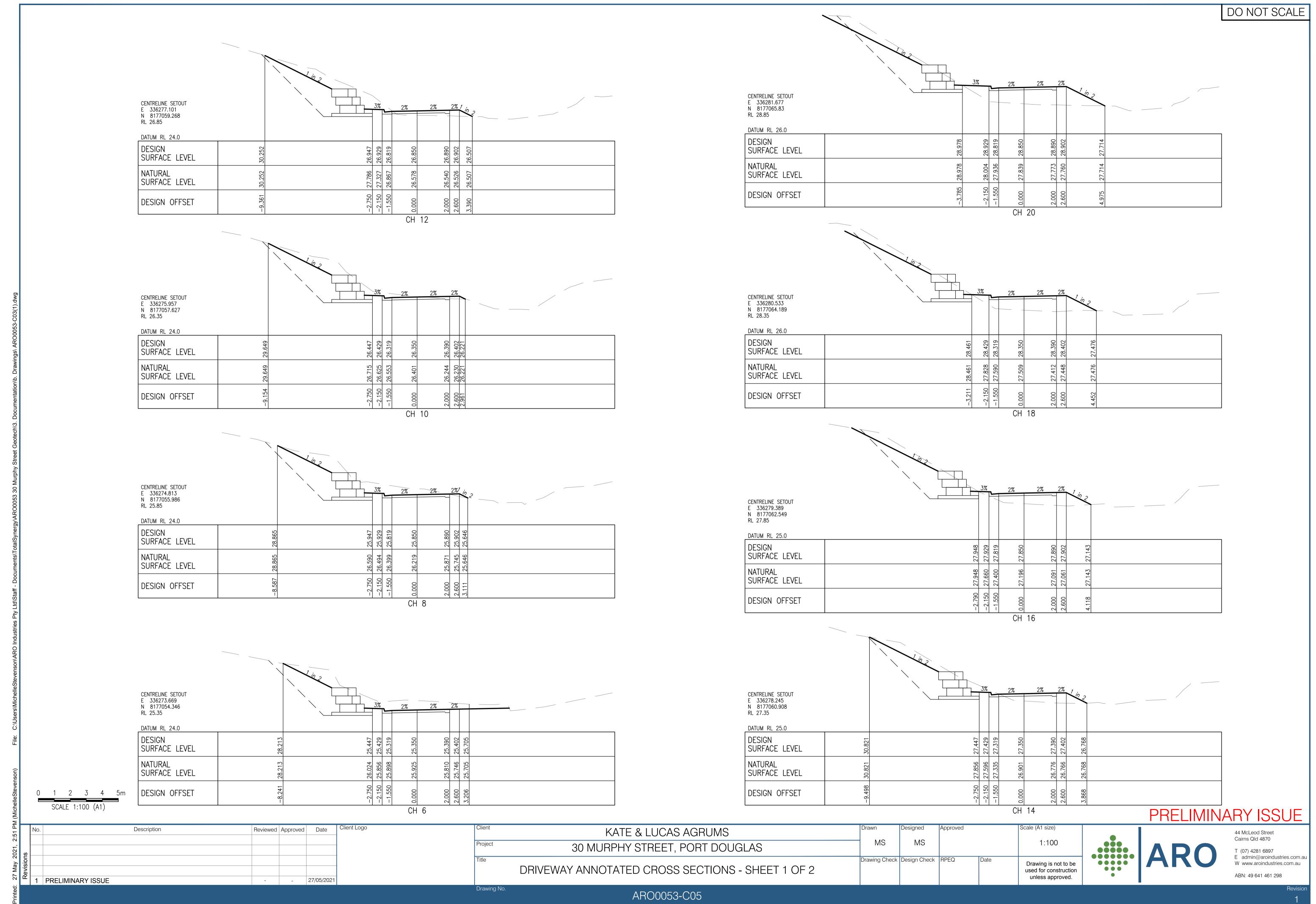


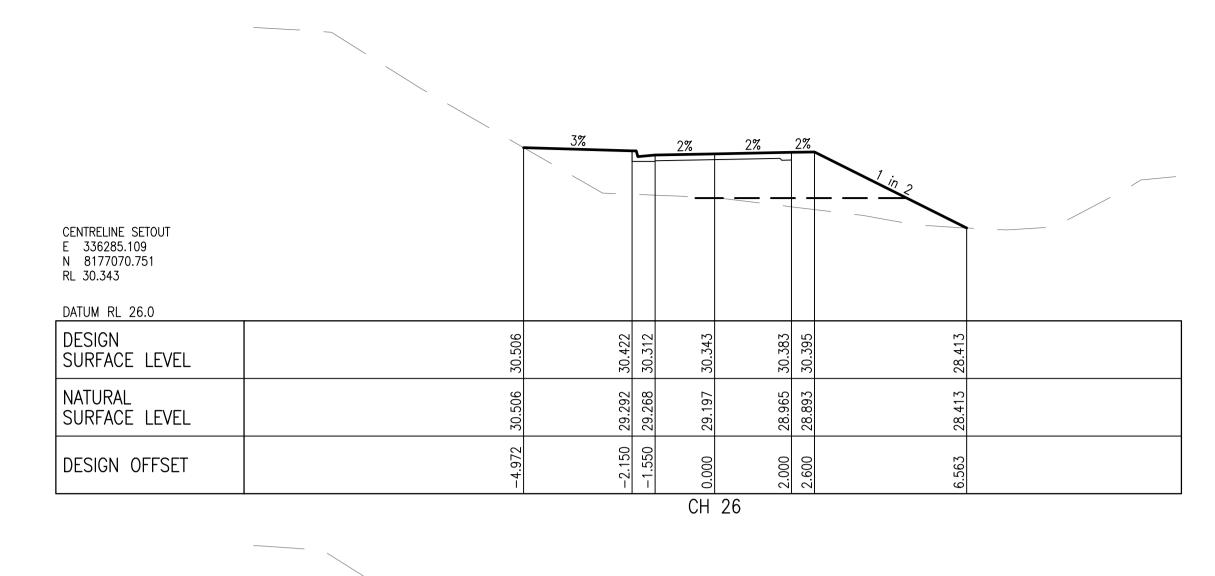
44 McLeod Street Cairns Qld 4870 T (07) 4281 6897 admin@aroindustries.com.au W www.aroindustries.com.au

ABN: 49 641 461 298

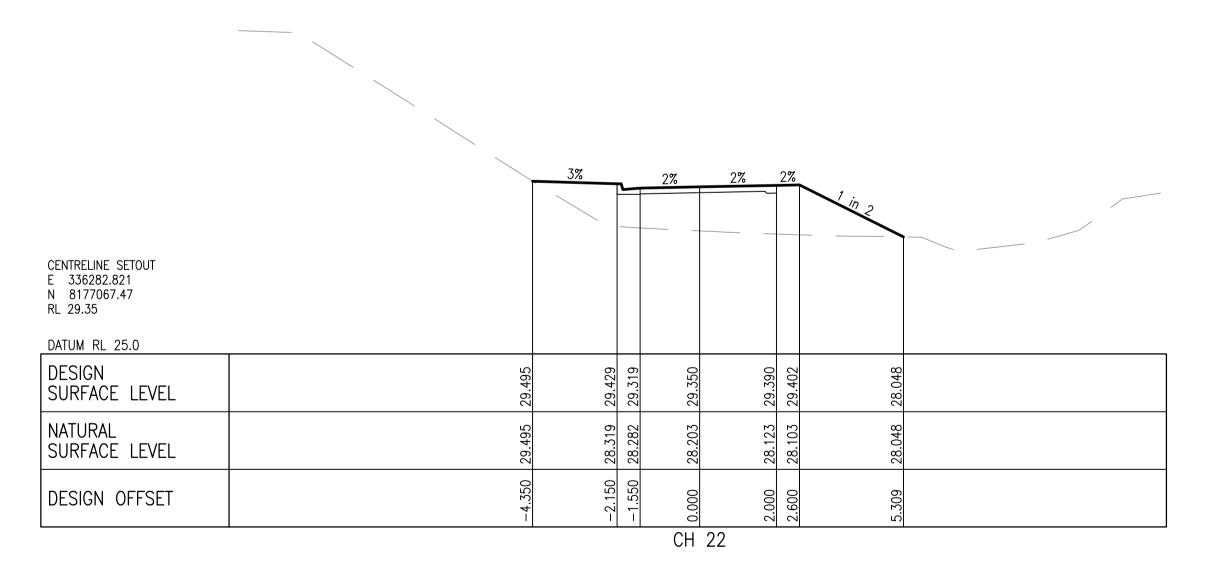
PRELIMINARY ISSUE

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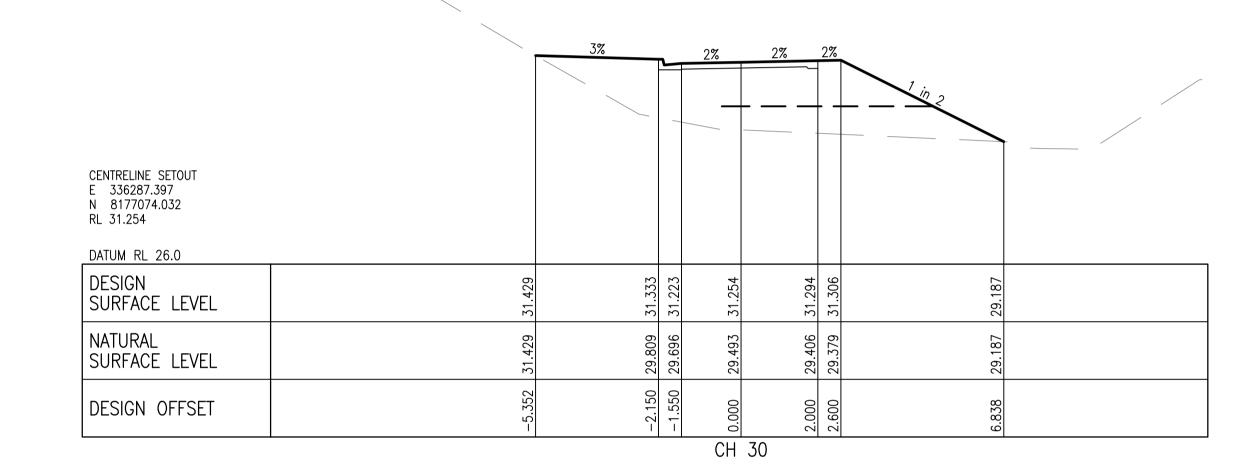


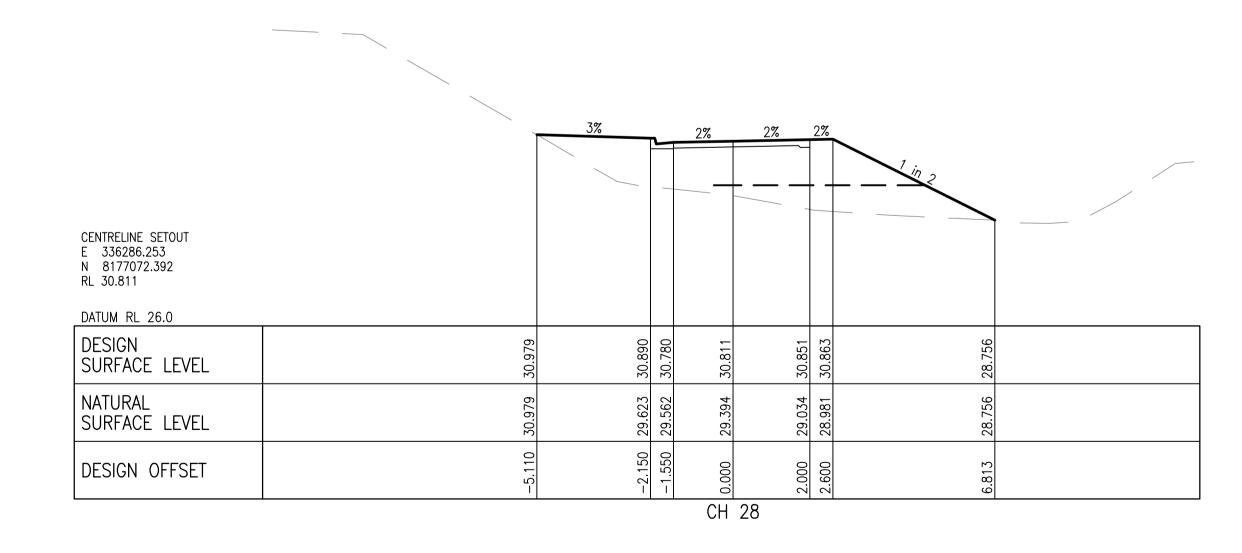


		3%		2%	2%	2%	1 in 2	
CENTRELINE SETOUT E 336283.965 N 8177069.111 RL 29.85								
DESIGN SURFACE LEVEL	30.007	29.929	29.819	29.850	29.890	29.902	28.336	
NATURAL SURFACE LEVEL	30.007	28.777	28.749	28.656	28.445	28.403	28.336	
DESIGN OFFSET	-4.756		-1.550	0.000	2.000	2.600	5.732	
			•	СН	24			



			RE	EFER LAYOU DRIVEWAY	T PLAN FOR SETOUT			
		3%		2%	2%	2%	1 in 2	
CENTRELINE SETOUT E 336288.541 N 8177075.673 RL 31.672 DATUM RL 27.0								. /
DESIGN SURFACE LEVEL	31.848	31.750	31.640	31.672	31.712	31.724	29.643	
NATURAL SURFACE LEVEL	31.848	30.033	29.921	29.734	29.833	29.809	29.643	
DESIGN OFFSET	-5.501	-2.231	-1.631	0.000	2.001	2.601	6.763	
				СН	32			





0 1 2 3 4 5m SCALE 1:100 (A1)

PRELIMINARY ISSUE

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7.00.C	No.	Description	Reviewed	Approved	Date	Client Logo Client	KATE & LU
, ,	S					Project	30 MURPHY STRE
ıvlay 4	Revisions					Title	DRIVEWAY ANNOTATED CRO
77	گ 1	PRELIMINARY ISSUE	-	-	27/05/2021		

Client	KATE & LUCAS AGRUMS			Approved		Scale (A1 size)	
Project	30 MURPHY STREET, PORT DOUGLAS	MS	MS		1:100	1:100	
Title	DRIVEWAY ANNOTATED CROSS SECTIONS - SHEET 2 OF 2	Drawing Check	Design Check	RPEQ	Date	Drawing is not to be used for construction unless approved.	





44 McLeod Street
Cairns Qld 4870

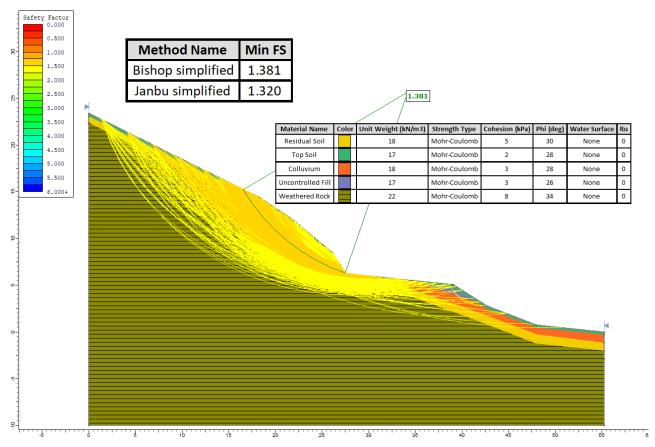
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W www.aroindustries.com.au
ABN: 49 641 461 298



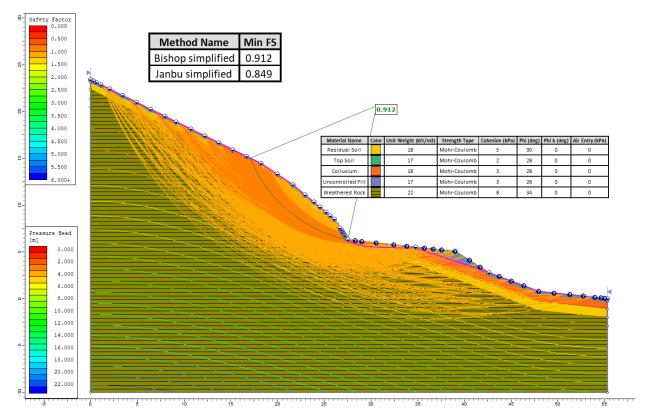
APPENDIX B *Modelling Outputs*



Slide 2 Modelling Output of Existing Batter Slope Section A

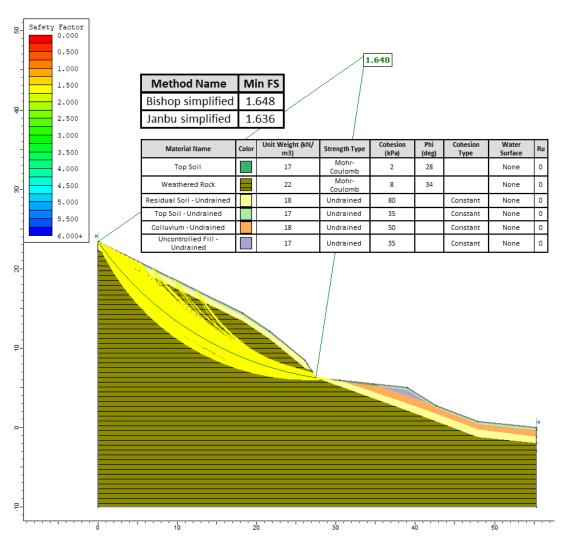


Existing Batter – Dry Conditions



Existing Batter - Saturated Drained Conditions - SSFEA

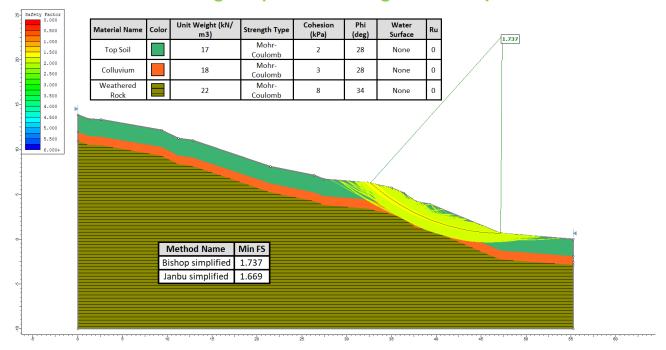




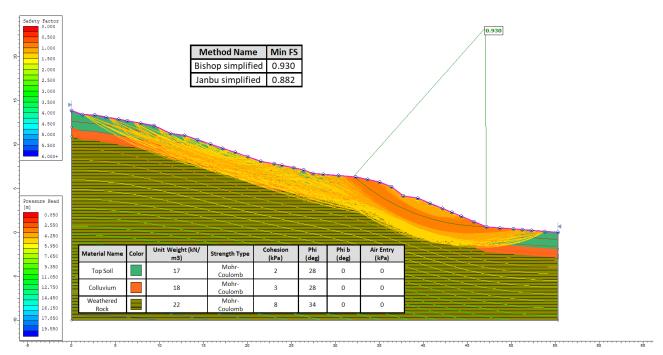
Existing Batter – Saturated Undrained Conditions



Slide 2 Modelling Output of Existing Batter Slope Section B

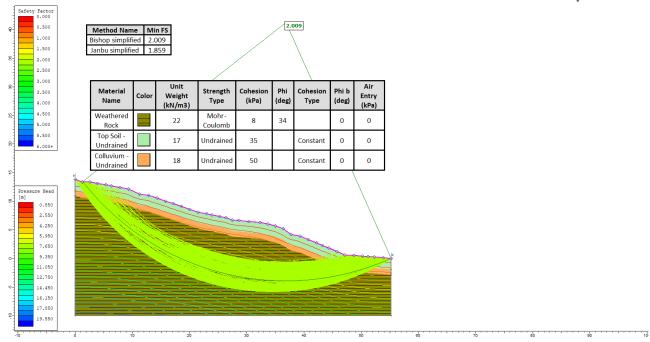


Existing Batter – Dry Conditions



Existing Batter - Saturated Drained Conditions - SSFEA

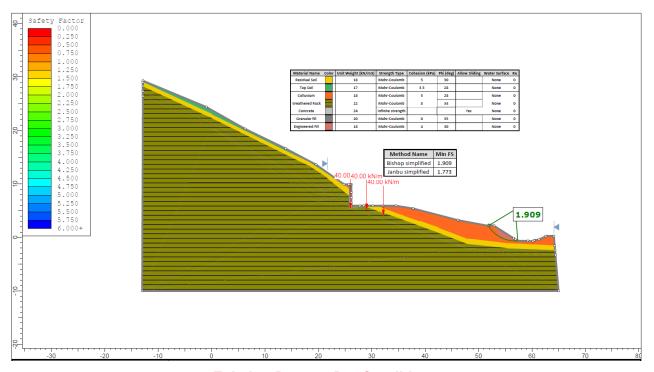




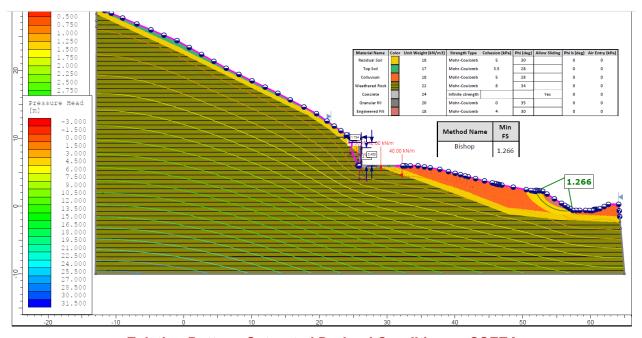
Existing Batter – Saturated Undrained Conditions



Slide 2 Modelling Output of Future Batter Slope Section A

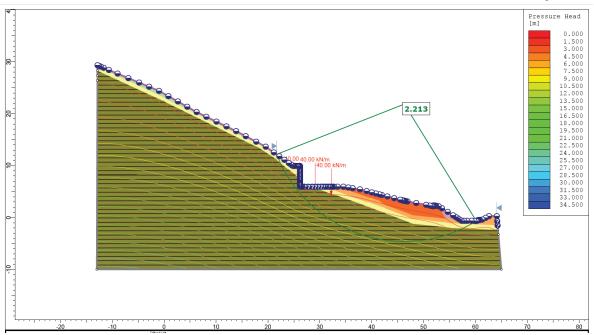


Existing Batter – Dry Conditions



Existing Batter - Saturated Drained Conditions - SSFEA

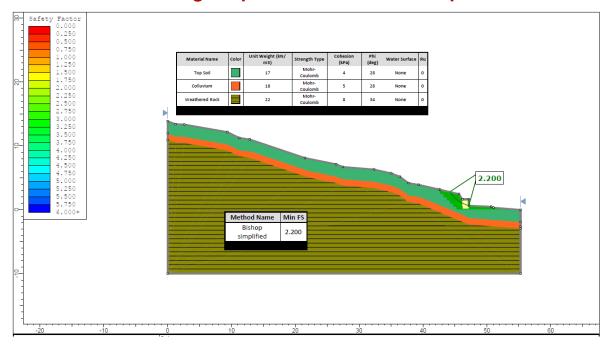




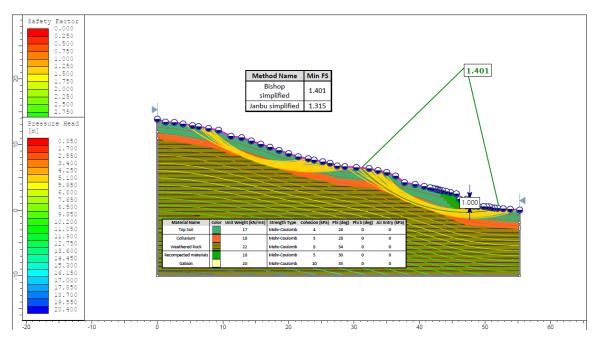
Future Batter - Saturated Undrained Conditions



Slide 2 Modelling Output of Future Batter Slope Section B

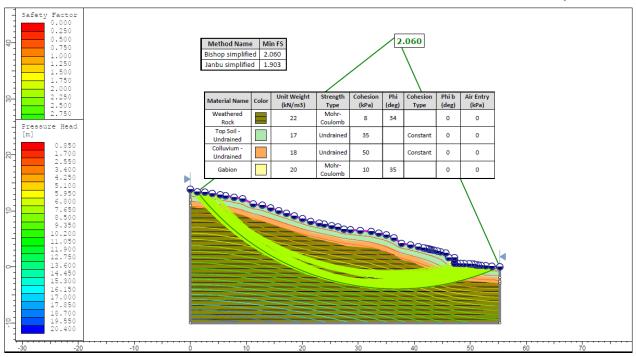


Existing Batter - Dry Conditions



Existing Batter - Saturated Drained Conditions - SSFEA





Existing Batter – Saturated Undrained Conditions



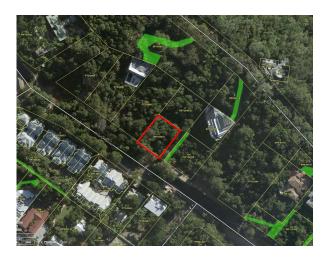
APPENDIX CGabion Stability Analysis



Client Kate & Lucas Agrums

Project 30 Murphy Street Geotechnical Assessment

Location 30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas



Design Report

- 1 Problem Definition & Design Assumptions
- 2 Design Standard
- 3 Design Calculations & Compliance Assessment
- 4 Specifications

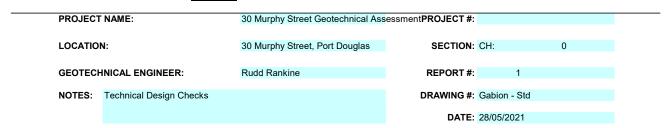
Signed : RPEQ: 28/05/2021

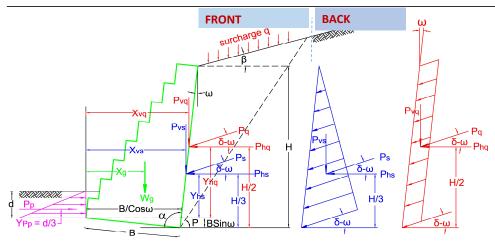


Section 1 - Problem Definition & Design Assumptions

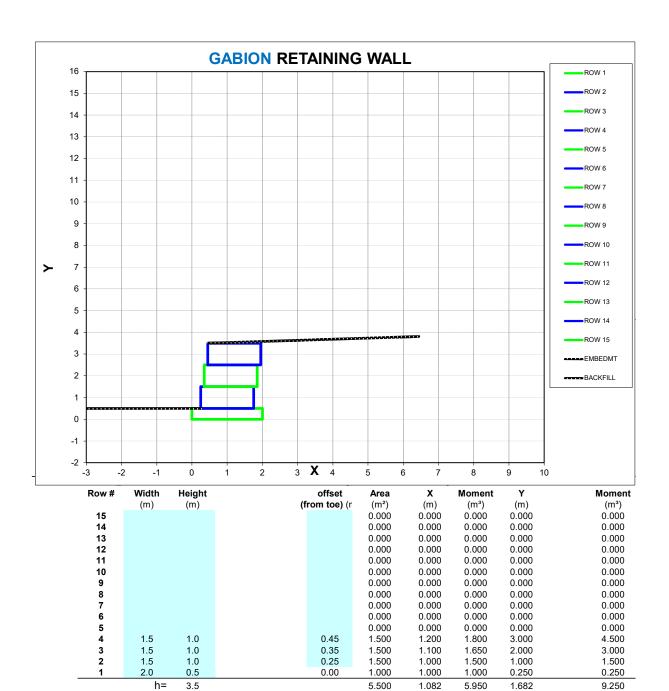
PROBLEM DESCRIPTION: GRAVITY RETAINING WALL

TYPE: GABIONS





Descriptions	symbols	Input Values	Units	Notes	Assumptions
Backfill slope angle above wall	β	3.000	0	< Ф	
Angle of internal friction	Ф	33.000	0		
Wall friction reduction by geotextile	fr	33.000	%	Back of v	wa Assumption
Angle of wall friction	δ	22.110	0	Ф(100-fr	·)/100
Inclination angle to vertical plane	ω	0.000	0	for wall v	vith straight back (no offsets)
Back of wall angle to horizontal	α	90.000	0	90+ω	
Cohesion	С	0	kPa		Ignore cohesion (granular soil)
Surcharge	q	10.000	kPa		Assumption
Soil density	γs	18.000	kN/m ³		Assumption
Rock density	γr	23.000	kN/m ³		Assumption
Void in gabion	V	25.000	%		Assumption
Gabion density	Υg	17.250	kN/m ³	γr(100-v)/100
Actual height of wall	Н	3.500	m	(hCosω) Corrected for inclination
Embedment	d	0.500	m	Use 0 m	to ignore passive thrust
Width of base	В	2.0	m		
Allowable soil bearing capacity	Qа	100.000	kPa	determi	ned by Geotechnical Engineer





Section 2 -Design Standard

PROBLEM DESCRIPTION: GRAVITY RETAINING WALL

PROJECT NAME:	30 Murphy Street Geotechnical Asses	sment PROJECT #:	
LOCATION:	30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas	SECTION:	
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER:	Rudd Rankine	REPORT #:	1
NOTES:		DRAWING #:	
		DATE:	28/05/2021

Design Standard: AS4768 - 2002

Earth Retaining Structures



Section 3 -Design Calculations & Compliance Assessment

PROBLEM DESCRIPTION: GRAVITY RETAINING WALL

TYPE: GABIONS

PROJECT NAME:	30 Murphy Street Geotechnical Asses	30 Murphy Street Geotechnical AssessmentPROJECT #:					
LOCATION:	30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas	30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas SECTION: CH:					
GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER:	Rudd Rankine	REPORT #: 1					
NOTES:		DRAWING #: Gabion - Std					
		DATE: 28/05/2021					

Design Model: COULOMB'S THEORY (1776)

Assumptions (General)

- 1 The retaining wall is smooth & Vertical
- 2 No shear Stress generated along the wall at failure
- 3 Assumes controlled backfill
- Assumes no re-inforcing in soil mass therefore a global (lumped) geotechnoial resistance factor may be used in the analysis rather than partial material design factors 4 (AS 4678 Cl: E2.1; Note (a))

Assumptions (Safety in Design)

- 1 Factor of Safety (Overturning)
- 2 Factor of Safety (Sliding)

Limitations:

- 1 Analysis does not consider flowing water within the analysis
- 2 Analysis does not cover retaining structures supporting excavations in saturated clays or other soil or loading conditions. In these case(s) an undrained analysis may need to be performed to assess critical loading case
- 3 Analysis Does NOT consider the local or global stability of the site (To be assessed seperately)
- 4 Analysis Does NOT consider the Ultimate limit state capacity of individual components of the retention system
- 5 Analysis Does NOT consider the Serviceability capacities/ or compliance of the system or individual components of the retention system

Design Checks

Check	Description	Outcome	Comments
1	Overturning:	Pass	SFo = $\sum Mr / \sum Mo$
2	Sliding	Pass	SFs = $\sum Fr / \sum Fs$
3	Eccentricity of Resultant Force	Pass	Resultant Force Occurs in middle 1/3
4	Bearing Capacity	Pass	Applied bearing pressure on LHS $\&$ RHS toe are less than the defined allowable bearing pressure



Section 4 - Specifications

PROBLEM DESCRIPTION: GRAVITY RETAINING WALL

TYPE: GABIONS

PROJECT NAME: 30 Murphy Street Geotechnical Assessmer RROJECT #:

LOCATION: 30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas SECTION: CH:

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER: Rudd Rankine REPORT #: 1

NOTES: DRAWING #: Gabion - Std

DATE: 28/05/2021

Specific Notes to go on Drawings

GABIONS AND MATTRESSES

MATERIALS

Wire, gabions and mattresses

General: Comply with AS 2423. Galvanise all wire to AS 4534. Coat all components with polyvinyl chloride to a minimum thickness of 0.5 mm.

Gabions: Use mesh with a wire diameter not less than 2 mm. Provide appropriate mesh size to retain the rock filling. Provide selvedge wires with a diameter not less the 3.15 mm and binding wire with a diameter not less than 2.5 mm.

Mattress: Use mesh with a wire diameter not less than 2 mm. Provide appropriate mesh size to retain the rock filling. Provide selvedge wires with a diameter not less than 2.5 mm and binding wire with a diameter not less than 1.6 mm.

Rock fill

General: Clean, hard, durable crushed rock, rock spalls or river gravel, with minimum size larger than the maximum opening size of the mesh or fabric forming the basket. Rocks must be cubical where possible. The smallest dimension must not be less than half the greatest dimension. Properties: Wet/dry strength variation tested in accordance with Queensland Department of Transport and Main Roads test method Q205C or AS 1141.22 must not exceed 35%. Ten percent fines value tested in accordance with Queensland Department of Transport and Main Roads test method Q205B or AS 1141.22 must not be less than 140 kN.

Gabions: Provide rock of nominal size between 120 mm and 200 mm. Rock must be uniformly graded, with greater than 80% by number exceeding the 150 mm nominal size.

Mattresses: Provide rock of nominal size between 75 mm and 150 mm. Rock must be uniformly graded, with greater than 80% by number exceeding the 100 mm nominal size.

EXECUTION

Gabions

General: Construct gabion protection work in the locations and in accordance with the details shown on the drawings.

Surface preparation: Trim areas on which gabions are to be positioned to the specified shapes within a tolerance of ± 50 mm. Trimmed surfaces must be free of roots, stumps, brush, rocks and the like protrusions.

Geotextile fabric: Place type 3 geotextile behind all gabions.

Assembly: Assemble to comply with the drawings and recommendations of the manufacturer.

Positioning: Position assembled gabions empty in the works. Securely position the first row of gabions and fill before gabions in other rows are positioned.

Rock fill: Hand pack the exposed faces of the basket. The remainder may be filled using machine methods. Place the rock to produce a dense, evenly distributed filling with a minimum of voids. Maintain the tolerances and shape specified. Tie together the outer and inner panels of the gabions during the placing operation to minimise distortions where necessary.

Damage: During the placing, do not damage the gabion mesh or geotextile.



APPENDIX D

Stormwater Constraints and Opportunities File Note





This file note has been prepared as supporting information for the design of a building pad and driveway for 30 Murphy Street, Port Douglas. The investigation has been commissioned by GMA Certification Group on behalf of Kate and Lucas Agrums. The file note has assessed the existing and post development stormwater conditions of the site.

The location of the site is identified in Figure 1 and the topography of the site in Figure 2.



Figure 1 – Locality Plan of Site (Queensland Globe)

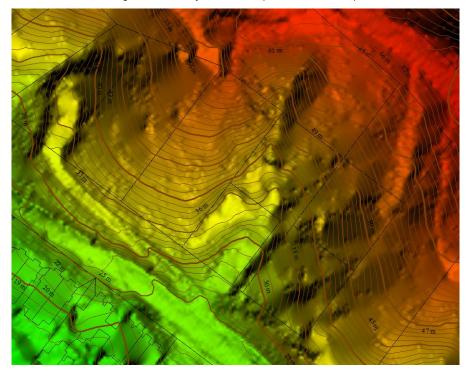


Figure 2 – High Quality Digital Elevation Information of Site (Geoscience Australia)

FILE NOTE



Predevelopment and Post Development Flows

A catchment analysis was undertaken for the watershed into property (crossing the northern boundary) and the catchment for the watershed existing the property (through the southern boundary). It is considered that the mentioned catchment boundaries will not be altered by the proposed development.

The proposed development will however increase the fraction impervious of the catchment discharging from the site.

The catchments are shown in Figure 3 and are hillslope catchments. They have an equal area slope of approximately 30%, and a short response time (or "time of concentration"). Table 1 summarises the catchment calculations undertaken for the site.



Figure 3 - Catchment areas into site and out of site

Table 1: Predevelopment and Post-development Catchment Peak Flows

f tion			on	sn	Peak Flow Rate (m³/s)						
Catchment ID	Area (ha)	Time of Concentration (min)	Land Description	Fraction Impervious	63% AEP	39% AEP	18% AEP	10% AEP	5% AEP	2% AEP	1% AEP
Catchment 1 Into Property	0.428	10.0	an	0.10	0.071	0.096	0.132	0.154	0.183	0.231	0.266
2 Pre- development flows out of property	0.870	11.0	Rainforest and Urban	0.10	0.140	0.189	0.259	0.301	0.359	0.453	0.522
3 Post- development flows out of property	0.870	11.0	Rainfo	0.15	0.142	0.192	0.262	0.305	0.364	0.460	0.529



FILE NOTE

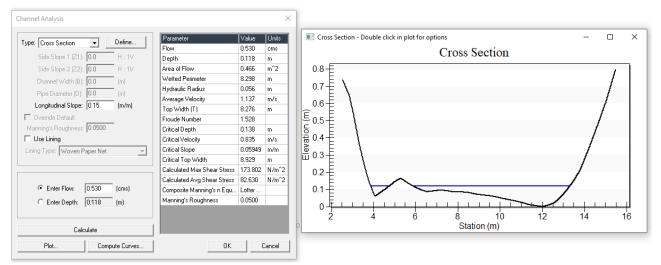
Catchment 1 is the external watershed to the northern boundary of the site, the 1% AEP peak discharge (Q_{100}) was calculated as approximately 270l/s. The flows to the site will be unchanged by the proposed development.

Catchment 2 is the watershed to the southern side of the boundary, inclusive of the sites discharge predevelopment whilst Catchment 3 is the same area post-development. The predevelopment 1% AEP peak discharge (Q₁₀₀) is approximately 520l/s, whilst the post-development peak flow was calculated to be 530l/s. This accounts for approximately a 1% increase in runoff. It is considered that the additional ~10l/s (1% increase) is negligible and does not cause an actionable nuisance to the downstream properties.

Gully Flows

The gully flows through the site were assessed to determine the approximate depth of flow within the gully.

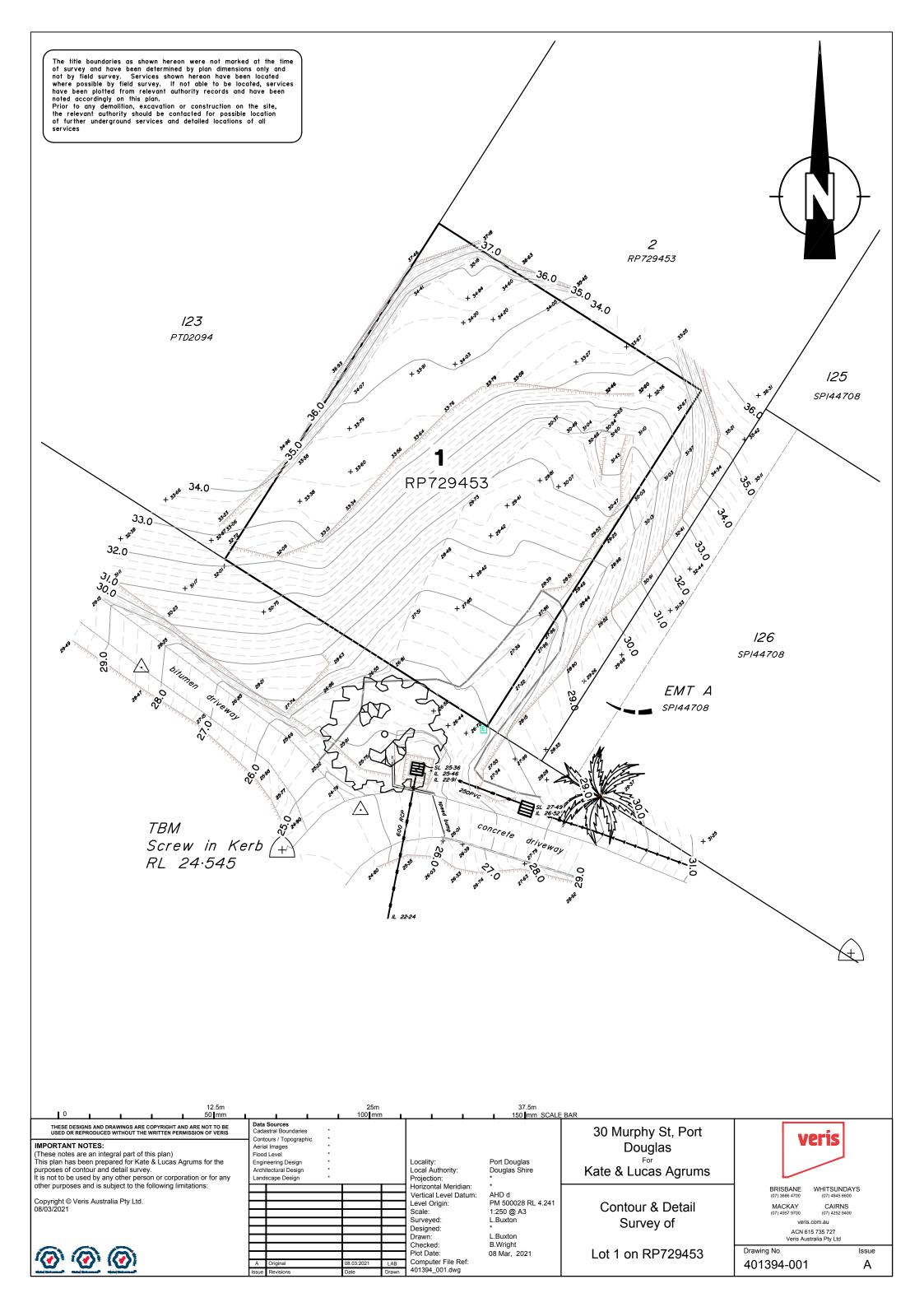
It is understood that the gully is not a mapped waterway for waterway barrier works and hence may be able to be filled as part of the development. The gully is currently in the order of 12m wide and is generally located on the eastern side of the property and into the access leg of 32 Murphy Street (Lot 2 RP729453).



We can convey Q100 flows easily. The issue is capturing this and then safely discharging into the downstream stormwater network, at the inlet pit at the entrance point of the driveway. This field inlet pit has recently been upgraded by Council to intercept and underground the flow from this gully.



APPENDIX EDetailed Survey of Sites





Appendix 3.

PLANNING BENCHMARK ASSESSMENT



6.2.4 Environmental management zone code

6.2.6.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development in the Environmental management zone.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

6.2.4.2 Purpose

(1) The purpose of the Environmental management zone code is to recognise environmentally sensitive areas and provide for houses on lots and other low impact activities where suitable.

These areas are protected from intrusion of any urban, suburban, centre or industrial land use.

- (2) The local government purpose of the code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction set in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 2: Environment and landscape values, Element 3.5.3 Biodiversity, Element 3.5.5 Scenic amenity.
- (b) protect and buffer areas of environmental significance from inappropriate development.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development is generally restricted to a dwelling house;
 - (b) Adverse impacts on natural systems, both on-site and on adjoining land are minimised through the location, design and management of development;
 - (c) Development reflects and responds to the natural features and environmental values of the area;



- (d) Visual impacts are minimised through the location and design of development;
- (e) Development does not adversely affect water quality;
- (f) Development responds to land constraints, including but not limited to topography, vegetation, bushfire, landslide and flooding.

6.2.4.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 6.2.4.3.a – Environmental management zone – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance					
For self-assessable and assessable development							
PO1 The height of all buildings and structures is in keeping with the natural characteristics of the site. Buildings and structures are low-rise and not unduly visible from external sites	AO1 Buildings and structures are not more than 8.5 metres and two storeys in height. Note – Height is inclusive of the roof height.	Not applicable No building works are proposed.					
	AO1.2 Buildings have a roof height not less than 2 metres	Not applicable No building works are proposed.					
PO2 Buildings and structures are set back to:	AO2	Not applicable No building works are proposed.					



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
(a) maintain the natural character of the area; (b) achieve separation from neighbouring buildings and from road frontages	Buildings and structures are set back not less than: (a) 40 metres from the frontage of a state controlled road; (b) 25 metres from the frontage to Cape Tribulation Road; (c) 6 metres from any other road; (d) 6 metres from the side and rear boundaries of the site.	
For assessable development		
PO3 Development is consistent with the purpose of the Environmental management zone and protects the zone from the intrusion of inconsistent uses.	AO3 Inconsistent uses as identified in Table 6.2.4.3.b are not established in the Environmental management zone.	Not applicable The application is for operation works only.
PO4 The site coverage of all buildings and structures and associated services do not have an adverse	AO4 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable No building works are proposed.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
effect on the environmental or scenic values of the site.		
PO5 Development is located, designed, operated and managed to respond to the characteristics, features and constraints of the site and its surrounds. Note - Planning scheme policy – Site assessments provides guidance on identifying the characteristics, features and constraints of a site and its surrounds.	AO5.1 Buildings, structures and associated access, infrastructure and private open space are sited: (a) within areas of the site which are already cleared; or (b) within areas of the site which are environmentally degraded; (c) to minimise additional vegetation clearing.	Complies with AO5.1 The location of the proposed driveway has been identified to reduce the quantity of earthworks and vegetation clearing required. It is located adjacent the existing overland flow path that is considered to have already been degraded through the drainage augmentation works undertaken by Council.
	AO5.2 Buildings and structures and associated infrastructure are not located on slopes greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%) or on a ridgeline	Complies with PO5 The proposed driveway alignment has been selected to achieve the least impact on the features of the site and to respond to the sites constraints. It is considered to represent the least impact option to provide suitable access to an existing house pad.
PO6	AO6.1	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
Buildings and structures are responsive to steep slope through innovative construction techniques so as to: (a) maintain the geotechnical stability of slopes;	Where development on land steeper than 1 in 6 (16.6%) cannot be avoided, development follows the natural contours of the land and single plane concrete slab on-ground methods of construction are not utilised.	No building works are proposed.
(b) minimise cut and/or fill;(c) minimise the overall height of development	AO6.2 Access and vehicle manoeuvring and parking areas are constructed and maintained to: (a) minimise erosion; (b) minimise cut and fill; (c) follow the natural contours of the site.	Complies with AO6.2 The proposed driveway alignment has been selected to achieve the least impact on the features of the site and to respond to the sites constraints. It is considered to represent the least impact option to provide suitable access to an existing house pad. Where possible the driveway alignment follows the least steep part of the site.
PO7 The exterior finishes of buildings and structures are consistent with the surrounding natural environment	AO7 The exterior finishes and colours of buildings and structures are non-reflective and are moderately dark to darker shades of grey, green, blue and brown or the development is not visible external to the site.	Not applicable No building works are proposed.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
PO8	AO8	Not applicable
Development does not adversely affect the amenity of the zone and adjoining land uses in terms of traffic, noise, dust, odour, lighting or other physical or environmental impacts.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The application is for operational works only.
PO9	AO9	Not applicable
The density of development ensures that the environmental and scenic amenity values of the site and surrounding area are not adversely affected.	The maximum residential density is one dwelling house per lot.	The application is for operational works only.
PO10	AO10	Not applicable
Lot reconfiguration results in no additional lots.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The application is for operational works only.
Note - Boundary realignments to resolve encroachments and lot amalgamation are considered appropriate.		



7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code

7.2.4.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development within the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan area as identified on the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

7.2.4.2 Context and setting

Editor's note - This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the *Statutory Instruments Act 1992* and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code.

The Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan encompasses the traditional Port Douglas town centre and surrounding tourist and residential areas, including Four Mile Beach and Craiglie.

Port Douglas was officially named in 1877. It was initially settled as the port of entry and supply for the Hodgkinson goldfield on the Hann Tableland which was proclaimed in 1876. It was the dominant port in Far North Queensland until a decision was made to establish Cairns as the terminus for a new railway in 1884. This ended the town's dominance, and it gradually became a small centre for local residents and fishing activities. During the 1970s and 1980s, a renewed interest in Far North Queensland as a holiday destination led to a boom in large scale tourism and residential development with Port Douglas re-emerging as a premium destination.

The Captain Cook Highway runs north-south to the west of Port Douglas through Craiglie (Four Mile). Craiglie caters for the permanent resident population associated with Port Douglas, as well as providing for service industries to support business in the town. The majority of urban development is confined to the eastern side of the highway. The main entrance to Port Douglas at the intersection of Port Douglas Road is accentuated by mature oil palms lining both



sides of the street for almost the entire length of the corridor into the heart of Port Douglas.

Flagstaff Hill is a prominent headland on the northern side of the Port Douglas town centre providing a green tropical backdrop to the town. Island Point Road runs to the top of Flagstaff Hill and provides access to the iconic lookout overlooking the sweep of Four Mile Beach.

Macrossan Street is the main shopping area in Port Douglas running in a general east-west direction at the base of Flagstaff Hill connecting Four Mile Beach to Dickson Inlet. Tourist and commercial development is concentrated towards the western side of Macrossan Street, with marine orientated activity focussed around the inlet. The western side of the inlet provides unspoiled views across mangroves to the distinctive formations and features of the coastal range.

The street pattern in the town centre is based on the original grid pattern survey of 1878. While the town has lost many of its original buildings to cyclones and redevelopment, a number of important built features remain including the Central Hotel, the Court House Hotel, a number of relocated buildings such as St Mary's Church, the former Clink Theatre and the Court House Museum and scattered memorials such as the Carstens memorial in Macrossan Street and the Port Douglas War memorial in Wharf Street. The Sugar Wharf on Dickson Inlet was the original terminus of the tramline to Mossman. The tramline now terminates adjacent to the Port Douglas marina and operates as the Balley Hooley passenger service on four kilometres of track between the Port Douglas Marina and St Crispins Station.

A particular characteristic of the local plan area is its high quality, lush landscaping complementing the tropical resort town atmosphere. This theme will be carried throughout the local plan area with gateways, nodes and corridor planting emphasising the role of the town as a tropical tourist destination.

7.2.4.3 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code is to facilitate development outcomes consistent with community values, the local tropical built-form and protection of the natural environment within the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan area, while providing a platform for investment and prosperity.
 - (a) In addition, the purpose of the code is supported by the Port Douglas Waterfront Master Plan which provides a clear strategic direction for the incremental transformation of the Port Douglas Waterfront, including the following objectives:
 - (b) To set out a vision for revitalisation of the waterfront;



- (c) To protect and enhance the environmental attributes; and
- (2) To provide a flexible framework, expressed through several key strategies that will assist the Council and community in managing change.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Port Douglas will continue to develop as the premium destination for international and domestic tourists in the Far North Queensland Region, while also acting for permanent residents attracted to the associated lifestyle.
 - (b) Major tourist, retail, dining and entertainment facilities will consolidate in the Town Centre and the Waterfront North sub-precincts, with improved pedestrian connections between the town centre and the waterfront.
 - (c) Craiglie will develop as an integrated residential community with some low scale tourism development opportunities in appropriate locations. Craiglie will also function as small scale commercial and light industry node, providing employment opportunities for the Shire's permanent resident population.
 - (d) All forms of development will complement the tropical image of the town through distinctive tropical vernacular, urban design and landscaping.
 - (e) Character will be enhanced through the identification of gateway sites, landmarks, main approach routes and pedestrian thoroughfares and view corridors:
 - (f) The Flagstaff Hill, Dickson Inlet, Four Mile Beach and other areas of scenic and environmental significance will be protected from development. Vegetation cover will dominate over built form.
 - (g) Vegetation, iconic to the character of Port Douglas, including the avenues of Oil Palms, is retained and where appropriate supplemented.
 - (h) Development will be indistinguishable from view from Four Mile Beach. In addition, any development on Flagstaff Hill will be indistinguishable when viewed from vantage points in Port Douglas.
 - (i) Residential areas are designed as pleasant, functional and distinctive, in visually well-defined areas.
- (4) The purpose of the code will be further achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Precinct 1 Port Douglas precinct
 - (i) Sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct
 - (ii) Sub-precinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct



- (iii) Sub-precinct 1c Waterfront South sub-precinct
- (iv) Sub-precinct 1d Limited Development sub-precinct
- (v) Sub-precinct 1e Community and recreation sub-precinct
- (vi) Sub-precinct 1f Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct
- (b) Precinct 2 Integrated Resort precinct
- (c) Precinct 3 Craiglie Commercial and Light Industry precinct
- (d) Precinct 4 Old Port Road / Mitre Street precinct
- (e) Precinct 5 Very Low Density Residential/ Low Scale Recreation/Low Scale Educational/Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct

Precinct 1 – Port Douglas precinct

- (5) In addition to the overall outcomes, the outcomes sought for the precinct are to ensure that:
 - (a) development will contribute to the incremental transformation of the township, preserving and enhancing maritime activities and environmental areas, delivering tropical open spaces and a high quality public realm, and allowing for tourism opportunities and investment.
 - (b) development contributes to the enhancement of the Port Douglas precinct through the following development outcomes:
 - (i) access and connectivity throughout the township is enhanced through a series of improvements to circulation and mobility, including:.
 - (A) access to, and connectivity along, the waterfront and foreshore areas is maintained and, where appropriate, enhanced;
 - (B) reducing reliance on the waterfront as a car parking resource.
 - (ii) the use of land in the Port Douglas precinct improves the cohesive layout of the township through:
 - (A) the establishment of distinct sub-precincts that reinforce the character and built form of the Port Douglas local plan area including:
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct;
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct;



- Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1c Waterfront South sub-precinct;
- Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1d Limited development sub-precinct;
- Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1e Community and recreation precinct;
- Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1f Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct;
- (B) facilitating marina facilities and supporting marine industry uses as a key part of the local economy;
- (C) reducing conflict between industry, community and commercial activities in the waterfront, without diminishing the marine industry capacity in the Port Douglas precinct;
- (i) environment and sustainability is integrated into the township through:
 - (A) preservation and enhancement of the qualities and characteristics of environmental areas of the township;
 - (B) water sensitive urban design is considered as a means of water quality improvement and management of overland flow to ensure hard infrastructure solutions in Warner Street can be mitigated;
 - (C) design of buildings and access way improvements prioritises walking and cycling modes of transport.
- (ii) the tropical character of the Port Douglas precinct is enhanced by ensuring development:
 - (A) maintains and enhances the built form, local character, streetscapes and natural elements of the township;
 - (B) is compatible with the desired character and amenity of local places and neighbourhoods;
 - (C) does not exceed the height of buildings designations which contribute to the desired form of the township which contains three storey development heights in sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct and part of sub-precinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct;
 - (D) implements high quality landscaped environments around buildings and on streets;
 - (E) protects the recognisable character and locally significance sites throughout the precinct.
- (iii) public spaces and the streetscape are enhanced through:
 - (A) an increase in the quantity and quality of public land and places throughout the precinct;



- (B) consolidating community recreation and sporting uses to create a precinct of community focussed activity between Mudlo Street and Wharf Street:
- (C) improved connections between the town centre and the waterfront marina, including an investigation of a plaza on the waterfront;
- (D) improved streetscapes with high quality landscaping, surface treatments and shaded pedestrian environments;
- (E) the creation of a sense of place through aesthetic streetscapes and built-form character;
- (F) managing vegetation to ensure succession of planting and the ongoing presence of significant trees.
- (iv) advertising signage is small scale, low-key and complements the tropical character of the town.

Sub-precinct 1a – Town Centre sub-precinct

- (6) In addition to other overall development outcomes, development in the Town Centre sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) tourist, retail, dining and entertainment activities are facilitated at an appropriate pedestrian scale;
 - (b) drive-through developments, bulky goods showrooms, outdoor sales, saleyards and other big-box retailing or entertainment facilities are not established:
 - (c) development contributes to a high quality public realm;
 - (d) parking (and associated infrastructure) does not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or pedestrian circulation patterns;
 - (e) consolidation of community and cultural land use activities along Mowbray Street between Wharf Street and Mudlo Street;
 - (f) active street frontages are established along Macrossan and Wharf Streets and other nearby streets as shown on the Port Douglas Centre Active Frontages and Pedestrian and Cycle Network Plan;
 - (g) Live entertainment activities are concentrated within the Live Entertainment Precinct and are subject to the recommendations of a suitably qualified acoustic engineer.

Sub- precinct 1b - Waterfront North sub-precinct



- (7) In addition to other overall development outcomes, development in the Waterfront North sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) the precinct evolves as a revitalised open space and waterside development precinct;
 - (b) development within the precinct is designed to be sympathetic to the environmentally sensitive Dickson Inlet and mitigates any adverse impacts;
 - (c) the establishment of mixed-use development is facilitated to promote activity and vitality;
 - (d) public pedestrian access is maximised along the extent of the edge of the waterfront, consisting of a boardwalk or similar structure available for 24-hour use;
 - (e) development contributes to a high quality public realm;
 - (f) built form provides an attractive point of arrival from both land and sea;
 - (g) pedestrian connectivity is safe, efficient and provides for the needs of all users of the Port Douglas waterfront;
 - (h) parking (and associated infrastructure) does not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or pedestrian circulation patterns;
 - (i) the importance of existing marine-based industries to the area is recognised, not diminished and protected from incompatible uses. Relocation of marine based industries to an alternative precinct does not occur until such time that agreement has been reached among all relevant stakeholders such that development does not diminish the viability of marine based industrial uses that directly serve the Port Douglas tourist and fishing operators and private boat owners;
 - (j) marine infrastructure is established to service the tourism, fishing and private boating community;
 - (k) Live entertainment activities are concentrated within the Live Entertainment Precinct and are subject to the recommendations of a suitably qualified acoustic engineer;
 - (I) the functionality of the Balley Hooley tourist rail is retained.

Sub-precinct 1c – Waterfront South sub-precinct

- (8) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Waterfront South sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) any use of land in the precinct does not affect the environmental, habitat, conservation or scenic values of Dickson Inlet and surrounding land;



- (b) marine-based industries are established on appropriate land having regard to site suitability, accessibility, surrounding land uses, and location of utilities and services;
- (c) marine-based industry achieves appropriate environmental standards;
- (d) industrial buildings have a high standard of layout and building design;
- (e) landscaping provides an attractive streetscape and screens utility, storage and car parking from the street and other public areas;
- (f) the precinct is protected from encroachment of incompatible land use activities.

Sub-precinct 1d - Limited Development sub-precinct

- (9) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Limited Development sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) any use of land in the precinct does not affect the environmental, habitat, conservation or scenic values of Dickson Inlet and surrounding land;
 - (b) the open nature and character of the precinct is retained maintaining view lines across the inlet;
 - (c) community and recreation land use activities are established that promote public access to the foreshore.

Sub-precinct 1e - Community and recreation sub-precinct

- (10) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Community and recreation sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) development for community uses, including sport and recreation is facilitated.
 - (b) sport and recreation activities predominantly involve outdoor activities;
 - (c) areas of natural vegetation are protected from further development;
 - (d) shade trees are increased, in appropriate locations, surrounding the sports fields.



Sub-precinct 1f - Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct

- (11) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) development is not established where it results in detriment to the vegetated and scenic qualities of Flagstaff Hill;
 - (b) development minimises excavation and filling;
 - (c) buildings and other works are unobtrusive when viewed from vantage points in Port Douglas and are designed and constructed of colours and materials which complement the hill's vegetated state;
 - (d) views from public viewing points within the precinct are protected.

Precinct 2 – Integrated Resort precinct

(12) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Integrated Resort precinct facilitates development in accordance with the *Integrated Development Resort Act*, 1987.

Editor's note – The development of land within this precinct is subject to the Integrated Development Resort Act 1987 (IDRA). Where a conflict exists between this planning scheme and the IDRA, the IDRA prevails.

Precinct 3 – Craiglie Commercial and Light Industry precinct

(13) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Craiglie Commercial and Light Industry precinct facilitates the following overall outcomes:



- (a) development supports the tourism and marine industries in Port Douglas, along with the small-scale commercial and light industry land uses that support the local economy that would otherwise be better suited to a location outside the Port Douglas Centre Precinct unless they pose a safety issue:
- (b) development adjacent to the Captain Cook Highway presents an attractive appearance to the highway. The rain-trees, melaleucas and eucalypt trees along the Captain Cook Highway are retained where possible, taking into account the Department of Transport and main Road's requirements;
- (c) retailing activities are generally restricted to those which are ancillary and necessarily associated with the primary service and light industry nature of the area;
- (d) adjacent residential areas are protected from industry nuisances;
- (e) lots fronting Downing Street, between Dickson Street and Beor Street, are provided with an appropriate standard of road access and infrastructure, prior to development occurring.

Precinct 4 – Old Port Road / Mitre Street precinct

- (14) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Old Port Road / Mitre Street precinct facilitates the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) the precinct is intended to be used for outdoor recreational land use activity, primarily as a golf course;
 - (b) areas of significant vegetation are protected from development and retained;
 - (c) other forms of development will only be considered if substantial areas of open space are retained adjacent to existing residential areas to maintain the existing residential amenity of open views across open space.

Precinct 5 – Very Low Density Residential/Low Scale Recreation/Low Scale Educational/Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct

(15) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Very Low Residential Density/Low Scale Recreation/Low Scale Educational/Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct facilitates the following overall outcomes:



- (a) residential accommodation does not exceed a maximum of 8.5 metres in building height;
- (b) minimum lot sizes exceed 2 hectares;
- (c) very low scale and intensity recreation/ very low scale and intensity educational/ and very low scale entertainment uses may be appropriate in areas of the precinct subject to erosion and other flooding constraints.

Note - Undeveloped lots in this precinct are located on very low-lying land. Council may consider a consolidation of existing land titles via lot reconfiguration to lot sizes less than 2 hectares, where the reconfigured lots are consolidated onto the highest terrain, to avoid a pattern of development consisting of dwelling houses located on isolated islands of raised building pads.

7.2.4.4 Criteria for assessment

Table 7.2.4.4.a — Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance				
For self-assessable and assessable development						
Development in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan area generally						
PO1	AO1	Not applicable				
Pedestrians, cyclists, motorists and public transport users can easily move into and through the precinct along planned connectivity routes, identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan	A pedestrian and cycle movement network is integrated and delivered through development.	The application is for a private driveway only.				



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
maps contained in Schedule 2.		
PO2	AO2.1	Complies with AO2.1
Development retains and enhances key landscape elements including character trees and areas of significant vegetation contributing to the character and quality of the local plan area and significant views and vistas and other landmarks important to the context of Port Douglas / Craiglie (as identified on the Port Douglas/ Craiglie Townscape Plan map contained in Schedule 2).	Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character vegetation that contribute to the lush tropical character of the town, including: (a) the tree covered backdrop of Flagstaff Hill; (b) natural vegetation along watercourses, in particular the Mowbray River, Beor Creek and Dickson Inlet; (c) the tidal vegetation along the foreshore; (d) beachfront vegetation along Four Mile Beach, including the fringe of Coconut Palms; (e) the oil palm avenues along the major roads; (f) the lush landscaping within major roundabouts at key nodes; (g) Macrossan Street and Warner Street; (h) Port Douglas waterfront.	The proposed driveway will require the removal of some vegetation; however the alignment is considered to represent the least impact approach with the majority of vegetation being retained on the site and the earthworks being limited to that necessary for the driveway construction. On that basis the proposed development is considered to provide for the retention of existing mature trees.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	AO2.2	Not applicable
	Development protects and does not intrude into important views and vistas as identified on the Port Douglas Townscape Plan map contained in Schedule 2, in particular: (a) Flagstaff Hill;	The development is for a driveway only.
	(b) Four Mile Beach;	
	(c) Across to the ranges over Dickson Inlet;	
	(d) Mowbray Valley.	
	AO2.3	Not applicable
	Important landmarks, memorials and monuments are retained.	The site does not contain or adjoin important landmarks, memorials or monuments.
PO3	AO3	Not applicable
Development contributes to the protection, reinforcement and where necessary enhancement of gateways and key intersections identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	Development adjacent to the gateways and nodes as identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2 incorporates architectural features and landscaping treatments and design elements that enhance the sense of	The site is not adjacent an identified gateway or node.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	arrival and way finding within the town.	
PO4 Landscaping of development sites complements the existing tropical character of Port Douglas and Craiglie.	AO4 Landscaping incorporates the requirements of Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping, in particular landscaping should be capable of achieving a 60% screening of development within 5 years and predominantly consists of endemic	Not applicable No landscaping is required or proposed as part of the driveway construction.
PO5 Development does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the State-controlled road network.	AO5 Direct access is not provided to a State-controlled road where legal and practical access from another road is available.	Complies with AO5 The site does not have frontage to a state controlled road.
For assessable development		
Additional requirements in Precinct 1 – Port Douglas precinct		
PO6 The views and vistas identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in	AO6.1 Development does not impede continued views to scenic vistas and key streetscapes within the local	Not applicable The application is for the construction of a

Part 7 – Local Plan Codes



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
Schedule 2 are maintained.	plan area.	driveway only.
	AO6.2 Unless otherwise specified within this Local Plan, buildings are set back not less than 6 metres from the primary street frontage.	Not applicable The application is for the construction of a driveway only.
P07	A07.1	Not applicable
Vehicle access, parking and service areas:	For all buildings, parking is:	The application is for the construction of a
(a) do not undermine the relationship between	(a) to the side of buildings and recessed behind	driveway only.
buildings and street or dominate the streetscape;	the main building line; or (b) behind buildings; or	
(b) are designed to minimise pedestrian vehicle conflict;	(c) wrapped by the building façade, and not visible from the street.	
(c) are clearly identified and maintain ease of access at all times.	A07.2	Not applicable
	Ground level parking incorporates clearly defined pedestrian routes.	The application is for the construction of a driveway only.
	A07.3	Not applicable
	Any porte-cocheres, disabled and pedestrian	The application is for the construction of a



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	accesses are accommodated within the boundary of new or refurbished development.	driveway only.
	AO7.4	Not applicable
	Where the development is an integrated mixed-use development incorporating short term accommodation or multiple dwellings and either food and drink outlet or hotel or shop or shopping centre or office, on-site parking spaces are provided as per the number prescribed in the Parking and access code with a relaxation of 30% of spaces required for the non-residential uses.	The application is for the construction of a driveway only.
	AO7.5	Not applicable
	On-site car parking available for public use is clearly signed at the site frontage.	The application is for the construction of a driveway only.
	AO7.6	Not applicable
	Boom gates, pay machines or other regulatory devices to control access to a publicly available car parking area are not constructed or installed.	The application is for the construction of a driveway only.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
PO8 Precinct 1 – Port Douglas precinct is not characterised by a proliferation of advertising signs.	AO8 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The application is for the construction of a driveway only.
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1a – Town Centre sub-precinct		
PO9 Building heights: (a) do not overwhelm or dominate the town centre; (b) respect the desired streetscape; (c) ensure a high quality appearance when viewed from both within the town centre sub-precinct and external to the town centre sub-precinct; (d) remain subservient to the natural environment and the backdrop of Flagstaff Hill. (e) do not exceed 3 storeys.	Buildings and structures are not more than 3 storeys and 13.5 metres in height, with a roof height of not less than 3 metres. Note – Height is inclusive of the roof height.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO10 Building design, the streetscape, pedestrian paths	AO10 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
and street front spaces promote integration with the surrounding area and the rest of Precinct 1 – Port Douglas Precinct.		
PO11 Buildings: (a) address street frontages; (b) ensure main entrances front the street or public spaces; (c) do not focus principally on internal spaces or	AO11 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
parking areas.	AO12	Not applicable
Setbacks at ground level provide for: (a) connection between pedestrian paths and public places; (b) areas for convenient movement of pedestrians; (c) changes in gradient of the street.	Setbacks at ground level: (a) are clear of columns and other obstructions; (b) have pavement matching the gradient of adjoining footpaths and connecting pedestrian areas on adjoining sites; (c) connect without any lip or step to adjoining footpaths.	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
AO13	AO13	Not applicable
Buildings do not result in a reduction of views and vistas from public places to:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) Flagstaff Hill;		
(b) Dickson Inlet;		
(c) public open space;		
(d) places of significance.		
PO14	AO14	Not applicable
Development enhances the distinctive tropical resort town and identity of Port Douglas and encourages pedestrian activity at street level including shade protection across the footpath for the length of the building.	Development is built up to the street frontage/s at the street level and incorporates a light frame awning, a minimum of 3 metres in width for the length of the street frontage/s; or If a development includes an outdoor dining area at ground/footpath level, the dining area has a maximum setback of 3 metres and the required awning is still maintained along the length of the street frontage/s.	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	Note – PO24 provides more detail on awning design.\	
PO15 Development is predominantly commercial in nature with any tourist accommodation having a secondary focus and not located on the street-level frontage where active frontages are encouraged as identified the Port Douglas local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO15.1 Centre activities establish: at street level on active street frontages; a maximum of one level above street level.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
	AO15.2 Any residential development activities or short term accommodation is located above street level of the active frontage, but not on or up to the street frontage in any development, including mixed use development.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO16	AO16	Not applicable
Detailed building design: (a) enhances the visual amenity of the streetscape; (b) has a legible and attractive built form that is visually enhanced by architectural elements; (c) contributes to a distinctive tropical north	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
Queensland, seaside tourist town character; (d) integrates major landscaping elements to		
maximise their aesthetic value to ensure that the lush, vegetated character of the Town Centre sub-precinct is maintained.		
PO17	A017	Not applicable
Buildings exhibit variations to their external appearance and the shape of the built form to provide visual interest through:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) surface decoration;		
(b) wall recesses and projections;		
(c) a variation in wall finishes; windows, balconies, awnings and other visible structural elements.		
(d) differentiating between the lower, middle and upper parts of the building by varying the façade and/or the shape of the built form, where comprised of more than two storeys.		
PO18	AO18	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
Roofs are not characterised by a cluttered display of plant and equipment, in particular:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
 (a) building caps and rooftops contribute to the architectural distinction of the building and create a coherent roofscape for the Town Centre sub-precinct; 		
(b) service structures, lift motor rooms and mechanical plant and equipment are designed as an architectural feature of the building or are screened from public view;		
(c) rooftops are not used for advertising.		
P019	AO19	Not applicable
Windows and sun/rain control devices are used in the building form, in particular, sun shading devices are provided to:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) shade windows;		
(b) reduce glare;		
(c) assist in maintaining comfortable indoor temperatures;		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
(d) minimising heat loads;		
(e) enrich the North Queensland tropical character of the Town Centre sub-precinct;		
(f) provide architectural interest to building façades.		
PO20	AO20	Not applicable
Buildings are finished with high quality materials, selected for:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) their ability to contribute the character of Town Centre sub-precinct;		
(b) easy maintenance, durability and an ability not to readily stain, discolour or deteriorate.		
PO21	AO21	Not applicable
Buildings do not incorporate any type of glass or other materials that are likely to reflect the sun's rays in a manner that may create a nuisance, discomfort or a hazard.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
PO22 Façades and elevations do not include large blank walls. Openings and setbacks are used to articulate vertical building surfaces.	AO22.1 Development has a maximum length of unbroken building facade of 20 metres and a maximum extent of overall development in the same style/design along the street frontage/s of 40 metres.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
	AO22.2 Any break in the building façade varies the alignment by a 1 metre minimum deviation.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
	AO22.3 A minimum of three of the following building design features and architectural elements detailed below are incorporated to break the extended facade of a development: (a) a change in roof profile; (b) a change in parapet coping; (c) a change in awning design; (d) a horizontal or vertical change in the wall	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
DO22	plane; or (e) a change in the exterior finishes and exterior colours of the development.	Not applicable
 PO23 Building facades that face public spaces at ground level: (a) complement the appearance of the development and surrounding streetscape; (b) enhance the visual amenity of the public place; (c) include a variety of human scale architectural elements and details; (d) provide an opportunity for the casual and convenient surveillance of public space from within the development. 	Building facades at the ground floor of development that face public space are designed to ensure: (a) a minimum of 70% of the façade area is comprised of windows, wall openings or shop fronts that permit the casual surveillance of the public space from the development; (b) a visually prominent main entrance that faces the principal public place; (c) vertical architectural elements and features are incorporated at 3 metre or less intervals along the length of the façade.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO24 Awnings for pedestrian shelter are consistent with	AO24 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
the character setting of the Town Centre sub- precinct and:		
(a) extend and cover the footpath to provide protection from the sun and rain;		
(b) include lighting under the awning;		
(c) are continuous across the frontage of the site;		
(d) align to provide continuity with existing or future awnings on adjoining sites;		
(e) are a minimum of 3.0 metres in width and generally not more than 3.5 metres above pavement height;		
(f) do not extend past a vertical plane,1.2 metres inside the kerb-line to enable street trees to be planted and grow;		
(g) are cantilevered from the main building with any posts within the footpath being non load-bearing.		
PO25	AO25	Not applicable
Development integrates with the streetscape and	Development fronting Davidson Street, Macrossan	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
landscaping improvements for Port Douglas.	Street, Wharf Street, Mowbray Street and Warner Street is designed to integrate with the on-street landscaping and design improvements as outlined within the Port Douglas landscape master plan contained within Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.7 - Landscaping provides guidance on meeting the Performance Outcome.	The site is within precinct 1f.
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1b – W	aterfront North sub-precinct	
PO26	AO26	Not applicable
The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for sub-precinct 1b – Waterfront North.	Uses identified as inconsistent uses in Table 7.2.4.4.b – inconsistent uses in sub-precinct 1b – Waterfront North sub-precinct are not established in sub-precinct 1b - Waterfront North.	The site is within precinct 1f.
PO27	AO27	Not applicable
The bulk and scale of buildings is consistent with surrounding development and steps down to complement the open space areas in the adjoining	Buildings and structures are not more than: (a) 3 storeys and 13.5 metres in height, with a roof height of not less than 3 metres, in those	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
limited development sub-precinct.	parts of the precinct south of Inlet Street; (b) 2 storeys and 8.5 metres in height, with a roof height of not less than 3 metres, in those parts of the precinct north of Inlet Street. Note – Height is inclusive of roof height.	
PO28 Building design, streetscape, pedestrian paths and street front spaces promote integration with the surrounding area and the rest of Precinct 1 – Port Douglas Precinct.	AO28 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO29 Public pedestrian access along the water's edge is maximised.	AO29.1 Public pedestrian access is provided along the frontage of the water's edge consisting of a boardwalk of a minimum width of 4 metres that is available of 24-hour use.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
	AO29.2 A public plaza is incorporated into the design generally reflecting the requirements of the Port	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	Douglas Waterfront Master Plan, focussing in the vicinity of the 'Duck Pond'.	
	AO29.3	Not applicable
	Built envelopes are setback a minimum of 3.0 metres from the board walk, with a shelter/shade zone between the building envelopes and the boardwalk consisting of shade structure, canopies, verandahs and the like.	The site is within precinct 1f.
PO30	AO30	Not applicable
Buildings:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) address street frontages;		
(b) ensure main entrances front the street or public spaces.		
PO31	AO31	Not applicable
Setbacks at ground level provide for:	Setbacks at ground level:	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) connection between pedestrian paths and	(a) are clear of columns and other obstructions;	
public places;	(b) have pavement matching the gradient of	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
(b) areas for convenient movement of pedestrians;(c) changes in gradient.	adjoining footpaths and connecting pedestrian areas on adjoining sites; (c) connect without any lip or step to adjoining footpaths.	
PO32	AO32	Not applicable
Buildings do not result in a reduction of views and vistas from public places to:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) Dickson Inlet;		
(b) public open space;		
(c) places of significance.		
PO33	AO33	Not applicable
Development enhances the distinctive tropical resort town and identity of Port Douglas and encourages pedestrian activity at ground level including shade protection across the footpath and open space areas.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
PO34	AO34.1	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
Development is predominantly commercial in nature with any tourist accommodation having a secondary focus and not located on the street-level frontage where active frontages are encouraged as	Centre activities establish: (a) at street level on active street frontages; (b) a maximum of one level above street level.	The site is within precinct 1f.
identified the Port Douglas local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO34.2 Residential development activities or short term accommodation is located above street /ground floor level of the active frontage, but not on or up to the street / public frontage in any development, including mixed use development.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO35	AO35	Not applicable
Detailed building design:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) enhances the visual amenity of the streetscape;		
(b) has a legible and attractive built form that is visually enhanced by architectural elements;		
(c) contributes to a distinctive tropical north Queensland, seaside tourist town character;		
(d) integrates major landscaping elements to		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
maximise their aesthetic value to ensure that the lush, vegetated character of the Waterfront North sub-precinct is maintained.		
PO36	AO36	Not applicable
Buildings exhibit variations to their external appearance and the shape of the built form to provide visual interest through: (a) surface decoration; (b) wall recesses and projections; (c) a variation in wall finishes; windows, balconies, awnings and other visible structural elements. (d) differentiating between the lower, middle and upper parts of the building by varying the façade and/or the shape of the built form, where comprised of more than two storeys.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
PO37	AO37	Not applicable
Roofs are not characterised by a cluttered display of plant and equipment, in particular:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
(a) building caps and rooftops contribute to the architectural distinction of the building and create a coherent roofscape for the Waterfront North sub-precinct;		
(b) service structures, lift motor rooms and mechanical plant and equipment are designed as an architectural feature of the building or are screened from public view;(c) rooftops are not used for advertising.		
PO38	AO38	Not applicable
Windows and sun/rain control devices are used in the building form, in particular, sun shading devices are provided to:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) shade windows;		
(b) reduce glare;		
(c) assist in maintaining comfortable indoor temperatures;		
(d) minimising heat loads;		
(e) enriching the North Queensland tropical		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
character of the Waterfront North sub-precinct;		
(f) architectural interest to building façades.		
PO39	AO39	Not applicable
Buildings are finished with high quality materials, selected for:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) their ability to contribute the character of Waterfront North sub-precinct;		
(b) easy maintenance, durability and an ability not to readily stain, discolour or deteriorate.		
PO40	AO40	Not applicable
Buildings do not incorporate any type of glass or other materials that are likely to reflect the sun's rays in a manner that may create a nuisance, discomfort or a hazard.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
PO41	AO41.1	Not applicable
Façades and elevations do not include large blank walls and openings and setbacks are used to	Development has a maximum length of unbroken building facade of 20 metres and a maximum extent of overall development in the same	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
articulate vertical building surfaces.	style/design along the street frontage/s of 40 metres.	
	AO41.2	Not applicable
	Any break in the building façade varies the alignment by a 1 metre minimum deviation.	The site is within precinct 1f.
	AO41.3	Not applicable
	A minimum of three of the following building design features and architectural elements detailed below are incorporated to break the extended facade of a development:	The site is within precinct 1f.
	(a) a change in roof profile;	
	(b) a change in parapet coping;	
	(c) a change in awning design;	
	(d) a horizontal or vertical change in the wall plane; or(e) a change in the exterior finishes and exterior	
	colours of the development.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
PO42 Building facades that face public spaces at ground level: (a) complement the appearance of the development and surrounding streetscape; (b) enhance the visual amenity of the public place; (c) include a variety of human scale architectural elements and details; (d) provide an opportunity for the casual and convenient surveillance of public space from within the development.	Building facades at the ground floor of development that face public space are designed to ensure: (a) a minimum of 70% of the façade area is comprised of windows, wall openings or shop fronts that permit the casual surveillance of the public space from the development; (b) a visually prominent main entrance that faces the principal public place; (c) vertical architectural elements and features are incorporated at 3 metre or less intervals along the length of the façade.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO43 Awnings for pedestrian shelter are consistent with the character setting of the Waterfront North subprecinct and: (a) extend and cover the footpath to provide protection from the sun and rain;	AO43 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
(b) include lighting under the awning;		
(c) are continuous across pedestrian circulation areas;		
(d) align to provide continuity with existing or future awnings on adjoining sites;		
(e) are a minimum of 3 metres in width and generally not more than 3.5 metres above pavement height;		
(f) do not extend past a vertical plane,1.2 metres inside the street kerb-line to enable street trees to be planted and grow;		
(g) are cantilevered from the main building with any posts within the footpath being non load- bearing.		
PO44	AO44.1	Not applicable
The Balley Hooley rail line and turn-table is retained and incorporated into development and maintains its functionality.	Bally Hooley rail line and turn-table is retained and incorporated into development to maintain its functionality.	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	AO44.2 Where development provides floor area for the Bally Hooley rail station, the gross floor area of the rail line and station does not generate a requirement for additional vehicle parking.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO45 Development recognises the importance of and relationship between the marina, commercial and residential development in the Waterfront North sub-precinct, and includes measures to mitigate the impact of: (a) noise; (b) odour; (c) hazardous materials; (d) waste and recyclable material storage.	AO45 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO46 Formalised public spaces and pedestrian paths/areas on freehold land are made accessible	AO46 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
to the public.		
PO47	AO47	Not applicable
Buildings, civic spaces, roads and pedestrian links are enhanced by:	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(a) appropriate landscape design and planting;		
(b) themed planting that defines entry points, and creates strong 'entry corridors' into the waterfront;		
(c) lighting and well-considered discrete signage that complements building and landscape design;		
(d) public artwork and other similar features that reflect the heritage and character of the Port Douglas Waterfront.		
PO48	AO48	Not applicable
Buildings are designed and sited to provide vistas along shared pedestrian/open space and movement areas in suitable locations.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
PO49 Development does not diminish the viability of marine-based industrial uses that directly serve the Port Douglas tourist and fishing operators and private boat owners, particularly with respect to the slipway operation.	AO49 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO50 Marine infrastructure to service the tourism, fishing and private boating community is provided.	AO50 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO51 Changes to the Port Douglas Waterfront quay-line do not cause adverse impacts to the environmentally sensitive Dickson Inlet.	Development that results in changes to the Port Douglas Waterfront quay-line is only established where an Ecological assessment report provides support to the changes. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.8 – Natural environment provides guidance on preparing an ecological assessment report.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1c – W	ecological assessment report.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
PO52 The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for Precinct 1c – Waterfront South.	Uses identified as inconsistent uses Table 7.2.4.4.c – are not established in Precinct 1c – Waterfront South.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO53 Development does not adversely impact on the natural environment, natural vegetation or watercourses.	AO53.1 An Ecological assessment report is prepared identifying the environmental qualities of the surrounding natural and built features which are to be managed. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.8 – Natural environment provides guidance on preparing an ecological assessment report.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
	AO53.2 An Environmental Management Plan is prepared to manage potential impacts of the operation of the development on surrounding natural areas. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans contains information to demonstrate compliance and guidance on preparing an	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	Environmental Management Plan.	
PO54 Development of land at the end of Port Street adjacent to Dickson Inlet incorporates a slipway, or an alternative functioning facility, with capacity to service the Port Douglas marine and tourism industry.	AO54 A master plan for the development is provided and implemented to demonstrate the integration of the slipway, or an alternative functioning facility, with other supporting service industry activities that service the marine and tourism industry of Port Douglas.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO55 Buildings and structures are of a height and are set back from side boundaries and other sensitive	AO55.1 Development has a height of not more than 10 metres.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
areas to ensure the scenic amenity and environmental qualities of the adjacent area are not adversely affected.	AO55.2 Development is setback from all property boundaries not less than 3 metres.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO56 The site coverage of all buildings and structures ensures development:	AO56 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
(a) is sited in an existing cleared area or in an area approved for clearing;		
(b) has sufficient area for the provision of services;		
(c) development does not have an adverse effect on the environmental, habitat, conservation or landscape values of the on-site and surrounding sensitive areas.		
PO57	AO57.1	Not applicable
Premises include adequate provision for service vehicles, to cater for generated demand. Loading areas for service vehicles are designed to:	Sufficient manoeuvring area is provided on-site to allow a Medium Rigid Vehicle to enter and leave the site in a forward gear.	The site is within precinct 1f.
 (a) be accommodated on-site; (b) maximise safety and efficiency of loading; (c) protect the visual and acoustic amenity of sensitive land use activities; 	AO57.2	Not applicable
	Development is designed to ensure all service vehicles are contained within the site when being loaded/unloaded.	The site is within precinct 1f.
(d) minimise adverse impacts on natural characteristics of adjacent areas.	AO57.3	Not applicable
	Driveways, parking and manoeuvring areas are constructed and maintained to:	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	(a) minimise erosion from storm water runoff;(b) retain all existing vegetation.	
PO58	AO58	Not applicable
Development ensures adverse impacts from service vehicles on the road network, external to the site, are minimised.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.
PO59	AO59	Not applicable
Entry to the site is landscaped to enhance the amenity of the area and provide a pleasant working environment.	Areas used for loading and unloading, storage, utilities and car parking are screened from public view: (a) by a combination of landscaping and screen fencing;	The site is within precinct 1f.
	(b) dense planting along any road frontage is a minimum width of 3 metres.	
PO60	AO60	Not applicable
Landscaping is informal in character and complementary to the existing natural environment, provides screening and enhances	For any development landscaping is in accordance with the Plant species schedule in Planning	The site is within precinct 1f.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance			
the visual appearance of the development.	scheme policy SC6.7– Landscaping.				
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1d – Li	Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1d – Limited Development sub-precinct				
PO61	AO61	Not applicable			
The height of buildings and structures contributes to the desired form and outcomes for the subprecinct and are limited to a single storey.	Buildings and structures are not more than one storey and 4 metres in height. Note - Height is inclusive of the roof height.	The site is within precinct 1f.			
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1e – Community and recreation sub-precinct					
PO62	AO62	Not applicable			
The precinct is developed for organised sporting activities and other community uses.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.			
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1f – Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct					
PO63	AO63	Complies with PO63			
Flagstaff Hill is protected from inappropriate development to protect the hill as an important natural landmark feature of Port Douglas and as a vegetated backdrop to the Town centre.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The proposal is for the construction of a driveway to facilitate the residential development of the site. The alignment of the driveway has been selected to have the least impact on the natural features of			



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
		the site and in response to identified site constraints. The proposal is not considered to represent inappropriate development.
PO64	AO64	Not applicable
All development on Flagstaff Hill is designed to minimise the visibility of the development and to ensure development is subservient to the natural landscape and topography of the site, including through: (a) building design which minimises excavation	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The application is for a driveway only and no buildings are proposed.
and filling;		
(b) buildings being designed to step down the site and incorporate foundations and footings on piers or poles;		
 (c) buildings being visually unobtrusive and incorporating exterior finishes and muted colours which are non-reflective and complement the colours of the surrounding vegetation and view-shed; 		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
(d) protection of the views from public viewing points in the Port Douglas precinct.		
Additional requirements for Precinct 3 – Craiglie	Commercial and Light Industry precinct	
PO65	AO65	Not applicable
Development supports the tourism and marine industries in Port Douglas, along with the small-scale commercial and light industry land uses that support the local economy that would otherwise be better suited to a location outside the Port Douglas Town Centre Precinct.	Development consists of service and light industries and associated small scale commercial activities.	The site is within precinct 1f.
PO66	AO66.1	Not applicable
Development on lots adjacent to the Captain Cook Highway is sited, designed and landscaped to provide an attractive visual approach to Port Douglas with all buildings, structures and car parking areas setback a sufficient distance from the frontage to enable landscaping to soften or	Buildings and structures are setback 8 metres from the Captain Cook Highway frontage, or no closer to the Captain Cook Highway frontage than buildings and structures on adjoining sites (averaged), whichever is the greater.	The site is within precinct 1f.
the horitage to enable landscaping to soften of	AO66.2	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
screen the appearance of the development.	The setback area to the Captain Cook Highway frontage is landscaped with advanced dense planting including tree species (100 litre bag stock), which will, at maturity, exceed the height of the building(s) on the site.	The site is within precinct 1f.
	AO66.3	Not applicable
	Advertising signs are discreet in appearance with no large advertising signs, including tenancy signs, located on or near the Captain Cook Highway frontage, or within any landscaped setback area	The site is within precinct 1f.
	AO66.4	Not applicable
	Car parking areas, loading and other service areas are designed to be screened from the Captain Cook Highway and are located so as to not be visually prominent from the Captain Cook Highway.	The site is within precinct 1f.

Additional requirements for Precinct 6 – Very Low Residential Density / Low Scale Recreation / Low Scale Educational / Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
PO67 No additional lots are created within the precinct.	AO67 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is within precinct 1f.
PO68	AO68	Not applicable
Reconfigured lots have a minimum lot size of 2 hectares, unless the lot reconfiguration transfers lots to the higher parts of the land, to avoid the need to fill existing lots to accommodate dwelling houses.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The site is within precinct 1f.

Table 7.2.4.4.b — Inconsistent uses in sub-precinct 1b - Waterfront North sub-precinct

Inconsistent uses				
 Agricultural supplies store Air services Animal husbandry Animal keeping Aquaculture Brothel Bulk landscape supplies Car wash Cemetery 	 Extractive industry Funeral parlour High impact industry Intensive animal industry Intensive horticulture Major electricity infrastructure Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility Medium impact industry 	 Relocatable home park Roadside stall Rural industry Rural workers accommodation Service station Showroom Special industry Tourist park Transport depot 		



•	Crematorium	•	Motor sport facility,	•	Veterinary services
•	Cropping	•	Outstation	•	Warehouse
•	Detention facility	•	Permanent plantation	•	Wholesale nursery
•	Dual occupancy			•	Winery
•	Dwelling house				

Table 7.2.4.4.c — Inconsistent uses in sub-precinct 1c - Waterfront South sub-precinct

Inconsistent uses				
 Adult store Agricultural supplies store Air services Animal husbandry Animal keeping Brothel Bulk landscape supplies Car wash Cemetery Child care centre Community care centre Community residence Community use Crematorium Cropping Detention facility Dual occupancy 	 Hardware and trade supplies Health care services Home based business Hospital Hotel Indoor sport and recreation Intensive animal industry Intensive horticulture Major electricity infrastructure Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility Market Motor sport facility Multiple dwelling Nature-based tourism Nightclub entertainment facility Outdoor sales 	 Permanent plantation Place of worship Relocatable home park Residential care facility Resort complex Retirement facility Roadside stall Rooming accommodation Rural industry Rural workers accommodation Sales office Shopping centre Short-term accommodation Showroom Special industry Theatre Tourist attraction 		



Dwelling house	Outdoor sport and recreation	Tourist park
Dwelling unit	Outstation	Transport depot
Extractive industry		Veterinary services
Function facility		Warehouse
Funeral parlour		Wholesale nursery
Garden centre		Winery



8.2.5 Hillslopes overlay code

8.2.5.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Hillslopes overlay, if:
 - (a) self assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Hillslopes overlay is identified on the Hillslopes overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) Hillslopes constraint sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

8.2.5.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Hillslopes overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1 Settlement pattern: Element 3.4.7 Mitigation of hazards;
 - (ii) Theme 2 Environment and landscape values: Element 3.5.5 Scenic amenity.
 - (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Hillslopes sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:



- (a) development on hillslopes is safe, serviceable and accessible;
- (b) the ecological values, landscape character and visual quality of the hillslopes are protected from development so as to retain the scenic backdrop to the region;
- (c) Development on hillslopes is appropriate, having regard to the topographic constraints and environmental characteristics of the land;
- (d) Development responds to the constraints of the site including gradient and slope stability;
- (e) Works do not involve complex engineering solutions.

8.2.5.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.5.3.a - Hillslopes overlay code -assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance		
For self-assessable development				
PO1	AO1.1	Not applicable		
The landscape character and visual amenity quality of hillslopes areas is retained to protect the scenic backdrop to the region.	Development is located on parts of the site that are not within the Hillslopes constraint subcategory as shown on the Hillslopes overlay Maps contained in schedule 2.	The proposed development is identified as assessable development.		
For assessable development				
PO2	AO2.1	Complies with AO2.1		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
The landscape character and visual amenity quality of hillslopes areas is retained to protect the scenic backdrop to the region	Development does not occur on land with a gradient in excess of 1 in 6 (16.6%) or AO2.2 Where development on land steeper than 1 in 6 (16.6%) cannot be avoided, development follows the natural contours of the site.	Where possible the driveway alignment follows the natural contours of the site and avoids the steeper areas.
	AO2.3	Complies with AO2.3
	Access ways and driveways are: (a) constructed with surface materials that blend with the surrounding environment; (b) landscaped with dense planting to minimise the visual impact of the construction; (c) provided with erosion control measures immediately after construction.	The proposed driveway would be constructed of concrete consistent with the existing driveways in the area and would be screened by existing mature vegetation.
	AO2.4	Complies AO2.4
	The clearing or disturbance of vegetation is limited to clearing and disturbance that: (a) is necessary for the construction of driveways;	The clearing and disturbance would be limited to that necessary for driveway construction.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	(b) is necessary to contain the proposed development;(c) minimises canopy clearing or disturbance;(d) minimises riparian clearing or disturbance.	
	AO2.5	Not applicable
	On land with slopes greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%) or greater, alternative construction methods to concrete slab on ground are utilised (i.e. split level or post and beam constructed buildings that minimise modification to the natural terrain of the land).	The application is for a driveway only.
	AO2.6	Complies with AO2.6
	Development does not alter the sky line.	The development is for a driveway only.
	AO2.7	Not applicable
	Buildings and structures: (a) are finished predominantly in the following exterior colours or surfaces:	The application is for a driveway only.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	(i) moderately dark to darker shades of olive green, brown, green, blue, or charcoal; or	
	(ii) moderately dark to darker wood stains that blend with the colour and hues of the surrounding vegetation and landscape;	
	(b) are not finished in the following exterior colours or surfaces:	
	(i) pastel or terracotta colours, reds, yellows, shades of white or beige, or other bright colours that do not blend with the surrounding vegetation and landscape;	
	(ii) reflective surfaces.	
	AO2.8	Not applicable
	Exterior colour schemes limit the use of white or other light colours to exterior trim and highlighting of architectural features	The application is for a driveway only.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	AO2.9 Areas between the first floor (including outdoor deck areas) and ground level are screened from view.	Not applicable The application is for a driveway only.
	AO2.10 Recreational or ornamental features (including tennis courts, ponds or swimming pools) do not occur on land: (a) with a gradient of 1 in 6 (16.6%) or more; (b) are designed to be sited and respond to the natural constraints of the land and require minimal earthworks.	Not applicable The application is for a driveway only.
PO3 Excavation or filling does not have an adverse impact on the amenity, safety, stability or function of the site or adjoining premises through: (a) loss of privacy; (b) loss of access to sunlight;	AO3 Excavation or fill: (a) is not more than 1.2 metres in height for each batter or retaining wall; (b) is setback a minimum of 2 metres from property boundaries;	Complies with PO3 The proposed driveway would involve the construction of gabion retaining walls with a height of in the order of 1.5 metres. This exceeds the accepted height of 1.2 metres; however, the gabion walls are stepped walls with each element



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance		
(c) intrusion of visual or overbearing impacts; (d) complex engineering solutions.	 (c) is stepped with a minimum 2 metre wide berm to incorporate landscaping in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping; (d) does not exceed a maximum of 3 batters and 3 berms (i.e. not greater than 3.6 metres in height) on any one lot. 	having a height of 0.5 metres. The proposed walls are considered to represent the simplest engineering solution that has the least impact on the topography and the least visual impact. The walls would blend into the natural environment and would not result in an overbearing visual impact. The proposed gabion walls are considered to satisfy the performance outcome, notwithstanding that they would have a height greater than the accepted 1.2 metres.		
Lot reconfiguration	Lot reconfiguration			
PO4	AO4.1	Not applicable		
For development that involves reconfiguring a lot, lot layout and design is responsive to the natural constraints of the land and each lot is capable of being used for its intended purpose.	The frontage and depth of all lots is of sufficient width to: (a) allow driveways to follow the natural contours of the site and not exceed a gradient of 1 in 6 (16.6%); (b) accommodate any changes in gradient between the road and lot within the lot	The application relates to the construction of a private driveway only.		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	boundary and not within the road reserve.	
	AO4.2	Not applicable
	Development does not create new lots containing land of greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%), except where a rectangular area of land of lesser grade is contained within the new lots to accommodate the intended land use, with the balance left in its natural state to the greatest extent possible. Note – The size of rectangular areas is outlined within each zone code.	The application relates to the construction of a private driveway only.
	AO4.3	Not applicable
	Development does not alter ridgelines.	The application relates to the construction of a private driveway only.
	AO4.4	Not applicable
	Lots are designed to ensure rooflines of future buildings and structures do not protrude above a ridgeline.	The application relates to the construction of a private driveway only.



8.2.9 Potential landslide hazard overlay code

8.2.9.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Potential landslide hazard overlay; if
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Potential landslip hazard overlay is identified on the Potential landslide hazard overlay maps in Schedule 2 and includes the following subcategories:
 - (a) Places of potential landslide hazard sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Note – The Potential landslide hazard overlay shows modelled areas where the factors contributing to landslip potential accumulate to provide a moderate or higher risk if certain factors are exacerbated (e.g. factors include significant vegetation clearing, filling and excavation, changes to soil characteristics, changes to overland water flow, or changes to sub-surface water flow). It shows areas that the Council has identified where landslides may occur and where land may be impacted by a landslide but does not mean that landslides will occur or that the land will be impacted by a landslide. Other areas not contained within the potential landslide hazard overlay may sustain landslides or be impacted by landslides and consideration should be given to this issue, where appropriate.

8.2.9.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Potential landslide hazard overlay code is:
 - (a) implement the policy direction of the Strategic Framework, in particular:



- (i) Theme 1: Settlement pattern Element 3.4.7 Mitigation of hazards.
- (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Potential landslip hazard overlay.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development is located, designed and constructed to not put at risk the safety of people, property and the environment;
 - (b) development is not at risk from and does not pose a risk to adjacent and nearby sites from landslides;
 - (c) ensures that community infrastructure is protected from the effects of potential landslides;
 - (d) ensures that vegetation clearing, stormwater management and filling and/or excavation does not create a landslide hazard and/or rectifies potential pre-existing landslide risks;
 - (e) development does not occur where works to provide a solution for safety of people, property or the environment involves complex engineering solutions to overcome the risk or would result in a built form or outcome that causes an adverse visual impact on the Hillslopes or Landscape values of Douglas Shire.

8.2.9.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.9.3.a - Potential landslide hazard overlay code -assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
For self-assessable and assessable developmen	nt	
PO1	AO1.1	Complies with AO1.1
The siting and design of development does not involve complex engineering solutions and does	Development is located on that part of the site not affected by the Potential landslide hazard overlay.	





Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	 (e) development does not concentrate existing ground water and surface water paths; (f) development does not incorporate on-site waste water disposal. Note – Planning scheme policy SC6.9 – Natural hazards provides guidance on preparing a site specific geo-technical assessment. Note – Development may alter the conditions of ground water and surface water paths in accordance with a site-specific geotechnical report, but should ensure that its final disbursement is as-per pre-developed 	
	conditions. Consideration for location, velocity, volume and quality should be given.	
PO2	AO2	Complies with PO2
The siting and design of necessary retaining structures does not cause an adverse visual impact on landscape character or scenic amenity quality of the area.	Excavation or fill:(a) is not more than 1.2 metres in height for each batter or retaining wall;(b) is setback a minimum of 2 metres from property boundaries;	The proposed driveway would involve the construction of gabion retaining walls with a height of in the order of 1.5 metres. This exceeds the accepted height of 1.2 metres; however, the gabion walls are stepped walls with each element having a height of 0.5 metres.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	 (c) is stepped with a minimum 2 metre wide berm to incorporate landscaping in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping; (d) does not exceed a maximum of 3 batters and 3 berms (i.e. Not greater than 3.6 metres in height) on any one lot. 	The proposed walls are considered to represent the simplest engineering solution that has the least impact on the topography and the least visual impact. The walls would blend into the natural environment and would not result in an overbearing visual impact. The proposed gabion walls are considered to satisfy the performance outcome, notwithstanding that they would have a height greater than the accepted 1.2 metres.
Additional requirements for Community infrastro	ucture	
PO3	AO3	Not applicable
Development for community infrastructure: (a) is not at risk from the potential landslide hazard areas; (b) will function without impediment from a landslide; (c) provides access to the infrastructure without impediment from the effects of a landslide;	Development is designed in accordance with the recommendations of a site-specific geotechnical assessment which makes reference to the community infrastructure and its needs and function. Note - A site specific geotechnical assessment will detail requirements that will address the Acceptable Outcomes of this Performance Outcome. Planning	The development does not involve Community Infrastructure.



Perf	ormance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
(d)	does not contribute to an elevated risk of a landslide to adjoining properties.	scheme policy SC6.9 – Natural hazards provides guidance on preparing a site specific geotechnical assessment.	



9.4.3 Environmental performance code

9.4.3.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) building work for outdoor lighting;
 - (b) a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (i) assessable development where the code is identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment; or
 - (ii) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.

Note – Where for the purpose of lighting a tennis court in a Residential zone, a compliance statement prepared by a suitably qualified person must be submitted to Council with the development application for building work.

(2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

9.4.3.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Environmental performance code is to ensure development is designed and operated to avoid or mitigate impacts on sensitive receiving environments.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) activities that have potential to cause an adverse impact on amenity of adjacent and surrounding land, or environmental harm is avoided



- through location, design and operation of the development;
- (b) sensitive land uses are protected from amenity related impacts of lighting, odour, airborne particles and noise, through design and operation of the development;
- (c) stormwater flowing over, captured or discharged from development sites is of a quality adequate to enter receiving waters and downstream environments;
- (d) development contributes to the removal and ongoing management of weed species.

9.4.3.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.3.3.a- Environmental performance code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
Lighting		
PO1	AO1.1	Not applicable
Lighting incorporated within development does not cause an adverse impact on the amenity of adjacent uses and nearby sensitive land uses.	Technical parameters, design, installation, operation and maintenance of outdoor lighting comply with the requirements of Australian standard AS4282-1997 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.	No outdoor lighting is proposed.
	AO1.2	Not applicable



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Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	Development that involves flood lighting is restricted to a type that gives no upward component of light where mounted horizontally.	No outdoor lighting is proposed.
	AO1.3	Complies with AO1.3
	Access, car parking and manoeuvring areas are designed to shield nearby residential premises from impacts of vehicle headlights.	The proposed driveway would be shielded from nearby residences by the topography of the land and the retained vegetation.
Noise		
PO2	AO2.1	Complies with AO2.1
Potential noise generated from the development is avoided through design, location and operation of the activity. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance	Development does not involve activities that would cause noise related environmental harm or nuisance; or	The application is for operational works only.
Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	AO2.2	Not applicable
	Development ensures noise does not emanate from the site through the use of materials, structures and architectural features to not cause	The application is for operational works only.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	an adverse noise impact on adjacent uses.	
	AO2.3	Complies with AO2.3
	The design and layout of development ensures car parking areas avoid noise impacting directly on adjacent sensitive land uses through one or more of the following:	The proposed driveway would be shielded from nearby residences by the topography of the land and the retained vegetation
	(a) car parking is located away from adjacent sensitive land uses;	
	(b) car parking is enclosed within a building;	
	(c) a noise ameliorating fence or structure is established adjacent to car parking areas where the fence or structure will not have a visual amenity impact on the adjoining premises;	
	(d) buffered with dense landscaping.	
	Editor's note - The Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 2008, Schedule 1 provides guidance on acoustic quality objectives to ensure environmental harm (including nuisance) is avoided.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
Airborne particles and other emissions		
PO3 Potential airborne particles and emissions generated from the development are avoided through design, location and operation of the activity.	AO3.1 Development does not involve activities that will result in airborne particles or emissions being generated; or	Not applicable The application is for operational works only.
Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	AO3.2 The design, layout and operation of the development activity ensures that no airborne particles or emissions cause environmental harm or nuisance. Note - examples of activities which generally cause airborne particles include spray painting, abrasive blasting, manufacturing activities and car wash facilities. Examples of emissions include exhaust ventilation from basement or enclosed parking structures, air conditioning/refrigeration ventilation and exhaustion. The Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 2008, Schedule 1 provides guidance on air quality objectives to ensure environmental harm	Not applicable The application is for operational works only.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	(including nuisance) is avoided.	
Odours		
PO4	AO4.1	Not applicable
Potential odour causing activities associated with the development are avoided through design,	The development does not involve activities that create odorous emissions; or	The application is for operational works only.
location and operation of the activity. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	AO4.2 The use does not result in odour that causes environmental harm or nuisance with respect to surrounding land uses.	Not applicable The application is for operational works only.
Waste and recycleable material storage		
PO5	AO5.1	Not applicable
Waste and recyclable material storage facilities are located and maintained to not cause adverse impacts on adjacent uses.	The use ensures that all putrescent waste is stored in a manner that prevents odour nuisance and is disposed of at regular intervals.	The application is for operational works only.
Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with	AO5.2 Waste and recyclable material storage facilities	Not applicable The application is for operational works only.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
the purpose and outcomes of the code.	are located, designed and maintained to not cause an adverse impact on users of the premises and adjacent uses through consideration of:	
	(a) the location of the waste and recyclable material storage areas in relation to the noise and odour generated;	
	(b) the number of receptacles provided in relation to the collection, maintenance and use of the receptacles;	
	(c) the durability of the receptacles, sheltering and potential impacts of local climatic conditions;	
	(d) the ability to mitigate spillage, seepage or leakage from receptacles into adjacent areas and sensitive receiving waters and environments.	
	Editor's note - the Environmental Protection (Waste Management) Policy 2008 provides guidance on the design of waste containers (receptacles) to ensure environmental harm (including nuisance) is avoided.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
Sensitive land uses		
PO6	AO6.1	Not applicable
Sensitive land use activities are not established in areas which will receive potentially incompatible impacts on amenity from surrounding, existing development activities and land uses.	Sensitive land use activities are not established in areas that will be adversely impacted upon by existing land uses, activities and potential development possible in an area; or	The application is for operational works only.
	AO6.2 Sensitive land activities are located in areas where potential adverse amenity impacts mitigate all potential impacts through layout, design, operation and maintenance.	Not applicable The application is for operational works only.
Stormwater quality		
P07	A07.1	Complies with AO7.1
The quality of stormwater flowing over, through or being discharged from development activities into watercourses and drainage lines is of adequate	Development activities are designed to ensure stormwater over roofed and hard stand areas is directed to a lawful point of discharge.	The stormwater would be channelled to the lawful point of discharge, being the recently constructed drain at the road frontage of the site.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
quality for downstream environments, with respect to: (a) the amount and type of pollutants borne from the activity; (b) maintaining natural stream flows	AO7.2 Development ensures movement of stormwater over the site is not impeded or directed through potentially polluting activities.	Not applicable The application is for operational works only.
(c) the amount and type of site disturbance; (d) site management and control measures.	AO7.3 Soil and water control measures are incorporated into the activity's design and operation to control sediment and erosion potentially entering watercourses, drainage lines and downstream receiving waters. Note - Planning scheme policy - FNQROC Regional Development Manual provides guidance on soil and water control measures to meet the requirements of the Environmental Protection Act 1994. During construction phases of development, contractors and builders are to have consideration in their work methods and site preparation for their environmental duty to protect stormwater quality.	Able to comply with AO7.3 Erosion and Sedimentation control measures would be applied during the construction phase of the development.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
PO8 Development activities and sites provide for the removal of all pest plants and implement ongoing measures to ensure that pest plants do not	AO8.1 The land is free of declared pest plants before development establishes new buildings, structures and practices; or	Not applicable The site is less than 1,000m² in area.
reinfest the site or nearby sites. Editor's note - This does not remove or replace all land owner's obligations or responsibilities under the Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002.	Pest plants detected on a development site are removed in accordance with a management plan prepared by an appropriately qualified person prior to construction of buildings and structures or earthworks. Note - A declaration from an appropriately qualified person validates the land being free from pest plants. Declared pest plants include locally declared and State declared pest plants.	Not applicable The site is less than 1,000m² in area.



9.4.5 Infrastructure works code

9.4.5.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) operational work which requires an assessment as a condition of a development permit or is assessable development if this code is identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment:
 - (b) a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (i) assessable development where this code is identified in the assessment criteria column of the table of assessment;
 - (ii) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.

Note – The Filling and excavation code applies to operational work for filling and excavation.

(2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

9.4.5.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Infrastructure works code is to ensure that development is safely and efficiently serviced by, and connected to, infrastructure.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) the standards of water supply, waste water treatment and disposal, stormwater drainage, local electricity supply, telecommunications, footpaths and road construction meet the needs of development and are safe and efficient;
 - (b) development maintains high environmental standards;
 - (c) development is located, designed, constructed and managed to avoid or minimise impacts arising from altered stormwater quality or flow, wastewater discharge, and the creation of non-tidal artificial waterways;



- (d) the integrity of existing infrastructure is maintained;
- (e) development does not detract from environmental values or the desired character and amenity of an area.

9.4.5.3 Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a – Infrastructure works code –assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
For self-assessable and assessable development		
Works on a local government road		
PO1	AO1.1	Not applicable
Works on a local government road do not adversely impact on footpaths or existing infrastructure within the road verge and maintain the flow, safety and efficiency of pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.	Footpaths/pathways are located in the road verge and are provided for the hierarchy of the road and located and designed and constructed in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	No footpaths are proposed or required.
	AO1.2	Not applicable
	Kerb ramp crossovers are constructed in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC 5 –	No kerb ramp crossovers are proposed or



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	required.
	AO1.3	Not applicable
	New pipes, cables, conduits or other similar infrastructure required to cross existing footpaths:	No infrastructure is required to cross the footpath as part of the proposed driveway.
	(a) are installed via trenchless methods; or	
	(b) where footpath infrastructure is removed to install infrastructure, the new section of footpath is installed to the standard detailed in the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, and is not less than a 1.2 metre section.	
	AO1.4	Not applicable
	Where existing footpaths are damaged as a result of development, footpaths are reinstated ensuring: (a) similar surface finishes are used;	No works would eb undertaken within proximity of a footpath.
	(b) there is no change in level at joins of new	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	and existing sections;	
	(c) new sections are matched to existing in terms of dimension and reinforcement.	
	Note – Error! Reference source not found. provides guidance on meeting the outcomes.	
	AO1.5	Not applicable
	Decks, verandahs, stairs, posts and other structures located in the road reserve do not restrict or impede pedestrian movement on footpaths or change the level of the road verges.	The application is for a driveway only.
Accessibility structures		
PO2	AO2.1	Not applicable
Development is designed to ensure it is accessible for people of all abilities and accessibility features do not impact on the efficient	Accessibility structures are not located within the road reserve.	No accessibility structures are proposed.
	AO2.2	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
and safe use of footpaths. Note – Accessibility features are those features	Accessibility structures are designed in accordance with AS1428.3.	No accessibility structures are proposed.
required to ensure access to premises is provided for people of all abilities and include ramps and lifts.	AO2.3 When retrofitting accessibility features in existing buildings, all structures and changes in grade are contained within the boundaries of the lot and not within the road reserve.	Not applicable No accessibility structures are proposed.
Water supply		
PO3	AO3.1	Complies with AO3.1
An adequate, safe and reliable supply of potable, fire fighting and general use water is provided.	The premises is connected to Council's reticulated water supply system in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D6 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or	The site is connected to the reticulated water supply network.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	AO3.2	
	Where a reticulated water supply system is not available to the premises, on site water storage tank/s with a minimum capacity of 10,000 litres of stored water, with a minimum 7,500 litre tank, with the balance from other sources (e.g. accessible swimming pool, dam etc.) and access to the tank/s for fire trucks is provided for each new house or other development. Tank/s are to be fitted with a 50mm ball valve with a camlock fitting and installed and connected prior to occupation of the house and sited to be visually unobtrusive.	
Treatment and disposal of effluent		
PO4	AO4.1	Complies with AO4.1
Provision is made for the treatment and disposal of effluent to ensure that there are no adverse impacts on water quality and no adverse ecological impacts as a result of the system or as	The site is connected to Council's sewerage system and the extension of or connection to the sewerage system is designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in	The site is connected to the Councils Sewerage system.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
a result of increasing the cumulative effect of systems in the locality.	Section D7 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or AO4.2 Where not in a sewerage scheme area, the proposed disposal system meets the requirements of Section 33 of the Environmental Protection Policy (Water) 1997 and the proposed	
Stormwater quality	on site effluent disposal system is designed in accordance with the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act</i> (2002).	
PO5	AO5.1	Complies with AO5.1
Development is planned, designed, constructed and operated to avoid or minimise adverse impacts on stormwater quality in natural and	A connection is provided from the premises to Council's drainage system; or	All stormwater would be directed to the existing drainage network at the road frontage, which was recently constructed by Council.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
developed catchments by:	AO5.2	
(a) achieving stormwater quality objectives;(b) protecting water environmental values;(c) maintaining waterway hydrology.	An underground drainage system is constructed to convey stormwater from the premises to Council's drainage system in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D4 and D5 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	
	AO5.3	Not applicable
	A stormwater quality management plan is prepared, and provides for achievable stormwater quality treatment measures meeting design objectives listed in Error! Reference source not found. and Error! Reference source not found., reflecting land use constraints, such as:	This condition is not considered applicable to the construction of driveways.
	(a) erosive, dispersive and/or saline soil types;(b) landscape features (including landform);(c) acid sulfate soil and management of nutrients of concern;	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	(d) rainfall erosivity.	
	AO5.4	Able to comply with AO5.4
	Erosion and sediment control practices are designed, installed, constructed, monitored, maintained, and carried out in accordance with an erosion and sediment control plan.	Erosion and sediment control practices would be employed during the construction phase.
	AO5.5	Not applicable
	Development incorporates stormwater flow control measures to achieve the design objectives set out in Error! Reference source not found. and Error! Reference source not found., including management of frequent flows, peak flows, and construction phase hydrological impacts.	This is not considered applicable to driveway construction.
	Note – Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual provides guidance on soil and water control measures to meet the requirements of the <i>Environmental Protection Act</i>	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	1994. Note – During construction phases of development, contractors and builders are to have consideration in their work methods and site preparation for their environmental duty to protect stormwater quality.	
Non-tidal artificial waterways		
PO6	AO6.1	Not applicable
Development involving non-tidal artificial waterways is planned, designed, constructed and operated to: (a) protect water environmental values;	Development involving non-tidal artificial waterways ensures: (a) environmental values in downstream waterways are protected;	No waterways are proposed.
(b) be compatible with the land use constraints for the site for protecting water environmental values;(c) be compatible with existing tidal and non-tidal waterways;	(b) any ground water recharge areas are not affected;(c) the location of the waterway incorporates low lying areas of the catchment connected to an existing waterway;	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
(d) perform a function in addition to stormwater management;	(d) existing areas of ponded water are included.	
(e) achieve water quality objectives.	AO6.2	Not applicable
	Non-tidal artificial waterways are located:	No waterways are proposed.
	(a) outside natural wetlands and any associated buffer areas;	
	(b) to minimise disturbing soils or sediments;	
	(c) to avoid altering the natural hydrologic regime in acid sulfate soil and nutrient hazardous areas.	
	AO6.3	Not applicable
	Non-tidal artificial waterways located adjacent to, or connected to a tidal waterway by means of a weir, lock, pumping system or similar ensures:	No waterways are proposed.
	(a) there is sufficient flushing or a tidal range of >0.3 m; or	
	(b) any tidal flow alteration does not adversely	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	impact on the tidal waterway; or (c) there is no introduction of salt water into freshwater environments.	
	AO6.4	Not applicable
	Non-tidal artificial waterways are designed and managed for any of the following end-use purposes:	No waterways are proposed.
	(a) amenity (including aesthetics), landscaping or recreation; or	
	(b) flood management, in accordance with a drainage catchment management plan; or	
	(c) stormwater harvesting plan as part of an integrated water cycle management plan; or	
	(d) aquatic habitat.	
	AO6.5	Not applicable
	The end-use purpose of the non-tidal artificial	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	waterway is designed and operated in a way that protects water environmental values.	No waterways are proposed.
	AO6.6	Not applicable
	Monitoring and maintenance programs adaptively manage water quality to achieve relevant water quality objectives downstream of the waterway.	No waterways are proposed.
	AO6.7	Not applicable
	Aquatic weeds are managed to achieve a low percentage of coverage of the water surface area, and pests and vectors are managed through design and maintenance.	No waterways are proposed.
Wastewater discharge		
PO7	AO7.1	Not applicable
Discharge of wastewater to waterways, or off site: (a) meets best practice environmental	A wastewater management plan is prepared and addresses:	No wastewater would be generated by a driveway.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
management;	(a) wastewater type;	
(b) is treated to:	(b) climatic conditions;	
(i) meet water quality objectives for its	(c) water quality objectives;	
receiving waters;	(d) best practice environmental management.	
(ii) avoid adverse impact on ecosystem health or waterway health;	AO7.2	Not applicable
(iii) maintain ecological processes, riparian vegetation and waterway integrity;	The waste water management plan is managed in accordance with a waste management hierarchy	No wastewater would be generated by a driveway.
(iv) offset impacts on high ecological value waters.	that: (a) avoids wastewater discharge to waterways; or	
	(b) if wastewater discharge cannot practicably be avoided, minimises wastewater discharge to waterways by re-use, recycling, recovery and treatment for disposal to sewer, surface water and ground water.	
	AO7.3	Not applicable
	Wastewater discharge is managed to avoid or	No wastewater would be generated by a



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	minimise the release of nutrients of concern so as to minimise the occurrence, frequency and intensity of algal blooms.	driveway.
	A07.4	Not applicable
	Development in coastal catchments avoids or minimises and appropriately manages soil disturbance or altering natural hydrology and:	No wastewater would be generated by a driveway.
	(a) avoids lowering ground water levels where potential or actual acid sulfate soils are present;	
	(b) manages wastewater so that:	
	 (i) the pH of any wastewater discharges is maintained between 6.5 and 8.5 to avoid mobilisation of acid, iron, aluminium and other metals; 	
	(ii) holding times of neutralised wastewater ensures the flocculation and removal of	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	any dissolved iron prior to release;	
	(iii) visible iron floc is not present in any discharge;	
	(iv) precipitated iron floc is contained and disposed of;	
	(v) wastewater and precipitates that cannot be contained and treated for discharge on site are removed and disposed of through trade waste or another lawful method.	
Electricity supply		
PO8	AO8.1	Complies with AO8.1
Development is provided with a source of power that will meet its energy needs.	A connection is provided from the premises to the electricity distribution network;	Th site is connected to the electricity distribution network.
	or	
	AO8.2	
	The premises is connected to the electricity	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	distribution network in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D8 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual. Note - Areas north of the Daintree River have a different standard.	
	AO9.1	Not applicable
	Pad-mount electricity infrastructure is:	No pad-mount infrastructure is proposed.
	(a) not located in land for open space or sport and recreation purposes;	
	(b) screened from view by landscaping or fencing;	
	(c) accessible for maintenance.	
PO9	AO9.2	Not applicable
Development incorporating pad-mount electricity infrastructure does not cause an adverse impact on amenity.	Pad-mount electricity infrastructure within a building, in a Town Centre is designed and located to enable an active street frontage.	No pad-mount infrastructure is proposed.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	Note – Pad-mounts in buildings in activity centres should not be located on the street frontage.	
Telecommunications		
PO10	AO10	Complies with AO10
Development is connected to a telecommunications service approved by the relevant telecommunication regulatory authority.	The development is connected to telecommunications infrastructure in accordance with the standards of the relevant regulatory authority.	The site has an existing commitment to a telecommunications connection.
PO11	AO11	Not applicable
Provision is made for future telecommunications services (e.g. fibre optic cable).	Conduits are provided in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	This is not considered relevant to the construction of a driveway.
Road construction		
PO12	AO12.1	Not applicable
The road to the frontage of the premises is	The road to the frontage of the site is constructed	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
constructed to provide for the safe and efficient movement of: (a) pedestrians and cyclists to and from the site; (b) pedestrians and cyclists adjacent to the site;	in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D1 and D3 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, for the particular class of road, as identified in the road hierarchy.	No new roads are proposed.
(c) vehicles on the road adjacent to the site;(d) vehicles to and from the site;(e) emergency vehicles.	AO12.2 There is existing road, kerb and channel for the full road frontage of the site.	Not applicable No new roads are proposed.
	AO12.3 Road access minimum clearances of 3.5 metres wide and 4.8 metres high are provided for the safe passage of emergency vehicles.	Not applicable No new roads are proposed.
Alterations and repairs to public utility services		
PO13	AO13	Not applicable
Infrastructure is integrated with, and efficiently	Development is designed to allow for efficient	No alterations are required to existing



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
extends, existing networks.	connection to existing infrastructure networks.	infrastructure networks.
PO14	AO14.1	Not applicable
Development and works do not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations.	Public utility mains, services and installations are not required to be altered or repaired as a result of the development;	No alterations are required to existing infrastructure networks.
	or	
	AO14.2	
	Public utility mains, services and installations are altered or repaired in association with the works so that they continue to function and satisfy the relevant Design Guidelines set out in Section D8 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	
Construction management		
PO15	AO15	Able to comply with AO15



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
Work is undertaken in a manner which minimises adverse impacts on vegetation that is to be retained.	 Works include, at a minimum: (a) installation of protective fencing around retained vegetation during construction; (b) erection of advisory signage; (c) no disturbance, due to earthworks or storage of plant, materials and equipment, of ground level and soils below the canopy of any retained vegetation; (d) removal from the site of all declared noxious weeds. 	Construction management, including the protection of retained vegetation is able to be undertaken during the construction stage. Council are invited to attach a condition to any approval granted to secure compliance if considered necessary.
PO16	AO16	Not applicable
Existing infrastructure is not damaged by construction activities.	Construction, alterations and any repairs to infrastructure is undertaken in accordance with the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual. Note - Construction, alterations and any repairs to State-controlled roads and rail corridors are undertaken	No works to Council infrastructure is required or proposed.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance	
	in accordance with the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994.		
For assessable development			
High speed telecommunication infrastructure			
PO17	AO17	Not applicable	
Development provides infrastructure to facilitate the roll out of high speed telecommunications infrastructure.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	This is not considered applicable to the construction of a driveway.	
Trade waste			
PO18	AO18	Not applicable	
Where relevant, the development is capable of providing for the storage, collection treatment and disposal of trade waste such that: (a) off-site releases of contaminants do not occur;	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	A driveway would not generate trade waste.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
(b) the health and safety of people and the environment are protected;		
(c) the performance of the wastewater system is not put at risk.		
Fire services in developments accessed by common private title		
PO19	AO19.1	Not applicable
Hydrants are located in positions that will enable fire services to access water safely, effectively and efficiently.	Residential streets and common access ways within a common private title places hydrants at intervals of no more than 120 metres and at each intersection. Hydrants may have a single outlet and be situated above or below ground.	No common private title is proposed.
	AO19.2	Not applicable
	Commercial and industrial streets and access ways within a common private title serving commercial properties such as factories and warehouses and offices are provided with above	No common private title is proposed.

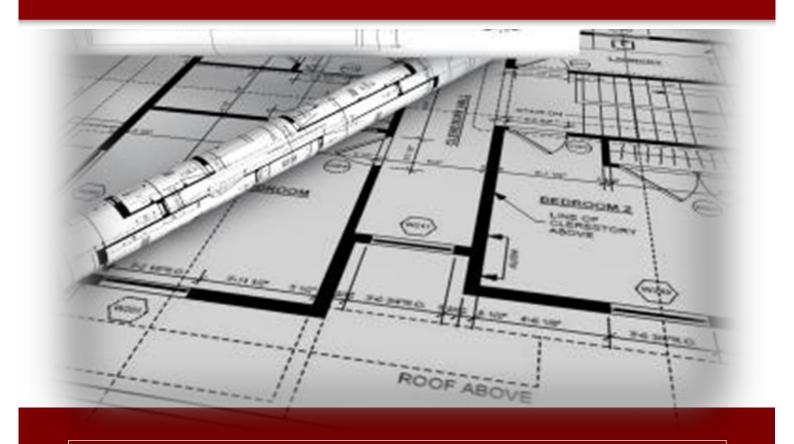


Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Compliance
	or below ground fire hydrants located at not more than 90 metre intervals and at each intersection. Above ground fire hydrants have dual-valved outlets.	
PO20	AO20	Not applicable
Hydrants are suitable identified so that fire services can locate them at all hours. Note – Hydrants are identified as specified in the Department of Transport and Main Roads Technical Note: 'Identification of street hydrants for fire fighting purposes' available under 'Publications'.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	No common private title is proposed.



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