DA Form 1 – Development application details

Approved form (version 1.0 effective 3 July 2017) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016.

This form **must** be used to make a development application **involving code assessment or impact assessment**, except when applying for development involving building work.

For a development application involving building work only, use DA Form 2 – Building work details.

For a development application involving building work associated with any other type of assessable development, use this form (*DA Form 1*) and parts 4 to 6 of *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

Unless stated otherwise, all parts of this form **must** be completed in full and all required supporting information **must** accompany the development application.

One or more additional pages may be attached as a schedule to this development application if there is insufficient space on the form to include all the necessary information.

This form and any other form relevant to the development application must be used to make a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land under the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994*, and airport land under the *Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008*. For the purpose of assessing a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land, any reference to a planning scheme is taken to mean a land use plan for the strategic port land, Brisbane port land use plan for Brisbane core port land, or a land use plan for airport land.

Note: All terms used in this form have the meaning given under the Planning Act 2016, the Planning Regulation 2017, or the Development Assessment Rules (DA Rules).

PART 1 – APPLICANT DETAILS

1) Applicant details	
Applicant name(s) (individual or company full name)	L. & H. Price
Contact name (only applicable for companies)	Greg Skyring, Greg Skyring Design and Drafting Pty Ltd
Postal address (P.O. Box or street address)	11 Noli Close
Suburb	Mossman
State	QLD
Postcode	4873
Country	AUS
Contact number	07 40982061
Email address (non-mandatory)	greg@skyringdesign.com.au
Mobile number (non-mandatory)	
Fax number (non-mandatory)	
Applicant's reference number(s) (if applicable)	

Owner's consent

2.1) Is written consent of the owner required for this development application?

 \boxtimes Yes – the written consent of the owner(s) is attached to this development application \square No – proceed to 3)



PART 2 – LOCATION DETAILS

Note: P	3) Location of the premises (complete 3.1) or 3.2), and 3.3) as applicable) Note : Provide details below and attach a site plan for any or all premises part of the development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms</u> <u>Guide: Relevant plans.</u>						
3.1) Si	3.1) Street address and lot on plan						
Str	eet address	AND lot	on pla	n for a	ots must be liste an adjoining (on; all lots must	or adjacent property of the	e premises (appropriate for development in water
	Unit No.	Street N	No.	Stree	t Name and	Туре	Suburb
,				Rona	ld Road		Forest Creek
a)	Postcode	Lot No.		Plan	Type and Nu	mber (e.g. RP, SP)	Local Government Area(s)
		37		RP73	35855		Douglas Shire
	Unit No.	Street N	No.	Stree	t Name and	Туре	Suburb
b)	Postcode	Lot No.		Plan	Type and Nu	mber (e.g. RP, SP)	Local Government Area(s)
					<u></u>		
channel Note : P	dredging in Mo lace each set o	preton Bay) f coordinat	es in a s	separat	e row. Only one	set of coordinates is required fo	a lot or in water not adjoining or adjacent to land e.g. r this part.
		premises	-	-	le and latitud		
Longit	ude(s)		Latitu	ide(s)		Datum	Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)
U WGS84 GDA94 Other:							
Co	ordinates of	premises	s by ea	asting	and northing)	
Easting(s) Northing(s) Zone Ref.		Datum	Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)				
		55	UWGS84				
0 0) 4					56	Other:	
Ad to this	dditional pre ditional prem application t required		releva	ant to t	this developn	nent application and their	details have been attached in a schedule
4) Ider	ntify any of t	ne follow	ina tha	at ann	ly to the oren	nises and provide any rele	evant details
						in or above an aquifer	
	of water boo		•				
_		•			•	structure Act 1994	<u> </u>
	plan descrip				-		
	of port auth		-	o por			
	a tidal area						
		ernment	for the	tidal	area (if applica	able):	
	of port auth						
						cturing and Disposal) Act	2008
	of airport:		<i></i>	0/1/10		and Diopodal Add	
	•	nvironme	ental M	lanad	ement Regis	ter (FMR) under the <i>Envi</i>	ronmental Protection Act 1994
	site identifica			.s.nag	eent rogio		

Listed on the Contaminated Land Register (CLR) under the Environmental Protection Act 1994				
CLR site identification:				
5) Are there any existing easements over the premises? Note: Easement uses vary throughout Queensland and are to be identified correctly and accurately. For further information on easements and how they may affect the proposed development, see <u>DA Forms Guide</u> .				
 Yes – All easement locations, types and dimensions are included in plans application No 	submitted with this development			

PART 3 – DEVELOPMENT DETAILS

Section 1 – Aspects of devel	opment		
6.1) Provide details about the first	t development aspect		
a) What is the type of developme	nt? (tick only one box)		
\boxtimes Material change of use	Reconfiguring a lot	Operational work	Building work
b) What is the approval type? (tick	only one box)		
Development permit	Preliminary approval	Preliminary approval that in	ncludes
		a variation approval	
c) What is the level of assessmer	it?		
Code assessment	Impact assessment (require	es public notification)	
d) Provide a brief description of the lots):	ne proposal (e.g. 6 unit apartment bu	ilding defined as multi-unit dwelling, rea	configuration of 1 lot into 3
Dwelling house			
e) Relevant plans <i>Note: Relevant plans are required to be s</i> <u><i>Relevant plans.</i></u>	ubmitted for all aspects of this develop	nent application. For further information	ı, see <u>DA Forms guide:</u>
\boxtimes Relevant plans of the propose	d development are attached to	the development application	
6.2) Provide details about the sec	cond development aspect		
a) What is the type of developme	nt? (tick only one box)		
Material change of use	Reconfiguring a lot	Operational work	Building work
b) What is the approval type? (tick	only one box)		
Development permit	Preliminary approval	Preliminary approval that in approval	ncludes a variation
c) What is the level of assessmen	it?		
Code assessment	Impact assessment (require	es public notification)	
d) Provide a brief description of th	ne proposal (e.g. 6 unit apartment bu	ulding defined as multi-unit dwelling, re	configuration of 1 lot into 3 lots).
e) Relevant plans			
Note : Relevant plans are required to be s <u>Relevant plans.</u>	ubmitted for all aspects of this develop	ment application. For further information	i, see <u>DA Forms Guide:</u>
	d development are attached to	the development application	
6.3) Additional aspects of develop	oment		
 Additional aspects of development that would be required under Part Not required 		pment application and the detai been attached to this developme	

Section 2 - Further development details

7) Does the proposed development application involve any of the following?			
Material change of use	\boxtimes Yes – complete division 1 if assessable against a local planning instrument		
Reconfiguring a lot	Yes – complete division 2		
Operational work	Yes – complete division 3		
Building work	Yes – complete DA Form 2 – Building work details		

Division 1 – Material change of use **Note**: This division is only required to be completed if any part of the development application involves a material change of use assessable against a local planning instrument.

8.1) Describe the proposed material change of use						
Provide a general description of the proposed use		lanning scheme definition	Number of dwelling units (<i>if applicable</i>)	Gross floor area (m ²) (<i>if applicable</i>)		
New house	Dwelling hous	Se .	1	57m ²		
8.2) Does the proposed use involve the	use of existing b	ouildings on the premises	?			
🗌 Yes						
No						

Division 2 – Reconfiguring a lot Note: This division is only required to be completed if any part of the development application involves reconfiguring a lot.

(1) what is the total number of existing lots making up the premises?				
9.2) What is the nature of the lot reconfiguration? (tick all applicable boxes)				
Subdivision (complete 10))	Dividing land into parts by agreement (complete 11))			
Boundary realignment (complete 12))	Creating or changing an easement giving access to a lot from a construction road <i>(complete 13))</i>			

10) Subdivision 10.1) For this development, how many lots are being created and what is the intended use of those lots:						
Intended use of lots created	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other, please specify:		
Number of lots created						
10.2) Will the subdivision be stag	10.2) Will the subdivision be staged?					
· ·	Yes – provide additional details below					
No No						
How many stages will the works	How many stages will the works include?					
What stage(s) will this developm apply to?	ent application					

11) Dividing land into parts by agreement – how many parts are being created and what is the intended use of the parts?					
Intended use of parts created	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other, please specify:	
Number of parts created					

12) Boundary realignment					
12.1) What are the current and pr	oposed areas for each lot com	prising the premises?			
Current lot Proposed lot					
Lot on plan description	Area (m ²)	Lot on plan description	Area (m ²)		
12.2) What is the reason for the boundary realignment?					

13) What are the dimensions and nature of any existing easements being changed and/or any proposed easement? (attach schedule if there are more than two easements)					
Existing or proposed?	Width (m)	Length (m)	Purpose of the easement? (e.g. pedestrian access)	Identify the land/lot(s) benefitted by the easement	

Division 3 - Operational work

Note: This division is only required to be completed if any part of the development application involves operational work.

14.1) What is the nature of the operational work?						
Road work	Stormwater	Water infrastructure				
Drainage work	Earthworks	Sewage infrastructure				
Landscaping	🗌 Signage	Clearing vegetation				
Other – please specify:						
14.2) Is the operational work new	cessary to facilitate the creation of n	ew lots? (e.g. subdivision)				
Yes – specify number of new	/ lots:					
No						
14.3) What is the monetary valu	14.3) What is the monetary value of the proposed operational work? (include GST, materials and labour)					
\$						

PART 4 – ASSESSMENT MANAGER DETAILS

15) Identify the assessment manager(s) who will be assessing this development application

Douglas Shire Council

16) Has the local government agreed to apply a superseded planning scheme for this development application?

Yes – a copy of the decision notice is attached to this development application

Local government is taken to have agreed to the superseded planning scheme request – relevant documents attached

🛛 No

PART 5 – REFERRAL DETAILS

17) Do any aspects of the proposed development require referral for any referral requirements? *Note:* A development application will require referral if prescribed by the Planning Regulation 2017.

 \boxtimes No, there are no referral requirements relevant to any development aspects identified in this development application – proceed to Part 6

Matters requiring referral to the chief executive of the Planning Regulation 2017:

Clearing native vegetation

Contaminated land (unexploded ordnance)

 Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA have not been devolved to a local government) Fisheries – aquaculture Fisheries – declared fish habitat area Fisheries – marine plants Fisheries – waterway barrier works Hazardous chemical facilities Queensland heritage place (on or near a Queensland heritage place) Infrastructure – designated premises Infrastructure – state transport infrastructure Infrastructure – state transport infrastructure Infrastructure – state controlled transport tunnels and future state transport tunnels Infrastructure – state-controlled roads SEQ development area SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ Rural living area – community activity SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ Rural living area – residential development SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ Rural living area – residential development SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ Rural living area – urban activity Tidal works or works in a coastal management district Urban design Water-related development – taking or interfering with water Water-related development – removing quarry material (from a watercourse or lake) Water-related development – referable dams Water-related development – construction of new levees or modification of existing levees (category 2 or 3 levees only)
Wetland protection area
Matters requiring referral to the local government:
 Airport land Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA have been devolved to local government) Local heritage places
Matters requiring referral to the chief executive of the distribution entity or transmission entity: Electricity infrastructure
 Matters requiring referral to: The chief executive of the holder of the licence, if not an individual The holder of the licence, if the holder of the licence is an individual Oil and gas infrastructure Matters requiring referral to the Brisbane City Council:
Brisbane core port land Matters requiring referral to the Minister under the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994: Brisbane core port land Strategic port land
Matters requiring referral to the relevant port operator: Brisbane core port land (below high-water mark and within port limits)
Matters requiring referral to the chief executive of the relevant port authority:
Matters requiring referral to the Gold Coast Waterways Authority: Tidal works, or development in a coastal management district in Gold Coast waters
Matters requiring referral to the Queensland Fire and Emergency Service:
Tidal works, or development in a coastal management district

18) Has any referral agency provided a referral response for this development application?			
Yes – referral response(s) received and listed below are attached to this development application			
No			
Referral requirement	Referral agency	Date of referral response	

Identify and describe any changes made to the proposed development application that was the subject of the referral response and the development application the subject of this form, or include details in a schedule to this development application (*if applicable*).

PART 6 – INFORMATION REQUEST

19) Information request under Part 3 of the DA Rules

I agree to receive an information request if determined necessary for this development application

I do not agree to accept an information request for this development application

Note: By not agreeing to accept an information request I, the applicant, acknowledge:

- that this development application will be assessed and decided based on the information provided when making this development application and the assessment manager and any referral agencies relevant to the development application are not obligated under the DA Rules to accept any additional information provided by the applicant for the development application unless agreed to by the relevant parties
- Part 3 of the DA Rules will still apply if the application is an application listed under section 11.3 of the DA Rules.
- Further advice about information requests is contained in the DA Forms Guide.

PART 7 – FURTHER DETAILS

20) Are there any associated development applications or current approvals? (e.g. a preliminary approval)			
\Box Yes – provide details below or include details in a schedule to this development application \boxtimes No			
List of approval/development application references	Reference number	Date	Assessment manager
Approval Development application			
Approval Development application			

21) Has the portable long service leave levy been paid? (only applicable to development applications involving building work or operational work)

Yes – the yellow local government/private certifier's copy of the receipted QLeave form is attached to this development application

No − I, the applicant will provide evidence that the portable long service leave levy has been paid before the assessment manager decides the development application. I acknowledge that the assessment manager may give a development approval only if I provide evidence that the portable long service leave levy has been paid
 Not applicable

Amount paid	Date paid (dd/mm/yy)	QLeave levy number (A, B or E)
\$		

22) Is this development application in response to a show cause notice or required as a result of an enforcement notice?

 \Box Yes – show cause or enforcement notice is attached \boxtimes No

23) Further legislative requireme	nts		
Environmentally relevant activities			
23.1) Is this development application also taken to be an application for an environmental authority for an Environmentally Relevant Activity (ERA) under section 115 of the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i> ?			
 Yes – the required attachment development application, and der ➢ No Note: Application for an environmental attachment operate. See <u>www.business.gld.gov.att</u> 	tails are provided in the table b uthority can be found by searching "EM	elow	
Proposed ERA number:		Proposed ERA threshold:	
Proposed ERA name:			
Multiple ERAs are applic to this development appl		ation and the details have beer	attached in a schedule
Hazardous chemical facilities			
23.2) Is this development application	tion for a hazardous chemica	I facility?	
 ☐ Yes - Form 69: Notification of application ☑ No Note: See <u>www.justice.gld.gov.au</u> for further 	, ,	<i>hedule 15 threshold</i> is attached	to this development
Clearing native vegetation			
23.3) Does this development app executive of the Vegetation Mana of the Vegetation Management A	agement Act 1999 is satisfied th		
 Yes – this development application is accompanied by written confirmation from the chief executive of the Vegetation Management Act 1999 (s22A determination) No Note: See www.gld.gov.au for further information. 			
Environmental offsets			
23.4) Is this development applica prescribed environmental matt			nt residual impact on a
 Yes – I acknowledge that an e significant residual impact on a p No Note: The environmental offset section o environmental offsets. 	rescribed environmental matte		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Koala conservation			
23.5) Does this development app an assessable development area			
☐ Yes ⊠ No			
Note: See guidance materials at <u>www.eh</u>	<u>p.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.		
Water resources			
23.6) Does this development app interfering with water in a water	lication involve taking or inter rcourse, lake or spring, takin	fering with artesian or sub ar g overland flow water or wate	tesian water, taking or erway barrier works?
 ☐ Yes – the relevant template is ☑ No <i>Note</i>: DA templates are available from w 		s development application	
23.7) Does this application involve taking or interfering with artesian or sub artesian water, taking or interfering			
with water in a watercourse, la	ke or spring, or taking overla		r Act 2000?
		$\frac{11}{10} \frac{11}{10} 11$	

commencing development
Note : Contact the Department of Natural Resources and Mines at <u>www.dnrm.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.
<u>Marine activities</u> 23.8) Does this development application involve aquaculture, works within a declared fish habitat area or removal,
disturbance or destruction of marine plants?
☐ Yes – an associated resource allocation authority is attached to this development application, if required under the <i>Fisheries Act 1994</i>
No Note: See guidance materials at <u>www.daf.gld.gov.au</u> for further information.
Quarry materials from a watercourse or lake
23.9) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from a watercourse or lake under the <i>Water Act 2000?</i>
 ☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing development ☑ No
Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources and Mines at www.dnrm.qld.gov.au for further information.
Quarry materials from land under tidal waters
23.10) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from land under tidal water under the Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995?
Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing development No
Note: Contact the Department of Environment and Heritage Protection at www.ehp.gld.gov.au for further information.
Referable dams
23.11) Does this development application involve a referable dam required to be failure impact assessed under section 343 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> (the Water Supply Act)?
 Yes – the 'Notice Accepting a Failure Impact Assessment' from the chief executive administering the Water Supply Act is attached to this development application No
Note: See guidance materials at <u>www.dews.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.
Tidal work or development within a coastal management district
23.12) Does this development application involve tidal work or development in a coastal management district?
 Yes – the following is included with this development application: Evidence the proposal meets the code for assessable development that is prescribed tidal work (only required if application involves prescribed tidal work) A certificate of title
No Note: See guidance materials at <u>www.ehp.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.
Queensland and local heritage places
23.13) Does this development application propose development on or adjoining a place entered in the Queensland heritage register or on a place entered in a local government's Local Heritage Register?
 Yes – details of the heritage place are provided in the table below No
Note: See guidance materials at <u>www.ehp.gld.gov.au</u> for information requirements regarding development of Queensland heritage places.
Name of the heritage place: Place ID:
Brothels
23.14) Does this development application involve a material change of use for a brothel?
 Yes – this development application demonstrates how the proposal meets the code for a development application for a brothel under Schedule 3 of the <i>Prostitution Regulation 2014</i> ☑ No

Decision under section 62 of the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994

23.15) Does this development application involve new or changed access to a state-controlled road?

 ☐ Yes - this application will be taken to be an application for a decision under section 62 of the *Transport* Infrastructure Act 1994 (subject to the conditions in section 75 of the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994* being satisfied)
 ☑ No

PART 8 – CHECKLIST AND APPLICANT DECLARATION

24) Development application checklist	
I have identified the assessment manager in question 15 and all relevant referral requirement(s) in question 17 <i>Note</i> : See the Planning Regulation 2017 for referral requirements	⊠ Yes
If building work is associated with the proposed development, Parts 4 to 6 of Form $2 - Building$ work details have been completed and attached to this development application	☐ Yes ⊠ Not applicable
Supporting information addressing any applicable assessment benchmarks is with development application Note: This is a mandatory requirement and includes any relevant templates under question 23, a planning report and any technical reports required by the relevant categorising instruments (e.g. local government planning schemes, State Planning Policy, State Development Assessment Provisions). For further information, see <u>DA</u> Forms Guide: Planning Report Template.	⊠ Yes
Relevant plans of the development are attached to this development application Note : Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms Guide: Relevant plans</u> .	🛛 Yes
The portable long service leave levy for QLeave has been paid, or will be paid before a development permit is issued (see 21))	☐ Yes ⊠ Not applicable

25) Applicant declaration

By making this development application, I declare that all information in this development application is true and correct

Where an email address is provided in Part 1 of this form, I consent to receive future electronic communications from the assessment manager and any referral agency for the development application where written information is required or permitted pursuant to sections 11 and 12 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2001 Note: It is unlawful to intentionally provide false or misleading information.*

Privacy – Personal information collected in this form will be used by the assessment manager and/or chosen

assessment manager, any relevant referral agency and/or building certifier (including any professional advisers which may be engaged by those entities) while processing, assessing and deciding the development application.

All information relating to this development application may be available for inspection and purchase, and/or published on the assessment manager's and/or referral agency's website.

Personal information will not be disclosed for a purpose unrelated to the *Planning Act 2016*, Planning Regulation 2017 and the DA Rules except where:

- such disclosure is in accordance with the provisions about public access to documents contained in the *Planning Act 2016* and the Planning Regulation 2017, and the access rules made under the *Planning Act 2016* and Planning Regulation 2017; or
- required by other legislation (including the Right to Information Act 2009); or
- otherwise required by law.

This information may be stored in relevant databases. The information collected will be retained as required by the *Public Records Act 2002.*

PART 9 - FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Date received: Reference numb	per(s):	
Notification of engagement of alternative assessment manager		
Prescribed assessment manager		
Name of chosen assessment manager		
Date chosen assessment manager engaged		
Contact number of chosen assessment manager		
Relevant licence number(s) of chosen assessment manager		

QLeave notification and payment Note: For completion by assessment manager if applicable	
Description of the work	
QLeave project number	
Amount paid (\$)	
Date paid	
Date receipted form sighted by assessment manager	
Name of officer who sighted the form	

The *Planning Act 2016*, the Planning Regulation 2017 and the DA Rules are administered by the Department of Infrastructure, Local Government and Planning. This form and all other required development application materials should be sent to the assessment manager.

<u>GREG SKYRING Design</u>

and **DRAFTING** PTY. LTD.

ATF THE SKYRING FAMILY TRUST ABN 78 409 217 980

1 May 2018

The Manager, Planning Services, Douglas Shire Council P.0. Box 723 Mossman Q 4873

Attention: - Development Services

Dear Sir/Madam,

<u>RE: APPLICATION FOR MATERIAL CHANGE OF USE OF PREMISES –</u> <u>DWELLING HOUSE ON L37 RP735855, Ronald Road, FOREST CREEK</u> <u>For L. & H. Price</u>

Attached is DA Form 1 duly completed, together with sketches of the proposed modest, one bedroom dwelling house, and planning, geotechnical and waste water reports. In addition to the house site, the attached site plan shows the extent of all overlays affecting the allotment in the general area of the house site.

The following report provides supporting information to show compliance or otherwise with the planning scheme and codes within. A permit to clear vegetation for the building site is also sought.

1.0 General Details

Applicant	L. & H. Price
Contact	Greg Skyring, Greg Skyring Design and Drafting Pty Ltd 11 Noli Close, Mossman QLD 4873 Ph 07 40982061 Fax 07 40982061 Email greg@skyringdesign.com.au
Registered Owner of Land	L. & H. Price
Real Property Description	L37 RP735855
Location	Ronald Road, FOREST CREEK

BUILDING DESIGN

Lic. Under QBSA Act 1991- No. 1040371

1.0 – General Details continued

Tenure	Freehold
Land Area	21560m ²
Present Use	Vacant
Easements and Encumbrances	None
Local Government Authority	Douglas Shire Council
Planning Scheme	2018 Douglas Shire Planning Scheme
Planning Area	Environmental Management Zone
Assessment Level	Code Assessable
Applicable Codes (Affecting building site only)	Environmental Management Zone Code Vegetation Management Code

2.0 <u>Assessment Against the Douglas Shire Planning Scheme Codes</u>

ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT ZONE CODE

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Comments
PO1	AO1.1	Building complies with max
The height of all buildings and	Buildings and structures are not	height and storeys.
structures is in keeping with the	more than 8.5 metres and two	
natural characteristics of the	storeys in height.	
site. Buildings and structures are		The building has a roof pitch set
low-rise and not unduly visible	Note – Height is inclusive of the	at 15° to optimize roof strength
from external sites.	roof height.	and fitted solar panels. As this
		building is modest in size, the
	AO1.2	narrow width is the major
	Buildings have a roof height not	contributor to the roof height
	less than 2 metres.	being only approximately 1.2m.
		A concession is requested.
PO5	AO5.1	There are no cleared areas on
Development is located,	Buildings, structures and	this allotment.
designed, operated and	associated access, infrastructure	
managed to respond to the	and private open space are	
characteristics, features and	sited:	The Owners have determined
constraints of the site and its	(a) within areas of the site	the location of the building by
surrounds.	which are already cleared; or	observing this planning scheme
	(b) within areas of the site	and state govt. maps to avoid
Note - Planning scheme policy –	which are environmentally	potential areas of interest.

Site assessments provides guidance on identifying the characteristics, features and constraints of a site and its surrounds.	degraded; (c) to minimise additional vegetation clearing.	
	AO5.2 Buildings and structures and associated infrastructure are not located on slopes greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%) or on a ridgeline.	Use of this location also places the site on a 1 in 4 max grade.
 PO6 Buildings and structures are responsive to steep slope through innovative construction techniques so as to: (a) maintain the geotechnical stability of slopes; (b) minimise cut and/or fill; (c) minimise the overall height of development. 	AO6.1 Where development on land steeper than 1 in 6 (16.6%) cannot be avoided, development follows the natural contours of the land and single plane concrete slab on-ground methods of construction are not utilised.	The design of the building takes into consideration the sloping nature of the site by utilizing a light weight structure supported by steel posts and being generally aligned with the natural contour. Geotechnical and Waste Water reports are also included as supporting information of location suitability.
	AO6.2 Access and vehicle manoeuvring and parking areas are constructed and maintained to: (a) minimise erosion; (b) minimise cut and fill; (c) follow the natural contours of the site.	To facilitate under building car parking, the site will involve minor excavation and fill, with maximum of either being no greater than 1.2m. This also results in an access that follows the general contour and provides table drains with only a slight fall to prevent erosion issues. The driveway will be lightly graveled to ensure constant access. The driveway gully crossing will be fitted with a 450Ø concrete pipe to match the feeder pipe below Ronald Road which is a short distance upstream. Grouted rock or concrete end walls and wing walls will be provided.

VEGETATION MANAGEMENT CODE

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Comments
 PO1 Vegetation is protected to ensure that: (c) the character and amenity of the local area is maintained; (d) vegetation damage does not result in fragmentation of habitats; (e) vegetation damage is undertaken in a sustainable manner; (f) the Shire's biodiversity and ecological values are maintained and protected; (g) vegetation of historical, cultural and / or visual significance is retained; vegetation is retained for erosion prevention and slope stabilisation 	A01.5 Vegetation damage for development where the damage is on land the subject of a valid development approval and is necessary to give effect to the development approval;	Removal of a max 700m ² of vegetation is necessary to allow for the construction of the proposed dwelling house. Large trees outside that area will also be considered for removal if posing a threat to occupant safety during a high wind event. Supporting photos would indicate that very few trees, if any, exist within that zone.

CONCLUSION

The development application seeks a Development Permit for Material Change of Use for the purpose of a single dwelling house on land described as L37 RP735855, Ronald Road, FOREST CREEK.

The proposed development is considered generally consistent with the relevant Planning Scheme Codes and overlays. The report includes supporting information intended to address any concerns Council may have as the assessing authority.





Wastewater Management System

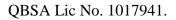
For

L&H Price

At

Lot 27 Ronald Road

Forest Creek





INTRODUCTION:

Earth Test has been engaged by L&H Price to design a Domestic Wastewater Management System at Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek. Real Property Description:

Lot 37 on RP 735855 Local Authority: Douglas Shire Council

It is understood the intention is to construct a dwelling at the site. A site and soil evaluation was carried out in March 2018.

SITE FACTORS:

The site was identified by its street address.

A photograph is included as part of this report to confirm the identity of the site.

The Lot has a total area of 2.156 hectares. It is predominantly covered with rainforest.

The site has a slope of 11 degrees falling to the North East.

A borehole was drilled using a hand auger to determine the soil depth, type and structure.



Proposed land application area at Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek.



EARTH TEST

SITE AND SOIL EVALUATION

Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek.

The site and soil evaluation carried out on 21/03/2018 provided the following results.

Site Assessment

<u>Site Factor</u>	<u>Result</u>
Slope	11 degrees
Shape	Linear Planar
Aspect	North East
Exposure	Extremely Limited
Erosion/land slip	Not noted
Boulders/rock outcrop	Not noted
Vegetation	Rainforest
Watercourse	As shown on the site plan.
Water table	Not encountered during investigation.
Wells/Bores	Not noted during investigation
Fill	Not in Land Application Area
Flooding	Not likely
Channelled run-off	Not found
Soil surface conditions	Firm, Moist
Other site specific factors	Not noted

Soil Assessment

<u>Soil Property</u>	<u>Result</u>
Colour	Brown
Texture	Clay-Loam
Structure	High
Coarse Fragments	20%
Measured Permeability Ksat (m/d)	Not tested
Dispersion	Slakes
Soil Category	4
Resultant Design Load Rating, DLR (mm/d)	30



WASTEWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

An "All-Waste" septic tank discharging into an "Advanced Enviro-Septic" bed is considered suitable for this site.

This system has been designed to conform to the requirements of the following codes, acts, regulations and standards. All work to be carried out in accordance with the following codes.

- AS/NZ 1547:2012 On-site domestic-wastewater management.
- Queensland PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE ACT 2002.
- Queensland STANDARD PLUMBING AND DRAINAGE REGULATION 2003.
- Queensland PLUMBING AND WASTEWATER CODE.

SYSTEM SIZING FACTORS.

A population equivalent of three (3) persons has been chosen for the proposed open plan dwelling.

The residence is connected an onsite roof rain water supply.

Standard water-reduction fixtures <u>must</u> be used to ensure the integrity of the system. They shall include:-

- Dual flush 6/3 Litre water closets.
- Shower-flow restrictors.
- Aerator faucets (taps).
- Water-conserving automatic washing machines.

Note: - Garbage grinders are not permitted.

As per AS/NZ 1547:2012 Appendix H, Table H1 the "Typical wastewater design flow" for a "Onsite roof rain water supply" gives a flow allowance of 120 L/Person/day.

The daily flow for the dwelling (3 persons @ 120 L/person/day) will be 360 L/day.

From AS/NZ 1547:2012 Table J1 the minimum capacity of the All-Waste septic tank required is 3000 L.

The tank must NOT be fitted with an outlet filter.



EARTH TEST

LAND-APPLICATION SYSTEM

DISPOSAL AREA SIZING

From AS/NZ 1547:2012 APPENDIX L, L4 DESIGN AREA SIZING, L4.2 Sizing

L = Q / (DLRxW)

Where:

L = length in m Q = design daily flow in L/day DLR = Design Loading Rate in mm/d W = Width in m

L = 360/30 * 2.35 = 5.1 m.

<u>Use one 6.6m long by 2.35m wide advanced enviro septic bed.</u> See site plan and detail cross-section.

System Sand

All Advanced Enviro-Septic systems require the use of "system sand" surrounding the pipe. This sand, typically washed coarse sand, must adhere to the following specification.

AS Sieve Size (mm)	Percent Passing %
9.50	100
4.75	95-100
2.36	80-100
1.18	50-85
0.600	25-60
0.300	5-30
0.150	0-10
0.075	0-2

If there is any doubt if the sand media proposed for use will meet the requirements please contact Earth Test for further advice.



QBSA Lic No. 1017941.

SYSTEM INSTALLATION

The entire bottom of the bed should be scarified a minimum of 200mm deep parallel to the AES pipes.

Avoid compaction by keeping people and machinery off the finished trench or bed floor. The system shall be installed by a licensed plumber in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and the relevant Australian Standards.

Operation and Maintenance

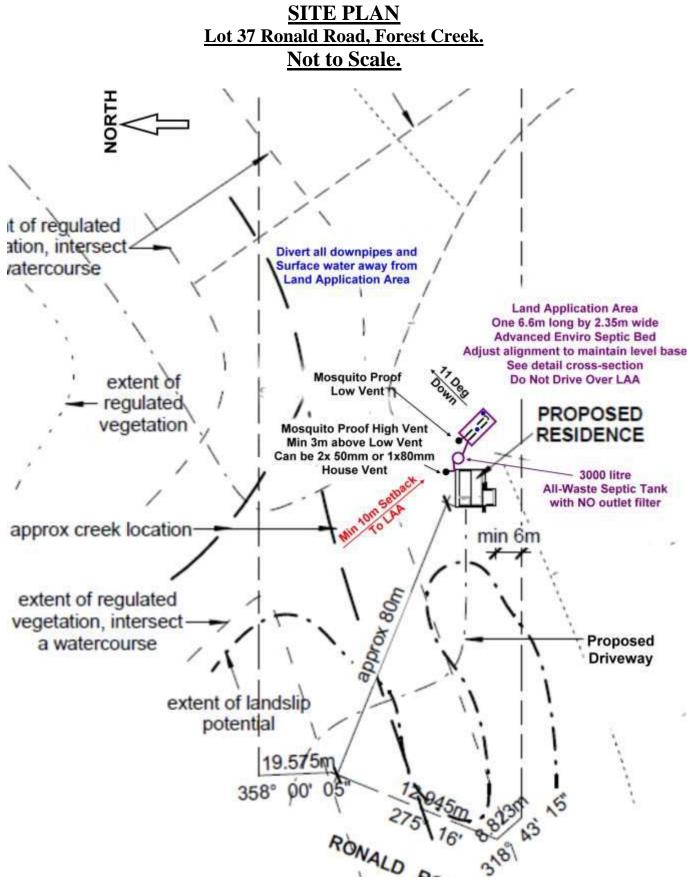
Homeowners should be fully informed of the proper operation and maintenance requirements of the on-site wastewater system.

Leonard Quinn Earth Test



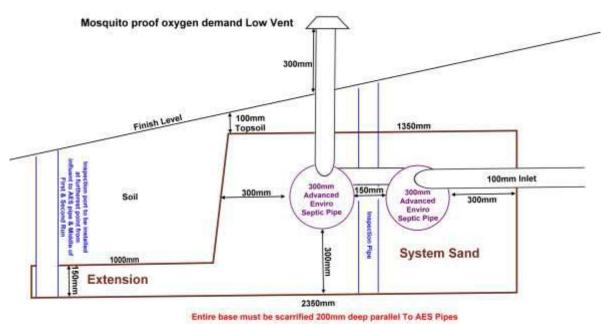
EARTH TEST

QBSA Lic No. 1017941.

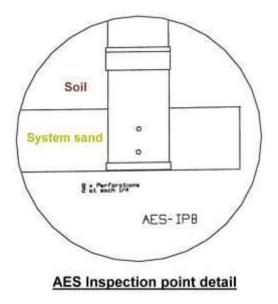




QBSA Lic No. 1017941.

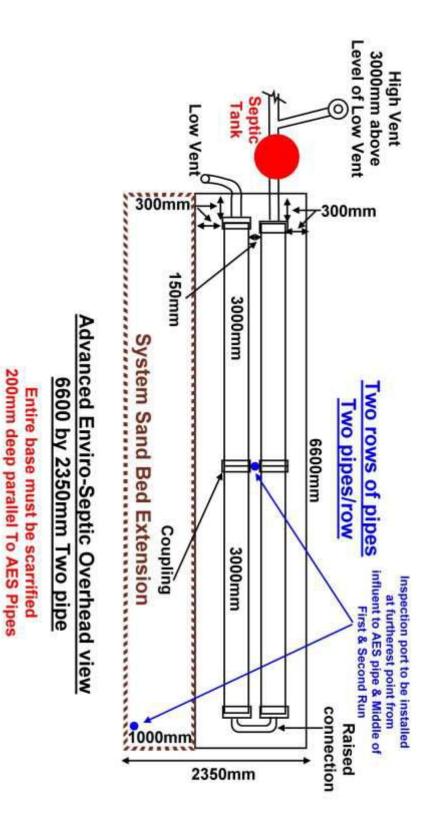


2350mm Wide Two Pipe Advanced Enviro-Septic Cross-Section Sloped Ground





EARTH TEST





EARTH TEST

QBSA Lic No. 1017941.

	"Always the BEST Option" u	ntil site and a	soil con	ditions rule it out		
Site Lot 37 Bo	Animary's the DEST Option 'u	nui site anu s	SOIL COTI	State Q	Post Code	
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Name Earth Test		Number Plumber Ph	_	40954734	(eg.QBCC) Plumb / Drainer Lic	101/941
Name		Number			Number	F :
ouncil Area Douglas S	hire Council	Designers AES Cert Number	Š.		Date	
	This Calculator is a guide only, receiving soil classification, surface	water, water tabl	es and all	other site constraints address	ed by the qualified de	signer.
	System Designers site and soil calculation data entry	4	10	MPORTA	NT NOTES	
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	is this a new installation Y or N	У	>> M	nimun single vent size is 80m	m or 2 × 50mm house	venta
	Number of person	3		septic tank outlet filter is NO	RECOMMENDED	
	Daily Design Flow Allowance Litre/Person/Day	120	-			
	Number of rows required to suit site constrants	2	>> The	maximum Ith of a single AES	pipe run is 30 meters	
Infiltration surface S	cil Category as established by site and soil evaluation. CATEGORY	4	>> Cat	agory may require design con	siderations. Ref AS154	17
	esign Loading Rate based on site & soil evaluation DLR (mm/day)	30	1. 2.2	conditioning may be necessa		
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I, Laurence Walter Price & Elspeth Heather Price

[Insert full name.]

as owner/s of the premises identified as follows:

Ronald Road, Forest Creek L37 RP735855

consent to the making of a development application by:

Greg Skyring Design and Drafting Pty Ltd

on the premises described above for:

Development application - Material change of use

Churt-F.H. Price. 28/2/18

[signature of owner and date signed]

Construction Soiltest Pty Ltd A.B.N. 90 054 339 883

Materials Testing and Geotechnical Services

7 Barry Street, Westcourt, PO Box 2234 Cairns Ph 07 4041 4577 Fax 07 4041 4399 e-mail: soiltest@bigpond.net.au

April 2018

Job No: G7455

Geotechnical Report for Proposed Residential Development at Lot 37 (RP 735855) Ronald Road, Forest Creek, Queensland.

Client: L & H Price

c/- Greg Skyring Design & Drafting 11 Noli Close MOSSMAN QLD 4873

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Attachments:

Figure 1: Site Layout Plan Figure 2: Test Locations

Appendix A: Results of Field and Laboratory Tests Appendix B: Stability Analyses Appendix C: Extract of AGS Vol 42 March 2007 – LR8 Appendix D: Site photographs

Report distribution: 1 copy (email) to Greg Skyring Design & Drafting.

Construction Soiltest Pty Ltd A.B.N. 90 054 339 883

Materials Testing and Geotechnical Services 7 Barry Street, Westcourt, PO Box 2234 Cairns Ph 07 4041 4577 Fax 07 4041 4399 e-mail: soiltest@bigpond.net.au

12 April 2018

Job No: G7455

L & H Price c/- Greg Skyring Design & Drafting 11 Noli Close MOSSMAN QLD 4873

Re: Geotechnical Report for Proposed Residential Development at Lot 37 (RP 735855) Ronald Road, Forest Creek, Queensland.

1. Introduction.

A geotechnical assessment was authorised by L & H Price ('the client') for a proposed residential development at Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek. A site plan of the proposed development was provided by the Greg Skyring Design. Site survey plan and/or contour plans were not provided. The proposed house location was 'pegged' by paint and ribbon onsite by the client.

2. Proposed Development.

The proposed development is a residential house to be constructed on existing sloping ground approximately 80m east of the front (west) allotment boundary. House construction type is understood to be stud framed structure on post/pier footings.

3. Scope / Method of Investigation.

3.1 Scope.

The scope was for a geotechnical assessment and report of the proposed building site in relation to suitable foundation and slope stability assessment. The geotechnical report includes site classification to AS2870, footing foundation recommendations and slope stability assessment of the existing natural slope and proposed foundation.

The scope of the assessment was limited to within accessible areas of the allotment, and for the proposed residential development area only.

3.2 Method of Investigation.

Method of the assessment included:

- Desk top study of landform and geology from available sources.

- Walkover assessment of the site, surface and slope conditions by a professional engineer.
- Assessment of subsurface conditions by augered boreholes and dynamic cone penetrometers (DCPs).
- Laboratory tests on disturbed samples (particle size distribution and atterberg limits).
- Site classification to AS2870 'Residential slabs and footings' for footing design purposes.

- Slope stability analysis of existing site using Galena® software (Version 4.01).

4. Site Information.

4.1 Current Site Description.

The site is identified as Lot 37 on RP735855, Ronald Road, Forest Creek; which is located on the eastern side of Ronald Road. The site 'building area' is located approximately 80m east of the front (west) boundary (Lat. -16.25075° and Long. 145.39960°). The site slopes convexly down from west to east then flattens towards 'wetlands' (approximately 120m east of the building site). The existing site surface is mainly rainforest tree vegetation and leaf litter. An existing creek runs in a

north-east direction from the front centre of the allotment and continues over the north centre boundary. An earthworks constructed access driveway is located at the front north corner of the allotment to the creek (approximately 20m long). Refer Figure 1 for site layout and Appendix D for site photographs.

4.2 Site History.

The site is a natural forested hill-slope that slopes convexly down and east from Ronald Road. The only obvious earthworks has been the access driveway of approximately 20m in length. The creek was approximately 1m wide and at the time of this investigation carried minor water.

5. Testing/Findings.

5.1 Regional Geology.

According to Qld Department of Mines and Energy 1: 250 000 geology map of Mossman (sheet SE 55-1) the natural site geology comprises: Hodgkinson Formation – 'Dark grey, laminated to thin bedded mudstone (locally phyllitic); subordinate fine to medium-grained, medium to thick bedded arenite; siltstone, minor chert, metabasalt'. Quaternary deposits (above Hodgkinson Formation 'rock') – 'mainly sand, silt, mud, minor gravel; undivided older flood plain alluvium and outwash'.

5.2 Slope Analysis.

Existing allotment slope grade (angle):

West to east, Ronald Road (0m) to 5m east into allotment: slope 25-30° (1V:2H). West to east, Ronald Road (+5m) to 30m east into allotment: slope 20-15° (1V:3H to 1V:4H). West to east, 30-100m east into allotment: slope 10-12° (1V:5H to 6H). West to east, 100-200m east into allotment: slope 5° (1V:10H). Note: Slope angle(s) are based on onsite measurement estimates and available regional contours.

5.3 Surface Conditions.

Site surface conditions of the proposed building area at the time of the investigation was rainforest trees and roots, leaf litter and soil. Surface conditions at the 'house site' area was moist at the time. Exposed weathered rock was observed at Ronald Road subgrade/surface and Ronald Road western cut batter.

5.4 Subsurface Conditions.

Boreholes (BH1 to BH3) were performed to provide inspection and description of soil profile, and sampling of soil types. DCP tests were performed at each borehole. Summary of subsoil stratums:

Test No.	BH1
Soil stratum	GL-0.9m Alluvium (gravel, silt, clay). 0.9-1.1m Extremely to distinctly weathered rock. Borehole limited to 1.1m due to weathered rock.
GWT	Groundwater (seepage) at 1.0m.

Test No.	BH2
Soil stratum	 GL-1.4m Alluvium (gravel, silt, clay). 1.4-1.1m Extremely to distinctly weathered rock. Borehole limited to 1.85m due to weathered rock.
GWT	No Groundwater to 1.85m.

Test No.	BH3
Soil stratum	GL-1.15m Alluvium (gravel, silt, clay). 1.14-1.45m Extremely to distinctly weathered rock. Borehole limited to 1.45m due to weathered rock.
GWT	No Groundwater to 1.45m.

Weathered rock was encountered at borehole locations on this site, Depth to, and quality of weathered rock will vary over this site. Groundwater ('GWT') was observed at BH1 (1.0m < GL) as seepage, at the time of logging. Groundwater variations are likely during seasonal climatic conditions. Based on DCP test results, bearing capacity (qa) of 100kPa is estimated from 0.5m to 2m.

Refer Appendix A, reports H13193A/18, H13193B/18 and H13193C/18 for borehole logs and DCPs, and Figure 2 for test locations; also Appendix D photographs.

Disturbed subsoil samples were tested in the laboratory for soil classification purposes. Results indicate the soil samples tested as low to medium plastic silt clay soils. Refer Appendix A, reports H13194/18, H13195/18, H13196/18 and H13197/18 for details). The foundation subsoil type is regarded as slightly reactive with an estimated predicted ground surface movement (ys) within 0-20mm (AS2870) based on engineering assessment and local knowledge.

5.5 Slope Stability Conditions.

Stability of the site slope was assessed by inspection and observation of the surface for soil/rock type(s), evidence of past slides and erosion, and analysis using a slope stability program.

5.5.1 Surface Stability Features.

No major instability was observed across the nominated 'building area' of the allotment. Debris slide(s) were observed along the western allotment boundary (below Ronald Road) and erosion from creek flow. Observed instability (debris slide and erosion) is likely due to uncontrolled drainage.

No evidence of major recent landslide(s) were observed, however progressive slips causing periodical regression of the embankment (slope) crest along the western (Ronald Road) boundary is possible particularly following heavy rain events coupled with uncontrolled runoff. Flood level(s) of the eastern 'wetlands' is unknown and is outside the scope of this investigation. Potential slope instability due to floodwater events is outside the scope of this investigation and was not assessed.

5.5.2 Slope Stability Analysis.

Slope stability analysis was performed at a section (Section AA) of the existing site slope surface and proposed configuration. Analysis was based on available survey contour estimates and assumed soil parameters estimates (effective strength values; cohesion, c' & friction angle, phi'). Soil stratums were interpolated between test locations. The model analysed concentrates on a potential critical slope condition (mass failure of the foundation slope) relevant to the proposed building foundation. Galena slope stability software (Version 4.01) was used for the analysis. The slope model includes assumed pore pressure ratio(s), ru, to simulate 'dry' condition (ru = 0.0) and potential 'wet ground' conditions (ru = 0.5) and an 'pseudo-static' earthquake coefficient. Slope stability analysis does not include floodwater affects. Flood analysis is beyond the scope of this investigation.

The analysis provides a 'Factor of Safety' (FOS) against mass slope instability, where:

 $FOS \ge 1.5$ is considered stable

FOS = 1.0 to 1.5 is considered marginally stable

FOS < 1.0 is considered unstable.

Section Slope Model ru FOS P% Analysis Reference (note 1) (note 2) Existing west - east slope (global) AA ru = 0.03.5 0 G7455 - AA (1) AA ru = 0.5Existing west - east slope (global) 2.2 0 G7455 - AA (2) $r_{U} = 0.0$ Proposed west - east slope (house platform) AA 2.8 0 G7455 - AA (3) ru = 0.5 Proposed west - east slope (house platform) AA 2.1 1 G7455 - AA (4)

Results of the analyses indicate the following stability conditions for the site slope section assessed;

Notes:

1) ru (soil pore pressure ratio) limited to soil above phreatic surface.

2) P% = probability of FOS < 1.0; based on standard deviation, SD, of soil parameters;

where for ALLUVIUM: c' SD = 2.5kPa and phi' SD = 10°; for WEATHERED ROCK: c' SD = 10kPa and phi' SD = 10°

Refer Appendix B for stability analyses and Figure 2 for section location.

6. Engineering Comments.

6.1 Site Classification.

The nominated building site is classified a Class P site in accordance with AS 2870 'Residential Slabs and Footings' due to presence of soft to stiff alluvial soils, uncontrolled drainage across the site, and mature trees within proximity of the proposed foundation site. Footing design shall be performed by a professional engineer based on engineering principles.

6.2 Footing Design.

Based on subsoil conditions and slope stability analysis deep founded footings (e.g. bored piers, screw piles) are recommended for footings founded on the existing slope. Suitable footing type(s) shall be approved by a professional engineer. The following footing design guidelines are provided:

i) All footings shall be founded at least 1m into stiff/dense weathered rock where allowable bearing capacity is estimated to provide 100kPa. It is estimated that deep footings on the site slope will need to be founded to \geq 2.5m below GL. Footings shall be designed by a professional engineer using engineering principles.

ii) Groundwater (seepage) was observed at 1m <GL (BH1). It is likely that groundwater (seepage) will be encountered during `wet season' construction of pier/post and/or piled footings. Footing design shall provide instruction for preparation and constructing pier/post footings below potential groundwater levels.

iii) Boulders may be encountered within the subsoil on this site. Footings shall not be founded on boulders. Boulders can cause unstable conditions under footings. All boulders found under, against, or protruding into footing trenches/pier holes must be removed. Preparation of post/pier holes shall be included in the footing design by a professional engineer.

iv) Ground conditions and groundwater level(s) will likely vary between borehole/test locations. It is recommended that prepared footing foundations be inspected by a professional engineer and bearing capacity confirmed.

6.3 Control Measures for Slope and Erosion Stability Minimisation.

Control measures shall be provided in the design and construction to minimise site instability and erosion. The following comments in addition to 6.1 & 6.2 are provided as a guide to minimise landslide risk:

6.3.1 Building Platform Foundation Area.

i) Remove and strip all vegetation, including tree roots, from proposed building platform foundation area. Provide a drained surface following vegetation clearing and remediate removed tree/root system cavities.

ii) Generally the existing vegetation immediately outside the development area shall be conserved; footing design shall account for trees in the proximity of the proposed footings. Provide surface stabilisation or re-vegetation to all cleared slope and batter areas around the proposed building.

iii) Cut to fill platform shall be constructed and controlled in accordance to AS 3798 'Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments'. Un-retained cut batter(s) shall not exceed 2m in height and Un-retained fill batter(s) shall not exceed 1m in height. Un-retained cut or fill batters shall be no steeper than 1V:2H slope grade. Batters exceeding recommended un-retained heights and slope shall be retained.

iv) Onsite sewerage effluent and/or absorption trenches shall not be discharged immediately upslope (west) of the proposed house platform. Onsite sewerage design and construction shall be performed in accordance with AS1547.

v) Refer Appendix C for Australian Geomechanics Society construction practices guidelines.

6.3.2. Driveway Access Road.

i) Minimise cut batter heights to 1.5m and 1V:1H slope; otherwise retain. Fill is not recommended for access road. Special design and construction attention may be required for access driveway alignment towards the south-west of the allotment where steeper ground exists and potential landslips may occur following earthworks.

ii) Shape driveway surface to slope toward the cut side of the formation. Provide surface drains along the cut side verge (cut batter base), for the entire access road length. Provide surface protection to road to minimise erosion.

iii) Design of access road and drains shall be performed by a professional engineer.

6.3.3 Earthworks.

Earthworks shall be controlled and constructed in accordance to AS3798 and fill layers and final cut surface(s) shall be compacted to a minimum density ratio of 98% (standard) and within +/- 2% of optimum moisture content. Prepared natural ground and fill shall not contain deleterious material (e.g. vegetation and organics, particles > 100mm).

6.3.4 Site Drainage.

The following drainage works are recommended for this development:

i) Provide surface cut off drain above the proposed house platform and the side(s) of the proposed house to catch runoff from the western and up-slope of the site. Provide surface spoon drain(s) along the base of cut batter(s), including access driveway road.

ii) Provide concrete lining (or other equivalent) to all surface drains. Surface drain runoff capture shall be diverted to approved designated discharge point(s) and away from all footings.

iii) Provide behind wall drains to any retaining walls/stabilised systems and weepholes (or equivalent water pressure dissipation) for rigid structures and/or other stabilisation systems.

iv) Discharge roof stormwater to controlled drains or subsurface pipes.

v) All drains shall be diverted and controlled to legal discharge points. Avoid discharge across the foundation area and over and/or down the cut and fill batter slopes as this will increase landslide risk.

v) Design and construct erosion control devices/methods for surface drainage discharge.

vi) Site drainage shall be designed by a professional engineer.

vii) Maintain drains by regularly removing debris and silt build-up; repair any cracks in concrete drains.

6.3.5 Retaining Wall Design.

Retaining wall design, including their footings and drainage, shall be designed by a professional engineer using a minimum of a 60 year design life. Seek professional engineering advice for suitable retaining structures. Retaining wall footing design shall be consistent with 6.2 of this report.

7. Foundation Maintenance / Remarks.

Ongoing foundation maintenance is always essential for the durability and stability of the footings and foundation and the appropriate required maintenance is described in AS 2870 'Residential Slabs and Footings'. Briefly, however, it is advised to keep away from the footings/foundation all water taps, gardens and trees, and provide adequate compaction of loose ground around the outside of the footing perimeter. Rainwater/water should not be allowed to pond against the perimeter of the footings/foundations.

Foundation maintenance should follow with the guidelines as set out in CSIRO BTF 18 'Foundation Maintenance and Footing Performance: A Homeowner's Guide'.

Any earthworks following the date of this report must comply with the requirements of AS 2870 'Residential Slabs and Footings' Section 6 and AS 3798 'Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments'. Footing and retaining wall foundations shall be inspected by a professional engineer prior to reinforcement and concrete placement. Site control/treatment methods and earthworks plans shall be reviewed by a professional engineer.

8. Limitations of Report.

This report is based on the extent of the assessment undertaken. Interpolation was used to give soil/rock parameters for stability analysis of areas not specifically tested. Variations of subsurface conditions between test positions are possible. Interpolation to give soil parameters for areas and depths not specifically tested and/or the presence of seasonal spring activity is beyond the scope of this investigation. If any ground profile and groundwater conditions revealed differ or vary from those described in this report, our office or suitably qualified personnel should be contacted.

The client shall need to accept a level of landslide risk (slope instability) when developing this site. 'Engineering Comments' provided in this report aim to minimise landslide risk but does not claim to remove risk entirely. All parties involved in design and construction and dwelling on this site shall need to accept this risk.

Site stability can be reduced by potential incidents such as broken and/or leaking pipes and drains, uncontrolled runoff, vegetation clearing, loading of batters and/or affects from neighbouring allotment developments. Stability analysis presented in this report does not include such hazards or circumstances. It is the client's responsibility to maintain and monitor the site, and to stabilise and/or re-vegetate cleared slopes, address any drainage problems and repair any broken or leaking pipes. If in the event of any incident occurring, or if site conditions vary from the assessment, this office shall be contacted to monitor and/or review site recommendations.

Test boreholes carried out on the site for the investigation were backfilled loosely only. Some slumping of soil should be expected in these location(s). Project design, earthworks and construction shall need to account for such conditions. Construction Soiltest Pty Ltd accepts no responsibility for the impact test locations may have on the safety and development of the site.

This report is provided for the client (L & H Price) and client project consultants only. The information provided shall not be used by others, or for any purpose other than the stated scope.

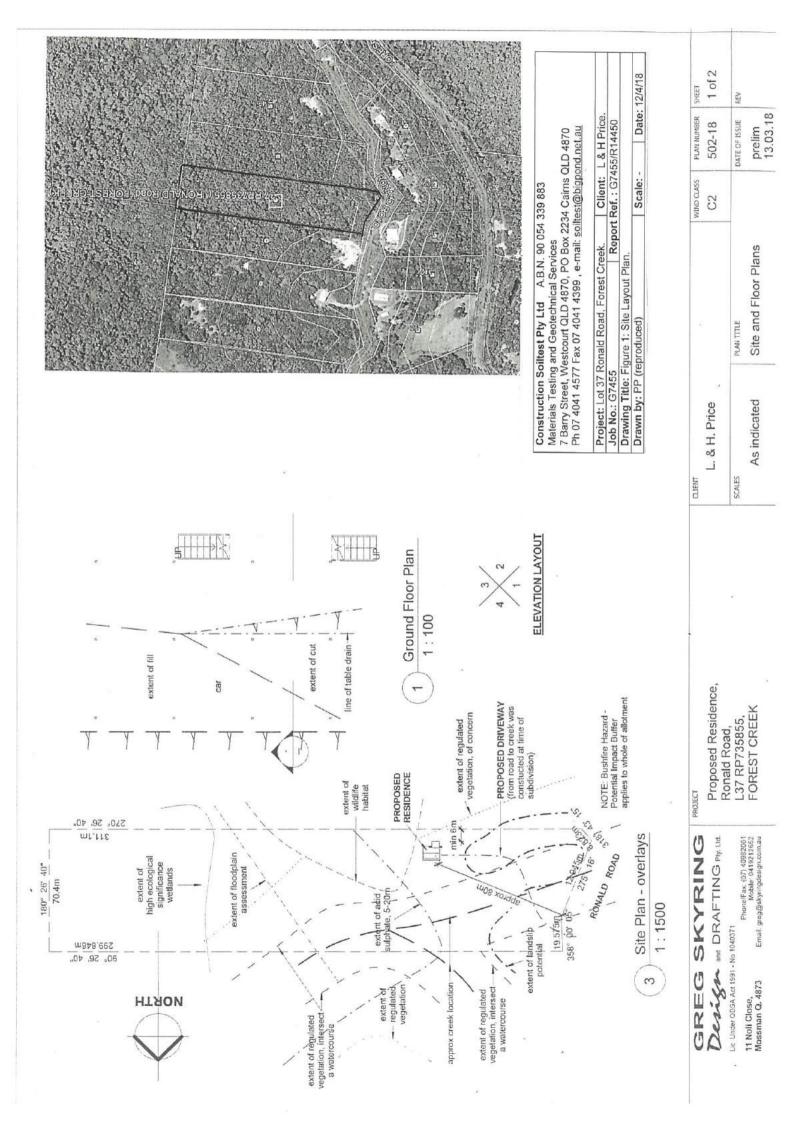
Yours faithfully Construction Soiltest Pty Ltd

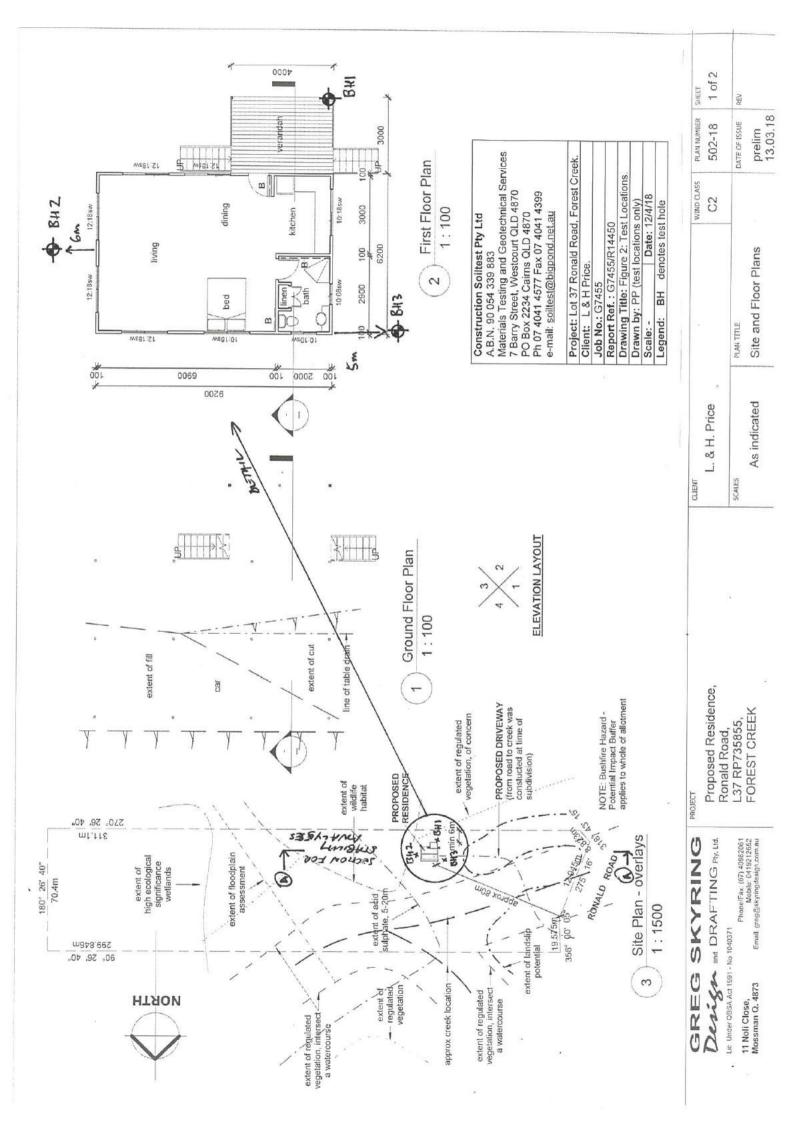
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Paul Posar CPEng. M.I.E. Aust. R.P.E.Q.

LIST OF FIGURES:

- i) Figure 1: Site Plan
- ii) Figure 2: Test Locations





APPENDIX A: Field & Laboratory Test Results

Materials Testing and Geotechnical Services

7 Barry Street, Westcourt, PO Box 2234 Cairns Ph 07 4041 4577 Fax 07 4041 4399 e-mail: soiltest@bigpond.net

Borehole/Test Pit Log Report

Project: Lot 37 (RP735855) Ronald Road.	J/N: G7455	Page 1 of 1	
Project Location: Forest Creek, Queensland.	Reg. No.: H13193A/18		
Client: L & H Price.	Logged by: PP		
Borehole/Test Pit No.: BH1 – Refer Figure 1.	Date Logged: 28/3/18		
Excavation plant used: 100mm hand auger.	Plant Contractor: CST.		

Depth (m) (< GL)	Soil Description	Drill method	Sampling	Insitu Test	DCI	P Test
GL	GL- Leaf litter at surface.	GL-1.1m augered		Refer DCP	Depth m <gl< th=""><th>Blows/ 100mm</th></gl<>	Blows/ 100mm
	ORIGINAL GROUND. ML/CL. Brown silty CLAY, trace roots.	borehole.		test.	0.05	Seat
	Soft, Very moist. Low plasticity.				0.15	1
					0.25	1
0.25	SM/SC. Orange brown sandy silty CLAY, trace gravel.				0.35	2
	Soft. Moist. Low plasticity.				0.45	1
0.45	SM/SC. Orange / yellow brown mottled red sandy silty		DS @ 0.5-0.7m.		0.55	2
	CLAY.		0.0-0.77		0.65	2
	Soft to stiff. Very moist. Low plasticity.				0.75	3
0.9	DISTINCTLY WEATHERED ROCK.				0.85	8
0.9	GM/GC. Red / orange / yellow mottled gravelly silty				0.95	18
	CLAY.				1.05	20
	Stiff/dense. Moist. Low plasticity.				1.15	25+
	Groundwater seepage.				1.25	END
1.0	Groundwater seepage.				1.35	-
					1.45	-
1.1	Auger refusal (weathered rock).				1.55	-
	End borehole.				1.65	-
	Groundwater observed at 1.0m (28/3/18).				1.75	-
					1.85	-
					1.95	-
					2.05	-
					2.15	-
					2.25	
					2.35	
					2.45	
					2.55	-
					2.65	-
					2.75	-
					2.85	-
					2.95	1020
					3.05	-
					3.15	-

Notes:

Soil Description: in accordance with Australian Standard AS1726 -1993, Table A1.

Sampling: DS = Disturbed sample, BS = Bulk sample, SS = SPT spoon sample, U₅₀ = Undisturbed sample 50mm dia.

Insitu test:

DCP = Dynamic cone penetrometer (blows/100mm) in accordance with AS1289.6.3.2.

SPT = Standard penetrometer test (blows/150mm) in accordance with AS1289.6.3.1.

PP = Pocket penetrometer UCS (kPa), UCS = Unconfined compressive strength.

Checked by: P.A. Polow Date: 12/4/18

NATA Accredited Laboratory No.1952.

Materials Testing and Geotechnical Services

7 Barry Street, Westcourt, PO Box 2234 Cairns Ph 07 4041 4577 Fax 07 4041 4399 e-mail: soiltest@bigpond.net

Borehole/Test Pit Log Report

Project: Lot 37 (RP735855) Ronald Road.	J/N: G7455	Page 1 of 1	
Project Location: Forest Creek, Queensland.	Reg. No.: H13193B/18		
Client: L & H Price.	Logged by: PP		
Borehole/Test Pit No.: BH2 – Refer Figure 1.	Date Logged: 28/3/18		
Excavation plant used: 100mm hand auger.	Plant Contractor: CST.		

Depth (m) (< GL)	Soil Description	Drill method	Sampling	Insitu Test	DCP Test	
	GL- Leaf litter at surface. ORIGINAL GROUND.	GL-1.85m augered		Refer DCP test.	Depth m <gl< th=""><th>Blows/ 100mm</th></gl<>	Blows/ 100mm
	CI. Brown sandy silty CLAY, some gravel, tree roots.	borehole.		1031.	0.05	Seat
	Firm. Moist. Medium plasticity.				0.15	2
1210121320					0.25	2
0.25	GM/GC. Orange brown gravelly sandy silty CLAY, occasional small cobbles.				0.35	2
	Stiff. Moist. Medium plasticity.				0.45	6
	oun mode moduli plastory.		DS @		0.55	6
1.15	CI. Orange red brown sandy silty CLAY.		0.6-0.8m.		0.65	4
	Stiff. Very moist. Medium plasticity.				0.75	4
1.4	EXTREMELY WEATHERED ROCK.				0.85	4
1.4	CI. Orange brown mottled yellow gravelly silty CLAY.				0.95	5
	Stiff/dense. Moist. Medium plasticity.				1.05	3
			DS @		1.15	4
1.8	DISTINCTLY WEATHERED ROCK.		1.2-1.4m.		1.25	6
	CI. Brown mottled yellow gravelly silty CLAY. Stiff/dense. Moist. Medium plasticity.				1.35	5
	othindenee. Molet, Mediani plasticity.				1.45	7
					1.55	10
1.85	Auger refusal (weathered rock).				1.65	13
	End borehole. Groundwater not observed to 1.85m (28/3/18).				1.75	14
	Groundwater not observed to 1.65m (26/3/16).				1.85	16
					1.95	19
					2.05	22
					2.15	END
					2.25	-
					2.35	-
					2.45	-
					2.55	-
					2.65	-
					2.75	-
					2.85	-
					2.95	-
					3.05	-
					3.15	-

Notes:

Soil Description: in accordance with Australian Standard AS1726 -1993, Table A1.

Sampling: DS = Disturbed sample, BS = Bulk sample, SS = SPT spoon sample, U₅₀ = Undisturbed sample 50mm dia. Insitu test:

DCP = Dynamic cone penetrometer (blows/100mm) in accordance with AS1289.6.3.2.

SPT = Standard penetrometer test (blows/150mm) in accordance with AS1289.6.3.1.

PP = Pocket penetrometer UCS (kPa), UCS = Unconfined compressive strength.

Checked by:

P.D. PANIN Date: 12/4/18

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Materials Testing and Geotechnical Services

7 Barry Street, Westcourt, PO Box 2234 Cairns Ph 07 4041 4577 Fax 07 4041 4399 e-mail: soiltest@bigpond.net

Borehole/Test Pit Log Report

Project: Lot 37 (RP735855) Ronald Road.	J/N: G7455	Page 1 of 1	
Project Location: Forest Creek, Queensland.	Reg. No.: H13193C/18		
Client: L & H Price.	Logged by: PP		
Borehole/Test Pit No.: BH3 – Refer Figure 1.	Date Logged: 28/3/18		
Excavation plant used: 100mm hand auger.	Plant Contractor: CST.		

Depth (m) (< GL)	Soil Description	Drill method	Sampling	Insitu Test	DCP Test	
	GL- Leaf litter at surface. ORIGINAL GROUND.	GL-1.45m augered		Refer DCP test.	Depth m <gl< th=""><th>Blows/ 100mm</th></gl<>	Blows/ 100mm
	CI. Brown sandy silty CLAY, containing tree roots.	borehole.		1851.	0.05	Seat
	Stiff. Moist. Medium plasticity.				0.15	4
					0.25	4
0.25	GM/GC. Orange red brown gravelly sandy silty CLAY.				0.35	3
	Stiff. Moist. Medium plasticity.				0.45	3
0.85	CI. Orange mottled yellow brown sandy silty CLAY.		DS @ 0.5-0.6m.		0.55	4
	Stiff. Moist. Medium plasticity.				0.65	3
					0.75	4
1.15	EXTREMELY WEATHERED ROCK.				0.85	4
	Cl. Pale yellow mottled pale brown sandy silty CLAY. Stiff/dense. Moist. Medium plasticity.				0.95	6
	Surgenee. Welet. Median plastery.				1.05	10
1.4	DISTINCTLY WEATHERED ROCK.				1.15	18
	CI. Pale brown mottled yellow gravelly silty CLAY.				1.25	20
	Stiff/dense. Moist. Medium plasticity.				1.35	17
					1.45	15
1.45	Auger refusal (weathered rock).				1.55	20
	End borehole.				1.65	22
	Groundwater not observed to 1.45m (28/3/18).				1.75	END
					1.85	-
					1.95	-
					2.05	-
					2.15	-
					2.25	-
					2.35	-
					2.45	-
					2.55	-
					2.65	-
					2.75	-
					2.85	2
					2.95	2
					3.05	-
					3.15	-

Notes:

Soil Description: in accordance with Australian Standard AS1726 -1993, Table A1.

Sampling: DS = Disturbed sample, BS = Bulk sample, SS = SPT spoon sample, U₅₀ = Undisturbed sample 50mm dia.

Insitu test:

DCP = Dynamic cone penetrometer (blows/100mm) in accordance with AS1289.6.3.2.

SPT = Standard penetrometer test (blows/150mm) in accordance with AS1289.6.3.1.

PP = Pocket penetrometer UCS (kPa), UCS = Unconfined compressive strength.

Checked by: P.A. PAth Date: 12/4/18

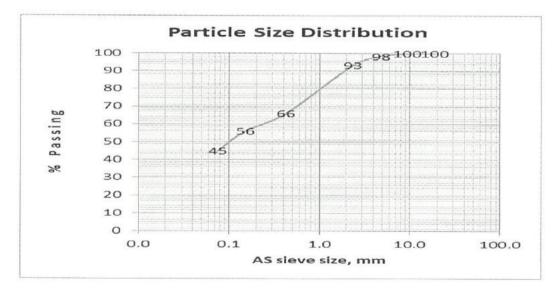
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Project : Lot 37 (RP735855), Ronald Road, Forest Creek.	Report No.: H13194/18			
Client : L & H Price.	Job No. : G7455			
Sample Location: BH1 0.5-0.65m < GL.	Sample by: PP Sample date: 28/3/18			
Sample Source: Existing ground.	Sample method: AS1289.1.2.1.6.5.2			
Submitted as: Foundation subsoil.	Test by: PP/JH Test date: 29/3 & 3/4/18			

Results	_		1	Results of Atterber	3		
Sieve size (mm)	Percent Passing (%)	Spec. (%)	Test Method	Test Type	Result (%)	Spec. (%)	Test Method
37.5	-	-					
19.0	100	-	AS1289.3.6.1	Liquid Limit (LL)	31	-	AS1289.3.1.1, 3.1.2
9.5	100	-]				
4.75	98	-		Plastic Limit (PL)	22	-	AS1289.3.2.1
2.36	93	-]				
0.425	66	-]	Plastic Index (PI)	9	-	AS1289.3.3.1
0.150	56	-					
0.075	45	-		Linear Shrinkage (LS)	5.0	-	AS1289.3.4.1
Results	of Insitu I	Moisture	Content	Atterberg Limits Sample Histo Atterberg Limits Method of Pre	ry: Natural Sta	te, Air Dried, Sieved, Dry	Oven Dried, Unknown Sieved
Moisture content, %	27.1	_	AS1289.2.1.1	Method for Determination of M Linear Shrinkage Mould: 250m Linear Shrinkage History: Crac	loisture Conter nm, 150mm .	nt: AS1289 2.	1.1, 2.1.2, 2.1.4 .

Remarks: Test results apply only to the sample tested.



Approved by: P.A. Posk P.A. Posar

Date: 12/4/17



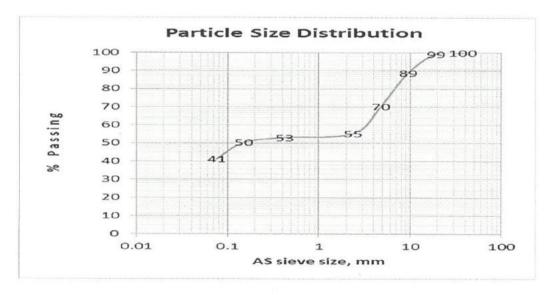
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Project : Lot 37 (RP735855), Ronald Road, Forest Creek.	Report No.: H13195/18			
Client: L & H Price.	Job No. : G7455			
Sample Location: BH2 0.6-0.8m < GL	Sample by: PP Sample date: 28/3/18			
Sample Source: Existing ground.	Sample method: AS1289.1.2.1.6.5.2			
Submitted as: Foundation subsoil.	Test by: KR/JH Test date: 29/3 & 3/4/18			

	orrando		istribution	Results of Atterber	y Linns		
Sieve size (mm)	Percent Passing (%)	Spec. (%)	Test Method	Test Type	Result (%)	Spec. (%)	Test Method
37.5	100	-					
19.0	99	-	AS1289.3.6.1	Liquid Limit (LL)	36	-	AS1289.3.1.1, 3.1.2
9.5	89	-					
4.75	70	-		Plastic Limit (PL)	21	-	AS1289.3.2.1
2.36	55						
0.425	53	-		Plastic Index (PI)	15	-	AS1289.3.3.1
0.150	50	-					ACCOMPANIAN ST ALL IN TO
0.075	41	-		Linear Shrinkage (LS)	8.0	-	AS1289.3.4.1
Results Moisture content, %	of Insitu I 14.8	Moisture -	AS1289.2.1.1	Atterberg Limits Sample Histo Atterberg Limits Method of Pre Method for Determination of N Linear Shrinkage Mould: 250n Linear Shrinkage History: Crac	eparation: Wet loisture Conter nm, 150mm .	Sieved, Dry S nt: AS1289 2.	Sieved. 1.1, 2.1.2, 2.1.4 .

Remarks: Test results apply only to the sample tested.



Approved by: P.A. Posin P.A. Posar

Date: 12/4/18



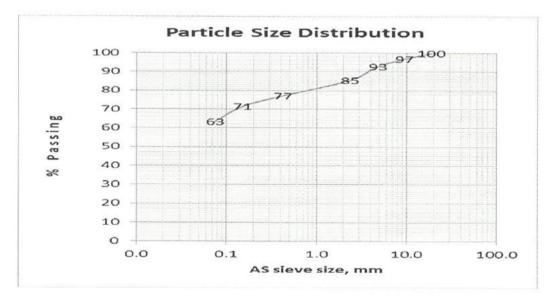
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Project : Lot 37 (RP735855), Ronald Road, Forest Creek.	Report No.: H13196/18			
Client : L & H Price.	Job No. : G7455			
Sample Location: BH2 1.2-1.4m < GL	Sample by: PP Sample date: 28/3/18			
Sample Source: Existing ground.	Sample method: AS1289.1.2.1.6.5.2			
Submitted as: Foundation subsoil.	Test by: PP/JH Test date: 29/3 & 3/			

			istribution	Results of Atterberg Limits				
Sieve size (mm)	Percent Passing (%)	Spec. (%)	Test Method	Test Type	Result (%)	Spec. (%)	Test Method	
37.5	-	-						
19.0	100	-	AS1289.3.6.1	Liquid Limit (LL)	46	-	AS1289.3.1.1, 3.1.2	
9.5	97	-						
4.75	93	<u> -</u>		Plastic Limit (PL)	27		AS1289.3.2.1	
2.36	85	-						
0.425	77	-]	Plastic Index (PI)	19	-	AS1289.3.3.1	
0.150	71	-						
0.075	63	-		Linear Shrinkage (LS)	9.5	-	AS1289.3.4.1	
Results Moisture content, %	of Insitu I 24.6	Noisture -	AS1289.2.1.1	Atterberg Limits Sample Histo Atterberg Limits Method of Pre Method for Determination of M Linear Shrinkage Mould: 250n Linear Shrinkage History: Crac	eparation: Wet loisture Conter nm, 150mm .	Sieved, Dry 3 ht: AS1289 2	Sieved. 1.1, 2.1.2, 2.1.4 .	

Remarks: Test results apply only to the sample tested.



Approved by: <u>7.0. Row</u> P.A. Posar

Date: 12/4/18



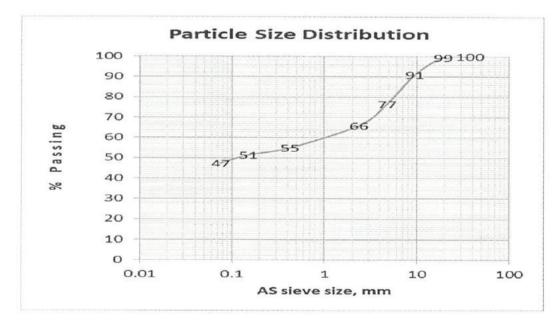
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Project : Lot 37 (RP735855), Ronald Road, Forest Creek.	Report No.: H13197/18		
Client : L & H Price.	Job No. : G7455		
Sample Location: BH3 0.5-0.6m < GL.	Sample by: PP Sample date: 28/3/18		
Sample Source: Existing ground.	Sample method: AS1289.1.2.1.6.5.2		
Submitted as: Foundation subsoil.	Test by: PP/JH Test date: 29/3 & 3/4/18		

Results	of Particl	e Size D	istribution	Results of Atterber	rg Limits			
Sieve size (mm)	Percent Passing (%)	Spec. (%)	Test Method	Test Type	Result (%)	Spec. (%)	Test Method	
37.5	100	-						
19.0	99	-	AS1289.3.6.1	Liquid Limit (LL)	43	-	AS1289. 3.1.1 , 3.1.2	
9.5	91	7						
4.75	77			Plastic Limit (PL)	27	-	AS1289.3.2.1	
2.36	66	-						
0.425	55	-			Plastic Index (PI)	16	-	AS1289.3.3.1
0.150	51	-						
0.075	47	-		Linear Shrinkage (LS)	8.5	-	AS1289.3.4.1	
Results Moisture content, %	of Insitu I 20.7	Moisture -	AS1289.2.1.1	Atterberg Limits Sample Histo Atterberg Limits Method of Pre Method for Determination of M Linear Shrinkage Mould: 250m Linear Shrinkage History: Crad	eparation: Wet- loisture Conter nm, 150mm .	Sieved, Dry nt: AS1289 2	Sieved. 1.1, 2.1.2, 2.1.4 .	

Remarks: Test results apply only to the sample tested.



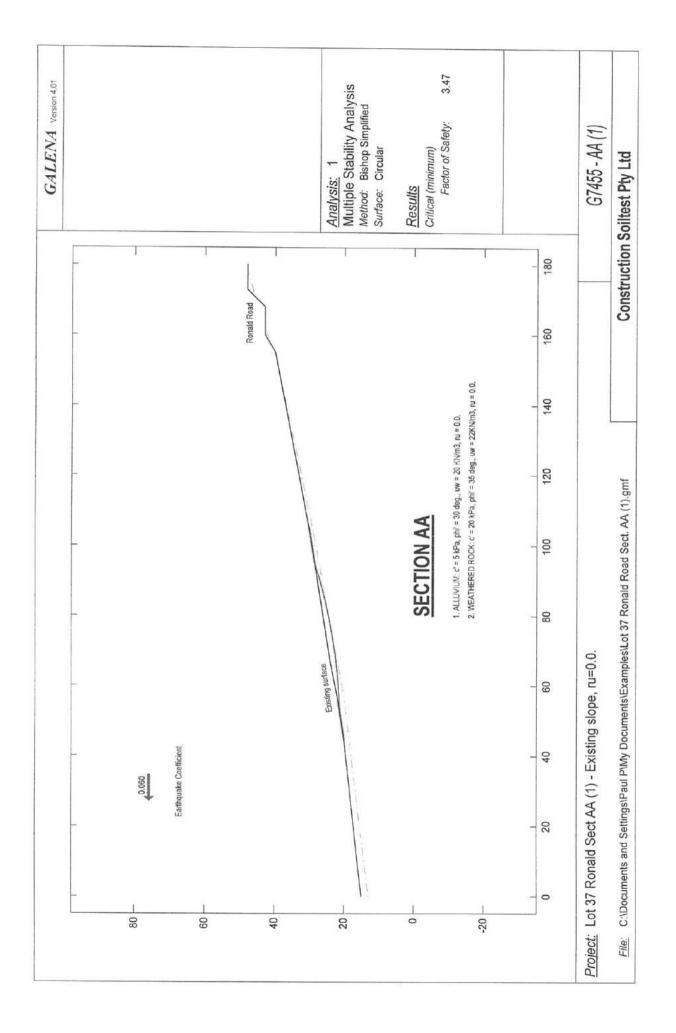
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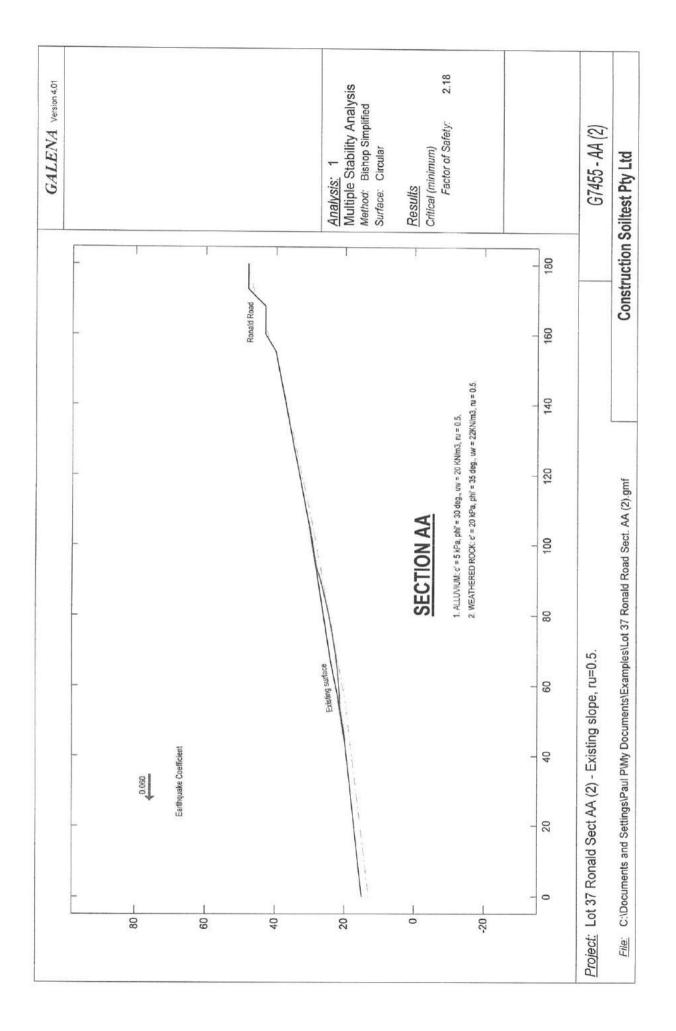
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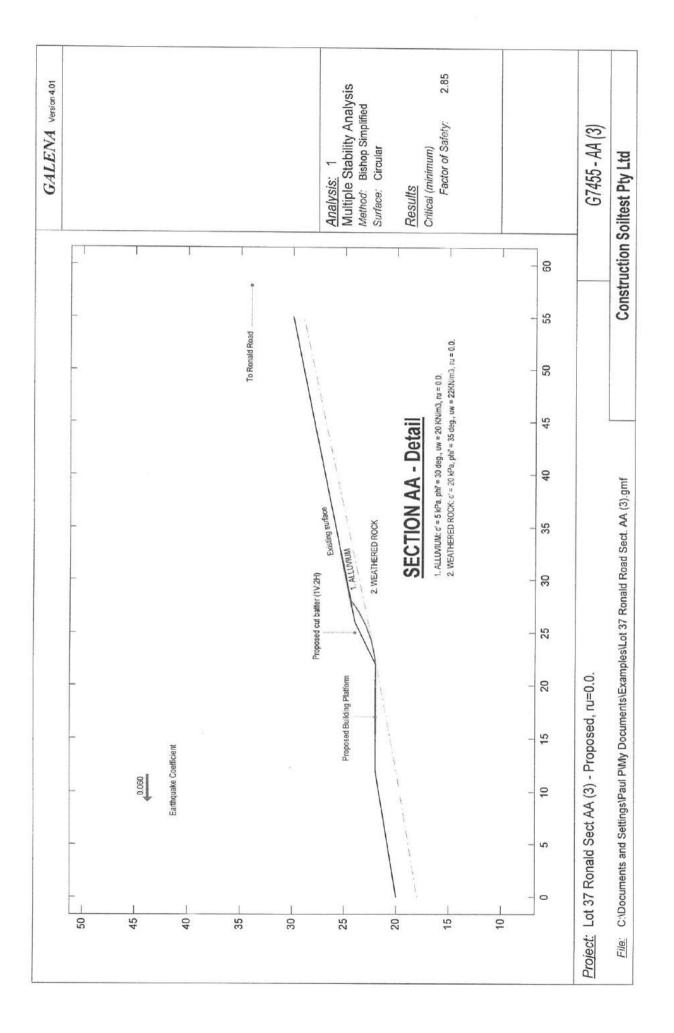
Date: 12/4/18

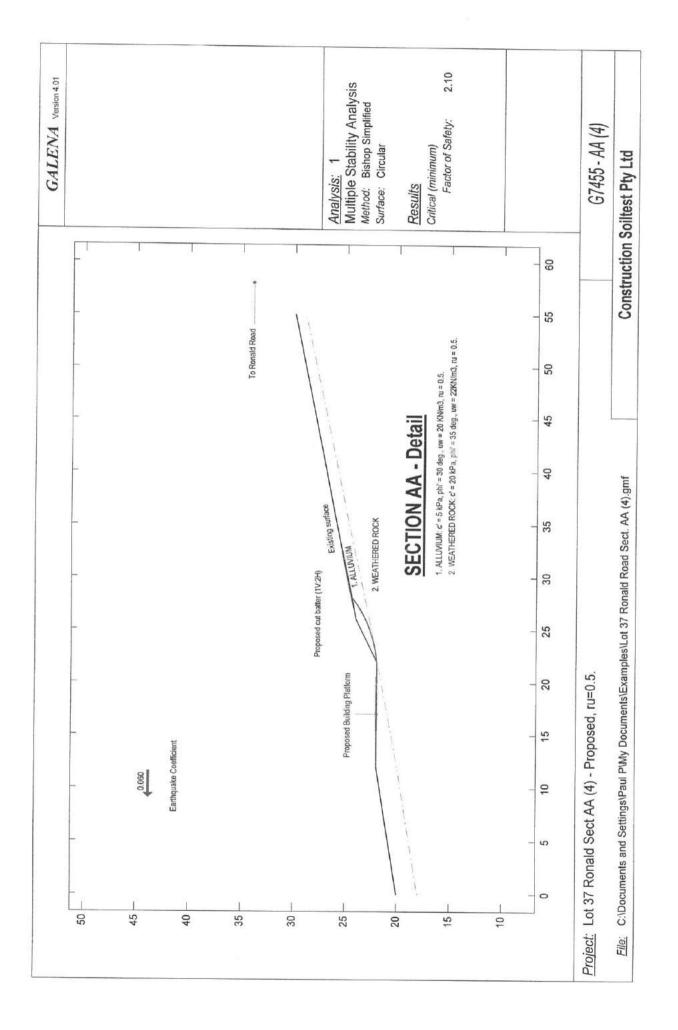


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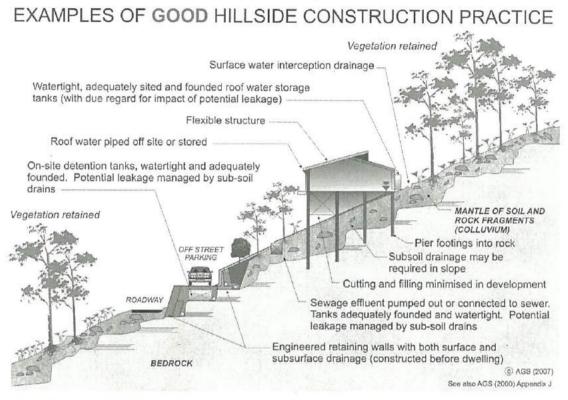


APPENDIX C: Extract of AGS Vol 42 March 2007 - LR8

AUSTRALIAN GEOGUIDE LR8 (CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE)

HILLSIDE CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE

Sensible development practices are required when building on hillsides, particularly if the hillside has more than a low risk of instability (GeoGuide LR7). Only building techniques intended to maintain, or reduce, the overall level of landslide risk should be considered. Examples of good hillside construction practice are illustrated below.



WHY ARE THESE PRACTICES GOOD?

Roadways and parking areas - are paved and incorporate kerbs which prevent water discharging straight into the hillside (GeoGuide LR5).

Cuttings - are supported by retaining walls (GeoGuide LR6).

Retaining walls - are engineer designed to withstand the lateral earth pressures and surcharges expected, and include drains to prevent water pressures developing in the backfill. Where the ground slopes steeply down towards the high side of a retaining wall, the disturbing force (see GeoGuide LR6) can be two or more times that in level ground. Retaining walls must be designed taking these forces into account.

Sewage - whether treated or not is either taken away in pipes or contained in properly founded tanks so it cannot soak into the ground.

Surface water - from roofs and other hard surfaces is piped away to a suitable discharge point rather than being allowed to infiltrate into the ground. Preferably, the discharge point will be in a natural creek where ground water exits, rather than enters, the ground. Shallow, lined, drains on the surface can fulfil the same purpose (GeoGuide LR5).

Surface loads - are minimised. No fill embankments have been built. The house is a lightweight structure. Foundation loads have been taken down below the level at which a landslide is likely to occur and, preferably, to rock. This sort of construction is probably not applicable to soil slopes (GeoGuide LR3). If you are uncertain whether your site has rock near the surface, or is essentially a soil slope, you should engage a geotechnical practitioner to find out.

Flexible structures - have been used because they can tolerate a certain amount of movement with minimal signs of distress and maintain their functionality.

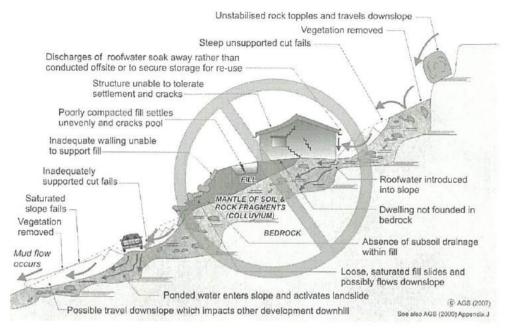
Vegetation clearance - on soil slopes has been kept to a reasonable minimum. Trees, and to a lesser extent smaller vegetation, take large quantities of water out of the ground every day. This lowers the ground water table, which in turn helps to maintain the stability of the slope. Large scale clearing can result in a rise in water table with a consequent increase in the likelihood of a landslide (GeoGuide LR5). An exception may have to be made to this rule on steep rock slopes where trees have little effect on the water table, but their roots pose a landslide hazard by dislodging boulders.

Possible effects of ignoring good construction practices are illustrated on page 2. Unfortunately, these poor construction practices are not as unusual as you might think and are often chosen because, on the face of it, they will save the developer, or owner, money. You should not lose sight of the fact that the cost and anguish associated with any one of the disasters illustrated, is likely to more than wipe out any apparent savings at the outset.

ADOPT GOOD PRACTICE ON HILLSIDE SITES

AUSTRALIAN GEOGUIDE LR8 (CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE)

EXAMPLES OF POOR HILLSIDE CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE



WHY ARE THESE PRACTICES POOR?

Roadways and parking areas - are unsurfaced and lack proper table drains (gutters) causing surface water to pond and soak into the ground.

Cut and fill - has been used to balance earthworks quantities and level the site leaving unstable cut faces and added large surface loads to the ground. Failure to compact the fill properly has led to settlement, which will probably continue for several years after completion. The house and pool have been built on the fill and have settled with it and cracked. Leakage from the cracked pool and the applied surface loads from the fill have combined to cause landslides.

Retaining walls - have been avoided, to minimise cost, and hand placed rock walls used instead. Without applying engineering design principles, the walls have failed to provide the required support to the ground and have failed, creating a very dangerous situation.

A heavy, rigid, house - has been built on shallow, conventional, footings. Not only has the brickwork cracked because of the resulting ground movements, but it has also become involved in a man-made landslide.

Soak-away drainage - has been used for sewage and surface water run-off from roofs and pavements. This water soaks into the ground and raises the water table (GeoGuide LR5). Subsoil drains that run along the contours should be avoided for the same reason. If felt necessary, subsoil drains should run steeply downhill in a chevron, or herring bone, pattern. This may conflict with the requirements for effluent and surface water disposal (GeoGuide LR9) and if so, you will need to seek professional advice.

Rock debris - from landslides higher up on the slope seems likely to pass through the site. Such locations are often referred to by geotechnical practitioners as "debris flow paths". Rock is normally even denser than ordinary fill, so even quite modest boulders are likely to weigh many tonnes and do a lot of damage once they start to roll. Boulders have been known to travel hundreds of metres downhill leaving behind a trail of destruction.

Vegetation - has been completely cleared, leading to a possible rise in the water table and increased landslide risk (GeoGuide LR5).

DON'T CUT CORNERS ON HILLSIDE SITES - OBTAIN ADVICE FROM A GEOTECHNICAL PRACTITIONER

More information relevant to your particular situation may be found in other Australian GeoGuides:

	GeoGuide LR1	- Introduction	GeoGuide LR6 - Retaining Walls
٠	GeoGuide LR2	- Landslides	GeoGuide LR7 - Landslide Risk
٠	GeoGuide LR3	- Landslides in Soil	GeoGuide LR9 - Effluent & Surface Water Disposal
	GeoGuide LR4	- Landslides in Rock	GeoGuide LR10 - Coastal Landslides
	GeoGuide LR5	- Water & Drainage	GeoGuide LR11 - Record Keeping

The Australian GeoGuides (LR series) are a set of publications intended for property owners: local councils; planning authorities; developers; insurers; lawyers and, in fact, anyone who lives with, or has an interest in, a natural or engineered slope, a cutting, or an excavation. They are intended to help you understand why slopes and retaining structures can be a hazard and what can be done with appropriate professional advice and local council approval (if required) to remove, reduce, or minimise the risk they represent. The GeoGuides have been prepared by the <u>Australian Geomechanics Society</u>, a specialist technical society within Engineers Australia, the national peak body for all engineering disciplines in Australia, whose members are professional geotechnical engineers and engineering geologists with a particular interest in ground engineering. The GeoGuides have been funded under the Australian governments' National Disaster Mitigation Program.



J/N G7455: Appendix D - Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek – Site Photographs.

1

Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: Aerial.



Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: Front of site looking east from Ronald Road (28/3/18).



Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: Front of site looking south from Ronald Road (28/3/18).



Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: Front of site looking east from Ronald Road (28/3/18).



Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: Existing surface at BH1 (28/3/18).



Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: BH1, showing groundwater seepage at borehole base (28/3/18).



Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: BH1, excavated soil (28/3/18).



Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: Existing surface at BH2 (28/3/18).



Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: BH2, excavated soil (28/3/18).



7

Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: BH2, excavated soil @ 1.75m (28/3/18).



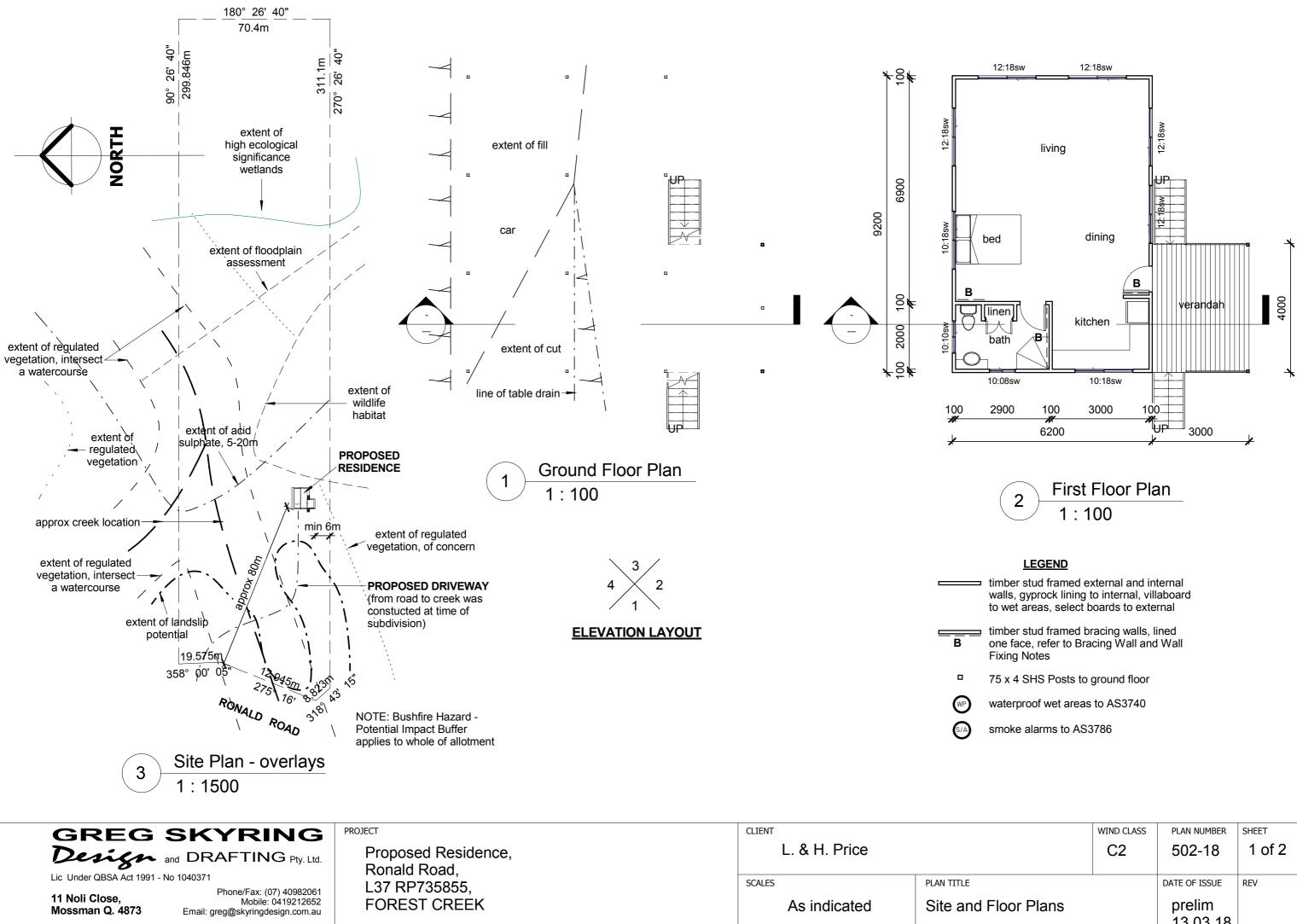
Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: Existing surface at BH3 (28/3/18).



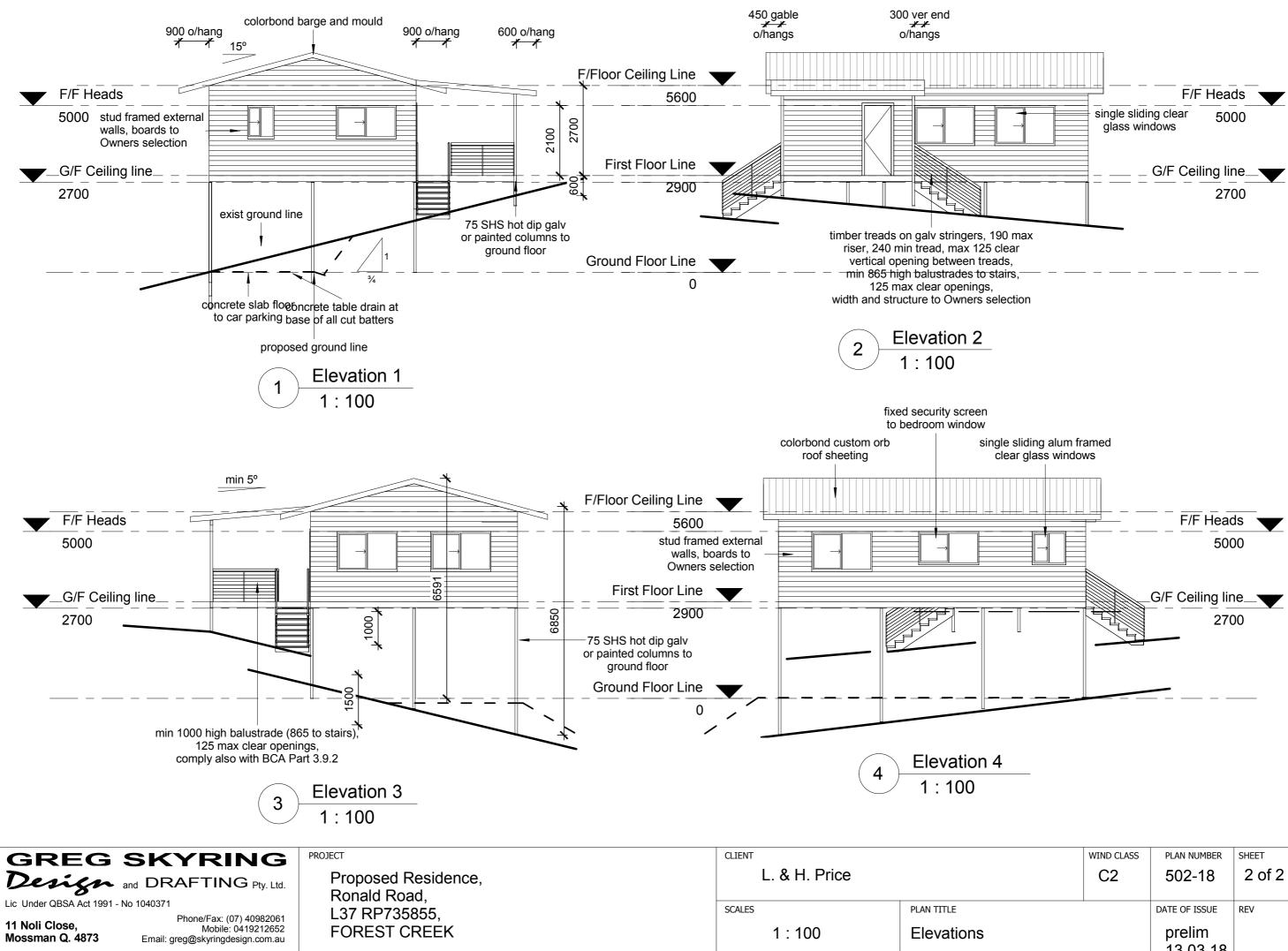
Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: BH3, excavated soil (28/3/18).



Lot 37 Ronald Road, Forest Creek: BH3, excavated soil @ 1.0m (28/3/18).



	WIND CLASS	PLAN NUMBER	SHEET
	C2	502-18	1 of 2
		DATE OF ISSUE	REV
oor Plans		prelim 13.03.18	



WIND CLASS	PLAN NUMBER	SHEET 2 of 2
	DATE OF ISSUE prelim 13.03.18	REV