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Our Ref:21-10/001092Date:9 April 2021

Chief Executive Officer Douglas Shire Council PO Box 723 MOSSMAN QLD 4873

Via: Email

Dear Sir,

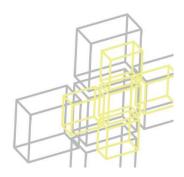
RE: APPLICATION FOR A DEVELOPMENT PERMIT FOR MATERIAL CHANGE OF USE FOR 'DUAL OCCUPANCY' AND 'RECONFIGURING A LOT' (1 LOT INTO 2 LOTS) OVER LAND AT 56 MUDLO STREET, PORT DOUGLAS, DESCRIBED AS LOT 7 ON PTD20933

Planning Plus (QLD) Pty Ltd has been engaged by N D Verri (the 'applicant') to prepare and lodge the abovementioned development application.

In support of the application, please find **attached**:

- Completed DA Form 1 (Annexure 1); and
- Payment for the relevant application fee of \$2,843.00 in accordance with Council's 2020/21 Schedule of Fees and Charges.

In addition to the above, the following submission has been prepared to assist Council and other relevant authorities with their assessment of the application.



town planning, project management & development consultants

1.0. Site Information

1.1. Site Details

The land that is subject of this application is situated at 56 Mudlo Street, Port Douglas, and is formally described as Lot 7 on PTD20933. A Google Aerial Overlay and SmartMap of the site are included for reference as **Annexures 2 & 3**, respectively. A copy of the Certificate of Title is included as **Annexure 4**.

The site covers an area of 1,012m² and is flat, clear and vacant.

We understand that the subject land is connected or is capable of being connected to the following infrastructure systems to enable the development to proceed:

- Reticulated sewer;
- Reticulated electricity;
- Reticulated water supply;
- Telecommunications; and
- Local road network.

1.2. Site Characteristics

Key site characteristics include:

-	
Topography:	Flat
Vegetation:	None
Wetlands:	None
Conservation Areas:	None
Waterways:	None
Road frontages:	Mudlo Street
Existing use of site:	Vacant

1.3. Planning Context

The planning context of the site includes:

Regional Plan designation:	Urban Footprint		
Planning Scheme Local Plan	Port Douglas / Craiglie Local Plan		
Area:			
Planning Scheme Zone:	Tourist Accommodation Zone		
Planning Scheme Overlays:	Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay		
	Coastal Environment Overlay		
	Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay		
	Landscape Values Overlay		
	Transport Noise Corridors Overlay		
	Transport Pedestrian Cycle Overlay		
	Transport Road Hierarchy Overlay		

	See Planning Scheme Property Report included as Annexure 5	
SARA DA Mapping:	Coastal area	
	See SARA Mapping included as Annexure 6	

2.0. Proposal

This application seeks a Development Permit for Material Change of Use for 'Dual Occupancy' and Reconfiguring a Lot (1 lot into 2 lots). The proposal is illustrated by the following plans which are included as **Annexure 7**:

- Site Plan
- Floor Plans
- Elevations
- 3D Views
- Images

The proposal seeks to establish 2 x 4 bedroom, 2 storey stand-alone dwellings, each with frontage to Mudlo Street. Similar to other projects undertaken by the proponent in both Douglas Shire and Cairns Regional Council areas, it is proposed to commence construction of the Dual Occupancy and then subdivide the site into two (2) lots such that the dwellings become Dwelling Houses. The proposed subdivision, comprising two (2) equal 506m2 lots, is illustrated on the Site Plan included within Annexure 7. We note that 24 Mudlo Street - DSC ref: CA1594_2016 – is a nearby example wherein construction was required to include the ground level slab and three (3) courses of blocks prior to endorsement of the survey plan – the applicant is seeking a similar arrangement for this project.

Overall, the proposal is considered to represent an appropriate built form which includes a high level of amenity and streetscape through the use of landscaping and tropical design elements.

3.0. Legislative Considerations

3.1. Planning Act 2016

This section provides an overview of the legislative context of the application under the provisions of the *Planning Act 2016*.

3.1.1. Assessable Development

The proposed development is identified as 'assessable' under the *Planning Act 2016* due to the effect of the Douglas Shire 2018 Planning Scheme.

3.1.2. Assessment Manager

The Assessment Manager for this development application is Douglas Shire Council as determined by Schedule 8 of the *Planning Regulation 2017*.

3.1.3. Level of Assessment

The Level of Assessment of the proposal is outlined in the below table.

Planning Scheme Zone	Aspect of Development	Level of Assessment
Tourist Accommodation	Material Change of Use (Dual Occupancy)	Code
Tourist Accommodation	Reconfiguring a Lot	Code

3.1.4. Referral Agencies

A review of Schedule 10 of the *Planning Regulation 2017* indicates that the application does not trigger any State agency referrals.

3.1.5. Public Notification

This application is not subject to 'impact assessment' and therefore does not require Public Notification.

4.0. Assessment Benchmarks

This section assesses the application against all relevant assessment benchmarks.

4.1 State Planning Regulatory Provisions

No State Planning Regulatory Provisions are relevant to this application.

4.2 State Planning Policy

It is understood that all relevant state interests have been appropriately integrated into the Planning Scheme relevant to the site.

4.3 State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP)

No State Development Assessment Provisions are identified as being applicable to the proposal.

4.4 Douglas Shire Planning Scheme

Under the current Douglas Shire Planning Scheme, the subject site is included within the Tourist Accommodation Zone. Within this zone, the proposed Material Change of Use for 'Dual Occupancy' and Reconfiguring a Lot are identified as being 'code-assessable' development.

4.4.1 Codes

The following codes are identified as being relevant to this development application:

- Tourist Accommodation Zone Code;
- Port Douglas / Craiglie Local Plan Code;
- Dual Occupancy Code;
- Reconfiguring a Lot Code;
- Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code;
- Coastal Environment Overlay Code;
- Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Code;
- Landscape Values Overlay Code;
- Transport Network Overlay Code;
- Access, Parking and Servicing Code;
- Environmental Performance Code;
- Infrastructure Works Code; and
- Landscaping Code.

A detailed assessment against the above codes is included as **Annexure 8** to this report. It is noted that only the very front portion of the site is impacted by the Coastal Environment Overlay Code and Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Code and that these codes are inconsequential in this case given the existing pattern of development and footprint location of the proposal, therefore a full assessment has not been undertaken against these codes.

5.0. Conclusion

This submission supports an application by N D Verri for a Development Permit for Material Change of Use for 'Dual Occupancy' and Reconfiguring a Lot (1 lot into 2 lots) over land at 56 Mudlo Street, Port Douglas, described as Lot 7 on PTD20933.

The submission has included an assessment of the proposal against the relevant statutory planning controls at both the local and state level and included supporting information intended to address the likely concerns of Council and assessing authorities.

In summary, we submit that the proposed development is unlikely to have any significant impacts on the infrastructure, environment or community of the surrounding area that cannot be adequately controlled through the use of reasonable and relevant conditions.

We trust this information is sufficient for your purposes; however should you require any further details or clarification, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours Faithfully

7.h____

Evan Yelavich Director / Planner Planning Plus QLD Pty Ltd

Annexure 1:	DA Form 1
Annexure 2:	Google Globe Aerial Image
Annexure 3:	SmartMap
Annexure 4:	Title Certificate
Annexure 5:	Planning Scheme Property Report
Annexure 6:	SARA Mapping
Annexure 7:	Proposal Plans
Annexure 8:	Planning Scheme Code Assessment

Annexure 1: DA Form 1

DA Form 1 – Development application details

Approved form (version 1.3 effective 28 September 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016.

This form **must** be used to make a development application **involving code assessment or impact assessment**, except when applying for development involving only building work.

For a development application involving building work only, use DA Form 2 – Building work details.

For a development application involving building work associated with any other type of assessable development (i.e. material change of use, operational work or reconfiguring a lot), use this form (*DA Form 1*) and parts 4 to 6 of *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

Unless stated otherwise, all parts of this form **must** be completed in full and all required supporting information **must** accompany the development application.

One or more additional pages may be attached as a schedule to this development application if there is insufficient space on the form to include all the necessary information.

This form and any other form relevant to the development application must be used to make a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land under the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994*, and airport land under the *Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008*. For the purpose of assessing a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land, any reference to a planning scheme is taken to mean a land use plan for the strategic port land, Brisbane port land use plan for Brisbane core port land, or a land use plan for airport land.

Note: All terms used in this form have the meaning given under the Planning Act 2016, the Planning Regulation 2017, or the Development Assessment Rules (DA Rules).

PART 1 – APPLICANT DETAILS

1) Applicant details	
Applicant name(s) (individual or company full name)	N D Verri C/- Planning Plus
Contact name (only applicable for companies)	Evan Yelavich
Postal address (P.O. Box or street address)	PO Box 399
Suburb	Redlynch
State	QLD
Postcode	4870
Country	
Contact number	(07) 40393409
Email address (non-mandatory)	Evan@planningplusqld.com.au
Mobile number (non-mandatory)	
Fax number (non-mandatory)	
Applicant's reference number(s) (if applicable)	

2) Owner's consent

2.1) Is written consent of the owner required for this development application?

Yes – the written consent of the owner(s) is attached to this development application

 \square No – proceed to 3)



PART 2 – LOCATION DETAILS

3) Location of the premises (complete 3.1) or 3.2), and 3.3) as applicable) Note: Provide details below and attach a site plan for any or all premises part of the development application. For further information, see <u>DA</u> Forms Guide: Relevant plans.									
3.1) Street address and lot on plan									
🖂 Str	eet address	AND lo	ot on pla	an (a <i>ll l</i> e	ots must be liste	ed), or			
					an adjoining e <i>tty, pontoon. A</i>				premises (appropriate for development in
	Unit No.	Street	t No.	Stree	t Name and	Туре			Suburb
a)		56		Mudle	o Street				Port Douglas
a)	Postcode	Lot N	0.	Plan	Type and Νι	umber ((e.g. RP	, SP)	Local Government Area(s)
	4877	7		PTD2	20933				Douglas Shire
	Unit No.	Street	t No.	Stree	t Name and	Туре			Suburb
b)									
b)	Postcode	Lot N	0.	Plan	Type and Νι	umber ((e.g. RP	, SP)	Local Government Area(s)
e.	coordinates o g. channel drec Place each set o	lging in N	/loreton B	Bay)		ent in ren	note area	s, over part of a	lot or in water not adjoining or adjacent to land
Co	ordinates of	premis	es by lo	ongituc	le and latitud	de			
Longit	ude(s)		Latitud	de(s)		Datu	m		Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)
						🗌 W	/GS84		
						G	DA94		
						0 []	ther:		
Co	ordinates of	premis	es by e	asting	and northing	9			
Eastir	g(s)	North	ing(s)		Zone Ref.	Datum			Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)
					54	WGS84			
					55		DA94		
					56	0 []	ther:		
3.3) A	dditional pre	mises							
							pplicati	on and the de	etails of these premises have been
		chequie	e to this	develo	opment appli	Ication			
⊠ Not required									
4) Identify any of the following that apply to the premises and provide any relevant details									
In or adjacent to a water body or watercourse or in or above an aquifer									
Name of water body, watercourse or aquifer:									
On strategic port land under the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act</i> 1994									
Lot on plan description of strategic port land:									
Name of port authority for the lot:									
Name of local government for the tidal area (<i>if applicable</i>):									
Name of port authority for tidal area (<i>if applicable</i>):									
On airport land under the Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008									
	Name of airport:								

Listed on the Environmental Management Register (EMR) under the Environmental Protection Act 1994		
EMR site identification:		
Listed on the Contaminated Land Register (CLR) under the Environmental Protection Act 1994		
CLR site identification:		

5) Are there any existing easements over the premises?

Note: Easement uses vary throughout Queensland and are to be identified correctly and accurately. For further information on easements and how they may affect the proposed development, see <u>DA Forms Guide</u>.

Yes – All easement locations, types and dimensions are included in plans submitted with this development application

🛛 No

PART 3 – DEVELOPMENT DETAILS

Section 1 – Aspects of development

6.1) Provide details about the first development aspect				
a) What is the type of development? (tick only one box)				
Material change of use Reconfiguring a lot Operational work Building work				
b) What is the approval type? (tick only one box)				
Development permit Preliminary approval Preliminary approval that includes a variation approval				
c) What is the level of assessment?				
Code assessment Impact assessment (requires public notification)				
d) Provide a brief description of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit apartment building defined as multi-unit dwelling, reconfiguration of 1 lot into 3 lots):				
Dual Occupancy				
e) Relevant plans				
Note: Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms guide:</u> <u>Relevant plans.</u>				
Relevant plans of the proposed development are attached to the development application				
6.2) Provide details about the second development aspect				
a) What is the type of development? (tick only one box)				
☐ Material change of use ☐ Reconfiguring a lot ☐ Operational work ☐ Building work				
b) What is the approval type? (tick only one box)				
Development permit Preliminary approval Preliminary approval that includes a variation approval				
c) What is the level of assessment?				
Code assessment Impact assessment (requires public notification)				
d) Provide a brief description of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit apartment building defined as multi-unit dwelling, reconfiguration of 1 lot into 3 lots):				
Subdivision (1 lot into 2 lots)				
e) Relevant plans Note: Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms Guide:</u> <u>Relevant plans.</u>				
Relevant plans of the proposed development are attached to the development application				
 6.3) Additional aspects of development Additional aspects of development are relevant to this development application and the details for these aspects that would be required under Part 3 Section 1 of this form have been attached to this development application Not required 				

Section 2 - Further development details

7) Does the proposed development application involve any of the following?		
Material change of use	$oxed{ imes}$ Yes – complete division 1 if assessable against a local planning instrument	
Reconfiguring a lot	🔀 Yes – complete division 2	
Operational work	Yes – complete division 3	
Building work	Yes – complete DA Form 2 – Building work details	

Division 1 – Material change of use

Note: This division is only required to be completed if any part of the development application involves a material change of use assessable against a local planning instrument.

8.1) Describe the proposed material change of use			
Provide a general description of the proposed use	Provide the planning scheme definition (include each definition in a new row)	Number of dwelling units <i>(if applicable)</i>	Gross floor area (m²) <i>(if applicable)</i>
2 x dwellings	Dual Occupancy		
8.2) Does the proposed use involve the	use of existing buildings on the premises?		
🗌 Yes			
No			

Division 2 – Reconfiguring a lot

Note: This division is only required to be completed if any part of the development application involves reconfiguring a lot.

9.1) What is the total number of existing lots making up the premises?				
1				
9.2) What is the nature of the lot reconfiguration? (tick all applicable boxes)				
Subdivision (complete 10))	Dividing land into parts by agreement (complete 11))			
Boundary realignment (complete 12)) Creating or changing an easement giving access to a lot from a constructed road (complete 13))				

10) Subdivision				
10.1) For this development, how	10.1) For this development, how many lots are being created and what is the intended use of those lots:			
Intended use of lots created	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other, please specify:
Number of lots created	2			
10.2) Will the subdivision be stag	10.2) Will the subdivision be staged?			
Yes – provide additional details below				
No				
How many stages will the works include?				
What stage(s) will this development application apply to?				

11) Dividing land into parts by ag parts?	reement – how mar	ny parts are being c	created and what is	the intended use of the
Intended use of parts created	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Other, please specify:

Number of parts created		

12) Boundary realignment					
12.1) What are the current and proposed areas for each lot comprising the premises?					
Current lot Proposed lot					
Lot on plan description	Area (m ²)	Lot on plan description	Area (m²)		
12.2) What is the reason for the boundary realignment?					

13) What are the di (attach schedule if there			v existing easements being changed and	/or any proposed easement?
Existing or proposed?	Width (m)	Length (m)	Purpose of the easement? (e.g. pedestrian access)	Identify the land/lot(s) benefitted by the easement

Division 3 – Operational work

Note: This division is only required to be completed if any part of the development application involves operational work.

14.1) What is the nature of the o	perational work?		
Road work	Stormwater	Water infrastructure	
Drainage work	Earthworks	Sewage infrastructure	
Landscaping	🗌 Signage	Clearing vegetation	
Other – please specify:			
14.2) Is the operational work neo	essary to facilitate the creation of r	iew lots? (e.g. subdivision)	
Yes – specify number of new	lots:		
No			
14.3) What is the monetary value	e of the proposed operational work	(include GST, materials and labour)	
\$			

PART 4 – ASSESSMENT MANAGER DETAILS

15) Identify the assessment manager(s) who will be assessing this development application
Douglas Shire Council
16) Has the local government agreed to apply a superseded planning scheme for this development application?
Yes – a copy of the decision notice is attached to this development application
The local government is taken to have agreed to the superseded planning scheme request – relevant documents attached
No

PART 5 – REFERRAL DETAILS

17) Does this development application include any aspects that have any referral requirements? *Note:* A development application will require referral if prescribed by the Planning Regulation 2017.

No, there are no referral requirements relevant to any development aspects identified in this development application – proceed to Part 6
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the Planning Act 2016:
Clearing native vegetation
Contaminated land (unexploded ordnance)
Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA has not been devolved to a local government)
Fisheries – aquaculture
Fisheries – declared fish habitat area
Fisheries – marine plants
Fisheries – waterway barrier works
Hazardous chemical facilities
Heritage places – Queensland heritage place (on or near a Queensland heritage place)
Infrastructure-related referrals – designated premises
Infrastructure-related referrals – state transport infrastructure
Infrastructure-related referrals – State transport corridor and future State transport corridor
Infrastructure-related referrals – State-controlled transport tunnels and future state-controlled transport tunnels
Infrastructure-related referrals – near a state-controlled road intersection
Koala habitat in SEQ region – interfering with koala habitat in koala habitat areas outside koala priority areas
Koala habitat in SEQ region – key resource areas
Ports – Brisbane core port land – near a State transport corridor or future State transport corridor
Ports – Brisbane core port land – environmentally relevant activity (ERA)
Ports – Brisbane core port land – tidal works or work in a coastal management district
Ports – Brisbane core port land – hazardous chemical facility
Ports – Brisbane core port land – taking or interfering with water
Ports – Brisbane core port land – referable dams
Ports – Brisbane core port land – fisheries
Ports – Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits (below high-water mark)
SEQ development area
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – tourist activity or sport and recreation activity
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – community activity
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – indoor recreation
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – urban activity
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – combined use
☐ Tidal works or works in a coastal management district
Reconfiguring a lot in a coastal management district or for a canal
Erosion prone area in a coastal management district
Urban design
Water-related development – taking or interfering with water
Water-related development – removing quarry material (from a watercourse or lake)
Water-related development – referable dams
Water-related development –levees (category 3 levees only)
Wetland protection area
Matters requiring referral to the local government:
Airport land
Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA has been devolved to local government)
 Heritage places – Local heritage places
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the distribution entity or transmission entity:
Infrastructure-related referrals – Electricity infrastructure

Matters requiring referral to:

- The Chief Executive of the holder of the licence, if not an individual
- The **holder of the licence**, if the holder of the licence is an individual

Infrastructure-related referrals – Oil and gas infrastructure

Matters requiring referral to the **Brisbane City Council**:

Ports – Brisbane core port land

Matters requiring referral to the Minister responsible for administering the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994:

Ports – Brisbane core port land (where inconsistent with the Brisbane port LUP for transport reasons)

Ports – Strategic port land

Matters requiring referral to the relevant port operator, if applicant is not port operator:

Ports - Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits (below high-water mark)

Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the relevant port authority:

Ports – Land within limits of another port (below high-water mark)

Matters requiring referral to the Gold Coast Waterways Authority:

Tidal works or work in a coastal management district (in Gold Coast waters)

Matters requiring referral to the **Queensland Fire and Emergency Service**:

Tidal works or work in a coastal management district (involving a marina (more than six vessel berths))

18) Has any referral agency provided a referral response for this development application?

☐ Yes – referral response(s) received and listed below are attached to this development application ⊠ No

requirement

Identify and describe any changes made to the proposed development application that was the subject of the referral response and this development application, or include details in a schedule to this development application *(if applicable).*

Referral agency

PART 6 – INFORMATION REQUEST

19) Information request under Part 3 of the DA Rules

 \boxtimes I agree to receive an information request if determined necessary for this development application

I do not agree to accept an information request for this development application

Note: By not agreeing to accept an information request I, the applicant, acknowledge:

 that this development application will be assessed and decided based on the information provided when making this development application and the assessment manager and any referral agencies relevant to the development application are not obligated under the DA Rules to accept any additional information provided by the applicant for the development application unless agreed to by the relevant parties

• Part 3 of the DA Rules will still apply if the application is an application listed under section 11.3 of the DA Rules.

Further advice about information requests is contained in the <u>DA Forms Guide</u>.

PART 7 – FURTHER DETAILS

20) Are there any associated development applications or current approvals? (e.g. a preliminary approval)
 Yes – provide details below or include details in a schedule to this development application
 No

Date of referral response

List of approval/development application references	Reference number	Date	Assessment manager
 Approval Development application 			
 Approval Development application 			

21) Has the portable long service leave levy been paid? (only applicable to development applications involving building work or operational work)

Yes – a copy of the rece	oted QLeave form is attached	to this development application

No – I, the applicant will provide evidence that the portable long service leave levy has been paid before the
assessment manager decides the development application. I acknowledge that the assessment manager may
give a development approval only if I provide evidence that the portable long service leave levy has been paid
Not applicable (e.g. building and construction work is less than \$150,000 excluding GST)

Amount paid	Date paid (dd/mm/yy)	QLeave levy number (A, B or E)
\$		

22) Is this development application in response to a show cause notice or required as a result of an enforcement notice?

Yes – show cause or enforcement notice is attached

🛛 No

23) Further legislative requirements

Environmentally relevant activities

23.1) Is this development application also taken to be an application for an environmental authority for an **Environmentally Relevant Activity (ERA)** under section 115 of the *Environmental Protection Act* 1994?

Yes – the required attachment (form ESR/2015/1791) for an application for an environmental authority accompanies this development application, and details are provided in the table below

🛛 No

Note: Application for an environmental authority can be found by searching "ESR/2015/1791" as a search term at <u>www.qld.gov.au</u>. An ERA requires an environmental authority to operate. See <u>www.business.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.

Proposed ERA number:	Proposed ERA threshold:	

Multiple ERAs are applicable to this development application and the details have been attached in a schedule to this development application.

Hazardous chemical facilities

23.2) Is this development application for a hazardous chemical facility?

Yes – Form 69: Notification of a facility exceeding 10% of schedule 15 threshold is attached to this development application

🛛 No

Note: See <u>www.business.qld.gov.au</u> for further information about hazardous chemical notifications.

Clearing native vegetation
23.3) Does this development application involve clearing native vegetation that requires written confirmation that the chief executive of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> is satisfied the clearing is for a relevant purpose under section 22A of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> ?
Yes – this development application includes written confirmation from the chief executive of the Vegetation Management Act 1999 (s22A determination)
 No Note: 1. Where a development application for operational work or material change of use requires a s22A determination and this is not included, the development application is prohibited development. 2. See https://www.gld.gov.au/environment/land/vegetation/applying for further information on how to obtain a s22A determination.
Environmental offsets
23.4) Is this development application taken to be a prescribed activity that may have a significant residual impact on a prescribed environmental matter under the <i>Environmental Offsets Act 2014</i> ?
Yes – I acknowledge that an environmental offset must be provided for any prescribed activity assessed as having a significant residual impact on a prescribed environmental matter
No Note : The environmental offset section of the Queensland Government's website can be accessed at <u>www.qld.gov.au</u> for further information on environmental offsets.
Koala habitat in SEQ Region
23.5) Does this development application involve a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot or operational work which is assessable development under Schedule 10, Part 10 of the Planning Regulation 2017?
 Yes – the development application involves premises in the koala habitat area in the koala priority area Yes – the development application involves premises in the koala habitat area outside the koala priority area No
Note : If a koala habitat area determination has been obtained for this premises and is current over the land, it should be provided as part of this development application. See koala habitat area guidance materials at <u>www.des.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.
Water resources
23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> ?
 Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> may be required prior to commencing development No
Note : Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at <u>www.dnrme.gld.gov.au</u> for further information.
DA templates are available from <u>https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/</u> . If the development application involves:
 Taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore: complete DA Form 1 Template 1 Taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring: complete DA Form1 Template 2
Taking overland flow water: complete DA Form 1 Template 3.
Waterway barrier works
 23.7) Does this application involve waterway barrier works? Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application
\boxtimes No
DA templates are available from <u>https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/</u> . For a development application involving waterway barrier works, complete DA Form 1 Template 4.
Marine activities
23.8) Does this development application involve aquaculture, works within a declared fish habitat area or removal, disturbance or destruction of marine plants?
Yes – an associated <i>resource</i> allocation authority is attached to this development application, if required under the <i>Fisheries Act 1994</i>
No

Note: See guidance materials at <u>www.daf.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.

Quarry materials from a watercourse or lake				
23.9) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from a watercourse or lake under the <i>Water Act 2000?</i>				
No	lote: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at www.dnrme.qld.gov.au and www.business.qld.gov.au for further			
Quarry materials from land	under tidal waters			
23.10) Does this development under the <i>Coastal Protection</i> a			n land under tidal water	
☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a ☑ No			o commencing development	
Note: Contact the Department of Env	ironment and Science at <u>www.des.</u>	<u>qld.gov.au</u> for further information.		
Referable dams				
23.11) Does this development section 343 of the <i>Water Supp</i>				
No	his development application		dministering the Water	
Note: See guidance materials at www				
Tidal work or development	within a coastal manageme	ent district		
23.12) Does this development	application involve tidal wo	ork or development in a coas	stal management district?	
 Yes – the following is included with this development application: Evidence the proposal meets the code for assessable development that is prescribed tidal work (only required if application involves prescribed tidal work) A certificate of title No Note: See guidance materials at www.des.gld.gov.au for further information. 				
Queensland and local herita				
23.13) Does this development heritage register or on a place	t application propose develo			
☐ Yes – details of the heritag ➢ No Note: See guidance materials at www			Queensland heritage places	
Name of the heritage place:	v.des.qid.gov.dd for information req	Place ID:		
0				
<u>Brothels</u> 23.14) Does this development application involve a material change of use for a brothel ?				
 Yes – this development application demonstrates how the proposal meets the code for a development application for a brothel under Schedule 3 of the <i>Prostitution Regulation 2014</i> No 				
Decision under section 62 of the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994				
23.15) Does this development application involve new or changed access to a state-controlled road?				
 Yes – this application will be taken to be an application for a decision under section 62 of the <i>Transport</i> <i>Infrastructure Act 1994</i> (subject to the conditions in section 75 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> being satisfied) No 				

Walkable neighbourhoods assessment benchmarks under Schedule 12A of the Planning Regulation

23.16) Does this development application involve reconfiguring a lot into 2 or more lots in certain residential zones (except rural residential zones), where at least one road is created or extended?

Schedule 12A is applicable to the development application and the assessment benchmarks contained in schedule 12A have been considered

🛛 No

Note: See guidance materials at <u>www.planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.

PART 8 – CHECKLIST AND APPLICANT DECLARATION

24) Development application checklist			
I have identified the assessment manager in question 15 and all relevant referral requirement(s) in question 17 <i>Note</i> : <i>See the Planning Regulation 2017 for referral requirements</i>	⊠ Yes		
If building work is associated with the proposed development, Parts 4 to 6 of <u>DA Form 2 –</u> <u>Building work details</u> have been completed and attached to this development application	☐ Yes ⊠ Not applicable		
Supporting information addressing any applicable assessment benchmarks is with the development application Note: This is a mandatory requirement and includes any relevant templates under question 23, a planning report and any technical reports required by the relevant categorising instruments (e.g. local government planning schemes, State Planning Policy, State Development Assessment Provisions). For further information, see <u>DA</u> Forms Guide: Planning Report Template.	⊠ Yes		
Relevant plans of the development are attached to this development application Note : Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms Guide: Relevant plans.</u>	🛛 Yes		
The portable long service leave levy for QLeave has been paid, or will be paid before a development permit is issued (<i>see 21</i>)	☐ Yes ⊠ Not applicable		

25) Applicant declaration

- By making this development application, I declare that all information in this development application is true and correct
- Where an email address is provided in Part 1 of this form, I consent to receive future electronic communications from the assessment manager and any referral agency for the development application where written information is required or permitted pursuant to sections 11 and 12 of the *Electronic Transactions Act 2001*

Note: It is unlawful to intentionally provide false or misleading information.

Privacy – Personal information collected in this form will be used by the assessment manager and/or chosen assessment manager, any relevant referral agency and/or building certifier (including any professional advisers which may be engaged by those entities) while processing, assessing and deciding the development application. All information relating to this development application may be available for inspection and purchase, and/or published on the assessment manager's and/or referral agency's website.

Personal information will not be disclosed for a purpose unrelated to the *Planning Act 2016*, Planning Regulation 2017 and the DA Rules except where:

- such disclosure is in accordance with the provisions about public access to documents contained in the *Planning Act 2016* and the Planning Regulation 2017, and the access rules made under the *Planning Act 2016* and Planning Regulation 2017; or
- required by other legislation (including the Right to Information Act 2009); or
- otherwise required by law.

This information may be stored in relevant databases. The information collected will be retained as required by the *Public Records Act 2002.*

PART 9 – FOR COMPLETION OF THE ASSESSMENT MANAGER – FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Date received:	Reference numl	per(s):	
Notification of engagement of alternative assessment manager			
Prescribed assessment manager			
Name of chosen assessment manager			
Date chosen assessment manager engaged			

Contact number of chosen assessment manager Relevant licence number(s) of chosen assessment

manager

QLeave notification and payment Note: For completion by assessment manager if applicable			
Description of the work			
QLeave project number			
Amount paid (\$)		Date paid (dd/mm/yy)	
Date receipted form sighted by assessment manager			
Name of officer who sighted the form			

LAND OWNER CONSENT FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION UNDER PLANNING ACT 2016

I/we.

JACK PAUL VUCAS

DIANA MAY VUCAS

JACK PAUL VUCAS & DIANA MAY LUCAS.

(Name/s)

being the registered land owner/s of Lot 7 on PTD20933, hereby consent to the lodgement of a development application by N D Verri for Material Change of Use and Reconfiguring a Lot over the subject land.

Annexure 2: Google Globe Aerial Image

9 https://ppqld-my.sharepoint.com/personal/evan_planningplusqld_com_au/Documents/JOBS/21-10 56 Mudlo St/Word/001092.docx

16°29'29"S 145°27'46"E

16°29'29"S 145°27'50"E



16°29'31"S 145°27'46"E

16°29'31"S 145°27'50"E





Legend located on next page

N 10 metres

Scale: 1:348

Printed at: A3 Print date: 9/4/2021 Datum: Geocentric Datum of Australia 1994 Projection: Web Mercator EPSG 102100

For more information, visit https://qldglobe.information.qld.gov.au/help-info/Contact-us.html

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Eegend

Attribution

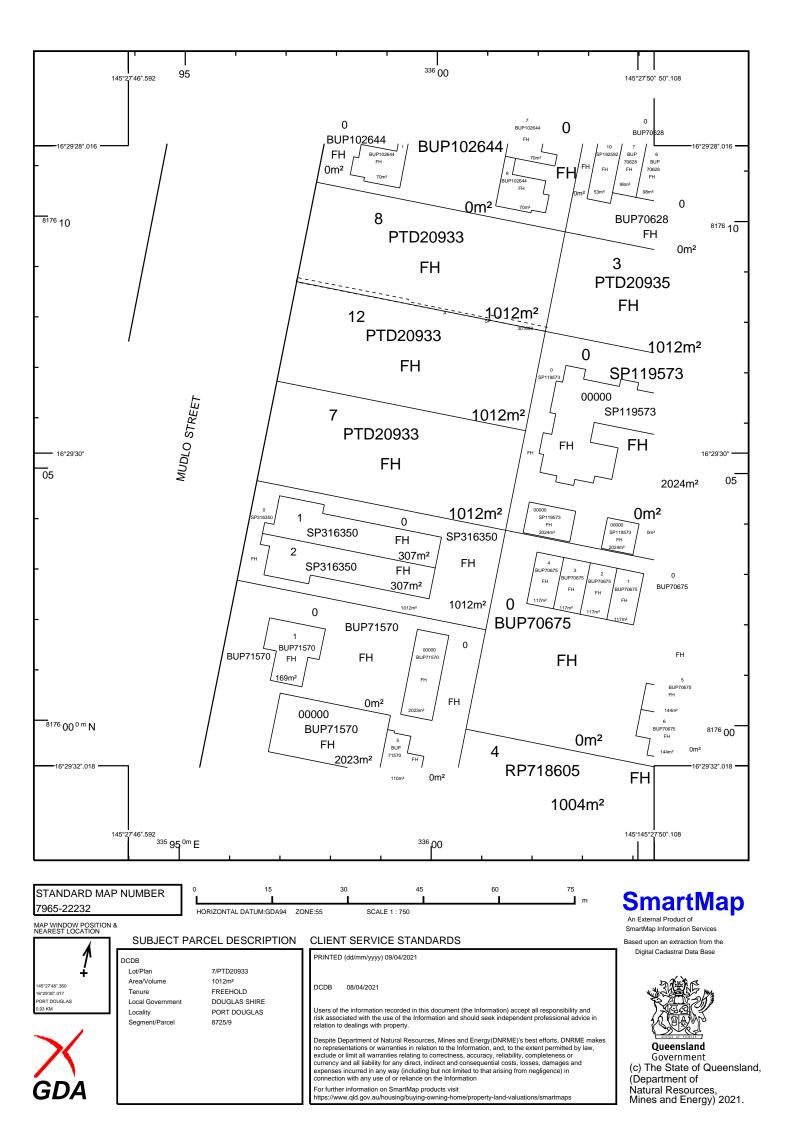
Natural parcel boundary	Road	Includes material © St Commonwealth of Au reserved, 2021.
	Highway	© State of Queenslan
Road parcel	- Main	2020
	- Local	© State of Queenslan
	- Private	
Land parcel		
Parcel		
Easement parcel		
Strata parcel		
Volumetric parcel		
Land parcel label		
Road Crossing		
- Bridge		
Tunnel		
Railway		
-		

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Island (Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy)

sland (Department of Resources) 2021

Annexure 3: SmartMap



Annexure 4: Title Certificate



TITLES REGISTRY

Department of Resources ABN 59 020 847 551

Title Reference:	21078125	Search Date:	06/04/2021 1
Date Title Created:	29/09/1978	Request No:	36819

Creating Dealing:

ESTATE AND LAND

Estate in Fee Simple

LOT 7 CROWN PLAN PTD20933 Local Government: DOUGLAS

REGISTERED OWNER

Dealing No: 716964834 18/12/2015

JACK PAUL VUCAS DIANA MAY VUCAS

JOINT TENANTS

EASEMENTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND INTERESTS

1. Rights and interests reserved to the Crown by Deed of Grant No. 21078125 (ALLOT 7 SEC 17)

ADMINISTRATIVE ADVICES

NIL

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS

NIL

** End of Current Title Search **

Annexure 5: Planning Scheme Property Report



Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0 56 Mudlo Street PORT DOUGLAS

2018 Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme Property Report

The following report has been automatically generated to provide a general indication of development related information applying to the premise.

For more information and to determine if the mapping layers are applicable, refer to the <u>2018 Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme</u>. This report is not intended to replace the need for carrying out a detailed assessment of Council and State controls or the need to seek your own professional advice on any town planning instrument, local law or other controls that may impact on the existing or intended use of the premise mentioned in this report. For further information please contact Council by phone: <u>07 4099 9444</u> or <u>1800 026 318</u> or email <u>enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au</u>.

Visit Council's website to apply for an <u>official property search or certificate</u>, or contact the <u>Department of Natural Resources</u>, <u>Mines and Energy</u> to undertake a title search to ascertain how easements may affect a premise.

Property Information

 Property Address
 <u>56 Mudio Street PORT DOLIGLAS</u>

 Lot Plan
 ZPTD20933 (Freehold - 1012m²)

Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0 The table below provides a summary of the Zones and Overlays that apply to the selected property.

D Zoning

Applicable Zone Tourist Accommodation More Information

- <u>View Section 6.2.14 Tourist Accommodation Zone Code</u>
- <u>View Section 6.2.14 Tourist Accommodation Zone</u>
 <u>Compliance table</u>
- <u>View Section 6.2.14 Tourist Accommodation Zone</u>
 <u>Assessment table</u>





Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0 56 Mudlo Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 06/04/2021

Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0 The table below provides a summary of the Zones and Overlays that apply to the selected property.			
ወ <u>Local Plans</u>	Applicable Precinct or Area Port Douglas - Craiglie	 More Information <u>View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan Code</u> <u>View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan</u> <u>Compliance table</u> 	
即 <u>Acid Sulfate Soils</u>	Applicable Precinct or Area Acid Sulfate Soils (5-20m AHD) Acid Sulfate Soils (< 5m AHD)	 More Information <u>View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code</u> <u>View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Compliance</u> <u>table</u> 	
囗 <u>Coastal Processes</u>	Applicable Precinct or Area Erosion Prone Area	More Information • View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Compliance table	
仰 <u>Flood Storm</u>	Applicable Precinct or Area Medium Storm Tide Hazard	 More Information View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Code View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table 	
邱 <u>Landscape Values</u>	Scenic Buffer Area Scenic route buffer View corridor	More Information • View Section 8.2.6 Landscape Values Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.6 Landscape Values Overlay Compliance table	
Ø <u>Transport Noise Corridors</u>	Applicable Precinct or Area Category 1: 58 dB(A) =< Noise Level < 63 dB(A)	More Information • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table	
Ø <u>Transport Pedestrian Cycle</u>	Applicable Precinct or Area Neighbourhood Route	More Information • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table	
ወ <u>Transport Road Hierarcy</u>	Applicable Precinct or Area Collector Road Major Transport Corridor Buffer Area (State Controlled Road)	More Information • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code) • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table	





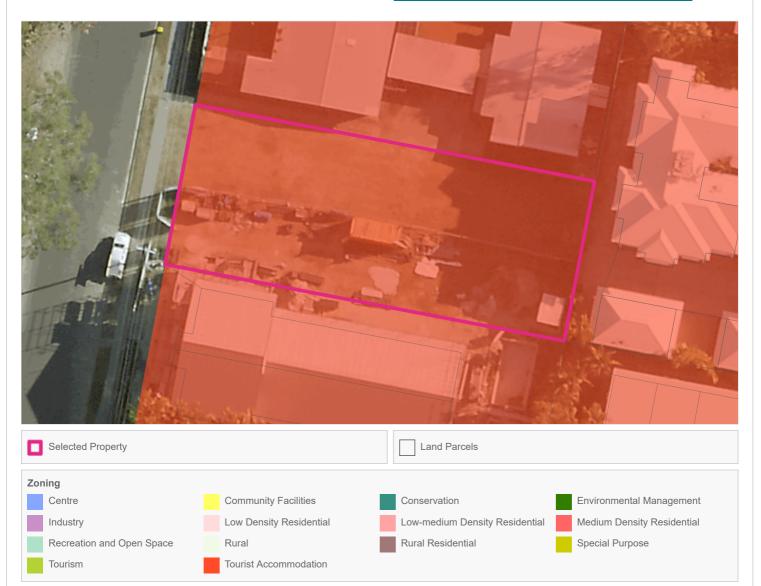
Zoning

Applicable Zone

Tourist Accommodation

More Information

- <u>View Section 6.2.14 Tourist Accommodation Zone Code</u>
- <u>View Section 6.2.14 Tourist Accommodation Zone Compliance table</u>
- <u>View Section 6.2.14 Tourist Accommodation Zone Assessment table</u>



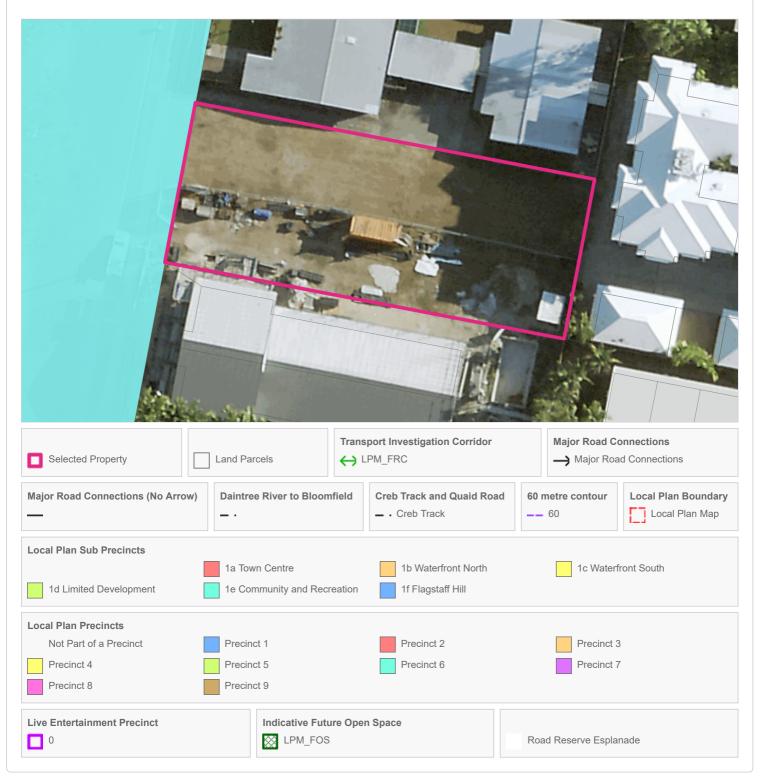


Local Plans

Applicable Precinct or Area Port Douglas - Craiglie

More Information

- <u>View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan Code</u>
- <u>View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan Compliance table</u>





Acid Sulfate Soils

Applicable Precinct or Area Acid Sulfate Soils (5-20m AHD) Acid Sulfate Soils (< 5m AHD)

- More Information
- <u>View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code</u>
- <u>View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Compliance table</u>







Coastal Processes

Applicable Precinct or Area Erosion Prone Area More Information

- <u>View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Code</u>
- <u>View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Compliance table</u>

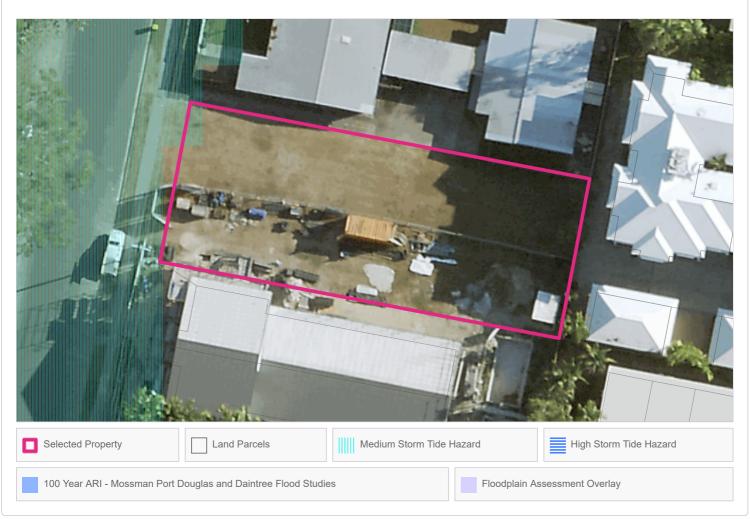




Flood Storm

Applicable Precinct or Area Medium Storm Tide Hazard

- More Information
- <u>View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Code</u>
- <u>View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table</u>







Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0 56 Mudlo Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 06/04/2021

Landscape Values

Scenic Buffer Area Scenic route buffer View corridor

More Information

- <u>View Section 8.2.6 Landscape Values Overlay Code</u>
- <u>View Section 8.2.6 Landscape Values Overlay Compliance table</u>



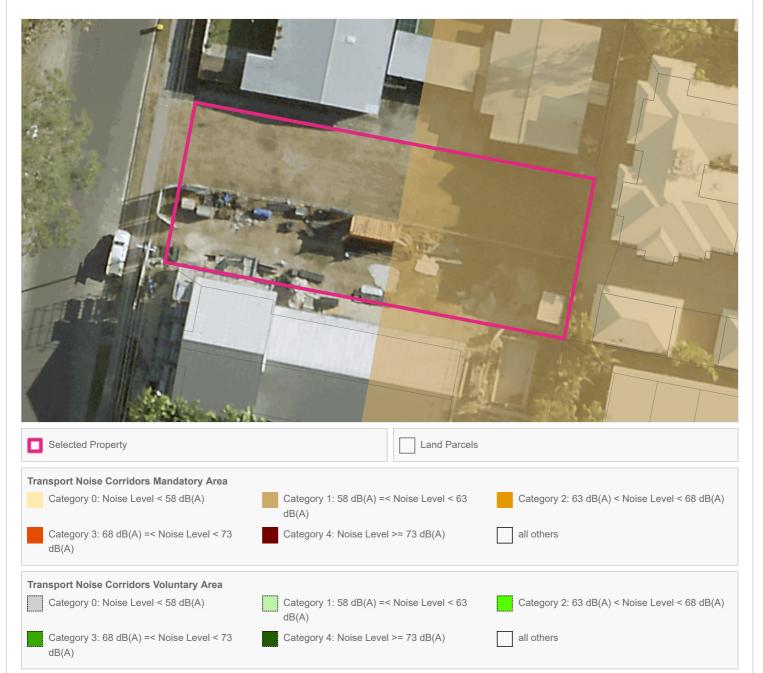


Transport Noise Corridors

Applicable Precinct or Area Category 1: 58 dB(A) =< Noise Level < 63 dB(A)

More Information

- <u>View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code</u>
- <u>View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table</u>





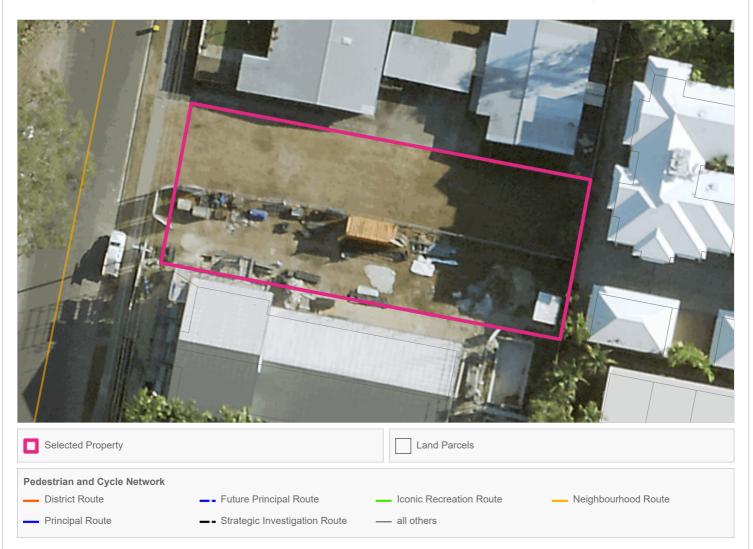
Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0 56 Mudlo Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 06/04/2021

Transport Pedestrian Cycle

Applicable Precinct or Area Neighbourhood Route More Information

- <u>View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code</u>
- <u>View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table</u>







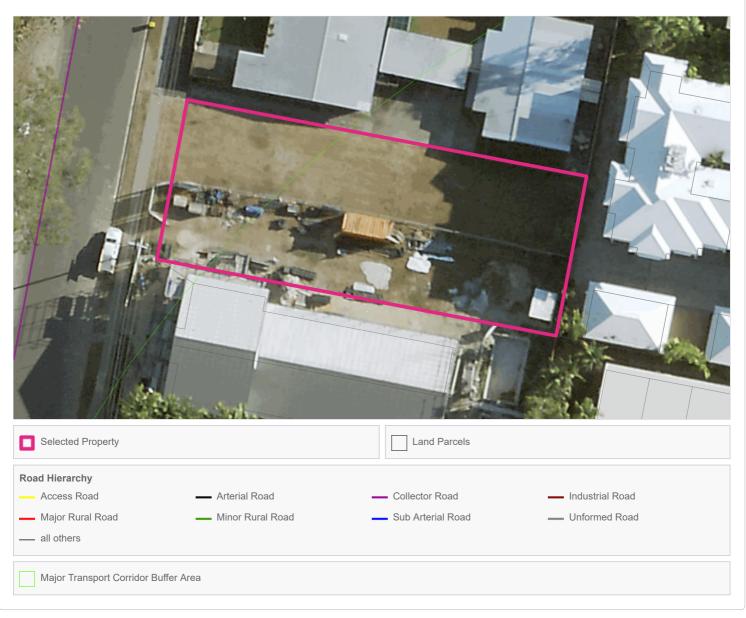
Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0 56 Mudlo Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 06/04/2021

Transport Road Hierarcy

Applicable Precinct or Area Collector Road Major Transport Corridor Buffer Area (State Controlled Road) More Information

- <u>View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code</u>
- View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table

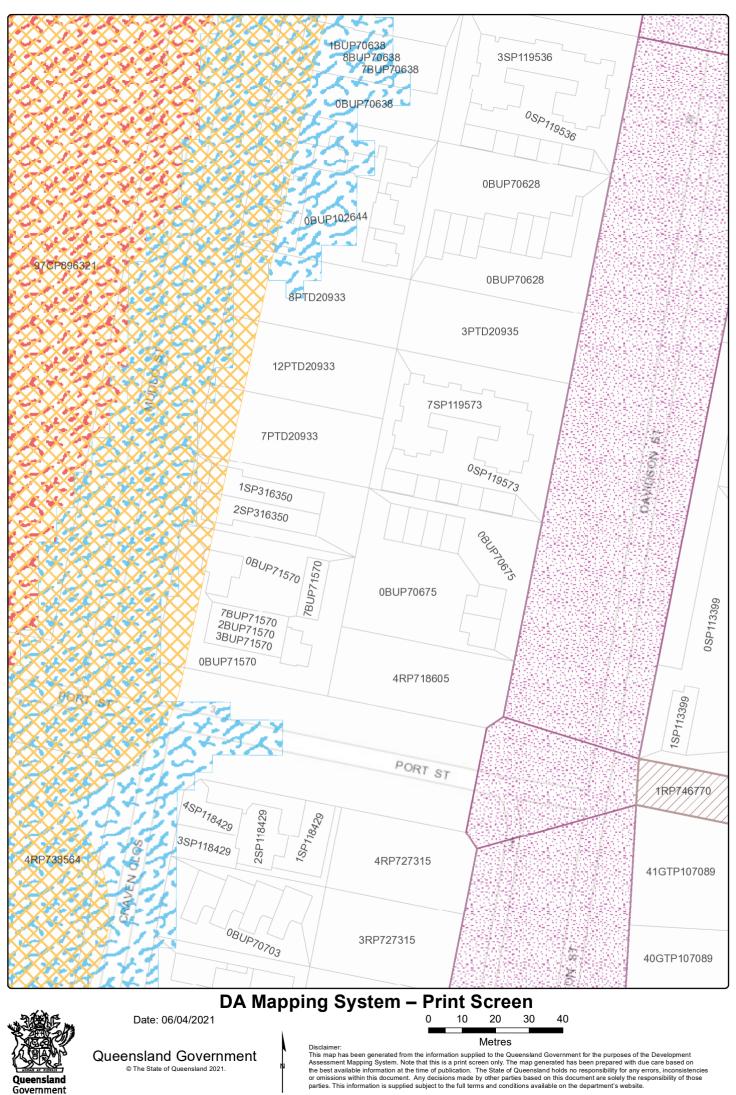


Disclaimer

This report is not a substitute for a Planning and Development Certificate and should not be relied upon where the reliance may result in loss, damage or injury. While every effort is taken to ensure the information in this report is accurate and up to date, Douglas Shire Council makes no representations or warranties about its accuracy, reliability, completeness or suitability for any particular purpose and disclaims all responsibility and all liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages (including indirect or consequential damage) and costs that may occur as a result of the report being inaccurate or incomplete in any way or for any reason.



Annexure 6: SARA Mapping



Government

Legend

Cadastre

Cadastre

Coastal building line

Coastal building line

Coastal management district

Coastal management district

Coastal area - erosion prone area



4

ч.,

Coastal area - erosion prone area

Coastal area - medium storm tide inundation area

Coastal area - medium storm tide inundation area

Coastal area - high storm tide inundation area

Coastal area - high storm tide inundation area

Busway corridor

Busway corridor

Light rail corridor

Light rail corridor

State-controlled road

State-controlled road

Railway corridor



DA Mapping System – Print Screen

Date: 06/04/2021

Disclaimer: Disclaimer: This map has been generated from the information supplied to the Queensland Government for the purposes of the Development Assessment Mapping System. Note that this is a print screen only. The map generated has been prepared with due care based on the best available information at the time of publication. The State of Queensland holds no responsibility for any errors, inconsistencies or omissions within this document. Any decisions made by other parties based on this document are solely the responsibility of those parties. This information is supplied subject to the full terms and conditions available on the department's website.

Queensland Government © The State of Queensland 2021.

Railway corridor

Annexure 7: Proposal Plans

56 MUDLO ST - PORT DOUGLAS - PROPOSED 56A & 56B





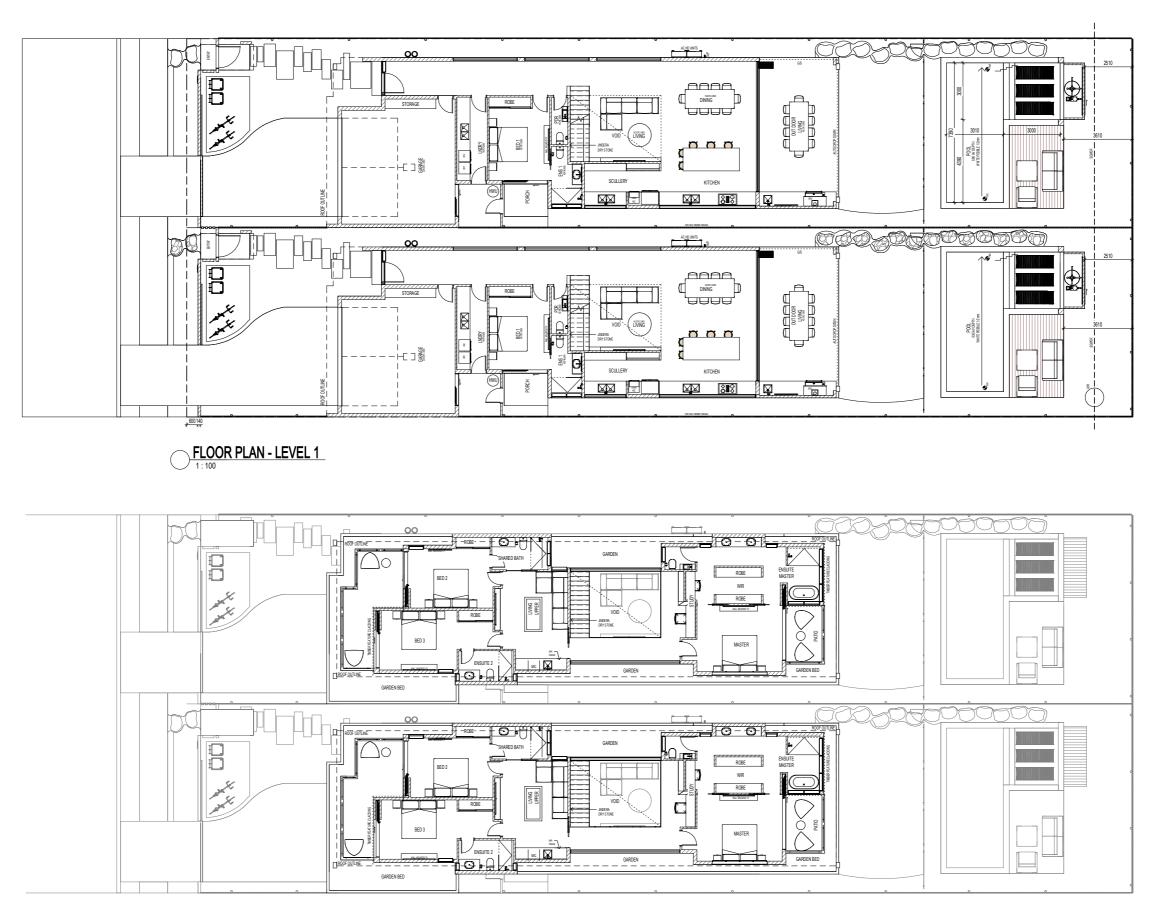


PROJECT 56MSPD



SITE PLAN, GENERAL NOTES & LEGEND

PROJECT ADDRESS 56 MUDLO ST - PORT DOUGLAS



FLOOR PLAN - LEVEL 2 · 100





DESIGNER NV

FLOOR AREAS PER VILLA		
GARAGE	42m²	
LEVEL 1 INTERNAL	130m²	
LEVEL 2 INTERNAL	135m²	
PATIOS	48m²	
GFA	265m ²	
COVERAGE AREA	223m ²	
SITE AREA	506m ²	
COVERAGE %	44 07%	

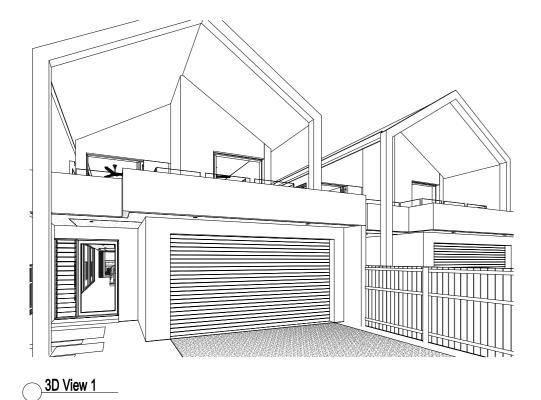
ULTIMA	TE & SERVICEAB	LITY LIMIT STATE DESIGN WIND PRESSURES

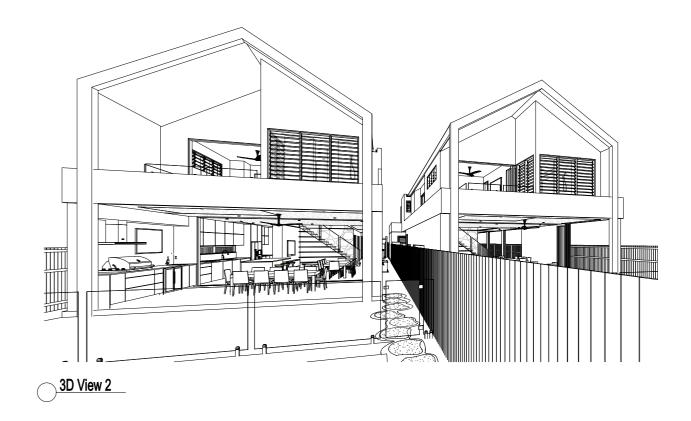
C2	61	39	±2.68	±0.88	-4.02	-1.23
	ULS	SLS	ULS	SLS	ULS	SLS
	Vhu	V h,s	GREATE 1.2m FROM			TO I CORNERS
CLASS	WIND	SPEED 1/s)	UESIGN PRESSURES (kPa)			

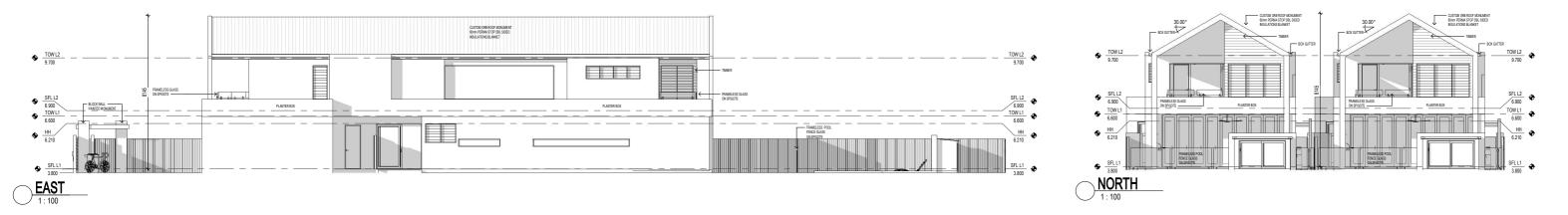
SHEET FLOOR PLANS

PROJECT NUMBER 56MSPD

PROJECT ADDRESS 56 MUDLO ST - PORT DOUGLAS











PROJECT 56MSPD

ELEVATIONS & PERSPECTIVES

PROJECT ADDRESS 56 MUDLO ST - PORT DOUGLAS

56MSPD

















e : info@nathanverri.com REVISION Mossman Q 4873 ISO 1/04/2021 12:19:20 PM

PROJECT 56MSPD SHEET AGES



PROJECT ADDRESS 56 MUDLO ST - PORT DOUGLAS

Annexure 8: Planning Scheme Code Assessment

Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development within the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan area as identified on the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Context and setting

Editor's note - This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the Statutory Instruments Act 1992 and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code.

The Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan encompasses the traditional Port Douglas town centre and surrounding tourist and residential areas, including Four Mile Beach and Craiglie.

Port Douglas was officially named in 1877. It was initially settled as the port of entry and supply for the Hodgkinson goldfield on the Hann Tableland which was proclaimed in 1876. It was the dominant port in Far North Queensland until a decision was made to establish Cairns as the terminus for a new railway in 1884. This ended the town's dominance, and it gradually became a small centre for local residents and fishing activities. During the 1970s and 1980s, a renewed interest in Far North Queensland as a holiday destination led to a boom in large scale tourism and residential development with Port Douglas reemerging as a premium destination.

The Captain Cook Highway runs north-south to the west of Port Douglas through Craiglie (Four Mile). Craiglie caters for the permanent resident population associated with Port Douglas, as well as providing for service industries to support business in the town. The majority of urban development is confined to the eastern side of the highway. The main entrance to Port Douglas at the intersection of Port Douglas Road is accentuated by mature oil palms lining both sides of the street for almost the entire length of the corridor into the heart of Port Douglas.

Flagstaff Hill is a prominent headland on the northern side of the Port Douglas town centre providing a green tropical backdrop to the town. Island Point Road runs to the top of Flagstaff Hill and provides access to the iconic lookout overlooking the sweep of Four Mile Beach.

Macrossan Street is the main shopping area in Port Douglas running in a general east-west direction at the base of Flagstaff Hill connecting Four Mile Beach to Dickson Inlet. Tourist and commercial development is concentrated towards the western side of Macrossan Street, with marine orientated activity focussed around the inlet. The western side of the inlet provides unspoiled views across mangroves to the distinctive formations and features of the coastal range.

The street pattern in the town centre is based on the original grid pattern survey of 1878. While the town has lost many of its original buildings to cyclones and redevelopment, a number of important built features remain including the Central Hotel, the Court House Hotel, a number of relocated buildings such as St Mary's Church, the former Clink Theatre and the Court House Museum and scattered memorials such as the Carstens memorial in Macrossan Street

and the Port Douglas War memorial in Wharf Street. The Sugar Wharf on Dickson Inlet was the original terminus of the tramline to Mossman. The tramline now terminates adjacent to the Port Douglas marina and operates as the Balley Hooley passenger service on four kilometres of track between the Port Douglas Marina and St Crispins Station.

A particular characteristic of the local plan area is its high quality, lush landscaping complementing the tropical resort town atmosphere. This theme will be carried throughout the local plan area with gateways, nodes and corridor planting emphasising the role of the town as a tropical tourist destination.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code is to facilitate development outcomes consistent with community values, the local tropical built-form and protection of the natural environment within the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan area, while providing a platform for investment and prosperity.
 - (a) In addition, the purpose of the code is supported by the Port Douglas Waterfront Master Plan which provides a clear strategic direction for the incremental transformation of the Port Douglas Waterfront, including the following objectives:
 - (b) To set out a vision for revitalisation of the waterfront;
 - (c) To protect and enhance the environmental attributes; and
- (2) To provide a flexible framework, expressed through several key strategies that will assist the Council and community in managing change.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Port Douglas will continue to develop as the premium destination for international and domestic tourists in the Far North Queensland Region, while also acting for permanent residents attracted to the associated lifestyle.
 - (b) Major tourist, retail, dining and entertainment facilities will consolidate in the Town Centre and the Waterfront North sub-precincts, with improved pedestrian connections between the town centre and the waterfront.
 - (c) Craiglie will develop as an integrated residential community with some low scale tourism development opportunities in appropriate locations. Craiglie will also function as small scale commercial and light industry node, providing employment opportunities for the Shire's permanent resident population.
 - (d) All forms of development will complement the tropical image of the town through distinctive tropical vernacular, urban design and landscaping.
 - (e) Character will be enhanced through the identification of gateway sites, landmarks, main approach routes and pedestrian thoroughfares and view corridors;
 - (f) The Flagstaff Hill, Dickson Inlet, Four Mile Beach and other areas of scenic and environmental significance will be protected from development. Vegetation cover will dominate over built form.
 - (g) Vegetation, iconic to the character of Port Douglas, including the avenues of Oil Palms, is retained and where appropriate supplemented.

- (h) Development will be indistinguishable from view from Four Mile Beach. In addition, any development on Flagstaff Hill will be indistinguishable when viewed from vantage points in Port Douglas.
- (i) Residential areas are designed as pleasant, functional and distinctive, in visually well-defined areas.
- (4) The purpose of the code will be further achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Precinct 1 Port Douglas precinct
 - (i) Sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct
 - (ii) Sub-precinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct
 - (iii) Sub-precinct 1c Waterfront South sub-precinct
 - (iv) Sub-precinct 1d Limited Development sub-precinct
 - (v) Sub-precinct 1e Community and recreation sub-precinct
 - (vi) Sub-precinct 1f Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct
 - (b) Precinct 2 Integrated Resort precinct
 - (c) Precinct 3 Craiglie Commercial and Light Industry precinct
 - (d) Precinct 4 Old Port Road / Mitre Street precinct
 - (e) Precinct 5 Very Low Density Residential/ Low Scale Recreation/Low Scale Educational/Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct

Precinct 1 – Port Douglas precinct

- (5) In addition to the overall outcomes, the outcomes sought for the precinct are to ensure that:
 - (a) development will contribute to the incremental transformation of the township, preserving and enhancing maritime activities and environmental areas, delivering tropical open spaces and a high quality public realm, and allowing for tourism opportunities and investment.
 - (b) development contributes to the enhancement of the Port Douglas precinct through the following development outcomes:
 - (i) access and connectivity throughout the township is enhanced through a series of improvements to circulation and mobility, including:.
 - (A) access to, and connectivity along, the waterfront and foreshore areas is maintained and, where appropriate, enhanced;
 - (B) reducing reliance on the waterfront as a car parking resource.
 - (ii) the use of land in the Port Douglas precinct improves the cohesive layout of the township through:
 - (A) the establishment of distinct sub-precincts that reinforce the character and built form of the Port Douglas local plan area including:
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct;
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct;
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1c Waterfront South sub-precinct;
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1d Limited development sub-precinct;
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1e Community and recreation precinct;

- Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1f Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct;
- (B) facilitating marina facilities and supporting marine industry uses as a key part of the local economy;
- (C) reducing conflict between industry, community and commercial activities in the waterfront, without diminishing the marine industry capacity in the Port Douglas precinct;
- (i) environment and sustainability is integrated into the township through:
 - (A) preservation and enhancement of the qualities and characteristics of environmental areas of the township;
 - (B) water sensitive urban design is considered as a means of water quality improvement and management of overland flow to ensure hard infrastructure solutions in Warner Street can be mitigated;
 - (C) design of buildings and access way improvements prioritises walking and cycling modes of transport.
- (ii) the tropical character of the Port Douglas precinct is enhanced by ensuring development:
 - (A) maintains and enhances the built form, local character, streetscapes and natural elements of the township;
 - (B) is compatible with the desired character and amenity of local places and neighbourhoods;
 - (C) does not exceed the height of buildings designations which contribute to the desired form of the township which contains three storey development heights in sub-precinct 1a – Town Centre sub-precinct and part of sub-precinct 1b – Waterfront North subprecinct;
 - (D) implements high quality landscaped environments around buildings and on streets;
 - (E) protects the recognisable character and locally significance sites throughout the precinct.
- (iii) public spaces and the streetscape are enhanced through:
 - (A) an increase in the quantity and quality of public land and places throughout the precinct;
 - (B) consolidating community recreation and sporting uses to create a precinct of community focussed activity between Mudlo Street and Wharf Street;
 - (C) improved connections between the town centre and the waterfront marina, including an investigation of a plaza on the waterfront;
 - (D) improved streetscapes with high quality landscaping, surface treatments and shaded pedestrian environments;
 - (E) the creation of a sense of place through aesthetic streetscapes and built-form character;
 - (F) managing vegetation to ensure succession of planting and the ongoing presence of significant trees.
- (iv) advertising signage is small scale, low-key and complements the tropical character of the town.

Sub-precinct 1a – Town Centre sub-precinct

- (6) In addition to other overall development outcomes, development in the Town Centre sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) tourist, retail, dining and entertainment activities are facilitated at an appropriate pedestrian scale;
 - (b) drive-through developments, bulky goods showrooms, outdoor sales, saleyards and other big-box retailing or entertainment facilities are not established;
 - (c) development contributes to a high quality public realm;
 - (d) parking (and associated infrastructure) does not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or pedestrian circulation patterns;

- (e) consolidation of community and cultural land use activities along Mowbray Street between Wharf Street and Mudlo Street;
- (f) active street frontages are established along Macrossan and Wharf Streets and other nearby streets as shown on the Port Douglas Centre Active Frontages and Pedestrian and Cycle Network Plan;
- (g) Live entertainment activities are concentrated within the Live Entertainment Precinct and are subject to the recommendations of a suitably qualified acoustic engineer.

Sub- precinct 1b - Waterfront North sub-precinct

- (7) In addition to other overall development outcomes, development in the Waterfront North sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) the precinct evolves as a revitalised open space and waterside development precinct;
 - (b) development within the precinct is designed to be sympathetic to the environmentally sensitive Dickson Inlet and mitigates any adverse impacts;
 - (c) the establishment of mixed-use development is facilitated to promote activity and vitality;
 - (d) public pedestrian access is maximised along the extent of the edge of the waterfront, consisting of a boardwalk or similar structure available for 24-hour use;
 - (e) development contributes to a high quality public realm;
 - (f) built form provides an attractive point of arrival from both land and sea;
 - (g) pedestrian connectivity is safe, efficient and provides for the needs of all users of the Port Douglas waterfront;
 - (h) parking (and associated infrastructure) does not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or pedestrian circulation patterns;
 - (i) the importance of existing marine-based industries to the area is recognised, not diminished and protected from incompatible uses. Relocation of marine based industries to an alternative precinct does not occur until such time that agreement has been reached among all relevant stakeholders such that development does not diminish the viability of marine based industrial uses that directly serve the Port Douglas tourist and fishing operators and private boat owners;
 - (j) marine infrastructure is established to service the tourism, fishing and private boating community;
 - (k) Live entertainment activities are concentrated within the Live Entertainment Precinct and are subject to the recommendations of a suitably qualified acoustic engineer;
 - (I) the functionality of the Balley Hooley tourist rail is retained.

Sub-precinct 1c – Waterfront South sub-precinct

- (8) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Waterfront South sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) any use of land in the precinct does not affect the environmental, habitat, conservation or scenic values of Dickson Inlet and surrounding land;
 - (b) marine-based industries are established on appropriate land having regard to site suitability, accessibility, surrounding land uses, and location of utilities and services;
 - (c) marine-based industry achieves appropriate environmental standards;
 - (d) industrial buildings have a high standard of layout and building design;
 - (e) landscaping provides an attractive streetscape and screens utility, storage and car parking from the street and other public areas;

(f) the precinct is protected from encroachment of incompatible land use activities.

Sub- precinct 1d – Limited Development sub-precinct

- (9) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Limited Development sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) any use of land in the precinct does not affect the environmental, habitat, conservation or scenic values of Dickson Inlet and surrounding land;
 - (b) the open nature and character of the precinct is retained maintaining view lines across the inlet;
 - (c) community and recreation land use activities are established that promote public access to the foreshore.

Sub-precinct 1e – Community and recreation sub-precinct

- (10) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Community and recreation sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) development for community uses, including sport and recreation is facilitated.
 - (b) sport and recreation activities predominantly involve outdoor activities;
 - (c) areas of natural vegetation are protected from further development;
 - (d) shade trees are increased, in appropriate locations, surrounding the sports fields.

Sub-precinct 1f – Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct

- (11) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) development is not established where it results in detriment to the vegetated and scenic qualities of Flagstaff Hill;
 - (b) development minimises excavation and filling;
 - (c) buildings and other works are unobtrusive when viewed from vantage points in Port Douglas and are designed and constructed of colours and materials which complement the hill's vegetated state;
 - (d) views from public viewing points within the precinct are protected.

Precinct 2 – Integrated Resort precinct

(12) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Integrated Resort precinct facilitates development in accordance with the *Integrated Development Resort Act, 1987*.

Editor's note – The development of land within this precinct is subject to the Integrated Development Resort Act 1987 (IDRA). Where a conflict exists between this planning scheme and the IDRA, the IDRA prevails.

Precinct 3 – Craiglie Commercial and Light Industry precinct

- (13) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Craiglie Commercial and Light Industry precinct facilitates the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development supports the tourism and marine industries in Port Douglas, along with the small-scale commercial and light industry land uses that support the local economy that would otherwise be better suited to a location outside the Port Douglas Centre Precinct unless they pose a safety issue;
 - (b) development adjacent to the Captain Cook Highway presents an attractive appearance to the highway. The rain-trees, melaleucas and eucalypt trees along the Captain Cook Highway are retained where possible, taking into account the Department of Transport and main Road's requirements;
 - (c) retailing activities are generally restricted to those which are ancillary and necessarily associated with the primary service and light industry nature of the area;
 - (d) adjacent residential areas are protected from industry nuisances;
 - (e) lots fronting Downing Street, between Dickson Street and Beor Street, are provided with an appropriate standard of road access and infrastructure, prior to development occurring.

Precinct 4 – Old Port Road / Mitre Street precinct

- (14) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Old Port Road / Mitre Street precinct facilitates the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) the precinct is intended to be used for outdoor recreational land use activity, primarily as a golf course;
 - (b) areas of significant vegetation are protected from development and retained;
 - (c) other forms of development will only be considered if substantial areas of open space are retained adjacent to existing residential areas to maintain the existing residential amenity of open views across open space.

Precinct 5 – Very Low Density Residential/Low Scale Recreation/Low Scale Educational/Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct

- (15) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Very Low Residential Density/Low Scale Recreation/Low Scale Educational/Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct facilitates the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) residential accommodation does not exceed a maximum of 8.5 metres in building height;
 - (b) minimum lot sizes exceed 2 hectares;
 - (c) very low scale and intensity recreation/ very low scale and intensity educational/ and very low scale entertainment uses may be appropriate in areas of the precinct subject to erosion and other flooding constraints.

Note - Undeveloped lots in this precinct are located on very low-lying land. Council may consider a consolidation of existing land titles via lot reconfiguration to lot sizes less than 2 hectares, where the reconfigured lots are consolidated onto the highest terrain, to avoid a pattern of development consisting of dwelling houses located on isolated islands of raised building pads.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a -Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self assessable and assessable development		
Development in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan	n area generally	
PO1 Pedestrians, cyclists, motorists and public transport users can easily move into and through the precinct along planned connectivity routes, identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO1 A pedestrian and cycle movement network is integrated and delivered through development.	N/A
PO2 Development retains and enhances key landscape elements including character trees and areas of significant vegetation contributing to the character and quality of the local plan area and significant views and vistas and other landmarks important to the context of Port Douglas / Craiglie (as identified on the Port Douglas/ Craiglie Townscape Plan map contained in Schedule 2).	 AO2.1 Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character vegetation that contribute to the lush tropical character of the town, including: (a) the tree covered backdrop of Flagstaff Hill; (b) natural vegetation along watercourses, in particular the Mowbray River, Beor Creek and Dickson Inlet; (c) the tidal vegetation along the foreshore; 	Subject site is clear.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (d) beachfront vegetation along Four Mile Beach, including the fringe of Coconut Palms; (e) the oil palm avenues along the major roads; (f) the lush landscaping within major roundabouts at key nodes; (g) Macrossan Street and Warner Street; (h) Port Douglas waterfront. 	
	 AO2.2 Development protects and does not intrude into important views and vistas as identified on the Port Douglas Townscape Plan map contained in Schedule 2, in particular: (a) Flagstaff Hill; (a) Four Mile Beach; (b) Across to the ranges over Dickson Inlet; (c) Mowbray Valley. 	Proposal complies.
	AO2.3 Important landmarks, memorials and monuments are retained.	N/A
PO3 Development contributes to the protection, reinforcement and where necessary enhancement of gateways and key intersections identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO3 Development adjacent to the gateways and nodes as identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2 incorporates architectural features and landscaping treatments and design elements that enhance the sense of arrival and way finding within the town.	N/A
PO4 Landscaping of development sites complements the existing tropical character of Port Douglas and Craiglie.	AO4 Landscaping incorporates the requirements of Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping, in particular landscaping should	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	be capable of achieving a 60% screening of development within 5 years and predominantly consists of endemic vegetation.	
PO5 Development does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the State-controlled road network.	AO5 Direct access is not provided to a State- controlled road where legal and practical access from another road is available.	Proposal complies.
For assessable development		
Additional requirements in Precinct 1 – Port Douglas	s precinct	
PO6 The views and vistas identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2 are maintained.	AO6.1 Development does not impede continued views to scenic vistas and key streetscapes within the local plan area.	N/A
	AO6.2 Unless otherwise specified within this Local Plan, buildings are set back not less than 6 metres from the primary street frontage.	N/A
 PO7 Vehicle access, parking and service areas: (a) do not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or dominate the streetscape; (b) are designed to minimise pedestrian vehicle conflict; (c) are clearly identified and maintain ease of access at all times. 	 AO7.1 For all buildings, parking is: (a) to the side of buildings and recessed behind the main building line; or (b) behind buildings; or (c) wrapped by the building façade, and not visible from the street. 	N/A
at an times.	AO7.2 Ground level parking incorporates clearly defined pedestrian routes.	N/A
	A07.3	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response		
	Any porte-cocheres, disabled and pedestrian accesses are accommodated within the boundary of new or refurbished development.			
	AO7.4 Where the development is an integrated mixed-use development incorporating short term accommodation or multiple dwellings and either food and drink outlet or hotel or shop or shopping centre or office, on-site parking spaces are provided as per the number prescribed in the Parking and access code with a relaxation of 30% of spaces required for the non-residential uses.	N/A		
	AO7.5 On-site car parking available for public use is clearly signed at the site frontage.	N/A		
	AO7.6 Boom gates, pay machines or other regulatory devices to control access to a publicly available car parking area are not constructed or installed.	N/A		
PO8 Precinct 1 – Port Douglas precinct is not characterised by a proliferation of advertising signs.	AO8 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A		
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1a – Town Centre sub-precinct				
PO9Building heights:(a) do not overwhelm or dominate the town centre;(b) respect the desired streetscape;	AO9 Buildings and structures are not more than 3 storeys and 13.5 metres in height, with a roof height of not less than 3 metres. Note – Height is inclusive of the roof height.	N/A		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (c) ensure a high quality appearance when viewed from both within the town centre sub-precinct and external to the town centre sub-precinct; (d) remain subservient to the natural environment and the backdrop of Flagstaff Hill. (e) do not exceed 3 storeys. 		
PO10 Building design, the streetscape, pedestrian paths and street front spaces promote integration with the surrounding area and the rest of Precinct 1 – Port Douglas Precinct.	AO10 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
 PO11 Buildings: (a) address street frontages; (b) ensure main entrances front the street or public spaces; (c) do not focus principally on internal spaces or parking areas. 	AO11 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
 PO12 Setbacks at ground level provide for: (a) connection between pedestrian paths and public places; (b) areas for convenient movement of pedestrians; (c) changes in gradient of the street. 	 AO12 Setbacks at ground level: (a) are clear of columns and other obstructions; (b) have pavement matching the gradient of adjoining footpaths and connecting pedestrian areas on adjoining sites; (c) connect without any lip or step to adjoining footpaths. 	N/A
 AO13 Buildings do not result in a reduction of views and vistas from public places to: (a) Flagstaff Hill; (b) Dickson Inlet; (c) public open space; (d) places of significance. 	AO13 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO14 Development enhances the distinctive tropical resort town and identity of Port Douglas and encourages pedestrian activity at street level including shade protection across the footpath for the length of the building.	AO14 Development is built up to the street frontage/s at the street level and incorporates a light frame awning, a minimum of 3 metres in width for the length of the street frontage/s; Or If a development includes an outdoor dining area at ground/footpath level, the dining area has a maximum setback of 3 metres and the required awning is still maintained along the length of the street frontage/s. Note – PO24 provides more detail on awning design.	N/A
PO15 Development is predominantly commercial in nature with any tourist accommodation having a secondary focus and not located on the street-level frontage where active frontages are encouraged as identified the Port Douglas local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO15.1 Centre activities establish: at street level on active street frontages; a maximum of one level above street level. AO15.2 Any residential development activities or short term accommodation is located above street level of the active frontage, but not on or up to the street frontage in any development, including mixed use development.	N/A N/A
 PO16 Detailed building design: (a) enhances the visual amenity of the streetscape; (b) has a legible and attractive built form that is visually enhanced by architectural elements; (c) contributes to a distinctive tropical north Queensland, seaside tourist town character; (d) integrates major landscaping elements to maximise their aesthetic value to ensure that the 	AO16 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
lush, vegetated character of the Town Centre sub- precinct is maintained.		
 PO17 Buildings exhibit variations to their external appearance and the shape of the built form to provide visual interest through: (a) surface decoration; (b) wall recesses and projections; (c) a variation in wall finishes; windows, balconies, awnings and other visible structural elements. (d) differentiating between the lower, middle and upper parts of the building by varying the façade and/or the shape of the built form, where comprised of more than two storeys. 	AO17 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
 PO18 Roofs are not characterised by a cluttered display of plant and equipment, in particular: (a) building caps and rooftops contribute to the architectural distinction of the building and create a coherent roofscape for the Town Centre sub-precinct; (b) service structures, lift motor rooms and mechanical plant and equipment are designed as an architectural feature of the building or are screened from public view; (c) rooftops are not used for advertising. 	AO18 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
 P019 Windows and sun/rain control devices are used in the building form, in particular, sun shading devices are provided to: (a) shade windows; (b) reduce glare; (c) assist in maintaining comfortable indoor temperatures; (d) minimising heat loads; 	AO19 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
(e) enrich the North Queensland tropical character of the Town Centre sub-precinct;(f) provide architectural interest to building façades.		
 PO20 Buildings are finished with high quality materials, selected for: (a) their ability to contribute the character of Town Centre sub-precinct; (b) easy maintenance, durability and an ability not to readily stain, discolour or deteriorate. 	AO20 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO21 Buildings do not incorporate any type of glass or other materials that are likely to reflect the sun's rays in a manner that may create a nuisance, discomfort or a hazard.	AO21 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO22 Façades and elevations do not include large blank walls. Openings and setbacks are used to articulate vertical building surfaces.	AO22.1 Development has a maximum length of unbroken building facade of 20 metres and a maximum extent of overall development in the same style/design along the street frontage/s of 40 metres.	N/A
	AO22.2 Any break in the building façade varies the alignment by a 1 metre minimum deviation.	N/A
	 AO22.3 A minimum of three of the following building design features and architectural elements detailed below are incorporated to break the extended facade of a development: (a) a change in roof profile; (b) a change in parapet coping; (c) a change in awning design; 	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (d) a horizontal or vertical change in the wall plane; or (e) a change in the exterior finishes and exterior colours of the development. 	
 PO23 Building facades that face public spaces at ground level: (a) complement the appearance of the development and surrounding streetscape; (b) enhance the visual amenity of the public place; (c) include a variety of human scale architectural elements and details; (d) provide an opportunity for the casual and convenient surveillance of public space from within the development. 	 AO23 Building facades at the ground floor of development that face public space are designed to ensure: (a) a minimum of 70% of the façade area is comprised of windows, wall openings or shop fronts that permit the casual surveillance of the public space from the development; (b) a visually prominent main entrance that faces the principal public place; (c) vertical architectural elements and features are incorporated at 3 metre or less intervals along the length of the façade. 	N/A
 PO24 Awnings for pedestrian shelter are consistent with the character setting of the Town Centre sub-precinct and: (a) extend and cover the footpath to provide protection from the sun and rain; (b) include lighting under the awning; (c) are continuous across the frontage of the site; (d) align to provide continuity with existing or future awnings on adjoining sites; (e) are a minimum of 3.0 metres in width and generally not more than 3.5 metres above pavement height; (f) do not extend past a vertical plane, 1.2 metres inside the kerb-line to enable street trees to be planted and grow; 	AO24 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
(g) are cantilevered from the main building with any posts within the footpath being non load-bearing.		
PO25 Development integrates with the streetscape and landscaping improvements for Port Douglas.	AO25 Development fronting Davidson Street, Macrossan Street, Wharf Street, Mowbray Street and Warner Street is designed to integrate with the on-street landscaping and design improvements as outlined within the Port Douglas landscape master plan contained within Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.7 - Landscaping provides guidance on meeting the Performance Outcome.	N/A
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1b – Waterfront North sub-precinct		
PO26 The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for sub-precinct 1b – Waterfront North.	AO26 Uses identified as inconsistent uses in Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb — Inconsistent uses in sub-precinct 1b - Waterfront North sub-precinct are not established in sub- precinct 1b - Waterfront North	N/A
PO27 The bulk and scale of buildings is consistent with surrounding development and steps down to complement the open space areas in the adjoining limited development sub-precinct.	 AO27 Buildings and structures are not more than: (a) 3 storeys and 13.5 metres in height , with a roof height of not less than 3 metres, in those parts of the precinct south of Inlet Street; (b) 2 storeys and 8.5 metres in height, with a roof height of not less than 3 metres, in those parts of the precinct north of Inlet Street. 	N/A
PO28	Note – Height is inclusive of roof height. AO28	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Building design, streetscape, pedestrian paths and street front spaces promote integration with the surrounding area and the rest of Precinct 1 – Port Douglas Precinct.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	
PO29 Public pedestrian access along the water's edge is maximised.	AO29.1 Public pedestrian access is provided along the frontage of the water's edge consisting of a boardwalk of a minimum width of 4 metres that is available of 24-hour use.	N/A
	AO29.2 A public plaza is incorporated into the design generally reflecting the requirements of the Port Douglas Waterfront Master Plan, focussing in the vicinity of the 'Duck Pond'.	N/A
	AO29.3 Built envelopes are setback a minimum of 3.0 metres from the board walk, with a shelter/shade zone between the building envelopes and the boardwalk consisting of shade structure, canopies, verandahs and the like.	N/A
 PO30 Buildings: (a) address street frontages; (b) ensure main entrances front the street or public spaces. 	AO30 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
 PO31 Setbacks at ground level provide for: (a) connection between pedestrian paths and public places; (b) areas for convenient movement of pedestrians; (c) changes in gradient. 	 AO31 Setbacks at ground level: (a) are clear of columns and other obstructions; 	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (b) have pavement matching the gradient of adjoining footpaths and connecting pedestrian areas on adjoining sites; (c) connect without any lip or step to adjoining footpaths. 	
 PO32 Buildings do not result in a reduction of views and vistas from public places to: (a) Dickson Inlet; (b) public open space; (c) places of significance. 	AO32 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO33 Development enhances the distinctive tropical resort town and identity of Port Douglas and encourages pedestrian activity at ground level including shade protection across the footpath and open space areas.	AO33 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO34 Development is predominantly commercial in nature with any tourist accommodation having a secondary focus and not located on the street-level frontage where active frontages are encouraged as identified the Port Douglas local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	 AO34.1 Centre activities establish: (a) at street level on active street frontages; (b) a maximum of one level above street level. AO34.2 Residential development activities or short term accommodation is located above street /ground floor level of the active frontage, but not on or up to the street / public frontage in any development, including mixed use development. 	N/A
 PO35 Detailed building design: (a) enhances the visual amenity of the streetscape; (b) has a legible and attractive built form that is visually enhanced by architectural elements; 	AO35 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (c) contributes to a distinctive tropical north Queensland, seaside tourist town character; (d) integrates major landscaping elements to maximise their aesthetic value to ensure that the lush, vegetated character of the Waterfront North sub-precinct is maintained. 		
 PO36 Buildings exhibit variations to their external appearance and the shape of the built form to provide visual interest through: (a) surface decoration; (b) wall recesses and projections; (c) a variation in wall finishes; windows, balconies, awnings and other visible structural elements. (d) differentiating between the lower, middle and upper parts of the building by varying the façade and/or the shape of the built form, where comprised of more than two storeys. 	AO36 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
 PO37 Roofs are not characterised by a cluttered display of plant and equipment, in particular: (a) building caps and rooftops contribute to the architectural distinction of the building and create a coherent roofscape for the Waterfront North subprecinct; (b) service structures, lift motor rooms and mechanical plant and equipment are designed as an architectural feature of the building or are screened from public view; (c) rooftops are not used for advertising. 	AO37 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO38 Windows and sun/rain control devices are used in the building form, in particular, sun shading devices are provided to: (a) shade windows;	AO38 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (b) reduce glare; (c) assist in maintaining comfortable indoor temperatures; (d) minimising heat loads; (e) enriching the North Queensland tropical character of the Waterfront North sub-precinct; (f) architectural interest to building façades. 		
 PO39 Buildings are finished with high quality materials, selected for: (a) their ability to contribute the character of Waterfront North sub-precinct; (b) easy maintenance, durability and an ability not to readily stain, discolour or deteriorate. 	AO39 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO40 Buildings do not incorporate any type of glass or other materials that are likely to reflect the sun's rays in a manner that may create a nuisance, discomfort or a hazard.	AO40 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO41 Façades and elevations do not include large blank walls and openings and setbacks are used to articulate vertical building surfaces.	AO41.1 Development has a maximum length of unbroken building facade of 20 metres and a maximum extent of overall development in the same style/design along the street frontage/s of 40 metres.	N/A
	AO41.2 Any break in the building façade varies the alignment by a 1 metre minimum deviation.	
	AO41.3 A minimum of three of the following building design features and architectural elements	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 detailed below are incorporated to break the extended facade of a development: (a) a change in roof profile; (b) a change in parapet coping; (c) a change in awning design; (d) a horizontal or vertical change in the wall plane; or (e) a change in the exterior finishes and exterior colours of the development. 	
 PO42 Building facades that face public spaces at ground level: (a) complement the appearance of the development and surrounding streetscape; (b) enhance the visual amenity of the public place; (c) include a variety of human scale architectural elements and details; (d) provide an opportunity for the casual and convenient surveillance of public space from within the development. 	 AO42 Building facades at the ground floor of development that face public space are designed to ensure: (a) a minimum of 70% of the façade area is comprised of windows, wall openings or shop fronts that permit the casual surveillance of the public space from the development; (b) a visually prominent main entrance that faces the principal public place; (c) vertical architectural elements and features are incorporated at 3 metre or less intervals along the length of the façade. 	N/A
 PO43 Awnings for pedestrian shelter are consistent with the character setting of the Waterfront North sub-precinct and: (a) extend and cover the footpath to provide protection from the sun and rain; (b) include lighting under the awning; (c) are continuous across pedestrian circulation areas; (d) align to provide continuity with existing or future awnings on adjoining sites; 	AO43 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (e) are a minimum of 3 metres in width and generally not more than 3.5 metres above pavement height; (f) do not extend past a vertical plane, 1.2 metres inside the street kerb-line to enable street trees to be planted and grow; (g) are cantilevered from the main building with any posts within the footpath being non load-bearing. 		
PO44 The Balley Hooley rail line and turn-table is retained and incorporated into development and maintains its functionality.	AO44.1 Bally Hooley rail line and turn-table is retained and incorporated into development to maintain its functionality.	N/A
	AO44.2 Where development provides floor area for the Bally Hooley rail station, the gross floor area of the rail line and station does not generate a requirement for additional vehicle parking.	N/A
 PO45 Development recognises the importance of and relationship between the marina, commercial and residential development in the Waterfront North sub-precinct, and includes measures to mitigate the impact of: (a) noise; (b) odour; (c) hazardous materials; (d) waste and recyclable material storage. 	AO45 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO46 Formalised public spaces and pedestrian paths/areas on freehold land are made accessible to the public.	AO46 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 PO47 Buildings, civic spaces, roads and pedestrian links are enhanced by: (a) appropriate landscape design and planting; (b) themed planting that defines entry points, and creates strong 'entry corridors' into the waterfront; (c) lighting and well-considered discrete signage that complements building and landscape design; (d) public artwork and other similar features that reflect the heritage and character of the Port Douglas Waterfront. 	AO47 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO48 Buildings are designed and sited to provide vistas along shared pedestrian/open space and movement areas in suitable locations.	AO48 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO49 Development does not diminish the viability of marine- based industrial uses that directly serve the Port Douglas tourist and fishing operators and private boat owners, particularly with respect to the slipway operation.	AO49 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO50 Marine infrastructure to service the tourism, fishing and private boating community is provided.	AO50 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO51 Changes to the Port Douglas Waterfront quay-line do not cause adverse impacts to the environmentally sensitive Dickson Inlet.	AO51 Development that results in changes to the Port Douglas Waterfront quay-line is only established where an Ecological assessment report provides support to the changes. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.8 – Natural environment provides guidance on preparing an ecological assessment report.	N/A
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1c – Water	front South sub-precinct	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO52 The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for Precinct 1c – Waterfront South.	AO52 Uses identified as inconsistent uses Table Error! No text of specified style in documentc are not established in Precinct 1c – Waterfront South.	N/A
P053 Development does not adversely impact on the natural environment, natural vegetation or watercourses.	 AO53.1 An Ecological assessment report is prepared identifying the environmental qualities of the surrounding natural and built features which are to be managed. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.8 – Natural environment provides guidance on preparing an ecological assessment report. AO53.2 An Environmental Management Plan is prepared to manage potential impacts of the operation of the development on surrounding natural areas. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans contains information to demonstrate compliance and guidance on preparing an Environmental Management Plan.	N/A
P054 Development of land at the end of Port Street adjacent to Dickson Inlet incorporates a slipway, or an alternative functioning facility, with capacity to service the Port Douglas marine and tourism industry.	AO54 A master plan for the development is provided and implemented to demonstrate the integration of the slipway, or an alternative functioning facility, with other supporting service industry activities that service the marine and tourism industry of Port Douglas.	N/A
P055	AO55.1	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Buildings and structures are of a height, and are set back from side boundaries and other sensitive areas to ensure the scenic amenity and environmental qualities of the adjacent area are not adversely affected.	Development has a height of not more than 10 metres. AO55.2 Development is setback from all property boundaries not less than 3 metres.	
 PO56 The site coverage of all buildings and structures ensures development: (a) is sited in an existing cleared area or in an area approved for clearing; (b) has sufficient area for the provision of services; (c) development does not have an adverse effect on the environmental, habitat, conservation or landscape values of the on-site and surrounding sensitive areas. 	AO56 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
 PO57 Premises include adequate provision for service vehicles, to cater for generated demand. Loading areas for service vehicles are designed to: (a) be accommodated on-site; (b) maximise safety and efficiency of loading; (c) protect the visual and acoustic amenity of sensitive land use activities; (d) minimise adverse impacts on natural characteristics of adjacent areas. 	 AO57.1 Sufficient manoeuvring area is provided on- site to allow a Medium Rigid Vehicle to enter and leave the site in a forward gear. AO57.2 Development is designed to ensure all service vehicles are contained within the site when being loaded/unloaded. AO57.3 Driveways, parking and manoeuvring areas are constructed and maintained to: (a) minimise erosion from storm water runoff; (a) retain all existing vegetation. 	N/A N/A N/A
PO58	AO58	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Development ensures adverse impacts from service vehicles on the road network, external to the site, are minimised.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	
PO59 Entry to the site is landscaped to enhance the amenity of the area and provide a pleasant working environment.	 AO59 Areas used for loading and unloading, storage, utilities and car parking are screened from public view: (a) by a combination of landscaping and screen fencing; (b) dense planting along any road frontage is a minimum width of 3 metres. 	N/A
PO60 Landscaping is informal in character and complementary to the existing natural environment, provides screening and enhances the visual appearance of the development.	AO60 For any development landscaping is in accordance with the Plant species schedule in Planning scheme policy SC6.7– Landscaping.	N/A
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1d – Limite	ed Development sub-precinct	
PO61 The height of buildings and structures contributes to the desired form and outcomes for the sub-precinct and are limited to a single storey.	AO61 Buildings and structures are not more than one storey and 4 metres in height. Note - Height is inclusive of the roof height.	N/A
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1e – Comm	nunity and recreation sub-precinct	
PO62 The precinct is developed for organised sporting activities and other community uses.	AO62 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1f – Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct		
PO63 Flagstaff Hill is protected from inappropriate development to protect the hill as an important natural landmark feature of Port Douglas and as a vegetated backdrop to the Town centre.	AO63 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 PO64 All development on Flagstaff Hill is designed to minimise the visibility of the development and to ensure development is subservient to the natural landscape and topography of the site, including through: (a) building design which minimises excavation and filling; (b) buildings being designed to step down the site and incorporate foundations and footings on piers or poles; (c) buildings being visually unobtrusive and incorporating exterior finishes and muted colours which are non-reflective and complement the colours of the surrounding vegetation and view-shed; (d) protection of the views from public viewing points in the Port Douglas precinct. 	AO64 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
Additional requirements for Precinct 3 – Craiglie Cor	nmercial and Light Industry precinct	
PO65 Development supports the tourism and marine industries in Port Douglas, along with the small-scale commercial and light industry land uses that support the local economy that would otherwise be better suited to a location outside the Port Douglas Town Centre Precinct.	AO65 Development consists of service and light industries and associated small scale commercial activities.	N/A
PO66 Development on lots adjacent to the Captain Cook Highway is sited, designed and landscaped to provide an attractive visual approach to Port Douglas with all buildings, structures and car parking areas setback a sufficient distance from the frontage to enable landscaping to soften or screen the appearance of the development.	AO66.1 Buildings and structures are setback 8 metres from the Captain Cook Highway frontage, or no closer to the Captain Cook Highway frontage than buildings and structures on adjoining sites (averaged), whichever is the greater. AO66.2	N/A N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	The setback area to the Captain Cook Highway frontage is landscaped with advanced dense planting including tree species (100 litre bag stock), which will, at maturity, exceed the height of the building(s) on the site.	
	AO66.3 Advertising signs are discreet in appearance with no large advertising signs, including tenancy signs, located on or near the Captain Cook Highway frontage, or within any landscaped setback area.	N/A
	AO66.4 Car parking areas, loading and other service areas are designed to be screened from the Captain Cook Highway and are located so as to not be visually prominent from the Captain Cook Highway.	N/A
Additional requirements for Precinct 6 – Very Low R Entertainment Uses precinct	esidential Density / Low Scale Recreation / Lo	w Scale Educational / Low Scale
PO67 No additional lots are created within the precinct.	AO67 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO68 Reconfigured lots have a minimum lot size of 2 hectares, unless the lot reconfiguration transfers lots to the higher parts of the land, to avoid the need to fill existing lots to accommodate dwelling houses.	AO68 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..b — Inconsistent uses in sub-precinct 1b - Waterfront North sub-precinct

Inconsistent uses

 Agricultural supplies store Air services Animal husbandry Animal keeping Aquaculture Brothel Bulk landscape supplies Car wash Cemetery Crematorium Cropping Detention facility Dual occupancy Dwelling house 	 Extractive industry Funeral parlour High impact industry Intensive animal industry Intensive horticulture Major electricity infrastructure Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility Medium impact industry Motor sport facility, Outstation Permanent plantation 	 Relocatable home park Roadside stall Rural industry Rural workers accommodation Service station Showroom Special industry Tourist park Transport depot Veterinary services Warehouse Wholesale nursery Winery
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Table Error! No text of specified style in document..c — Inconsistent uses in sub-precinct 1c - Waterfront South sub-precinct

Inconsistent uses		
 Adult store Agricultural supplies store Air services Animal husbandry Animal keeping Brothel Bulk landscape supplies Car wash Cemetery Child care centre Community care centre Community residence Community use Crematorium Cropping Detention facility Dual occupancy 	 Hardware and trade supplies Health care services Home based business Hospital Hotel Indoor sport and recreation Intensive animal industry Intensive horticulture Major electricity infrastructure Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility Market Motor sport facility Multiple dwelling Nature-based tourism Nightclub entertainment facility Outdoor sales 	 Permanent plantation Place of worship Relocatable home park Residential care facility Resort complex Retirement facility Roadside stall Rooming accommodation Rural industry Rural workers accommodation Sales office Shopping centre Short-term accommodation Special industry Theatre Tourist attraction

Dwelling house	Outdoor sport and recreation	Tourist park
Dwelling unit	Outstation	Transport depot
Extractive industry		Veterinary services
Function facility		Warehouse
Funeral parlour		Wholesale nursery
Garden centre		Winery

Note - Table Error! No text of specified style in document..b or Table Error! No text of specified style in document..c do not imply that all other uses not listed in the table are automatically consistent uses within the zone. Assessable development must still demonstrate consistency through the assessment process.

Tourist accommodation zone code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development in the Tourist accommodation zone.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Tourist accommodation zone code is to provide for short-term accommodation supported by community uses and small-scale services and facilities in locations where there are tourist attractions.
- (2) The local government purpose of the code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction set in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 4 : Strong communities and identity, Element 3.7.4 Sense of place, community and identity.
 - (ii) Theme 5 Economy. Element 3.8.2 Economic growth and diversification, Element 3.8.2 Tourism.
 - (b) provide for tourist accommodation development to establish in areas close to commercial and recreational services and facilities.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) A range of accommodation activities, with an emphasis on short-term accommodation is established at a scale and density to service tourist needs.
 - (b) Tourist development is of an appropriate scale and achieves an attractive built form which incorporates the character and natural attributes of the site and the surrounding area as integral features of the theme and design of the development.
 - (c) Development facilitates opportunities for establishing tourist facilities and services within, or adjacent to, tourist accommodation to complement the tourist accommodation and enhance the attractiveness of tourist areas.
 - (d) Development is designed to take into account the tropical climate by incorporating appropriate architectural elements and design features.
 - (e) Landscaping of tourist development is of a high quality and contributes to the visual dominance of tropical vegetation and the local streetscape.
 - (f) Community facilities, open space and recreational areas and appropriate infrastructure to support the needs of the local community are provided.

Criteria for assessment

Table 0.a - Tourist accommodation zone code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self-assessable and assessable development		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO1 The height of all buildings and structures must be in keeping with the residential character of the area.	AO1 Buildings and structures are not more than 13.5 metres and 3 storeys in height. Note – Height is inclusive of roof height.	Proposal complies.
Setbacks (other than for a dwelling house)		
 PO1 Buildings are setback to: (a) maintain the character and amenity of the area; (b) achieve separation from neighbouring buildings and from road frontages. 	 AO1 Buildings are setback: (a) a minimum of 6 metres from the main street frontage; (b) a minimum of 4 metres from any secondary street frontage; (c) 4.5 metres from a rear boundary; (d) 2 metres from a side or an average of half of the height of the building at the side setback, whichever is the greater. 	Initially we note that front and rear setback both exceed the acceptable outcomes. In relation to side setbacks, we note that while the application seeks approval for Dual Occupancy on the basis that the subdivision will occur after commencement of construction, the resultant development will be 2 x Dwelling Houses and on this basis we note that the QDC would be the guiding document. Under the QDC, Dwelling Houses on lots with a width of 10m under Table A2 are to have a minimum side and rear boundary setback of 1.0m. The proposed dwellings comply with this requirement other than for the garages (class 10a structures) which are exempt as per part (d) of Section A2.
Site coverage (other than for a dwelling house)		
PO2 The site coverage of all buildings does not result in a built form that is bulky or visually obtrusive.	AO2 The site coverage of any building is limited to 50%	Proposal complies. Site cover = 44% approx.
Building proportions and scale (other than for a dwelling house)		
PO3 The proportions and scale of any development are in character with the area and local streetscape.	AO3.1 The overall length of a building does not exceed 30 metres and the overall length of any continuous wall does not exceed 15 metres.	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO3.2 Balconies, patios and similar spaces are not enclosed or capable of being enclosed and used as a habitable room.	Proposal complies.
	AO3.3 Balconies, patios and similar spaces are designed to be open and light weight in appearance with a maximum of 20% of the façade being fully enclosed.	Proposal complies.
	 AO3.4 Roof forms, materials and colours of buildings enhance the amenity of the street and locality, including: (a) the roofs of buildings are light coloured and non-reflecting; (b) white and shining metallic finishes are avoided on external surfaces in prominent view. Note – The building incorporates building design features and architectural elements detailed in Planning scheme policy SC 6.2 – Building design and architectural elements. 	Proposal complies.
Landscaping (other than for a dwelling house)		
PO4 Landscape planting is provided for the recreational amenity of residents/guests and incorporates dominant tropical vegetation which enhances the streetscape and the amenity of the area.	AO4.1 A minimum of 35% of the site is provided as open space and recreation area with a minimum of 30% of this total; area provided for landscape planting.	Proposal complies. Proposal provides appropriate level of outdoor recreation and amenity.
	AO4.2 Within the frontage setback area, a minimum width of 2 metres of landscape	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	area includes a minimum 75% dense planting.	
	AO4.3 Within the side and rear setback areas, a minimum width of 1.5 metres of landscape area includes 75% dense planting.	
For assessable development		
PO5 The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for the Tourist accommodation zone and protects the zone from the intrusion of inconsistent uses.	AO5 Inconsistent uses as identified in Table 0.b are not established in the Tourist accommodation zone.	N/A
 PO6 Development is located, designed, operated and managed to respond to the characteristics, features and constraints of the site and surrounds. Note – Planning scheme policy – Site assessments provides guidance on identifying the characteristics, features and constraints of a site and its surrounds. 	AO6 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Subject site is relatively unconstrained.
PO7 Development does not adversely affect the tropical, tourist and residential character and amenity of the area in terms of traffic, noise, dust, odour, lighting or other physical or environmental impacts.	AO7 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.
PO8 Any loading/unloading areas, servicing areas and outdoor storage areas are screened from public view or adjacent sensitive uses.	 AO8 Outdoor loading/unloading, servicing and storage areas are sited or screened so they are: (a) not visible from any off-site public place; (b) not located adjacent to premises used for sensitive uses. 	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO9 Tourist developments include recreational and ancillary services and facilities for the enjoyment of guests.	 AO9.1 Development which includes accommodation for tourists incorporates a mix of the following recreational and ancillary services and facilities: (a) swimming pools; (b) tennis courts; (c) barbecue areas; (d) outdoor lounging / recreation areas; (e) restaurants / bars; (f) tourist-focussed shopping; (g) tour booking office; (h) spa / health clubs. AO9.2 Any commercial services or facilities incorporated into a tourist development are small scale and predominantly service inhouse guests only.	Proposal complies.
	AO9.3 Where a commercial service or facility offers services to persons over and above in- house guests, the commercial component provides on-site car parking for 50% of the floor area available for use in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Parking and access code.	N/A
PO10 New lots contain a minimum area of 1000m ² .	AO10 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO11 New lots have a minimum road frontage of 20 metres.	AO11 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO12 New lots contain a 25 metre x 20 metre rectangle.	AO12 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Table 0.b — Inconsistent uses within the Tourist accommodation zone

Inconsistent uses		
 Adult store Agricultural supplies store Air services Animal husbandry Animal keeping Aquaculture Brothel Bulk landscape supplies Cropping Detention facility Extractive industry Funeral parlour Garden centre Hardware and trade supplies Health care services High impact industry Indoor sport and recreation Intensive animal industry 	 Intensive horticulture Landing Low impact industry Major electricity infrastructure Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility Marine industry Market Medium impact industry Motor sport facility Nightclub entertainment facility Office Outdoor sales Outdoor sport and recreation Outstation Park Parking station 	 Permanent plantation Port services Renewable energy facility Roadside stall Rural industry Rural workers accommodation Service station Shopping centre Showroom Special industry Substation Theatre Transport depot Veterinary services Warehouse Wholesale nursery Winery

Note – This table does not imply that all other uses not listed in the table are automatically consistent uses within the zone. Assessable development must still demonstrate consistency through the assessment process.

9.3.7 Dual occupancy code

9.3.7.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development for a Dual occupancy if:
 - (a) assessable development where the code is an applicable code identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment; or
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

9.3.7.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Dual occupancy code is to assess the suitability of development to which this code applies.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) the scale and character of development is consistent with the existing desired residential character and streetscape pattern;
 - (b) design gives a sense of individual ownership to residents;
 - (c) dual occupancies do not detrimentally affect the function of the road network and its infrastructure design requirements.

9.3.7.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.3.7.3.a - Dual occupancy code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self-assessable and assessable development		
PO1 The dual occupancy contributes to housing choice while maintaining the residential character and amenity of the neighbourhood.	AO1 The dual occupancy is established on land with a minimum size of 1000m ² :	Proposal complies.
 PO2 Buildings and structures are setback from property boundaries such that: (a) the setback from the street frontages reflects the positive attributes of the streetscape; (b) the setback from side and rear boundaries 	AO2 Buildings and structures are set back from property boundaries as follows: (a) primary road frontage - 6 metres;	Initially we note that front and rear setback both exceed the acceptable outcomes. In relation to side setbacks, we note that while the application seeks approval for Dual Occupancy on the basis that the subdivision will occur after commencement of construction, the resultant

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 retains daylight access and privacy for adjoining properties; (c) the setback from all boundaries is sufficient to allow areas of deep planting; (d) the setback from street frontages provides for the desired streetscape pattern. 	 (b) secondary road frontage - 3 metres; (c) side and rear boundaries - 2 metres, or (d) where private open space occurs in the side or rear setback - 4 metres for the extent of the open space. 	development will be 2 x Dwelling Houses and on this basis we note that the QDC would be the guiding document. Under the QDC, Dwelling Houses on lots with a width of 10m under Table A2 are to have a minimum side and rear boundary setback of 1.0m. The proposed dwellings comply with this requirement other than for the garages (class 10a structures) which are exempt as per part (d) of Section A2.
PO3 Buildings and structures have sufficient area for residential living consistent with the amenity of a residential area and are sympathetic to the streetscape pattern.	 AO3.1 Car parking areas, including garages and other parking structures, are designed and located so that they do not occupy more than 30% of the lot frontage. AO3.2 Where a dual occupancy is to be established on a corner allotment each dwelling is accessed from a different road frontage with a minimum 6 metre separation between driveway and intersection. 	Proposed garages comprise more than 30% of the site width however the 2-storey nature of the proposed dwellings ensures that the garages are not dominant components of the streetscape and only comprise a small proportion of the overall building façade.
PO4 The development addresses the road frontage to facilitate casual surveillance and to enhance the amenity of the streetscape.	 AO4.1 The building has balconies or windows or verandahs that face the street. AO4.2 Fences and walls to road frontages are not more than: (a) 1.2 metres in height if less than 50% transparent; or (b) 1.5 metres in height if greater than 50% transparency. 	Proposal complies. Proposed fencing includes semi-transparent gates and the 2-storey nature of the dwellings ensure adequate casual surveillance.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO5 Residents are provided with a functional private open space and recreation area.	AO5 A minimum area of 25m ² private open space is provided to each dwelling unit which is directly accessible from the living area of each dwelling unit.	Proposal complies.
PO6 The development provides residents and guests with safe and convenient vehicle access to dwellings and the road network, while maintaining the standard of existing infrastructure in the road reserve.	 AO6.1 Dwelling units are serviced by: (a) a shared unobstructed driveway with a maximum width of 3.6 metres; or (b) by individual unobstructed driveways, having a maximum width of 3 metres each; (c) the surface treatment of any driveway is imperviously sealed; (d) where development is on a Sub-arterial or Collector road the driveway design is such that vehicles can enter and exit the site in a forward gear. AO6.2 Driveways and cross-overs require no alteration to existing on-street infrastructure, including street trees, footpaths, drainage pits, street signs, service pillars and electricity infrastructure. 	Proposal complies.
PO7 Fencing is designed to ensure a high degree of privacy and amenity for residents.	 AO7.1 A screen fence (minimum height of 1.8 metres and maximum gap of 10mm) is provided to the side and rear boundaries. AO7.2 Where the front fence is lower than the side boundary fence it is tapered to the maximum 	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	height of the side boundary fence at or behind the front setback.	
PO8 Landscaping contributes to establishing an attractive and safe streetscape and a high standard of amenity and privacy for residents.	AO8 With the exception of driveway cross-overs, a landscaped area not less than 2 metres wide is provided and maintained within the site along all street boundaries.	Proposal includes appropriate landscaping to the street frontage.
PO9 The dual occupancy is connected to essential infrastructure services and is sufficient to support individual ownership of each dwelling.	 AO9 Each dwelling is connected separately to: (a) water (separate water meters for each unit); (b) sewerage; (c) drainage; (d) electricity. 	Proposal complies.
PO10 Service facilities are provided to meet the needs of residents and are sited and designed in an unobtrusive and convenient manner.	 AO10 Service facilities and structures: (a) locate air conditioning equipment behind the front façade of the dwelling; (b) provide storage space to achieve the following minimum requirements: (i) are located to enable access by a motor vehicle; (ii) have a minimum space of 3.5m² per dwelling unit; (iii) have a minimum height of 2.1 metres; (iv) are weather proof; (v) are lockable. Note - Cupboards and wardrobes inside the dwelling are not storage areas as intended by this acceptable outcome.	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 PO11 Waste and recyclable storage facilities: (a) incorporates two wheelie bins per unit stored external to the garage and screened from view; (b) ensures wheelie bins are able to be wheeled to kerbside for collection. 	AO11 Waste and recyclable storage areas capable of accommodating two bins per dwelling are provided behind the front setback and have direct access to the roadside.	Proposal complies.

Reconfiguring a lot code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (a) assessable development where the code is an applicable code identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment;
 - (b) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Reconfiguring a lot code is to regulate development for reconfiguring a lot.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development results in a well-designed pattern of streets supporting walkable communities;
 - (b) lots have sufficient areas, dimensions and shapes to be suitable for their intend use taking into account environmental features and site constraints;
 - (c) road networks provide connectivity that is integrated with adjoining existing or planned development while also catering for the safe and efficient access for pedestrians, cyclists and for public transport;
 - (d) lots are arranged to front all streets and parkland such that development enhances personal safety, traffic safety, property safety and security; and contributes to streetscape and open space quality;
 - (e) development does not diminish environmental and scenic values, and where relevant, maintains and enhances public access and use of natural areas, rivers, dams, creeks and the foreshore, in a way that protects natural resources;
 - (f) people and property are not placed at risk from natural hazards;
 - (g) a range of functional parkland, including local and district parks, major areas of parkland with a region-wide focus and open space links are available for the use and enjoyment of residents and visitors to the region;
 - (h) the appropriate standard of infrastructure is provided.

Criteria for assessment

 Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a – Reconfiguring a lot code – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
General lot design standards		
PO1	AO1 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposed lots do not meet the minimum prescribed lot size of 1,000m2 which is the

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Lots comply with the lot reconfiguration outcomes of the applicable Zone code in Part 5.		reason for including the Material Change of Use component to this application. The resultant development is considered to meet the intent of the Tourist Accommodation Zone Code.
PO2 New lots are generally rectangular in shape with functional areas for land uses intended by the zone.	AO2 Boundary angles are not less than 45 degrees.	Proposal complies.
PO3 Lots have legal and practical access to a public road.	 AO3 Each lot is provided with: (a) direct access to a gazetted road reserve; or (b) access to a gazetted road via a formal access arrangement registered on the title. 	Proposal complies.
PO4 Development responds appropriately to its local context, natural systems and site features.	 AO4 Existing site features such as: (a) significant vegetation and trees; (b) waterways and drainage paths; (c) vistas and vantage points are retained and/or are incorporated into open space, road reserves, near to lot boundaries or as common property. 	Site is devoid of features.
PO5 New lots which have the capability of being further reconfigured into smaller lots at a later date are designed to not compromise ultimate development outcomes permitted in the relevant zone.	AO5 The ability to further reconfigure land at a later date is demonstrated by submitting a concept plan that meets the planning scheme requirements for the applicable Zone.	N/A
 PO6 Where existing buildings or structures are to be retained, development results in: (a) boundaries that offer regular lot shapes and usable spaces; (b) existing improvements complying with current building and amenity standards in relation to boundary setbacks. 	AO6 Development ensures setbacks between existing buildings or structures and proposed boundaries satisfy relevant building standards or zone code requirements, whichever is the greater.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 Performance outcomes Note - This may require buildings or structures to be modified, relocated or demolished to meet setback standards, resolve encroachments and the like. PO7 Where rear lots are proposed, development: (a) provides a high standard of amenity for residents and other users of the site and adjoining properties; (b) positively contributes to the character of adjoining properties and the area; (c) does not adversely affect the safety and efficiency of the road from which access is gained. 	 AO7.1 Where rear lots are to be established: (a) the rear lot is generally rectangular in shape, avoiding contrived sharp boundary angles; (b) no more than 6 lots directly adjoin the rear lot; (c) no more than one rear lot occurs behind the road frontage lot; (d) no more than two access strips to rear lots directly adjoin each other; (e) access strips are located only on one side of the road frontage lot. AO7.2 Access strips to the rear lot have a minimum width dimension of: (a) 4.0 metres in Residential Zones. 	Applicant response N/A
	 AO7.3 Access strips are provided with a sealed pavement of sufficient width to cater for the intended traffic, but no less than: (a) 3.0 metres in Residential Zone. (b) 6.0 metres in an Industrial Zone. (c) 3.5 metres in any other Zone. 	
Structure plans		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Additional requirements for: (a) a site which is more than 5,000m² in any of the Residential zones; or		
within these zones, and (b) creates 10 or more lots; or (c) involves the creation of new roads and/or public use land.		
or		
 (d) For a material change of use involving: (i) preliminary approval to vary the effect of the planning scheme; (ii) establishing alternative Zones to the planning scheme. 		
Note - This part is to be read in conjunction with the other parts of the	e code	
PO8 A structure plan is prepared to ensure that neighbourhood design, block and lot layout, street network and the location and provision on any open space recognises previous planning for the area and its surroundings, and integrates appropriately into its surroundings.	 AO8.1 Neighbourhood design, lot and street layout, and open space provides for, and integrates with, any: (a) approved structure plan; (b) the surrounding pattern of existing or approved subdivision. Note - Planning scheme policy SC14– Structure planning provides guidance on meeting the performance outcomes. AO8.2 Neighbourhood design, lot and street layouts enable future connection and integration with adjoining undeveloped land. 	N/A
PO9 Neighbourhood design results in a connected network of walkable streets providing an easy choice of routes within and surrounding the neighbourhood.	 AO9.1 Development does not establish cul-de-sac streets unless: (a) cul-de-sacs are a feature of the existing pattern of development in the area; (b) there is a physical feature or incompatible zone change that dictates the need to use a cul-de-sac streets. 	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 AO9.2 Where a cul-de-sac street is used, it: (a) is designed to be no longer than 150 metres in length; (b) is designed so that the end of the cul-de-sac is visible from its entrance; (c) provides connections from the top of the cul-de-sac to other streets for pedestrians and cyclists, where appropriate. AO9.3 No more than 6 lots have access to the turning circle or turning-tee at the end of a cul-de-sac street. 	
PO10 Neighbourhood design supports diverse housing choices through block sizes and lot design. In developing areas, significant changes in lot size and frontage occur at the rear of lots rather than on opposite sides of a street.	PO10 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
 PO11 Provision of physical and social infrastructure in developing residential neighbourhoods is facilitated through the orderly and sequential development of land. Note - Part 4 – Local government infrastructure plan may identify specific levels of infrastructure to be provided within development sites. 	 AO11.1 New development adjoins adjacent existing or approved urban development. AO11.2 New development is not established beyond the identified Local government infrastructure plan area. 	N/A
Urban parkland and environmental open space		
PO12 Where appropriate development maintains and enhances public access and use of natural areas, rivers, dams, creeks and the foreshore.	AO12 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 PO13 Development provides land to: (a) meet the recreation needs of the community; (b) provide an amenity commensurate with the structure of neighbourhoods and land uses in the vicinity; and adjacent to open space areas; (c) provide for green corridors and linkages. 	AO13 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed. Note - Part 4 – Priority infrastructure plan and Planning scheme policy SC14 – Structure Plans provides guidance in providing open space and recreation land.	N/A
AO14 Lot size, dimensions, frontage and orientation permits buildings to be established that will facilitate casual surveillance to urban parkland and environmental open space.	 AO14.1 Urban parkland is regular in shape. AO14.2 At least 75% of the urban parkland's frontage is provided as road. AO14.3 Urban parkland and environmental open space areas are positioned to be capable of being overlooked by surrounding development. AO14.4 Surrounding lots are orientated so that facades will front and overlook the urban parkland and environmental open space. AO14.5 The number of lots that back onto, or are side-orientated to the urban parkland and environmental open space is minimised. 	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Inconsistent design solution - low total number of lots complying with the acceptable outcomes.	
	Lots orientated to front and overlook park to provide casual surveillance. Consistent design solution - high total number of lots complying with the acceptable outcomes.	
Private subdivisions (gated communities)		
PO15 Private subdivisions (gated communities) do not compromise the establishment of connected and integrated infrastructure and open space networks.	PO15 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
Additional requirements for reconfiguration involving the creation of public streets or roads		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO16 The function of new roads is clearly identified and legible and provides integration, safety and convenience for all users.	AO16 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed. Note - The design and construction standards are set out in Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, with reference to the specifications set out in Sections D1 and D3.	N/A
 PO17 Street design supports an urban form that creates walkable neighbourhoods. Street design: (a) is appropriate to the function(s) of the street; (b) meets the needs of users and gives priority to the needs of vulnerable users. 	AO17 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
Public transport network		
PO18 Development provides a street pattern that caters for the extension of public transport routes and infrastructure including safe pedestrian pick-up and set-down up facilities.	AO18 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
Pest plants		
PO19 Development activities and sites provide for the removal of all pest plants and implement ongoing measures to ensure that pest plants do not reinfest the site or nearby sites. Editor's note - This does not remove or replace all land owner's obligations or responsibilities under the Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002.	AO19 Pest plants detected on a development site are removed in accordance with a management plan prepared by an appropriately qualified person prior to earthworks commencing. Note - A declaration from an appropriately qualified person validates the land being free from pest plants. Declared pest plants include locally declared and State declared pest plants.	Proposal is capable of complying.

Acid sulfate soils overlay code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Acid sulfate soils overlay, if:
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Acid sulphate soils overlay is identified on the Acid sulfate soils overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) Land at or below the 5m AHD sub-category;
 - (b) Land above the 5m AHD and below the 20m AHD sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the acid sulfate soils overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 2: Environment and landscape values, Element 3.5.4 Coastal zones.
 - (ii) Theme 3: Natural resource management, Element 3.6.2 land and catchment management, Element 3.6.3 Primary production, forestry and fisheries.
- (2) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Acid sulfate soils overlay sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development ensures that the release of any acid and associated metal contaminant is avoided by not disturbing acid sulfate soils when excavating, removing soil or extracting ground water or filling land;
 - (b) Development ensures that disturbed acid sulfate soils, or drainage waters, are treated and, if required, on-going management practices are adopted that minimise the potential for environmental harm from acid sulfate soil and protect corrodible assets from acid sulfate soil.

Criteria for assessment

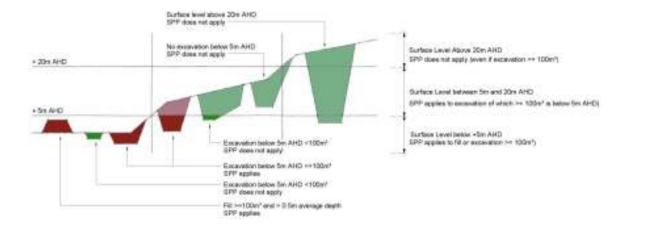
Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Acid sulfate soils overlay code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For assessable development		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO1 The extent and location of potential or actual acid sulfate soils is accurately identified.	AO1.1 No excavation or filling occurs on the site. or AO1.2 An acid sulfate soils investigation is undertaken. Note - Planning scheme policy SC 6.12– Potential and actual acid sulfate soils provides guidance on preparing an acid sulfate soils investigation.	Proposal will include an acid sulfate soils investigation if relevant disturbance thresholds are likely to be exceeded.
PO2 Development avoids disturbing potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils, or is managed to avoid or minimise the release of acid and metal contaminants.	 AO2.1 The disturbance of potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils is avoided by: (a) not excavating, or otherwise removing, soil or sediment identified as containing potential or actual acid sulfate soils; (b) not permanently or temporarily extracting groundwater that results in the aeration of previously saturated acid sulfate soils; (c) not undertaking filling that results in: (d) actual acid sulfate soils being moved below the water table; (e) previously saturated acid sulfate soils being aerated. 	
	or AO2.2 The disturbance of potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils is undertaken in accordance with an acid sulfate soils management plan and avoids the release of metal contaminants by:	Proposal will include an acid sulfate soils management plan if required by any necessary investigations.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (a) neutralising existing acidity and preventing the generation of acid and metal contaminants; (b) preventing the release of surface or groundwater flows containing acid and metal contaminants into the environment; (c) preventing the in situ oxidisation of potential acid sulfate soils and actual acid sulfate soils through ground water level management; (d) appropriately treating acid sulfate soils before disposal occurs on or off site; (e) documenting strategies and reporting requirements in an acid sulfate soils environmental management plan. 	
PO3 No environmental harm is caused as a result of exposure to potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils.	AO3 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal is capable of complying.

Figure 0.a – Acid sulfate soils (SPP triggers)



Landscape values overlay code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Landscape values overlay, if:
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Landscape values overlay is identified on the Landscape values overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes in following sub-categories:
 - (a) High landscape value sub-category;
 - (b) Medium landscape value sub-category;
 - (c) Scenic route buffer / view corridor area sub-category;
 - (d) Coastal scenery area sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Landscape values overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction of the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 2: Environment and landscape values Element 3.5.5 Scenic amenity;
 - (ii) Theme 3: Natural resource management Element 3.6.4 Resource extraction.
 - (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Landscape values overlay sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) areas of High landscape value are protected, retained and enhanced;
 - (b) areas of Medium landscape value are managed to integrate and limit the visual impact of development;
 - (c) the landscape values of the Coastal scenery area are managed to integrate and limit the visual impact of development;
 - (d) development maintains and enhances the significant landscape elements and features which contribute to the distinctive character and identity of Douglas Shire;
 - (e) ridges and vegetated hillslopes are not developed in a way that adversely impacts on landscape values;
 - (f) watercourses, forested mountains and coastal landscape character types remain predominantly natural in appearance in order to maintain the region's diverse character and distinctive tropical image, in particular:
 - (i) areas in the coastal landscape character type which are predominantly natural and undeveloped in appearance retain this natural

landscape character;

- (ii) watercourses which are predominantly natural and undeveloped in appearance retain this natural landscape character;
- (iii) the rural character of cane fields and lowlands landscape character types which are predominantly rural or natural in appearance are maintained;
- (iv) landscape values are maintained when viewed from lookouts, scenic routes, gateways and public places.
- (g) views towards High landscape value areas and the Coral Sea are not diminished;
- (h) development is consistent with the prevailing landscape character of its setting, and is neither visually dominant nor visually intrusive;
- (i) advertising devices do not detract from the landscape values, character types or amenity of an area.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Landscape values overlay code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For assessable development		
Development in a High landscape value area		
 PO1 Development within High landscape value areas identified on the Landscape values overlay maps contained in Schedule 2: (a) avoids detrimental impacts on the landscape values of forested skylines, visible hillslopes, ridgelines, the coastal foreshore or the shoreline of other water bodies through the loss of vegetation; (b) is effectively screened from view from a road, lookout or other public place by an existing natural landform or native vegetation, or will be effectively screened by native vegetation within 3 years of construction; (c) retains existing vegetation and incorporates new landscaping to enhance existing vegetation and visually soften built form elements; (d) incorporates development of a scale, design, height, position on site, construction materials and external finishes that are compatible with the landscape values of the locality; (e) avoids detrimental impacts on landscape values and excessive changes to the natural landform as 	 AO1.1 Buildings and structures are not more than 8.5 metres and two storeys in height. Note - Height is inclusive of roof height. AO1.2 Buildings and structures are setback not less than 50 metres from ridgelines or peaks. AO1.3 Development is screened from view from roads or other public places by an existing natural landform or an existing native vegetation buffer. AO1.4 Where development on land steeper than 1 in 6 (16.6%) cannot be avoided: (a) development follows the natural; contours of the site; 	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
a result of the location, position on site, scale, design, extent and alignment of earthworks, roads, driveways, retaining walls and other on-ground or in-ground infrastructure; (f) avoids detrimental impacts on landscape values and views as a result of the location, position on site, scale, design and alignment of telecommunications facilities, electricity towers, poles and lines and other tall infrastructure; (g) extractive industry operations are avoided. Note - A visual impact assessment is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values in order to satisfy performance outcomes.	 (b) buildings are split level or suspended floor construction, or a combination of the two; (c) lightweight materials are used to areas with suspended floors. Note - Examples of suitable lightweight materials include timber or fibre cement boards or sheeting for walls and factory treated metal sheeting for walls and roofs. AO1.5 The external features, walls and roofs of buildings and structures have a subdued and non-reflective palette. Note - Examples of suitable colours include shades of green, olive green, blue green, grey green, green blue, indigo, brown, blue grey, and green yellow. AO1.6 No clearing of native vegetation occurs on land with a slope greater than 1 in 6 (16.5%). AO1.7 Where for accommodation activities or reconfiguration of a lot in a High landscape value area, development demonstrates that the height, design, scale, positioning on-site, proposed construction materials and external finishes are compatible with the landscape values. Note - A visual impact assessment undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values may be required. AO1.8 Advertising devices do not occur. 	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
Development within the Medium landscape value area			
 PO2 Development within Medium landscape value areas identified on the Landscape values overlay maps contained in Schedule 2: (a) avoids detrimental impacts on the landscape values of forested skylines, visible hillslopes, ridgelines, the coastal foreshore or the shoreline of other water bodies through the loss of vegetation; (b) is effectively screened from view from a road, lookout or other public place by an existing natural landform or native vegetation, or will be effectively screened by native vegetation within 5 years of construction; (c) retains existing vegetation and incorporates new 	 AO2.1 Buildings and structures are not more than 8.5 metres and two storeys in height. Note - Height is inclusive of the roof height. AO2.2 Development is screened from view from roads or other public places by an existing natural landform or an existing native vegetation buffer. AO2.3 Where development on land steeper than 1 	N/A	
 landscaping to enhance existing vegetation and visually soften built form elements; (d) incorporates development of a scale, design, height, position on site, construction materials and external finishes that are compatible with the landscape values of the locality; 	 in 6 (16.6%) cannot be avoided: (a) development follows the natural; contours of the site; (b) buildings are split level or suspended floor construction, or a combination of the two; 		
 (e) avoids detrimental impacts on landscape values and excessive changes to the natural landform as a result of the location, position on site, scale, design and alignment of earthworks, roads, driveways, retaining walls and other on-ground or in-ground infrastructure; 	 (c) lightweight materials are used to areas with suspended floors. Note - Examples of suitable lightweight materials include timber or fibre cement boards or sheeting for walls and factory treated metal sheeting for walls and roofs. 		
 (f) avoids detrimental impacts on landscape values and views as a result of the location, position on site, scale, design and alignment of telecommunications facilities, electricity towers, poles and lines and other tall infrastructure; 	AO2.4 The external features, walls and roofs of buildings and structures have a subdued and non-reflective palette.		
(g) extractive industry operations are avoided, or where they cannot be avoided, are screened from view.	Note - Examples of suitable colours include shades of green, olive green, blue green, grey green, green blue, indigo, brown, blue grey, and green yellow.		
	AO2.5		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Note - A visual impact assessment is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values in order to satisfy performance outcomes.	No clearing of native vegetation occurs on land with a slope greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%).	
	AO2.6 Advertising devices do not occur.	
Development within a Scenic route buffer / view corr	idor area	
 PO3 Development within a Scenic route buffer / view corridor area as identified on the Landscape values overlay maps contained in Schedule 2: (a) retains visual access to views of the surrounding landscape, the sea and other water bodies; 	AO3.1 Where within a Scenic route buffer / view corridor area, the height of buildings and structures is not more than identified within the acceptable outcomes of the applicable zone code.	Proposal complies.
 (b) retains existing vegetation and incorporates landscaping to visually screen and soften built form elements whilst not impeding distant views or view corridors; 	AO3.2 No clearing of native vegetation is undertaken within a Scenic route buffer area.	Proposal complies.
 (c) incorporates building materials and external finishes that are compatible with the visual amenity and the landscape character; (d) minimises visual impacts on the setting and views in terms of: (i) the scale, height and setback of buildings; (ii) the extent of earthworks and impacts on the landform including the location and configuration of access roads and driveways; 	AO3.3 Where within a Scenic route buffer / view corridor area development is set back and screened from view from a scenic route by existing native vegetation with a width of at least 10 metres and landscaped in accordance with the requirements of the landscaping code.	Proposal is not visible from scenic route.
 (iii) the scale, extent and visual prominence of advertising devices. Note - A visual impact assessment is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values in order to satisfy performance outcomes. 	AO3.4 Development does not result in the replacement of, or creation of new, additional, or enlarged advertising devices.	Proposal complies.
Development within the Coastal scenery area		
PO4	AO4.1	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
The landscape values of the Coastal scenery zone as identified on the Landscape values overlay maps contained in Schedule 2 are managed to integrated and limit the visual impact of development. Note - A visual impact assessment is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values in order to satisfy performance outcomes.	 The dominance of the natural character of the coast is maintained or enhanced when viewed from the foreshore. AO4.2 Where located adjacent to the foreshore buildings and structures are setback: (a) Where no adjoining development, a minimum of 50 metres from the coastal high water mark and the setback area is landscaped with a native vegetation buffer that has a minimum width of 25 metres; or (b) Where there is adjoining development, setbacks will be consistent with that of adjoining buildings and structures, but not less than 10 metres from the coastal high water mark. The setback area is landscaped in accordance with the requirements of the Landscaping code. 	
	 AO4.3 Where separated from the foreshore by land contained within public ownership (e.g. unallocated State land, esplanade or other public open space), buildings and structures area setback: (a) where no adjoining development, a minimum of 6 metres from the coastward property boundary. The setback area is landscaped in accordance with the requirements of the Landscaping code; or (b) where there is adjoining development, setbacks will be consistent with that of adjoining buildings and structures. The setback area is landscaped in 	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	accordance with the requirements of the Landscaping code.	
 PO5 Development is to maximise opportunities to maintain and/or enhance natural landscape values through the maintenance and restoration of vegetated buffers between development and coastal waters, where practical. Note – A visual impact assessment is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values in satisfaction of a performance outcome. 	AO5 No clearing of native vegetation is undertaken within a Coastal scenery area zone, except for exempt vegetation damage undertaken in accordance with the Vegetation management code.	N/A

Transport network overlay code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Transport network overlay; if:
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land within the Transport network overlay is identified on the Transport network (Road Hierarchy) overlay map and the Transport network (Pedestrian and Cycle) overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) Transport network (Road Hierarchy) overlay sub-categories:
 - (i) State controlled road sub-category;
 - (ii) Sub-arterial road sub-category;
 - (iii) Collector road sub-category;
 - (iv) Access road sub-category;
 - (v) Industrial road sub-category;
 - (vi) Major rural road sub-category;
 - (vii) Minor rural road sub-category;
 - (viii) Unformed road sub-category;
 - (ix) Major transport corridor buffer area sub-category.
 - (b) Transport network (Pedestrian and Cycle) overlay sub-categories:
 - (i) Principal route;
 - (ii) Future principal route;
 - (iii) District route;
 - (iv) Neighbourhood route;
 - (v) Strategic investigation route.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Transport network overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction of the Strategic Framework, in particular:

- (i) Theme 1: Settlement pattern Element 3.4.2 Urban settlement, Element 3.4.3 Activity centres;
- (ii) Theme 6: Infrastructure and transport Element 3.9.4 Transport;
- (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Transport network overlay.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development provides for transport infrastructure (including active transport infrastructure);
 - (b) development contributes to a safe and efficient transport network;
 - (c) development supports the existing and future role and function of the transport network;
 - (d) development does not compromise the safety and efficiency of major transport infrastructure and facilities.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document...a - Transport network overlay code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For assessable development		
PO1 Development supports the road hierarchy for the region. Note -A Traffic impact assessment report prepared in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.10 - Parking and access is one way to demonstrate achievement of the Performance Outcomes.	AO1.1 Development is compatible with the intended role and function of the transport network as identified on the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2.	Proposal complies.
	AO1.2 Development does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the transport network.	Proposal complies.
	AO1.3 Development is designed to provide access via the lowest order road, where legal and practicable access can be provided to that road.	Proposal complies.
PO2 Transport infrastructure is provided in an integrated and timely manner.	AO2 Development provides infrastructure (including improvements to existing infrastructure) in accordance with:	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Note - A Traffic impact assessment report prepared in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.10 - Parking and access is one way to demonstrate achievement of the Performance Outcomes.	(a) the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2;(b) any relevant Local Plan.	
	Note – The Translink Public Transport Infrastructure Manual provides guidance on the design of public transport facilities.	
PO3	A03	Proposal will be built in accordance with the
Development involving sensitive land uses within a major transport corridor buffer area is located,	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	requirements of Part 4.4 of the Queensland Development Code.
designed and maintained to avoid or mitigate adverse impacts on amenity for the sensitive land use.	Note – Part 4.4 of the Queensland Development Code provides requirements for residential building design in a designated transport noise corridor.	
PO4	AO4.1	Proposal complies.
Development does not compromise the intended role and function or safety and efficiency of major transport corridors.	Development is compatible with the role and function (including the future role and function) of major transport corridors.	
Note - A Traffic impact assessment report prepared in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.10 - Parking and access is one way to demonstrate achievement of the Performance Outcomes.	AO4.2 Direct access is not provided to a major transport corridor where legal and practical access from another road is available.	N/A
	 AO4.3 Intersection and access points associated with major transport corridors are located in accordance with: (a) the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2; and (b) any relevant Local Plan. 	Proposal complies.
	AO4.4	Proposal complies.
	The layout of development and the design of the associated access is compatible with existing and future boundaries of the major transport corridor or major transport facility.	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO5 Development retains and enhances existing vegetation between a development and a major transport corridor, so as to provide screening to potential noise, dust, odour and visual impacts emanating from the corridor.	AO5 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Pedestrian and cycle network	•	
PO6 Lot reconfiguration assists in the implementation of the pedestrian and cycle movement network to achieve safe, attractive and efficient pedestrian and cycle networks.	 AO6.1 Where a lot is subject to, or adjacent to an element of the pedestrian and cycle Movement network (identified on the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2) the specific location of this element of the pedestrian and cycle network is incorporated in the design of the lot layout. AO6.2 The element of the pedestrian and cycle network is constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D4 and D5 of the Planning scheme policy SC6.5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual. 	N/A N/A

Landscaping code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) operational work which requires a compliance assessment as a condition of a development permit; or
 - (b) a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (i) assessable development where this code is identified in the assessment criteria column of the table of assessment;
 - (ii) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Landscaping code is to assess the landscaping aspects of a development.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) The tropical, lush landscape character of the region is retained, promoted and enhanced through high quality landscape works;
 - (b) The natural environment of the region is enhanced;
 - (c) The visual quality, amenity and identity of the region is enhanced;
 - (d) Attractive streetscapes and public places are created through landscape design;
 - (e) As far as practical, existing vegetation on site is retained, and protected during works and integrated with the built environment;
 - (f) Landscaping is provided to enhance the tropical landscape character of development and the region;
 - (g) Landscaping is functional, durable, contributes to passive energy conservation and provides for the efficient use of water and ease of ongoing maintenance;
 - (h) Landscaping takes into account utility service protection;
 - (i) Weed species and invasive species are eliminated from development sites;
 - (j) Landscape design enhances personal safety and incorporates CPTED principles.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Landscaping code -assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self-assessable and assessable development		
Landscape design		
P01	A01	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 Development provides landscaping that contributes to and creates a high quality landscape character for the site, street and local areas of the Shire by: (a) promoting the Shire's character as a tropical environment; (b) softening the built form of development; (c) enhancing the appearance of the development from within and outside the development and makes a positive contribution to the streetscape; (d) screening the view of buildings, structures, open storage areas, service equipment, machinery plant and the like from public places, residences and other sensitive development; (e) where necessary, ensuring the privacy of habitable rooms and private outdoor recreation areas; (f) contributing to a comfortable living environment and improved energy efficiency, by providing shade to reduce glare and heat absorption and re-radiation from buildings, parking areas and other hard surfaces; (g) ensuring private outdoor recreation space is useable; (h) providing long term soil erosion protection; (i) integrating existing vegetation and other natural features of the premises into the development; (k) not adversely affecting vehicular and pedestrian sightlines and road safety. 	 Development provides landscaping: (a) in accordance with the minimum area, dimensions and other requirements of applicable development codes; (b) that is designed and planned in a way that meets the guidelines for landscaping outlined in Planning Scheme Policy SC6.7 – Landscaping; (c) that is carried out and maintained in accordance with a landscaping plan that meets the guidelines for landscaping outlined in Planning Scheme Policy SC6.7 – Landscaping. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping provides guidance on meeting the outcomes of this code. A landscape plan submitted for approval in accordance with the Planning policy is one way to achieve this outcome. 	
For assessable development		
PO2 Landscaping contributes to a sense of place, is functional to the surroundings and enhances the streetscape and visual appearance of the development.	AO2.1 No acceptable outcomes are specified. Note - Landscaping is in accordance with the requirements specified in Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO2.2 Tropical urbanism is incorporated into building design. Note – 'Tropical urbanism' includes many things such as	Proposal complies.
	green walls, green roofs, podium planting and vegetation incorporated into the design of a building.	
PO3 Development provides landscaping that is, as far as practical, consistent with the existing desirable landscape character of the area and protects trees, vegetation and other features of ecological, recreational, aesthetic and cultural value.	A03.1 Existing vegetation on site is retained and incorporated into the site design, wherever possible, utilising the methodologies and principles outline in AS4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites.	Subject site is clear.
	AO3.2 Mature vegetation on the site that is removed or damaged during development is replaced with advanced species.	N/A
	AO3.3 Where there is an existing landscape character in a street or locality which results from existing vegetation, similar species are incorporated into new development.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO3.4 Street trees are species which enhance the landscape character of the streetscape, with species chosen from the Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO4 Plant species are selected with consideration to the scale and form of development, screening, buffering, streetscape, shading and the locality of the area.	AO4 Species are selected in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO5	A05	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Shade planting is provided in car parking areas where uncovered or open, and adjacent to driveways and internal roadways.	Species are selected in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	
PO6 Landscaped areas are designed in order to allow for efficient maintenance.	AO6.1 A maintenance program is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO6.2 Tree maintenance is to have regard to the 'Safe Useful Life Expectancy of Trees (SULE).	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	Note – It may be more appropriate to replace trees with a SULE of less than 20 years (as an example), and replant with younger healthy species.	
PO7 Podium planting is provided with appropriate species for long term survival and ease of maintenance, with beds capable of proper drainage.	A07.1 Podium planting beds are provided with irrigation and are connected to stormwater infrastructure to permit flush out.	N/A
	AO7.2 Species of plants are selected for long term performance designed to suit the degree of access to podiums and roof tops for maintenance.	N/A
PO8 Development provides for the removal of all weed and invasive species and implement on-going measures to ensure that weeds and invasive species do not reinfest the site and nearby premises.	AO8 Weed and invasive species detected on a development site are removed in accordance with a management plan prepared by an appropriately qualified person.	Proposal is capable of complying.
PO9 The landscape design enhances personal safety and reduces the potential for crime and vandalism.	AO9 No acceptable outcomes are specified.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.3 – Crime prevention through environmental design (CPTED) provides guidance on meeting this outcome.	
PO10 The location and type of plant species does not adversely affect the function and accessibility of services and facilities and service areas.	AO10 Species are selected in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Access, parking and servicing code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) operational work which requires a compliance assessment as a condition of a development permit; or
 - (b) a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (i) self-assessable or assessable development where this code is identified in the assessment criteria column of the table of assessment;
 - (ii) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Access, parking and servicing code is to assess the suitability of access, parking and associated servicing aspects of a development.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) sufficient vehicle parking is provided on-site to cater for all types of vehicular traffic accessing and parking on-site, including staff, guests, patrons, residents and short term delivery vehicles;
 - (b) sufficient bicycle parking and end of trip facilities are provided on-site to cater for customer and service staff;
 - (c) on-site parking is provided so as to be accessible and convenient, particularly for any short term uses;
 - (d) development provides walking and cycle routes through the site which link the development to the external walking and cycling network;
 - (e) the provision of on-site parking, loading / unloading facilities and the provision of access to the site do not impact on the efficient function of street network or on the area in which the development is located;
 - (f) new vehicular access points are safely located and are not in conflict with the preferred ultimate streetscape character and local character and do not unduly disrupt any current or future on-street parking arrangements.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Access, parking and servicing code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self-assessable and assessable development		
PO1 Sufficient on-site car parking is provided to cater for the amount and type of vehicle traffic expected to be	AO1.1 The minimum number of on-site vehicle parking spaces is not less than the number prescribed in	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 generated by the use or uses of the site, having particular regard to: (a) the desired character of the area; (b) the nature of the particular use and its specific characteristics and scale; (c) the number of employees and the likely number of visitors to the site; (d) the level of local accessibility; (e) the nature and frequency of any public transport serving the area; (f) whether or not the use involves the retention of an existing building and the previous requirements for car parking for the building (g) whether or not the use involves a heritage building or place of local significance; (h) whether or not the proposed use involves the retention of significant vegetation. 	 Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb for that particular use or uses. Note - Where the number of spaces calculated from the table is not a whole number, the number of spaces provided is the next highest whole number. AO1.2 Car parking spaces are freely available for the parking of vehicles at all times and are not used for external storage purposes, the display of products or rented/sub-leased. AO1.3 Parking for motorcycles is substituted for ordinary vehicle parking to a maximum level of 2% of total ordinary vehicle parking. AO1.4 For parking areas exceeding 50 spaces parking, is provided for recreational vehicles as a substitute for ordinary vehicle parking to a maximum of 5% of total ordinary vehicle parking rate. 	Proposal complies. N/A N/A
PO2 Vehicle parking areas are designed and constructed in accordance with relevant standards.	AO2 Vehicle parking areas are designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard: (a) AS2890.1; AS2890.3; AS2890.6.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO3 Access points are designed and constructed: (a) to operate safely and efficiently;	AO3.1	Proposal includes two (2) crossovers, although following subdivision this will be one (1) crossover per lot.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (b) to accommodate the anticipated type and volume of vehicles (c) to provide for shared vehicle (including cyclists) and pedestrian use, where appropriate; (d) so that they do not impede traffic or pedestrian movement on the adjacent road area; (e) so that they do not adversely impact upon existing intersections or future road or intersection improvements; (f) so that they do not adversely impact current and future on-street parking arrangements; (g) so that they do not adversely impact on existing services within the road reserve adjacent to the site; (h) so that they do not involve ramping, cutting of the adjoining road reserve or any built structures (other than what may be necessary to cross over a stormwater channel). 	 Access is limited to one access cross over per site and is an access point located, designed and constructed in accordance with: (a) Australian Standard AS2890.1; (b) Planning scheme policy SC6.5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual - access crossovers. AO3.2 Access, including driveways or access crossovers: (a) are not placed over an existing: (i) telecommunications pit; (ii) stormwater kerb inlet; (iii) sewer utility hole; (iv) water valve or hydrant. (b) are designed to accommodate any adjacent footpath; (c) adhere to minimum sight distance requirements in accordance with AS2980.1. AO3.3 Driveways are: (a) designed to follow as closely as possible to the existing contours, but are no steeper than the gradients outlined in Planning scheme policy SC6.5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; (b) constructed such that where there is a grade shift to 1 in 4 (25%), there is an area with a grade of no more than 1 in in 6 (16.6%) prior to this area, for a distance of at least 5 metres; (c) on gradients greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%) driveways are constructed to ensure the cross-fall of the driveway is one way and 	Proposal complies or is capable of complying. Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 directed into the hill, for vehicle safety and drainage purposes; (d) constructed such that the transitional change in grade from the road to the lot is fully contained within the lot and not within the road reserve; (e) designed to include all necessary associated drainage that intercepts and directs storm water runoff to the storm water drainage system. AO3.4 Surface construction materials are consistent with the current or intended future streetscape or character of the area and contrast with the surface construction materials of any adjacent footpath. 	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
P04	A04	N/A
Sufficient on-site wheel chair accessible car parking spaces are provided and are identified and reserved for such purposes.	The number of on-site wheel chair accessible car parking spaces complies with the rates specified in AS2890 Parking Facilities.	
PO5 Access for people with disabilities is provided to the building from the parking area and from the street.	AO5 Access for people with disabilities is provided in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO6 Sufficient on-site bicycle parking is provided to cater for the anticipated demand generated by the development.	AO6 The number of on-site bicycle parking spaces complies with the rates specified in Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
P07	A07.1	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 Development provides secure and convenient bicycle parking which: (a) for visitors is obvious and located close to the building's main entrance; (b) for employees is conveniently located to provide secure and convenient access between the bicycle storage area, end-of-trip facilities and the main area of the building; (c) is easily and safely accessible from outside the site. 	Development provides bicycle parking spaces for employees which are co-located with end-of- trip facilities (shower cubicles and lockers); A07.2 Development ensures that the location of visitor bicycle parking is discernible either by direct view or using signs from the street. A07.3 Development provides visitor bicycle parking which does not impede pedestrian movement.	N/A N/A
 PO8 Development provides walking and cycle routes through the site which: (a) link to the external network and pedestrian and cyclist destinations such as schools, shopping centres, open space, public transport stations, shops and local activity centres along the safest, most direct and convenient routes; (b) encourage walking and cycling; (c) ensure pedestrian and cyclist safety. 	 AO8 Development provides walking and cycle routes which are constructed on the carriageway or through the site to: (a) create a walking or cycle route along the full frontage of the site; (b) connect to public transport and existing cycle and walking routes at the frontage or boundary of the site. 	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
 PO9 Access, internal circulation and on-site parking for service vehicles are designed and constructed: (a) in accordance with relevant standards; (b) so that they do not interfere with the amenity of the surrounding area; (c) so that they allow for the safe and convenient movement of pedestrians, cyclists and other vehicles. 	 AO9.1 Access driveways, vehicle manoeuvring and on-site parking for service vehicles are designed and constructed in accordance with AS2890.1 and AS2890.2. AO9.2 Service and loading areas are contained fully within the site. 	Proposal complies or is capable of complying. Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO9.3 The movement of service vehicles and service operations are designed so they:	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(a) do not impede access to parking spaces;(b) do not impede vehicle or pedestrian traffic movement.	
PO10 Sufficient queuing and set down areas are provided to accommodate the demand generated by the development.	 AO10.1 Development provides adequate area on-site for vehicle queuing to accommodate the demand generated by the development where drive through facilities or drop-off/pick-up services are proposed as part of the use, including, but not limited to, the following land uses: (a) car wash; (b) child care centre; (c) educational establishment where for a school; (d) food and drink outlet, where including a drive-through facility; (e) hardware and trade supplies, where including a drive-through facility; (f) hotel, where including a drive-through facility; (g) service station. 	N/A
	AO10.2 Queuing and set-down areas are designed and constructed in accordance with AS2890.1.	N/A

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..b – Access, parking and servicing requirements

Note – Where the number of spaces is not a whole number, the number of spaces to be provided is the next highest whole number.

Note – Where the proposed development involves one or more land use, the minimum number of spaces for the proposed development will be calculated using the minimum number of spaces specified for each land use component.

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
Agricultural supplies store	1 space per 50m ² of GFA and outdoor display area.	1 space per 200m ² of GFA.	n/a	LRV
Air services	1 car space per 20m ² of covered reception area, plus 1 car space per 2 staff, plus a covered bus set down area adjacent to the entry of the reception area and 2 bus parking spaces.	n/a	n/a	LRV
Bulk landscape supplies	1 space per 50m ² GFA and outdoor display area.	1 space per 200m ² of GFA.	n/a	MRV
Caretaker's accommodation	A minimum of 1 space	n/a	n/a	n/a
Child care centre	1 space per 10 children to be used for setting down and picking up of children, with a minimum of 3 car spaces to be provided for set down and collection; plus 1 space per employee. Any drive-through facility can provide tandem short term parking for 3 car spaces for setting down/picking up of children, on the basis that a passing lane is provided and line-marked to be kept clear of standing vehicles at all times.	n/a	n/a	VAN
Club	Unlicensed clubrooms: 1 space per 45m2 of GFA. Licensed clubrooms: 1 space per 15m ² of GFA.	1 space per 4 employees.	n/a	Licensed and equal or greater than 1500m ² : RCV Other: VAN
Community care centre	1 space per 20m ² of GFA.	A minimum of 1 space.	n/a	RCV
Community residence	A minimum of 2 spaces.	A minimum of 1 space.	n/a	VAN
Community use	1 space per 15m ² GFA.	1 space per 100m2 of GFA.	n/a	RCV

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
Dual occupancy	A minimum of 2 spaces per dwelling unit which may be in tandem with a minimum of 1 covered space per dwelling unit.	n/a	n/a	n/a
Dwelling house	A minimum of 2 spaces which may be in tandem plus 1 space for a secondary dwelling	n/a	n/a	n/a
Dwelling unit	1.5 spaces per one or two bedroom unit; or 2 spaces per three bedroom unit.	n/a	n/a	n/a
Educational establishment	 Primary school or secondary schools: 1 car space per 2 staff members, plus provision of space to be used for setting down and picking up of students. Tertiary and further education: 1 car space per 2 staff members, plus 1 car space per 10 students, plus provision of space to be used for setting down and picking up of students. 	Primary school or secondary schools: 1 space per 5 students over year 4. Tertiary and further education: 2 spaces per 50 full time students.	Required for all educational establishments with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	RCV
Food and drink outlet	 1 space per 25m² GFA and outdoor dining area. or If within Precinct 1 : Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan or if with Precinct 5: Town centre precinct in the Mossman local plan: 1 space per 50m² of GFA, and outdoor dining area. 	1 space per 100m ² of GFA, and outdoor dining area.	n/a	See Table Error! No text of specified style in documentd
Function facility	1 space per 15m ² GFA.	1 space per 100m ² of GFA.	n/a	RCV
Funeral parlour	1 space per 15m ² GFA.	n/a	n/a	RCV
Garden centre	1 space per 50m ² GFA and outdoor display area	1 space per 200m ² of GFA.	n/a	AV
Hardware and trade supplies	1 space per 50m ² GFA and outdoor display area	1 space per 200m ² of GFA.	n/a	AV

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
Health care services	1 space per 20m2 of GFA.	1 space per 100m ² of GFA.	Required for all health care services with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	VAN
High impact industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	AV
Home based business	The parking required for the dwelling house, plus 1 space per bedroom where the Home based business involves the provision of accommodation; or 1 space per 25m ² GFA for any other Home Based Business.	n/a	n/a	n/a
Hospital	The greater of 1 space per 2 bedrooms or 1 space per 4 beds; plus 1 car space for ambulance parking, designated accordingly.	1 space per 100m ² of GFA.	Required for all hospitals with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	RCV
Hotel	1 space per 10m2 GFA and licensed outdoor area; plus For 1 space per 50m ² GFA of floor area of liquor barn or bulk liquor sales area; plus, if a drive in bottle shop is provided, queuing lane/s on site for 12 vehicles. Note - Use standard for any Short Term Accommodation for hotel accommodation use.	1 space per 100m² of GFA.	n/a	LRV
Indoor sport and recreation	Squash court or another court game: 4 spaces per court. Basketball, netball, soccer, cricket: 25 spaces per court / pitch. Ten pin bowling: 3 spaces per bowling lane. Gymnasium: 1 space per 15m ² of GFA.	1 space per 4 employees.	n/a	RCV
Low impact industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	AV

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
Marine industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	AV
Medium impact industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	AV
Multiple dwelling	 If within Precinct 1 : Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie Local plan: 1 car space per dwelling unit. If outside Precinct 1 : Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie Local plan: 1.5 car spaces per dwelling unit In all cases 60% of the car parking area is to be covered. 	1 bicycle space per 3 units and 1 visitor bicycle space per 12 units.	n/a	RCV (over 10 units)
Office	 1 space per 25m² of GFA or If within Precinct 1 : Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan or if with Precinct 5: Town centre precinct in the Mossman local plan: 1 space per 50m² of GFA 	1 space per 200m ² GFA	Required for all office development with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	See Table Error! No text of specified style in documente
Outdoor sales	1 space per 50m ² GFA and outdoor display area	1 space per 200m ² of GFA.	n/a	AV
Outdoor sport and recreation	Coursing, horse racing, pacing, trotting: 1 space per 5 seated spectators, plus 1 space per 5m ² of other spectator areas. Football: 50 spaces per field. Lawn bowls: 30 spaces per green.	Football: 5 space per field. Lawn bowls: 5 spaces per green. Swimming pool: 1 space per swimming lane.	n/a	RCV
	Swimming pool: 15 spaces; plus	Tennis court or other court game:		

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
	 space per 100m² of useable site area. Tennis court or other court game: spaces per court. Golf course: spaces per tee on the course. Note - Use standard for Club for clubhouse component. 	4 space per court. Golf course: 1 space per 15m ² of GFA for clubhouse component.		
Place of worship	1 space per 15m ² of GFA.	1 space per 100m ² of GFA.	n/a	LRV
Relocatable home park	1 space per relocatable home site; plus 0.1 space per relocatable home site for visitor parking; plus 1 space for an on-site manager	n/a	n/a	LRV
Research and technology industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	MRV
Residential care facility	1 visitor car space per 5 bedroom units; plus 1 car space per 2 staff members	n/a	n/a	LRV
Resort complex	Use standard for relevant standard for each component. For example: Use Short Term Accommodation standard for accommodation component and Food and Drink Outlet for restaurant component.	Use standard for relevant standard for each component. For example: Use Short Term Accommodation standard for accommodation component and Food and Drink Outlet for restaurant component.	n/a	RCV
Retirement facility	1 space per dwelling unit;	n/a	n/a	LRV

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
	plus 1 visitor space per 5 dwelling units; plus 1 visitor car space per 10 hostel units, nursing home or similar beds, plus 1 car space per 2 staff members; plus 1 car parking space for ambulance parking.			
Sales office	A minimum of 1 space.	n/a	n/a	n/a
Service industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	SRV
Service station	1 space per 25m ² of GFA	n/a	n/a	AV
Shop	 1 space per 25m² of GFA. or If within Precinct 1 : Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan or if with Precinct 5: Town centre precinct in the Mossman local plan: 1 space per 50m² of GFA. 	1 space per 100m ² of GFA.	Required for all shops with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	See Table Error! No text of specified style in documentd
Shopping centre	 1 space per 25m² of GFA. or If within Precinct 1 : Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan or if with Precinct 5: Town centre precinct in the Mossman local plan: 1 space per 50m² of GFA. 	1 space per 200m ² GFA.	Required for all shopping centres with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	See Table Error! No text of specified style in documentd
Short term accommodation	 If within Precinct 1 : Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan: 0.5 car spaces per dwelling unit. If outside Precinct 1 : Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan: For up to 5 units: 1 car space per dwelling unit, plus 1 space for visitors and 1 service/staff spaces. For 5 – 10 units: 1 car space per dwelling unit, plus 2 spaces for visitors and 1 service/staff spaces. 	1 space per 10 rooms	n/a	SRV

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
	For over 10 units: 0.75 car spaces per dwelling unit, plus 3 spaces for visitors and 2 service/staff parking for the first 10 units and 0.5 additional service/staff space per 10 units, there-above. In all cases 60% of the car parking area is to be covered.			
	Note: Where Short term accommodation is to be inter-changeable with a Multiple dwelling land use, multiple dwelling parking rates apply.			
Showroom	1 space per 50m² GFA.	1 space per 200m ² GFA.	n/a	AV
Special industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	AV
Tourist park	1 car space per caravan site, tent site or cabin; plus 1 visitor car space per 10 caravan sites, tent sites or cabins; plus 1 car space for an on-site manager.	n/a	n/a	LRV
Theatre	Indoor: 1 space per 15m ² of GFA. Outdoor cinema: 1 space per 5m ² of designated viewing area, plus 1 car space per 2 employees.	1 space per 200m² GFA.	n/a	VAN
Veterinary services	1 space per 50m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	VAN
Warehouse	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	Where self-storage: RCV Other: AV
Any use not otherwise specified in this table.	Sufficient spaces to accommodate number of vehicles likely to be parked at any one time.	Sufficient spaces to accommodate number		To be determined

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
		of vehicles likely to be parked at any one time.		

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..c - Design vehicles

VAN	A 99.8th percentile vehicle equivalent to a large car.
SRV	Small rigid vehicle as in AS2890.2-2002 parking facilities – Off-street commercial vehicle facilities, but incorporating a body width of 2.33m
MRV	Medium rigid vehicle equivalent to an 8-tonne truck.
LRV	Large rigid vehicle described by AS2890.2-2002 parking facilities – Off-street commercial vehicle facilities as heavy rigid vehicle.
RCV	Industrial refuse collection vehicle
AV	19 metre articulated vehicle from AUSTROADS

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..d – Standard number of service bays required for Food and drink outlet, Shop or Shopping centre

Gross floor area (m²)	Service bays required			
	VAN	SRV	MRV	LRV
0-199	-	1	-	-
200 – 599	1	-	1	-
600 – 999	1	1	1	-
1000 – 1499	2	1	1	-
1500 – 1999	2	2	1	-
2000 – 2799	2	2	2	-
2800 – 3599	2	2	2	1
3600 and over		To be determined via a parking study.		

Gross floor area (m²)	Service bays required	Service bays required			
	VAN	SRV	MRV	LRV	
0-999	-	1	-	-	
1000 – 2499	1	-	1	-	
2500 – 3999	2	1	1	-	
4000 – 5999	3	1	1	-	
6000 – 7999	4	1	1	-	
8000 – 9999	4	2	1	-	
10000 and over		To be determined via a parking study.			

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..e – Standard number of service bays required for Office

Environmental performance code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) building work for outdoor lighting;
 - (b) a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (i) assessable development where the code is identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment; or
 - (ii) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.

Note – Where for the purpose of lighting a tennis court in a Residential zone, a compliance statement prepared by a suitably qualified person must be submitted to Council with the development application for building work.

(2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Environmental performance code is to ensure development is designed and operated to avoid or mitigate impacts on sensitive receiving environments.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) activities that have potential to cause an adverse impact on amenity of adjacent and surrounding land, or environmental harm is avoided through location, design and operation of the development;
 - (b) sensitive land uses are protected from amenity related impacts of lighting, odour, airborne particles and noise, through design and operation of the development;
 - (c) stormwater flowing over, captured or discharged from development sites is of a quality adequate to enter receiving waters and downstream environments;
 - (d) development contributes to the removal and ongoing management of weed species.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a – Environmental performance code – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Lighting		
PO1	A01.1	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Lighting incorporated within development does not cause an adverse impact on the amenity of adjacent uses and nearby sensitive land uses.	Technical parameters, design, installation, operation and maintenance of outdoor lighting comply with the requirements of Australian standard AS4282-1997 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.	
	AO1.2 Development that involves flood lighting is restricted to a type that gives no upward component of light where mounted horizontally.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO1.3 Access, car parking and manoeuvring areas are designed to shield nearby residential premises from impacts of vehicle headlights.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Noise		
PO2 Potential noise generated from the development is avoided through design, location and operation of the activity. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	 AO2.1 Development does not involve activities that would cause noise related environmental harm or nuisance; or AO2.2 Development ensures noise does not emanate from the site through the use of materials, structures and architectural features to not cause an adverse noise impact on adjacent uses. 	Proposal complies.
	 AO2.3 The design and layout of development ensures car parking areas avoid noise impacting directly on adjacent sensitive land uses through one or more of the following: (a) car parking is located away from adjacent sensitive land uses; 	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (b) car parking is enclosed within a building; (c) a noise ameliorating fence or structure is established adjacent to car parking areas where the fence or structure will not have a visual amenity impact on the adjoining premises; (d) buffered with dense landscaping. Editor's note - The <i>Environmental Protection (Noise)</i> <i>Policy 2008</i>, Schedule 1 provides guidance on acoustic quality objectives to ensure environmental harm (including nuisance) is avoided. 	
Airborne particles and other emissions		
PO3 Potential airborne particles and emissions generated from the development are avoided through design, location and operation of the activity. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	 AO3.1 Development does not involve activities that will result in airborne particles or emissions being generated; or AO3.2 The design, layout and operation of the development activity ensures that no airborne particles or emissions cause environmental harm or nuisance. Note - examples of activities which generally cause airborne particles include spray painting, abrasive blasting, manufacturing activities and car wash facilities. Examples of emissions include exhaust ventilation from basement or enclosed parking structures, air conditioning/refrigeration ventilation and exhaustion. The <i>Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 2008</i>, Schedule 1 provides guidance on air quality objectives to ensure environmental harm (including nuisance) is avoided. 	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response			
Odours	Odours				
 PO4 Potential odour causing activities associated with the development are avoided through design, location and operation of the activity. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code. 	 AO4.1 The development does not involve activities that create odorous emissions; or AO4.2 The use does not result in odour that causes environmental harm or nuisance with respect to surrounding land uses. 	Proposal complies.			
Waste and recyclable material storage					
PO5 Waste and recyclable material storage facilities are located and maintained to not cause adverse impacts on adjacent uses. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management	AO5.1 The use ensures that all putrescent waste is stored in a manner that prevents odour nuisance and is disposed of at regular intervals.	Proposal complies.			
plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	 AO5.2 Waste and recyclable material storage facilities are located, designed and maintained to not cause an adverse impact on users of the premises and adjacent uses through consideration of: (a) the location of the waste and recyclable material storage areas in relation to the noise and odour generated; (b) the number of receptacles provided in relation to the collection, maintenance and use of the receptacles; (c) the durability of the receptacles, sheltering and potential impacts of local climatic conditions; (d) the ability to mitigate spillage, seepage or leakage from receptacles into adjacent 	Proposal complies.			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	areas and sensitive receiving waters and environments.	
	Editor's note - the <i>Environmental Protection (Waste Management) Policy 2008</i> provides guidance on the design of waste containers (receptacles) to ensure environmental harm (including nuisance) is avoided.	
Sensitive land use activities		
PO6 Sensitive land use activities are not established in areas which will receive potentially incompatible impacts on amenity from surrounding, existing development activities and land uses.	 AO6.1 Sensitive land use activities are not established in areas that will be adversely impacted upon by existing land uses, activities and potential development possible in an area; or AO6.2 Sensitive land activities are located in areas where potential adverse amenity impacts mitigate all potential impacts through layout, design, operation and maintenance. 	Proposal complies.
Stormwater quality		
PO7 The quality of stormwater flowing over, through or being discharged from development activities into watercourses and drainage lines is of adequate quality for downstream environments, with respect to: (a) the amount and type of pollutants borne from the	A07.1 Development activities are designed to ensure stormwater over roofed and hard stand areas is directed to a lawful point of discharge.	Proposal is capable of complying.
 (a) the amount and type of politicants borne norm the activity; (b) maintaining natural stream flows; (c) the amount and type of site disturbance; (d) site management and control measures. 	 AO7.2 Development ensures movement of stormwater over the site is not impeded or directed through potentially polluting activities. AO7.3 	Proposal is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Soil and water control measures are incorporated into the activity's design and operation to control sediment and erosion potentially entering watercourses, drainage lines and downstream receiving waters. Note - Planning scheme policy - FNQROC Regional Development Manual provides guidance on soil and water control measures to meet the requirements of the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i> . During construction phases of development, contractors and builders are to have consideration in their work methods and site preparation for their environmental duty to protect stormwater quality.	Proposal is capable of complying.
Pest plants (for material change of use on vacant land	l over 1,000m²)	
 PO8 Development activities and sites provide for the removal of all pest plants and implement ongoing measures to ensure that pest plants do not reinfest the site or nearby sites. Editor's note - This does not remove or replace all land owner's obligations or responsibilities under the <i>Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002.</i> 	 AO8.1 The land is free of declared pest plants before development establishes new buildings, structures and practices; or AO8.2 Pest plants detected on a development site are removed in accordance with a management plan prepared by an appropriately qualified person prior to construction of buildings and structures or earthworks. Note - A declaration from an appropriately qualified person validates the land being free from pest plants. Declared pest plants include locally declared and State declared pest plants. 	N/A

Infrastructure works code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) operational work which requires an assessment as a condition of a development permit or is assessable development if this code is identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment;
 - (b) a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (i) assessable development where this code is identified in the assessment criteria column of the table of assessment;
 - (ii) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.

Note – The Filling and excavation code applies to operational work for filling and excavation.

(2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Infrastructure works code is to ensure that development is safely and efficiently serviced by, and connected to, infrastructure.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) the standards of water supply, waste water treatment and disposal, stormwater drainage, local electricity supply, telecommunications, footpaths and road construction meet the needs of development and are safe and efficient;
 - (b) development maintains high environmental standards;
 - (c) development is located, designed, constructed and managed to avoid or minimise impacts arising from altered stormwater quality or flow, wastewater discharge, and the creation of non-tidal artificial waterways;
 - (d) the integrity of existing infrastructure is maintained;
 - (e) development does not detract from environmental values or the desired character and amenity of an area.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Infrastructure works code -assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response		
For self-assessable and assessable development				
Works on a local government road				

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO1 Works on a local government road do not adversely impact on footpaths or existing infrastructure within the road verge and maintain the flow, safety and efficiency of pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.	AO1.1 Footpaths/pathways are located in the road verge and are provided for the hierarchy of the road and located and designed and constructed in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO1.2 Kerb ramp crossovers are constructed in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC 5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	 AO1.3 New pipes, cables, conduits or other similar infrastructure required to cross existing footpaths: (a) are installed via trenchless methods; or (b) where footpath infrastructure is removed to install infrastructure, the new section of footpath is installed to the standard detailed in the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, and is not less than a 1.2 metre section. 	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	 AO1.4 Where existing footpaths are damaged as a result of development, footpaths are reinstated ensuring: (a) similar surface finishes are used; (b) there is no change in level at joins of new and existing sections; (c) new sections are matched to existing in terms of dimension and reinforcement. 	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Note – Figure Error! No text of specified style in documenta provides guidance on meeting the outcomes.	
	AO1.5 Decks, verandahs, stairs, posts and other structures located in the road reserve do not restrict or impede pedestrian movement on footpaths or change the level of the road verges.	N/A
Accessibility structures		
PO2 Development is designed to ensure it is accessible for people of all abilities and accessibility features do not impact on the efficient and safe use of footpaths.	AO2.1 Accessibility structures are not located within the road reserve.	N/A
Note – Accessibility features are those features required to ensure access to premises is provided for people of all abilities and include ramps and lifts.	AO2.2 Accessibility structures are designed in accordance with AS1428.3.	N/A
	AO2.3 When retrofitting accessibility features in existing buildings, all structures and changes in grade are contained within the boundaries of the lot and not within the road reserve.	N/A
Water supply		
PO3 An adequate, safe and reliable supply of potable, fire fighting and general use water is provided.	AO3.1 The premises is connected to Council's reticulated water supply system in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D6 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO3.2	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Where a reticulated water supply system is not available to the premises, on site water storage tank/s with a minimum capacity of 10,000 litres of stored water, with a minimum 7,500 litre tank, with the balance from other sources (e.g. accessible swimming pool, dam etc.) and access to the tank/s for fire trucks is provided for each new house or other development. Tank/s are to be fitted with a 50mm ball valve with a camlock fitting and installed and connected prior to occupation of the house and sited to be visually unobtrusive.	
Treatment and disposal of effluent		
PO4 Provision is made for the treatment and disposal of effluent to ensure that there are no adverse impacts on water quality and no adverse ecological impacts as a result of the system or as a result of increasing the cumulative effect of systems in the locality.	AO4.1 The site is connected to Council's sewerage system and the extension of or connection to the sewerage system is designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D7 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or AO4.2 Where not in a sewerage scheme area, the proposed disposal system meets the requirements of Section 33 of the <i>Environmental Protection Policy (Water) 1997</i> and the proposed on site effluent disposal system is designed in accordance with the <i>Plumbing and Drainage Act (2002).</i>	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Stormwater quality		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 PO5 Development is planned, designed, constructed and operated to avoid or minimise adverse impacts on stormwater quality in natural and developed catchments by: (a) achieving stormwater quality objectives; (b) protecting water environmental values; 	AO5.1 A connection is provided from the premises to Council's drainage system; or AO5.2	Proposal complies or is capable of complying. Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
(c) maintaining waterway hydrology.	An underground drainage system is constructed to convey stormwater from the premises to Council's drainage system in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D4 and D5 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	
	 AO5.3 A stormwater quality management plan is prepared, and provides for achievable stormwater quality treatment measures meeting design objectives listed in Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb and Table Error! No text of specified style in documentc, reflecting land use constraints, such as: (a) erosive, dispersive and/or saline soil types; (b) landscape features (including landform); (c) acid sulfate soil and management of nutrients of concern; (d) rainfall erosivity. 	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO5.4 Erosion and sediment control practices are designed, installed, constructed, monitored, maintained, and carried out in accordance with an erosion and sediment control plan.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO5.5	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Development incorporates stormwater flow control measures to achieve the design objectives set out in Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb and Table Error! No text of specified style in documentc, including management of frequent flows, peak flows, and construction phase hydrological impacts. Note – Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual provides guidance on soil and water control measures to meet the requirements of the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i> . Note – During construction phases of development, contractors and builders are to have consideration in their work methods and site preparation for their environmental duty to protect stormwater quality.	
Non-tidal artificial waterways		
 PO6 Development involving non-tidal artificial waterways is planned, designed, constructed and operated to: (a) protect water environmental values; (b) be compatible with the land use constraints for the site for protecting water environmental values; (c) be compatible with existing tidal and non-tidal waterways; (d) perform a function in addition to stormwater management; (e) achieve water quality objectives. 	 AO6.1 Development involving non-tidal artificial waterways ensures: (a) environmental values in downstream waterways are protected; (b) any ground water recharge areas are not affected; (c) the location of the waterway incorporates low lying areas of the catchment connected to an existing waterway; (d) existing areas of ponded water are included. 	N/A
	 AO6.2 Non-tidal artificial waterways are located: (a) outside natural wetlands and any associated buffer areas; (b) to minimise disturbing soils or sediments; 	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (c) to avoid altering the natural hydrologic regime in acid sulfate soil and nutrient hazardous areas. 	
	 AO6.3 Non-tidal artificial waterways located adjacent to, or connected to a tidal waterway by means of a weir, lock, pumping system or similar ensures: (a) there is sufficient flushing or a tidal range of >0.3 m; or (b) any tidal flow alteration does not adversely impact on the tidal waterway; or (c) there is no introduction of salt water into freshwater environments. 	N/A
	 AO6.4 Non-tidal artificial waterways are designed and managed for any of the following end-use purposes: (a) amenity (including aesthetics), landscaping or recreation; or (b) flood management, in accordance with a drainage catchment management plan; or (c) stormwater harvesting plan as part of an integrated water cycle management plan; or (d) aquatic habitat. 	N/A
	AO6.5 The end-use purpose of the non-tidal artificial waterway is designed and operated in a way that protects water environmental values.	N/A
	AO6.6 Monitoring and maintenance programs adaptively manage water quality to achieve	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
	relevant water quality objectives downstream of the waterway.		
	AO6.7 Aquatic weeds are managed to achieve a low percentage of coverage of the water surface area, and pests and vectors are managed through design and maintenance.	N/A	
Wastewater discharge			
 PO7 Discharge of wastewater to waterways, or off site: (a) meets best practice environmental management; (b) is treated to: (i) meet water quality objectives for its receiving waters; (ii) avoid adverse impact on ecosystem health or waterway health; (iii) maintain ecological processes, riparian vegetation and waterway integrity; (iv) offset impacts on high ecological value waters. 	 AO7.1 A wastewater management plan is prepared and addresses: (a) wastewater type; (b) climatic conditions; (c) water quality objectives; (d) best practice environmental management. AO7.2 The waste water management plan is managed in accordance with a waste management hierarchy that: (a) avoids wastewater discharge to waterways; or (b) if wastewater discharge cannot practicably be avoided, minimises wastewater discharge to waterways by reuse, recycling, recovery and treatment for disposal to sewer, surface water and ground water. 	Proposal complies or is capable of complying. Proposal complies or is capable of complying.	
	AO7.3 Wastewater discharge is managed to avoid or minimise the release of nutrients of concern so as to minimise the occurrence, frequency and intensity of algal blooms.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 A07.4 Development in coastal catchments avoids or minimises and appropriately manages soil disturbance or altering natural hydrology and: (a) avoids lowering ground water levels where potential or actual acid sulfate soils are present; (b) manages wastewater so that: (i) the pH of any wastewater discharges is maintained between 6.5 and 8.5 to avoid mobilisation of acid, iron, aluminium and other metals; (ii) holding times of neutralised wastewater ensures the flocculation and removal of any dissolved iron prior to release; (iii) visible iron floc is not present in any discharge; (iv) precipitated iron floc is contained and disposed of; (v) wastewater and precipitates that cannot be contained and treated for discharge on site are removed and disposed of through trade waste or another lawful method. 	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Electricity supply		
PO8 Development is provided with a source of power that will meet its energy needs.	 AO8.1 A connection is provided from the premises to the electricity distribution network; or AO8.2 The premises is connected to the electricity distribution network in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D8 of the 	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual. Note - Areas north of the Daintree River have a different standard.	
PO9 Development incorporating pad-mount electricity infrastructure does not cause an adverse impact on amenity.	 AO9.1 Pad-mount electricity infrastructure is: (a) not located in land for open space or sport and recreation purposes; (b) screened from view by landscaping or fencing; (c) accessible for maintenance. AO9.2 Pad-mount electricity infrastructure within a building, in a Town Centre is designed and located to enable an active street frontage. Note – Pad-mounts in buildings in activity centres should not be located on the street frontage. 	N/A
Telecommunications		
PO10 Development is connected to a telecommunications service approved by the relevant telecommunication regulatory authority.	AO10 The development is connected to telecommunications infrastructure in accordance with the standards of the relevant regulatory authority.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO11 Provision is made for future telecommunications services (e.g. fibre optic cable).	AO11 Conduits are provided in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Road construction		
P012	A012.1	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
The road to the frontage of the premises is constructed to provide for the safe and efficient movement of: (a) pedestrians and cyclists to and from the site; (b) pedestrians and cyclists adjacent to the site; (c) vehicles on the road adjacent to the site; (d) vehicles to and from the site; (e) emergency vehicles.	The road to the frontage of the site is constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D1 and D3 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, for the particular class of road, as identified in the road hierarchy.	
	AO12.2 There is existing road, kerb and channel for the full road frontage of the site.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO12.3 Road access minimum clearances of 3.5 metres wide and 4.8 metres high are provided for the safe passage of emergency vehicles.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Alterations and repairs to public utility services		
PO13 Infrastructure is integrated with, and efficiently extends, existing networks.	AO13 Development is designed to allow for efficient connection to existing infrastructure networks.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO14 Development and works do not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations.	AO14.1 Public utility mains, services and installations are not required to be altered or repaired as a result of the development; or	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO14.2 Public utility mains, services and installations are altered or repaired in association with the works so that they continue to function and satisfy the relevant Design Guidelines set out in Section D8 of the Planning scheme policy	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response			
	SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.				
Construction management					
PO15 Work is undertaken in a manner which minimises adverse impacts on vegetation that is to be retained.	 AO15 Works include, at a minimum: (a) installation of protective fencing around retained vegetation during construction; (b) erection of advisory signage; (c) no disturbance, due to earthworks or storage of plant, materials and equipment, of ground level and soils below the canopy of any retained vegetation; (d) removal from the site of all declared noxious weeds. 	Proposal is capable of complying.			
PO16 Existing infrastructure is not damaged by construction activities.	AO16 Construction, alterations and any repairs to infrastructure is undertaken in accordance with the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual. Note - Construction, alterations and any repairs to State- controlled roads and rail corridors are undertaken in accordance with the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994.	Proposal is capable of complying.			
For assessable development	For assessable development				
High speed telecommunication infrastructure					
PO17 Development provides infrastructure to facilitate the roll out of high speed telecommunications infrastructure.	AO17 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.			
Trade waste	Trade waste				
PO18	AO18	N/A			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
 Where relevant, the development is capable of providing for the storage, collection treatment and disposal of trade waste such that: (a) off-site releases of contaminants do not occur; (b) the health and safety of people and the environment are protected; (c) the performance of the wastewater system is not put at risk. 	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.		
Fire services in developments accessed by common	private title		
PO19 Hydrants are located in positions that will enable fire services to access water safely, effectively and efficiently.	 AO19.1 Residential streets and common access ways within a common private title places hydrants at intervals of no more than 120 metres and at each intersection. Hydrants may have a single outlet and be situated above or below ground. AO19.2 Commercial and industrial streets and access ways within a common private title serving commercial properties such as factories and warehouses and offices are provided with above or below ground fire hydrants located at not more than 90 metre intervals and at each intersection. Above ground fire hydrants have dual-valved outlets. 	N/A N/A	
PO20 Hydrants are suitable identified so that fire services can locate them at all hours.	AO20 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A	
Note – Hydrants are identified as specified in the Department of Transport and Main Roads Technical Note: 'Identification of street hydrants for fire fighting purposes' available under 'Publications'.			

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..b – Stormwater management design objectives (Construction phase).

Issue	Design objectives	
Drainage control (Temporary drainage works)	 (a) Design life and design storm for temporary drainage works: (vi) Disturbed open area for <12 months – 1 in 2 year ARI event; (vii) Disturbed open area for 12-24 months – 1 in 5 year ARI event; (viii) Disturbed open area for >24 months – 1 in 10 year ARI event. (b) Design capacity excludes minimum 150mm freeboard. (c) Temporary culvert crossing – minimum of 1 in 1-year ARI hydraulic capacity. 	
Erosion control (Erosion control measures)	 (a) Minimise exposure of disturbed soils at any time. (b) Divert water run-off from undisturbed areas around disturbed areas. (c) Determine erosion risk rating using local rainfall erosivity, rainfall depth, soil loss rate or other acceptable methods. (d) Implement erosion control methods corresponding to identified erosion risk rating. 	
Sediment control measures (sediment control measures, design storm for sediment control basins, Sediment basin dewatering)	 (a) Determine appropriate sediment control measures using: (i) potential soil loss rate; or (ii) monthly erosivity; or (iii) average monthly rainfall. (b) Collect and drain stormwater from disturbed soils to sediment basin for design storm event: (i) design storm for sediment basin sizing is 80th% five-day event or similar. (c) Site discharge during sediment basin dewatering: (i) TSS < 50mg/L TSS; (ii) Turbidity not > 10% receiving water's turbidity; (iii) pH 6.5-8.5. 	
Water quality (Litter and other waste, hydrocarbons and other contaminants)	 (a) Avoid wind-blown litter; remove grass pollutants. (b) Ensure there is no visible oil or grease sheen on released waters. (c) Dispose of waste containing contaminants at authorised facilities. 	
Waterway stability and flood flow management (Changes to the natural hydraulics and hydrology)	(a) For peak flow for the 100% AEP event and 1% AEP event, use constructed sediment basins to attenuate the discharge rate of stormwater from the site.	

Design objectives			Application	
Minimum reductions in mean annual load from unmitigated development (%)				
Total suspended solids (TSS)	Total phosphorus (TP)	Total nitrogen (TN)	Gross pollutants >5mm	
80	60	40	90	Development for urban purposes Excludes development that is less than 25% pervious. In lieu of modelling, the default bio-retention treatment area to comply with load reduction targets of 1.5% of contributing catchment area.
 Water stability management (2) Limit peak 100% AEP event discharge within the receiving waterway to the pre-development peak 100% AEP event discharge. 		Catchments contributing to un-lined receiving waterway. Degraded waterways may seek alternative discharge management objectives to achieve waterway stability. For peak flow for the 100% AEP event, use co-located storages to attenuate site discharge rate of stormwater.		

Figure Error! No text of specified style in document..a – New footpath sections

