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Our Ref: 23-04/001230

Date: 7 March 2023

Chief Executive Officer Douglas Shire Council PO Box 723 MOSSMAN QLD 4873

Via: Email

Dear Madam,

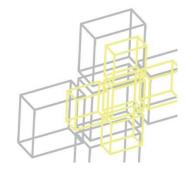
RE: APPLICATION FOR A DEVELOPMENT PERMIT FOR MATERIAL CHANGE OF USE ('MULTIPLE DWELLINGS', 'SHOP', 'OFFICE', 'FOOD & DRINK OUTLET' AND 'HEALTH CARE SERVICES') AND 'RECONFIGURING A LOT' (1 LOT INTO 5 LOTS PLUS COMMON PROPERTY) OVER LAND AT 30 – 32 WARNER STREET, PORT DOUGLAS, DESCRIBED AS LOTS 418 & 419 ON PTD2091

Planning Plus (QLD) Pty Ltd has been engaged by NV & JS Pty Ltd (the 'applicant') to prepare and lodge the abovementioned development application.

In support of the application, please find attached completed DA Form 1 (Annexure 1).

It is requested that an invoice be issued for the relevant application fee of \$8,200 in accordance with Council's 2022/23 Schedule of Fees and Charges (based on commercial floor area of up to 200m2).

In addition to the above, the following submission has been prepared to assist Council and other relevant authorities with their assessment of the application.



1.0. Site Information

1.1. Site Details

The land that is subject of this application is situated at 30 - 32 Warner Street, Port Douglas, and is formally described as Lots 418 and 419 on PTD2091. The following information is provided in relation to the property:

- Google Aerial Overlay (Annexure 2);
- SmartMap (Annexure 3); and
- Certificate of Title (Annexure 4).

The site covers an area of 2,024m² and is reasonably flat with an existing dwelling on each lot and vegetation including various larger trees plus non-native garden plantings and weed species.

We understand that the subject land is connected or is capable of being connected to the following infrastructure systems to enable the development to proceed:

- Reticulated sewer;
- Reticulated electricity;
- Reticulated water supply;
- Telecommunications; and
- Local road network.

1.2. Site Characteristics

Key site characteristics include:

Topography:	Flat, slight fall towards Warner Street
Vegetation:	Several trees, many garden species and weeds
Wetlands:	None
Conservation Areas:	None
Waterways:	None
Road frontages:	Warner Street
Existing use of site:	Dwelling house on each lot

1.3. Planning Context

The planning context of the site includes:

Regional Plan designation:	Urban Footprint				
Planning Scheme Local Plan	Port Douglas / Craiglie Local Plan (Precinct 1 - 1a Town				
Area:	Centre)				
Planning Scheme Zone:	Centre Zone				
Planning Scheme Overlays:	Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay				
	Coastal Processes Overlay				
	Flood Storm Overlay				
	Natural Areas Overlay				

	Transport Noise Corridors Overlay
	Transport Road Hierarchy Overlay
	See Planning Scheme Property Report (Annexure 5)
SARA DA Mapping:	Coastal area - high storm tide inundation area
	Coastal area – medium storm tide inundation area
	Coastal area – erosion prone area
	See SARA Mapping included as (Annexure 6)

2.0. **Proposal**

This application seeks a Development Permit for Material Change of Use for 'Multiple Dwellings', 'Shop', 'Office', 'Food and Drink Outlet' and 'Health Care Services' and Reconfiguring a Lot (1 Lot into 5 Lots plus Common Property). The proposal is illustrated by the following plans which are included as Annexure 7:

- Site Plan
- Proposed Lot Plan
- Floor Plans
- Elevations
- Perspectives

The proposal seeks to establish 4 x 4 bedroom, 2 storey dwellings at the rear of the site, plus approximately 160m²⁻ of commercial space at the site frontage. A range of land uses which are considered likely to establish within the commercial space have been selected to form part of the application.

Similar to other projects undertaken by the proponent in both Douglas Shire and Cairns Regional Council areas, it is proposed to commence construction of the Multiple Dwellings and then subdivide them onto their own lots such that each becomes a Dwelling House. It is also proposed to place the commercial building on its own lot which would then be strata titled into two (2) tenancies, while access driveways and carparks would be placed in Common Property.

Engineering advice has been provided by CivilWalker Consulting Engineers in relation to matters such as flooding, access, water supply and sewer connection and a copy is included as Annexure 8.

Overall, the proposal is considered to achieve the intent for the land under the planning scheme and will contribute positively to Warner Street and the Port Douglas town centre generally.

3.0. Legislative Considerations

3.1. Planning Act 2016

This section provides an overview of the legislative context of the application under the provisions of the *Planning Act 2016*.

3.1.1. Assessable Development

The proposed development is identified as 'assessable' under the *Planning Act 2016* due to the effect of the Douglas Shire 2018 Planning Scheme.

3.1.2. Assessment Manager

The Assessment Manager for this development application is Douglas Shire Council as determined by Schedule 8 of the *Planning Regulation 2017*.

3.1.3. Level of Assessment

The Level of Assessment of the proposal is outlined in the below table.

Aspect of Development	Level of Assessment
Material Change of Use (Multiple Dwellings, 'Shop', 'Office', 'Food and Drink Outlet' and 'Health Care Services')	Code
Reconfiguring a Lot	Code
	Material Change of Use (Multiple Dwellings, 'Shop', 'Office', 'Food and Drink Outlet' and 'Health Care Services')

3.1.4. Referral Agencies

A review of Schedule 10 of the *Planning Regulation 2017* indicates that the application does not trigger any State agency referrals.

3.1.5. Public Notification

This application is subject to 'code assessment' and therefore does not require Public Notification.

4.0. Assessment Benchmarks

This section assesses the application against all relevant assessment benchmarks.

4.1 State Planning Regulatory Provisions

No State Planning Regulatory Provisions are relevant to this application.

4.2 State Planning Policy

It is understood that all relevant state interests have been appropriately integrated into the Planning Scheme relevant to the site.

4.3 State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP)

No State Development Assessment Provisions are identified as being applicable to the proposal.

4.4 Douglas Shire Planning Scheme

Under the current Douglas Shire Planning Scheme, the subject site is included within the Centre Zone and Precinct 1-1a Town Centre of the Port Douglas / Craiglie Local Plan. Within this zone and precinct, the proposed Material Change of Use and Reconfiguring a Lot is identified as being 'code-assessable' development.

4.4.1 Codes

The following codes are identified as being relevant to this development application:

- Centre Zone Code;
- Port Douglas / Craiglie Local Plan Code;
- Multiple Dwelling, Short Term Accommodation and Retirement Facility Code;
- Centre Activities Code:
- Reconfiguring a Lot Code;
- Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code;
- Coastal Processes Overlay Code;
- Flood Storm Overlay Code;
- Natural Areas Overlay Code;
- Transport Network Overlay Code;
- Access, Parking and Servicing Code;
- Environmental Performance Code;
- Infrastructure Works Code; and
- Landscaping Code.

A detailed assessment against the above codes is included as **Annexure 9** to this report.

5.0. Conclusion

This submission supports an application by NV & JS Pty Ltd for a Development Permit for Material Change of Use for 'Multiple Dwellings', 'Shop' and 'Office' and Reconfiguring a Lot (1 Lot into 5 Lots plus Common Property) over land at 30 – 32 Warner Street, Port Douglas, described as Lots 418 & 419 on PTD2091.

The submission has included an assessment of the proposal against the relevant statutory planning controls at both the local and state level and included supporting information intended to address the likely concerns of Council and assessing authorities.

In summary, we submit that the proposed development is unlikely to have any significant impacts on the infrastructure, environment or community of the surrounding area that cannot be adequately controlled through the use of reasonable and relevant conditions.

We trust this information is sufficient for your purposes; however should you require any further details or clarification, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours Faithfully

Evan Yelavich
Director / Planner

Planning Plus QLD Pty Ltd

Annexure 1: DA Form 1

Annexure 2: Google Globe Aerial Image

Annexure 3: SmartMap
Annexure 4: Title Certificate

Annexure 5: Planning Scheme Property Report

Annexure 6: SARA Mapping Annexure 7: Proposal Plans

Annexure 8: CivlWalker Engineering Advice
Annexure 9: Planning Scheme Code Assessment

Annexure 1: DA Form 1

DA Form 1 – Development application details

Approved form (version 1.3 effective 28 September 2020) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016.

This form **must** be used to make a development application **involving code assessment or impact assessment**, except when applying for development involving only building work.

For a development application involving **building work only**, use *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

For a development application involving **building work associated with any other type of assessable development** (i.e. material change of use, operational work or reconfiguring a lot), use this form (*DA Form 1*) and parts 4 to 6 of *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

Unless stated otherwise, all parts of this form **must** be completed in full and all required supporting information **must** accompany the development application.

One or more additional pages may be attached as a schedule to this development application if there is insufficient space on the form to include all the necessary information.

This form and any other form relevant to the development application must be used to make a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land under the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994*, and airport land under the *Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008*. For the purpose of assessing a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land, any reference to a planning scheme is taken to mean a land use plan for the strategic port land, Brisbane port land use plan for Brisbane core port land, or a land use plan for airport land.

Note: All terms used in this form have the meaning given under the Planning Act 2016, the Planning Regulation 2017, or the Development Assessment Rules (DA Rules).

PART 1 - APPLICANT DETAILS

1) Applicant details	
Applicant name(s) (individual or company full name)	NV & JS Pty Ltd C/- Planning Plus
Contact name (only applicable for companies)	Evan Yelavich
Postal address (P.O. Box or street address)	PO Box 399
Suburb	Redlynch
State	QLD
Postcode	4870
Country	
Contact number	(07) 40393409
Email address (non-mandatory)	Evan@planningplusqld.com.au
Mobile number (non-mandatory)	
Fax number (non-mandatory)	
Applicant's reference number(s) (if applicable)	

2) Owner's consent
2.1) Is written consent of the owner required for this development application?
 ⊠ Yes – the written consent of the owner(s) is attached to this development application □ No – proceed to 3)



PART 2 - LOCATION DETAILS

3) Location of the premises (complete 3.1) or 3.2), and 3.3) as applicable) Note: Provide details below and attach a site plan for any or all premises part of the development application. For further information, see <u>DA</u> Forms Guide: Relevant plans.									
3.1) Street address and lot on plan									
 Street address AND lot on plan (all lots must be listed), or □ Street address AND lot on plan for an adjoining or adjacent property of the premises (appropriate for development in water but adjoining or adjacent to land e.g. jetty, pontoon. All lots must be listed). 									
	Unit No.	Stree			t Name and			,	Suburb
		30			er Street				Port Douglas
a)	Postcode	Lot N	0.	Plan	Type and Nu	ımber (e.g. RF	P, SP)	Local Government Area(s)
	4877	419		PTD2	2091				Douglas Shire
	Unit No.	Stree	t No.	Stree	t Name and	Туре			Suburb
		32		Warn	er Street				Port Douglas
b)	Postcode	Lot N	0.	Plan	Type and Nu	ımber (e.g. RF	P, SP)	Local Government Area(s)
	4877	418		PTD2	2091				Douglas Shire
e.(Note: P	g. channel dred lace each set d	dging in N of coordin	Moreton B nates in a	Bay) separat			note area	as, over part of a	a lot or in water not adjoining or adjacent to land
Longit	ude(s)		Latitud	de(s)		Datur	n		Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)
				☐ WGS84 ☐ GDA94 ☐ Other:					
☐ Co	ordinates of	premis	es by e	asting	and northing]			
Easting(s) Northing(s) Zone Ref. Datum			n		Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)				
				□ 54 □ W □ 55 □ G			GS84 DA94 ther:		
3.3) Ad	dditional pre	mises							
atta					this developr opment appli			on and the d	etails of these premises have been
4) Ider	ntify any of t	he follo	wing th	at app	ly to the prer	nises a	nd pro	vide any rele	vant details
☐ In c	or adjacent t	o a wat	ter body	or wa	tercourse or	in or a	bove a	n aquifer	
Name	of water boo	dy, wat	ercours	e or a	quifer:				
On strategic port land under the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>									
Lot on plan description of strategic port land:									
Name of port authority for the lot:									
☐ In a	a tidal area								
Name	of local gov	ernmer	nt for the	e tidal	area (if applica	able):			
Name	of port auth	ority fo	r tidal aı	rea (if a	applicable):				
On	airport land	under	the Airp	ort As	sets (Restru	cturing	and D	isposal) Act 2	2008
Name	of airport:								

$\hfill \square$ Listed on the Environmental Management Register (EM	IR) under the Environmental Protection Act 1994
EMR site identification:	
Listed on the Contaminated Land Register (CLR) under	the Environmental Protection Act 1994
CLR site identification:	
5) Are there any existing easements over the premises? Note: Easement uses vary throughout Queensland and are to be identified how they may affect the proposed development, see <u>DA Forms Guide</u> .	ed correctly and accurately. For further information on easements and
☐ Yes – All easement locations, types and dimensions ar application	e included in plans submitted with this development
⊠ No	

PART 3 – DEVELOPMENT DETAILS

Section 1 – Aspects of development

6.1) Provide details about th	e first development aspect							
a) What is the type of develo	ppment? (tick only one box)							
	☐ Reconfiguring a lot ☐ Operational work ☐ Building work							
b) What is the approval type	? (tick only one box)							
□ Development permit	☐ Preliminary approval	☐ Preliminary approval that	includes a variation approval					
c) What is the level of asses	sment?							
	☐ Impact assessment (requir	res public notification)						
d) Provide a brief description <i>lots</i>):	n of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit aparti	ment building defined as multi-unit dw	velling, reconfiguration of 1 lot into 3					
'Multiple Dwellings', 'Shop', '	Office', 'Food and Drink Outlet	t' and 'Health Care Services'						
e) Relevant plans Note: Relevant plans are required to Relevant plans.	to be submitted for all aspects of this o	development application. For further in	nformation, see <u>DA Forms guide:</u>					
Relevant plans of the pro	posed development are attach	ned to the development applica	ation					
6.2) Provide details about the	e second development aspect							
a) What is the type of develo	ppment? (tick only one box)							
☐ Material change of use	□ Reconfiguring a lot	Operational work	Building work					
b) What is the approval type	? (tick only one box)							
□ Development permit	☐ Preliminary approval	☐ Preliminary approval that	includes a variation approval					
c) What is the level of asses	sment?							
	Impact assessment (requir	es public notification)						
d) Provide a brief description lots):	n of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit apart	ment building defined as multi-unit dw	velling, reconfiguration of 1 lot into 3					
Subdivision (1 lot into 5 lots	plus Common Property)							
e) Relevant plans Note: Relevant plans are required to Relevant plans.	o be submitted for all aspects of this d	evelopment application. For further in	formation, see <u>DA Forms Guide:</u>					
Relevant plans of the pro	posed development are attach	ned to the development applica	ation					
6.3) Additional aspects of de	evelopment							
	elopment are relevant to this c nder Part 3 Section 1 of this fo							

What stage(s) will this development application

apply to?

Section 2 – Further develop	ment de	etails						
7) Does the proposed developr	nent appl	ication invol	ve any of the follow	ring?				
Material change of use	X Yes -	- complete	division 1 if assessa	able agains	t a local	planning instru	ıment	
Reconfiguring a lot								
Operational work	Yes – complete division 3							
Building work	☐ Yes – complete DA Form 2 – Building work details							
Division 1 – Material change of Note: This division is only required to be local planning instrument. 8.1) Describe the proposed ma	completed i terial cha	nge of use					ssable against a	
Provide a general description o proposed use	f the		ne planning scheme h definition in a new row			er of dwelling fapplicable)	Gross floor area (m²) (if applicable)	
Residential dwellings		Multiple D	wellings		4			
Shop		Shop						
Office		Office						
Restaurant / café		Food and	Drink Outlet					
Medical offices	Medical offices Health Car							
8.2) Does the proposed use inv	olve the u	use of existi	ng buildings on the	premises?				
⊠ No								
Division 2 – Reconfiguring a lo	ot							
Note: This division is only required to be		f any part of the	e development applicatio	on involves re	configuring	ı a lot.		
9.1) What is the total number of	f existing	lots making	up the premises?					
1								
9.2) What is the nature of the lo	ot reconfic	guration? (tic	k all applicable boxes)					
Subdivision (complete 10))			Dividing land into parts by agreement (complete 11))					
☐ Boundary realignment (comp	Creating or changing an easement giving access to a lot from a constructed road (complete 13))							
10) Subdivision								
10.1) For this development, how	w many lo	ots are heing	r created and what	is the inten	ded use	of those lots:		
Intended use of lots created			Commercial	Industrial	aca asc		specify:	
intended disc of lots created	d Residential		Commercial	แนนธแส		Other, please specify: Common Property		
Number of lots created	4		1			1	porty	
10.2) Will the subdivision be sta	•		•			•		
Yes – provide additional det		V						
No Provide additional det								
How many stages will the work	s include	?						

11) Dividing land int parts?	o parts b	y ag	reement – how	/ mar	y parts	s are being o	created and wha	at is t	the intended use of the
Intended use of par	ts create	d	Residential		Commercial		Industrial		Other, please specify:
Number of parts cre	eated								
,	·								
12) Boundary realig		nd n	ronosed areas	for e	ach loi	comprising	the premises?		
12.1) What are the	ot	101 0	acm io	Comprising	Proposed lot				
Lot on plan descript	tion	Are	ea (m²)			Lot on plan	description	· .	rea (m²)
12.2) What is the re	ason for	the l	houndary reali	nnme	nt?				
12.2) What is the re	, a 3 3 1 1 1 3 1	uio i	Souridary reality	griirio					
13) What are the di				exist	ing ea	sements bei	ing changed and	d/or a	any proposed easement?
Existing or proposed?	Width (r		Length (m)		oose of strian ac	f the easeme	ent? (e.g.		entify the land/lot(s) enefitted by the easement
Division 3 – Operat Note: This division is only i			mpleted if anv par	t of the	e develo	pment applicati	ion involves operation	onal v	vork.
14.1) What is the na						, ,	,		
Road work			Stormwate					structure	
☐ Drainage work☐ Landscaping			☐ Earthwork ☐ Signage			5			astructure getation
☐ Other – please s	specify:							<u> </u>	<i>5</i>
14.2) Is the operation	onal work	nec	essary to facili	tate t	he cre	ation of new	lots? (e.g. subdiv	ision)	
Yes – specify nu	ımber of ı	new	lots:						
No No		- 1	C 11						
14.3) What is the m	onetary \	/alue	e of the propos	ea op	peratio	nai work <i>? (in</i>	clude GST, materia	ils and	d labour)
Ψ									
PART 4 – ASSI	ESSMI	EN ⁻	T MANAG	ER	DET	AILS			
15) Identify the ass	essment	man	ager(s) who w	ill be	assess	sing this dev	elopment applic	catio	n
Douglas Shire Cou		,							
								deve	elopment application?
☐ Yes – a copy of☐ The local goverr attached						•		requ	iest – relevant documents
⊠ No									

PART 5 – REFERRAL DETAILS

17) Does this development application include any aspects that have any referral requirements? Note: A development application will require referral if prescribed by the Planning Regulation 2017.
No, there are no referral requirements relevant to any development aspects identified in this development application − proceed to Part 6
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the Planning Act 2016:
☐ Clearing native vegetation
Contaminated land (unexploded ordnance)
Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA has not been devolved to a local government)
Fisheries – aquaculture
Fisheries – declared fish habitat area
Fisheries – marine plants
Fisheries – waterway barrier works
Hazardous chemical facilities
Heritage places – Queensland heritage place (on or near a Queensland heritage place)
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – designated premises
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – state transport infrastructure
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – State transport corridor and future State transport corridor
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – State-controlled transport tunnels and future state-controlled transport tunnels
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – near a state-controlled road intersection
☐ Koala habitat in SEQ region – interfering with koala habitat in koala habitat areas outside koala priority areas
☐ Koala habitat in SEQ region – key resource areas
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – near a State transport corridor or future State transport corridor
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – environmentally relevant activity (ERA)
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – tidal works or work in a coastal management district
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – hazardous chemical facility
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – taking or interfering with water
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – referable dams
☐ Ports – Brisbane core port land – fisheries
Ports – Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits (below high-water mark)
☐ SEQ development area
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – tourist activity or sport and recreation activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – community activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – indoor recreation
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – urban activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – combined use
☐ Tidal works or works in a coastal management district
Reconfiguring a lot in a coastal management district or for a canal
☐ Erosion prone area in a coastal management district
☐ Urban design
☐ Water-related development – taking or interfering with water
Water-related development – removing quarry material (from a watercourse or lake)
☐ Water-related development – referable dams
☐ Water-related development –levees (category 3 levees only)
☐ Wetland protection area
Matters requiring referral to the local government:
☐ Airport land
Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA has been devolved to local government)

☐ Heritage places – Local heritage places		
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the di	stribution entity or transmissi	on entity:
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – Electricity infrastructur	e	
Matters requiring referral to:		
The Chief Executive of the holder of the licence, if	not an individual	
The holder of the licence, if the holder of the licence		
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – Oil and gas infrastruct	ure	
Matters requiring referral to the Brisbane City Council:		
Ports – Brisbane core port land		
Matters requiring referral to the Minister responsible for	administering the Transport II	nfrastructure Act 1994:
Ports – Brisbane core port land (where inconsistent with the	Brisbane port LUP for transport reasons	;)
Ports – Strategic port land		
Matters requiring referral to the relevant port operator, if	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Ports – Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits (below	high-water mark)	
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the re	levant port authority:	
Ports – Land within limits of another port (below high-wate	r mark)	
Matters requiring referral to the Gold Coast Waterways A	Authority:	
☐ Tidal works or work in a coastal management district (ii	n Gold Coast waters)	
Matters requiring referral to the Queensland Fire and Em	ergency Service:	
☐ Tidal works or work in a coastal management district (ii		berths))
	<u> </u>	
18) Has any referral agency provided a referral response	for this development application	?
Yes – referral response(s) received and listed below a		
⊠ No	'	' '
Referral requirement	Referral agency	Date of referral response
	3 ,	,
Identify and describe any changes made to the proposed	 development application that wa	s the subject of the
referral response and this development application, or inc		
(if applicable).		
PART 6 – INFORMATION REQUEST		
19) Information request under Part 3 of the DA Rules		
☑ I agree to receive an information request if determined.	necessary for this development	application
☐ I do not agree to accept an information request for this	development application	
Note: By not agreeing to accept an information request I, the applicant,		
 that this development application will be assessed and decided ba application and the assessment manager and any referral agencie Rules to accept any additional information provided by the applica- 	s relevant to the development applicatio	n are not obligated under the DA

Part 3 of the DA Rules will still apply if the application is an application listed under section 11.3 of the DA Rules.

PART 7 – FURTHER DETAILS

Further advice about information requests is contained in the <u>DA Forms Guide</u>.

20) Are there any associated	development applications or currer	nt approvals? (e.g. a preliminary app	proval)
Yes – provide details below	w or include details in a schedule to	this development application	
⊠ No			
List of approval/development application references	Reference number	Date	Assessment manager
☐ Approval ☐ Development application			
☐ Approval ☐ Development application			
<u> </u>			
21) Has the portable long service operational work)	vice leave levy been paid? (only app	licable to development applications invo	olving building work or
Yes – a copy of the receipt	ted QLeave form is attached to this	s development application	
	ovide evidence that the portable lo		
	des the development application. I val only if I provide evidence that the		
	ig and construction work is less tha	•	evy nas been paid
Amount paid	Date paid (dd/mm/yy)	QLeave levy number (A	A B or F)
\$	Date para (damin'nyy)	Quarto lovy mamber (/	τ, Β οι Ε/
Ψ			
22) Is this development applic notice?	ation in response to a show cause	notice or required as a result o	f an enforcement
☐ Yes – show cause or enfor ☐ No	cement notice is attached		
23) Further legislative require	ments		
Environmentally relevant ac	<u>ttivities</u>		
	lication also taken to be an applica ctivity (ERA) under section 115 o		
	nent (form ESR/2015/1791) for an ment application, and details are pr		l authority
⊠ No			
	al authority can be found by searching "ESI o operate. See <u>www.business.qld.gov.au</u> fo		<u>.qld.gov.au</u> . An ERA
Proposed ERA number:	Prop	osed ERA threshold:	
Proposed ERA name:			
Multiple ERAs are applicate this development application	ole to this development application on.	and the details have been attac	ched in a schedule to
Hazardous chemical facilitie	<u>es</u>		
23.2) Is this development app	lication for a hazardous chemical	facility?	
Yes – Form 69: Notification application	n of a facility exceeding 10% of sch	nedule 15 threshold is attached	to this development
⊠No			
Mate: Cas way business ald say ou	for further information about hazardous che	emical notifications	

Clearing native vegetation
23.3) Does this development application involve clearing native vegetation that requires written confirmation that the chief executive of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> is satisfied the clearing is for a relevant purpose under section 22A of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> ?
Yes – this development application includes written confirmation from the chief executive of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> (s22A determination)
Note: 1. Where a development application for operational work or material change of use requires a s22A determination and this is not included, the development application is prohibited development. 2. See https://www.qld.gov.au/environment/land/vegetation/applying for further information on how to obtain a s22A determination.
Environmental offsets
23.4) Is this development application taken to be a prescribed activity that may have a significant residual impact on a prescribed environmental matter under the <i>Environmental Offsets Act 2014</i> ?
Yes – I acknowledge that an environmental offset must be provided for any prescribed activity assessed as having a significant residual impact on a prescribed environmental matter
No Note: The environmental offset section of the Queensland Government's website can be accessed at www.qld.gov.au for further information on environmental offsets.
Koala habitat in SEQ Region
23.5) Does this development application involve a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot or operational work which is assessable development under Schedule 10, Part 10 of the Planning Regulation 2017?
Yes – the development application involves premises in the koala habitat area in the koala priority area
☐ Yes – the development application involves premises in the koala habitat area outside the koala priority area
No Note: If a koala habitat area determination has been obtained for this premises and is current over the land, it should be provided as part of this development application. See koala habitat area guidance materials at www.des.qld.gov.au for further information.
Water resources
23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> ?
Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> may be required prior to commencing development
No Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at www.dnrme.gld.gov.au for further information.
DA templates are available from https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/ . If the development application involves:
 Taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore: complete DA Form 1 Template 1 Taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring: complete DA Form1 Template 2 Taking overland flow water: complete DA Form 1 Template 3.
Waterway barrier works
23.7) Does this application involve waterway barrier works?
☐ Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application☒ No
DA templates are available from https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/ . For a development application involving waterway barrier works, complete DA Form 1 Template 4.
Marine activities
23.8) Does this development application involve aquaculture, works within a declared fish habitat area or removal, disturbance or destruction of marine plants?
Yes – an associated <i>resource</i> allocation authority is attached to this development application, if required under the <i>Fisheries Act 1994</i>
⊠ No

Note: See guidance materials at www.daf.qld.gov.au for further information.

Quarry materials from a watercourse or lake	
23.9) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from a watercourse or lake under the <i>Water Act 2000?</i>	
☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing developmed No	ent
Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at www.business.qld.gov.au for further information.	
Quarry materials from land under tidal waters	
23.10) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from land under tidal water under the <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995?</i>	
☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing developmed No	ent
Note : Contact the Department of Environment and Science at www.des.qld.gov.au for further information.	
Referable dams	
23.11) Does this development application involve a referable dam required to be failure impact assessed under section 343 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> (the Water Supply Act)?	
Yes – the 'Notice Accepting a Failure Impact Assessment' from the chief executive administering the Water Supply Act is attached to this development application	
No Note: See guidance materials at www.dnrme.qld.gov.au for further information.	
Tidal work or development within a coastal management district	
23.12) Does this development application involve tidal work or development in a coastal management distric	t?
Yes – the following is included with this development application:	
Evidence the proposal meets the code for assessable development that is prescribed tidal work (only required if application involves prescribed tidal work)	uired
☐ A certificate of title ☐ No	
Note: See guidance materials at www.des.gld.gov.au for further information.	
Queensland and local heritage places	
23.13) Does this development application propose development on or adjoining a place entered in the Queensla heritage register or on a place entered in a local government's Local Heritage Register ?	nd
☐ Yes – details of the heritage place are provided in the table below☒ No	
Note: See guidance materials at www.des.gld.gov.au for information requirements regarding development of Queensland heritage places.	
Name of the heritage place: Place ID:	
<u>Brothels</u>	
23.14) Does this development application involve a material change of use for a brothel?	
Yes – this development application demonstrates how the proposal meets the code for a development application for a brothel under Schedule 3 of the <i>Prostitution Regulation 2014</i>	
⊠ No	
Decision under section 62 of the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994	
23.15) Does this development application involve new or changed access to a state-controlled road?	
Yes – this application will be taken to be an application for a decision under section 62 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> (subject to the conditions in section 75 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> being	
satisfied) No	

Walkable neighbourhoods assessment benchmarks under Schedule 12A of the Planning Regulation
23.16) Does this development application involve reconfiguring a lot into 2 or more lots in certain residential zones (except rural residential zones), where at least one road is created or extended?
☐ Yes – Schedule 12A is applicable to the development application and the assessment benchmarks contained in schedule 12A have been considered
No N
Note : See guidance materials at www.planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au for further information.

PART 8 - CHECKLIST AND APPLICANT DECLARATION

24) Development application checklist	
I have identified the assessment manager in question 15 and all relevant referral	_
requirement(s) in question 17	⊠ Yes
Note: See the Planning Regulation 2017 for referral requirements	
If building work is associated with the proposed development, Parts 4 to 6 of <u>DA Form 2 –</u>	☐ Yes
Building work details have been completed and attached to this development application	Not applicable
Supporting information addressing any applicable assessment benchmarks is with the	
development application	
Note: This is a mandatory requirement and includes any relevant templates under question 23, a planning report	⊠ Yes
and any technical reports required by the relevant categorising instruments (e.g. local government planning schemes, State Planning Policy, State Development Assessment Provisions). For further information, see DA	_
Forms Guide: Planning Report Template.	
Relevant plans of the development are attached to this development application	
Note: Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further	⊠ Yes
information, see <u>DA Forms Guide: Relevant plans.</u>	
The portable long service leave levy for QLeave has been paid, or will be paid before a	Yes
development permit is issued (see 21)	Not applicable
25) Applicant declaration	
20/Applicant accidiation	
	t application is true and
By making this development application, I declare that all information in this developmen correct	t application is true and
By making this development application, I declare that all information in this developmen correct	
By making this development application, I declare that all information in this developmen	ctronic communications
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PART 9 – FOR COMPLETION OF THE ASSESSMENT MANAGER – FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Date received: Reference number(s):			
Notification of engagement of alternative assessment manager			
Notification of engagement of	of alternative assessment ma	nager	
Prescribed assessment mar	nager		
Name of chosen assessmer	ıt manager		
Date chosen assessment ma	anager engaged		
Contact number of chosen a	ssessment manager		
Relevant licence number(s)	of chosen assessment		
manager			
QLeave notification and pay	ment		
Note: For completion by assessmen	nt manager if applicable		
Description of the work			
QLeave project number			
Amount paid (\$)		Date paid (dd/mm/yy)	
Date receipted form sighted	by assessment manager		

Name of officer who sighted the form

LAND OWNER CONSENT FOR DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION UNDER PLANNING ACT 2016

I/we,	
TREVOR ROBIN DICK	
(Name/s)	
being the registered land owner/s of Lots 418 and 419 on PTD lodgement of a development application by NV & JS Pty Ltd fo	
Reconfiguring a Lot over the subject land.	
Signed	
Trever D. Robin Dick	HABIB ABRAHAM MELLICK JNR
Date 076323	HABIB ABRAHAM MELLICK JNR SOLICITOR

Annexure 2: Google Globe Aerial Image

16°29'0"S145°27'50"E 16°29'0"S145°27'50"E



16°29'3"S 145°27'50"E





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Legend located on next page



Scale: 1:400

Printed at: A4 Print date: 6/3/2023

Not suitable for accurate measurement. **Projection:** Web Mercator EPSG 102100 (3857)

For more information, visit https://qldglobe.information.qld.gov.au/help-info/Contactus.html



Parcel

Land parcel label

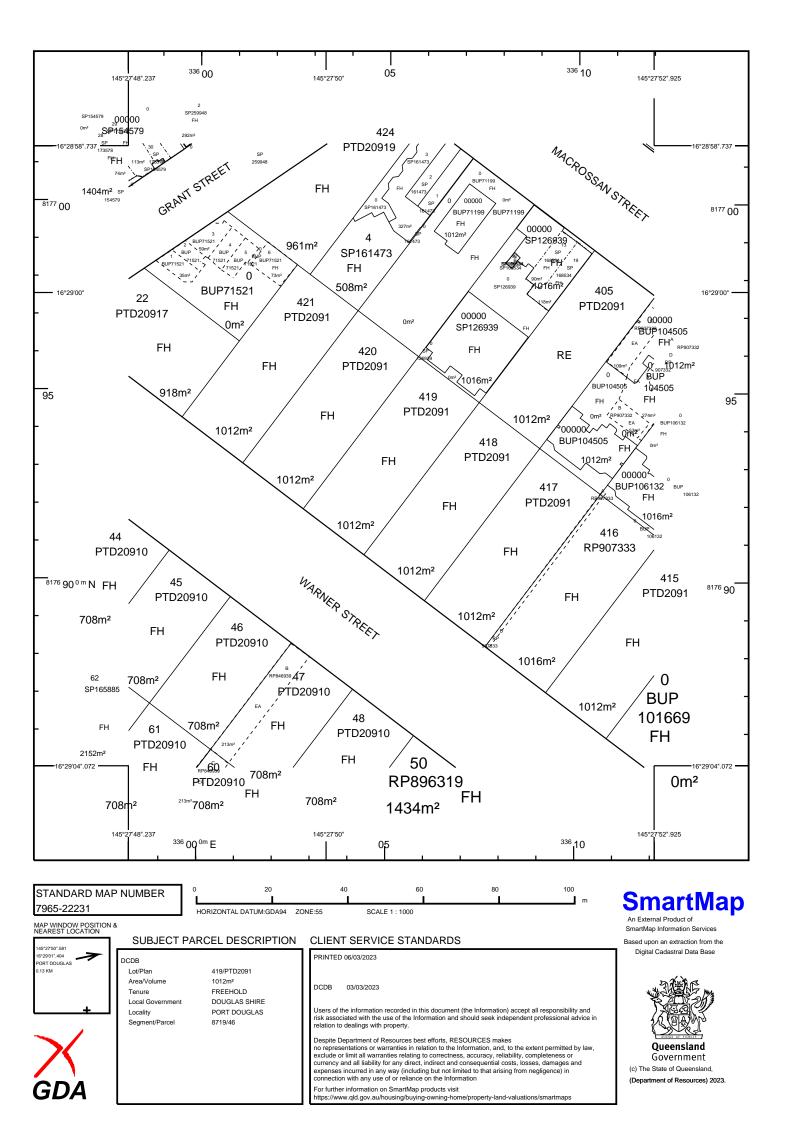
Land parcel label - gt 1 ha

Road parcel Land parcel label - gt 10 ha Land parcel Land parcel label - gt 1000 ha **Parcel** Land parcel - gt 1 ha **Road crossing Parcel** - Bridge Tunnel Land parcel - gt 10 ha Railway **Parcel** Easement parcel Cities and Towns 0 Strata parcel Road Highway Volumetric parcel Main — Local Private Land parcel - gt 1000 ha

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Annexure 3: SmartMap



Annexure 4: Title Certificate





Queensland Titles Registry Pty Ltd ABN 23 648 568 101

Title Reference:	20632037
Date Title Created:	15/06/1962
Previous Title:	20054168

ESTATE AND LAND

Estate in Fee Simple

LOT 418 CROWN PLAN PTD2091

Local Government: DOUGLAS

REGISTERED OWNER

Dealing No: 703214685 10/03/1999

TREVOR ROBIN DICK

EASEMENTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND INTERESTS

- Rights and interests reserved to the Crown by Deed of Grant No. 10595189 (ALLOT 18 SEC 4)
- MORTGAGE No 703214687 10/03/1999 at 09:12
 AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED A.C.N. 005
 357 522

ADMINISTRATIVE ADVICES

NIL

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS

NIL

Caution - Charges do not necessarily appear in order of priority

** End of Current Title Search **





Queensland Titles Registry Pty Ltd ABN 23 648 568 101

Title Reference:	21531182
Date Title Created:	13/04/1993
Previous Title:	20053093

ESTATE AND LAND

Estate in Fee Simple

LOT 419 CROWN PLAN PTD2091

Local Government: DOUGLAS

REGISTERED OWNER

TREVOR ROBIN DICK

EASEMENTS, ENCUMBRANCES AND INTERESTS

- Rights and interests reserved to the Crown by Deed of Grant No. 10589162 (ALLOT 19 SEC 4)
- 2. MORTGAGE No 601473514 (T731172B) 04/01/1994 TO AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED

ADMINISTRATIVE ADVICES

NIL

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS

NIL

Caution - Charges do not necessarily appear in order of priority

** End of Current Title Search **

Annexure 5: Planning Scheme Property Report



30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

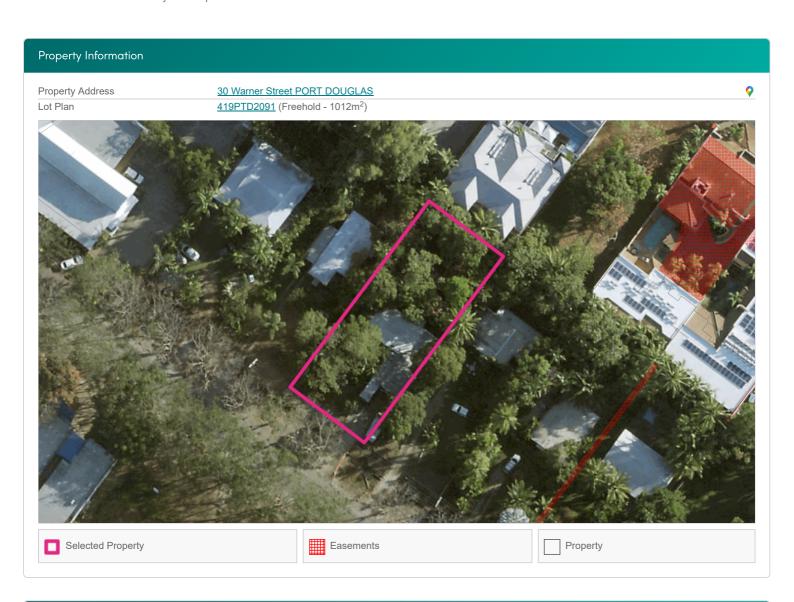
Produced: 01/03/2023

2018 Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme Property Report

The following report has been automatically generated to provide a general indication of development related information applying to the premise.

For more information and to determine if the mapping layers are applicable, refer to the 2018 Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme. This report is not intended to replace the need for carrying out a detailed assessment of Council and State controls or the need to seek your own professional advice on any town planning instrument, local law or other controls that may impact on the existing or intended use of the premise mentioned in this report. For further information please contact Council by phone: 07 4099 9444 or 1800 026 318 or email enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au.

Visit Council's website to apply for an official property search or certificate, or contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy to undertake a title search to ascertain how easements may affect a premise.



Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0

The table below provides a summary of the Zones and Overlays that apply to the selected property.

Applicable Zone
Centre

More Information

- <u>View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Code</u>
- View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Compliance table
- View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Assessment table





30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0 The table below provides a summary of the Zones and Overlays that apply to the selected property. **M** Local Plans **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Port Douglas - Craiglie • View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan Code Precinct 1 - 1a Town Centre • <u>View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan</u> Compliance table M Acid Sulfate Soils **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Acid Sulfate Soils (< 5m AHD) • View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Compliance table **□** Coastal Processes **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Frosion Prone Area • View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Code View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Compliance table **M** Flood Storm **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Medium Storm Tide Hazard · View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay High Storm Tide Hazard Code 100 Year ARI - Mosman and Port Douglas Flood Studies · View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table **Transport Noise Corridors Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Category 1: 58 dB(A) =< Noise Level < 63 dB(A) • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table **Ⅲ** Transport Road Hierarcy **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Collector Road • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table



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30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 01/03/2023

Zoning Applicable Zone More Information Centre • View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Code • View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Compliance table • View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Assessment table Selected Property Property Zoning Centre Community Facilities Conservation Environmental Management Low Density Residential Low-medium Density Residential Medium Density Residential Industry Recreation and Open Space Rural Residential Special Purpose Tourist Accommodation Tourism



30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Local Plans **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Port Douglas - Craiglie • View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan Code Precinct 1 - 1a Town Centre • <u>View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan Compliance table</u> **Transport Investigation Corridor Major Road Connections** Selected Property Property Transport Investigation Corridors Major Road Connections Major Road Connections (No Arrow) **Daintree River to Bloomfield** Creb Track and Quaid Road 60 metre contour Major Road Connections - Daintree River to Bloomfield - Creb Track -- 60 metre contour **Local Plan Boundary** Local Plan Boundary **Local Plan Sub Precincts** 1a Town Centre 1b Waterfront North 1c Waterfront South 1d Limited Development 1f Flagstaff Hill 1e Community and Recreation **Local Plan Precincts** Not Part of a Precinct Precinct 1 Precinct 2 Precinct 3 Precinct 4 Precinct 5 Precinct 6 Precinct 7 Precinct 8 Precinct 9 **Live Entertainment Precinct Indicative Future Open Space** Live Entertainment Precinct Indicative Future Open Space



Road Reserve Esplanade

Produced: 01/03/2023

30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 01/03/2023

Acid Sulfate Soils **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Acid Sulfate Soils (< 5m AHD) • View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code • <u>View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Compliance table</u> **Acid Sulfate Soils** Selected Property Property Acid Sulfate Soils (< 5m AHD) Acid Sulfate Soils (5-20m AHD) all others

30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 01/03/2023

Coastal Processes

Applicable Precinct or Area Erosion Prone Area

More Information

- View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Code
- <u>View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Compliance table</u>



Selected Property

Property

Coastal Management District

Erosion Prone Area

30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 01/03/2023

Flood Storm

Applicable Precinct or Area

Medium Storm Tide Hazard High Storm Tide Hazard

100 Year ARI - Mosman and Port Douglas Flood Studies

More Information

- View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Code
- <u>View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table</u>

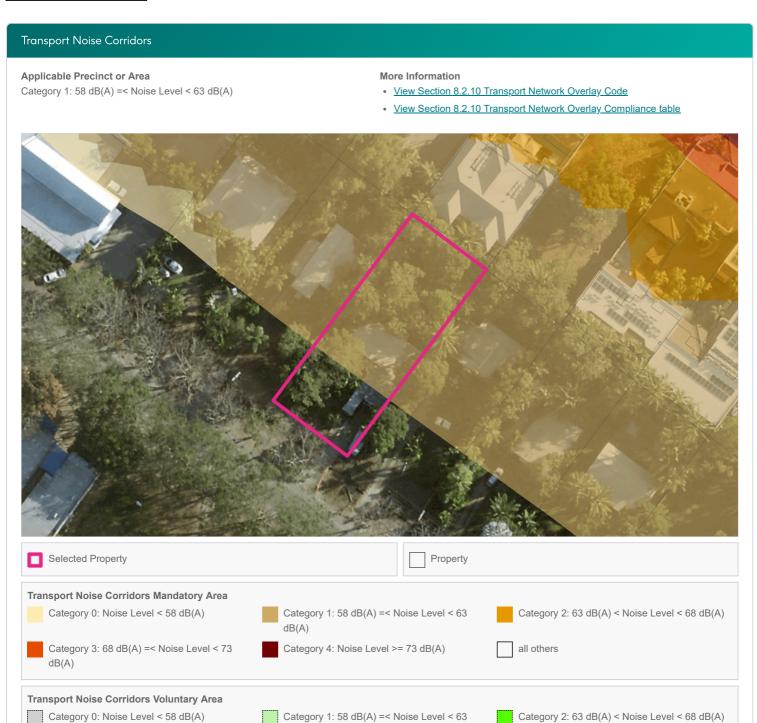






30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 01/03/2023



dB(A)

Category 4: Noise Level >= 73 dB(A)

all others



dB(A)

Category 3: 68 dB(A) =< Noise Level < 73



30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Transport Road Hierarcy **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Collector Road • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table Selected Property Property Road Hierarchy Access Road Arterial Road Collector Road Industrial Road Major Rural Road Minor Rural Road Sub Arterial Road Unformed Road all others

Disclaimer

Major Transport Corridor Buffer Area

This report is not a substitute for a Planning and Development Certificate and should not be relied upon where the reliance may result in loss, damage or injury. While every effort is taken to ensure the information in this report is accurate and up to date, Douglas Shire Council makes no representations or warranties about its accuracy, reliability, completeness or suitability for any particular purpose and disclaims all responsibility and all liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages (including indirect or consequential damage) and costs that may occur as a result of the report being inaccurate or incomplete in any way or for any reason.

DOUGLAS SHIRE PLANNING SCHEME

Produced: 01/03/2023



32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

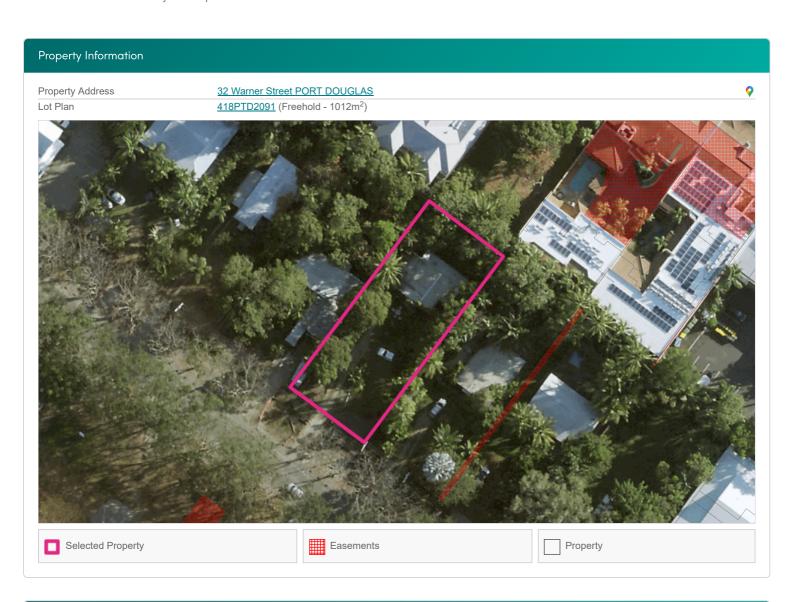
Produced: 27/02/2023

2018 Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme Property Report

The following report has been automatically generated to provide a general indication of development related information applying to the premise.

For more information and to determine if the mapping layers are applicable, refer to the 2018 Douglas Shire Council Planning Scheme. This report is not intended to replace the need for carrying out a detailed assessment of Council and State controls or the need to seek your own professional advice on any town planning instrument, local law or other controls that may impact on the existing or intended use of the premise mentioned in this report. For further information please contact Council by phone: 07 4099 9444 or 1800 026 318 or email enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au.

Visit Council's website to apply for an official property search or certificate, or contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy to undertake a title search to ascertain how easements may affect a premise.



Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0

The table below provides a summary of the Zones and Overlays that apply to the selected property.

Applicable Zone
Centre

More Information

- <u>View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Code</u>
- View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Compliance table
- View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Assessment table





32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 version 1.0 The table below provides a summary of the Zones and Overlays that apply to the selected property. **M** Local Plans **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Port Douglas - Craiglie • View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan Code Precinct 1 - 1a Town Centre • View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan Compliance table M Acid Sulfate Soils **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Acid Sulfate Soils (< 5m AHD) • View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Compliance table **□** Coastal Processes More Information **Applicable Precinct or Area** Frosion Prone Area • View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Code View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Compliance table **III** Flood Storm **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Medium Storm Tide Hazard · View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay High Storm Tide Hazard Code 100 Year ARI - Mosman and Port Douglas Flood Studies · View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table **Matural Areas Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information MSES - Regulated Vegetation (Intersecting a Watercourse) • View Section 8.2.7 Natural Areas Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.7 Natural Areas Overlay Compliance table **Transport Noise Corridors Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Category 1: 58 dB(A) =< Noise Level < 63 dB(A) • <u>View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code</u> • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table **M** Transport Road Hierarcy Applicable Precinct or Area More Information Collector Road • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code · View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table

32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 27/02/2023

Zoning Applicable Zone More Information • View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Code Centre • View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Compliance table • View Section 6.2.1 Centre Zone Assessment table Selected Property Property Zoning Centre Community Facilities Conservation Environmental Management Low Density Residential Low-medium Density Residential Medium Density Residential Industry Recreation and Open Space Rural Residential Special Purpose Tourist Accommodation Tourism



32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Local Plans **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Port Douglas - Craiglie • View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan Code Precinct 1 - 1a Town Centre • <u>View Section 7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie Local Plan Compliance table</u> **Transport Investigation Corridor Major Road Connections** Selected Property Property Transport Investigation Corridors Major Road Connections Major Road Connections (No Arrow) **Daintree River to Bloomfield** Creb Track and Quaid Road 60 metre contour Major Road Connections - Daintree River to Bloomfield - Creb Track -- 60 metre contour **Local Plan Boundary** Local Plan Boundary **Local Plan Sub Precincts** 1a Town Centre 1b Waterfront North 1c Waterfront South 1d Limited Development 1f Flagstaff Hill 1e Community and Recreation **Local Plan Precincts** Not Part of a Precinct Precinct 1 Precinct 2 Precinct 3 Precinct 4 Precinct 5 Precinct 6 Precinct 7 Precinct 8 Precinct 9 **Live Entertainment Precinct Indicative Future Open Space**

Indicative Future Open Space



Live Entertainment Precinct

Road Reserve Esplanade

32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 27/02/2023

Acid Sulfate Soils **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Acid Sulfate Soils (< 5m AHD) • View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Code • <u>View Section 8.2.1 Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Compliance table</u> Acid Sulfate Soils Selected Property Property Acid Sulfate Soils (< 5m AHD) Acid Sulfate Soils (5-20m AHD) all others

32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

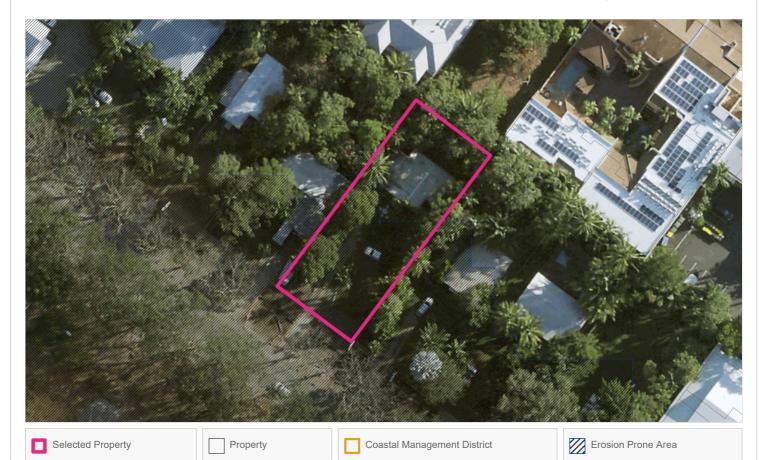
Produced: 27/02/2023

Coastal Processes

Applicable Precinct or Area Erosion Prone Area

More Information

- View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Code
- <u>View Section 8.2.3 Coastal Environment Overlay Compliance table</u>



32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

100 Year ARI - Mossman Port Douglas and Daintree Flood Studies

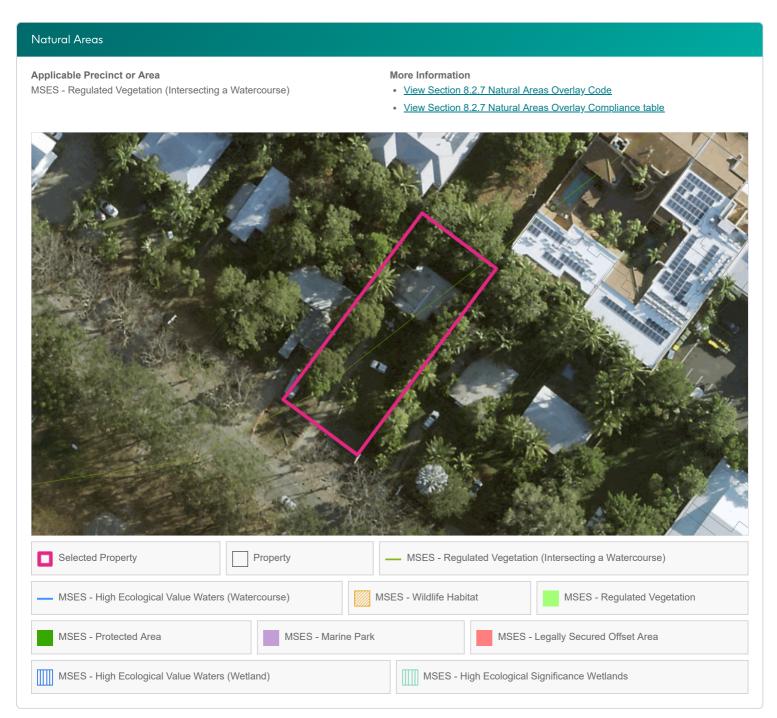
Produced: 27/02/2023

Applicable Precinct or Area Medium Storm Tide Hazard High Storm Tide Hazard 100 Year ARI - Mosman and Port Douglas Flood Studies More Information • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table • View Section 8.2.4 Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay Compliance table

Floodplain Assessment Overlay

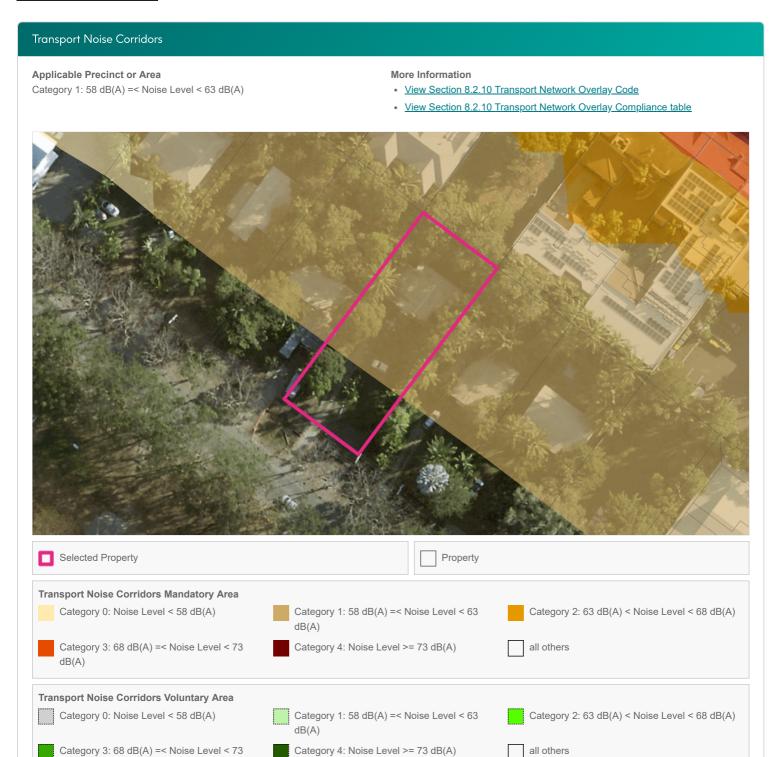


32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS





32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS







32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Transport Road Hierarcy **Applicable Precinct or Area** More Information Collector Road • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Code • View Section 8.2.10 Transport Network Overlay Compliance table Property Selected Property Road Hierarchy Access Road Arterial Road Collector Road Industrial Road Major Rural Road Minor Rural Road Sub Arterial Road Unformed Road all others

Disclaimer

Major Transport Corridor Buffer Area

This report is not a substitute for a Planning and Development Certificate and should not be relied upon where the reliance may result in loss, damage or injury. While every effort is taken to ensure the information in this report is accurate and up to date, Douglas Shire Council makes no representations or warranties about its accuracy, reliability, completeness or suitability for any particular purpose and disclaims all responsibility and all liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages (including indirect or consequential damage) and costs that may occur as a result of the report being inaccurate or incomplete in any way or for any reason.

Annexure 6: SARA Mapping

State Assessment and Referral Agency

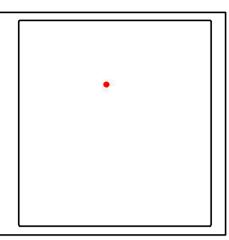
Date: 27/02/2023



Queensland Government

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Matters of Interest for all selected Lot Plans

Coastal area - erosion prone area

Coastal area - medium storm tide inundation area Coastal area - high storm tide inundation area

Matters of Interest by Lot Plan

Lot Plan: 418PTD2091 (Area: 1012 m²)

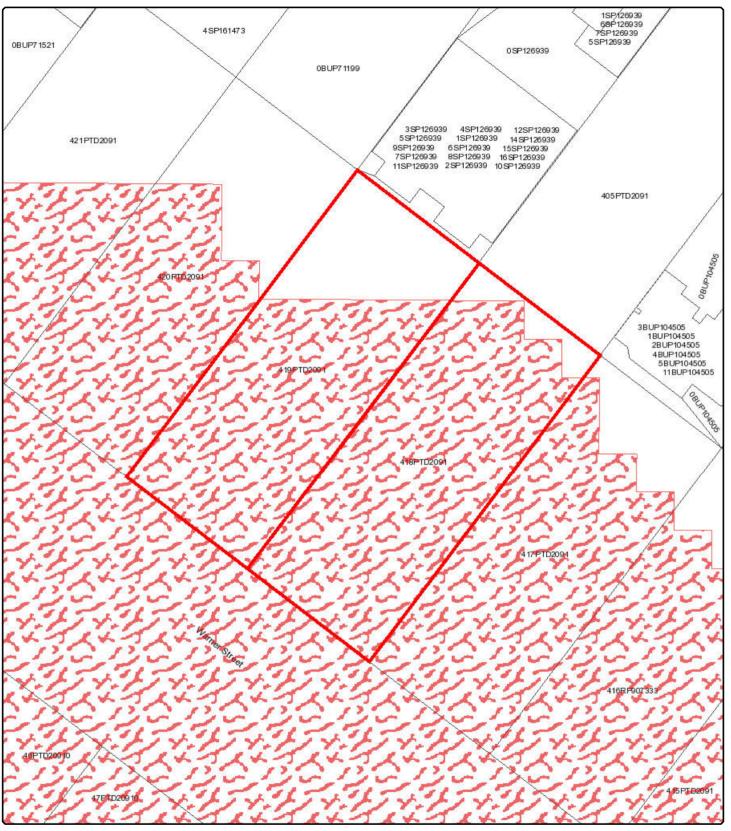
Coastal area - erosion prone area

Coastal area - medium storm tide inundation area Coastal area - high storm tide inundation area

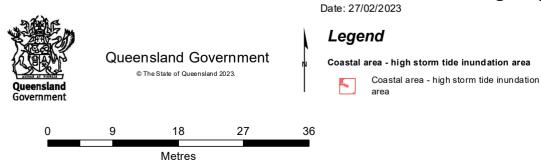
Lot Plan: 419PTD2091 (Area: 1012 m²)

Coastal area - erosion prone area

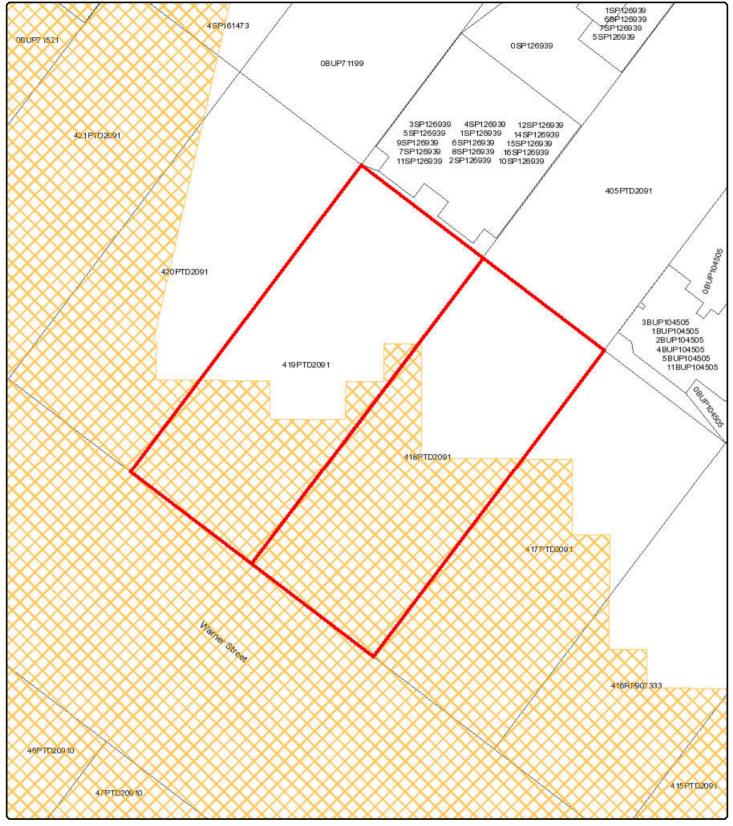
Coastal area - medium storm tide inundation area Coastal area - high storm tide inundation area



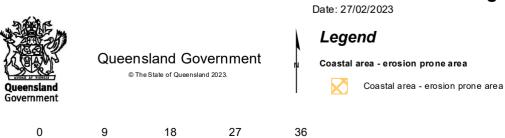
State Assessment and Referral Agency



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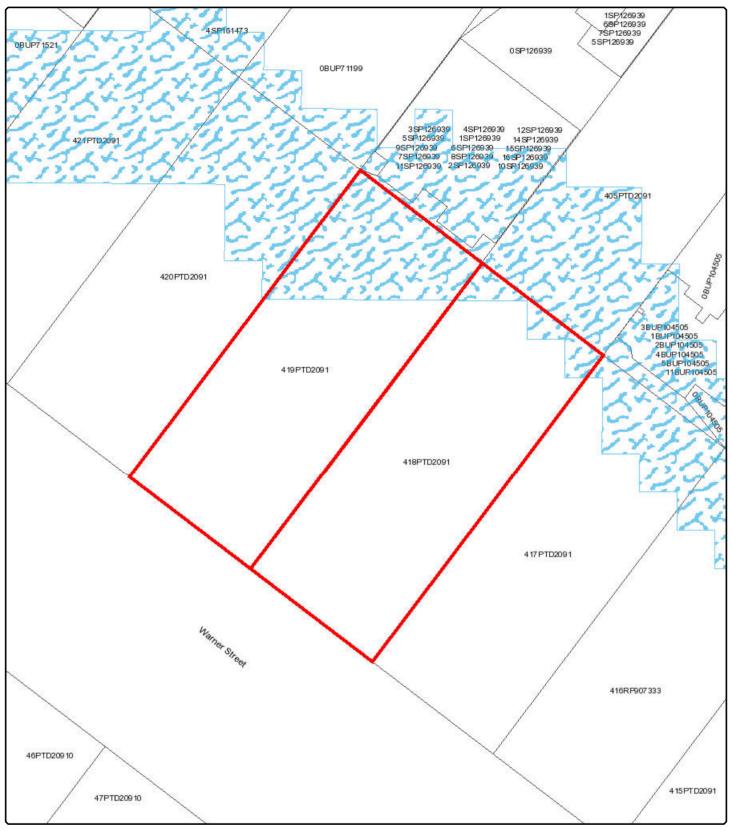


State Assessment and Referral Agency



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Metres



State Assessment and Referral Agency Date: 27/02/2023



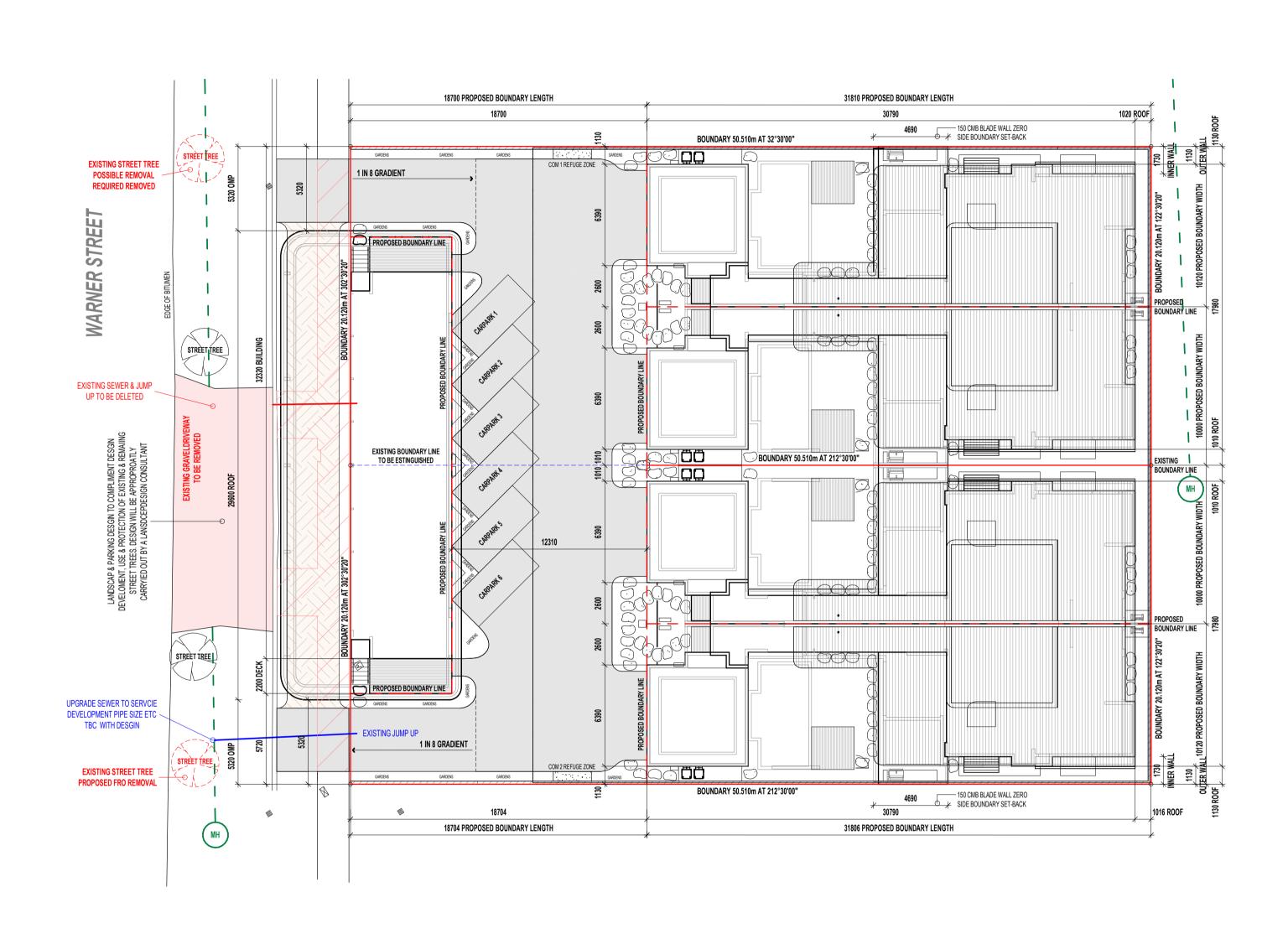
Coastal area - medium storm tide inundation

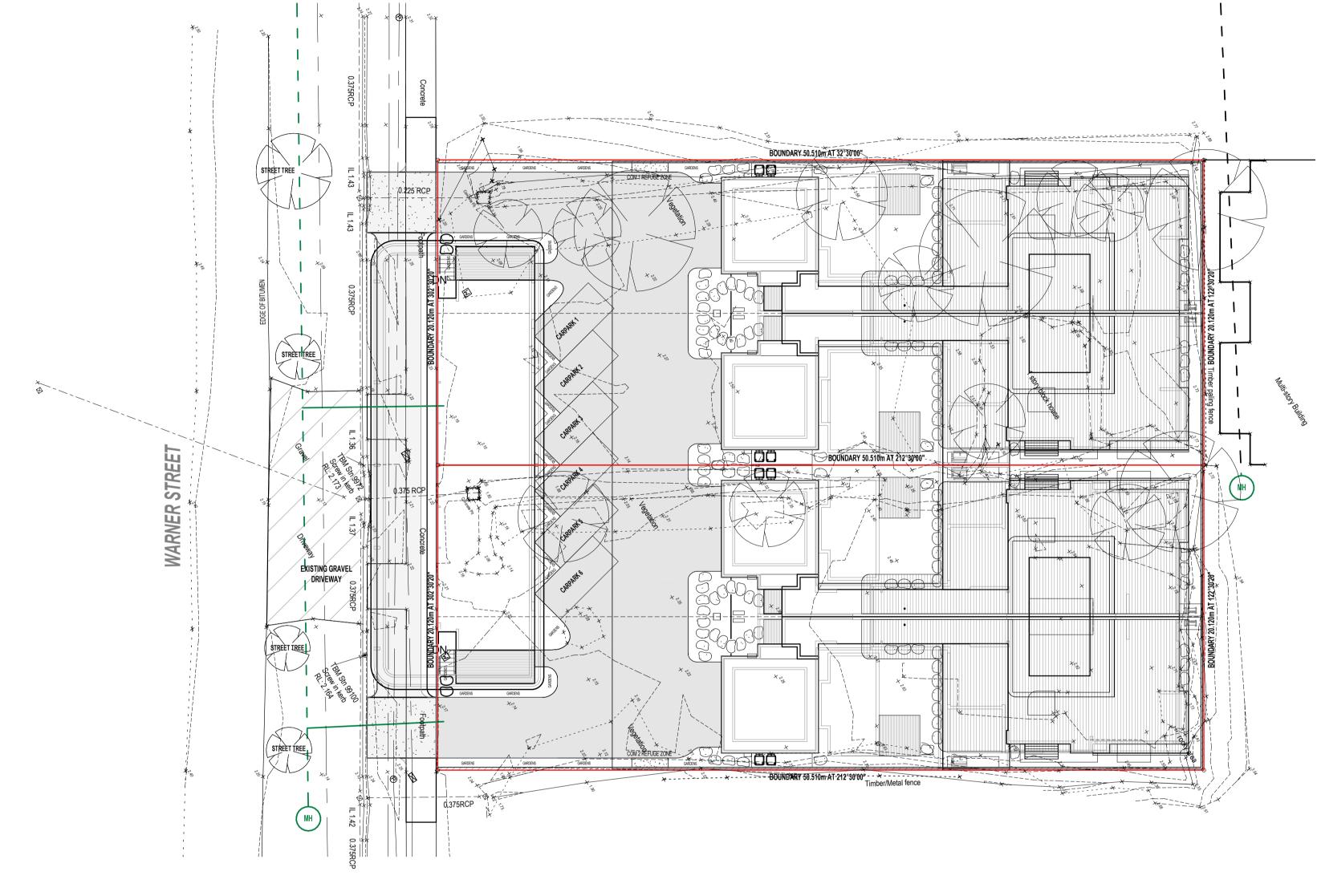
Coastal area - medium storm tide inundation area

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Metres

Annexure 7: Proposal Plans



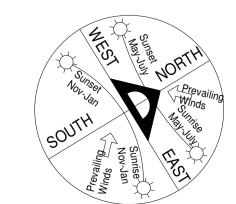


EXISTING CONTOUR PLAN

1:200

LOOR AREAS PER VILL	.A A & D	FLOOR AREAS PER VILL	.A B & C	FLOOR AREAS PER CO	OMMERCIAL LOT 1 & 2	FLOOR AREAS PER COM	MON AREA LOT
OT AREA	2032.52m²	LOT AREA	2032.52m²	LOT AREA	2032.52m²	LOT AREA	2032.52m²
ARAGE ENCLOSED	42.48m²	GARAGE ENCLOSED	42.48m²	LOT 1 INTERNAL	76.52m²	DRIVEWAY'S & CARPARKS	465m²
OWER LEVEL INTERNAL	127.65m²	LOWER LEVEL INTERNAL	127.65m²	LOT 1 EXERNAL	12.86m²	SITE AREA	568.5m²
OWER EXTERNAL	36.63m²	LOWER EXTERNAL	36.63m²	GROSS FLOOR AREA	89.38m²	COVERAGE %	81.80%
PPER LEVEL INTERNAL	134.66m²	UPPER LEVEL INTERNAL	134.66m²			·	
PPER LEVEL EXTERNAL	10.44m²	UPPER LEVEL EXTERNAL	10.44m²	COVERAGE AREA	89.38m²		
ROSS FLOOR AREA	354.45m²	GROSS FLOOR AREA	354.45m²	SITE AREA COVERAGE %	92m² 92.15%		
OVERAGE AREA	227.46m²	COVERAGE AREA	227.46m²				
ITE AREA	321.91m ²	SITE AREA	318.10m ²				
OVERAGE %	70.65%	COVERAGE %	71.50%				

PROJECT NUMBER 30-32WSPD



DRAWN NV SCALE AS SHOWN @ ON A1

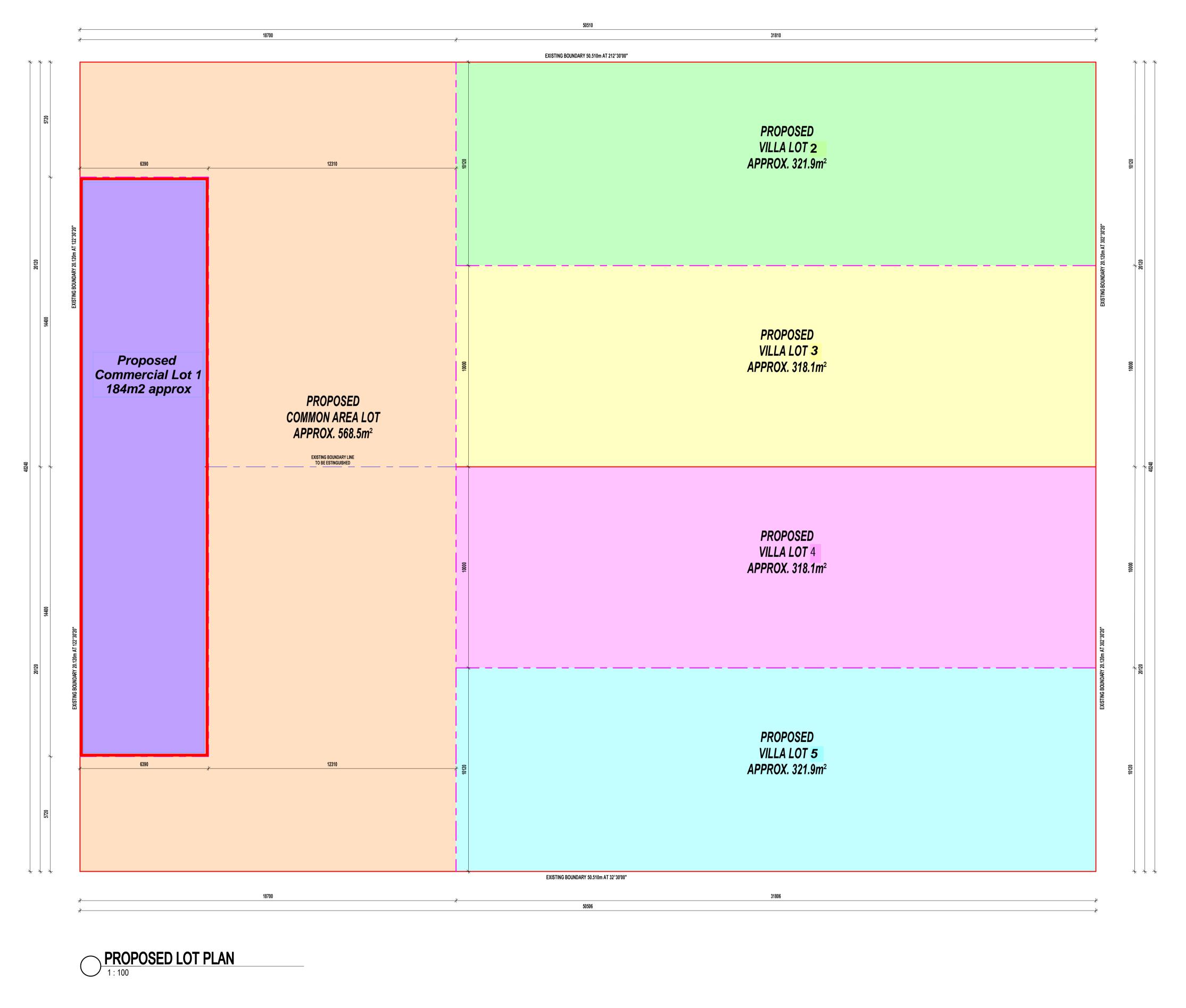
RPD :	
LOTS 418 - 419	
PTD2091	
LOCALITY: PORT DOUGLAS	
AREA 2032.52m2	

WIND CLASS	WIND	N GUST SPEED n/s)		DESIGN PR (kP		
	V h,u	V h,s	GREATE 1.2m FROM	R THAN CORNERS	UP 1.2m FROM	TO CORNERS
	ULS	SLS	ULS	SLS	ULS	SLS
C2	61	39	±2.68	±0.88	-4.02	-1.23

PROJECT	30-32WSPD	PROJECT ADDRESS	30 & 32 WARNER ST - PORT DOUGLAS
SHEET	SITE DI ANI CENEDAL NOTES & LECEND		

SITE PLAN

1:200





PROJECT 30-32WSPD

PROJECT ADDRESS 30 & 32 WARNER ST - PORT DOUGLAS

ULTIMATE & SERVICEABILITY LIMIT STATE DESIGN WIND PRESSURES

| Vision | V



PROJECT 30-32WSPD

PROJECT ADDRESS 30 & 32 WARNER ST - PORT DOUGLAS

SHEET SITE FLOOR & TRAFFIC CONCEPT 1 REV 4

DRAWN NV SCALE AS SHOWN @ ON A1

PROJECT NUMBER 30-32WSPD

SHEET 03 REV

'VILLA A' AREA SCHEDULE

'VILLA B' AREA SCHEDULE

'VILLA C' AREA SCHEDULE

42.48 m²

351.87 m²

1.93 m²

127.65 m²

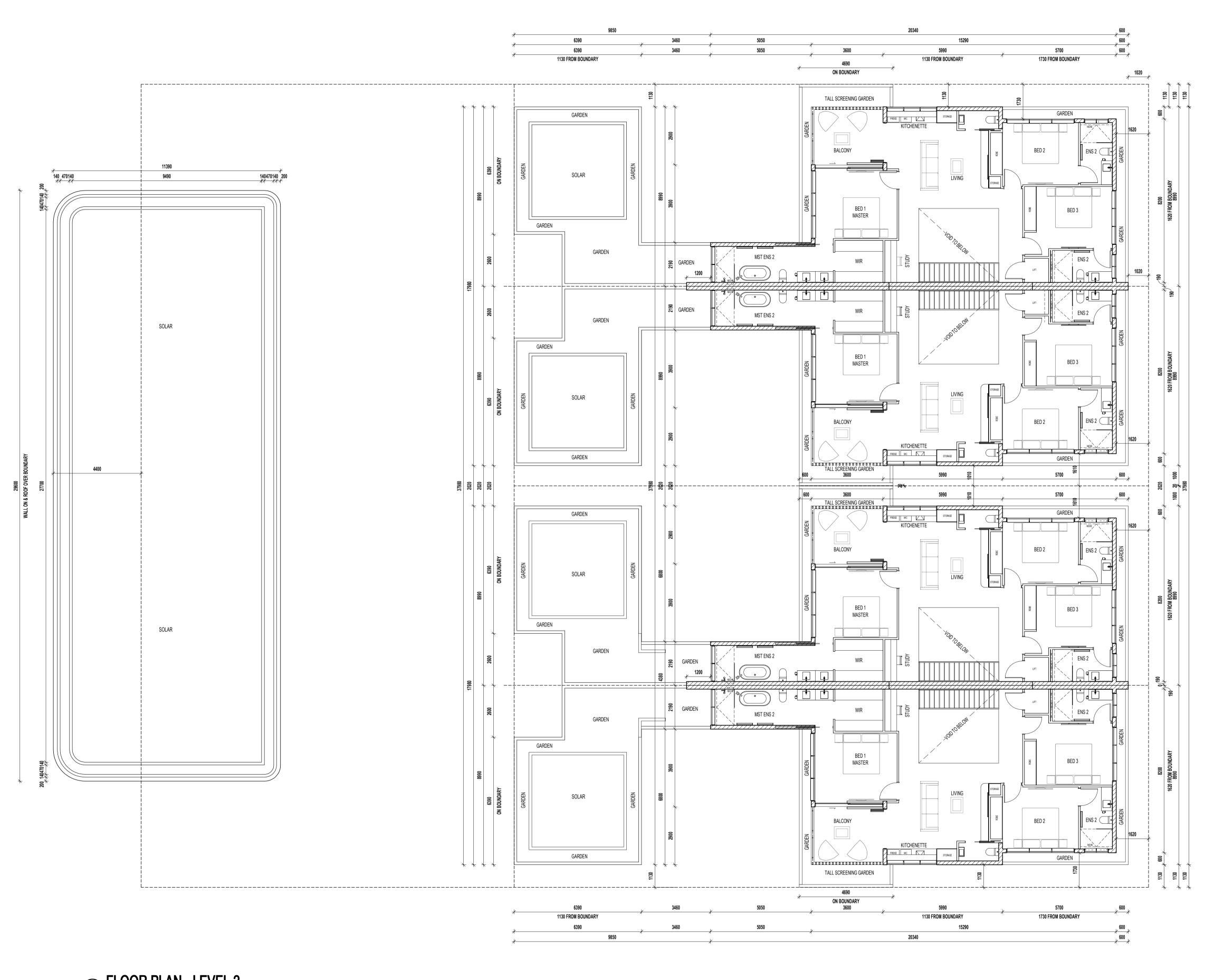
134.66 m²

134.66 m²

42.48 m²

1.93 m²

91.25 m²



VILLA AREA SCHEDULE

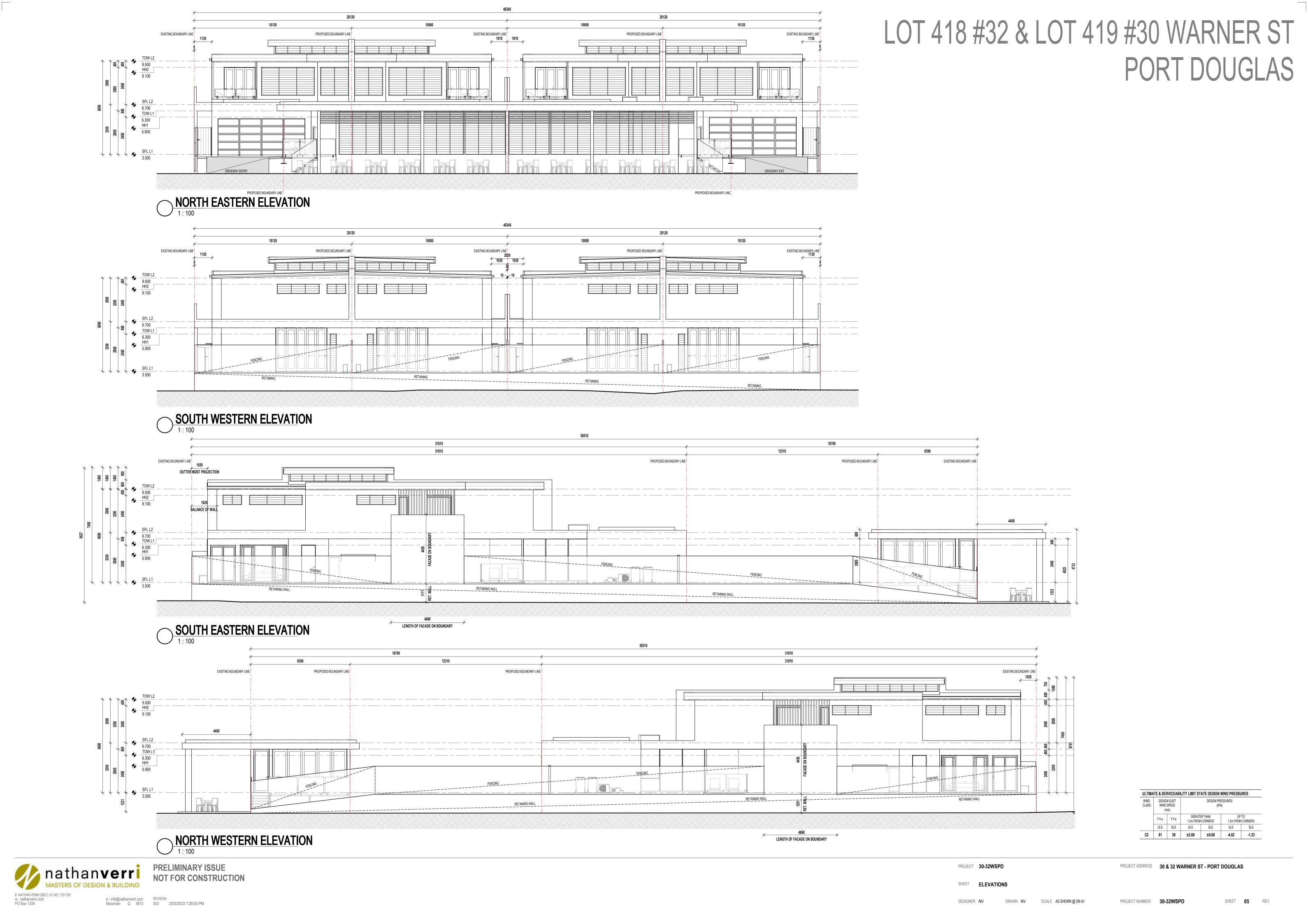
VILLA A' ARE	A SCHEDULE
Name	Area
FL1 ALFRESCO	34.70 m²
FL1 LIVING	127.65 m²
FL2 BALCONY	10.44 m²
FL2 LIVING	134.66 m²
GARAGE	42.48 m²
PORCH	1.93 m²
TOTAL	351.87 m²
'VILLA B' ARE	A SCHEDULE
Name	Area
FL1 ALFRESCO	34.70 m²
FL1 LIVING	127.65 m²
FL2 BALCONY	10.44 m²
FL2 LIVING	134.66 m²
GARAGE	42.48 m²
PORCH	1.93 m²
TOTAL	351.87 m²
'VILLA C' ARE	A SCHEDULE
Name	Area
FL1 ALFRESCO	34.70 m²
FL1 LIVING	127.65 m²
FL2 BALCONY	10.44 m²
FL2 LIVING	134.66 m²
GARAGE	42.48 m²
PORCH	1.93 m²
TOTAL	351.87 m²
'VILLA D' ARE	A SCHEDULE
	Area
Name	
Name FL1 ALFRESCO	34.70 m²
	34.70 m ² 127.65 m ²
FL1 ALFRESCO	
FL1 ALFRESCO FL1 LIVING	127.65 m²
FL1 ALFRESCO FL1 LIVING FL2 BALCONY	127.65 m² 10.44 m²
FL1 ALFRESCO FL1 LIVING FL2 BALCONY FL2 LIVING	127.65 m ² 10.44 m ² 134.66 m ²

COMMERCIAL AREA SCHEDULE

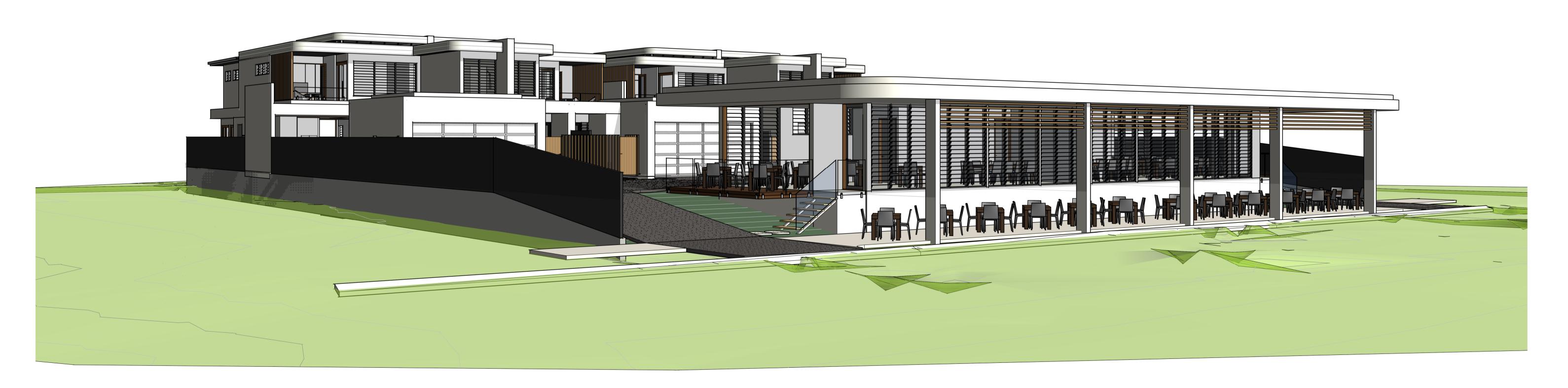
Name	Area
GENERAL SERVICE, PATRON, SHOP ZONE	76.52 m²
LANDING	1.38 m²
OUTDOOR SERVICE ZONE	11.42 m²
PORCH	1.93 m²
TOTAL	91.25 m²
COMMERCIAL LOT 2 AREA	
COMMERCIAL LOT 2 AREA	SCHEDUL
COMMERCIAL LOT 2 AREA Name GENERAL SERVICE, PATRON, SHOP ZONE	SCHEDUL Area
COMMERCIAL LOT 2 AREA Name GENERAL SERVICE, PATRON, SHOP ZONE LANDING	Area 76.52 m ²
COMMERCIAL LOT 2 AREA	Area 76.52 m ² 1.38 m ²

ULTIMATE & SERVICEABILITY LIMIT STATE DESIGN WIND PRESSURES WIND DESIGN GUST WIND SPEED (m/s)

Vh,u Vh,s C2 61 39 ±2.68 ±0.88 -4.02 -1.23









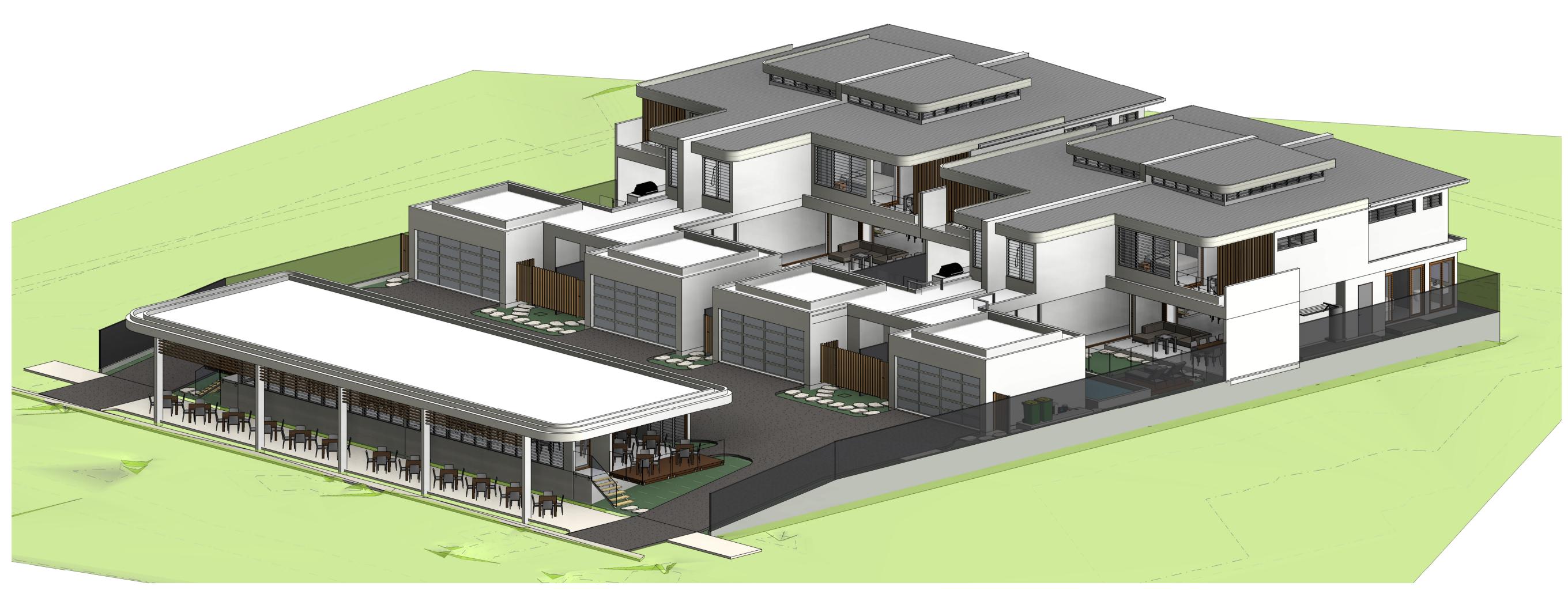
PROJECT 30-32WSPD

SHEET PERSPECTIVES

1 000 150

PROJECT ADDRESS 30 & 32 WARNER ST - PORT DOUGLAS







PROJECT 30-32WSPD PROJECT ADDRESS 30 & 32 WARNER ST - PORT DOUGLAS

SHEET PERSPECTIVES









Annexure 8: CivilWalker Engineering Advice



Ref: 227-002-001L

28 February 2023

Nathan Verri Pty Ltd 2/84 Veivers Road Palm Cove Qld 4879 via email: info@nathanverri.com

30-32 Warner Street, Port Douglas Report Addressing Engineering Matters

We refer to the above development and provide the following report that addresses engineering matters relating to flood levels, water supply, sewerage and site traffic movements.

Proposed Development

The proposed development is located over two land parcels at 30 and 32 Warner Street, Port Douglas. It involves provision of two commercial allotments (each approximately $92m^2$ in size) and four residential allotments varying in size from approximately $318m^2$ to approximately $322m^2$, which will contain villas (each four-bedroom, four-bathroom, plus a separate powder room). The development will also include provision of off-street under-cover parking for each villa (ie garages), an off-street car parking allocation (not covered) for the commercial tenancies, landscaping and areas for on-site services which will be contained within a proposed common area. Details of the proposed development are provided in Attachment 1.

Flooding / Finished Floor Levels

Reference is made to the "Storm Tide Inundation Property Reports" provided by Douglas Shire Council for the subject properties (refer Attachment 2). The reports indicate that both 30 and 32 Warner Street are affected by storm tide inundation for the 1% AEP flood event in the year 2100 (which allows for a sea level rise of 800mm). The storm tide inundation levels are reported as 2.994m AHD and 2.993m AHD for 30 and 32 Warner Street, respectively.

For residential development, flood immunity is typically required to habitable floor levels such that 300mm freeboard is applied to the governing 1% AEP flood level. It is noted that the property reports provided by Council identify that freeboard for the study undertaken to determine the governing flood levels was 500mm and that this should be applied to determine finished floor levels.

Adopted finished floor levels for development have therefore been adopted as 3.494m AHD.

Site Traffic Movements

Site access is proposed to be via an entry only arrangement at the western end of the site and an exit only arrangement at the eastern end of the site. A vehicle swept path analysis has been undertaken to confirm that suitable movement of the critical design vehicle through the site is provisioned for. The critical vehicle was adopted as a standard Austroads 8.8m long service vehicle. Swept path analysis informed the design, with several iterations being undertaken to provide the presented development layout. Sketch 224-002-SK01 within Attachment 3 shows the swept path analysis with key notations provided.



Sewer Connection

As constructed sewer drawings were obtained from Council and are provided in Attachment 4. These drawings identify that an existing 150mm diameter gravity main runs along the northern verge of Warner Street adjacent to the proposed development site. A manhole is located near the boundary interface of 26 and 28 Warner Street, with the gravity main falling eastward along the road verge past 30 and 32 Warner Street. The reported as-constructed invert level of the sewer at the abovementioned manhole location is 1.258m AHD with the main falling at a grade of 1 in 140.

It is proposed to provide a single connection from the development into the existing gravity sewer main within Warner Street at the location of the existing "HCB" at number 32. Internal sewer drains will be constructed within the communal area and connect to a 150mm drain. This will then connect via a 150mm HCB into the existing sewer main, providing connection in accordance with Section D7.14 9ii (ie commercial / multi-residential project connection). The existing HCB at the frontage of 30 Warner Street is proposed to be located, capped and made redundant.

Water Supply Connection

Details of Council's existing water reticulation network are provided in Attachment 4. The asconstructed water information is presented on the same drawings on which the sewerage details are provided. It is noted that the drawings identify that the water reticulation network "runs parallel to the sewerage network between the drain and the road (shown as W/M on plan)". This location is between the sewer main and the allotment frontage boundary. The as-constructed drawings do not identify diameter of the water main or its material type.

It is proposed to provide separate connections for each allotment (2 x commercial and 4 x residential) to the existing water main with separate meters on each. The existing residential meters are proposed to be located and removed.

We trust that that above satisfies your requirements, however if you need any further advice, please contact me on 0427 515 177.

Yours faithfully

CivilWalker Consulting Engineers

Daryl Walker

Director | Principal Engineer

BE(Hons) ME DipPM RPEQ RPEng

all

cc. Evan Yelavich – Planning Plus

enc. Attachment 1 – Nathan Verri Drawings

Attachment 2 – Storm Tide Inundation Property Reports Attachment 3 – Drawing 227-002-SK01 Revision 1

Attachment 4 – Council Sewer / Water As-Constructed Drawings



Attachment 1
Nathan Verri Drawings

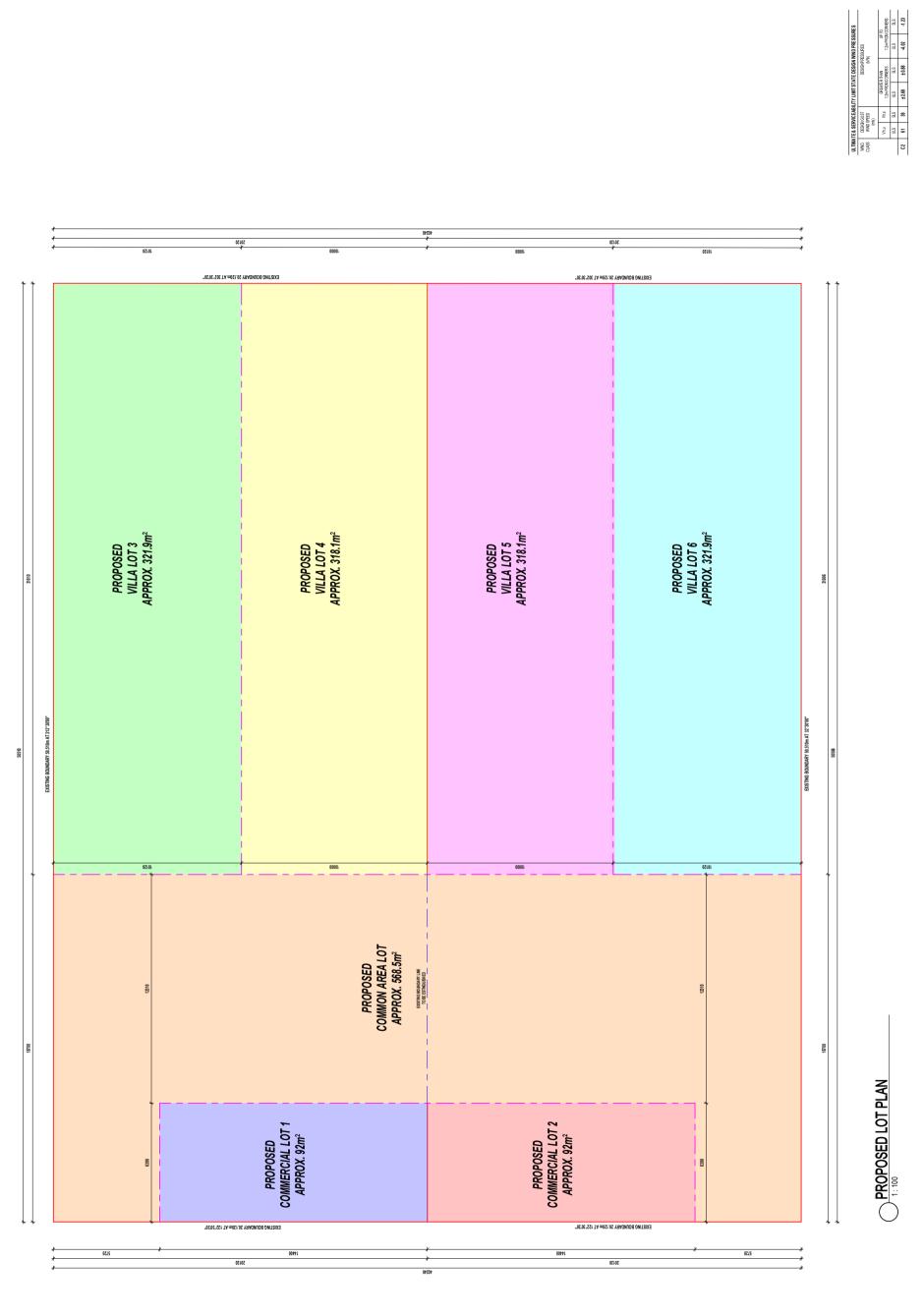
MASTERS OF DESIGN & BUILDING

WASTERS OF DESIGN & BUILDING

W. ANN. WESTERS OF DESIGN & BUILDING

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30 & 32 WARNER ST - PORT DOUGLAS



RENIDIAN SOUTH STATES OF THE NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

ADDRESS 30 & 32 WARNER ST - PORT DOUGLAS

SHEET PROPOSED LOT PLAN PROJECT 30-32WSPD

MASTERS OF DESIGN & BUILDING

WATCH WITHOUT THE STREET OF THE STREET OF



Attachment 2 *Storm Tide Inundation Property Reports*



30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Storm Tide Inundation Property Report

The following report has been automatically generated to provide a general indication of development related information applying to the nominated land parcel.

For more information refer to the <u>JB Pacific Storm Tide Inundation Methodology Study</u>. This report is not intended to replace the need for carrying out a detailed assessment of Council and State controls or the need to seek your own professional advice on any town planning instrument, local law or other controls that may impact on the existing or intended use of the premise mentioned in this report. For further information please contact Council by phone: <u>07 4099 9444</u> or <u>1800 026 318</u> or email <u>enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au.</u>

A separate Council Planning Scheme Property Report tool is available for information relating to Council's 2018 Planning Scheme.

Visit Council's website to apply for an official property search or certificate, or contact the <u>Department of Natural Resources</u>, Mines and Energy to undertake a title search to ascertain how easements may affect land.

JB Pacific Storm Tide Inundation Methodology Study

The purpose of the Douglas Shire Storm Tide Inundation Methodologies Study was to review and analyse different methodologies, identify a best practise model for the Shire's coastal urban areas, run this preferred best practise model and calculate the minimum heights for the 1% AEP (Annual Exceedance Probability) storm tide inundation for the year 2100 having regard to a 0.8m sea level rise for urban coastal properties.

Excerpt from the JB Pacific Storm Tide Inundation Methodology Report -

Storm Tide Inundation

The Douglas Shire coastline experiences a range of hydrodynamic, waves, and morphologic processes that are linked through dependent and independent variables. This includes the underlying astronomical tide, the passage of local storms and cyclones, the interaction of storm surges along the open coastline, the local wave climate, any sheltering provided by nearshore reefs, and the role of nearshore and dune vegetation. A range of these coastal processes are shown in Figure 2-1.



Figure 2-1: Drivers of coastal risk

Importantly storm tide inundation can be from the overtopping at the foreshore as well as wave runup through estuaries and inundate from "behind" a locality. Check out the animation of this activity through the local estuaries in the animation on Council's website.

Future Year 2100 Projected Levels

On 2 July 2017 the Planning Act 2016 came into effect as part of the Queensland Government's commitment to delivering planning reform across the State and the State Planning Policies reinstating the need to consider the 1% AEP (Average Exceedance Probability) Storm Tide Inundation level for the year 2100 with a 0.8m sea level rise. The 1% AEP is referred to as the one in one hundred year event. The 1%AEP is the minimum we need to consider and plan for.

Freeboard

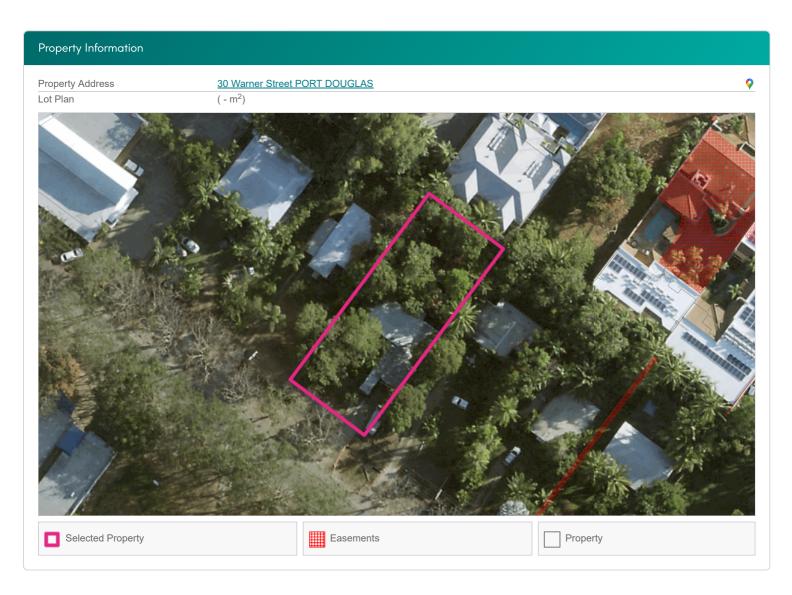
There are numerous variants that can affect the modelled levels. To account for the differences in these variants a "freeboard" is applied. For the JB Pacific Storm Tide Inundation Methodology Study these differences have been considered within a nominal 0.5m freeboard level. Minimum levels for habitable rooms need to consider the Finished Floor Level (FFL) being the 1%AEP level plus the 0.5m freeboard. This value is a measurement at AHD (Australian Height Datum).

AHD Levels

A Licensed Surveyor should be engaged to determine the accurate AHD for a property. Contours and levels identified through Queensland Globe are estimated from LIDAR calculations and may not be 100% accurate.



30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS





30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 29/11/2022

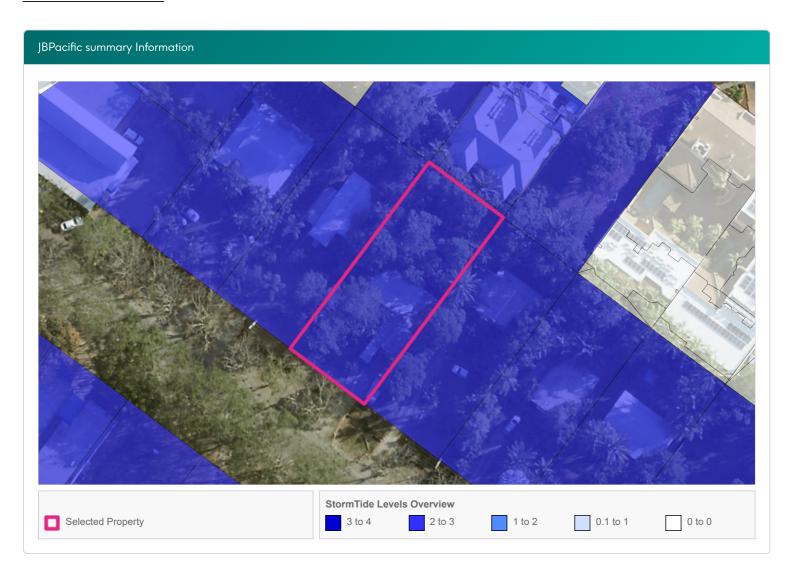


The information below provides details of the projected Future Year 2100 Storm Tide Inundation Level that considers a Sea Level Rise of 0.8m AHD



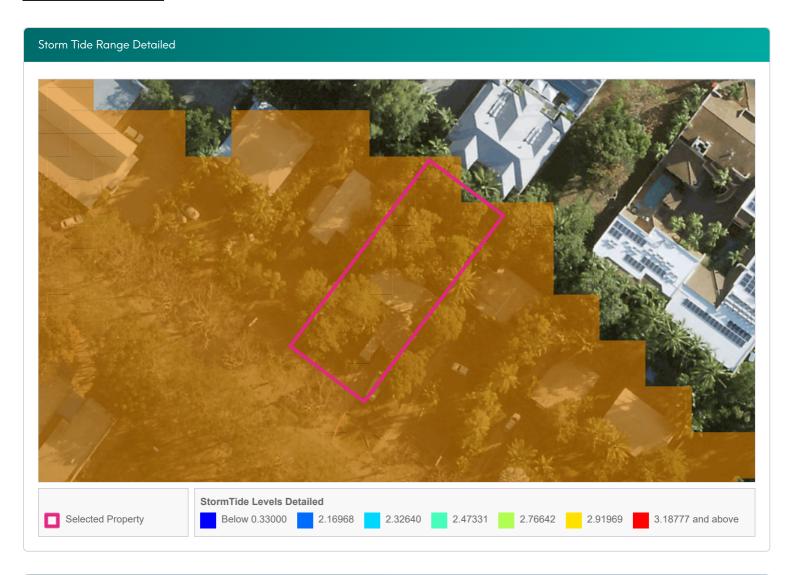
Selected Property

Affected by the 1 % AEP Event for the year 2100



30 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 29/11/2022



The Level for Construction – for Storm Tide Inundation Considerations

The lot is affected by storm tide inundation for the Year 2100, 1 in 100 (1% AEP) event. The 1% AEP for the year 2100 (including a Sea Level Rise of 0.8m) is at **2.994** (without freeboard). The Freeboard for the Study is 0.5m and is applied to determine Finished Floor Level for habitable rooms.

Finished Floor Level

The total required Finished Floor Level for habitable rooms is 3.494 m AHD

Note - Finished floor level is usually 225mm above the pad level.

Disclaimer

The maps show the estimated areas of inundation for the 1% AEP projected for the year 2100 having regard to a sea level rise of 0.8m. The report nominates required minimum habitable room minimum finished floor level. This minimum level is determined from the best data to date held by Council. This storm tide inundation flood level, for a particular property, may change if more detailed information becomes available or changes are made in the method of calculating flood levels. Storm tide Inundation analysis is based on comprehensive computer modelling calibrated against actual storm tides. The website provides locations, street names, aerial photography and available storm tide inundation data for the Shire areas that were included in the JB Pacific Storm Tide Inundation Methodologies Study. This property reporting tool is not a substitute for a detailed Coastal Engineering analysis of a property and should not be relied upon where the reliance may result in loss, damage or injury. While every effort is taken to ensure the information in this report is accurate and up to date, Douglas Shire Council makes no representations or warranties about its accuracy, reliability, completeness or suitability for any particular purpose and disclaims all responsibility and all liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages (including indirect or consequential damage) and costs that may occur as a result of the report being inaccurate or incomplete in any way or for any reason.



32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Storm Tide Inundation Property Report

The following report has been automatically generated to provide a general indication of development related information applying to the nominated land parcel.

For more information refer to the <u>JB Pacific Storm Tide Inundation Methodology Study</u>. This report is not intended to replace the need for carrying out a detailed assessment of Council and State controls or the need to seek your own professional advice on any town planning instrument, local law or other controls that may impact on the existing or intended use of the premise mentioned in this report. For further information please contact Council by phone: <u>07 4099 9444</u> or <u>1800 026 318</u> or email <u>enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au.</u>

A separate Council Planning Scheme Property Report tool is available for information relating to Council's 2018 Planning Scheme.

Visit Council's website to apply for an official property search or certificate, or contact the <u>Department of Natural Resources</u>, Mines and Energy to undertake a title search to ascertain how easements may affect land.

JB Pacific Storm Tide Inundation Methodology Study

The purpose of the Douglas Shire Storm Tide Inundation Methodologies Study was to review and analyse different methodologies, identify a best practise model for the Shire's coastal urban areas, run this preferred best practise model and calculate the minimum heights for the 1% AEP (Annual Exceedance Probability) storm tide inundation for the year 2100 having regard to a 0.8m sea level rise for urban coastal properties.

Excerpt from the JB Pacific Storm Tide Inundation Methodology Report -

Storm Tide Inundation

The Douglas Shire coastline experiences a range of hydrodynamic, waves, and morphologic processes that are linked through dependent and independent variables. This includes the underlying astronomical tide, the passage of local storms and cyclones, the interaction of storm surges along the open coastline, the local wave climate, any sheltering provided by nearshore reefs, and the role of nearshore and dune vegetation. A range of these coastal processes are shown in Figure 2-1.



Figure 2-1: Drivers of coastal risk

Importantly storm tide inundation can be from the overtopping at the foreshore as well as wave runup through estuaries and inundate from "behind" a locality. Check out the animation of this activity through the local estuaries in the animation on Council's website.

Future Year 2100 Projected Levels

On 2 July 2017 the Planning Act 2016 came into effect as part of the Queensland Government's commitment to delivering planning reform across the State and the State Planning Policies reinstating the need to consider the 1% AEP (Average Exceedance Probability) Storm Tide Inundation level for the year 2100 with a 0.8m sea level rise. The 1% AEP is referred to as the one in one hundred year event. The 1%AEP is the minimum we need to consider and plan for.

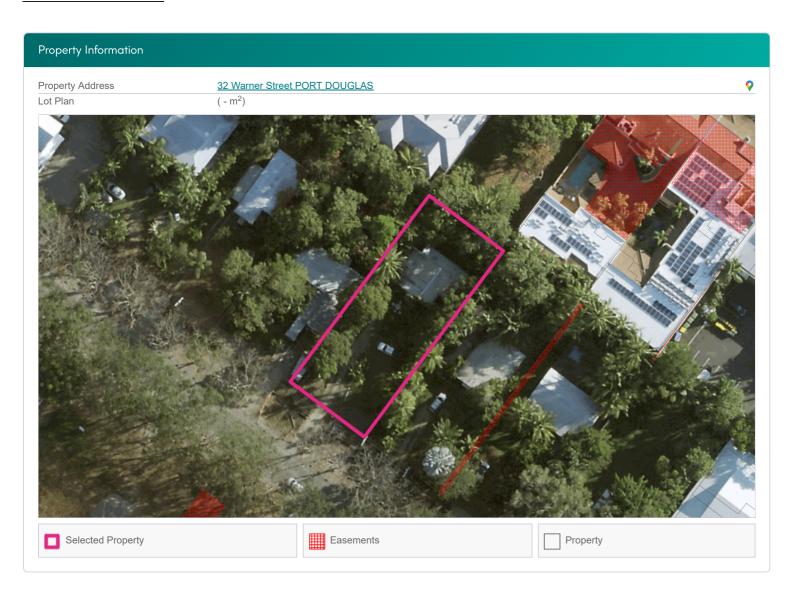
Freeboard

There are numerous variants that can affect the modelled levels. To account for the differences in these variants a "freeboard" is applied. For the JB Pacific Storm Tide Inundation Methodology Study these differences have been considered within a nominal 0.5m freeboard level. Minimum levels for habitable rooms need to consider the Finished Floor Level (FFL) being the 1%AEP level plus the 0.5m freeboard. This value is a measurement at AHD (Australian Height Datum).

AHD Levels

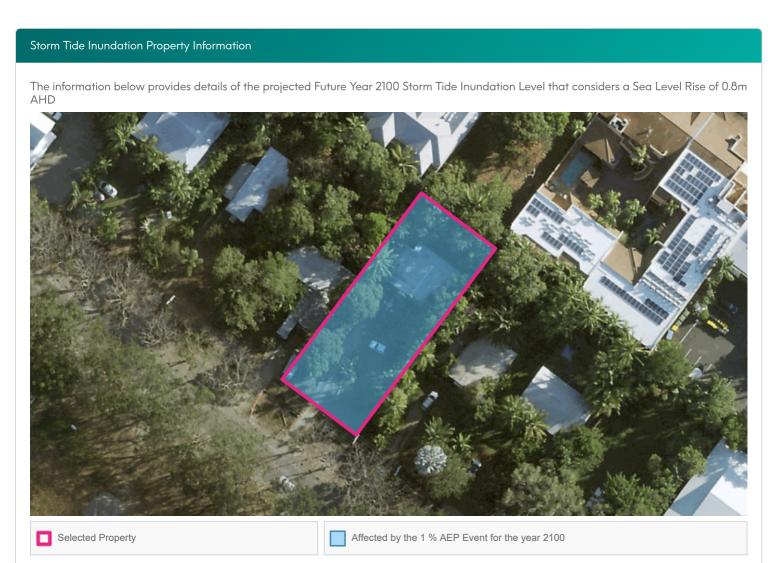
A Licensed Surveyor should be engaged to determine the accurate AHD for a property. Contours and levels identified through Queensland Globe are estimated from LIDAR calculations and may not be 100% accurate.

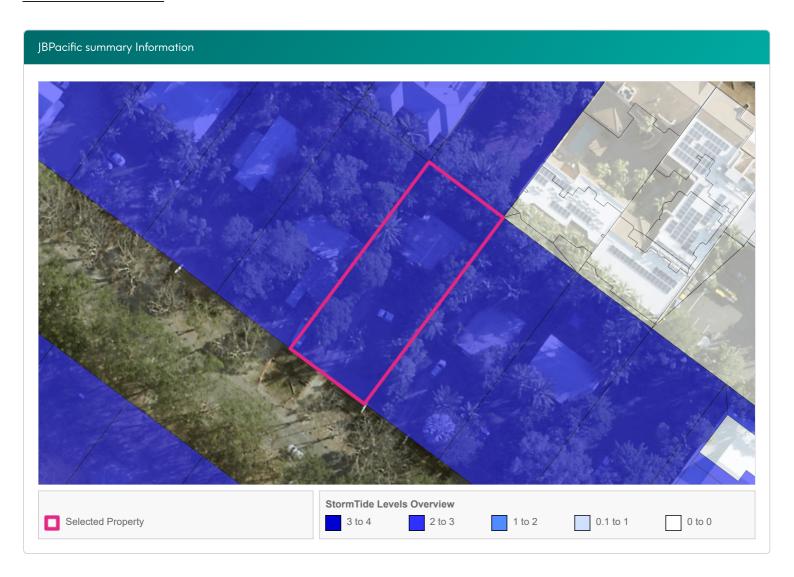
32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS





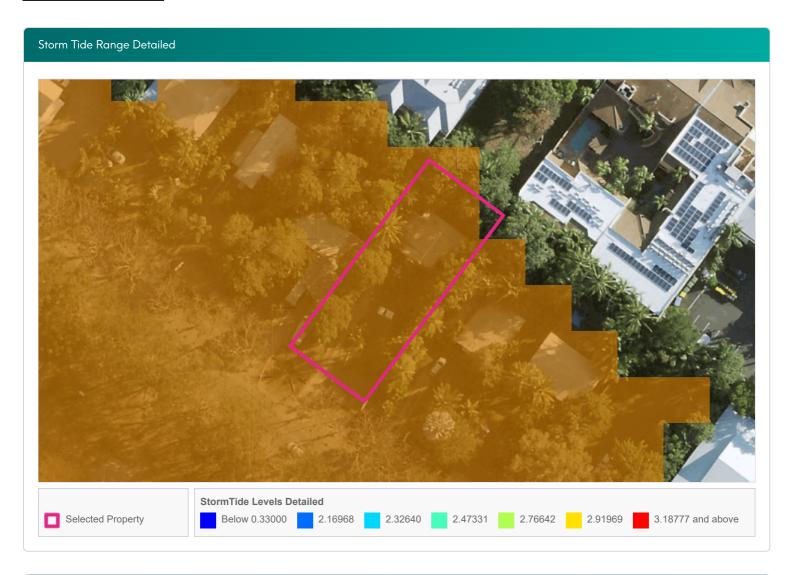
32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS





32 Warner Street PORT DOUGLAS

Produced: 29/11/2022



The Level for Construction – for Storm Tide Inundation Considerations

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Finished Floor Level

The total required Finished Floor Level for habitable rooms is 3.493 m AHD

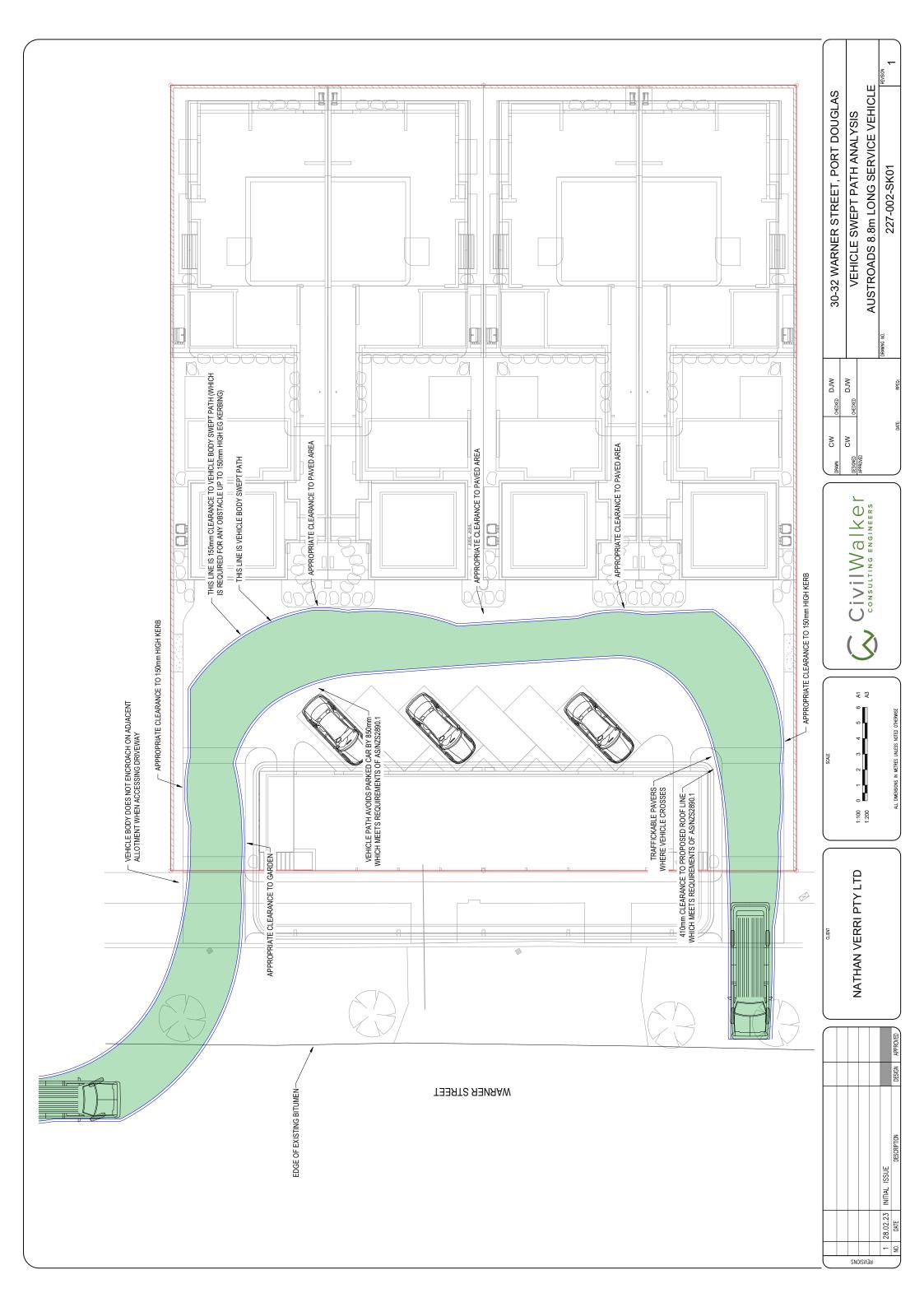
Note - Finished floor level is usually 225mm above the pad level.

Disclaimer

The maps show the estimated areas of inundation for the 1% AEP projected for the year 2100 having regard to a sea level rise of 0.8m. The report nominates required minimum habitable room minimum finished floor level. This minimum level is determined from the best data to date held by Council. This storm tide inundation flood level, for a particular property, may change if more detailed information becomes available or changes are made in the method of calculating flood levels. Storm tide Inundation analysis is based on comprehensive computer modelling calibrated against actual storm tides. The website provides locations, street names, aerial photography and available storm tide inundation data for the Shire areas that were included in the JB Pacific Storm Tide Inundation Methodologies Study. This property reporting tool is not a substitute for a detailed Coastal Engineering analysis of a property and should not be relied upon where the reliance may result in loss, damage or injury. While every effort is taken to ensure the information in this report is accurate and up to date, Douglas Shire Council makes no representations or warranties about its accuracy, reliability, completeness or suitability for any particular purpose and disclaims all responsibility and all liability (including without limitation, liability in negligence) for all expenses, losses, damages (including indirect or consequential damage) and costs that may occur as a result of the report being inaccurate or incomplete in any way or for any reason.



Attachment 3
Drawing 227-002-SK01 Revision 1





Attachment 4

Council Sewer / Water As-Constructed Drawings

ssessment No. 0095900001/000 * AS CONSTRUCTED H.D.P. No..... Bld. App. No..... STAGE 3, PORT DOUGLAS SEWERAGE SCHEME
Name of Owner S. C. NORRIS Address 30 WARNER ST. PORT DOUGLAS Street No. 30 WARNER ST. Name of Drainer A. ZAMMATARO. Licence No. Fee \$107-50 Receipt No. 3873 Date 9-4-1986. REFERENCE : Jump Up J.U. A.S.V. Anti Syphon Vent F.V. Flood Valve Bath Water Closet Sink S.D. Slope Drop A.S.T. Anti Syphon Trap I.Ç. Inspection Chamber D.T. Disconnector Trap G.T. Gully Trap LJ. Level Junction 1.8. Inspection Band Wash Hand Basin EV. Educt Vent I.J. Inspection Junction Urinal G.I.T. Grease Interceptor Trap Laundry Tubs Shower Induct Vent I.V. LP. Inspection Pipe 6. G.V. O.I.T. Oil Interceptor Trap Ground Vent В. Bend S.V.P. Soil Vent Pipe A.I.T. Acid Interceptor Trap Square Junction Cuspidor S.J. HOTES: 1. Drains to be 100mm dia, pipes unless otherwise stated.

2. All work to be done in accordance with the Standard Sewerage By-laws.

3. All Sanitary conveniences, numerated or not, to be drained to the Council's sewer.

4. The retention of existing fixtures and employment of proposed fixtures, subject to approval.

5. Any person connecting any rainwater downpipe or any tank overflow to the Council's Sewer is liable to a penalty.

6. Existing Water Services are to comply with Standard Water Supply By-laws. Junction about metres from centre of downstream M.H. No. on Line No. Depth of Sewer approx, metres, Depth to House Drain Connection approx. 19 SECT 4 ALLOT LOV 3.600 SUP 400 SINK <u>~~</u> 2.400 81 81 શુ 7.700 12.900 19.000 1/300) 5% WARNER Signature Inspect. Scale 1:200 Signature Owner/Agent

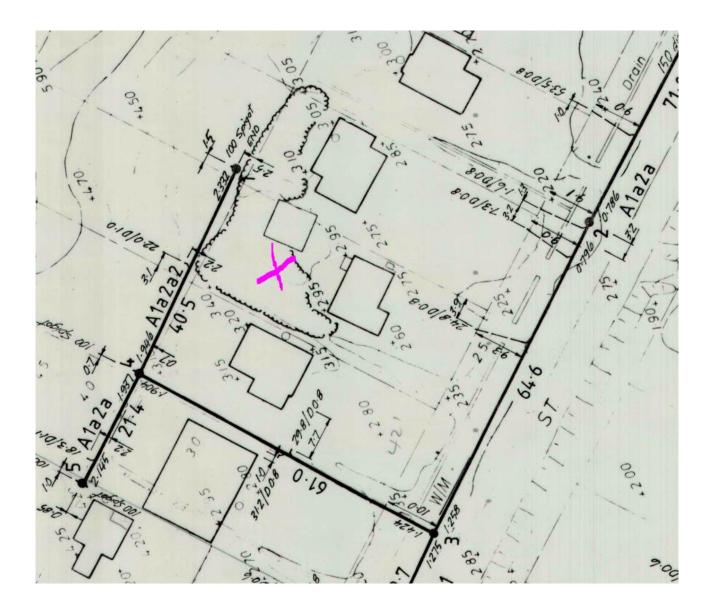
DOUGLAS SHIRE COUNCIL

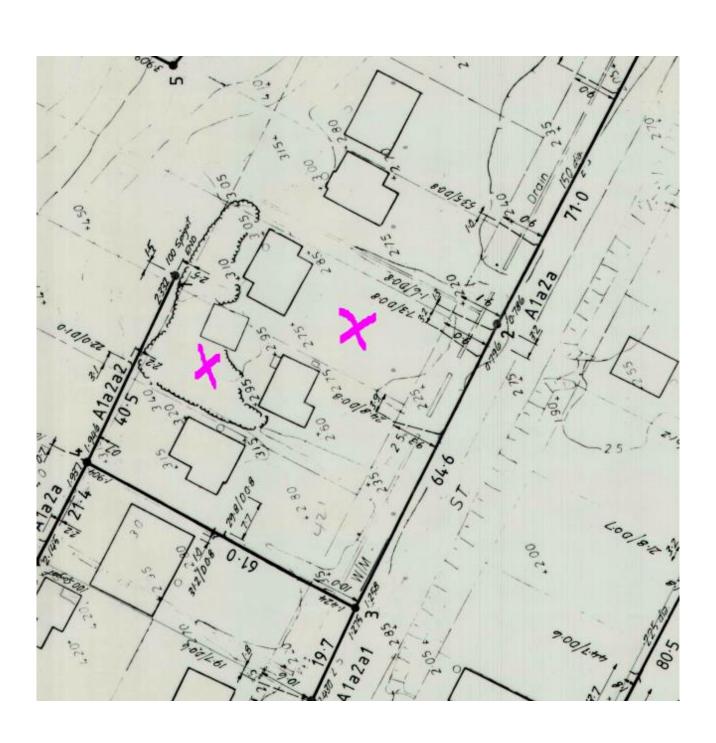


Please find as constructed plans for 30 Warner St, Port Douglas.

i) Sewerage & Water Network.

Please note, the water reticulation network runs parallel to the sewerage network between the drain & the road (shown as 'W/M' on plan).





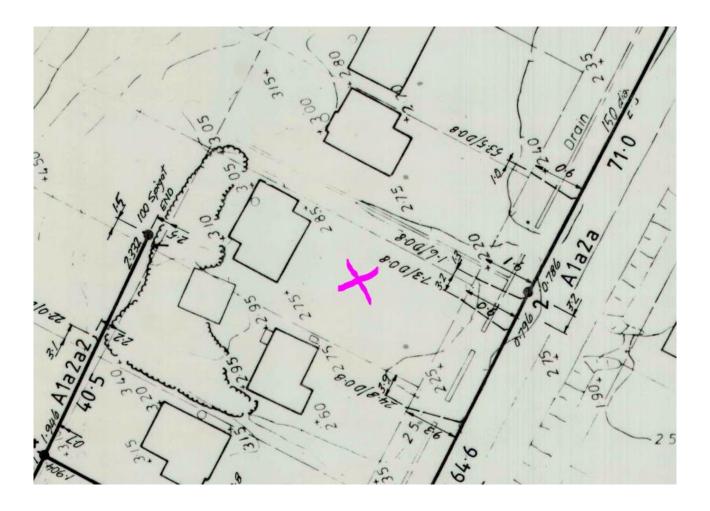
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J. Level Junction	D.T. Disconnector Trap	I.B. Inspection Band	3. Sink 4. Wash Hand Basin
V. Educt Vent V. Induct Vent	G.T. Gully Trap G.I.T. Grease Interceptor Trap	I.J. Inspection Junction I.P. Inspection Pipe	5. Urinal 6. Laundry Tubs
.V. Ground Vent V.P. Soil Vent Pipe	O.I.T. Oil Interceptor Trap A.I.T. Acid Interceptor Trap	 Bend S.J. Square Junction 	7. Shower
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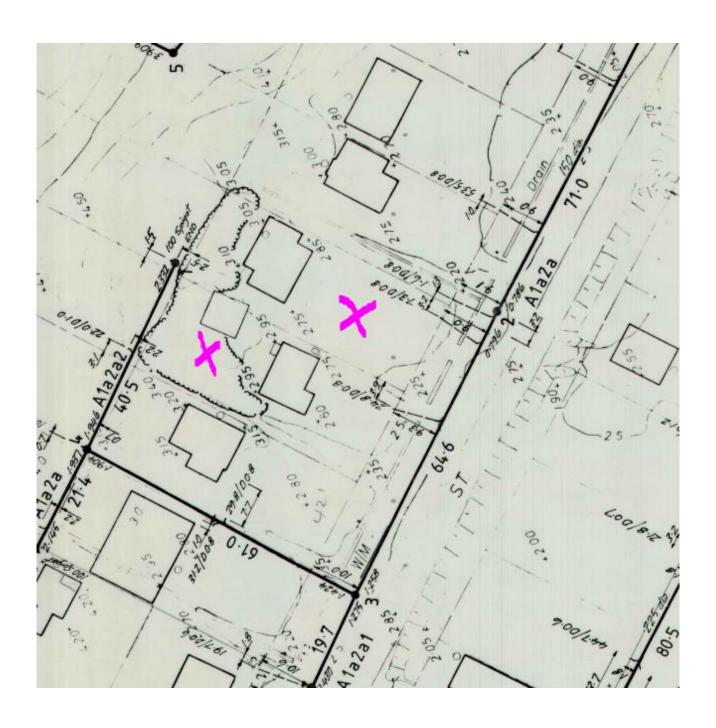


Please find as constructed plans for 32 Warner St, Port Douglas.

i) Sewerage & Water Network.

Please note, the water reticulation network runs parallel to the sewerage network between the drain & the road (shown as 'W/M' on plan.





Annexure 9: Planning Scheme Code Assessment

Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development within the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan area as identified on the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Context and setting

Editor's note - This section is extrinsic material under section 15 of the Statutory Instruments Act 1992 and is intended to assist in the interpretation of the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code.

The Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan encompasses the traditional Port Douglas town centre and surrounding tourist and residential areas, including Four Mile Beach and Craiglie.

Port Douglas was officially named in 1877. It was initially settled as the port of entry and supply for the Hodgkinson goldfield on the Hann Tableland which was proclaimed in 1876. It was the dominant port in Far North Queensland until a decision was made to establish Cairns as the terminus for a new railway in 1884. This ended the town's dominance, and it gradually became a small centre for local residents and fishing activities. During the 1970s and 1980s, a renewed interest in Far North Queensland as a holiday destination led to a boom in large scale tourism and residential development with Port Douglas reemerging as a premium destination.

The Captain Cook Highway runs north-south to the west of Port Douglas through Craiglie (Four Mile). Craiglie caters for the permanent resident population associated with Port Douglas, as well as providing for service industries to support business in the town. The majority of urban development is confined to the eastern side of the highway. The main entrance to Port Douglas at the intersection of Port Douglas Road is accentuated by mature oil palms lining both sides of the street for almost the entire length of the corridor into the heart of Port Douglas.

Flagstaff Hill is a prominent headland on the northern side of the Port Douglas town centre providing a green tropical backdrop to the town. Island Point Road runs to the top of Flagstaff Hill and provides access to the iconic lookout overlooking the sweep of Four Mile Beach.

Macrossan Street is the main shopping area in Port Douglas running in a general east-west direction at the base of Flagstaff Hill connecting Four Mile Beach to Dickson Inlet. Tourist and commercial development is concentrated towards the western side of Macrossan Street, with marine orientated activity focussed around the inlet. The western side of the inlet provides unspoiled views across mangroves to the distinctive formations and features of the coastal range.

The street pattern in the town centre is based on the original grid pattern survey of 1878. While the town has lost many of its original buildings to cyclones and redevelopment, a number of important built features remain including the Central Hotel, the Court House Hotel, a number of relocated buildings such as St Mary's Church, the former Clink Theatre and the Court House Museum and scattered memorials such as the Carstens memorial in Macrossan Street

and the Port Douglas War memorial in Wharf Street. The Sugar Wharf on Dickson Inlet was the original terminus of the tramline to Mossman. The tramline now terminates adjacent to the Port Douglas marina and operates as the Balley Hooley passenger service on four kilometres of track between the Port Douglas Marina and St Crispins Station.

A particular characteristic of the local plan area is its high quality, lush landscaping complementing the tropical resort town atmosphere. This theme will be carried throughout the local plan area with gateways, nodes and corridor planting emphasising the role of the town as a tropical tourist destination.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code is to facilitate development outcomes consistent with community values, the local tropical built-form and protection of the natural environment within the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan area, while providing a platform for investment and prosperity.
 - (a) In addition, the purpose of the code is supported by the Port Douglas Waterfront Master Plan which provides a clear strategic direction for the incremental transformation of the Port Douglas Waterfront, including the following objectives:
 - (b) To set out a vision for revitalisation of the waterfront;
 - (c) To protect and enhance the environmental attributes; and
- (2) To provide a flexible framework, expressed through several key strategies that will assist the Council and community in managing change.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Port Douglas will continue to develop as the premium destination for international and domestic tourists in the Far North Queensland Region, while also acting for permanent residents attracted to the associated lifestyle.
 - (b) Major tourist, retail, dining and entertainment facilities will consolidate in the Town Centre and the Waterfront North sub-precincts, with improved pedestrian connections between the town centre and the waterfront.
 - (c) Craiglie will develop as an integrated residential community with some low scale tourism development opportunities in appropriate locations. Craiglie will also function as small scale commercial and light industry node, providing employment opportunities for the Shire's permanent resident population.
 - (d) All forms of development will complement the tropical image of the town through distinctive tropical vernacular, urban design and landscaping.
 - (e) Character will be enhanced through the identification of gateway sites, landmarks, main approach routes and pedestrian thoroughfares and view corridors;
 - (f) The Flagstaff Hill, Dickson Inlet, Four Mile Beach and other areas of scenic and environmental significance will be protected from development. Vegetation cover will dominate over built form.
 - (g) Vegetation, iconic to the character of Port Douglas, including the avenues of Oil Palms, is retained and where appropriate supplemented.

- (h) Development will be indistinguishable from view from Four Mile Beach. In addition, any development on Flagstaff Hill will be indistinguishable when viewed from vantage points in Port Douglas.
- Residential areas are designed as pleasant, functional and distinctive, in visually well-defined areas.
- (4) The purpose of the code will be further achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Precinct 1 Port Douglas precinct
 - (i) Sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct
 - (ii) Sub-precinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct
 - (iii) Sub-precinct 1c Waterfront South sub-precinct
 - (iv) Sub-precinct 1d Limited Development sub-precinct
 - (v) Sub-precinct 1e Community and recreation sub-precinct
 - (vi) Sub-precinct 1f Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct
 - (b) Precinct 2 Integrated Resort precinct
 - (c) Precinct 3 Craiglie Commercial and Light Industry precinct
 - (d) Precinct 4 Old Port Road / Mitre Street precinct
 - (e) Precinct 5 Very Low Density Residential/ Low Scale Recreation/Low Scale Educational/Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct

Precinct 1 – Port Douglas precinct

- (5) In addition to the overall outcomes, the outcomes sought for the precinct are to ensure that:
 - (a) development will contribute to the incremental transformation of the township, preserving and enhancing maritime activities and environmental areas, delivering tropical open spaces and a high quality public realm, and allowing for tourism opportunities and investment.
 - (b) development contributes to the enhancement of the Port Douglas precinct through the following development outcomes:
 - (i) access and connectivity throughout the township is enhanced through a series of improvements to circulation and mobility, including:.
 - (A) access to, and connectivity along, the waterfront and foreshore areas is maintained and, where appropriate, enhanced;
 - (B) reducing reliance on the waterfront as a car parking resource.
 - ii) the use of land in the Port Douglas precinct improves the cohesive layout of the township through:
 - (A) the establishment of distinct sub-precincts that reinforce the character and built form of the Port Douglas local plan area including:
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct;
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct;
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1c Waterfront South sub-precinct;
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1d Limited development sub-precinct;
 - Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1e Community and recreation precinct;

- Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1f Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct;
- (B) facilitating marina facilities and supporting marine industry uses as a key part of the local economy;
- (C) reducing conflict between industry, community and commercial activities in the waterfront, without diminishing the marine industry capacity in the Port Douglas precinct;
- (i) environment and sustainability is integrated into the township through:
 - (A) preservation and enhancement of the qualities and characteristics of environmental areas of the township;
 - (B) water sensitive urban design is considered as a means of water quality improvement and management of overland flow to ensure hard infrastructure solutions in Warner Street can be mitigated;
 - (C) design of buildings and access way improvements prioritises walking and cycling modes of transport.
- (ii) the tropical character of the Port Douglas precinct is enhanced by ensuring development:
 - (A) maintains and enhances the built form, local character, streetscapes and natural elements of the township;
 - (B) is compatible with the desired character and amenity of local places and neighbourhoods;
 - (C) does not exceed the height of buildings designations which contribute to the desired form of the township which contains three storey development heights in sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct and part of sub-precinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct;
 - (D) implements high quality landscaped environments around buildings and on streets;
 - (E) protects the recognisable character and locally significance sites throughout the precinct.
- (iii) public spaces and the streetscape are enhanced through:
 - (A) an increase in the quantity and quality of public land and places throughout the precinct;
 - (B) consolidating community recreation and sporting uses to create a precinct of community focussed activity between Mudlo Street and Wharf Street;
 - (C) improved connections between the town centre and the waterfront marina, including an investigation of a plaza on the waterfront;
 - (D) improved streetscapes with high quality landscaping, surface treatments and shaded pedestrian environments;
 - (E) the creation of a sense of place through aesthetic streetscapes and built-form character;
 - (F) managing vegetation to ensure succession of planting and the ongoing presence of significant trees.
- (iv) advertising signage is small scale, low-key and complements the tropical character of the town.

Sub-precinct 1a – Town Centre sub-precinct

- (6) In addition to other overall development outcomes, development in the Town Centre sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) tourist, retail, dining and entertainment activities are facilitated at an appropriate pedestrian scale;
 - (b) drive-through developments, bulky goods showrooms, outdoor sales, saleyards and other big-box retailing or entertainment facilities are not established;
 - (c) development contributes to a high quality public realm;
 - (d) parking (and associated infrastructure) does not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or pedestrian circulation patterns;

- (e) consolidation of community and cultural land use activities along Mowbray Street between Wharf Street and Mudlo Street;
- (f) active street frontages are established along Macrossan and Wharf Streets and other nearby streets as shown on the Port Douglas Centre Active Frontages and Pedestrian and Cycle Network Plan;
- (g) Live entertainment activities are concentrated within the Live Entertainment Precinct and are subject to the recommendations of a suitably qualified acoustic engineer.

Sub-precinct 1b - Waterfront North sub-precinct

- (7) In addition to other overall development outcomes, development in the Waterfront North sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) the precinct evolves as a revitalised open space and waterside development precinct;
 - (b) development within the precinct is designed to be sympathetic to the environmentally sensitive Dickson Inlet and mitigates any adverse impacts;
 - (c) the establishment of mixed-use development is facilitated to promote activity and vitality;
 - (d) public pedestrian access is maximised along the extent of the edge of the waterfront, consisting of a boardwalk or similar structure available for 24-hour use:
 - (e) development contributes to a high quality public realm;
 - (f) built form provides an attractive point of arrival from both land and sea;
 - (g) pedestrian connectivity is safe, efficient and provides for the needs of all users of the Port Douglas waterfront;
 - (h) parking (and associated infrastructure) does not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or pedestrian circulation patterns;
 - the importance of existing marine-based industries to the area is recognised, not diminished and protected from incompatible uses. Relocation of marine based industries to an alternative precinct does not occur until such time that agreement has been reached among all relevant stakeholders such that development does not diminish the viability of marine based industrial uses that directly serve the Port Douglas tourist and fishing operators and private boat owners:
 - (j) marine infrastructure is established to service the tourism, fishing and private boating community;
 - (k) Live entertainment activities are concentrated within the Live Entertainment Precinct and are subject to the recommendations of a suitably qualified acoustic engineer;
 - (I) the functionality of the Balley Hooley tourist rail is retained.

Sub-precinct 1c – Waterfront South sub-precinct

- (8) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Waterfront South sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) any use of land in the precinct does not affect the environmental, habitat, conservation or scenic values of Dickson Inlet and surrounding land;
 - (b) marine-based industries are established on appropriate land having regard to site suitability, accessibility, surrounding land uses, and location of utilities and services;
 - (c) marine-based industry achieves appropriate environmental standards;
 - (d) industrial buildings have a high standard of layout and building design;
 - (e) landscaping provides an attractive streetscape and screens utility, storage and car parking from the street and other public areas;

(f) the precinct is protected from encroachment of incompatible land use activities.

Sub-precinct 1d - Limited Development sub-precinct

- (9) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Limited Development sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) any use of land in the precinct does not affect the environmental, habitat, conservation or scenic values of Dickson Inlet and surrounding land;
 - (b) the open nature and character of the precinct is retained maintaining view lines across the inlet;
 - (c) community and recreation land use activities are established that promote public access to the foreshore.

Sub-precinct 1e - Community and recreation sub-precinct

- (10) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Community and recreation sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) development for community uses, including sport and recreation is facilitated.
 - (b) sport and recreation activities predominantly involve outdoor activities;
 - (c) areas of natural vegetation are protected from further development;
 - (d) shade trees are increased, in appropriate locations, surrounding the sports fields.

Sub-precinct 1f - Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct

- (11) In addition to all other overall development outcomes, development in the Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) development is not established where it results in detriment to the vegetated and scenic qualities of Flagstaff Hill;
 - (b) development minimises excavation and filling;
 - (c) buildings and other works are unobtrusive when viewed from vantage points in Port Douglas and are designed and constructed of colours and materials which complement the hill's vegetated state;
 - (d) views from public viewing points within the precinct are protected.

Precinct 2 – Integrated Resort precinct

(12) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Integrated Resort precinct facilitates development in accordance with the *Integrated Development Resort Act*, 1987.

Editor's note – The development of land within this precinct is subject to the Integrated Development Resort Act 1987 (IDRA). Where a conflict exists between this planning scheme and the IDRA, the IDRA prevails.

Precinct 3 – Craiglie Commercial and Light Industry precinct

- (13) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Craiglie Commercial and Light Industry precinct facilitates the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development supports the tourism and marine industries in Port Douglas, along with the small-scale commercial and light industry land uses that support the local economy that would otherwise be better suited to a location outside the Port Douglas Centre Precinct unless they pose a safety issue;
 - (b) development adjacent to the Captain Cook Highway presents an attractive appearance to the highway. The rain-trees, melaleucas and eucalypt trees along the Captain Cook Highway are retained where possible, taking into account the Department of Transport and main Road's requirements;
 - (c) retailing activities are generally restricted to those which are ancillary and necessarily associated with the primary service and light industry nature of the area;
 - (d) adjacent residential areas are protected from industry nuisances;
 - (e) lots fronting Downing Street, between Dickson Street and Beor Street, are provided with an appropriate standard of road access and infrastructure, prior to development occurring.

Precinct 4 – Old Port Road / Mitre Street precinct

- (14) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Old Port Road / Mitre Street precinct facilitates the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) the precinct is intended to be used for outdoor recreational land use activity, primarily as a golf course;
 - (b) areas of significant vegetation are protected from development and retained;
 - (c) other forms of development will only be considered if substantial areas of open space are retained adjacent to existing residential areas to maintain the existing residential amenity of open views across open space.

Precinct 5 – Very Low Density Residential/Low Scale Recreation/Low Scale Educational/Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct

- (15) In addition to the overall outcomes, development in the Very Low Residential Density/Low Scale Recreation/Low Scale Educational/Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct facilitates the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) residential accommodation does not exceed a maximum of 8.5 metres in building height;
 - (b) minimum lot sizes exceed 2 hectares;
 - (c) very low scale and intensity recreation/ very low scale and intensity educational/ and very low scale entertainment uses may be appropriate in areas of the precinct subject to erosion and other flooding constraints.

Note - Undeveloped lots in this precinct are located on very low-lying land. Council may consider a consolidation of existing land titles via lot reconfiguration to lot sizes less than 2 hectares, where the reconfigured lots are consolidated onto the highest terrain, to avoid a pattern of development consisting of dwelling houses located on isolated islands of raised building pads.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a -Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response		
For self assessable and assessable development				
Development in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan	Development in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan area generally			
PO1 Pedestrians, cyclists, motorists and public transport users can easily move into and through the precinct along planned connectivity routes, identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO1 A pedestrian and cycle movement network is integrated and delivered through development.	Proposal includes footpath at site frontage.		
PO2 Development retains and enhances key landscape elements including character trees and areas of significant vegetation contributing to the character and quality of the local plan area and significant views and vistas and other landmarks important to the context of Port Douglas / Craiglie (as identified on the Port Douglas/ Craiglie Townscape Plan map contained in Schedule 2).	AO2.1 Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character vegetation that contribute to the lush tropical character of the town, including: (a) the tree covered backdrop of Flagstaff Hill; (b) natural vegetation along watercourses, in particular the Mowbray River, Beor Creek and Dickson Inlet; (c) the tidal vegetation along the foreshore;	It is not practical to retain existing trees in this instance. The proposal will provide appropriate tropical landscaping in accordance with the desired Port Douglas character.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (d) beachfront vegetation along Four Mile Beach, including the fringe of Coconut Palms; (e) the oil palm avenues along the major roads; (f) the lush landscaping within major roundabouts at key nodes; (g) Macrossan Street and Warner Street; (h) Port Douglas waterfront. 	
	AO2.2 Development protects and does not intrude into important views and vistas as identified on the Port Douglas Townscape Plan map contained in Schedule 2, in particular: (a) Flagstaff Hill; (a) Four Mile Beach; (b) Across to the ranges over Dickson Inlet; (c) Mowbray Valley.	Proposal complies.
	AO2.3 Important landmarks, memorials and monuments are retained.	N/A
PO3 Development contributes to the protection, reinforcement and where necessary enhancement of gateways and key intersections identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO3 Development adjacent to the gateways and nodes as identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2 incorporates architectural features and landscaping treatments and design elements that enhance the sense of arrival and way finding within the town.	N/A
PO4 Landscaping of development sites complements the existing tropical character of Port Douglas and Craiglie.	AO4 Landscaping incorporates the requirements of Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping, in particular landscaping should	Proposal is capable of complying. A detailed landscape plan will be provided prior to Building Works.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	be capable of achieving a 60% screening of development within 5 years and predominantly consists of endemic vegetation.	
PO5 Development does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the State-controlled road network.	AO5 Direct access is not provided to a State- controlled road where legal and practical access from another road is available.	N/A
For assessable development		
Additional requirements in Precinct 1 – Port Douglas	s precinct	
PO6 The views and vistas identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2 are maintained.	AO6.1 Development does not impede continued views to scenic vistas and key streetscapes within the local plan area.	Proposal complies.
	AO6.2 Unless otherwise specified within this Local Plan, buildings are set back not less than 6 metres from the primary street frontage.	N/A – refer to sub-precinct below.
PO7 Vehicle access, parking and service areas: (a) do not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or dominate the streetscape; (b) are designed to minimise pedestrian vehicle conflict; (c) are clearly identified and maintain ease of access at all times.	AO7.1 For all buildings, parking is: (a) to the side of buildings and recessed behind the main building line; or (b) behind buildings; or (c) wrapped by the building façade, and not visible from the street.	Proposal complies.
at all times.	AO7.2 Ground level parking incorporates clearly defined pedestrian routes.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO7.3	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
	Any porte-cocheres, disabled and pedestrian accesses are accommodated within the boundary of new or refurbished development.		
	AO7.4 Where the development is an integrated mixed-use development incorporating short term accommodation or multiple dwellings and either food and drink outlet or hotel or shop or shopping centre or office, on-site parking spaces are provided as per the number prescribed in the Parking and access code with a relaxation of 30% of spaces required for the non-residential uses.	Proposal provides parking in excess of requirements.	
	AO7.5 On-site car parking available for public use is clearly signed at the site frontage.	Proposal is capable of complying.	
	AO7.6 Boom gates, pay machines or other regulatory devices to control access to a publicly available car parking area are not constructed or installed.	N/A	
PO8 Precinct 1 – Port Douglas precinct is not characterised by a proliferation of advertising signs.	AO8 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A	
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1a – Town Centre sub-precinct			
PO9 Building heights: (a) do not overwhelm or dominate the town centre; (b) respect the desired streetscape;	AO9 Buildings and structures are not more than 3 storeys and 13.5 metres in height, with a roof height of not less than 3 metres. Note – Height is inclusive of the roof height.	Proposal complies.	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (c) ensure a high quality appearance when viewed from both within the town centre sub-precinct and external to the town centre sub-precinct; (d) remain subservient to the natural environment and the backdrop of Flagstaff Hill. (e) do not exceed 3 storeys. 		
PO10 Building design, the streetscape, pedestrian paths and street front spaces promote integration with the surrounding area and the rest of Precinct 1 – Port Douglas Precinct.	AO10 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies. A detailed onstreet works plan will be provided prior to Building Works.
PO11 Buildings: (a) address street frontages; (b) ensure main entrances front the street or public spaces; (c) do not focus principally on internal spaces or parking areas.	AO11 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.
PO12 Setbacks at ground level provide for: (a) connection between pedestrian paths and public places; (b) areas for convenient movement of pedestrians; (c) changes in gradient of the street.	AO12 Setbacks at ground level: (a) are clear of columns and other obstructions; (b) have pavement matching the gradient of adjoining footpaths and connecting pedestrian areas on adjoining sites; (c) connect without any lip or step to adjoining footpaths.	Proposal complies.
AO13 Buildings do not result in a reduction of views and vistas from public places to: (a) Flagstaff Hill; (b) Dickson Inlet; (c) public open space; (d) places of significance.	AO13 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO14 Development enhances the distinctive tropical resort town and identity of Port Douglas and encourages pedestrian activity at street level including shade protection across the footpath for the length of the building.	AO14 Development is built up to the street frontage/s at the street level and incorporates a light frame awning, a minimum of 3 metres in width for the length of the street frontage/s; Or If a development includes an outdoor dining area at ground/footpath level, the dining area has a maximum setback of 3 metres and the required awning is still maintained along the length of the street frontage/s. Note – PO24 provides more detail on awning design.	Proposal complies.
PO15 Development is predominantly commercial in nature with any tourist accommodation having a secondary focus and not located on the street-level frontage where active frontages are encouraged as identified the Port Douglas local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO15.1 Centre activities establish: at street level on active street frontages; a maximum of one level above street level. AO15.2 Any residential development activities or short term accommodation is located above street level of the active frontage, but not on or up to the street frontage in any development, including mixed use development.	Proposal complies. Proposal complies.
PO16 Detailed building design: (a) enhances the visual amenity of the streetscape; (b) has a legible and attractive built form that is visually enhanced by architectural elements; (c) contributes to a distinctive tropical north Queensland, seaside tourist town character; (d) integrates major landscaping elements to maximise their aesthetic value to ensure that the	AO16 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
lush, vegetated character of the Town Centre sub- precinct is maintained.		
PO17 Buildings exhibit variations to their external appearance and the shape of the built form to provide visual interest through: (a) surface decoration; (b) wall recesses and projections; (c) a variation in wall finishes; windows, balconies, awnings and other visible structural elements. (d) differentiating between the lower, middle and upper parts of the building by varying the façade and/or the shape of the built form, where comprised of more than two storeys.	AO17 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.
PO18 Roofs are not characterised by a cluttered display of plant and equipment, in particular: (a) building caps and rooftops contribute to the architectural distinction of the building and create a coherent roofscape for the Town Centre subprecinct; (b) service structures, lift motor rooms and mechanical plant and equipment are designed as an architectural feature of the building or are screened from public view; (c) rooftops are not used for advertising.	AO18 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.
P019 Windows and sun/rain control devices are used in the building form, in particular, sun shading devices are provided to: (a) shade windows; (b) reduce glare; (c) assist in maintaining comfortable indoor temperatures; (d) minimising heat loads;	AO19 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
(e) enrich the North Queensland tropical character of the Town Centre sub-precinct;(f) provide architectural interest to building façades.		
PO20 Buildings are finished with high quality materials, selected for: (a) their ability to contribute the character of Town Centre sub-precinct; (b) easy maintenance, durability and an ability not to readily stain, discolour or deteriorate.	AO20 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.
PO21 Buildings do not incorporate any type of glass or other materials that are likely to reflect the sun's rays in a manner that may create a nuisance, discomfort or a hazard.	AO21 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.
PO22 Façades and elevations do not include large blank walls. Openings and setbacks are used to articulate vertical building surfaces.	AO22.1 Development has a maximum length of unbroken building facade of 20 metres and a maximum extent of overall development in the same style/design along the street frontage/s of 40 metres. AO22.2 Any break in the building façade varies the alignment by a 1 metre minimum deviation. AO22.3 A minimum of three of the following building design features and architectural elements detailed below are incorporated to break the extended facade of a development: (a) a change in roof profile; (b) a change in parapet coping; (c) a change in awning design;	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (d) a horizontal or vertical change in the wall plane; or (e) a change in the exterior finishes and exterior colours of the development. 	
PO23 Building facades that face public spaces at ground level: (a) complement the appearance of the development and surrounding streetscape; (b) enhance the visual amenity of the public place; (c) include a variety of human scale architectural elements and details; (d) provide an opportunity for the casual and convenient surveillance of public space from within the development.	Building facades at the ground floor of development that face public space are designed to ensure: (a) a minimum of 70% of the façade area is comprised of windows, wall openings or shop fronts that permit the casual surveillance of the public space from the development; (b) a visually prominent main entrance that faces the principal public place; (c) vertical architectural elements and features are incorporated at 3 metre or less intervals along the length of the façade.	Proposal complies.
PO24 Awnings for pedestrian shelter are consistent with the character setting of the Town Centre sub-precinct and: (a) extend and cover the footpath to provide protection from the sun and rain; (b) include lighting under the awning; (c) are continuous across the frontage of the site; (d) align to provide continuity with existing or future awnings on adjoining sites; (e) are a minimum of 3.0 metres in width and generally not more than 3.5 metres above pavement height; (f) do not extend past a vertical plane, 1.2 metres inside the kerb-line to enable street trees to be planted and grow;	AO24 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
(g) are cantilevered from the main building with any posts within the footpath being non load-bearing.		
PO25 Development integrates with the streetscape and landscaping improvements for Port Douglas.	AO25 Development fronting Davidson Street, Macrossan Street, Wharf Street, Mowbray Street and Warner Street is designed to integrate with the on-street landscaping and design improvements as outlined within the Port Douglas landscape master plan contained within Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.7 - Landscaping provides guidance on meeting the Performance Outcome.	Proposal complies. A detailed onstreet works plan will be provided prior to Building Works.
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1b – Water	front North sub-precinct	
PO26 The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for sub-precinct 1b – Waterfront North.	AO26 Uses identified as inconsistent uses in Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb — Inconsistent uses in sub-precinct 1b - Waterfront North sub-precinct are not established in sub- precinct 1b - Waterfront North	N/A
PO27 The bulk and scale of buildings is consistent with surrounding development and steps down to complement the open space areas in the adjoining limited development sub-precinct.	AO27 Buildings and structures are not more than: (a) 3 storeys and 13.5 metres in height, with a roof height of not less than 3 metres, in those parts of the precinct south of Inlet Street; (b) 2 storeys and 8.5 metres in height, with a roof height of not less than 3 metres, in those parts of the precinct north of Inlet Street. Note – Height is inclusive of roof height.	N/A
PO28	AO28	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Building design, streetscape, pedestrian paths and street front spaces promote integration with the surrounding area and the rest of Precinct 1 – Port Douglas Precinct.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	
PO29 Public pedestrian access along the water's edge is maximised.	AO29.1 Public pedestrian access is provided along the frontage of the water's edge consisting of a boardwalk of a minimum width of 4 metres that is available of 24-hour use.	N/A
	AO29.2 A public plaza is incorporated into the design generally reflecting the requirements of the Port Douglas Waterfront Master Plan, focussing in the vicinity of the 'Duck Pond'.	N/A
	AO29.3 Built envelopes are setback a minimum of 3.0 metres from the board walk, with a shelter/shade zone between the building envelopes and the boardwalk consisting of shade structure, canopies, verandahs and the like.	N/A
PO30 Buildings: (a) address street frontages; (b) ensure main entrances front the street or public spaces.	AO30 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO31 Setbacks at ground level provide for: (a) connection between pedestrian paths and public places; (b) areas for convenient movement of pedestrians; (c) changes in gradient.	AO31 Setbacks at ground level: (a) are clear of columns and other obstructions;	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(b) have pavement matching the gradient of adjoining footpaths and connecting pedestrian areas on adjoining sites;(c) connect without any lip or step to adjoining footpaths.	
PO32 Buildings do not result in a reduction of views and vistas from public places to: (a) Dickson Inlet; (b) public open space; (c) places of significance.	AO32 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO33 Development enhances the distinctive tropical resort town and identity of Port Douglas and encourages pedestrian activity at ground level including shade protection across the footpath and open space areas.	AO33 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO34 Development is predominantly commercial in nature with any tourist accommodation having a secondary focus and not located on the street-level frontage where active frontages are encouraged as identified the Port Douglas local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO34.1 Centre activities establish: (a) at street level on active street frontages; (b) a maximum of one level above street level. AO34.2 Residential development activities or short term accommodation is located above street /ground floor level of the active frontage, but not on or up to the street / public frontage in any development, including mixed use development.	N/A
PO35 Detailed building design: (a) enhances the visual amenity of the streetscape; (b) has a legible and attractive built form that is visually enhanced by architectural elements;	AO35 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (c) contributes to a distinctive tropical north Queensland, seaside tourist town character; (d) integrates major landscaping elements to maximise their aesthetic value to ensure that the lush, vegetated character of the Waterfront North sub-precinct is maintained. 		
PO36 Buildings exhibit variations to their external appearance and the shape of the built form to provide visual interest through: (a) surface decoration; (b) wall recesses and projections; (c) a variation in wall finishes; windows, balconies, awnings and other visible structural elements. (d) differentiating between the lower, middle and upper parts of the building by varying the façade and/or the shape of the built form, where comprised of more than two storeys.	AO36 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO37 Roofs are not characterised by a cluttered display of plant and equipment, in particular: (a) building caps and rooftops contribute to the architectural distinction of the building and create a coherent roofscape for the Waterfront North subprecinct; (b) service structures, lift motor rooms and mechanical plant and equipment are designed as an architectural feature of the building or are screened from public view; (c) rooftops are not used for advertising.	AO37 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO38 Windows and sun/rain control devices are used in the building form, in particular, sun shading devices are provided to: (a) shade windows;	AO38 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (b) reduce glare; (c) assist in maintaining comfortable indoor temperatures; (d) minimising heat loads; (e) enriching the North Queensland tropical character of the Waterfront North sub-precinct; (f) architectural interest to building façades. 		
PO39 Buildings are finished with high quality materials, selected for: (a) their ability to contribute the character of Waterfront North sub-precinct; (b) easy maintenance, durability and an ability not to readily stain, discolour or deteriorate.	AO39 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO40 Buildings do not incorporate any type of glass or other materials that are likely to reflect the sun's rays in a manner that may create a nuisance, discomfort or a hazard.	AO40 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO41 Façades and elevations do not include large blank walls and openings and setbacks are used to articulate vertical building surfaces.	AO41.1 Development has a maximum length of unbroken building facade of 20 metres and a maximum extent of overall development in the same style/design along the street frontage/s of 40 metres. AO41.2 Any break in the building façade varies the alignment by a 1 metre minimum deviation.	N/A
	AO41.3 A minimum of three of the following building design features and architectural elements	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	detailed below are incorporated to break the extended facade of a development: (a) a change in roof profile; (b) a change in parapet coping; (c) a change in awning design; (d) a horizontal or vertical change in the wall plane; or (e) a change in the exterior finishes and exterior colours of the development.	
PO42 Building facades that face public spaces at ground level: (a) complement the appearance of the development and surrounding streetscape; (b) enhance the visual amenity of the public place; (c) include a variety of human scale architectural elements and details; (d) provide an opportunity for the casual and convenient surveillance of public space from within the development.	Building facades at the ground floor of development that face public space are designed to ensure: (a) a minimum of 70% of the façade area is comprised of windows, wall openings or shop fronts that permit the casual surveillance of the public space from the development; (b) a visually prominent main entrance that faces the principal public place; (c) vertical architectural elements and features are incorporated at 3 metre or less intervals along the length of the façade.	N/A
PO43 Awnings for pedestrian shelter are consistent with the character setting of the Waterfront North sub-precinct and: (a) extend and cover the footpath to provide protection from the sun and rain; (b) include lighting under the awning; (c) are continuous across pedestrian circulation areas; (d) align to provide continuity with existing or future awnings on adjoining sites;	AO43 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (e) are a minimum of 3 metres in width and generally not more than 3.5 metres above pavement height; (f) do not extend past a vertical plane,1.2 metres inside the street kerb-line to enable street trees to be planted and grow; (g) are cantilevered from the main building with any posts within the footpath being non load-bearing. 		
PO44 The Balley Hooley rail line and turn-table is retained and incorporated into development and maintains its functionality.	AO44.1 Bally Hooley rail line and turn-table is retained and incorporated into development to maintain its functionality.	N/A
	AO44.2 Where development provides floor area for the Bally Hooley rail station, the gross floor area of the rail line and station does not generate a requirement for additional vehicle parking.	N/A
PO45 Development recognises the importance of and relationship between the marina, commercial and residential development in the Waterfront North subprecinct, and includes measures to mitigate the impact of: (a) noise; (b) odour; (c) hazardous materials; (d) waste and recyclable material storage.	AO45 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO46 Formalised public spaces and pedestrian paths/areas on freehold land are made accessible to the public.	AO46 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO47 Buildings, civic spaces, roads and pedestrian links are enhanced by: (a) appropriate landscape design and planting; (b) themed planting that defines entry points, and creates strong 'entry corridors' into the waterfront; (c) lighting and well-considered discrete signage that complements building and landscape design; (d) public artwork and other similar features that reflect the heritage and character of the Port Douglas Waterfront.	AO47 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO48 Buildings are designed and sited to provide vistas along shared pedestrian/open space and movement areas in suitable locations.	AO48 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO49 Development does not diminish the viability of marine-based industrial uses that directly serve the Port Douglas tourist and fishing operators and private boat owners, particularly with respect to the slipway operation.	AO49 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO50 Marine infrastructure to service the tourism, fishing and private boating community is provided.	AO50 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO51 Changes to the Port Douglas Waterfront quay-line do not cause adverse impacts to the environmentally sensitive Dickson Inlet.	AO51 Development that results in changes to the Port Douglas Waterfront quay-line is only established where an Ecological assessment report provides support to the changes. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.8 – Natural environment provides guidance on preparing an ecological assessment report.	N/A
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1c – Water	front South sub-precinct	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO52 The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for Precinct 1c – Waterfront South.	AO52 Uses identified as inconsistent uses Table Error! No text of specified style in documentc are not established in Precinct 1c – Waterfront South.	N/A
PO53 Development does not adversely impact on the natural environment, natural vegetation or watercourses.	AO53.1 An Ecological assessment report is prepared identifying the environmental qualities of the surrounding natural and built features which are to be managed. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.8 – Natural environment provides guidance on preparing an ecological assessment report. AO53.2 An Environmental Management Plan is prepared to manage potential impacts of the operation of the development on surrounding natural areas. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans contains information to demonstrate compliance and guidance on preparing an Environmental Management Plan.	N/A
PO54 Development of land at the end of Port Street adjacent to Dickson Inlet incorporates a slipway, or an alternative functioning facility, with capacity to service the Port Douglas marine and tourism industry.	AO54 A master plan for the development is provided and implemented to demonstrate the integration of the slipway, or an alternative functioning facility, with other supporting service industry activities that service the marine and tourism industry of Port Douglas.	N/A
PO55	AO55.1	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Buildings and structures are of a height, and are set back from side boundaries and other sensitive areas to ensure the scenic amenity and environmental qualities of the adjacent area are not adversely affected.	Development has a height of not more than 10 metres. AO55.2 Development is setback from all property boundaries not less than 3 metres.	
PO56 The site coverage of all buildings and structures ensures development: (a) is sited in an existing cleared area or in an area approved for clearing; (b) has sufficient area for the provision of services; (c) development does not have an adverse effect on the environmental, habitat, conservation or landscape values of the on-site and surrounding sensitive areas.	AO56 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO57 Premises include adequate provision for service vehicles, to cater for generated demand. Loading areas for service vehicles are designed to: (a) be accommodated on-site; (b) maximise safety and efficiency of loading; (c) protect the visual and acoustic amenity of sensitive land use activities; (d) minimise adverse impacts on natural characteristics of adjacent areas.	AO57.1 Sufficient manoeuvring area is provided onsite to allow a Medium Rigid Vehicle to enter and leave the site in a forward gear. AO57.2 Development is designed to ensure all service vehicles are contained within the site when being loaded/unloaded. AO57.3 Driveways, parking and manoeuvring areas are constructed and maintained to:	N/A N/A
PO58	(a) minimise erosion from storm water runoff;(a) retain all existing vegetation.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Development ensures adverse impacts from service vehicles on the road network, external to the site, are minimised.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	
PO59 Entry to the site is landscaped to enhance the amenity of the area and provide a pleasant working environment.	AO59 Areas used for loading and unloading, storage, utilities and car parking are screened from public view: (a) by a combination of landscaping and screen fencing; (b) dense planting along any road frontage is a minimum width of 3 metres.	N/A
PO60 Landscaping is informal in character and complementary to the existing natural environment, provides screening and enhances the visual appearance of the development.	AO60 For any development landscaping is in accordance with the Plant species schedule in Planning scheme policy SC6.7– Landscaping.	N/A
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1d – Limite	ed Development sub-precinct	
PO61 The height of buildings and structures contributes to the desired form and outcomes for the sub-precinct and are limited to a single storey.	AO61 Buildings and structures are not more than one storey and 4 metres in height. Note - Height is inclusive of the roof height.	N/A
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1e - Comn	nunity and recreation sub-precinct	
PO62 The precinct is developed for organised sporting activities and other community uses.	AO62 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1f – Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct		
PO63 Flagstaff Hill is protected from inappropriate development to protect the hill as an important natural landmark feature of Port Douglas and as a vegetated backdrop to the Town centre.	AO63 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO64 All development on Flagstaff Hill is designed to minimise the visibility of the development and to ensure development is subservient to the natural landscape and topography of the site, including through: (a) building design which minimises excavation and filling; (b) buildings being designed to step down the site and incorporate foundations and footings on piers or poles; (c) buildings being visually unobtrusive and incorporating exterior finishes and muted colours which are non-reflective and complement the colours of the surrounding vegetation and viewshed; (d) protection of the views from public viewing points in the Port Douglas precinct.	AO64 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
Additional requirements for Precinct 3 – Craiglie Co	mmercial and Light Industry precinct	
PO65 Development supports the tourism and marine industries in Port Douglas, along with the small-scale commercial and light industry land uses that support the local economy that would otherwise be better suited to a location outside the Port Douglas Town Centre Precinct.	AO65 Development consists of service and light industries and associated small scale commercial activities.	N/A
PO66 Development on lots adjacent to the Captain Cook Highway is sited, designed and landscaped to provide an attractive visual approach to Port Douglas with all buildings, structures and car parking areas setback a sufficient distance from the frontage to enable landscaping to soften or screen the appearance of the development.	AO66.1 Buildings and structures are setback 8 metres from the Captain Cook Highway frontage, or no closer to the Captain Cook Highway frontage than buildings and structures on adjoining sites (averaged), whichever is the greater. AO66.2	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	The setback area to the Captain Cook Highway frontage is landscaped with advanced dense planting including tree species (100 litre bag stock), which will, at maturity, exceed the height of the building(s) on the site.	
	AO66.3 Advertising signs are discreet in appearance with no large advertising signs, including tenancy signs, located on or near the Captain Cook Highway frontage, or within any landscaped setback area.	N/A
	AO66.4 Car parking areas, loading and other service areas are designed to be screened from the Captain Cook Highway and are located so as to not be visually prominent from the Captain Cook Highway.	N/A
Additional requirements for Precinct 6 – Very Low R Entertainment Uses precinct	esidential Density / Low Scale Recreation / Lo	w Scale Educational / Low Scale
PO67 No additional lots are created within the precinct.	AO67 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO68 Reconfigured lots have a minimum lot size of 2 hectares, unless the lot reconfiguration transfers lots to the higher parts of the land, to avoid the need to fill existing lots to accommodate dwelling houses.	AO68 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..b — Inconsistent uses in sub-precinct 1b - Waterfront North sub-precinct

•	Agricultural supplies store
•	Air services

- Animal husbandry
- Animal keeping
- Aquaculture
- Brothel
- Bulk landscape supplies
- Car wash
- Cemetery
- Crematorium
- Cropping
- Detention facility
- Dual occupancy
- Dwelling house

Extractive industry

- Funeral parlour
- High impact industry
- Intensive animal industry
- Intensive horticulture
- Major electricity infrastructure
- Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility
- Medium impact industry
- Motor sport facility,
- Outstation
- Permanent plantation

• Relocatable home park

- Roadside stall
- Rural industry
- Rural workers accommodation
- Service station
- Showroom
- Special industry
- Tourist park
- Transport depot
- Veterinary services
- Warehouse
- Wholesale nursery
- Winery

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..c — Inconsistent uses in sub-precinct 1c - Waterfront South sub-precinct

Inconsistent uses

- Adult store
- Agricultural supplies store
- Air services
- Animal husbandry
- Animal keeping
- Brothel
- Bulk landscape supplies
- Car wash
- Cemeterv
- Child care centre
- Community care centre
- Community residence
- Community use
- Crematorium
- Cropping
- Detention facility
- Dual occupancy

- Hardware and trade supplies
- Health care services
- Home based business
- Hospital
- Hotel
- Indoor sport and recreation
- Intensive animal industry
- Intensive horticulture
- Major electricity infrastructure
- Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility
- Market
- Motor sport facility
- Multiple dwelling
- Nature-based tourism
- Nightclub entertainment facility
- Outdoor sales

- Permanent plantation
- Place of worship
- Relocatable home park
- Residential care facility
- Resort complex
- Retirement facility
- Roadside stall
- Rooming accommodation
- Rural industry
- Rural workers accommodation
- Sales office
- Shopping centre
- Short-term accommodation
- Showroom
- Special industry
- Theatre
- Tourist attraction

Dwelling house	Outdoor sport and recreation	Tourist park
Dwelling unit	Outstation	Transport depot
Extractive industry		Veterinary services
Function facility		Warehouse
Funeral parlour		Wholesale nursery
Garden centre		Winery

Note - **Table** Error! No text of specified style in document..b or **Table** Error! No text of specified style in document..c do not imply that all other uses not listed in the table are automatically consistent uses within the zone. Assessable development must still demonstrate consistency through the assessment process.

6.2.1 Centre zone code

6.2.1.1 Application

(1) This code applies to assessing development in the Centre zone. (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

6.2.1.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Centre zone code is to provide for a mix of land uses and activities.
 - (a) These uses include, but are not limited to, business, retail, professional, administrative, community, entertainment, cultural and residential activities.
 - (b) Centres are found at a variety of scales based on their location and surrounding activities.
- (2) The local government purpose of the code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction set in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1: Settlement pattern, Element 3.4.3 Activity Centres.
 - (ii) Theme 4 : Strong communities and identity, Element 3.7.4 Sense of place, community and identity, Element 3.7.6 Arts and Culture
 - (iii) Theme 5 : Economy, Element 3.8.2 Economic growth and diversification, Element 3.8.3 Tourism.
 - (b) provide for a mix of uses and level of economic and social activity to serve community needs.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development creates a range of retail, commercial, community and residential uses.
 - (b) Development is consistent with any location specific provisions contained within a Local Plan.
 - (c) Development provides activation and surveillance at ground level where adjoining roads or other public spaces.
 - (d) Development is integrated and coordinated both within the site and in relation to surrounding land uses and activities.
 - (e) Development provides a built form that establishes a cohesive streetscape and continuous pedestrian connections and shelters.
 - (f) Development is sensitively designed and managed to mitigate impacts on surrounding sensitive land uses.
 - (g) Development has access to infrastructure and services.

6.2.1.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 6.2.1.3.a - Centre zone – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response			
For self-assessable and assessable development					
PO1 The height of all buildings is in keeping with the character of the surrounding residential neighbourhoods and must not adversely affect the amenity of the neighbourhood.	AO1 The maximum height of buildings and structures is: (a) in accordance with the provisions of any applicable local plan; (b) if no local plan applies, not more than 8.5 metres and two storeys in height. Note - Height is inclusive of the roof height.	Proposal complies with Local Plan code.			
PO2 The siting of buildings contributes to the use of the land, desired amenity and character of the area and protects the amenity of other land uses.	AO2.1 Buildings and structures are setback to road frontages: (a) in accordance with the provisions of any applicable local plan; (b) a minimum of 6 metres where no local plan applies or there are no particular provisions specified in the local plan for the site. AO2.2 Where adjoining land in the Industry zone, buildings are setback: (a) 0 metres from the side and rear boundaries; or (b) 2.5 metres or ¼ of the height of the building, whichever is the greater; and (c) not any distance between 0 metres and 2.5 metres.	Proposal complies with Local Plan code.			
	AO2.3 Where adjoining land in any other zone, buildings are setback 3 metres or ½ of the height	Proposal seeks compliance with PO2 on the basis that the proposed setback are appropriate in the Town Centre Precinct of the Local Plan			

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	of the building, whichever is the greater and are provided with an acoustic barrier in accordance with the recommendations of a qualified acoustic expert.	where the highest intensity of development is intended to occur. The proposal includes side setbacks of 1.1m and rear setback of 1m and as future Dwelling Houses, it is noted that these setbacks are compliant with QDC requirements for 10m-wide lots (requirement is 1m as epr Table A2). The amenity of other land uses will be protected via the use of appropriate screening, sill heights and vertical landscaping to prevent overlooking.
	AO2.4 Setback areas are provided with a 2 metre landscaped strip capable of deep planting, which is kept clear of service equipment and storage areas: (a) adjacent to the road frontage in all areas not required for pedestrian or vehicular access for the setback area nominated in AO2.1(b) above; (b) adjacent to the boundary with the other zone for the setback area nominated in AO2.3 above.	As above, compliance with PO2 is sought based on the location of the site in the Town Centre Precinct of the Local Plan where the highest intensity of development is intended to occur and via the use of appropriate measures to reduce overlooking of adjoining properties.
PO3 The site coverage of buildings ensures that there is sufficient space available to cater for services, landscaping and on-site parking.	AO3 Site coverage does not exceed 80%, unless otherwise specified in a Local plan.	Site cover = 49% approx
For assessable development		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
PO4 The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for the Centre zone and protects the zone from the intrusion of inconsistent uses.	AO4 Inconsistent uses as identified in Table 6.2.1.3.b are not established in the Centre zone.	N/A	
PO5 Development provides a range of convenient goods and services for the daily needs of discrete residential communities.	AO5 Development complies with the requirements specified in a local plan.	Proposal complies.	
PO6 Development does not lower the standard of amenity in terms of air, noise, odour, electrical interference and vibrations at any land use associated with the: (a) the Accommodation activity group, located outside the Centre zone; (b) the Sensitive land use activity group, located outside the Centre zone.	AO6 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.	
PO7 Reconfiguration of land results in (a) a practical layout for centre land use activities, generally consisting of regular rectangular-shaped lots. (b) lots no less than 600m2 in area.	AO7 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal seeks to facilitate lots which are smaller than prescribed however which meet PO7 in that they relate to a predetermined form of development and are therefore practical for the proposed use activities.	

Table 6.2.1.3.b - Inconsistent uses within the Centre zone

Inconsistent uses				
Air services	•	Major electrical	•	Relocatable home park

- Animal husbandry
- Animal keeping
- Aquaculture
- Brothel
- Cemetery
- Crematorium
- Cropping
- Detention facility
- Environment facility
- Extractive industry
- High impact industry
- Intensive animal industry
- Intensive horticulture

- infrastructure
- Major sport and entertainment facility
- Marine industry, except where located within subprecinct 1b Waterfront North in the Port Douglas / Graiglie Local Plan.
- ivieaium impact industry
- iviotor sport racility
- Outstation
- Permanent plantation

- Renewable energy facility, being a wind farm
- Resort complex
- Retirement facility
- Roadside stall
- Rural industry
- Rural workers accommodation
- Special industry
- Tourist park
- Transport depot
- Utility installation
- Winery

Note – This table does not imply that all other uses not listed in the table are automatically consistent uses within the zone. Assessable development must still demonstrate consistency through the assessment process.

Centre activities code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development for:
 - (a) for Centre activities; and
 - (b) all development in a Centre zone, if:
 - (i) if assessable development where the code is an applicable code identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment; or
 - (ii) impact assessable.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Centre activities code is to facilitate the timely establishment of centre activities within the Centre zone.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes;
 - (a) within the Centre zone, to ensure that centre activities:
 - (i) facilitates the timely establishment of specified uses that require only minor building work to an existing premises;
 - (ii) has a scale, intensity and operation of the use of premises that is consistent with existing floor space and infrastructure.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Centre activities code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self-assessable and assessable development		
Change of use within existing building or facilities		
PO1 Development that involves a change of use within an existing building ensures: (a) changes to floor space of the centre activity is minor; the appropriate design and amenity standards for the centre activity is maintained.	AO1 The centre activity: (a) is a use listed in Schedule 1, Table SC1.1.1.2 – Centre Activities; is not a use listed in Schedule 1, Table SC1.1.1.2 – Large format retail activities; is located within the Centre zone; is for a tenancy change only;	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	involves only minor building work to an existing building; complies with the car parking requirements specified in Error! Reference source not found. in the Access, parking and servicing code. Note - The whole development means the entire building or activity on a site (or sites) where shared parking areas are utilised.	
PO2 Building plant or equipment cannot be viewed from public places.	AO2.1 Plant or equipment is not located on roofs; or AO2.2 Where plant or equipment is placed on roofs, it is appropriately screened from the streetscape behind a parapet or similar design feature.	Proposal complies.
For assessable development		
PO3 Development is located: (a) within an existing Centre zone; a building containing an existing centre activity; on a site identified as being suitable for Centre activities in a Local plan.	AO3 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.
PO4 A centre activity is only established outside an appropriately identified area where: (a) community need is demonstrated for the centre; the centre activity does not compromise the establishment of consolidated activity centres with distinct roles and functions across the Far North Queensland Region; the centre activity does not compromise the established hierarchy of activity centres in the Far North Queensland	AO4 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Region; the centre activity does not compromise the character and amenity of surrounding areas.		
Note – An appropriately identified area is defined in PO3 of this code. Note – Refer to the Far North Queensland Regional Plan to determine the distinct roles and functions, and the established hierarchy of activity centres in Far North Queensland.		
PO5 The siting of buildings contributes to the desired amenity and character of the area and protect the amenity of other land uses.	AO5.1 Buildings setbacks to road frontages are: (a) in accordance with the provisions of any applicable Local plan; a minimum of 6 metres where no Local plan applies or there are no particular provisions specified in the Local pan for the site. AO5.2 Where adjoining land in the Industry Zone, buildings are setback: (a) 0 metres from the side and rear boundaries; or 2.5 metres or ¼ of the height of the building, which ever if the greater; and not any distance between 0 metres and 2.5 metres.	Refer to Local Plan code.
	AO5.3 Where adjoining land in any other zone, buildings are setback 3.0 metres or ¼ of the height of the building, whichever if the greater and are provided with an acoustic barrier in accordance with the recommendations of a qualified acoustic expert.	Proposal complies.
	AO5.4	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Setback areas are provided with a 2 metre landscaped strip capable of deep planting, which is kept clear of service equipment and storage areas: (a) adjacent to the road frontage in all areas not required for pedestrian or vehicular access for the setback area nominated in AO5.1(b) above; adjacent to the boundary with the other zone for the setback area nominated in AO5.3 above.	
PO6 The site coverage of buildings ensures that there is sufficient space available to cater for services, landscaping and on-site parking.	AO6 Site coverage does not exceed 50%, unless otherwise specified in a Local plan.	Refer to Local Plan code.
PO7 Building façades are articulated and finished in ways that respond to the attractive elements of surrounding buildings, and enhances existing streetscape character.	AO7 Building facades are articulated and finished with design elements such as: (a) variations in plane shape, such as curves, steps, recesses or projections; variations in treatment and patterning of windows, sun protection devices, or other elements of the façade; elements of finer scale, than the main structural framing.	Proposal complies.
PO8 Development results in an attractive streetscape that: (a) contributes to a high level of amenity for patrons and pedestrians; facilitates interactions between the public and private realm.	AO8.1 Ground floor levels of buildings incorporate activities that are likely to foster casual, social or business interaction for extended periods (such as Shops, Food and drink outlets and the like).	Proposal complies.
	AO8.2	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Where a building has frontage to a public street or other public or semi public space, an active frontage is provided which includes a minimum of 75% of the façade consisting of transparent or semi-transparent windows or glazed doors.	
	AO8.3 Frontages to public streets or other public or semi public spaces are articulated with vertical elements that emphasise a finergrain and human scale to the building frontage.	Proposal complies.
	AO8.4 Where buildings are constructed up to a road frontage, a cantilever awning is to be provided over the footpath of the site, to the full frontage of the site, with a setback of 1 metre from the face of the kerb, and; (a) with a maximum height of 3 metres to the underside of the awning; or at a height consistent with, or stepping up or down to, the awning structures on buildings on adjoining sites.	Proposal complies.
PO9 Development provides for the site to be landscaped in a manner that is consistent with the function, location and setting of the development.	AO9.1 A minimum of 10% of the site is set aside for landscape planting. AO9.2 Landscaping is provided in accordance with the following: (a) a mixture of shade trees and low planting is provided along street frontages where buildings are setback from the frontage; shade trees are provided in car parks;	Proposal complies. Pockets of landscaping are provided between the commercial building and the rear residences.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	a landscaped area is provided between the centre activity, associated car parking and any adjacent residential use or zone which: (i) has a minimum width of 3 metres and is not used for storage or mechanical plant; is planted with a variety of hardy screening shrubs and trees; incorporates a minimum 1.8 metre high solid screen fence. Note – Additional fencing requirements beyond the minimum standard may be required for acoustic and lighting attenuation purposes in accordance with AO5.3.	
Additional requirements for Adult Stores		·
PO10 An adult store is located to satisfy reasonable community expectations in relation to location and accessibility.	AO10 The distance between the boundary of the land occupied by a sensitive land use and the entrance of a proposed adult store is: (a) more than 200 metres according to the shortest route a person may lawfully take on foot; more than 100 metres measured in a straight line.	N/A
PO11 The presentation of adult stores satisfies reasonable community expectations.	AO11.1 The display window of the adult store is completely screened to prevent viewing into the interior of the development where goods are displayed. AO11.2 Signage associated with the adult store that is visible external to the development is not	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	sexually suggestive or potentially offensive in either graphical or written form.	
	AO11.3 External signage associated with an adult store has a cumulative total of 5m ² .	
	AO11.4 Signage (other than required by A11.3) is limited to the following types: (a) below awning sign; fascia sign; window sign.	

Multiple dwelling, short term accommodation and retirement facility code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development for a Multiple dwelling, short term accommodation, residential care facility or retirement facility if:
 - (a) assessable development where the code is an applicable code identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment for a material change of use; or
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Multiple dwelling, short term accommodation and retirement facility code is to assess the suitability of development to which this code applies.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development is compatible with and complementary to surrounding development, with regard to scale, bulk, and streetscape patterns;
 - (b) master planning is undertaken for larger developments to ensure connectivity and integration with adjoining uses and the wider neighbourhood;
 - (c) development does not adversely impact on the natural features on the site;
 - (d) the design of development creates a pleasant living environment and is appropriate for the tropical climate of the region;
 - e) the impacts of development on adjoining premises are managed.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a – Multiple dwelling, short term accommodation and retirement facility code – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response		
For assessable development	For assessable development			
PO1 The site has sufficient area and frontage to: (a) accommodate the scale and form of buildings considering site features; (b) achieve communal open space areas and private outdoor spaces;	AO1.1 The site has a minimum area of 1000m². AO1.2 The site has a minimum frontage of 25 metres.	Proposal complies. Proposal complies.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (c) deliver viable areas of deep planting and landscaping to retain vegetation and protect or establish tropical planting; (d) achieve safe and convenient vehicle and pedestrian access; (e) accommodate on-site car parking and manoeuvring for residents, visitors and service providers. 		
PO2 Development for large-scale multiple dwellings, short term accommodation and retirement villages contributes to the neighbourhood structure and integrates with the existing neighbourhood through: (a) the establishment and extension of public streets and pathways; (b) the provision of parks and other public spaces as appropriate to the scale of the development; (c) inclusion of a mix of dwelling types and tenures and forms; (d) buildings that address the street; (e) building height and setback transitions to adjoining development of a lower density or scale.	Development on a site 5,000m² or greater is in accordance with a structure plan. Note – Guidance on preparing a structure plan is provided within Planning scheme policy SC6.14 – Structure planning.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes		Applicant response
PO3 Development ensures that the proportion of buildings to open space is: (a) in keeping with the intended form and character of the local area and immediate streetscape; (b) contributes to the modulation of built form; (c) supports residential amenity including access to breezes, natural light and sunlight; (d) supports outdoor tropical living; (e) provides areas for deep tropical planting and / or for the retention of mature vegetation.	AO3.1 The site cover is not more AO3.2 The development has a gromore than: Zone Low-medium density residential Medium density residential Tourist accommodation All other zones		Proposal includes site cover of approximately 49% which is significantly less than the 80% maximum prescribed for the Centre Zone. Total GFA = 1,507m2 = 0.74 x site area
PO4 Development is sited so that the setback from boundaries: (a) provides for natural light, sunlight and breezes; (b) minimises the impact of the development on the amenity and privacy of neighbouring residents; (c) provides for adequate landscaping.	AO4.1 Buildings and structures are set back not less than 6 metres from a road frontage. AO4.2 Buildings and structures are setback not less than 4 metres to the rear boundary. AO4.3		Refer to Centre Zone code. Refer to Centre Zone code. Refer to Centre Zone code.
PO5 Building depth and form must be articulated to	The side boundary setback for buildings and structures is: (a) for buildings up to 2 storeys not less than 2.5 metres for the entire building; (b) for buildings up to 3 storeys not less than 3.5 metres for the entire building.		Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (a) ensure that the bulk of the development is in keeping with the form and character intent of the area; (b) provide adequate amenity for residents in terms of natural light and ventilation. Note – Planning scheme policy SC6.1 – Building design and architectural elements provides guidance on reducing building bulk.	 (a) The maximum length of a wall in any direction is 30 metres with substantial articulation provided every 15 metres. (b) The minimum distance between buildings on a site is not less than 6 metres; AO5.2 The length of any continuous eave line does not exceed 18 metres. 	
PO6 Development reduces the appearance of building bulk, ensures a human-scale, demonstrates variations in horizontal and vertical profile and supports streetscape character.	AO6.1 Development incorporates a number of the following design elements: (a) balconies; (b) verandahs; (c) terraces; (d) recesses.	Proposal complies.
	 AO6.2 Development reduces building bulk by: (a) variation in building colours, materials and textures; (b) the use of curves, recesses, projections or variations in plan and elevation; (c) recession and projection of rooflines and the inclusion of interesting roof forms, such as cascading roof levels, gables, skillions or variations in pitch; (d) use of sun-shading devices and other façade features; (e) use of elements at a finer scale than the main structural framing of the building. 	Proposal complies.
PO7 Development provides a building that must define the street to facilitate casual surveillance and enhance the amenity of the street through:	AO7.1 Development provides a building that is not set back further than 2m beyond the minimum required street front setback.	Refer to Centre Zone code.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (a) orientation to the street; (b) front boundary setback; (c) balconies and windows to provide overlooking and casual surveillance; (d) building entrances. 	AO7.2 Development provides balconies and windows from the primary living area that face and overlook the street or public space.	Proposal complies.
PO8 Buildings exhibit tropical design elements to support Douglas Shire's tropical climate, character and lifestyle.	AO8.1 Development has floor to ceiling heights of 2.7 metres;	Proposal complies.
	AO8.2 Buildings include weather protection and sun shading to all windows to all external doors and windows of habitable rooms.	Proposal complies.
	AO8.3 Development incorporates deep recesses, eaves and sun-shading devices	Proposal complies.
	AO8.4 Western orientated facades are shaded using building and landscape elements, such as adjustable screens, awnings or pergolas or dense tropical planting.	Proposal complies.
	AO8.5 Individual dwelling units are not located on both sides of an enclosed central corridor (i.e. not double banked).	Proposal complies.
PO9 Development minimises direct overlooking between buildings through appropriate building	AO9.1 Development where the dwelling is located within 2 metres at ground level or 9 metres above	Proposal complies. Screening, raised sill heights and landscaping on the upper level will provide necessary privacy.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
layout, location and the design of windows and balconies or screening devices. Note—Siting and building separation is used to minimise privacy screening requirements.	ground level of a habitable room window or private open space of an existing dwelling house, ensures habitable rooms and any private outdoor spaces have: (a) an offset from the habitable room or private open space of the existing dwelling to limit direct outlook; or (b) sill heights a minimum of 1.5m above floor level; or (c) fixed obscure glazing in any part of the window below 1.5m above floor level; or (d) fixed external screens; or (e) in the case of screening for a ground floor level unit, fencing to a minimum 1.8m above the ground storey floor level.	
	AO9.2 Development where a direct view is available from balconies, terraces, decks or roof decks into windows of habitable rooms, balconies, terraces or decks in an adjacent existing dwelling house, is screened from floor level to a height above 1.5m above floor level.	Proposal complies.
	AO9.3 Development provides screening devices that are solid translucent screens, perforated or slatted panels or fixed louvres that have a maximum of 25% openings, with a maximum opening dimension of 50mm, and that are permanent and durable. Note—The screening device is offset a minimum of 0.3m from	Proposal complies.
	the wall around any window. Note—Screening devices are hinged or otherwise attached to facilitate emergency egress	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO10 Development provides accessible and functional landscaping and recreation area for the benefit of residents/guests.	AO10 A minimum of 35% of the site is allocated as landscaping and recreation area.	Total ground floor area of dwellings = 206m2 approx (65% of lot areas) leaving approx 35% for landscaping.
PO11 Landscaping must contribute positively to the amenity of the area, streetscape and public spaces.	AO11 Development provides landscaping as follows: (a) A dense landscape planting strip of at least 2 metres width suitable for deep planting is provided and maintained along all street frontages; (b) A dense landscape planting strip of at least 1.5 metres width suitable for deep planting is provided along all side and rear boundaries.	1 – 1.1m-wide ground level landscape strip to side and rear boundaries will be complimented by additional landscaping on Level 1 which will achieve desired amenity.
PO12 The landscaping and recreation area provides for functional communal open space for all developments exceeding five dwellings on one site.	AO12.1 Communal open space is provided at: (a) a minimum of 5% of site area of 50m² whichever is the greater; and (b) a minimum dimension of 5 metres. AO12.2 Development provides communal open space that: (a) is consolidated into one useable space; (b) where communal open space exceeds 100m², the communal open space may be split into two, and so forth incrementally. AO12.3 Communal open space: (a) is a minimum of 50% open to the sky; (b) achieves 25% shading by trees in 5 years; (c) does not include vehicle driveways and manoeuvring;	Proposal results in freehold lots with significant private space, including private pools, therefore there is no need for communal space.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (d) does not contain surface structures such as rainwater tanks, fire hydrants, transformers or water boosters. 	
	AO12.4 Communal open space is designed to provide for a range of facilities, typically including some, or all, of the following elements: (a) seating; (b) barbecue; (c) play equipment; (d) swimming pool; (e) communal clothes drying; (f) vegetable garden. AO12.5 Development involving 5 or fewer dwellings on one lot can allocate additional private open space to a ground storey dwelling instead of providing	
	communal open space.	
PO13 Development must provide attractive and functional private open space for residents and guests.	 AO13.1 Development provides private open space which: (a) for ground storey dwellings, comprises of a minimum area of 35m² with a minimum dimension of 3 metres; (b) for dwellings above ground storey, comprises of a balcony with minimum area of 12m² and a minimum dimension of 3 metres. 	Proposal complies.
	AO13.2 Development provides private open space areas that are: (a) directly accessible from internal primary living area of the dwelling (not bedrooms); (b) provided with a screened area of 2m² minimum dimension capable of screening air	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	conditioning plant, private clothes drying etc (c) provided with adjustable, moveable or operable privacy screening where appropriate.	
	AO13.3 Development provides balconies that are located to the front or rear of the building except where adequate building separation can be achieved to maintain privacy.	Proposal complies.
	AO13.4 Where secondary balconies are provided to a side of a building for additional amenity or services, such as clothes drying or to articulate facades, the setback may be reduced to the minimum setback, but these areas are not included in the calculation of private open space requirements.	N/A
	 AO13.5 Private open space: (a) does not include vehicle driveways and manoeuvring; (b) does not contain surface structures such as rainwater tanks, fire hydrants, transformers or water boosters. 	Proposal complies.
PO14 Development provides front fencing and retaining walls that must: (a) facilitate casual surveillance of the street and public space; (b) enable use of private open space; (c) assist in highlighting entrances to the property;	AO14.1 Development ensures that, where fencing is provided, the height of any new fence located on any common boundary to a street or public space is a maximum of: (a) 1.2m, where fence construction is solid or less than 50% transparent;	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
(d) provide a positive interface to the streetscape.	(b) 1.5m, where fence construction is at least 50% transparent;(c) 1.8m and solid only where the site is on an arterial road or higher order road.	N/A
	Development incorporating solid front fences or walls that front the street or other public spaces and are longer than 10m, indentations, material variation or landscaping is provided to add visual interest and soften the visual impact	
	AO14.3 Development for a retaining wall is: (a) stepped to minimise impact on the streetscape and pedestrian environment; (b) a maximum of 0.6m in height if directly abutting the edge of the adjoining road reserve verge	Retaining wall of approx 1.2m in height is required to the road front boundary to achieve required floor levels for commercial development. Proposal is considered to achieve an appropriate streetscape.
PO15 Development minimises light nuisances.	AO15 Outdoor lighting is in accordance with AS 4282- 1997 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.	Proposal is capable of complying.
PO16 Waste and recyclable material storage areas are: (a) convenient and accessible to residents and waste and recyclable material collection services; (b) located and designed to mitigate adverse impacts: (i) within the site; (ii) on adjoining properties; (iii) to the street.	AO16 Waste and recyclable material storage areas: (a) are located on site; (b) are sited and designed to be unobtrusive and screened from view from the street frontage; (c) are imperviously sealed roofed and bunded, and contain a hose down area draining to Council's sewer network; (d) are of a sufficient size to accommodate bulk (skip) bins;	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(e) have appropriate access and sufficient on site manoeuvrability area for waste and recyclable material collection services. Note - The Environmental performance code contains requirements for waste and recyclable material storage.	
PO17 Development provides a secure storage area for each dwelling.	AO17 A secure storage area for each dwelling: (a) is located to enable access by a motor vehicle or be near to vehicle parking; (b) has a minimum space of 3.5m² per dwelling; (c) has a minimum height of 2 metres; (d) is weather proof; (e) is lockable; (f) has immunity to the 1% AEP inundation event. Note – A cupboard within a unit will not satisfy this requirement.	Proposal complies.
Additional requirements for a Retirement facility	1	
PO18 Retirement facilities are located in areas which offer convenience to residents, and are designed to be compatible with the locality and surrounding area in which they are located.	AO18 Retirement facilities are conveniently located in established areas close to public transport, shopping facilities and health care services.	N/A
PO19 Retirement facilities are designed to provide for the amenity and security of residents.	AO19.1 The Retirement facility incorporates covered walkways wide enough to accommodate wheel chairs and ramps, and where necessary, provide on-site weather protection between all parts of the complex.	N/A
	AO19.2 Internal pathways have firm, well drained and non-slip surfaces.	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO19.2 Security screens are provided to all dwelling units or residential rooms to ensure the safety and security of residents. AO19.3 An illuminated sign and site map of the layout of the development is located near the main entrance to the facility.	
PO20 The internal layout of a Retirement facility and the location of the retirement facility allows for safe evacuation of residents in an emergency and provides emergency services to efficiently access the site.	AO20.1 The design of the Retirement facility ensures that external circulation and access and egress points on the site facilitate the evacuation of the site in an efficient manner. AO20.2 The site of a Retirement facility is not prone to inundation. AO20.3 The location of the Retirement facility is readily accessible to emergency vehicles.	N/A
PO21 The development is designed for the needs of the age group, and to allow 'aging in place' to occur.	AO21.1 Development applies adaptable housing principles. AO21.2 A range of housing designs and sizes are provided in the development to cater for different individual and household needs.	N/A

Reconfiguring a lot code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (a) assessable development where the code is an applicable code identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment;
 - (b) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Reconfiguring a lot code is to regulate development for reconfiguring a lot.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development results in a well-designed pattern of streets supporting walkable communities;
 - (b) lots have sufficient areas, dimensions and shapes to be suitable for their intend use taking into account environmental features and site constraints;
 - (c) road networks provide connectivity that is integrated with adjoining existing or planned development while also catering for the safe and efficient access for pedestrians, cyclists and for public transport;
 - (d) lots are arranged to front all streets and parkland such that development enhances personal safety, traffic safety, property safety and security; and contributes to streetscape and open space quality;
 - (e) development does not diminish environmental and scenic values, and where relevant, maintains and enhances public access and use of natural areas, rivers, dams, creeks and the foreshore, in a way that protects natural resources;
 - (f) people and property are not placed at risk from natural hazards;
 - (g) a range of functional parkland, including local and district parks, major areas of parkland with a region-wide focus and open space links are available for the use and enjoyment of residents and visitors to the region;
 - (h) the appropriate standard of infrastructure is provided.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Reconfiguring a lot code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
General lot design standards		
PO1	AO1 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposed lots do not meet the minimum prescribed lot size of 600m2 which applies in

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Lots comply with the lot reconfiguration outcomes of the applicable Zone code in Part 5.		the Centre Zone, however they relate to a predetermined form of development and are therefore practical for the proposed use activities. Ultimately the Reconfiguring a Lot component of the application is a tenure issue only and the built form of the proposal which it is based around is considered appropriate for the site.
PO2 New lots are generally rectangular in shape with functional areas for land uses intended by the zone.	AO2 Boundary angles are not less than 45 degrees.	Proposal complies.
PO3 Lots have legal and practical access to a public road.	AO3 Each lot is provided with: (a) direct access to a gazetted road reserve; or (b) access to a gazetted road via a formal access arrangement registered on the title.	Proposal complies.
PO4 Development responds appropriately to its local context, natural systems and site features.	AO4 Existing site features such as: (a) significant vegetation and trees; (b) waterways and drainage paths; (c) vistas and vantage points are retained and/or are incorporated into open space, road reserves, near to lot boundaries or as common property.	It is not practical to retain existing trees in this instance. The proposal will provide landscaping in accordance with the desired Port Douglas character.
PO5 New lots which have the capability of being further reconfigured into smaller lots at a later date are designed to not compromise ultimate development outcomes permitted in the relevant zone.	AO5 The ability to further reconfigure land at a later date is demonstrated by submitting a concept plan that meets the planning scheme requirements for the applicable Zone.	N/A
PO6 Where existing buildings or structures are to be retained, development results in: (a) boundaries that offer regular lot shapes and usable spaces;	AO6 Development ensures setbacks between existing buildings or structures and proposed boundaries satisfy relevant building standards	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (b) existing improvements complying with current building and amenity standards in relation to boundary setbacks. Note - This may require buildings or structures to be modified, relocated or demolished to meet setback standards, resolve encroachments and the like. 	or zone code requirements, whichever is the greater.	
 Where rear lots are proposed, development: (a) provides a high standard of amenity for residents and other users of the site and adjoining properties; (b) positively contributes to the character of adjoining properties and the area; (c) does not adversely affect the safety and efficiency of the road from which access is gained. 	 AO7.1 Where rear lots are to be established: (a) the rear lot is generally rectangular in shape, avoiding contrived sharp boundary angles; (b) no more than 6 lots directly adjoin the rear lot; (c) no more than one rear lot occurs behind the road frontage lot; (d) no more than two access strips to rear lots directly adjoin each other; (e) access strips are located only on one side of the road frontage lot. 	Proposal complies.
	AO7.2 Access strips to the rear lot have a minimum width dimension of: (a) 4.0 metres in Residential Zones. (b) 8.0 metres in Industrial Zones category. (c) 5.0 metres in all other Zones. Note - Rear lots a generally not appropriate in non-Residential or non-Rural zones.	Proposal complies.
	AO7.3 Access strips are provided with a sealed pavement of sufficient width to cater for the intended traffic, but no less than: (a) 3.0 metres in Residential Zone. (b) 6.0 metres in an Industrial Zone.	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(c) 3.5 metres in any other Zone.	
Structure plans		
Additional requirements for: (a) a site which is more than 5,000m² in any of the Re	sidential zones; or	
within these zones, and (b) creates 10 or more lots; or (c) involves the creation of new roads and/or public use land.		
or		
(d) For a material change of use involving: (i) preliminary approval to vary the effect of the planning (ii) establishing alternative Zones to the planning		
Note - This part is to be read in conjunction with the other parts of the	e code	
PO8 A structure plan is prepared to ensure that neighbourhood design, block and lot layout, street network and the location and provision on any open space recognises previous planning for the area and its surroundings, and integrates appropriately into its surroundings.	AO8.1 Neighbourhood design, lot and street layout, and open space provides for, and integrates with, any: (a) approved structure plan; (b) the surrounding pattern of existing or approved subdivision. Note - Planning scheme policy SC14— Structure planning provides guidance on meeting the performance outcomes. AO8.2 Neighbourhood design, lot and street layouts enable future connection and integration with adjoining undeveloped land.	N/A
PO9 Neighbourhood design results in a connected network of walkable streets providing an easy choice of routes within and surrounding the neighbourhood.	AO9.1 Development does not establish cul-de-sac streets unless: (a) cul-de-sacs are a feature of the existing pattern of development in the area;	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(b) there is a physical feature or incompatible zone change that dictates the need to use a cul-de-sac streets.	
	AO9.2 Where a cul-de-sac street is used, it: (a) is designed to be no longer than 150 metres in length; (b) is designed so that the end of the cul-de-sac is visible from its entrance; (c) provides connections from the top of the cul-de-sac to other streets for pedestrians and cyclists, where appropriate. AO9.3 No more than 6 lots have access to the turning circle or turning-tee at the end of a cul-de-sac street.	
PO10 Neighbourhood design supports diverse housing choices through block sizes and lot design. In developing areas, significant changes in lot size and frontage occur at the rear of lots rather than on opposite sides of a street.	PO10 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
PO11 Provision of physical and social infrastructure in developing residential neighbourhoods is facilitated through the orderly and sequential development of land. Note - Part 4 – Local government infrastructure plan may identify specific levels of infrastructure to be provided within development sites.	AO11.1 New development adjoins adjacent existing or approved urban development. AO11.2 New development is not established beyond the identified Local government infrastructure plan area.	N/A
Urban parkland and environmental open space		
PO12	AO12	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Where appropriate development maintains and enhances public access and use of natural areas, rivers, dams, creeks and the foreshore.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	
PO13 Development provides land to: (a) meet the recreation needs of the community; (b) provide an amenity commensurate with the structure of neighbourhoods and land uses in the vicinity; and adjacent to open space areas; (c) provide for green corridors and linkages.	AO13 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed. Note - Part 4 – Priority infrastructure plan and Planning scheme policy SC14 – Structure Plans provides guidance in providing open space and recreation land.	N/A
AO14 Lot size, dimensions, frontage and orientation permits buildings to be established that will facilitate casual surveillance to urban parkland and environmental open space.	AO14.1 Urban parkland is regular in shape. AO14.2 At least 75% of the urban parkland's frontage is provided as road. AO14.3 Urban parkland and environmental open space areas are positioned to be capable of being overlooked by surrounding development. AO14.4 Surrounding lots are orientated so that facades will front and overlook the urban parkland and environmental open space. AO14.5 The number of lots that back onto, or are sideorientated to the urban parkland and environmental open space is minimised.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Inconsistent design solution - low total number of lots complying with the acceptable outcomes.	
	Lots orientated to front and overlook park to provide casual surveillance. Consistent design solution - high total number of lots complying with the acceptable outcomes.	
Private subdivisions (gated communities)		
PO15 Private subdivisions (gated communities) do not compromise the establishment of connected and integrated infrastructure and open space networks.	PO15 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
Additional requirements for reconfiguration involved	ring the creation of public streets or roads	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO16 The function of new roads is clearly identified and legible and provides integration, safety and convenience for all users.	AO16 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed. Note - The design and construction standards are set out in Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, with reference to the specifications set out in Sections D1 and D3.	N/A
PO17 Street design supports an urban form that creates walkable neighbourhoods. Street design: (a) is appropriate to the function(s) of the street; (b) meets the needs of users and gives priority to the needs of vulnerable users.	AO17 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
Public transport network		
PO18 Development provides a street pattern that caters for the extension of public transport routes and infrastructure including safe pedestrian pick-up and set-down up facilities.	AO18 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	N/A
Pest plants		
PO19 Development activities and sites provide for the removal of all pest plants and implement ongoing measures to ensure that pest plants do not reinfest the site or nearby sites. Editor's note - This does not remove or replace all land owner's obligations or responsibilities under the Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002.	Pest plants detected on a development site are removed in accordance with a management plan prepared by an appropriately qualified person prior to earthworks commencing. Note - A declaration from an appropriately qualified person validates the land being free from pest plants. Declared pest plants include locally declared and State declared pest plants.	Proposal is capable of complying.

Acid sulfate soils overlay code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Acid sulfate soils overlay, if:
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Acid sulphate soils overlay is identified on the Acid sulfate soils overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) Land at or below the 5m AHD sub-category;
 - (b) Land above the 5m AHD and below the 20m AHD sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the acid sulfate soils overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 2: Environment and landscape values, Element 3.5.4 Coastal zones.
 - (ii) Theme 3: Natural resource management, Element 3.6.2 land and catchment management, Element 3.6.3 Primary production, forestry and fisheries.
- (2) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Acid sulfate soils overlay sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development ensures that the release of any acid and associated metal contaminant is avoided by not disturbing acid sulfate soils when excavating, removing soil or extracting ground water or filling land;
 - (b) Development ensures that disturbed acid sulfate soils, or drainage waters, are treated and, if required, on-going management practices are adopted that minimise the potential for environmental harm from acid sulfate soil and protect corrodible assets from acid sulfate soil.

Criteria for assessment

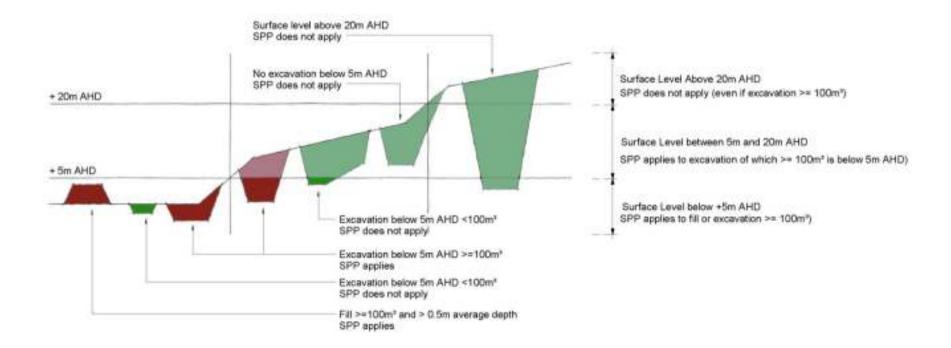
Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a – Acid sulfate soils overlay code – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For assessable development		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO1 The extent and location of potential or actual acid sulfate soils is accurately identified.	AO1.1 No excavation or filling occurs on the site. or AO1.2 An acid sulfate soils investigation is undertaken. Note - Planning scheme policy SC 6.12– Potential and actual acid sulfate soils provides guidance on preparing an acid sulfate soils investigation.	Proposal will include an acid sulfate soils investigation if relevant disturbance thresholds are likely to be exceeded.
PO2 Development avoids disturbing potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils, or is managed to avoid or minimise the release of acid and metal contaminants.	AO2.1 The disturbance of potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils is avoided by: (a) not excavating, or otherwise removing, soil or sediment identified as containing potential or actual acid sulfate soils; (b) not permanently or temporarily extracting groundwater that results in the aeration of previously saturated acid sulfate soils; (c) not undertaking filling that results in: (d) actual acid sulfate soils being moved below the water table; (e) previously saturated acid sulfate soils being aerated.	
	AO2.2 The disturbance of potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils is undertaken in accordance with an acid sulfate soils management plan and avoids the release of metal contaminants by:	Proposal will include an acid sulfate soils management plan if required by any necessary investigations.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (a) neutralising existing acidity and preventing the generation of acid and metal contaminants; (b) preventing the release of surface or groundwater flows containing acid and metal contaminants into the environment; (c) preventing the in situ oxidisation of potential acid sulfate soils and actual acid sulfate soils through ground water level management; (d) appropriately treating acid sulfate soils before disposal occurs on or off site; (e) documenting strategies and reporting requirements in an acid sulfate soils environmental management plan. Note - Planning scheme policy SC 6.12 – Acid sulfate soils provides guidance on preparing an acid sulfate soils management plan. 	
PO3 No environmental harm is caused as a result of exposure to potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils.	AO3 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal is capable of complying.

Figure 0.a – Acid sulfate soils (SPP triggers)



Coastal environment overlay code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Coastal environment overlay, if:
 - (a) self assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Coastal hazard overlay is identified on the Coastal environment overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) Coastal management district sub-category;
 - (b) Erosion prone area sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Coastal environment overlay code is to:
 - implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1 Settlement pattern: Element 3.4.7 Mitigation of hazards;
 - (ii) Theme 2 Environment and landscape values: Element 3.5.4 Coastal zones;
 - (iii) Theme 3 Natural resource management: Element 3.6.2 Land and catchment management.
 - (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Coastal processes sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) facilitate the protection of both coastal processes and coastal resources;
 - (b) facilitating coastal dependent development on the foreshore over other development;
 - (c) public access to the foreshore protects public safety;
 - (d) maintain the erosion prone area as a development free buffer zone (other than for coastal dependent, temporary or relocatable development);
 - (e) require redevelopment of existing permanent buildings or structures in an erosion prone area to avoid coastal erosion risks, manage coastal erosion risks through a strategy of planned retreat or mitigate coastal erosion risks;
 - (f) require development to maintain or enhance natural processes and the protective function of landforms and vegetation that can mitigate risks associated with coastal erosion;
 - (g) locate and design community infrastructure to maintain the required level of functionality during and immediately after a coastal hazard event.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a – Coastal environment overlay code – self-assessable and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
For self-assessable and assessable development		
PO1 No works other than coastal protection works extend seaward of the coastal building line.	AO1.1 Development (including all buildings and other permanent structures such as swimming pools and retaining walls) does not extend seaward of a coastal building line. Note – Coastal building lines are declared under the Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995 and are administered by the State Department of Environment and Heritage Protection. AO1.2 Coastal protection works are only undertaken as a last resort where coastal erosion presents an immediate threat to public safety or existing buildings or structures and the property cannot be relocated or abandoned. AO1.3 Coastal protection works are as far landward as practicable on the lot containing the property to the maximum extent reasonable.	N/A
	AO1.4 Coastal protection work mitigates any increase in the coastal hazard.	
PO2 Where a coastal building line does not exist on a lot fronting the coast or a reserve adjoining the coast,	AO2 Where a coastal building line does not exist on a lot fronting the coast or a reserve adjoining the coast, development (including all buildings and structures	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
development is setback to maintain the amenity and use of the coastal resource.	such as swimming pools) and retaining walls are set back not less than 6 metres from the seaward boundary of the lot.	
For assessable development		
Erosion prone areas		
PO3 Development identifies erosion prone areas (coastal hazards).	AO3 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The subject site comprises an erosion prone area however is located in the middle of an urban area with significant existing development seaward of it.
PO4 Erosion prone areas are free from development to allow for natural coastal processes.	AO4.1 Development is not located within the Erosion prone area, unless it can be demonstrated that the development is for: (a) community infrastructure where no suitable alternative location or site exists for this infrastructure; or (b) development that reflects the preferred development outcomes in accordance with the zoning of the site (i.e. in the Low density residential zone, a dwelling house is a preferred development outcome in accordance with the zoning of the site)	The subject site comprises an erosion prone area however is located in the middle of an urban area with significant existing development seaward of it. The proposed development reflects the preferred development outcomes of the Centre Zone.
	 AO4.2 Development involving existing permanent buildings and structures within an erosion prone area does not increase in intensity of its use by: (a) adding additional buildings or structures; or (b) incorporating a land use that will result in an increase in the number of people or employees occupying the site. 	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes		
Coastal management districts			
PO5 Natural processes and protective functions of landforms and vegetation are maintained.	PO5.1 Development within the coastal management district: (a) maintains vegetation on coastal land forms where its removal or damage may: (i) destabilise the area and increase the potential for coastal erosion, or interrupt the natural sediment trapping processes or dune or land building processes; maintains sediment volumes of dunes and nearshore coastal landforms, or where a reduction in sediment volumes cannot be avoided, increased risks to development from coastal erosion are mitigated by location, design and construction and operating standards; minimises the need for erosion control structures or riverine hardening through location, design and construction standards; maintains physical coastal processes outside the development footprint for the development, including longshore transport of sediment along the coast; reduces the risk of shoreline erosion for areas adjacent to the development footprint to the maximum extent feasible in the case of erosion control structures. PO5.2 Where development proposes the construction of an erosion control structure: (a) it is demonstrated that it is the only feasible option for protecting permanent structures from coastal erosion; and those permanent structures cannot be abandoned or relocated in the event of coastal erosion occurring.	N/A	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
	PO5.3 Development involving reclamation: (a) does not alter, or otherwise minimises impacts on, the physical characteristics of a waterway or the seabed near the reclamation, including flow regimes, hydrodynamic forces, tidal water and riverbank stability; is located outside active sediment transport area, or otherwise maintains sediment transport processes as close as possible to their natural state; ensures activities associated with the operation of the development maintain the structure and condition of vegetation communities and avoid wind and water run-off erosion.	N/A
PO6 Development avoids or minimises adverse impacts on coastal resources and their values to the maximum extent reasonable.	AO6.1 Coastal protection work that is in the form of beach nourishment uses methods of placement suitable for the location that do not interfere with the long-term use of the locality, or natural values within or neighbouring the proposed placement site. and AO6.2 Marine development is located and designed to expand on or redevelop existing marine infrastructure unless it is demonstrated that it is not practicable to co-locate the development with existing marine infrastructure; and AO6.3	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
	Measures are incorporated as part of siting and design of the development to maintain or enhance water quality to achieve the environmental values and water quality objectives outlined in the Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 2009.	
	and	
	AO6.4 Development avoids the disturbance of acid sulfate soils, or where it is demonstrated that this is not possible, the disturbance of acid sulfate soils is carefully managed to minimise and mitigate the adverse effects of disturbance on coastal resources.	
	AO6.4 Design and siting of development protects and retains identified ecological values and underlying ecosystem processes within the development site to the greatest extent practicable.	
PO7 Development is to maintain access to and along the foreshore for general public access.	AO7.1 Development provides for regular access points for pedestrians including approved walking tracks, boardwalks and viewing platforms.	N/A
	and	
	AO7.2 Development provides for regular access points for vehicles including approved roads and tracks.	
	or AO7.3	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
	Development demonstrates an alternative solution to achieve an equivalent standard of performance.	
PO8 Public access to the coast is appropriately located, designed and operated.	AO8.1 Development maintains or enhances public access to the coast. or AO8.2 Development is located adjacent to state coastal land or tidal water and minimises and offsets any loss of access to and along the foreshore within 500 metres. or AO8.3 Development adjacent to state coastal land or tidal water demonstrates an alternative solution to achieve an equivalent standard and quality of access.	N/A
PO9 Development adjacent to state coastal land or tidal water is located, designed and operated to: (a) maintain existing access to and along the foreshore; minimise any loss of access to and along the foreshore, or offset any loss of access to and along the foreshore by providing for enhanced alternative access in the general location.	AO9.1 Development adjacent to state coastal land or tidal water: (a) demonstrates that restrictions to public access are necessary for: (i) the safe and secure operation of development; the maintenance of coastal landforms and coastal habitat; or (a) maintains public access (including public access infrastructure that has been approved by the local government or relevant authority) through the site to the foreshore for:	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
	 (i) pedestrians via access points including approved walking tracks, boardwalks and viewing platforms; vehicles via access points including approved roads or tracks. 	
	AO9.2 Development adjacent to state coastal land or tidal water: (a) is located and designed to: (i) allow safe unimpeded access to, over, under or around built infrastructure located on, over or along the foreshore, for example through the provision of esplanades or easement corridors to preserve future access; ensure emergency vehicles can access the area near the development.	
	 (a) minimises and offsets any loss of access to and along the foreshore within 500m of existing access points and development is located and designed to: (i) allow safe unimpeded access to, over, under or around built infrastructure located on, over or along the foreshore, and ensure emergency vehicles can access the area near the development. 	
AO10 Development that involves reconfiguring a lot for urban purposes adjacent to the coast is designed to ensure public access to the coast in consideration of public access demand from a whole-of-	AO10.1 Development complies if consideration of public access demand from a whole-of-community basis and the maintenance of coastal landforms and coastal habitat is undertaken.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
community basis and the maintenance of coastal landforms and coastal habitat.	or AO10.2 Development demonstrates an alternative solution to achieve an equivalent standard and quality of access.	
PO11 Development maintains public access to State coastal land by avoiding private marine development attaching to, or extending across, non-tidal State coastal land.	AO11 Private marine access structures and other structures such as decks or boardwalks for private use do not attach to or extend across State coastal land that is situated above high water mark.	N/A
PO12 Development in connection with an artificial waterway enhances public access to coastal waters.	AO12 The artificial waterway avoids intersecting with or connection to inundated land or leased land where the passage, use or movement of vessels in water on the land could be restricted or prohibited by the registered proprietor of the inundated land or leased land.	N/A
Coastal landscapes, views and vistas		
PO13 Development maintains and / or enhances natural coastal landscapes, views and vistas.	AO13 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.
PO14 Coastal settlements are consolidated through the concentration of development within the existing urban areas through infill and conserving the natural state of the coastal area outside existing urban areas.	AO14 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.
Private marine development		
PO15	AO15 Private marine development and other structures such as decks or boardwalks for private use do not	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
Private marine development is to avoid attaching to, or extending across, non-tidal State coastal land.	attach to, or extend across, State coastal land that is situated above high water mark. Note – For occupation permits or allocations of State land, refer to the Land Act 1994.	
PO16 The location and design of private marine development does not adversely affect the safety of members of the public access to the foreshore.	AO16 Private marine development does not involve the erection or placement of any physical barrier preventing existing access, along a public access way to the foreshores.	N/A
PO17 Private marine development is of a height and scale and size compatible with the character and amenity of the location.	AO17 Private marine development has regard to: (a) the height, scale and size of the natural features of the immediate surroundings and locality; the height, scale and size of existing buildings or other structures in the immediate surroundings and the locality; if the relevant planning scheme states that desired height, scale or size of buildings or other structures in the immediate surroundings or locality – the stated desired height, scale or size. Note – The prescribed tidal works code in the Coastal Protection and Management Regulation 2003 outlines design and construction requirements that must be complied with.	N/A
PO18 Private marine development avoids adverse impacts on coastal landforms and coastal processes.	AO18 Private marine development does not require the construction of coastal protection works, shoreline or riverbank hardening or dredging for marine access.	N/A
For dry land marinas and artificial waterways		
PO19 Dry land marinas and artificial waterways:	AO19 No acceptable solutions are prescribed.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
 (a) avoid impacts on coastal resources; do not contribute to the degradation of water quality; do not increase the risk of flooding; do not result in the degradation or loss of MSES; do not result in an adverse change to the tidal prism of the natural waterway to which development is connected. does not involve reclamation of tidal land other than for the purpose of: (i) coastal dependent development, public marine development; or community infrastructure, where there is no feasible alternative; or strategic ports, boat harbours or strategic airports and aviation facilities in accordance with a statutory land use plan; or coastal protection works or works necessary to protect coastal resources and processes. 		

Flood and storm tide hazard overlay code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Flood and storm tide hazard overlay, if:
 - (a) self assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Flood and storm tide hazard overlay is identified on the Flood and storm tide hazard overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the:
 - (a) Storm tide high hazard sub-category;
 - (b) Storm tide medium hazard sub-category;
 - (c) Flood plain assessment sub-category;
 - (d) 100 ARI Mossman, Port Douglas and Daintree Township Flood Studies sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Note - The Flood and storm tide hazards overlay maps contained in Schedule 2 identify areas (Flood and storm tide inundation areas) where flood and storm tide inundation modelling has been undertaken by the Council. Other areas not identified by the Flood and inundation hazards overlay maps contained in Schedule 2 may also be subject to the defined flood event or defined storm tide event.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Flood and storm tide hazard overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1 Settlement pattern: Element 3.4.7 Mitigation of hazards;
 - (ii) Theme 6 Infrastructure and transport: Element 3.9.2 Energy.
 - (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Flood and storm tide hazard sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development siting, layout and access responds to the risk of the natural hazard and minimises risk to personal safety;
 - (b) development achieves an acceptable or tolerable risk level, based on a fit for purpose risk assessment;
 - (c) the development is resilient to natural hazard events by ensuring siting and design accounts for the potential risks of natural hazards to property;
 - (d) the development supports, and does not unduly burden disaster management response or recovery capacity and capabilities;

- (e) the development directly, indirectly and cumulatively avoids an unacceptable increase in severity of the natural hazards and does not significantly increase the potential for damage on site or to other properties;
- (f) the development avoids the release of hazardous materials as a result of a natural hazard event;
- (g) natural processes and the protective function of landforms and/or vegetation are maintained in natural hazard areas;
- (h) community infrastructure is located and designed to maintain the required level of functionality during and immediately after a hazard event.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a – Flood and storm tide hazards overlay code –assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For assessable and self assessable development		
PO1 Development is located and designed to: (a) ensure the safety of all persons; (b) minimise damage to the development and contents of buildings; (c) provide suitable amenity; (d) minimise disruption to residents, recovery time, and (e) rebuilding or restoration costs after inundation events. Note – For assessable development within the flood plain assessment sub-category, a flood study by a suitably qualified professional is required to identify compliance with the intent of the acceptable outcome.	AO1.1 Development is sited on parts of the land that is not within the Flood and Storm tide hazards overlay maps contained in Schedule 2; or For dwelling houses, AO1.2 Development within the Flood and Storm Tide hazards overlay maps (excluding the Flood plain assessment sub-category) is designed to provide immunity to the Defined Inundation Event as outlined within Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb plus a freeboard of 300mm. AO1.3 New buildings are: (a) not located within the overlay area; (b) located on the highest part of the site to minimise entrance of flood waters; (c) provided with clear and direct pedestrian and vehicle evacuation routes off the site. AO1.4 In non urban areas, buildings and infrastructure are set back 50 metres from natural riparian corridors to maintain their natural function of reducing velocity of floodwaters.	Development achieves appropriate level of flood immunity. Development achieves appropriate level of flood immunity.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For assessable development		
PO2 The development is compatible with the level of risk associated with the natural hazard.	AO2 The following uses are not located in land inundated by the Defined Flood Event (DFE) / Storm tide: (a) Retirement facility; (b) Community care facility; (c) Child care centre.	N/A
PO3 Development siting and layout responds to flooding potential and maintains personal safety	For Material change of use AO3.1 New buildings are: (a) not located within the overlay area; (b) located on the highest part of the site to minimise entrance of flood waters; (c) provided with clear and direct pedestrian and vehicle evacuation routes off the site. or AO3.2 The development incorporates an area on site that is at least 300mm above the highest known flood inundation level with sufficient space to accommodate the likely population of the development safely for a relatively short time until flash flooding subsides or people can be evacuated. or AO3.3	Development achieves appropriate level of flood immunity.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Where involving an extension to an existing dwelling house that is situated below DFE /Storm tide, the maximum size of the extension does not exceed 70m² gross floor area. Note – If part of the site is outside the Hazard Overlay area, this is the preferred location of all buildings. For Reconfiguring a lot AO3.4 Additional lots: (a) are not located in the hazard overlay area; or (b) are demonstrated to be above the flood level identified for the site. Note - If part of the site is outside the Hazard Overlay area, this is the preferred location for all lots (excluding park or other open space and recreation lots). Note - Buildings subsequently developed on the lots will need to comply with the relevant building assessment provisions under the Building Act 1975.	Development achieves appropriate level of flood immunity.
	AO3.5 Road and/or pathway layout ensures residents are not physically isolated from adjacent flood free urban areas and provides a safe and clear evacuation route path: (a) by locating entry points into the reconfiguration above the flood level and avoiding culs-de-sac or other non-permeable layouts; and (b) by direct and simple routes to main carriageways.	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO3.6 Signage is provided on site (regardless of whether the land is in public or private ownership) indicating the position and path of all safe evacuation routes off the site and if the site contains, or is within 100m of a floodable waterway, hazard warning signage and depth indicators are also provided at key hazard points, such as at floodway crossings or entrances to low-lying reserves.	Proposal is capable of complying.
	AO3.7 There is no intensification of residential uses within the flood affected areas on land situated below the DFE/Storm tide.	
	For Material change of use (Residential uses) AO3.1 The design and layout of buildings used for residential purposes minimise risk from flooding by providing: (a) parking and other low intensive, non-habitable uses at ground level; Note - The high-set 'Queenslander' style house is a resilient low-density housing solution in floodplain areas. Higher density residential development should ensure only non-habitable rooms (e.g. garages, laundries) are located on the ground floor.	Development achieves appropriate level of flood immunity.
PO4 Development is resilient to flood events by ensuring design and built form account for the potential risks of flooding.	For Material change of use (Non-residential uses) AO4.2	Development achieves appropriate level of flood immunity.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Non residential buildings and structures allow for the flow through of flood waters on the ground floor. Note - Businesses should ensure that they have the necessary contingency plans in place to account for the potential need to relocate property prior to a flood event	
	(e.g. allow enough time to transfer stock to the upstairs level of a building or off site).	
	Note - The relevant building assessment provisions under the <i>Building Act 1975</i> apply to all building work within the Hazard Area and need to take into account the flood potential within the area.	
	 AO4.3 Materials are stored on-site: (a) are those that are readily able to be moved in a flood event; (b) where capable of creating a safety hazard by being shifted by flood waters, are contained in order to minimise movement in times of flood. 	Proposal is capable of complying.
	Notes - (a) Businesses should ensure that they have the necessary contingency plans in place to account for the potential need to relocate property prior to a flood event (e.g. allow enough time to transfer stock to the upstairs level of a building or off site). (b) Queensland Government Fact Sheet 'Repairing your House after a Flood' provides information about water resilient products and building techniques.	
PO5 Development directly, indirectly and cumulatively avoids any increase in water flow velocity or flood level and does not increase the potential flood damage either on site or on other properties.	For Operational works AO5.1 Works in urban areas associated with the proposed development do not involve:	Proposal complies with item (a). It is not understood how item (b) can practically be complied with – filling is required to achieve flood immunity.

Performance outcomes	Accentable outcomes	Annlicant response
Performance outcomes Note – Berms and mounds are considered to be an undesirable built form outcome and are not supported.	(a) any physical alteration to a watercourse or floodway including vegetation clearing; or (b) a net increase in filling (including berms and mounds). AO5.2 Works (including buildings and earthworks) in non urban areas either: (a) do not involve a net increase in filling greater than 50m³; or (b) do not result in any reductions of on-site flood storage capacity and contain within the subject site any changes to depth/duration/velocity of flood waters; or (c) do not change flood characteristics outside the subject site in ways that result in: (i) loss of flood storage; (ii) loss of/changes to flow paths; (iii) acceleration or retardation of flows or any reduction in flood warning times elsewhere on the flood plain.	Applicant response
	AO5.3 Where development is located in an area affected by DFE/Storm tide, a hydraulic and hydrology report, prepared by a suitably qualified professional, demonstrates that the development maintains the flood storage capacity on the subject site; and	Hydraulic/hydrology assessment can be undertaken, however it is not possible to maintain flood storage capacity on a site when filling is required to achieve flood immunity.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (a) does not increase the volume, velocity, concentration of flow path alignment of stormwater flow across sites upstream, downstream or in the general vicinity of the subject site; and (b) does not increase ponding on sites upstream, downstream or in the general vicinity of the subject site. For Material change of use and Reconfiguring a lot 	
	In non urban areas, buildings and infrastructure are set back 50 metres from natural riparian corridors to maintain their natural function of reducing velocity of floodwaters. Note – Fences and irrigation infrastructure (e.g. irrigation tape) in rural areas should be managed to minimise adverse the impacts that they may have on downstream properties in the event of a flood.	
PO6 Development avoids the release of hazardous materials into floodwaters.	AO6.1 Materials manufactured or stored on site are not hazardous or noxious, or comprise materials that may cause a detrimental effect on the environment if discharged in a flood event; or AO6.2	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	If a DFE level is adopted, structures used for the manufacture or storage of hazardous materials are: (a) located above the DFE level;	
	or	
	(b) designed to prevent the intrusion of floodwaters.	
	AO6.3 Infrastructure is designed and constructed to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces as a result of inundation by the DFE.	Proposal is capable of complying.
	AO6.4 If a flood level is not adopted, hazardous materials and their manufacturing equipment are located on the highest part of the site to enhance flood immunity and designed to prevent the intrusion of floodwaters.	
	Note – Refer to Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and associated Regulation and Guidelines, the Environmental Protection Act 1994 and the relevant building assessment provisions under the Building Act 1975 for requirements related to the manufacture and storage of hazardous materials.	
PO7 The development supports, and does not unduly burden, disaster management response or recovery capacity and capabilities.	AO7 Development does not: (a) increase the number of people calculated to be at risk of flooding; (a) increase the number of people likely to need evacuation; (b) shorten flood warning times; and	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(c) impact on the ability of traffic to use evacuation routes, or unreasonably increase traffic volumes on evacuation routes.	
PO8 Development involving community infrastructure: (a) remains functional to serve community need during and immediately after a flood event; (b) is designed, sited and operated to avoid adverse impacts on the community or environment due to impacts of flooding on infrastructure, facilities or access and egress routes; (c) retains essential site access during a flood event; (d) is able to remain functional even when other infrastructure or services may be compromised in a flood event.	AO8.1 The following uses are not located on land inundated during a DFE/Storm tide: (a) community residence; and (b) emergency services; and (c) residential care facility; and (d) utility installations involving water and sewerage treatment plants; and (e) storage of valuable records or items of historic or cultural significance (e.g. archives, museums, galleries, libraries). or AO8.2 The following uses are not located on land inundated during a 1% AEP flood event: (a) community and cultural facilities, including facilities where an education and care service under the Education and care Services National law (Queensland) is operated or child care service under the Child Care Act 2002 is conducted, (b) community centres; (c) meeting halls; (d) galleries; (e) libraries. The following uses are not located on land inundated during a 0.5% AEP flood event. (a) emergency shelters; (b) police facilities;	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(c) sub stations; (d) water treatment plant The following uses are not located on land inundated during a 0.2% AEP flood event: (a) correctional facilities; (b) emergency services; (c) power stations; (d) major switch yards.	
	AO8.3 The following uses have direct access to low hazard evacuation routes as defined in Table Error! No text of specified style in documentc: (a) community residence; and (b) emergency services; and (c) hospitals; and (d) residential care facility; and (e) sub stations; and (f) utility installations involving water and sewerage treatment plants.	
	AO8.4 Any components of infrastructure that are likely to fail to function or may result in contamination when inundated by flood, such as electrical switch gear and motors, telecommunications connections, or water supply pipeline air valves are: (a) located above DFE/Storm tide or the highest known flood level for the site; (b) designed and constructed to exclude floodwater intrusion / infiltration.	Proposal is capable of complying.
	AO8.5	Proposal is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Infrastructure is designed and constructed to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces as a result of inundation by a flood.	

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..b - Minimum immunity (floor levels) for development

Minimum immunity to be achieved (floor levels)	Uses and elements of activities acceptable in the event
20% AEP level	Parks and open space.
5% AEP level	Car parking facilities (including car parking associated with use of land).
1% AEP level	All development (where not otherwise requiring an alternative level of minimum immunity).
0.5% AEP level	 Emergency services (if for a police station); Industry activities (if including components which store, treat or use hazardous materials); Substation; Utility installation.
0.2% AEP level	 Emergency services; Hospital; Major electricity infrastructure; Special industry.

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..c - Degree of flood

Criteria	Low	Medium	High	Extreme
Wading ability	If necessary children and the elderly could wade. (Generally, safe wading velocity depth product is less than 0.25)	Fit adults can wade. (Generally, safe wading velocity depth product is less than 0.4)	Fit adults would have difficulty wading. (Generally, safe wading velocity depth product is less than 0.6)	Wading is not an option.
Evacuation distances	< 200 metres	200-400 metres	400-600 metres	600 metres

Maximum flood depths	< 0.3 metre	< 0.6 metre	< 1.2 metres	1.2 metres
Maximum flood velocity	< 0.4 metres per second	< 0.8 metres per second	< 1.5 metres per second	1.5 metres per second
Typical means of egress	Sedan	Sedan early, but 4WD or trucks later	4WD or trucks only in early stages, boats or helicopters	Large trucks, boats or helicopters
Timing Note: This category cannot be implemented until evacuation times have been established in the Counter Disaster Plan (Flooding)	Ample flood forecasting. Warning and evacuation routes remain passable for twice as long as evacuation time.	Evacuation routes remain trafficable for 1.5 times as long as the evacuation.	Evacuation routes remain trafficable for only up to minimum evacuation time.	There is insufficient evacuation time.

Note: The evacuation times for various facilities or areas would (but not necessarily) be included in the Counter Disaster Plan. Generally safe wading conditions assume even walking surfaces and no obstructions, steps, soft underfoot etc.

Natural areas overlay code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Natural areas overlay, if:
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Natural areas overlay is identified on the Natural areas overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) MSES Protected area;
 - (b) MSES Marine park;
 - (c) MSES Wildlife habitat;
 - (d) MSES Regulated vegetation;
 - (e) MSES Regulated vegetation (intersecting a Watercourse);
 - (f) MSES High ecological significance wetlands;
 - (g) MSES High ecological value waters (wetlands);
 - (h) MSES High ecological value waters (watercourse);
 - (i) MSES Legally secured off set area.

Note – MSES = Matters of State Environmental Significance.

(3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Natural areas overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 2: Environment and landscape values, Element 3.5.3 Biodiversity, Element 3.5.4 Coastal zones;
 - (ii) Theme 3: Natural resource management Element 3.6.2 Land and catchment management, Element 3.6.3 Primary production, forestry and fisheries.
 - (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Biodiversity area overlay sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development is avoided within:

- (i) areas containing matters of state environmental significance (MSES);
- (ii) other natural areas;
- (iii) wetlands and wetland buffers;
- (iv) waterways and waterway corridors.
- (b) where development cannot be avoided, development:
 - (i) protects and enhances areas containing matters of state environmental significance;
 - (ii) provides appropriate buffers;
 - protects the known populations and supporting habitat of rare and threatened flora and fauna species, as listed in the relevant State and Commonwealth legislation;
 - (iv) ensures that adverse direct or indirect impacts on areas of environmental significance are minimised through design, siting, operation, management and mitigation measures;
 - v) does not cause adverse impacts on the integrity and quality of water in upstream or downstream catchments, including the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area;
 - (vi) protects and maintains ecological and hydrological functions of wetlands, waterways and waterway corridors;
 - (vii) enhances connectivity across barriers for aquatic species and habitats;
 - (viii) rehabilitates degraded areas to provide improved habitat condition, connectivity, function and extent;
 - (ix) protects areas of environmental significance from weeds, pests and invasive species.
- (c) strategic rehabilitation is directed to areas on or off site, where it is possible to achieve expanded habitats and increased connectivity.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Natural areas overlay code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes			
For self-assessable and assessable development	For self-assessable and assessable development			
Protection of matters of environmental significance				
PO1 Development protects matters of environmental significance.	AO1.1 Development avoids significant impact on the relevant environmental values. or AO1.2 A report is prepared by an appropriately qualified person demonstrating to the satisfaction of the assessment manager, that the	MSES - Regulated Vegetation (Intersecting a Watercourse) appears to be a mapping error.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
	development site does not contain any matters of state and local environmental significance. or AO1.3	
	Development is located, designed and operated to mitigate significant impacts on environmental values. For example, a report certified by an appropriately qualified person demonstrating to the satisfaction of the assessment manager, how the proposed development mitigates impacts, including on water quality, hydrology and biological processes.	
Management of impacts on matters of environmen	tal significance	
PO2 Development is located, designed and constructed to avoid significant impacts on matters of environmental significance.	The design and layout of development minimises adverse impacts on ecologically important areas by: (a) focusing development in cleared areas to protect existing habitat; utilising design to consolidate density and preserve existing habitat and native vegetation; aligning new property boundaries to maintain ecologically important areas; ensuring that alterations to natural landforms, hydrology and drainage patterns on the development site do not negatively affect ecologically important areas; ensuring that significant fauna habitats are protected in their environmental context; and incorporating measures that allow for the safe movement of fauna through the site.	MSES - Regulated Vegetation (Intersecting a Watercourse) appears to be a mapping error.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
PO3 An adequate buffer to areas of state environmental significance is provided and maintained.	AO3.1 A buffer for an area of state environmental significance (Wetland protection area) has a minimum width of: (a) 100 metres where the area is located outside Urban areas; or 50 metres where the area is located within a Urban areas. or AO3.2 A buffer for an area of state environmental significance is applied and maintained, the width of which is supported by an evaluation of environmental values, including the function and threats to matters of environmental significance.	N/A
PO4 Wetland and wetland buffer areas are maintained, protected and restored. Note – Wetland buffer areas are identified in AO3.1.	AO4.1 Native vegetation within wetlands and wetland buffer areas is retained. AO4.2 Degraded sections of wetlands and wetland buffer areas are revegetated with endemic native plants in patterns and densities which emulate the relevant regional ecosystem.	N/A
PO5 Development avoids the introduction of non-native pest species (plant or animal), that pose a risk to ecological integrity.	AO5.1 Development avoids the introduction of non-native pest species. AO5.2	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
	The threat of existing pest species is controlled by adopting pest management practices for long-term ecological integrity.	
Ecological connectivity		
PO6 Development protects and enhances ecological connectivity and/or habitat extent.	AO6.1 Development retains native vegetation in areas large enough to maintain ecological values, functions and processes. and AO6.2 Development within an ecological corridor rehabilitates native vegetation. and AO6.3 Development within a conservation corridor mitigates adverse impacts on native fauna, feeding, nesting, breeding and roosting sites and native fauna movements.	MSES - Regulated Vegetation (Intersecting a Watercourse) appears to be a mapping error.
PO7 Development minimises disturbance to matters of state environmental significance (including existing ecological corridors).	AO7.1 Development avoids shading of vegetation by setting back buildings by a distance equivalent to the height of the native vegetation. and AO7.2	MSES - Regulated Vegetation (Intersecting a Watercourse) appears to be a mapping error.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
	Development does not encroach within 10 metres of existing riparian vegetation and watercourses.	
Waterways in an urban area		
PO8 Development is set back from waterways to protect and maintain: (a) water quality; hydrological functions; ecological processes; biodiversity values; riparian and in-stream habitat values and connectivity; in-stream migration.	AO8.1 Where a waterway is contained within an easement or a reserve required for that purpose, development does not occur within the easement or reserve; or AO8.2 Development does not occur on the part of the site affected by the waterway corridor. Note – Waterway corridors are identified within Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb.	MSES - Regulated Vegetation (Intersecting a Watercourse) appears to be a mapping error.
Waterways in a non-urban area		
PO9 Development is set back from waterways to protect and maintain: (a) water quality; hydrological functions; ecological processes; biodiversity values; riparian and in-stream habitat values and connectivity; in-stream migration.	AO9 Development does not occur on that part of the site affected by a waterway corridor. Note – Waterway corridors are identified within Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb.	N/A

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..b — Widths of waterway corridors for waterways

Waterways classification	Waterway corridor width	
Waterways in Urban areas	10 metres measured perpendicular from the top of the high bank.	
Waterways in Other areas	For a dwelling house, 10 metres measured perpendicular from the top of the high bank. For all other development, 20 metres measured perpendicular from the top of the high bank.	

Transport network overlay code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Transport network overlay; if:
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land within the Transport network overlay is identified on the Transport network (Road Hierarchy) overlay map and the Transport network (Pedestrian and Cycle) overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) Transport network (Road Hierarchy) overlay sub-categories:
 - (i) State controlled road sub-category;
 - (ii) Sub-arterial road sub-category;
 - (iii) Collector road sub-category;
 - (iv) Access road sub-category;
 - (v) Industrial road sub-category;
 - (vi) Major rural road sub-category;
 - (vii) Minor rural road sub-category;
 - (viii) Unformed road sub-category;
 - (ix) Major transport corridor buffer area sub-category.
 - (b) Transport network (Pedestrian and Cycle) overlay sub-categories:
 - (i) Principal route;
 - (ii) Future principal route;
 - (iii) District route;
 - (iv) Neighbourhood route;
 - (v) Strategic investigation route.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Transport network overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction of the Strategic Framework, in particular:

- (i) Theme 1: Settlement pattern Element 3.4.2 Urban settlement, Element 3.4.3 Activity centres;
- (ii) Theme 6: Infrastructure and transport Element 3.9.4 Transport;
- (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Transport network overlay.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development provides for transport infrastructure (including active transport infrastructure);
 - (b) development contributes to a safe and efficient transport network;
 - (c) development supports the existing and future role and function of the transport network;
 - (d) development does not compromise the safety and efficiency of major transport infrastructure and facilities.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a – Transport network overlay code – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response		
For assessable development				
PO1 Development supports the road hierarchy for the region. Note -A Traffic impact assessment report prepared in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.10 - Parking and access is one way to demonstrate achievement of the Performance Outcomes.	AO1.1 Development is compatible with the intended role and function of the transport network as identified on the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2.	Proposal complies.		
	AO1.2 Development does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the transport network.	Proposal complies.		
	AO1.3 Development is designed to provide access via the lowest order road, where legal and practicable access can be provided to that road.	Proposal complies.		
PO2 Transport infrastructure is provided in an integrated and timely manner.	AO2 Development provides infrastructure (including improvements to existing infrastructure) in accordance with:	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Note - A Traffic impact assessment report prepared in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.10 - Parking and access is one way to demonstrate achievement of the Performance Outcomes.	 (a) the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2; (b) any relevant Local Plan. Note – The Translink Public Transport Infrastructure Manual provides guidance on the design of public 	
	transport facilities.	
PO3 Development involving sensitive land uses within a major transport corridor buffer area is located, designed and maintained to avoid or mitigate adverse	AO3 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed. Note – Part 4.4 of the Queensland Development Code provides requirements for residential building design in a	N/A
impacts on amenity for the sensitive land use.	designated transport noise corridor.	
PO4 Development does not compromise the intended role and function or safety and efficiency of major transport corridors.	AO4.1 Development is compatible with the role and function (including the future role and function) of major transport corridors.	N/A
Note - A Traffic impact assessment report prepared in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.10 - Parking and access is one way to demonstrate achievement of the Performance Outcomes.	AO4.2 Direct access is not provided to a major transport corridor where legal and practical access from another road is available.	N/A
	AO4.3 Intersection and access points associated with major transport corridors are located in accordance with: (a) the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2; and (b) any relevant Local Plan.	N/A
	AO4.4 The layout of development and the design of the associated access is compatible with existing and future boundaries of the major transport corridor or major transport facility.	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO5 Development retains and enhances existing vegetation between a development and a major transport corridor, so as to provide screening to potential noise, dust, odour and visual impacts emanating from the corridor.	AO5 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies.
Pedestrian and cycle network		
PO6 Lot reconfiguration assists in the implementation of the pedestrian and cycle movement network to achieve safe, attractive and efficient pedestrian and cycle networks.	AO6.1 Where a lot is subject to, or adjacent to an element of the pedestrian and cycle Movement network (identified on the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2) the specific location of this element of the pedestrian and cycle network is incorporated in the design of the lot layout.	Proposal includes pathway at site frontage.
	AO6.2 The element of the pedestrian and cycle network is constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D4 and D5 of the Planning scheme policy SC6.5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Access, parking and servicing code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) operational work which requires a compliance assessment as a condition of a development permit; or
 - (b) a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (i) self-assessable or assessable development where this code is identified in the assessment criteria column of the table of assessment;
 - (ii) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Access, parking and servicing code is to assess the suitability of access, parking and associated servicing aspects of a development.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) sufficient vehicle parking is provided on-site to cater for all types of vehicular traffic accessing and parking on-site, including staff, guests, patrons, residents and short term delivery vehicles;
 - (b) sufficient bicycle parking and end of trip facilities are provided on-site to cater for customer and service staff;
 - (c) on-site parking is provided so as to be accessible and convenient, particularly for any short term uses;
 - (d) development provides walking and cycle routes through the site which link the development to the external walking and cycling network;
 - (e) the provision of on-site parking, loading / unloading facilities and the provision of access to the site do not impact on the efficient function of street network or on the area in which the development is located;
 - (f) new vehicular access points are safely located and are not in conflict with the preferred ultimate streetscape character and local character and do not unduly disrupt any current or future on-street parking arrangements.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Access, parking and servicing code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self-assessable and assessable development		
PO1 Sufficient on-site car parking is provided to cater for the amount and type of vehicle traffic expected to be	AO1.1 The minimum number of on-site vehicle parking spaces is not less than the number prescribed in	Proposal complies. Parking for commercial component exceeds requirements by two (2) spaces.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
generated by the use or uses of the site, having particular regard to: (a) the desired character of the area; (b) the nature of the particular use and its specific characteristics and scale; (c) the number of employees and the likely number of visitors to the site; (d) the level of local accessibility; (e) the nature and frequency of any public transport serving the area; (f) whether or not the use involves the retention of an existing building and the previous requirements for car parking for the building (g) whether or not the use involves a heritage building or place of local significance; (h) whether or not the proposed use involves the retention of significant vegetation.	Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb for that particular use or uses. Note - Where the number of spaces calculated from the table is not a whole number, the number of spaces provided is the next highest whole number. AO1.2 Car parking spaces are freely available for the parking of vehicles at all times and are not used for external storage purposes, the display of products or rented/sub-leased. AO1.3 Parking for motorcycles is substituted for ordinary vehicle parking to a maximum level of 2% of total ordinary vehicle parking. AO1.4 For parking areas exceeding 50 spaces parking, is provided for recreational vehicles as a substitute for ordinary vehicle parking to a maximum of 5% of total ordinary vehicle parking rate.	Proposal complies. N/A N/A
PO2 Vehicle parking areas are designed and constructed in accordance with relevant standards.	AO2 Vehicle parking areas are designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard: (a) AS2890.1; AS2890.3; AS2890.6.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO3 Access points are designed and constructed: (a) to operate safely and efficiently;	AO3.1	Proposal includes two (2) crossovers however this is to provide a one-way entry and exit which is considered to achieve the outcomes of PO3.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (b) to accommodate the anticipated type and volume of vehicles (c) to provide for shared vehicle (including cyclists) and pedestrian use, where appropriate; (d) so that they do not impede traffic or pedestrian movement on the adjacent road area; (e) so that they do not adversely impact upon existing intersections or future road or intersection improvements; (f) so that they do not adversely impact current and future on-street parking arrangements; (g) so that they do not adversely impact on existing services within the road reserve adjacent to the site; (h) so that they do not involve ramping, cutting of the adjoining road reserve or any built structures (other than what may be necessary to cross over a stormwater channel). 	Access is limited to one access cross over per site and is an access point located, designed and constructed in accordance with: (a) Australian Standard AS2890.1; (b) Planning scheme policy SC6.5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual - access crossovers. AO3.2 Access, including driveways or access crossovers: (a) are not placed over an existing: (i) telecommunications pit; (ii) stormwater kerb inlet; (iii) sewer utility hole; (iv) water valve or hydrant. (b) are designed to accommodate any adjacent footpath; (c) adhere to minimum sight distance requirements in accordance with AS2980.1. AO3.3 Driveways are: (a) designed to follow as closely as possible to the existing contours, but are no steeper than the gradients outlined in Planning scheme policy SC6.5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; (b) constructed such that where there is a grade shift to 1 in 4 (25%), there is an area with a grade of no more than 1 in in 6 (16.6%) prior to this area, for a distance of at least 5 metres; (c) on gradients greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%) driveways are constructed to ensure the cross-fall of the driveway is one way and	This s also considered appropriate due to the site's wide 40m road frontage. Proposal complies or is capable of complying. Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	directed into the hill, for vehicle safety and drainage purposes; (d) constructed such that the transitional change in grade from the road to the lot is fully contained within the lot and not within the road reserve; (e) designed to include all necessary associated drainage that intercepts and directs storm water runoff to the storm water drainage system.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO3.4 Surface construction materials are consistent with the current or intended future streetscape or character of the area and contrast with the surface construction materials of any adjacent footpath.	
PO4 Sufficient on-site wheel chair accessible car parking spaces are provided and are identified and reserved for such purposes.	AO4 The number of on-site wheel chair accessible car parking spaces complies with the rates specified in AS2890 Parking Facilities.	N/A
PO5 Access for people with disabilities is provided to the building from the parking area and from the street.	AO5 Access for people with disabilities is provided in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO6 Sufficient on-site bicycle parking is provided to cater for the anticipated demand generated by the development.	AO6 The number of on-site bicycle parking spaces complies with the rates specified in Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
P07	AO7.1	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Development provides secure and convenient bicycle parking which: (a) for visitors is obvious and located close to the building's main entrance; (b) for employees is conveniently located to provide secure and convenient access between the bicycle storage area, end-of-trip facilities and the main area of the building; (c) is easily and safely accessible from outside the site.	Development provides bicycle parking spaces for employees which are co-located with end-of-trip facilities (shower cubicles and lockers); AO7.2 Development ensures that the location of visitor bicycle parking is discernible either by direct view or using signs from the street. AO7.3 Development provides visitor bicycle parking which does not impede pedestrian movement.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying. Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO8 Development provides walking and cycle routes through the site which: (a) link to the external network and pedestrian and cyclist destinations such as schools, shopping centres, open space, public transport stations, shops and local activity centres along the safest, most direct and convenient routes; (b) encourage walking and cycling; (c) ensure pedestrian and cyclist safety.	AO8 Development provides walking and cycle routes which are constructed on the carriageway or through the site to: (a) create a walking or cycle route along the full frontage of the site; (b) connect to public transport and existing cycle and walking routes at the frontage or boundary of the site.	N/A
PO9 Access, internal circulation and on-site parking for service vehicles are designed and constructed: (a) in accordance with relevant standards; (b) so that they do not interfere with the amenity of the surrounding area; (c) so that they allow for the safe and convenient movement of pedestrians, cyclists and other vehicles.	AO9.1 Access driveways, vehicle manoeuvring and on-site parking for service vehicles are designed and constructed in accordance with AS2890.1 and AS2890.2. AO9.2 Service and loading areas are contained fully within the site.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying. Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO9.3 The movement of service vehicles and service operations are designed so they:	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(a) do not impede access to parking spaces;(b) do not impede vehicle or pedestrian traffic movement.	
PO10 Sufficient queuing and set down areas are provided to accommodate the demand generated by the development.	AO10.1 Development provides adequate area on-site for vehicle queuing to accommodate the demand generated by the development where drive through facilities or drop-off/pick-up services are proposed as part of the use, including, but not limited to, the following land uses: (a) car wash; (b) child care centre; (c) educational establishment where for a school; (d) food and drink outlet, where including a drive-through facility; (e) hardware and trade supplies, where including a drive-through facility; (f) hotel, where including a drive-through facility; (g) service station. AO10.2 Queuing and set-down areas are designed and constructed in accordance with AS2890.1.	N/A

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..b – Access, parking and servicing requirements

Note – Where the number of spaces is not a whole number, the number of spaces to be provided is the next highest whole number.

Note – Where the proposed development involves one or more land use, the minimum number of spaces for the proposed development will be calculated using the minimum number of spaces specified for each land use component.

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
Agricultural supplies store	1 space per 50m ² of GFA and outdoor display area.	1 space per 200m ² of GFA.	n/a	LRV
Air services	1 car space per 20m² of covered reception area, plus 1 car space per 2 staff, plus a covered bus set down area adjacent to the entry of the reception area and 2 bus parking spaces.	n/a	n/a	LRV
Bulk landscape supplies	1 space per 50m ² GFA and outdoor display area.	1 space per 200m ² of GFA.	n/a	MRV
Caretaker's accommodation	A minimum of 1 space	n/a	n/a	n/a
Child care centre	1 space per 10 children to be used for setting down and picking up of children, with a minimum of 3 car spaces to be provided for set down and collection; plus 1 space per employee. Any drive-through facility can provide tandem short term parking for 3 car spaces for setting down/picking up of children, on the basis that a passing lane is provided and line-marked to be kept clear of standing vehicles at all times.	n/a	n/a	VAN
Club	Unlicensed clubrooms: 1 space per 45m2 of GFA. Licensed clubrooms: 1 space per 15m² of GFA.	1 space per 4 employees.	n/a	Licensed and equal or greater than 1500m ² : RCV Other: VAN
Community care centre	1 space per 20m² of GFA.	A minimum of 1 space.	n/a	RCV
Community residence	A minimum of 2 spaces.	A minimum of 1 space.	n/a	VAN
Community use	1 space per 15m ² GFA.	1 space per 100m2 of GFA.	n/a	RCV

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
Dual occupancy	A minimum of 2 spaces per dwelling unit which may be in tandem with a minimum of 1 covered space per dwelling unit.	n/a	n/a	n/a
Dwelling house	A minimum of 2 spaces which may be in tandem plus 1 space for a secondary dwelling	n/a	n/a	n/a
Dwelling unit	1.5 spaces per one or two bedroom unit; or 2 spaces per three bedroom unit.	n/a	n/a	n/a
Educational establishment	Primary school or secondary schools: 1 car space per 2 staff members, plus provision of space to be used for setting down and picking up of students. Tertiary and further education: 1 car space per 2 staff members, plus 1 car space per 10 students, plus provision of space to be used for setting down and picking up of students.	Primary school or secondary schools: 1 space per 5 students over year 4. Tertiary and further education: 2 spaces per 50 full time students.	Required for all educational establishments with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	RCV
Food and drink outlet	1 space per 25m ² GFA and outdoor dining area. or If within Precinct 1: Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan or if with Precinct 5: Town centre precinct in the Mossman local plan: 1 space per 50m ² of GFA, and outdoor dining area.	1 space per 100m² of GFA, and outdoor dining area.	n/a	See Table Error! No text of specified style in documentd
Function facility	1 space per 15m² GFA.	1 space per 100m² of GFA.	n/a	RCV
Funeral parlour	1 space per 15m² GFA.	n/a	n/a	RCV
Garden centre	1 space per 50m ² GFA and outdoor display area	1 space per 200m ² of GFA.	n/a	AV
Hardware and trade supplies	1 space per 50m ² GFA and outdoor display area	1 space per 200m ² of GFA.	n/a	AV

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
Health care services	1 space per 20m2 of GFA.	1 space per 100m ² of GFA.	Required for all health care services with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	VAN
High impact industry	1 space per 90m² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	AV
Home based business	The parking required for the dwelling house, plus 1 space per bedroom where the Home based business involves the provision of accommodation; or 1 space per 25m ² GFA for any other Home Based Business.	n/a	n/a	n/a
Hospital	The greater of 1 space per 2 bedrooms or 1 space per 4 beds; plus 1 car space for ambulance parking, designated accordingly.	1 space per 100m ² of GFA.	Required for all hospitals with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	RCV
Hotel			n/a	LRV
Indoor sport and recreation	Squash court or another court game: 4 spaces per court. Basketball, netball, soccer, cricket: 25 spaces per court / pitch. Ten pin bowling: 3 spaces per bowling lane. Gymnasium: 1 space per 15m² of GFA.	1 space per 4 employees.	n/a	RCV
Low impact industry	1 space per 90m² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	AV

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
Marine industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	AV
Medium impact industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	AV
Multiple dwelling	If within Precinct 1: Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie Local plan: 1 car space per dwelling unit. If outside Precinct 1: Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie Local plan: 1.5 car spaces per dwelling unit In all cases 60% of the car parking area is to be covered.	1 bicycle space per 3 units and 1 visitor bicycle space per 12 units.	n/a	RCV (over 10 units)
Office	1 space per 25m ² of GFA or If within Precinct 1 : Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan or if with Precinct 5: Town centre precinct in the Mossman local plan: 1 space per 50m ² of GFA	1 space per 200m ² GFA	Required for all office development with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	See Table Error! No text of specified style in documente
Outdoor sales	1 space per 50m ² GFA and outdoor display area	1 space per 200m² of GFA.	n/a	AV
Outdoor sport and recreation	Coursing, horse racing, pacing, trotting: 1 space per 5 seated spectators, plus 1 space per 5m² of other spectator areas. Football: 50 spaces per field. Lawn bowls: 30 spaces per green.	Football: 5 space per field. Lawn bowls: 5 spaces per green. Swimming pool: 1 space per swimming lane. Tennis court or other	n/a	RCV
	Swimming pool: 15 spaces; plus	court game:		

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
	1 space per 100m² of useable site area. Tennis court or other court game: 4 spaces per court. Golf course: 4 spaces per tee on the course. Note - Use standard for Club for clubhouse component.	4 space per court. Golf course: 1 space per 15m² of GFA for clubhouse component.		
Place of worship	1 space per 15m ² of GFA.	1 space per 100m ² of GFA.	n/a	LRV
Relocatable home park	space per relocatable home site; plus 0.1 space per relocatable home site for visitor parking; plus space for an on-site manager	n/a	n/a	LRV
Research and technology industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	MRV
Residential care facility	1 visitor car space per 5 bedroom units; plus 1 car space per 2 staff members	n/a	n/a	LRV
Resort complex	Use standard for relevant standard for each component. For example: Use Short Term Accommodation standard for accommodation component and Food and Drink Outlet for restaurant component.	Use standard for relevant standard for each component. For example: Use Short Term Accommodation standard for accommodation component and Food and Drink Outlet for restaurant component.	n/a	RCV
Retirement facility	1 space per dwelling unit;	n/a	n/a	LRV

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
	plus 1 visitor space per 5 dwelling units; plus 1 visitor car space per 10 hostel units, nursing home or similar beds, plus 1 car space per 2 staff members; plus 1 car parking space for ambulance parking.			
Sales office	A minimum of 1 space.	n/a	n/a	n/a
Service industry	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	SRV
Service station	1 space per 25m ² of GFA	n/a	n/a	AV
Shop	1 space per 25m ² of GFA. or If within Precinct 1: Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan or if with Precinct 5: Town centre precinct in the Mossman local plan: 1 space per 50m ² of GFA.	1 space per 100m ² of GFA.	Required for all shops with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	See Table Error! No text of specified style in documentd
Shopping centre	opping centre 1 space per 25m² of GFA. or If within Precinct 1 : Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan or if with Precinct 5: Town centre precinct in the Mossman local plan: 1 space per 50m² of GFA.		Required for all shopping centres with a GFA greater than 2000m ² .	See Table Error! No text of specified style in documentd
Short term accommodation	If within Precinct 1: Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan: 0.5 car spaces per dwelling unit. If outside Precinct 1: Port Douglas precinct in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan: For up to 5 units: 1 car space per dwelling unit, plus 1 space for visitors and 1 service/staff spaces. For 5 – 10 units: 1 car space per dwelling unit, plus 2 spaces for visitors and 1 service/staff spaces.	1 space per 10 rooms	n/a	SRV

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
	For over 10 units: 0.75 car spaces per dwelling unit, plus 3 spaces for visitors and 2 service/staff parking for the first 10 units and 0.5 additional service/staff space per 10 units, there-above.			
	In all cases 60% of the car parking area is to be covered.			
	Note: Where Short term accommodation is to be inter-changeable with a Multiple dwelling land use, multiple dwelling parking rates apply.			
Showroom	1 space per 50m² GFA.	1 space per 200m ² GFA.	n/a	AV
Special industry	1 space per 90m² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	AV
Tourist park	1 car space per caravan site, tent site or cabin; plus 1 visitor car space per 10 caravan sites, tent sites or cabins; plus 1 car space for an on-site manager.	n/a	n/a	LRV
Theatre	Indoor: 1 space per 15m ² of GFA.	1 space per 200m ² GFA.	n/a	VAN
	Outdoor cinema: 1 space per 5m² of designated viewing area, plus 1 car space per 2 employees.			
Veterinary services	1 space per 50m² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	VAN
Warehouse	1 space per 90m ² of GFA.	n/a	n/a	Where self-storage: RCV Other: AV
Any use not otherwise specified in this table.	Sufficient spaces to accommodate number of vehicles likely to be parked at any one time.	Sufficient spaces to accommodate number		To be determined

Land use	Minimum number of ordinary vehicle parking spaces	Minimum number of bicycle spaces	End of trip facilities	Minimum standard design service vehicle (refer to Table 9.4.1.3c)
		of vehicles likely to be parked at any one time.		

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..c – Design vehicles

VAN	A 99.8th percentile vehicle equivalent to a large car.
SRV	Small rigid vehicle as in AS2890.2-2002 parking facilities – Off-street commercial vehicle facilities, but incorporating a body width of 2.33m
MRV	Medium rigid vehicle equivalent to an 8-tonne truck.
LRV	Large rigid vehicle described by AS2890.2-2002 parking facilities – Off-street commercial vehicle facilities as heavy rigid vehicle.
RCV	Industrial refuse collection vehicle
AV	19 metre articulated vehicle from AUSTROADS

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..d – Standard number of service bays required for Food and drink outlet, Shop or Shopping centre

Gross floor area (m²)	Service bays required			
	VAN	SRV	MRV	LRV
0-199	-	1	-	-
200 – 599	1	-	1	-
600 – 999	1	1	1	-
1000 – 1499	2	1	1	-
1500 – 1999	2	2	1	-
2000 – 2799	2	2	2	-
2800 – 3599	2	2	2	1
3600 and over		To be determined via a parking study.		

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..e – Standard number of service bays required for Office

Gross floor area (m²)	Service bays required			
	VAN	SRV	MRV	LRV
0-999	-	1	-	-
1000 – 2499	1	-	1	-
2500 – 3999	2	1	1	-
4000 – 5999	3	1	1	-
6000 – 7999	4	1	1	-
8000 – 9999	4	2	1	-
10000 and over		To be determined via a parking study.		

Environmental performance code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) building work for outdoor lighting;
 - (b) a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (i) assessable development where the code is identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment; or
 - (ii) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.

Note – Where for the purpose of lighting a tennis court in a Residential zone, a compliance statement prepared by a suitably qualified person must be submitted to Council with the development application for building work.

(2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Environmental performance code is to ensure development is designed and operated to avoid or mitigate impacts on sensitive receiving environments.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) activities that have potential to cause an adverse impact on amenity of adjacent and surrounding land, or environmental harm is avoided through location, design and operation of the development;
 - (b) sensitive land uses are protected from amenity related impacts of lighting, odour, airborne particles and noise, through design and operation of the development;
 - (c) stormwater flowing over, captured or discharged from development sites is of a quality adequate to enter receiving waters and downstream environments;
 - (d) development contributes to the removal and ongoing management of weed species.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Environmental performance code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Lighting		
PO1	AO1.1	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Lighting incorporated within development does not cause an adverse impact on the amenity of adjacent uses and nearby sensitive land uses.	Technical parameters, design, installation, operation and maintenance of outdoor lighting comply with the requirements of Australian standard AS4282-1997 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.	
	AO1.2 Development that involves flood lighting is restricted to a type that gives no upward component of light where mounted horizontally.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO1.3 Access, car parking and manoeuvring areas are designed to shield nearby residential premises from impacts of vehicle headlights.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Noise		
PO2 Potential noise generated from the development is avoided through design, location and operation of the activity. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	AO2.1 Development does not involve activities that would cause noise related environmental harm or nuisance; or AO2.2 Development ensures noise does not emanate from the site through the use of materials, structures and architectural features to not cause an adverse noise impact on adjacent uses.	Proposal complies.
	AO2.3 The design and layout of development ensures car parking areas avoid noise impacting directly on adjacent sensitive land uses through one or more of the following: (a) car parking is located away from adjacent sensitive land uses;	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	 (b) car parking is enclosed within a building; (c) a noise ameliorating fence or structure is established adjacent to car parking areas where the fence or structure will not have a visual amenity impact on the adjoining premises; (d) buffered with dense landscaping. Editor's note - The Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 2008, Schedule 1 provides guidance on acoustic quality objectives to ensure environmental harm (including nuisance) is avoided. 	
Airborne particles and other emissions		
PO3 Potential airborne particles and emissions generated from the development are avoided through design, location and operation of the activity. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	AO3.1 Development does not involve activities that will result in airborne particles or emissions being generated; or AO3.2 The design, layout and operation of the development activity ensures that no airborne particles or emissions cause environmental harm or nuisance. Note - examples of activities which generally cause airborne particles include spray painting, abrasive blasting, manufacturing activities and car wash facilities. Examples of emissions include exhaust ventilation from basement or enclosed parking structures, air conditioning/refrigeration ventilation and exhaustion. The Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 2008, Schedule 1 provides guidance on air quality objectives to ensure environmental harm (including nuisance) is avoided.	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
Odours			
PO4 Potential odour causing activities associated with the development are avoided through design, location and operation of the activity. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	AO4.1 The development does not involve activities that create odorous emissions; or AO4.2 The use does not result in odour that causes environmental harm or nuisance with respect to surrounding land uses.	Proposal complies.	
Waste and recyclable material storage			
PO5 Waste and recyclable material storage facilities are located and maintained to not cause adverse impacts on adjacent uses. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management	AO5.1 The use ensures that all putrescent waste is stored in a manner that prevents odour nuisance and is disposed of at regular intervals.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.	
plans provides guidance on préparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	Waste and recyclable material storage facilities are located, designed and maintained to not cause an adverse impact on users of the premises and adjacent uses through consideration of: (a) the location of the waste and recyclable material storage areas in relation to the noise and odour generated; (b) the number of receptacles provided in relation to the collection, maintenance and use of the receptacles; (c) the durability of the receptacles, sheltering and potential impacts of local climatic conditions; (d) the ability to mitigate spillage, seepage or leakage from receptacles into adjacent	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	areas and sensitive receiving waters and environments.	
	Editor's note - the <i>Environmental Protection (Waste Management) Policy 2008</i> provides guidance on the design of waste containers (receptacles) to ensure environmental harm (including nuisance) is avoided.	
Sensitive land use activities		
PO6 Sensitive land use activities are not established in areas which will receive potentially incompatible impacts on amenity from surrounding, existing development activities and land uses.	AO6.1 Sensitive land use activities are not established in areas that will be adversely impacted upon by existing land uses, activities and potential development possible in an area; or AO6.2 Sensitive land activities are located in areas where potential adverse amenity impacts mitigate all potential impacts through layout, design, operation and maintenance.	Proposal complies.
Stormwater quality		
PO7 The quality of stormwater flowing over, through or being discharged from development activities into watercourses and drainage lines is of adequate quality for downstream environments, with respect to: (a) the amount and type of pollutants borne from the activity; (b) maintaining natural stream flows; (c) the amount and type of site disturbance; (d) site management and control measures.	AO7.1 Development activities are designed to ensure stormwater over roofed and hard stand areas is directed to a lawful point of discharge.	Proposal is capable of complying.
	AO7.2 Development ensures movement of stormwater over the site is not impeded or directed through potentially polluting activities. AO7.3	Proposal is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Soil and water control measures are incorporated into the activity's design and operation to control sediment and erosion potentially entering watercourses, drainage lines and downstream receiving waters. Note - Planning scheme policy - FNQROC Regional Development Manual provides guidance on soil and water control measures to meet the requirements of the Environmental Protection Act 1994. During construction phases of development, contractors and builders are to have consideration in their work methods and site preparation for their environmental duty to protect stormwater quality.	Proposal is capable of complying.
Pest plants (for material change of use on vacant land	l over 1,000m²)	
PO8 Development activities and sites provide for the removal of all pest plants and implement ongoing measures to ensure that pest plants do not reinfest the site or nearby sites. Editor's note - This does not remove or replace all land owner's obligations or responsibilities under the Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002.	AO8.1 The land is free of declared pest plants before development establishes new buildings, structures and practices; or AO8.2 Pest plants detected on a development site are removed in accordance with a management plan prepared by an appropriately qualified person prior to construction of buildings and structures or earthworks. Note - A declaration from an appropriately qualified person validates the land being free from pest plants. Declared pest plants include locally declared and State declared pest plants.	Proposal is capable of complying.

Infrastructure works code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) operational work which requires an assessment as a condition of a development permit or is assessable development if this code is identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment;
 - (b) a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (i) assessable development where this code is identified in the assessment criteria column of the table of assessment;
 - (ii) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.

Note – The Filling and excavation code applies to operational work for filling and excavation.

(2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Infrastructure works code is to ensure that development is safely and efficiently serviced by, and connected to, infrastructure.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) the standards of water supply, waste water treatment and disposal, stormwater drainage, local electricity supply, telecommunications, footpaths and road construction meet the needs of development and are safe and efficient;
 - (b) development maintains high environmental standards;
 - (c) development is located, designed, constructed and managed to avoid or minimise impacts arising from altered stormwater quality or flow, wastewater discharge, and the creation of non-tidal artificial waterways;
 - (d) the integrity of existing infrastructure is maintained;
 - (e) development does not detract from environmental values or the desired character and amenity of an area.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Infrastructure works code -assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self-assessable and assessable development		
Works on a local government road		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO1 Works on a local government road do not adversely impact on footpaths or existing infrastructure within the road verge and maintain the flow, safety and efficiency of pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.	AO1.1 Footpaths/pathways are located in the road verge and are provided for the hierarchy of the road and located and designed and constructed in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO1.2 Kerb ramp crossovers are constructed in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC 5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO1.3 New pipes, cables, conduits or other similar infrastructure required to cross existing footpaths: (a) are installed via trenchless methods; or (b) where footpath infrastructure is removed to install infrastructure, the new section of footpath is installed to the standard detailed in the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, and is not less than a 1.2 metre section.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO1.4 Where existing footpaths are damaged as a result of development, footpaths are reinstated ensuring: (a) similar surface finishes are used; (b) there is no change in level at joins of new and existing sections; (c) new sections are matched to existing in terms of dimension and reinforcement.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Note – Figure Error! No text of specified style in documenta provides guidance on meeting the outcomes.	
	AO1.5 Decks, verandahs, stairs, posts and other structures located in the road reserve do not restrict or impede pedestrian movement on footpaths or change the level of the road verges.	Proposal complies.
Accessibility structures		
PO2 Development is designed to ensure it is accessible for people of all abilities and accessibility features do not impact on the efficient and safe use of footpaths.	AO2.1 Accessibility structures are not located within the road reserve.	Proposal complies.
Note – Accessibility features are those features required to ensure access to premises is provided for people of all abilities and include ramps and lifts.	AO2.2 Accessibility structures are designed in accordance with AS1428.3.	Proposal complies.
	AO2.3 When retrofitting accessibility features in existing buildings, all structures and changes in grade are contained within the boundaries of the lot and not within the road reserve.	N/A
Water supply		
PO3 An adequate, safe and reliable supply of potable, fire fighting and general use water is provided.	AO3.1 The premises is connected to Council's reticulated water supply system in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D6 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO3.2	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Where a reticulated water supply system is not available to the premises, on site water storage tank/s with a minimum capacity of 10,000 litres of stored water, with a minimum 7,500 litre tank, with the balance from other sources (e.g. accessible swimming pool, dam etc.) and access to the tank/s for fire trucks is provided for each new house or other development. Tank/s are to be fitted with a 50mm ball valve with a camlock fitting and installed and connected prior to occupation of the house and sited to be visually unobtrusive.	
Treatment and disposal of effluent		
Provision is made for the treatment and disposal of effluent to ensure that there are no adverse impacts on water quality and no adverse ecological impacts as a result of the system or as a result of increasing the cumulative effect of systems in the locality.	AO4.1 The site is connected to Council's sewerage system and the extension of or connection to the sewerage system is designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D7 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or AO4.2 Where not in a sewerage scheme area, the proposed disposal system meets the requirements of Section 33 of the Environmental Protection Policy (Water) 1997 and the proposed on site effluent disposal system is designed in accordance with the Plumbing and Drainage Act (2002).	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Stormwater quality		

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO5 Development is planned, designed, constructed and operated to avoid or minimise adverse impacts on stormwater quality in natural and developed catchments by: (a) achieving stormwater quality objectives;	AO5.1 A connection is provided from the premises to Council's drainage system; or	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
(a) achieving stormwater quality objectives;(b) protecting water environmental values;(c) maintaining waterway hydrology.	AO5.2 An underground drainage system is constructed to convey stormwater from the premises to Council's drainage system in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D4 and D5 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO5.3 A stormwater quality management plan is prepared, and provides for achievable stormwater quality treatment measures meeting design objectives listed in Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb and Table Error! No text of specified style in documentc, reflecting land use constraints, such as: (a) erosive, dispersive and/or saline soil types; (b) landscape features (including landform); (c) acid sulfate soil and management of nutrients of concern; (d) rainfall erosivity.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO5.4 Erosion and sediment control practices are designed, installed, constructed, monitored, maintained, and carried out in accordance with an erosion and sediment control plan.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO5.5	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Development incorporates stormwater flow control measures to achieve the design objectives set out in Table Error! No text of specified style in documentb and Table Error! No text of specified style in documentc, including management of frequent flows, peak flows, and construction phase hydrological impacts. Note – Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual provides guidance on soil and water control measures to meet the requirements of the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i> . Note – During construction phases of development, contractors and builders are to have consideration in their work methods and site preparation for their environmental duty to protect stormwater quality.	
Non-tidal artificial waterways		
PO6 Development involving non-tidal artificial waterways is planned, designed, constructed and operated to: (a) protect water environmental values; (b) be compatible with the land use constraints for the site for protecting water environmental values; (c) be compatible with existing tidal and non-tidal waterways; (d) perform a function in addition to stormwater management; (e) achieve water quality objectives.	AO6.1 Development involving non-tidal artificial waterways ensures: (a) environmental values in downstream waterways are protected; (b) any ground water recharge areas are not affected; (c) the location of the waterway incorporates low lying areas of the catchment connected to an existing waterway; (d) existing areas of ponded water are included.	N/A
	AO6.2 Non-tidal artificial waterways are located: (a) outside natural wetlands and any associated buffer areas; (b) to minimise disturbing soils or sediments;	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(c) to avoid altering the natural hydrologic regime in acid sulfate soil and nutrient hazardous areas.	
	AO6.3 Non-tidal artificial waterways located adjacent to, or connected to a tidal waterway by means of a weir, lock, pumping system or similar ensures: (a) there is sufficient flushing or a tidal range of >0.3 m; or (b) any tidal flow alteration does not adversely impact on the tidal waterway; or (c) there is no introduction of salt water into freshwater environments.	N/A
	AO6.4 Non-tidal artificial waterways are designed and managed for any of the following end-use purposes: (a) amenity (including aesthetics), landscaping or recreation; or (b) flood management, in accordance with a drainage catchment management plan; or (c) stormwater harvesting plan as part of an integrated water cycle management plan; or (d) aquatic habitat.	N/A
	AO6.5 The end-use purpose of the non-tidal artificial waterway is designed and operated in a way that protects water environmental values.	N/A
	AO6.6 Monitoring and maintenance programs adaptively manage water quality to achieve	N/A

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	relevant water quality objectives downstream of the waterway.	
	AO6.7 Aquatic weeds are managed to achieve a low percentage of coverage of the water surface area, and pests and vectors are managed through design and maintenance.	N/A
Wastewater discharge		
Discharge of wastewater to waterways, or off site: (a) meets best practice environmental management; (b) is treated to: (i) meet water quality objectives for its receiving waters; (ii) avoid adverse impact on ecosystem health or waterway health; (iii) maintain ecological processes, riparian vegetation and waterway integrity; (iv) offset impacts on high ecological value waters.	AO7.1 A wastewater management plan is prepared and addresses: (a) wastewater type; (b) climatic conditions; (c) water quality objectives; (d) best practice environmental management. AO7.2 The waste water management plan is managed in accordance with a waste management hierarchy that: (a) avoids wastewater discharge to waterways; or (b) if wastewater discharge cannot	Proposal complies or is capable of complying. Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	practicably be avoided, minimises wastewater discharge to waterways by re- use, recycling, recovery and treatment for disposal to sewer, surface water and ground water. AO7.3 Wastewater discharge is managed to avoid or minimise the release of nutrients of concern so as to minimise the occurrence, frequency and intensity of algal blooms.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO7.4 Development in coastal catchments avoids or minimises and appropriately manages soil disturbance or altering natural hydrology and: (a) avoids lowering ground water levels where potential or actual acid sulfate soils are present; (b) manages wastewater so that: (i) the pH of any wastewater discharges is maintained between 6.5 and 8.5 to avoid mobilisation of acid, iron, aluminium and other metals; (ii) holding times of neutralised wastewater ensures the flocculation and removal of any dissolved iron prior to release; (iii) visible iron floc is not present in any discharge; (iv) precipitated iron floc is contained and disposed of; (v) wastewater and precipitates that cannot be contained and treated for discharge on site are removed and disposed of through trade waste or another lawful method.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Electricity supply		
PO8 Development is provided with a source of power that will meet its energy needs.	AO8.1 A connection is provided from the premises to the electricity distribution network; or AO8.2 The premises is connected to the electricity distribution network in accordance with the	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual. Note - Areas north of the Daintree River have a different standard.	
PO9 Development incorporating pad-mount electricity infrastructure does not cause an adverse impact on amenity.	AO9.1 Pad-mount electricity infrastructure is: (a) not located in land for open space or sport and recreation purposes; (b) screened from view by landscaping or fencing; (c) accessible for maintenance. AO9.2 Pad-mount electricity infrastructure within a building, in a Town Centre is designed and located to enable an active street frontage. Note – Pad-mounts in buildings in activity centres should not be located on the street frontage.	N/A
Telecommunications		
PO10 Development is connected to a telecommunications service approved by the relevant telecommunication regulatory authority.	AO10 The development is connected to telecommunications infrastructure in accordance with the standards of the relevant regulatory authority.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO11 Provision is made for future telecommunications services (e.g. fibre optic cable).	AO11 Conduits are provided in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Road construction		
PO12	AO12.1	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
The road to the frontage of the premises is constructed to provide for the safe and efficient movement of: (a) pedestrians and cyclists to and from the site; (b) pedestrians and cyclists adjacent to the site; (c) vehicles on the road adjacent to the site; (d) vehicles to and from the site; (e) emergency vehicles.	The road to the frontage of the site is constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D1 and D3 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, for the particular class of road, as identified in the road hierarchy.	
	AO12.2 There is existing road, kerb and channel for the full road frontage of the site.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO12.3 Road access minimum clearances of 3.5 metres wide and 4.8 metres high are provided for the safe passage of emergency vehicles.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Alterations and repairs to public utility services		
PO13 Infrastructure is integrated with, and efficiently extends, existing networks.	AO13 Development is designed to allow for efficient connection to existing infrastructure networks.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO14 Development and works do not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations.	AO14.1 Public utility mains, services and installations are not required to be altered or repaired as a result of the development; or	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO14.2 Public utility mains, services and installations are altered or repaired in association with the works so that they continue to function and satisfy the relevant Design Guidelines set out in Section D8 of the Planning scheme policy	

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	
Construction management		
PO15 Work is undertaken in a manner which minimises adverse impacts on vegetation that is to be retained.	 AO15 Works include, at a minimum: (a) installation of protective fencing around retained vegetation during construction; (b) erection of advisory signage; (c) no disturbance, due to earthworks or storage of plant, materials and equipment, of ground level and soils below the canopy of any retained vegetation; (d) removal from the site of all declared noxious weeds. 	Proposal is capable of complying.
PO16 Existing infrastructure is not damaged by construction activities.	AO16 Construction, alterations and any repairs to infrastructure is undertaken in accordance with the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual. Note - Construction, alterations and any repairs to State-controlled roads and rail corridors are undertaken in accordance with the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994.	Proposal is capable of complying.
For assessable development		
High speed telecommunication infrastructure		
PO17 Development provides infrastructure to facilitate the roll out of high speed telecommunications infrastructure.	AO17 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Trade waste		
PO18	AO18	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Where relevant, the development is capable of providing for the storage, collection treatment and disposal of trade waste such that: (a) off-site releases of contaminants do not occur; (b) the health and safety of people and the environment are protected; (c) the performance of the wastewater system is not put at risk.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	
Fire services in developments accessed by common p	private title	
PO19 Hydrants are located in positions that will enable fire services to access water safely, effectively and efficiently.	AO19.1 Residential streets and common access ways within a common private title places hydrants at intervals of no more than 120 metres and at each intersection. Hydrants may have a single outlet and be situated above or below ground. AO19.2 Commercial and industrial streets and access ways within a common private title serving commercial properties such as factories and warehouses and offices are provided with above or below ground fire hydrants located at not more than 90 metre intervals and at each intersection. Above ground fire hydrants have dual-valved outlets.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying. Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO20 Hydrants are suitable identified so that fire services can locate them at all hours.	AO20 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
Note – Hydrants are identified as specified in the Department of Transport and Main Roads Technical Note: 'Identification of street hydrants for fire fighting purposes' available under 'Publications'.		

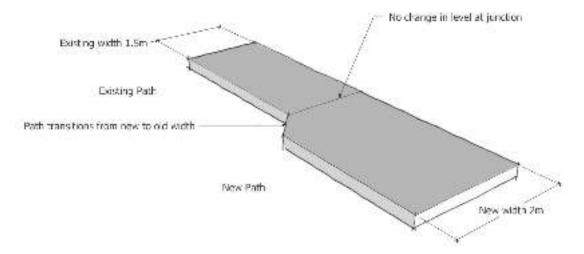
Table Error! No text of specified style in document..b – Stormwater management design objectives (Construction phase).

Issue	Design objectives
Drainage control (Temporary drainage works)	 (a) Design life and design storm for temporary drainage works: (vi) Disturbed open area for <12 months – 1 in 2 year ARI event; (vii) Disturbed open area for 12-24 months – 1 in 5 year ARI event; (viii) Disturbed open area for >24 months – 1 in 10 year ARI event. (b) Design capacity excludes minimum 150mm freeboard. (c) Temporary culvert crossing – minimum of 1 in 1-year ARI hydraulic capacity.
Erosion control (Erosion control measures)	 (a) Minimise exposure of disturbed soils at any time. (b) Divert water run-off from undisturbed areas around disturbed areas. (c) Determine erosion risk rating using local rainfall erosivity, rainfall depth, soil loss rate or other acceptable methods. (d) Implement erosion control methods corresponding to identified erosion risk rating.
Sediment control measures (sediment control measures, design storm for sediment control basins, Sediment basin dewatering)	 (a) Determine appropriate sediment control measures using: (i) potential soil loss rate; or (ii) monthly erosivity; or (iii) average monthly rainfall. (b) Collect and drain stormwater from disturbed soils to sediment basin for design storm event: (i) design storm for sediment basin sizing is 80th% five-day event or similar. (c) Site discharge during sediment basin dewatering: (i) TSS < 50mg/L TSS; (ii) Turbidity not > 10% receiving water's turbidity; (iii) pH 6.5-8.5.
Water quality (Litter and other waste, hydrocarbons and other contaminants)	 (a) Avoid wind-blown litter; remove grass pollutants. (b) Ensure there is no visible oil or grease sheen on released waters. (c) Dispose of waste containing contaminants at authorised facilities.
Waterway stability and flood flow management (Changes to the natural hydraulics and hydrology)	(a) For peak flow for the 100% AEP event and 1% AEP event, use constructed sediment basins to attenuate the discharge rate of stormwater from the site.

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..c – Stormwater management design objectives (post-construction phase)

Design objectives				Application
Minimum reduction (%)	s in mean annual loa	d from unmitigated	d development	
Total suspended solids (TSS)	Total phosphorus (TP)	Total nitrogen (TN)	Gross pollutants >5mm	
80	60	40	90	Development for urban purposes Excludes development that is less than 25% pervious. In lieu of modelling, the default bio-retention treatment area to comply with load reduction targets of 1.5% of contributing catchment area.
	gement 0% AEP event discharg ent peak 100% AEP ev		ng waterway to the	Catchments contributing to un-lined receiving waterway. Degraded waterways may seek alternative discharge management objectives to achieve waterway stability. For peak flow for the 100% AEP event, use co-located storages to attenuate site discharge rate of stormwater.

Figure Error! No text of specified style in document..a – New footpath sections



Landscaping code

Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing:
 - (a) operational work which requires a compliance assessment as a condition of a development permit; or
 - (b) a material change of use or reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (i) assessable development where this code is identified in the assessment criteria column of the table of assessment;
 - (ii) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Purpose

- The purpose of the Landscaping code is to assess the landscaping aspects of a development.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) The tropical, lush landscape character of the region is retained, promoted and enhanced through high quality landscape works;
 - (b) The natural environment of the region is enhanced;
 - (c) The visual quality, amenity and identity of the region is enhanced;
 - (d) Attractive streetscapes and public places are created through landscape design;
 - (e) As far as practical, existing vegetation on site is retained, and protected during works and integrated with the built environment;
 - (f) Landscaping is provided to enhance the tropical landscape character of development and the region;
 - (g) Landscaping is functional, durable, contributes to passive energy conservation and provides for the efficient use of water and ease of ongoing maintenance;
 - (h) Landscaping takes into account utility service protection;
 - (i) Weed species and invasive species are eliminated from development sites;
 - (j) Landscape design enhances personal safety and incorporates CPTED principles.

Criteria for assessment

Table Error! No text of specified style in document..a - Landscaping code -assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self-assessable and assessable development		
Landscape design		
PO1	AO1	Proposal complies.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Development provides landscaping that contributes to and creates a high quality landscape character for the site, street and local areas of the Shire by: (a) promoting the Shire's character as a tropical environment; (b) softening the built form of development; (c) enhancing the appearance of the development from within and outside the development and makes a positive contribution to the streetscape; (d) screening the view of buildings, structures, open storage areas, service equipment, machinery plant and the like from public places, residences and other sensitive development; (e) where necessary, ensuring the privacy of habitable rooms and private outdoor recreation areas; (f) contributing to a comfortable living environment and improved energy efficiency, by providing shade to reduce glare and heat absorption and re-radiation from buildings, parking areas and other hard surfaces; (g) ensuring private outdoor recreation space is useable; (h) providing long term soil erosion protection; (i) providing a safe environment; (j) integrating existing vegetation and other natural features of the premises into the development; (k) not adversely affecting vehicular and pedestrian sightlines and road safety.	Development provides landscaping: (a) in accordance with the minimum area, dimensions and other requirements of applicable development codes; (b) that is designed and planned in a way that meets the guidelines for landscaping outlined in Planning Scheme Policy SC6.7 — Landscaping; (c) that is carried out and maintained in accordance with a landscaping plan that meets the guidelines for landscaping outlined in Planning Scheme Policy SC6.7 — Landscaping. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.7 — Landscaping provides guidance on meeting the outcomes of this code. A landscape plan submitted for approval in accordance with the Planning policy is one way to achieve this outcome.	
For assessable development		
PO2 Landscaping contributes to a sense of place, is functional to the surroundings and enhances the streetscape and visual appearance of the development.	AO2.1 No acceptable outcomes are specified. Note - Landscaping is in accordance with the requirements specified in Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO2.2 Tropical urbanism is incorporated into building design.	Proposal complies.
	Note – 'Tropical urbanism' includes many things such as green walls, green roofs, podium planting and vegetation incorporated into the design of a building.	
PO3 Development provides landscaping that is, as far as practical, consistent with the existing desirable landscape character of the area and protects trees, vegetation and other features of ecological, recreational, aesthetic and cultural value.	AO3.1 Existing vegetation on site is retained and incorporated into the site design, wherever possible, utilising the methodologies and principles outline in AS4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites.	It is not practical to incorporate existing vegetation in this instance.
	AO3.2 Mature vegetation on the site that is removed or damaged during development is replaced with advanced species.	N/A
	AO3.3 Where there is an existing landscape character in a street or locality which results from existing vegetation, similar species are incorporated into new development.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO3.4 Street trees are species which enhance the landscape character of the streetscape, with species chosen from the Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO4 Plant species are selected with consideration to the scale and form of development, screening, buffering, streetscape, shading and the locality of the area.	AO4 Species are selected in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO5	AO5	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Shade planting is provided in car parking areas where uncovered or open, and adjacent to driveways and internal roadways.	Species are selected in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	
PO6 Landscaped areas are designed in order to allow for efficient maintenance.	AO6.1 A maintenance program is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO6.2 Tree maintenance is to have regard to the 'Safe Useful Life Expectancy of Trees (SULE).	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	Note – It may be more appropriate to replace trees with a SULE of less than 20 years (as an example), and replant with younger healthy species.	
PO7 Podium planting is provided with appropriate species for long term survival and ease of maintenance, with beds capable of proper drainage.	AO7.1 Podium planting beds are provided with irrigation and are connected to stormwater infrastructure to permit flush out.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
	AO7.2 Species of plants are selected for long term performance designed to suit the degree of access to podiums and roof tops for maintenance.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.
PO8 Development provides for the removal of all weed and invasive species and implement on-going measures to ensure that weeds and invasive species do not reinfest the site and nearby premises.	AO8 Weed and invasive species detected on a development site are removed in accordance with a management plan prepared by an appropriately qualified person.	Proposal is capable of complying.
PO9 The landscape design enhances personal safety and reduces the potential for crime and vandalism.	AO9 No acceptable outcomes are specified.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.3 – Crime prevention through environmental design (CPTED) provides guidance on meeting this outcome.	
PO10 The location and type of plant species does not adversely affect the function and accessibility of services and facilities and service areas.	AO10 Species are selected in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Proposal complies or is capable of complying.