

15 December 2021

Enquiries: Daniel Lamond
Our Ref: ROL 2021_4484/1 (1056579)
Your Ref: PR150799

Administration Office
64 - 66 Front St Mossman
P 07 4099 9444
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Steelski Family Trust & J Arlidge
C/- RPS Australia East Pty Ltd
PO Box 1949
CAIRNS QLD 4870

Dear Sir/Madam

**Development Application for Reconfiguring a Lot (Boudary Realignment-2 lots to 2 lots & easement)
At 5967 Captain Cook Highway CRAIGLIE
On Land Described as LOT: 11 TYP: C PLN: 22510, LOT: 2 RP: 700333**

Please find attached the Decision Notice for the above-mentioned development application.

Please quote Council's application number: ROL 2021_4484/1 in all subsequent correspondence relating to this development application.

Should you require any clarification regarding this, please contact Daniel Lamond on telephone 07 4099 9444.

Yours faithfully



For
Paul Hoyer
Manager Environment & Planning

cc. State Assessment and Referral Agency (SARA) E: CairnsSARA@dilgp.qld.gov.au
encl.

- Decision Notice
 - Approved Drawing(s) and/or Document(s)
 - Concurrence Agency Response
 - Reasons for Decision
- Advice For Making Representations and Appeals (Decision Notice)

Decision Notice

Approval (with conditions)

Given under section 63 of the Planning Act 2016

Applicant Details

Name: Steelski Family Trust & J Arlidge
Postal Address: C/- RPS Australia East Pty Ltd
PO Box 1949
CAIRNS QLD 4870
Email: Stacey.Devaney@rpsgroup.com.au

Property Details

Street Address: 5967 Captain Cook Highway CRAIGLIE
Real Property Description: LOT: 11 TYP: C PLN: 22510, LOT: 2 RP: 700333
Local Government Area: Douglas Shire Council

Details of Proposed Development

Development Permit- Reconfiguring a Lot (Boundary realignment-2 lots to 2 lots & easement)

Decision

Date of Decision: 15 December 2021
Decision Details: Approved (subject to conditions)

Approved Drawing(s) and/or Document(s)

Copies of the following plans, specifications and/or drawings are enclosed.

Drawing or Document	Reference	Date
Plan of Lots 1 and 2 cancelling Lot 11 C22510 and Lot 2 RP700333	RPS Drawing PR150799-1	5 November 2021

Assessment Manager Conditions & Advices

1. Carry out the approved development generally in accordance with the approved drawing(s) and/or document(s), and in accordance with:-
 - a. The specifications, facts and circumstances as set out in the application submitted

to Council; and

- b. The following conditions of approval and the requirements of Council's Planning Scheme and the FNQROC Development Manual.

Except where modified by these conditions of approval.

Timing of Effect

2. The conditions of the Development Permit must be effected prior to the approval and dating of the Plan of Survey, except where specified otherwise in these conditions of approval.

Easements

3. Provide access easement documents to be submitted to Council for the approval of Council's solicitors at no cost to Council. The approved easement documents must be submitted at the same time as seeking approval of the Plan of Survey and must be lodged and registered with the Department of Resources in conjunction with the Plan of Survey.

General External Works

4. Undertake the following external works:-
 - a. Upgrade the vehicle crossing to be in accordance with plans approved in the State Assessment and Referral Agency response.

Further Development Permits

Not applicable

Concurrence Agency Response

Concurrence Agency			Concurrence Reference	Agency Date	Doc ID
State Assessment and Referral Agency			2111-25889 SRA	10 December 2021	1055888

Note – Concurrence Agency Response is attached. This Concurrence Agency Response maybe amended by agreement with the respective agency.

Currency Period for the Approval

This approval, granted under the provisions of the *Planning Act 2016*, shall lapse six (6) years from the day the approval takes effect in accordance with the provisions of Section 85 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Rights to make Representations & Rights of Appeal

The rights of applicants to make representations and rights to appeal to a Tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against decisions about a development application are set out in Chapter 6, Part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

A copy of the relevant appeal provisions are attached.

Approved Drawing(s) and/or Document(s)

Concurrence Agency Conditions

Attachment 2—Advice to the applicant

General advice	
1.	<p>Terms and phrases</p> <p>Terms and phrases used in this document are defined in the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> its regulation or the State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP) v2.6. If a word remains undefined it has its ordinary meaning.</p>
2.	<p>Corridor Transport Noise</p> <p>Mandatory Part (MP) 4.4 of the Queensland Development Code (QDC) commenced on 1 September 2010 and applies to building work for the construction or renovation of a residential building in a designated <i>transport noise corridor</i>. MP4.4 seeks to ensure that the habitable rooms of Class 1, 2, 3 and 4 buildings located in a <i>transport noise corridor</i> are designed and constructed to reduce transport noise. <i>Transport noise corridor</i> means land designated under Chapter 8B of the <i>Building Act 1975</i> as a <i>transport noise corridor</i>. Information about <i>transport noise corridors</i> is available at state and local government offices.</p> <p>A free online search tool can be used to find out whether a property is located in a designated <i>transport noise corridor</i>. This tool is available at the State Planning Policy Interactive Mapping System website: https://spp.dsdlp.esriaustraliaonline.com.au/geoviewer/map/planmaking and allows searches on a registered lot number and/or property address to determine whether and how the QDC applies to the land. Transport Noise Corridors are located under Information Purposes within Transport Infrastructure of the State Planning Policy (SPP) mapping system.</p>
Further permits required	
3.	<p>Road works approval</p> <p>Under section 33 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>, written approval is required from the Department of Transport and Main Roads to carry out road works.</p> <p>Please contact the Department of Transport and Main Roads on 4045 7144 to make an application for road works approval.</p> <p>This approval must be obtained prior to commencing any works on the state-controlled road reserve. The approval process may require the approval of engineering designs of the proposed works, certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ).</p> <p>Please contact the Department of Transport and Main Roads as soon as possible to ensure that gaining approval does not delay construction.</p>

Attachment 3—Reasons for referral agency response

(Given under section 56(7) of the *Planning Act 2016*)

The reasons for the department's decision are:

- The subject site is connected to existing council services, infrastructure and essential utilities.
- The proposed development is unlikely to result in increased stormwater and drainage runoff on the state-controlled road.
- The new access crossover will be designed and constructed to ensure that the vehicular access is consistent with the function and design of the state-controlled road.
- The proposed development is not increasing traffic generation and is therefore unlikely to cause queuing on the state-controlled road.
- Any proposed development on the subject site is unlikely to create a safety hazard in the state-controlled road.

Material used in the assessment of the application:

- The development application material and submitted plans
- *Planning Act 2016*
- Planning Regulation 2017
- The *State Development Assessment Provisions* (version 2.6), as published by the department
- The Development Assessment Rules
- SARA DA Mapping system
- State Planning Policy mapping system

Attachment 4—Change representation provisions

(page left intentionally blank – attached separately)

Attachment 5—Approved plans and specifications

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Development Assessment Rules—Representations about a referral agency response

The following provisions are those set out in sections 28 and 30 of the Development Assessment Rules¹ regarding representations about a referral agency response

Part 6: Changes to the application and referral agency responses

28 Concurrence agency changes its response or gives a late response

- 28.1. Despite part 2, a concurrence agency may, after its referral agency assessment period and any further period agreed ends, change its referral agency response or give a late referral agency response before the application is decided, subject to section 28.2 and 28.3.
- 28.2. A concurrence agency may change its referral agency response at any time before the application is decided if—
- (a) the change is in response to a change which the assessment manager is satisfied is a change under section 26.1; or
 - (b) the Minister has given the concurrence agency a direction under section 99 of the Act; or
 - (c) the applicant has given written agreement to the change to the referral agency response.²
- 28.3. A concurrence agency may give a late referral agency response before the application is decided, if the applicant has given written agreement to the late referral agency response.
- 28.4. If a concurrence agency proposes to change its referral agency response under section 28.2(a), the concurrence agency must—
- (a) give notice of its intention to change its referral agency response to the assessment manager and a copy to the applicant within 5 days of receiving notice of the change under section 25.1; and
 - (b) the concurrence agency has 10 days from the day of giving notice under paragraph (a), or a further period agreed between the applicant and the concurrence agency, to give an amended referral agency response to the assessment manager and a copy to the applicant.

¹ Pursuant to Section 68 of the *Planning Act 2016*

² In the instance an applicant has made representations to the concurrence agency under section 30, and the concurrence agency agrees to make the change included in the representations, section 28.2(c) is taken to have been satisfied.

Part 7: Miscellaneous

30 Representations about a referral agency response

30.1. An applicant may make representations to a concurrence agency at any time before the application is decided, about changing a matter in the referral agency response.³

³ An applicant may elect, under section 32, to stop the assessment manager's decision period in which to take this action. If a concurrence agency wishes to amend their response in relation to representations made under this section, they must do so in accordance with section 28.



RC BOX CULVERT PLAN VIEW

Provide scour protection of inlet and outlet of culvert. Scour protection to be in accordance with ACRD-SB Fig 3.16

For Access Setout, refer Table 1 on Drawing 1

Min. 600x300mm RSCC, quantity, class and cover to be determined by RPEQ. Use 2 existing head walls where RSCC is within clear zone. Refer Note 7.

INVERT CROSSING PLAN VIEW

Table drain to join existing alignment.

1:6 Batter (Desirable) Refer Detail 2.

Concrete/pavement/bulimen surface Invert. Refer to Section C for invert crossing details.

Table drain profile to be flush with invert crossing finished surface.

LEGEND

- Pavement Type 2 = Gravel, unbound pavement. Refer to Table 2 on Drawing 1 for depths. Access may be required to be sealed for up to 10m width from edge line (to minimize gravel on through road) to be determined by the RPEQ.
- Invert crossing surface
- * Maintain existing shoulder crossfall and super-elevation.

NOTES:

- This drawing is to be read in conjunction with Drawing 1 of 2.
- Minimum longitudinal fall for concrete or bitumen invert is 0.3%.
- 1 in 6 grade can be further levelled for larger design vehicles. Ensure sufficient area for drainage remains. Dimensions to be based on stormwater flow rate for appropriate design ARI event to ensure invert crossing can meet required capacity. Type 22 and Type 28 inverts can be used if drainage design criteria is met.
- Vertical clearance checks to be carried out for small rigid vehicle to ensure adequate transition between change in grade. Refer to AS 2980.2.
- For pavement or bitumen surfacing inverts, refer Table 2 on Drawing 1 for minimum depths.
- Concrete access to have minimum N32 concrete, 100mm thick on 100mm thick sub-base gravel. Concrete access to be reinforced with S3.2 mesh with minimum 40mm top cover.
- Culvert clear zone varies with location and speed environment. Refer to TMRI Road Planning and Design Manual – Supplement to ACRD Part 6, and Austroads Guide to Road Design – Part 6.

REFERENCED DOCUMENTS:

Departmental Standard Drawings:

- 1260 R & B Box Culverts and Side Link Box Culverts – Culverts Height = 375 to 600
- 1033 Kerbs and Channel – Profiles

Australian Standards Documents:

- AS2980.2 Parking Facilities – Off-Street Commercial Vehicle Facilities

Department of Transport and Main Roads

PROPERTY ACCESS

RURAL PROPERTY ACCESS

DRAWING 2 OF 2

AS Standard Drawing No. 1807

Not to Scale Date: 12/12/2020

PLANS AND DOCUMENTS referred to in the REFERRAL AGENCY RESPONSE

SARA ref: 2111-25889 GRA

Date: 13 December 2021

Reasons for Decision

1. The reasons for this decision are:
 - a. Sections 60, 62 and 63 of the *Planning Act 2016*;
 - b. to ensure the development satisfies the benchmarks of the 2018 Douglas Shire Planning Scheme Version 1.0; and
 - c. to ensure compliance with the *Planning Act 2016*.
2. Findings on material questions of fact:
 - a. the development application was properly lodged to the Douglas Shire Council 11 November 2021 under section 51 of the *Planning Act 2016* and Part 1 of the *Development Assessment Rules*;
 - b. the development application contained information from the applicant which Council reviewed together with Council's own assessment against the 2017 State Planning Policy and the 2018 Douglas Shire Planning Scheme Version 1.0 in making its assessment manager decision.
3. Evidence or other material on which findings were based:
 - a. the development triggered assessable development under the Assessment Table associated with the Industry Zone Code;
 - b. Council undertook an assessment in accordance with the provisions of sections 60, 62 and 63 of the *Planning Act 2016*; and
 - c. the applicant's reasons have been considered and the following findings are made:
 - i. Subject to conditions, the development satisfactorily meets the Planning Scheme benchmarks.

Extracts from the Planning Act 2016 - Making Representations During Applicant’s Appeal Period

Division 2 Changing development approvals

Subdivision 1 Changes during appeal period

74 What this subdivision is about

- (1) This subdivision is about changing a development approval before the applicant's appeal period for the approval ends.
- (2) This subdivision also applies to an approval of a change application, other than a change application for a minor change to a development approval.
- (3) For subsection (2), sections 75 and 76 apply—
 - (a) as if a reference in section 75 to a development approval were a reference to an approval of a change application; and
 - (b) as if a reference in the sections to the assessment manager were a reference to the responsible entity; and
 - (c) as if a reference in section 76 to a development application were a reference to a change application; and
 - (d) as if the reference in section 76(3)(b) to section 63(2) and (3) were a reference to section 83(4); and
 - (e) with any other necessary changes.

75 Making change representations

- (1) The applicant may make representations (*change representations*) to the assessment manager, during the applicant's appeal period for the development approval, about changing—
 - (a) a matter in the development approval, other than—
 - (i) a matter stated because of a referral agency's response; or

- (ii) a development condition imposed under a direction made by the Minister under chapter 3, part 6, division 2; or
- (b) if the development approval is a deemed approval—the standard conditions taken to be included in the deemed approval under section 64(8)(c).
- (2) If the applicant needs more time to make the change representations, the applicant may, during the applicant's appeal period for the approval, suspend the appeal period by a notice given to the assessment manager.
- (3) Only 1 notice may be given.
- (4) If a notice is given, the appeal period is suspended—
 - (a) if the change representations are not made within a period of 20 business days after the notice is given to the assessment manager—until the end of that period; or
 - (b) if the change representations are made within 20 business days after the notice is given to the assessment manager, until—
 - (i) the applicant withdraws the notice, by giving another notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (ii) the applicant receives notice that the assessment manager does not agree with the change representations; or
 - (iii) the end of 20 business days after the change representations are made, or a longer period agreed in writing between the applicant and the assessment manager.
- (5) However, if the assessment manager gives the applicant a negotiated decision notice, the appeal period starts again on the day after the negotiated decision notice is given.

76 Deciding change representations

- (1) The assessment manager must assess the change representations against and having regard to the matters that

- must be considered when assessing a development application, to the extent those matters are relevant.
- (2) The assessment manager must, within 5 business days after deciding the change representations, give a decision notice to—
- (a) the applicant; and
 - (b) if the assessment manager agrees with any of the change representations—
 - (i) each principal submitter; and
 - (ii) each referral agency; and
 - (iii) if the assessment manager is not a local government and the development is in a local government area—the relevant local government; and
 - (iv) if the assessment manager is a chosen assessment manager—the prescribed assessment manager; and
 - (v) another person prescribed by regulation.
- (3) A decision notice (a ***negotiated decision notice***) that states the assessment manager agrees with a change representation must—
- (a) state the nature of the change agreed to; and
 - (b) comply with section 63(2) and (3).
- (4) A negotiated decision notice replaces the decision notice for the development application.
- (5) Only 1 negotiated decision notice may be given.
- (6) If a negotiated decision notice is given to an applicant, a local government may give a replacement infrastructure charges notice to the applicant.

Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the *appellant*); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
 - (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The *appeal period* is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or

- (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
- (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
- (f) for an appeal relating to the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—
 - (i) for an appeal against an enforcement notice given because of a belief mentioned in the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, section 143(2)(a)(i), (b) or (c)—5 business days after the day the notice is given; or
 - (ii) for an appeal against a decision of a local government or an inspector to give an action notice under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—5 business days after the notice is given; or
 - (iii) otherwise—20 business days after the day the notice is given; or
- (g) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or

- (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar, must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to be a co-respondent for the appeal other than an eligible submitter for a development application or change application the subject of the appeal; and
 - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and

- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The *service period* is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent to an appeal by filing a notice of election in the approved form—
 - (a) if a copy of the notice of appeal is given to the person—within 10 business days after the copy is given to the person; or
 - (b) otherwise—within 15 business days after the notice of appeal is lodged with the registrar of the tribunal or the P&E Court.
- (7) Despite any other Act or rules of court to the contrary, a copy of a notice of appeal may be given to the chief executive by emailing the copy to the chief executive at the email address stated on the department's website for this purpose.

231 Non-appealable decisions and matters

- (1) Subject to this chapter, section 316(2), schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The *Judicial Review Act 1991*, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.

(4) In this section—

decision includes—

- (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
- (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and
- (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.