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12 March 2020

Enquiries:

Daniel Lamond

Our Ref: MCUC 2019_3421/1 (945137)

Your Ref: 20193787

Nathan Verri Pty Ltd C/- Patrick Clifton, GMA Certification PO Box 831 PORT DOUGLAS QLD 4877

Email: adminpd@gmacert.com.au or

Dear Sir/Madam

Development Application for Material Change of Use (Dwelling house)
At 24 Murphy Street PORT DOUGLAS
On Land Described as LOT: 1 TYP: PTD PLN: 2095

Please find attached the Decision Notice for the above-mentioned development application.

Please quote Council's application number: MCUC 2019_3421/1 in all subsequent correspondence relating to this development application.

Should you require any clarification regarding this, please contact Daniel Lamond on telephone 07 4099 9456.

Yours faithfully

Paul Hoye Manager Environment & Planning

encl.

- Decision Notice
 - Approved Drawing(s) and/or Document(s)
 - o Concurrence Agency Response
 - o Reasons for Decision
- Advice For Making Representations and Appeals (Decision Notice)



Decision Notice

Approval (with conditions)

Given under section 63 of the Planning Act 2016

Applicant Details

Name: Nathan Verri Pty Ltd

Postal Address: C/- Patrick Clifton, GMA Certification

PO Box 831

PORT DOUGLAS QLD 4877

Email: adminpd@gmacert.com.au or

Property Details

Street Address: 24 Murphy Street PORT DOUGLAS

Real Property Description: LOT: 1 TYP: PTD PLN: 2095

Local Government Area: Douglas Shire Council

Details of Proposed Development

Development Permit- Material Change of Use (Dwelling House).

Decision

Date of Decision: 12 March 2020

Decision Details: Approved (subject to conditions)

Copies of the following plans, specifications and/or drawings are enclosed.

The term 'approved drawing(s) and/or document(s) or other similar expressions means:

Drawing or Document	Reference	Date
Perspectives	Sheet A01, Rev 1 Prepared by	11 July 2019
	Nathan Verri	
Floor Plan Proposal	Sheet A02, Rev 1 Prepared by	11 July 2019
	Nathan Verri	
Elevations Proposal	Sheet A04, Rev 1 Prepared by	11 July 2019
	Nathan Verri	·
Site Plan, General Notes & Legend	Sheet A05, Rev 1 Prepared by	11 July 2019
	Nathan Verri	
Floor Plans	Sheet A06, Rev 1 Prepared by	11 July 2019
	Nathan Verri	·
Elevations	Sheet A07, Rev 1 Prepared by	11 July 2019
	Nathan Verri	·
Sections 1	Sheet A08, Rev 1 Prepared by	11 July 2019
	Nathan Verri	

Assessment Manager Conditions & Advices

Assessment Manager Conditions & Advices

- 1. Carry out the approved development generally in accordance with the approved drawing(s) and/or document(s), and in accordance with:-
 - (a). The specifications, facts and circumstances as set out in the application submitted to Council:
 - (b). The following conditions of approval and the requirements of Council's Planning Scheme and the FNQROC Development Manual.

Except where modified by these conditions of approval

Timing of Effect

2. The conditions of the Development Permit must be effected prior to Commencement of use, except where specified otherwise in these conditions of approval.

Geotechnical Assessment

- 3. Provide an RPEQ certified geotechnical assessment of the sites suitability for the proposed house, including:-
 - (a) a site analysis, which identifies contour lines to AHD (1 metre vertical intervals), existing vegetation and geological information; and
 - (b) an assessment of the impact that the proposed development would have on the stability of the subject site, land adjacent to the site and accesses. The report must address the geotechnical merit and viability of the proposed residence in relation to:-

- (i) proposed earthworks: locations of excavation and fill;
- (ii) the design, siting and method of construction of buildings, structures and infrastructure (e.g. foundations, driveway, retaining walls and swimming pool) including recommendation of design outcomes responsive to the site's physical, environmental and visual characteristics;
- (iii) on-site stormwater management and disposal with accompanying RPEQ certified drainage plan;
- (iv) removal of existing vegetation;
- (v) any other changes to the natural surface or underground drainage systems;
- (vi) site maintenance and other management practices to ensure long-term site stability in both the dry and saturated states;
- (c) The report must provide details of measures proposed to be incorporated in the development to ensure safe and otherwise satisfactory construction practices, including:
 - (i) Measures to be adopted to control soil and rock movement from future weathering and saturated conditions;
 - (ii) Design matters to be considered during the construction of building foundations and retaining walls works involving the excavation or filling of any land and in particular, the excavation works required to develop the retaining wall 900mm from the boundary adjoining Lot 2 on PTD2095. Demonstrate how land at the adjoining boundary will be protected from land slide during construction;
 - (iii) Works to be undertaken to mitigate and or control the risks to and from the proposed development, from geotechnical hazards, to acceptable levels. The Acceptable level is defined as "low" or "very low risk" in accordance with the AGS 2007 guidelines.

The geotechnical assessment is to be submitted and endorsed by the Chief Executive Officer prior to the issue of a Development Permit for Building Works and all recommendations from the Geotechnical Assessment are to be implemented during construction.

Building Colours

4. The exterior finishes and colours of Buildings must be non-reflective and must blend with the natural colours of the surrounding environment. Provide exterior colours for endorsement by the Chief Executive Officer prior to commencement of construction.

Air-conditioning Screens

5. Air-conditioning units located above ground level and visible from external properties and the street must be screened with appropriate materials to improve the appearance of the building. Such screening must be completed prior to the Commencement of Use.

Damage to Council Infrastructure

 In the event that any part of Council's existing sewer/water or road infrastructure is damaged as a result of construction activities occurring on the site, the applicant/owner must notify Council immediately of the affected infrastructure and have it repaired or replaced at no cost to Council.

Vehicle Parking

7. The amount of vehicle parking must be as specified in Council's Planning Scheme which is a minimum of two (2) spaces located on site. In addition, all parking, driveway and vehicular manoeuvring areas must be imperviously sealed and drained.

Storage of Machinery and Plant

8. The storage of any machinery, material and vehicles must not cause a nuisance to surrounding properties, to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive Officer.

Landscaping Plan

- 9. The site must be landscaped in accordance with details included on a Landscaping Plan. The Landscaping Plan must detail the following:
 - (a). Further planting of appropriate trees and shrubs with screening qualities within established gardens beds along the frontage of the site having regard to Planning Scheme Policy SC6.7- Landscaping;
 - (b). Deep planting of setback areas and planter beds within the developments retaining walls;
 - (c). Provide retaining wall details (materials and finishes), particularly with respect to any fencing fronting Murphy Street;
 - (d). A species list detailing all proposed vegetation.

One (1) A3 copy of the landscape plan must be endorsed by the Chief Executive Officer. Landscaped areas must be maintained at all times to the satisfaction of the Chief Executive Officer. The owner must take responsibility for the maintenance of any onstreet landscaping at all times.

Ponding and/or Concentration of Stormwater

10. The proposed development is not to create ponding nuisances and/or concentration of stormwater flows to adjoining properties.

Sediment and Erosion Control

11. All earthworks must be carried out in accordance with section CP1.13 and D5 of the FNQROC Development Manual and;

A copy of the contractors Erosion and Sediment Control Plan (ESCP) is to be submitted to Council prior to commencement of work and;

Measures nominated in the ESCP must be implemented prior to commencement of any earthworks and;

The ESC Plan must address the Institution of Engineers' Australia Guidelines for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control and the Environment Protection (Water) Policy and Clauses CP1.06, CP1.13 and D5.10 of Council's FNQROC Development Manual.

Reasons for Decision

The reasons for this decision are:

Sections 60, 62 and 63 of the Planning Act 2016:

to ensure the development satisfies the benchmarks of the 2018 Douglas Shire Planning Scheme Version 1.0; and

to ensure compliance with the Planning Act 2016.

Findings on material questions of fact:

- a) the development application was properly lodged to the Douglas Shire Council 10 July 2019 under section 51 of the *Planning Act 2016* and Part 1 of the *Development Assessment Rules*;
- b) the development application contained information from the applicant which Council reviewed together with Council's own assessment against the 2017 State Planning Policy and the 2018 Douglas Shire Planning Scheme Version 1.0 in making its assessment manager decision.

Evidence or other material on which findings were based:

- a) the development triggered assessable development under the Assessment Table associated with the Environmental Management Zone Code;
- b) Council undertook an assessment in accordance with the provisions of sections 60, 62 and 63 of the *Planning Act 2016*; and
- c) the applicant's reasons have been considered and the following findings are made:
- d). Subject to conditions, the development satisfactorily meets the Planning Scheme benchmarks.

Further Development Permits

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

All Building Work

All Plumbing and Drainage Work must only be carried in compliance with the Queensland *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018.*

Currency Period for the Approval

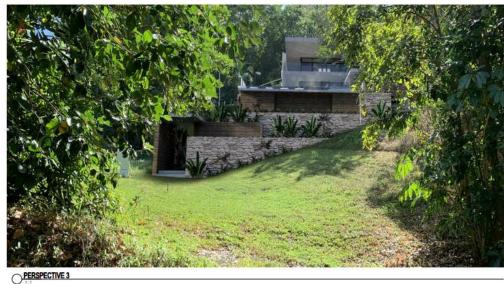
This approval, granted under the provisions of the *Planning Act 2016*, shall lapse six (6) years from the day the approval takes effect in accordance with the provisions of Section 85 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Rights to make Representations & Rights of Appeal

The rights of applicants to make representations and rights to appeal to a Tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against decisions about a development application are set out in Chapter 6, Part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

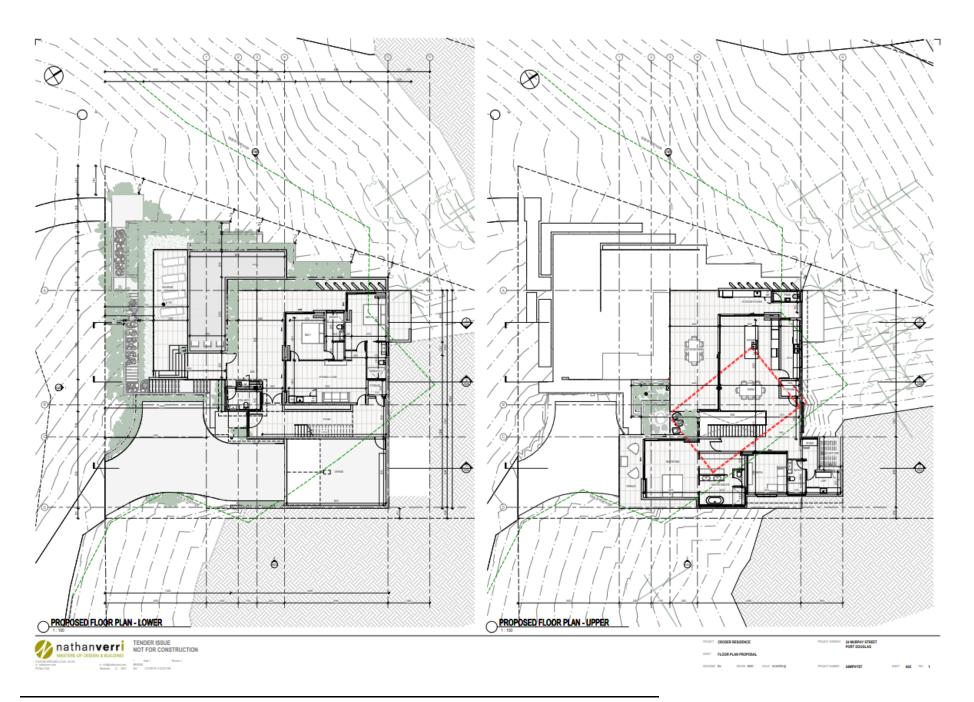
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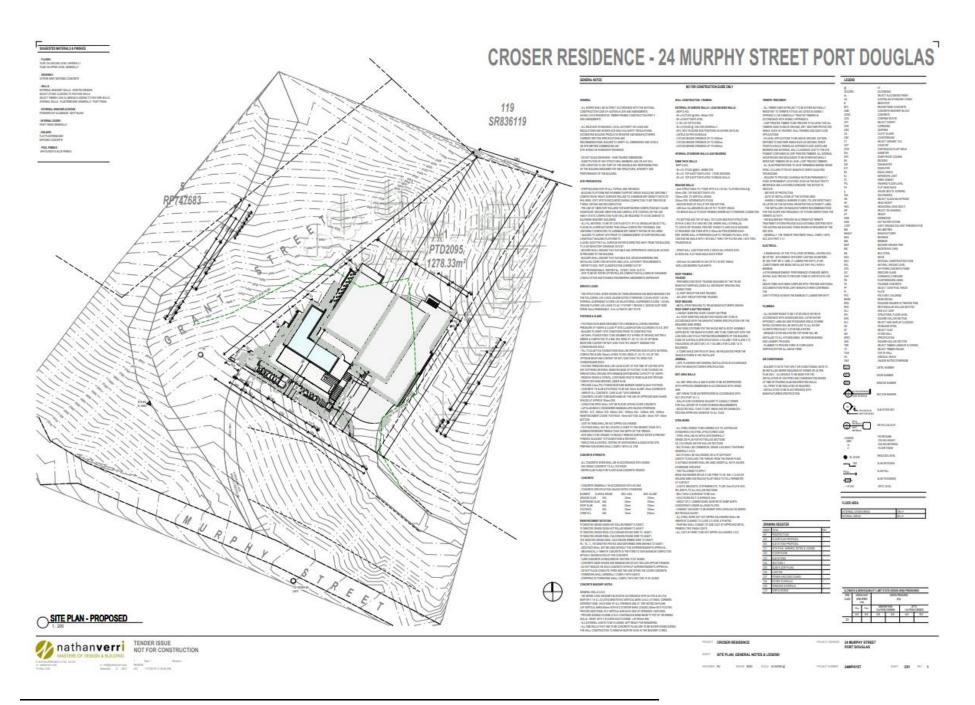


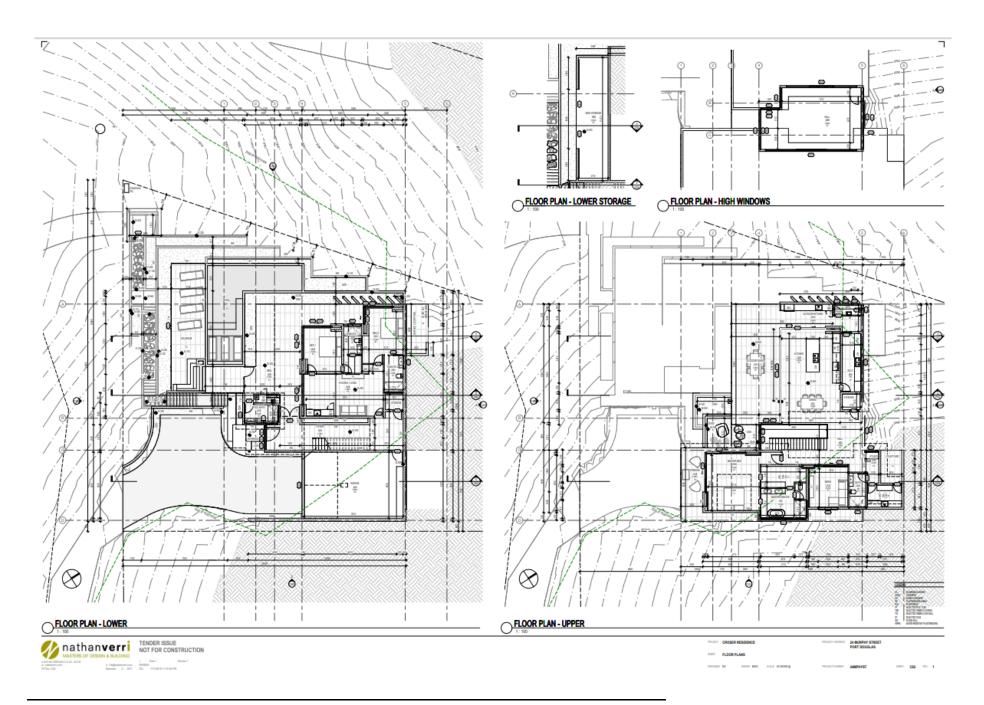


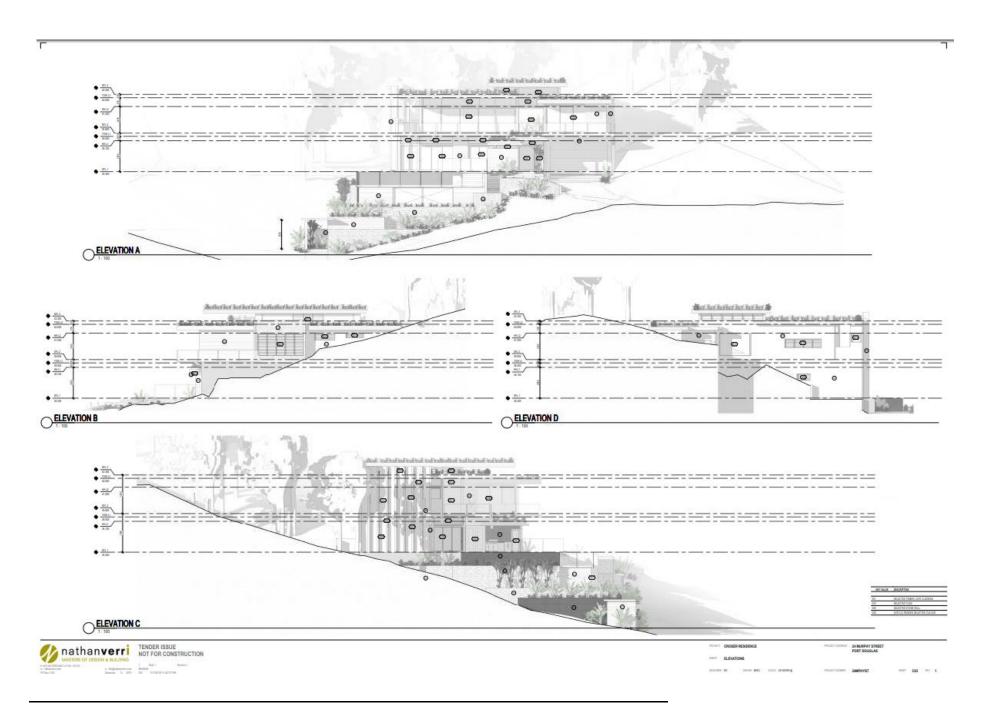
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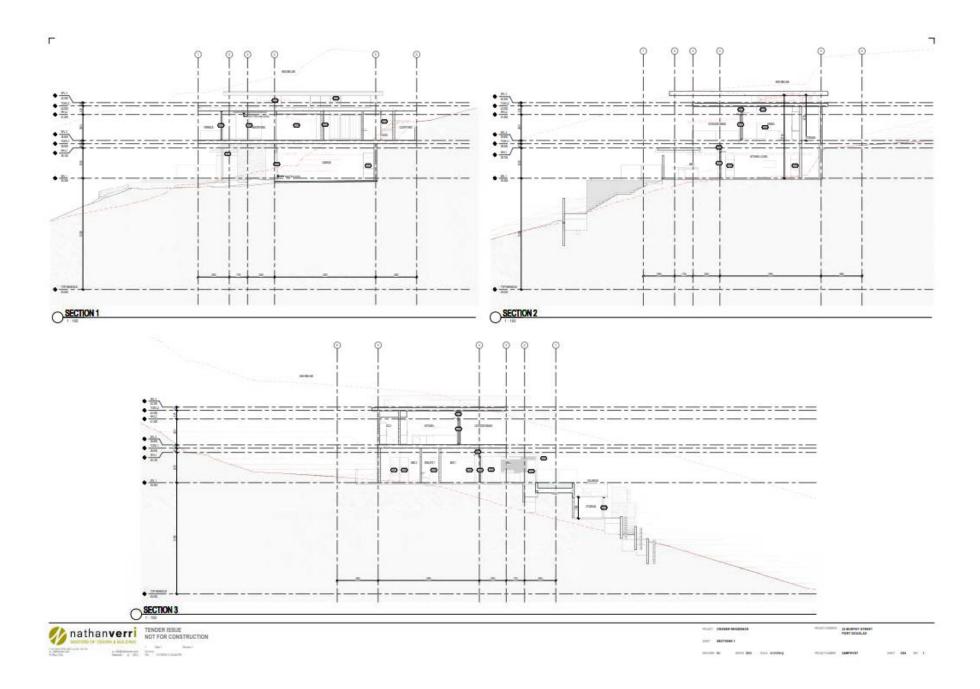












Extracts from the Planning Act 2016 - Making Representations During Applicant's Appeal Period

Planning Act 2016 Chapter 3 Development assessment

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Division 2 Changing development approvals

Subdivision 1 Changes during appeal period

74 What this subdivision is about

- This subdivision is about changing a development approval before the applicant's appeal period for the approval ends.
- (2) This subdivision also applies to an approval of a change application, other than a change application for a minor change to a development approval.
- (3) For subsection (2), sections 75 and 76 apply—
 - (a) as if a reference in section 75 to a development approval were a reference to an approval of a change application;
 and
 - (b) as if a reference in the sections to the assessment manager were a reference to the responsible entity; and
 - (c) as if a reference in section 76 to a development application were a reference to a change application; and
 - (d) as if the reference in section 76(3)(b) to section 63(2) and (3) were a reference to section 83(4); and
 - (e) with any other necessary changes.

75 Making change representations

- (1) The applicant may make representations (change representations) to the assessment manager, during the applicant's appeal period for the development approval, about changing—
 - (a) a matter in the development approval, other than—
 - a matter stated because of a referral agency's response; or

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- (ii) a development condition imposed under a direction made by the Minister under chapter 3, part 6, division 2; or
- if the development approval is a deemed approval—the standard conditions taken to be included in the deemed approval under section 64(8)(c).
- (2) If the applicant needs more time to make the change representations, the applicant may, during the applicant's appeal period for the approval, suspend the appeal period by a notice given to the assessment manager.
- (3) Only 1 notice may be given.
- (4) If a notice is given, the appeal period is suspended-
 - (a) if the change representations are not made within a period of 20 business days after the notice is given to the assessment manager—until the end of that period; or
 - (b) if the change representations are made within 20 business days after the notice is given to the assessment manager, until—
 - the applicant withdraws the notice, by giving another notice to the assessment manager; or
 - the applicant receives notice that the assessment manager does not agree with the change representations; or
 - (iii) the end of 20 business days after the change representations are made, or a longer period agreed in writing between the applicant and the assessment manager.
- (5) However, if the assessment manager gives the applicant a negotiated decision notice, the appeal period starts again on the day after the negotiated decision notice is given.

76 Deciding change representations

 The assessment manager must assess the change representations against and having regard to the matters that

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- must be considered when assessing a development application, to the extent those matters are relevant.
- (2) The assessment manager must, within 5 business days after deciding the change representations, give a decision notice to—
 - (a) the applicant; and
 - if the assessment manager agrees with any of the change representations—
 - (i) each principal submitter; and
 - (ii) each referral agency; and
 - (iii) if the assessment manager is not a local government and the development is in a local government area—the relevant local government; and
 - (iv) if the assessment manager is a chosen assessment manager—the prescribed assessment manager; and
 - (v) another person prescribed by regulation.
- (3) A decision notice (a negotiated decision notice) that states the assessment manager agrees with a change representation must—
 - (a) state the nature of the change agreed to; and
 - (b) comply with section 63(2) and (3).
- (4) A negotiated decision notice replaces the decision notice for the development application.
- (5) Only 1 negotiated decision notice may be given.
- (6) If a negotiated decision notice is given to an applicant, a local government may give a replacement infrastructure charges notice to the applicant.

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Planning Act 2016 Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

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- (2) The person is taken to have engaged in the representative's conduct, unless the person proves the person could not have prevented the conduct by exercising reasonable diligence.
- (3) In this section—

conduct means an act or omission.

representative means-

- (a) of a corporation—an executive officer, employee or agent of the corporation; or
- (b) of an individual—an employee or agent of the individual.

state of mind, of a person, includes the person's-

- (a) knowledge, intention, opinion, belief or purpose; and
- (b) reasons for the intention, opinion, belief or purpose.

Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and

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- (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
- (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is—
 - for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice— 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for an appeal relating to the Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018—
 - for an appeal against an enforcement notice given because of a belief mentioned in the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, section 143(2)(a)(i), (b) or (c)—5 business days after the day the notice is given; or
 - (ii) for an appeal against a decision of a local government or an inspector to give an action notice under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—5 business days after the notice is given; or

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- (iii) otherwise—20 business days after the day the notice is given; or
- (g) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar, must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

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- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (e) each person who may elect to be a co-respondent for the appeal other than an eligible submitter for a development application or change application the subject of the appeal; and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.

(4) The service period is—

- (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started;
- (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent to an appeal by filing a notice of election in the approved form—
 - if a copy of the notice of appeal is given to the person within 10 business days after the copy is given to the person; or
 - (b) otherwise—within 15 business days after the notice of appeal is lodged with the registrar of the tribunal or the P&E Court.

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(7) Despite any other Act or rules of court to the contrary, a copy of a notice of appeal may be given to the chief executive by emailing the copy to the chief executive at the email address stated on the department's website for this purpose.

231 Non-appealable decisions and matters

- Subject to this chapter, schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section—

decision includes-

- (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
- other conduct that relates to the making of a decision;
 and
- (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise,

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- whether by the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Part 2 Development tribunal

Division 1 General

233 Appointment of referees

- The Minister, or chief executive, (the appointer) may appoint a person to be a referee, by an appointment notice, if the appointer considers the person—
 - (a) has the qualifications or experience prescribed by regulation; and
 - (b) has demonstrated an ability—
 - to negotiate and mediate outcomes between parties to a proceeding; and
 - (ii) to apply the principles of natural justice; and
 - (iii) to analyse complex technical issues; and
 - (iv) to communicate effectively, including, for example, to write informed succinct and well-organised decisions, reports, submissions or other documents.

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