

15 September 2025

Enquiries: Jenny Elphinstone
Our Ref: MCUC 2018_2891/1 (Doc ID 1321615)
Your Ref:

Administration Office
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B Radtke & M Radtke
10 Garlock Close
CLIFTON BEACH QLD 4879

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Dear Sir/Madam

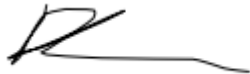
**Development Application for Material Change of Use for a Dwelling House
Request to Extend Approval
At Bloodwood Road Cow Bay
On Land Described as Lot 189 on RP738148**

Please find attached the Decision Notice for the above-mentioned development application.

Please quote Council's application number: MCUC 2018_2891/1 in all subsequent correspondence relating to this development application.

Should you require any clarification regarding this, please contact Jenny Elphinstone on telephone 07 4099 9444.

Yours faithfully



For
Leonard Vogel
Manager Environment & Planning

encl.

- Decision Notice
 - Reasons for Decision
- Advice For Appeals (Decision Notice)



Decision Notice

Approval

Given under s 86 and 87 of the Planning Act 2016

Applicant Details

Name: Blanche Radtke and Mike Radtke
Postal Address: 10 Garlock Close
Clifton Beach Qld 4879
Email: mike_in_cairns@hotmail.com

Property Details

Street Address: L189 Bloodwood Road Cow Bay
Real Property Description: Lot 189 on RP738148
Local Government Area: Douglas Shire Council

Details of Proposed Development

Application for an extension to the currency period for the Development Permit for a Material Change of Use for a Dwelling-House.

Decision

Date of Decision: 15 September 2025
Decision Details: Approved for a further four years from 12 February 2027. The Development Permit now has a currency period to 12 February 2031.

Further Development Permits

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

- All Building Work

All Plumbing and Drainage Work must only be carried in compliance with the Queensland *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*.

Currency Period for the Approval

This approval, granted under the provisions of the *Planning Act 2016*, shall lapse 12 February 2031 in accordance with the provisions of Section 85 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Rights to make Representations & Rights of Appeal

The rights of applicants to make representations and rights to appeal to a Tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against decisions about a development application are set out in Chapter 6, Part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

A copy of the relevant appeal provisions is attached.

Reasons for Decision

1. The reasons for this decision are:
 - a. Sections 86 and 87 of the *Planning Act 2016*;
 - b. to ensure the development satisfies the benchmarks of the 2018 Douglas Shire Planning Scheme Version 1.0; and
 - c. to ensure compliance with the *Planning Act 2016*.
2. Findings on material questions of fact:
 - a. the development application was properly lodged to the Douglas Shire Council 15 September 2025 under section 86 of the *Planning Act 2016*;
 - b. the development application contained information from the applicant which Council reviewed together with Council's own assessment against the 2017 State Planning Policy and the 2018 Douglas Shire Planning Scheme Version 1.0 in making its assessment manager decision.
3. Evidence or other material on which findings were based:
 - a. the development triggered assessable development under the Assessment Table associated with the Conservation Zone Code;
 - b. Council undertook an assessment in accordance with the provisions of sections 86 and 87 of the *Planning Act 2016*; and
 - c. the applicant's reasons have been considered and the following findings are made:
 - i. The development satisfactorily meets the Planning Scheme benchmarks.

Non-Compliance with Assessment Benchmarks

None. Through the conditions of the continuing approval the development meets the Planning Scheme requirements.

Extracts from the Planning Act 2016 – Appeal Rights

Planning Act 2016
Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

[s 229]

- (2) The person is taken to have engaged in the representative's conduct, unless the person proves the person could not have prevented the conduct by exercising reasonable diligence.

- (3) In this section—

conduct means an act or omission.

representative means—

- (a) of a corporation—an executive officer, employee or agent of the corporation; or
- (b) of an individual—an employee or agent of the individual.

state of mind, of a person, includes the person's—

- (a) knowledge, intention, opinion, belief or purpose; and
- (b) reasons for the intention, opinion, belief or purpose.

Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- (1) Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to—
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the *appellant*); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and

- (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
and
- (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal
of the matter.

Note—

For limitations on appeal rights in relation to a development approval
for development requiring social impact assessment, see section 106ZJ.

- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The *appeal period* is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10
business days after a decision notice for the decision is
given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time
after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under
chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the
registration of premises—20 business days after a notice
is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under
chapter 7, part 4, to amend the registration of premises
to include additional land in the affected area for the
premises—20 business days after the day a notice is
published under section 269A(2)(a); or
 - (e) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges
notice—20 business days after the infrastructure charges
notice is given to the person; or
 - (f) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development
application for which a decision notice has not been
given—30 business days after the applicant gives the
deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (g) for an appeal relating to the *Plumbing and Drainage Act
2018*—
 - (i) for an appeal against an enforcement notice given
because of a belief mentioned in the *Plumbing and*

Drainage Act 2018, section 143(2)(a)(i), (b) or (c)—5 business days after the day the notice is given; or

- (ii) for an appeal against a decision of a local government or an inspector to give an action notice under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—5 business days after the notice is given; or
 - (iii) for an appeal against a failure to make a decision about an application or other matter under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—at anytime after the period within which the application or matter was required to be decided ends; or
 - (iv) otherwise—20 business days after the day the notice is given; or
- (h) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note—

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - (i) the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - (ii) the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- (1) An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar, must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—
 - (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
 - (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
 - (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
 - (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
 - (e) each person who may elect to be a co-respondent for the appeal other than an eligible submitter for a development application or change application the subject of the appeal; and
 - (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive; and
 - (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.
- (4) The *service period* is—
 - (a) if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
 - (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.

- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent to an appeal by filing a notice of election in the approved form—
 - (a) if a copy of the notice of appeal is given to the person—within 10 business days after the copy is given to the person; or
 - (b) otherwise—within 15 business days after the notice of appeal is lodged with the registrar of the tribunal or the P&E Court.
- (7) Despite any other Act or rules of court to the contrary, a copy of a notice of appeal may be given to the chief executive by emailing the copy to the chief executive at the email address stated on the department's website for this purpose.

231 Non-appealable decisions and matters

- (1) Subject to this chapter, section 316(2), schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The *Judicial Review Act 1991*, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section—
decision includes—
 - (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
 - (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision; and

- (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* or otherwise, whether by the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- (1) A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Part 2 Development tribunal

Division 1 General

233 Appointment of referees

- (1) The Minister, or chief executive, (the **appointer**) may appoint a person to be a referee, by an appointment notice, if the appointer considers the person—