

PO Box 723 Mossman Qld 4873 www.douglas.qld.gov.au enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au ABN 71 241 237 800

> Administration Office 64 - 66 Front St Mossman P 07 4099 9444 F 07 4098 2902

8 February 2021

Enquiries: Jenny Elphinstone

Our Ref: MCUC 2016_1653/2 (Doc ID 995231)

Your Ref: 2016377

R J Knowles PO Box 55 TRINITY BEACH QLD 4879

Email C/ admincns@gmacert.com.au

Dear Sir

Extension to the period of currency for MCU Shed/House At Ronald Road Forest Creek On Land Described as Lot 38 on RP735855

Please find attached the Decision Notice for the above-mentioned development application.

Please quote Council's application number: MCUC 2016_1653/2 in all subsequent correspondence relating to this development application.

Should you require any clarification regarding this, please contact Jenny Elphinstone on telephone 07 4099 9444.

Yours faithfully

For

Paul Hoye Manager Environment & Planning

encl.

- Decision Notice
 - Existing Approval
 - o Reasons for Decision
- Advice For Making Representations and Appeals (Decision Notice)

Cc- email to R J Knowles



Decision Notice

Approval

Given under sections 86 and 87 of the Planning Act 2016

Applicant Details

Name: R J Knowles

Postal Address: PO Box 55

Trinity Beach Qld 4879

Email: adminpd@gmacert.com.au

Property Details

Street Address: Ronald Road Forest Creek

Real Property Description: Lot 38 on RP735855

Local Government Area: Douglas Shire Council

Details of Proposed Development

Application for a three year extension to the period of currency for the Development Permit for Material Change of Use for a Shed/House.

Decision

Date of Decision: 8 February 2021

Decision Details: Approved. The currency period of the Development Approval

for a Material change of use for a Shed/House is extended for a further three (3) years up to and including 26 March 2024.

a further timee (3) years up to and including 20 March 202

Existing Approval

A copy of the existing approval is attached.

Further Development Permits

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

All Building Work

All Plumbing and Drainage Work must only be carried in compliance with the Queensland *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018.*

Rights of Appeal

The rights of applicants to appeal to a Tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against decisions about a development application are set out in Chapter 6, Part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

A copy of the relevant appeal provisions is attached.

Existing Approval

OUR REF: MCUC1653/2016 (789827)

26 September 2016

Ricky John Knowles PO Box 55 Trinity Beach QLD 4879

Attention: Mr Ricky John Knowles

Dear Sir

DECISION NOTICE UNDER S 335 SUSTAINABLE PLANNING ACT 2009: DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION FOR RONALD ROAD, FOREST CREEK

With reference to the abovementioned Development Application, which was determined under Instrument of Delegation on 26 September 2016, please find attached the relevant Decision Notice.

The Notice includes extracts from the Act with respect to making representations about conditions, negotiated decisions, suspension of the appeal period, and lodging an Appeal.

Should you have any enquiries in relation to this Decision Notice, please contact Daniel Lamond of Development Assessment and Coordination on telephone number 07 4099 9456.

Yours faithfully

Nick Wellwood General Manager Operations

Att

43.2016.1401 1/7

APPLICANT DETAILS

Ricky John Knowles PO Box 55 Trinity Beach QLD 4879

ADDRESS

Ronald Road FOREST CREEK

REAL PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

Lot 38 on RP735855

PROPOSAL

House

DECISION

Approved subject to conditions (refer to approval package below).

DECISION DATE

26 September 2016

TYPE

Material Change of Use (Development Permit)

REFERRAL AGENCIES

None Applicable

SUBMISSIONS

There were no submissions for this application.

FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS REQUIRED

Development Permit for Building Works

CODES TO COMPLY WITH FOR SELF-ASSESSABLE DEVELOPMENT

None

DOES THE ASSESSMENT MANAGER CONSIDER THE APPLICATION TO BE IN CONFLICT WITH APPLICABLE CODES, PLANNING SCHEME, STATE PLANNING POLICIES OR PRIORITY INFRASTRUCTURE PLAN (IF YES, INCLUDE STATEMENT OF REASONS)

Not in conflict

APPROVED DRAWING(S) AND/OR DOCUMENT(S)

The term 'approved drawing(s) and/or document(s)' or other similar expression means:

Drawing or Document	Reference	Date
Site Plan	Plan prepared by Applicant	August 2016
Floor Plan (Shed)	Plan prepared by Applicant	August 2016

ASSESSMENT MANAGER CONDITIONS:

- Carry out the approved development generally in accordance with the approved drawing(s) and/or document(s), and in accordance with:
 - The specifications, facts and circumstances as set out in the application submitted to Council, including recommendations and findings confirmed within technical reports; and
 - The following conditions of approval and the requirements of Council's Planning Scheme and the FNQROC Development Manual.

Except where modified by these conditions of approval.

Timing of Effect

 The conditions of the Development Permit must be satisfied prior to Commencement of Use, except where specified otherwise in these conditions of approval.

Lawful Point of Discharge

 The flow of all external stormwater from the property must be directed to a lawful point of discharge such that it does not adversely affect surrounding properties or properties downstream from the development.

Damage to Council Infrastructure

4. In the event that any part of Council's existing road infrastructure is damaged as a result of construction activities occurring on the site, including, but not limited to, mobilisation of heavy construction equipment, stripping and grubbing, the applicant/owner must notify Council immediately of the affected infrastructure and have it repaired or replaced at the developer's/owner's/builder's cost, prior to the Commencement of Use.

Vegetation Clearing

43.2016.1401 3/7 Existing vegetation on the land must be retained in all areas except those affected by the construction of access driveways and/or the installation of services as detailed on the approved plans. Any further clearing requires a Permit for Operational Works.

Landscaping

 All landscaping to be installed must consist of native and endemic species and must be planted in an irregular and random fashion to blend with existing vegetation. Exotic species are not permitted.

A vegetation buffer must be planted along the boundary adjoining lot 37 on RP735855 in order to screen view from the neighbouring property.

Water Supply

- 7. Water storage tank(s) with a minimum capacity not less than 30,000 litres must be installed prior to occupation of the premises. Details of the water tank(s) must be shown on plans submitted with the Building Application. Such water tank(s) must be provided with:
 - Mosquito-proof screens of brass, copper, aluminium or stainless steel gauze not coarser than one (1) mm aperture mesh of substantial construction and installed in such manner as not to cause or accelerate corrosion; or
 - Flap valve at every opening of the tank or other receptacle; or
 - c. Other approved means for preventing the ingress or egress of mosquitoes; and
 - Where a tank or other receptacle is provided with a manhole, the manhole must have a diameter of no more than 40cm; and
 - A 50mm ball valve with a camlock fitting.

Effluent Disposal system

 The method of on-site effluent disposal must be in accordance with the Plumbing and Drainage Act 2002. Details of the wastewater treatment system to be installed must be in accordance with report submitted by Earth Test dated 26 April 2016.

Building Colours

 The exterior finishes and colours of Buildings are non-reflective and blend with the natural colours of the surrounding environment. Roofs and structures (including water tanks) must be of moderately dark to darker shades of green, grey, blue and brown.

The following proposed building colours are approved for use:

Exterior Walls – Dune & Nightsky

Roof – Dune & Nightsky

The above requirements must be made known in writing to all prospective purchasers.

Sediment and Erosion Control

Soil and water management measures must be installed/implemented prior to discharge
 43.2016.1401
 47

of water from the site, such that no external stormwater flow from the site adversely affects surrounding or downstream properties (in accordance with the requirements of the Environmental Protection Act 1994, and the FNQROC Development Manual).

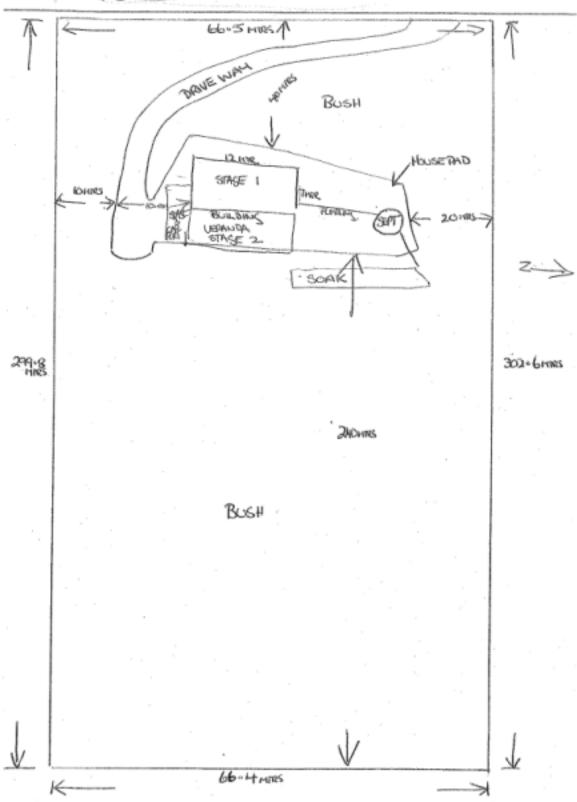
ADVICE

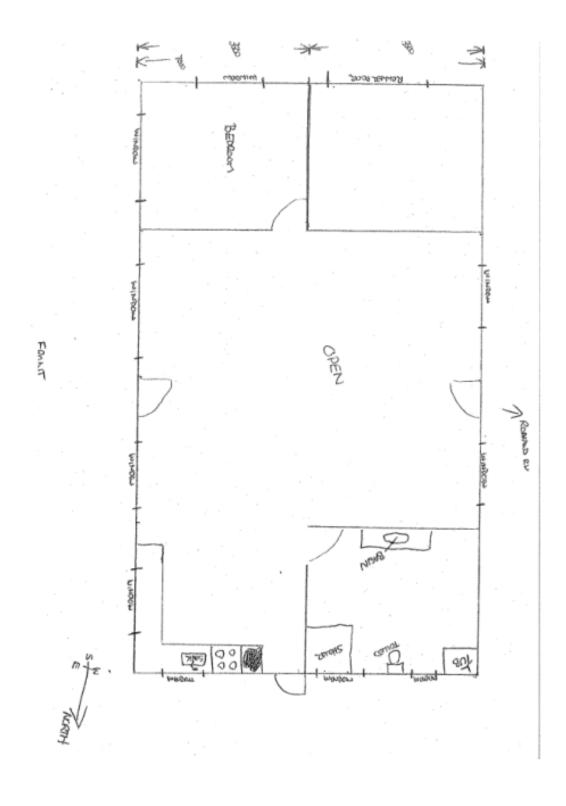
- This approval, granted under the provisions of the Sustainable Planning Act 2009, shall lapse four (4) years from the day the approval takes effect in accordance with the provisions of section 339 and section 341 of the Sustainable Planning Act 2009.
- The applicant/owner is advised that this approval does not approve the construction of the building work. A Development Permit for Building Work must be obtained in order for construction to commence.
- All building site managers must take all action necessary to ensure building materials
 and / or machinery on construction sites are secured immediately following the first
 cyclone watch and that relevant emergency telephone contacts are provided to Council
 officers, prior to commencement of works.
- This approval does not negate the requirement for compliance with all other relevant Local Laws and other statutory requirements.
- For information relating to the Sustainable Planning Act 2009 log on to <u>www.dilqp.qld.qov.au</u> . To access the FNQROC Development Manual, Local Laws and other applicable Policies log on to <u>www.douqlas.qld.qov.au</u> .

RIGHTS OF APPEAL Attached

End of Decision Notice

43.2016.1401





43.2016.1401 7/7 **Reasons for Decision Non-Compliance with Assessment Benchmarks**

Extracts from the Planning Act 2016 – Appeal Rights

Planning Act 2016 Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

[s 229]

- (2) The person is taken to have engaged in the representative's conduct, unless the person proves the person could not have prevented the conduct by exercising reasonable diligence.
- (3) In this section—

conduct means an act or omission.

representative means-

- (a) of a corporation—an executive officer, employee or agent of the corporation; or
- (b) of an individual—an employee or agent of the individual.

state of mind, of a person, includes the person's-

- (a) knowledge, intention, opinion, belief or purpose; and
- (b) reasons for the intention, opinion, belief or purpose.

Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to-
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person-
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and

Page 212

Current as at 1 October 2020

- (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter; and
- (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is—
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice— 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for an appeal relating to the Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018—
 - for an appeal against an enforcement notice given because of a belief mentioned in the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, section 143(2)(a)(i), (b) or (c)—5 business days after the day the notice is given; or
 - (ii) for an appeal against a decision of a local government or an inspector to give an action notice under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—5 business days after the notice is given; or

Current as at 1 October 2020

Page 213

- (iii) otherwise—20 business days after the day the notice is given; or
- (g) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar, must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

Page 214

Current as at 1 October 2020

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (e) each person who may elect to be a co-respondent for the appeal other than an eligible submitter for a development application or change application the subject of the appeal; and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive;
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.

(4) The service period is-

- if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
- (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent to an appeal by filing a notice of election in the approved form—
 - if a copy of the notice of appeal is given to the person within 10 business days after the copy is given to the person; or
 - (b) otherwise—within 15 business days after the notice of appeal is lodged with the registrar of the tribunal or the P&E Court.

Current as at 1 October 2020

Page 215

(7) Despite any other Act or rules of court to the contrary, a copy of a notice of appeal may be given to the chief executive by emailing the copy to the chief executive at the email address stated on the department's website for this purpose.

231 Non-appealable decisions and matters

- (1) Subject to this chapter, section 316(2), schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section—

decision includes-

- (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
- (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision;
 and
- (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise,

Page 216

Current as at 1 October 2020

- whether by the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Part 2 Development tribunal

Division 1 General

233 Appointment of referees

- The Minister, or chief executive, (the appointer) may appoint
 a person to be a referee, by an appointment notice, if the
 appointer considers the person—
 - (a) has the qualifications or experience prescribed by regulation; and
 - (b) has demonstrated an ability—
 - to negotiate and mediate outcomes between parties to a proceeding; and
 - (ii) to apply the principles of natural justice; and
 - (iii) to analyse complex technical issues; and
 - (iv) to communicate effectively, including, for example, to write informed succinct and well-organised decisions, reports, submissions or other documents.

Current as at 1 October 2020

Page 217



PO Box 723 Mossman Qld 4873 www.douglas.qld.gov.au enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au ABN 71 241 237 800

> Administration Office 64 - 66 Front St Mossman P 07 4099 9444 F 07 4098 2902

8 February 2021

Enquiries: Jenny Elphinstone

Our Ref: Choose an item. 2016_1653 (Doc ID)

Your Ref: 2016377

R J Knowles PO Box 55 TRINITY BEACH QLD 4879

Dear Sir/Madam

Adopted Infrastructure Charge Notice
For Development Application MCU - Code (Shed/House)
At Ronald Road FOREST CREEK
On Land Described as LOT: 38 RP: 735855

Please find attached the Adopted Infrastructure Charges Notice issued in accordance with section 119 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

The amount in the Adopted Infrastructure Charges Notice has been calculated according to Council's Adopted Infrastructure Charges Resolution.

Please also find attached extracts from the Act regarding the following:

- your right to make representations to Council about the Adopted Infrastructure Charges Notice; and
- your Appeal rights with respect to the Adopted Infrastructure Charges Notice.

Please quote Council's application number: Choose an item. 2016_1653 in all subsequent correspondence relating to this matter.

Should you require any clarification regarding this, please contact Jenny Elphinstone on telephone 07 4099 9444.

Yours faithfully

Paul Hoye Manager Environment & Planning

encl.

- Adopted Infrastructure Charges Notice
- Rights to Make Representations and Appeals Regarding Infrastructure Charges

Doc ID: 995231 MCUC 2016_1653/2 Page 18 of 27



Extracts from the Planning Act 2016 – Making Representations during Applicant's Appeal Period

Planning Act 2016 Chapter 4 Infrastructure

[s 124]

Subdivision 5 Changing charges during relevant appeal period

124 Application of this subdivision

This subdivision applies to the recipient of an infrastructure charges notice given by a local government.

125 Representations about infrastructure charges notice

- During the appeal period for the infrastructure charges notice, the recipient may make representations to the local government about the infrastructure charges notice.
- (2) The local government must consider the representations.
- (3) If the local government—
 - (a) agrees with a representation; and
 - (b) decides to change the infrastructure charges notice;

the local government must, within 10 business days after making the decision, give a new infrastructure charges notice (a negotiated notice) to the recipient.

- (4) The local government may give only 1 negotiated notice.
- (5) A negotiated notice—
 - (a) must be in the same form as the infrastructure charges notice; and
 - (b) must state the nature of the changes; and
 - (c) replaces the infrastructure charges notice.
- (6) If the local government does not agree with any of the representations, the local government must, within 10 business days after making the decision, give a decision notice about the decision to the recipient.
- (7) The appeal period for the infrastructure charges notice starts again when the local government gives the decision notice to the recipient.

Current as at 1 October 2020

Page 141

126 Suspending relevant appeal period

- If the recipient needs more time to make representations, the recipient may give a notice suspending the relevant appeal period to the local government.
- (2) The recipient may give only 1 notice.
- (3) If the representations are not made within 20 business days after the notice is given, the balance of the relevant appeal period restarts.
- (4) If representations are made within the 20 business days and the recipient gives the local government a notice withdrawing the notice of suspension, the balance of the relevant appeal period restarts the day after the local government receives the notice of withdrawal.

Division 3 Development approval conditions about trunk infrastructure

Subdivision 1 Conditions for necessary trunk infrastructure

127 Application and operation of subdivision

- (1) This subdivision applies if-
 - (a) trunk infrastructure-
 - (i) has not been provided; or
 - (ii) has been provided but is not adequate; and
 - (b) the trunk infrastructure is or will be located on—
 - premises (the subject premises) that are the subject of a development application, whether or not the infrastructure is necessary to service the subject premises; or
 - (ii) other premises, but is necessary to service the subject premises.

Page 142

Current as at 1 October 2020

Extracts from the Planning Act 2016 –Appeal Rights

Planning Act 2016 Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

[s 229]

- (2) The person is taken to have engaged in the representative's conduct, unless the person proves the person could not have prevented the conduct by exercising reasonable diligence.
- (3) In this section—

conduct means an act or omission.

representative means-

- (a) of a corporation—an executive officer, employee or agent of the corporation; or
- (b) of an individual—an employee or agent of the individual.

state of mind, of a person, includes the person's-

- (a) knowledge, intention, opinion, belief or purpose; and
- (b) reasons for the intention, opinion, belief or purpose.

Chapter 6 Dispute resolution

Part 1 Appeal rights

229 Appeals to tribunal or P&E Court

- Schedule 1 states—
 - (a) matters that may be appealed to-
 - (i) either a tribunal or the P&E Court; or
 - (ii) only a tribunal; or
 - (iii) only the P&E Court; and
 - (b) the person—
 - (i) who may appeal a matter (the appellant); and
 - (ii) who is a respondent in an appeal of the matter; and

Page 212

Current as at 1 October 2020

- (iii) who is a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter;
- (iv) who may elect to be a co-respondent in an appeal of the matter.
- (2) An appellant may start an appeal within the appeal period.
- (3) The appeal period is-
 - (a) for an appeal by a building advisory agency—10 business days after a decision notice for the decision is given to the agency; or
 - (b) for an appeal against a deemed refusal—at any time after the deemed refusal happens; or
 - (c) for an appeal against a decision of the Minister, under chapter 7, part 4, to register premises or to renew the registration of premises—20 business days after a notice is published under section 269(3)(a) or (4); or
 - (d) for an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice— 20 business days after the infrastructure charges notice is given to the person; or
 - (e) for an appeal about a deemed approval of a development application for which a decision notice has not been given—30 business days after the applicant gives the deemed approval notice to the assessment manager; or
 - (f) for an appeal relating to the Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018—
 - for an appeal against an enforcement notice given because of a belief mentioned in the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*, section 143(2)(a)(i), (b) or (c)—5 business days after the day the notice is given; or
 - (ii) for an appeal against a decision of a local government or an inspector to give an action notice under the *Plumbing and Drainage Act 2018*—5 business days after the notice is given; or

Current as at 1 October 2020

Page 213

- (iii) otherwise—20 business days after the day the notice is given; or
- (g) for any other appeal—20 business days after a notice of the decision for the matter, including an enforcement notice, is given to the person.

Note-

See the P&E Court Act for the court's power to extend the appeal period.

- (4) Each respondent and co-respondent for an appeal may be heard in the appeal.
- (5) If an appeal is only about a referral agency's response, the assessment manager may apply to the tribunal or P&E Court to withdraw from the appeal.
- (6) To remove any doubt, it is declared that an appeal against an infrastructure charges notice must not be about—
 - (a) the adopted charge itself; or
 - (b) for a decision about an offset or refund—
 - the establishment cost of trunk infrastructure identified in a LGIP; or
 - the cost of infrastructure decided using the method included in the local government's charges resolution.

230 Notice of appeal

- An appellant starts an appeal by lodging, with the registrar of the tribunal or P&E Court, a notice of appeal that—
 - (a) is in the approved form; and
 - (b) succinctly states the grounds of the appeal.
- (2) The notice of appeal must be accompanied by the required fee.
- (3) The appellant or, for an appeal to a tribunal, the registrar, must, within the service period, give a copy of the notice of appeal to—

Page 214

Current as at 1 October 2020

- (a) the respondent for the appeal; and
- (b) each co-respondent for the appeal; and
- (c) for an appeal about a development application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 1—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (d) for an appeal about a change application under schedule 1, section 1, table 1, item 2—each principal submitter for the application whose submission has not been withdrawn; and
- (e) each person who may elect to be a co-respondent for the appeal other than an eligible submitter for a development application or change application the subject of the appeal; and
- (f) for an appeal to the P&E Court—the chief executive;
- (g) for an appeal to a tribunal under another Act—any other person who the registrar considers appropriate.

(4) The service period is-

- if a submitter or advice agency started the appeal in the P&E Court—2 business days after the appeal is started; or
- (b) otherwise—10 business days after the appeal is started.
- (5) A notice of appeal given to a person who may elect to be a co-respondent must state the effect of subsection (6).
- (6) A person elects to be a co-respondent to an appeal by filing a notice of election in the approved form—
 - if a copy of the notice of appeal is given to the person within 10 business days after the copy is given to the person; or
 - otherwise—within 15 business days after the notice of appeal is lodged with the registrar of the tribunal or the P&E Court.

Current as at 1 October 2020

Page 215

(7) Despite any other Act or rules of court to the contrary, a copy of a notice of appeal may be given to the chief executive by emailing the copy to the chief executive at the email address stated on the department's website for this purpose.

231 Non-appealable decisions and matters

- Subject to this chapter, section 316(2), schedule 1 and the P&E Court Act, unless the Supreme Court decides a decision or other matter under this Act is affected by jurisdictional error, the decision or matter is non-appealable.
- (2) The Judicial Review Act 1991, part 5 applies to the decision or matter to the extent it is affected by jurisdictional error.
- (3) A person who, but for subsection (1) could have made an application under the *Judicial Review Act 1991* in relation to the decision or matter, may apply under part 4 of that Act for a statement of reasons in relation to the decision or matter.
- (4) In this section-

decision includes-

- (a) conduct engaged in for the purpose of making a decision; and
- (b) other conduct that relates to the making of a decision;
 and
- (c) the making of a decision or the failure to make a decision; and
- (d) a purported decision; and
- (e) a deemed refusal.

non-appealable, for a decision or matter, means the decision or matter—

- (a) is final and conclusive; and
- (b) may not be challenged, appealed against, reviewed, quashed, set aside or called into question in any other way under the Judicial Review Act 1991 or otherwise,

Page 216

Current as at 1 October 2020

- whether by the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity; and
- (c) is not subject to any declaratory, injunctive or other order of the Supreme Court, another court, any tribunal or another entity on any ground.

232 Rules of the P&E Court

- A person who is appealing to the P&E Court must comply with the rules of the court that apply to the appeal.
- (2) However, the P&E Court may hear and decide an appeal even if the person has not complied with rules of the P&E Court.

Part 2 Development tribunal

Division 1 General

233 Appointment of referees

- The Minister, or chief executive, (the appointer) may appoint
 a person to be a referee, by an appointment notice, if the
 appointer considers the person—
 - (a) has the qualifications or experience prescribed by regulation; and
 - (b) has demonstrated an ability—
 - to negotiate and mediate outcomes between parties to a proceeding; and
 - (ii) to apply the principles of natural justice; and
 - (iii) to analyse complex technical issues; and
 - (iv) to communicate effectively, including, for example, to write informed succinct and well-organised decisions, reports, submissions or other documents.

Current as at 1 October 2020

Page 217