DA Form 1 – Development application details

Approved form (version 1.6 effective 2 August 2024) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016.

This form **must** be used to make a development application **involving code assessment or impact assessment**, except when applying for development involving only building work.

For a development application involving **building work only**, use *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

For a development application involving **building work associated with any other type of assessable development** (i.e. material change of use, operational work or reconfiguring a lot), use this form (*DA Form 1*) and parts 4 to 6 of *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

Unless stated otherwise, all parts of this form **must** be completed in full and all required supporting information **must** accompany the development application.

One or more additional pages may be attached as a schedule to this development application if there is insufficient space on the form to include all the necessary information.

This form and any other form relevant to the development application must be used to make a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land under the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994*, and airport land under the *Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008*. For the purpose of assessing a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land, any reference to a planning scheme is taken to mean a land use plan for the strategic port land, Brisbane port land use plan for Brisbane core port land, or a land use plan for airport land.

Note: All terms used in this form have the meaning given under the Planning Act 2016, the Planning Regulation 2017, or the Development Assessment Rules (DA Rules).

PART 1 - APPLICANT DETAILS

2) Owner's consent

No – proceed to 3)

1) Applicant details			
Applicant name(s) (individual or company full name)	Renay Mealing		
Contact name (only applicable for companies)	C/- Veris (Hayden Parker)		
Postal address (P.O. Box or street address)	5/16 Marie Street		
Suburb	Milton		
State	Queensland		
Postcode	4064		
Country	Australia		
Contact number	07 3666 4700		
Email address (non-mandatory)	h.parker@veris.com.au		
Mobile number (non-mandatory)	0434 477 060		
Fax number (non-mandatory)			
Applicant's reference number(s) (if applicable)	403100		
1.1) Home-based business			
Personal details to remain private in accordance with section 264(6) of <i>Planning Act 2016</i>			

2.1) Is written consent of the owner required for this development application?

☐ Yes – the written consent of the owner(s) is attached to this development application.



PART 2 - LOCATION DETAILS

3) Location of the premises (complete 3.1) or 3.2), and 3.3) as applicable) Note: Provide details below and attach a site plan for any or all premises part of the development application. For further information, see <u>DA</u>										
	Guide: Relevant		-+							
	reet address				-4	-/\ 0.4				
☐ Stre	eet address .	AND I	ot on pla	n for a	ots must be liste an adjoining (etty, pontoon. Al	or adja			pr	emises (appropriate for development in
	Unit No.	Stree	t No.	Stree	et Name and	Туре		·		Suburb
		1-3		Hugh	nes Street					Daintree
a)	Postcode	Lot N	0.	Plan	Type and Nu	umber ((e.g. R	P, SP)		Local Government Area(s)
	4873	1		RP73	31426					Douglas Shire
	Unit No.	Stree	t No.	Stree	et Name and	Туре				Suburb
1. \		3437		Moss	sman Daintre	e Road	d			Daintree
b)	Postcode	Lot N	0.	Plan	Type and Nu	umber ((e.g. R	P, SP)		Local Government Area(s)
	4873	248		SP33	37663					Douglas Shire
e.g Note: P	 3.2) Coordinates of premises (appropriate for development in remote areas, over part of a lot or in water not adjoining or adjacent to land e.g. channel dredging in Moreton Bay) Note: Place each set of coordinates in a separate row. Coordinates of premises by longitude and latitude 									
Longit	ude(s)		Latitud	le(s)		Datun	n		Lo	ocal Government Area(s) (if applicable)
GI				GS84 DA94 her:						
☐ Cod	ordinates of	premis	es by e	asting	and northing	1				
Eastin	g(s)	North	ing(s)		Zone Ref.	Datun	n		Lo	ocal Government Area(s) (if applicable)
	□ 54 □ W □ 55 □ G			G	GS84 DA94 her:					
3.3) Ad	dditional pre	mises								
 ☐ Additional premises are relevant to this development application and the details of these premises have been attached in a schedule to this development application ☑ Not required 										
4) Identify any of the following that apply to the premises and provide any relevant details										
☐ In c	or adjacent to	o a wat	er body	or wa	tercourse or	in or al	bove a	ın aquifer		
Name of water body, watercourse or aquifer:										
☐ On	strategic po	rt land	under th	ne <i>Tra</i>	nsport Infras	tructure	e Act	1994		
Lot on	plan descrip	tion of	strateg	ic port	land:					
Name	of port autho	ority for	the lot:							
☐ In a tidal area										
Name	of local gove	ernmer	nt for the	tidal a	area (if applica	able):				
Name	of port author	Name of port authority for tidal area (if applicable)								

On airport land under the Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008			
Name of airport:			
☐ Listed on the Environmental Management Register (EM	IR) under the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>		
EMR site identification:			
Listed on the Contaminated Land Register (CLR) under	the Environmental Protection Act 1994		
CLR site identification:			
5) Are there any existing easements over the premises?			
Note: Easement uses vary throughout Queensland and are to be identified how they may affect the proposed development, see <u>DA Forms Guide.</u>	ed correctly and accurately. For further information on easements and		
Yes – All easement locations, types and dimensions ar application	e included in plans submitted with this development		
⊠ No			

PART 3 – DEVELOPMENT DETAILS

Section 1 – Aspects of development

<u>'</u>	'				
6.1) Provide details about the	e first development aspect				
a) What is the type of development? (tick only one box)					
☐ Material change of use	⊠ Reconfiguring a lot	Operational work	☐ Building work		
b) What is the approval type	? (tick only one box)				
□ Development permit	☐ Preliminary approval	☐ Preliminary approval that	t includes a variation approval		
c) What is the level of assess	sment?				
	☐ Impact assessment (requir	res public notification)			
d) Provide a brief description lots):	n of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit apart	ment building defined as multi-unit d	welling, reconfiguration of 1 lot into 3		
Boundary realignment 2 into	2 lots				
e) Relevant plans Note: Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms quide:</u> Relevant plans.					
Relevant plans of the pro	posed development are attach	ned to the development applic	ation		
6.2) Provide details about the second development aspect					
a) What is the type of develo	pment? (tick only one box)				
☐ Material change of use	Reconfiguring a lot	Operational work	☐ Building work		
b) What is the approval type	? (tick only one box)				
☐ Development permit	☐ Preliminary approval	☐ Preliminary approval tha	t includes a variation approval		
c) What is the level of assess	sment?				
Code assessment	☐ Impact assessment (requir	res public notification)			
d) Provide a brief description of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit apartment building defined as multi-unit dwelling, reconfiguration of 1 lot into 3 lots):					
e) Relevant plans Note: Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see DA Forms Guide: Relevant plans . Delevant plans of the prepared development are ettached to the development application.					
Relevant plans of the proposed development are attached to the development application					



6.3) Additional aspects of de	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	o rolovent t	this development	and the details for the	an acrasts	
	•		this development application this form have been attached		•	
Not required					•	
6.4) Is the application for Sta	ate facilitated	developme	ent?			
Yes - Has a notice of dec	claration bee	n given by t	he Minister?			
⊠ No						
) 4: 0	1 4 -1 -	4-9-				
Section 2 – Further devel	•					
7) Does the proposed development					,	
Material change of use			division 1 if assessable agains	t a local planning instru	ument	
Reconfiguring a lot		- complete o				
Operational work		- complete o				
Building work	∐ Yes -	- complete <i>l</i>	DA Form 2 – Building work det	tails		
Division 1 – Material chang	e of use					
•		anv part of the	e development application involves a	material change of use asse	essable against a	
local planning instrument.	-		фриот при	material enange of dee deed	oodoro agamor a	
8.1) Describe the proposed						
Provide a general descriptio proposed use	on of the		e planning scheme definition h definition in a new row)	Number of dwelling	Gross floor	
proposed use		(Include each	ir definition in a new row)	units (if applicable)	area (m²) (if applicable)	
					(- - -	
8.2) Does the proposed use	involve the u	use of existi	ng buildings on the premises?			
☐Yes						
□No						
	elopment rel	ate to temp	orary accepted development u	nder the Planning Red	ulation?	
			a schedule to this developmen			
⊠ No				тарричаны.		
Provide a general descriptio	on of the temp	orary acce	oted development	Specify the stated pe	riod dates	
The state of General accomplish		, , , , , , , , , ,	р. 10 1 20 1 0 10 р . 11 0 11 1	under the Planning R		
Division 2 – Reconfiguring a						
			e development application involves re	configuring a lot.		
9.1) What is the total number	er or existing	iots making	up the premises?			
2 0.2) What is the nature of th	o lot reception	urotion? "	le all applicable haves			
9.2) What is the nature of the	e lot reconfig	uration? (tic		A a grap a man t	4)	
Subdivision (complete 10)	1.4.45		Dividing land into parts by			
Boundary realignment (co	omplete 12)		Creating or changing an easement giving access to a lot			



10) Subdivision						
10.1) For this devel	opment, how	many lots are	being cre	ated and what	is the intended us	e of those lots:
Intended use of lots	s created	Residential	Cor	mmercial	Industrial	Other, please specify:
Number of lots crea	ated					
10.2) Will the subdi	vision be sta	ned?				
☐ Yes – provide a						
How many stages v	will the works	include?				
What stage(s) will to apply to?			1			
11) Dividing land int	to parts by ag	reement – hov	v many pa	rts are being o	created and what is	s the intended use of the
parts? Intended use of par	ts created	Residential	Cor	mmercial	Industrial	Other, please specify:
Number of parts cre	eated					
12) Boundary realig	nment					
12.1) What are the		proposed areas	for each	lot comprising	the premises?	
	Current le	ot			Propos	sed lot
Lot on plan descrip	tion Ar	ea (m²)		Lot on plan description		Area (m²)
Lot 1 on RP731426	20	23m²		Proposed Lot 1		2424m ²
Lot 248 on SP3376		2200m ²		Proposed I	_ot 248	101800m ²
12.2) What is the re		boundary reali	gnment?			
Settle minor encroa	chment					
13) What are the di	mensions an	d nature of any wo easements)	existing e	easements be	ing changed and/o	r any proposed easement?
Existing or proposed?	Width (m)	Length (m)	Purpose pedestrian	of the easem		dentify the land/lot(s) penefitted by the easement
Division 3 – Operat						
Note : This division is only 14.1) What is the na				elopment applicat	ion involves operational	work.
Road work			Stormwa	iter	☐ Water infra	astructure
☐ Drainage work ☐ Earthworks ☐ Sewage infrastructure						
Landscaping			Signage		☐ Clearing v	egetation
Other – please s	specify:					
14.2) Is the operation	onal work ned	cessary to facil	itate the c	reation of new	lots? (e.g. subdivisio	n)
Yes – specify nu	ımber of new	lots:				
☐ No						



14.3) What is the monetary value of the proposed operational work? (include GST, materials and labour)	
\$	

PART 4 – ASSESSMENT MANAGER DETAILS

15) Identify the assessment manager(s) who will be assessing this development application
Douglas Shire Council
16) Has the local government agreed to apply a superseded planning scheme for this development application?
Yes – a copy of the decision notice is attached to this development application The local government is taken to have agreed to the superseded planning scheme request – relevant documents attached
⊠ No

PART 5 - REFERRAL DETAILS

17) Does this development application include any aspects that have any referral requirements? Note: A development application will require referral if prescribed by the Planning Regulation 2017.
No, there are no referral requirements relevant to any development aspects identified in this development application − proceed to Part 6
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the Planning Act 2016:
☐ Clearing native vegetation
Contaminated land (unexploded ordnance)
Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA has not been devolved to a local government)
☐ Fisheries – aquaculture
Fisheries – declared fish habitat area
Fisheries – marine plants
Fisheries – waterway barrier works
Hazardous chemical facilities
Heritage places – Queensland heritage place (on or near a Queensland heritage place)
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – designated premises
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – state transport infrastructure
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – State transport corridor and future State transport corridor
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – State-controlled transport tunnels and future state-controlled transport tunnels
☐ Infrastructure-related referrals – near a state-controlled road intersection
☐ Koala habitat in SEQ region – interfering with koala habitat in koala habitat areas outside koala priority areas
☐ Koala habitat in SEQ region – key resource areas
Ports – Brisbane core port land – near a State transport corridor or future State transport corridor
Ports – Brisbane core port land – environmentally relevant activity (ERA)
Ports – Brisbane core port land – tidal works or work in a coastal management district
Ports – Brisbane core port land – hazardous chemical facility
Ports – Brisbane core port land – taking or interfering with water
Ports – Brisbane core port land – referable dams
Ports – Brisbane core port land – fisheries
Ports – Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits (below high-water mark)
SEQ development area
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – tourist activity or sport and recreation activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – community activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – indoor recreation
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – urban activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – combined use
SEQ northern inter-urban break – tourist activity or sport and recreation activity



		_		
SEQ northern inter-urban break – community activity SEQ northern inter-urban break – indoor recreation SEQ northern inter-urban break – urban activity SEQ northern inter-urban break – combined use Tidal works or works in a coastal management district Reconfiguring a lot in a coastal management district or Erosion prone area in a coastal management district Urban design Water-related development – taking or interfering with water-related development – removing quarry material Water-related development – referable dams Water-related development – levees (category 3 levees only wetland protection area	Nater (from a watercourse or lake)			
Matters requiring referral to the local government:				
☐ Airport land ☐ Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA) ☐ Heritage places — Local heritage places Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the di ☐ Infrastructure-related referrals — Electricity infrastructur	stribution entity or transmission	on entity:		
Matters requiring referral to:				
 The Chief Executive of the holder of the licence, if The holder of the licence, if the holder of the licence Infrastructure-related referrals – Oil and gas infrastructure Matters requiring referral to the Brisbane City Council: 	is an individual			
Ports – Brisbane core port land				
Matters requiring referral to the Minister responsible for Ports – Brisbane core port land (where inconsistent with the Ports – Strategic port land Matters requiring referral to the relevant port operator, if Ports – Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits (below)	Brisbane port LUP for transport reasons) applicant is not port operator:			
<u> </u>	·			
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the re Ports – Land within limits of another port (below high-water)				
Matters requiring referral to the Gold Coast Waterways A Tidal works or work in a coastal management district (in	-			
Matters requiring referral to the Queensland Fire and Emergency Service: Tidal works or work in a coastal management district (involving a marina (more than six vessel berths))				
18) Has any referral agency provided a referral response f	or this development application?			
☐ Yes – referral response(s) received and listed below ar ☐ No				
Referral requirement	Referral agency	Date of referral response		
Identify and describe any changes made to the proposed development application that was the subject of the referral response and this development application, or include details in a schedule to this development application (if applicable).				

PART 6 - INFORMATION REQUEST

19) Information request under the	ne DA Rules				
	ation request if determined necess	sarv fo	or this development applic	ation	
	nformation request for this develo	-		ation	
	rmation request I, the applicant, acknowle	•	. арризаны.		
application and the assessment n	will be assessed and decided based on the nanager and any referral agencies relevant ormation provided by the applicant for the	nt to the	development application are no	ot obligated under the DA	
Part 3 under Chapter 1 of the DA	Rules will still apply if the application is a	n applica	ation listed under section 11.3 c	of the DA Rules or	
•	Rules will still apply if the application is for	state fa	acilitated development		
Further advice about information reques	sts is contained in the <u>DA Forms Guide</u> .				
PART 7 – FURTHER DE	ETAILS				
20) Are there any associated de	evelopment applications or curren	t appr	ovals? (e.g. a preliminary app	roval)	
Yes – provide details below	or include details in a schedule to	this d	evelopment application		
No					
List of approval/development application references	Reference number	Date		Assessment manager	
☐ Approval					
☐ Development application					
☐ Approval					
☐ Development application					
21) Has the portable long service operational work)	ce leave levy been paid? (only appl	cable to	o development applications invo	lving building work or	
☐ Yes – a copy of the receipted	d QLeave form is attached to this	devel	opment application		
No − I, the applicant will provide evidence that the portable long service leave levy has been paid before the assessment manager decides the development application. I acknowledge that the assessment manager may give a development approval only if I provide evidence that the portable long service leave levy has been paid					
☑ Not applicable (e.g. building and construction work is less than \$150,000 excluding GST)					
Amount paid	Date paid (dd/mm/yy)		QLeave levy number (A	, B or E)	
\$					
22) Is this development applicat notice?	ion in response to a show cause	notice	or required as a result of	an enforcement	
☐ Yes – show cause or enforce ☐ No	ement notice is attached				

23) Further legislative requirements					
Environmentally relevant ac	ctivities				
		pplication for an environmenta 115 of the <i>Environmental Prot</i> e			
		or an application for an enviror are provided in the table below			
⊠ No					
	tal authority can be found by searchir to operate. See <u>www.business.qld.go</u>	ng "ESR/2015/1791" as a search term <mark>ov.au</mark> for further information.	at <u>www.qld.gov.au</u> . An ERA		
Proposed ERA number:		Proposed ERA threshold:			
Proposed ERA name:					
☐ Multiple ERAs are applica this development application		cation and the details have bee	en attached in a schedule to		
Hazardous chemical faciliti	<u>es</u>				
23.2) Is this development app	olication for a hazardous che	mical facility?			
application	on of a facility exceeding 10%	6 of schedule 15 threshold is a	ttached to this development		
Note: See www.business.gld.gov.au	for further information about hazardo	ous chemical notifications			
Clearing native vegetation	TOT TAILTION INTERNALION ADOCK TALLARD	suc one mountained lene.			
23.3) Does this development	getation Management Act 199	native vegetation that require 19 is satisfied the clearing is for			
 Yes – this development application includes written confirmation from the chief executive of the Vegetation Management Act 1999 (s22A determination) No 					
Note: 1. Where a development application for operational work or material change of use requires a s22A determination and this is not included, the development application is prohibited development. 2. See https://www.qld.gov.au/environment/land/vegetation/applying for further information on how to obtain a s22A determination.					
Environmental offsets					
		oed activity that may have a signal Offsets Act 2014?	gnificant residual impact on		
Yes – I acknowledge that an environmental offset must be provided for any prescribed activity assessed as having a significant residual impact on a prescribed environmental matter					
No Note: The environmental offset section of the Queensland Government's website can be accessed at www.qld.gov.au for further information on environmental offsets.					
Koala habitat in SEQ Region					
		change of use, reconfiguring at 10 of the Planning Regulation			
		the koala habitat area in the l	•		
☐ Yes – the development ap☒ No	plication involves premises in	n the koala habitat area outside	e the koala priority area		
Note : If a koala habitat area determination has been obtained for this premises and is current over the land, it should be provided as part of this development application. See koala habitat area guidance materials at www.desi.qld.gov.au for further information.					



23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> ?
 Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> may be required prior to commencing development No
Note: Contact the Department of Resources at www.resources.qld.gov.au for further information.
DA templates are available from <u>planning.statedevelopment.qld.gov.au</u> . If the development application involves:
Taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore: complete DA Form 1 Template 1
Taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring: complete DA Form1 Template 2 Taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring: complete DA Form1 Template 2
Taking overland flow water: complete DA Form 1 Template 3.
Waterway barrier works
23.7) Does this application involve waterway barrier works?
Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application
No No
DA templates are available from <u>planning.statedevelopment.qld.gov.au</u> . For a development application involving waterway barrier works, complete DA Form 1 Template 4.
Marine activities
23.8) Does this development application involve aquaculture, works within a declared fish habitat area or removal, disturbance or destruction of marine plants?
Yes – an associated <i>resource</i> allocation authority is attached to this development application, if required under the <i>Fisheries Act 1994</i>
⊠ No
Note : See guidance materials at <u>www.daf.gld.gov.au</u> for further information.
Quarry materials from a watercourse or lake
23.9) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from a watercourse or lake under the <i>Water Act 2000?</i>
☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing development ☐ No
Note: Contact the Department of Resources at www.resources.qld.gov.au and www.business.qld.gov.au for further information.
Quarry materials from land under tidal waters
23.10) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from land under tidal water under the Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995?
☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing development ☐ No
Note : Contact the Department of Environment, Science and Innovation at www.desi.gld.gov.au for further information.
Referable dams
23.11) Does this development application involve a referable dam required to be failure impact assessed under section 343 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> (the Water Supply Act)?
Yes – the 'Notice Accepting a Failure Impact Assessment' from the chief executive administering the Water Supply Act is attached to this development application
⊠ No
Note: See guidance materials at www.resources.gld.gov.au for further information

Water resources



Tidal work or development within a coastal management district			
23.12) Does this development application involve tidal work or development in a coastal management district?			
 Yes – the following is included with this development application: □ Evidence the proposal meets the code for assessable development that is prescribed tidal work (only required if application involves prescribed tidal work) □ A certificate of title ⋈ No 			
Note : See guidance materials at www.desi.qld.gov.au for further information.			
Queensland and local heritage places 23.13) Does this development application propose development on or adjoining a place enterheritage register or on a place entered in a local government's Local Heritage Register?	ered in the Queensland		
☐ Yes – details of the heritage place are provided in the table below☐ No			
Note: See guidance materials at www.desi.qld.gov.au for information requirements regarding development of Quee For a heritage place that has cultural heritage significance as a local heritage place and a Queensland heritage pla under the Planning Act 2016 that limit a local categorising instrument from including an assessment benchmark ab development on the stated cultural heritage significance of that place. See guidance materials at www.planning.sta information regarding assessment of Queensland heritage places.	oce, provisions are in place out the effect or impact of,		
Name of the heritage place: Place ID:			
Decision under section 62 of the Transport Infrastructure Act 1994			
23.14) Does this development application involve new or changed access to a state-controll	ed road?		
 Yes – this application will be taken to be an application for a decision under section 62 of Infrastructure Act 1994 (subject to the conditions in section 75 of the Transport Infrastructure satisfied) No 	ture Act 1994 being		
Walkable neighbourhoods assessment benchmarks under Schedule 12A of the Plann 23.15) Does this development application involve reconfiguring a lot into 2 or more lots in ce (except rural residential zones), where at least one road is created or extended?			
☐ Yes – Schedule 12A is applicable to the development application and the assessment benchmarks contained in schedule 12A have been considered ☐ No			
Note : See guidance materials at <u>www.planning.statedevelopment.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.			
PART 8 – CHECKLIST AND APPLICANT DECLARATION			
24) Development application checklist			
I have identified the assessment manager in question 15 and all relevant referral requirement(s) in question 17 Note: See the Planning Regulation 2017 for referral requirements	⊠ Yes		
If building work is associated with the proposed development, Parts 4 to 6 of <u>DA Form 2 – Building work details</u> have been completed and attached to this development application	☐ Yes ☑ Not applicable		
Supporting information addressing any applicable assessment benchmarks is with the development application Note: This is a mandatory requirement and includes any relevant templates under question 23, a planning report and any technical reports required by the relevant categorising instruments (e.g. local government planning schemes, State Planning Policy, State Development Assessment Provisions). For further information, see DA	⊠ Yes		

Forms Guide: Planning Report Template.

information, see <u>DA Forms Guide: Relevant plans.</u>

development permit is issued (see 21)

Relevant plans of the development are attached to this development application

Note: Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further

The portable long service leave levy for QLeave has been paid, or will be paid before a



☐ Yes

25) Applicant declaration				
By making this development application correct	n, I declare that all inforr	mation in this development application is true and		
Where an email address is provided in Part 1 of this form, I consent to receive future electronic communications from the assessment manager and any referral agency for the development application where written informatic is required or permitted pursuant to sections 11 and 12 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2001				
Note: It is unlawful to intentionally provide false or m				
Privacy – Personal information collected in this form will be used by the assessment manager and/or chosen assessment manager, any relevant referral agency and/or building certifier (including any professional advisers which may be engaged by those entities) while processing, assessing and deciding the development application. All information relating to this development application may be available for inspection and purchase, and/or published on the assessment manager's and/or referral agency's website. Personal information will not be disclosed for a purpose unrelated to the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> , Planning Regulation 2017 and the DA Rules except where: • such disclosure is in accordance with the provisions about public access to documents contained in the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> and the Planning Regulation 2017, and the access rules made under the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> and Planning Regulation 2017; or • required by other legislation (including the <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>); or • otherwise required by law. This information may be stored in relevant databases. The information collected will be retained as required by the <i>Public Records Act 2002</i> .				
PART 9 – FOR COMPLETION JSE ONLY	ART 9 – FOR COMPLETION OF THE ASSESSMENT MANAGER – FOR OFFICE ISE ONLY			
Date received:	Reference number(s):			
Notification of engagement of alternative a	assessment manager			
Prescribed assessment manager				
Name of chosen assessment manager				
Date chosen assessment manager engag	ed			
Contact number of chosen assessment m	anager			
Relevant licence number(s) of chosen ass manager	sessment			
QLeave notification and payment Note: For completion by assessment manager if app	olicable			
Description of the work				
QLeave project number				
Amount paid (\$)	Date p	paid (dd/mm/yy)		
Date receipted form sighted by assessmen	nt manager	·		

Name of officer who sighted the form



Development Assessment Report

1-3 Hughes Street, Daintree

Name: Hughes Street Job Ref: 403100 VRS-TMP-140_10



Job Number:	403100
Document Title:	Planning Assessment Report

Authors

	Name (Initial)	Title	Date
Prepared:	NS	Graduate Consultant	
Amended:	НА	Graduate Consultant	7/07/2025
Approved:	HP	Senior Consultant	9/07/2025

Contact Details

All queries regarding this document should be directed to the undersigned in the first instance.

Project Manager				
Hayden Parker				
Telephone:	+61 7 3666 4700	Mobile:	+61 434 477 060	
Email:	h.parker@veris.com.au			



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1-3 Hughes Street, Daintree



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1.Application Summary

1.1. Site Summary

Real Property Description	Lot 1 on RP731426	Lot 248 on SP337663
Address	1-3 Hughes Street, Daintree	3437 Mossman Daintree Road, Daintree
Area	2023m ²	102200m ²
Owner(s)	Rosaria Mealing	Terri Anne Mantus & Chanelle Maree Osborne
Existing Use	Residential dwelling	Rural activities

1.2. Legislative Summary

Local Government Authority	Douglas Shire
Regional Plan Designation	Urban Footprint
Planning Scheme	Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018
Planning Scheme Zone	Rural Zone and Low Density Residential Zone
Planning Scheme Overlays	Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay Bushfire Hazard Overlay Hillslopes Overlay Landscape Values Overlay Natural Areas Overlay Potential Landslip Hazard Overlay Places of Significance
State Planning Policy	Appropriately incorporated into the planning scheme
Referral Agencies	Not applicable
State Development Assessment Provisions	Not applicable

1.3. Application Details

Development Type	Development Permit for Reconfiguration of a Lot (Boundary Realignment – 2 into 2 lots)
Level of Assessment	Assessable Development (Code Assessment)
Applicant	Renay Mealing C/- Veris
Contact Person	Hayden Parker
Applicant's Representative	Veris
	PO Box 1104
	5/16 Marie Street
	Milton Street QLD 4064 Australia
Relevant Plans/Documents	Proposal Plan 403100 PP-01 (A) By Veris



2. Introduction

2.1. Overview

Veris has been commissioned by Renay Mealing ('the applicant') to prepare and lodge an application for a Development Permit for Reconfiguration of a Lot (Boundary Realignment – 2 into 2 lots) pursuant to Section 50 of the Planning Act 2016 (QLD). The subject site is at 1-3 Hughes Street and 3437 Mossman Daintree Road, Daintree (Lot 1 on RP731426 and Lot 248 on SP337663). This planning report provides a thorough assessment of the proposed development against the relevant planning framework and should be read in conjunction with proposal plan.

2.2. Zoning & Level of Assessment

The level of assessment for a Reconfiguration of a Lot within the Rural Zone, the Low Density Residential Zone and the Open Space Zone is Code Assessable in all circumstances under the *Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018*.

2.3. Assessment Benchmark

As per the Planning Act 2016, Section 45 - Categories of assessment -

(3) A Code Assessment is an assessment that must be carried out only -

Against the assessment benchmarks in a categorizing instrument for the development; and Having regard to any matters prescribed by regulation for this paragraph.

The following assessment benchmarks area applicable to the development proposal and addressed as part of this application -

Development Codes	Overlays
Rural Zone Code	Acid Sulfate Soils OverlayBushfire Hazard Overlay
Low density residential Code	Hillslopes Overlay
Recreation and Open Space zone Code	Landscape Values Overlay
Reconfiguring a Lot CodeEnvironmental performance code	Natural Areas Overlay
Infrastructure Works Code	Potential Landslip Hazard Overlay
	Places of Significance Overlay

2.4. Public Notification

The development is Code Assessable, therefore public notification is not required.

2.5. Referral Agencies

The proposed boundary realignment does not require referral to any third party agencies.



2.6. Owner's Consent

Rosaria Mealing is the owner of land Lot 1 on RP731426 and Terri Anne Mantus & Chanelle Maree Osborne Lot 248 on SP337663). Therefore, written owner's consent will be provided with this report. Refer to *appendix* 3.

2.7. Pre-lodgement Advice

A pre-lodgement enquiry was sent to the Council on 27 June 2025. Council issued a reply, which sought a setback of 6m from the dwelling, which has been rectified through the proposal plans submitted as part of this DA.



3. Site Details

3.1. Site Overview

The subject site is located in Daintree Village, a small town north of Mossman and Port Douglas. The town is surrounded by the Daintree National Park and nestled along the banks of Daintree River. Lot 248 on SP337663 has an area of 102200m² and Lot 1 on RP731426 has an area of 2023m² on a rectangular shaped lot.



FIGURE 1: SUBJECT SITE (SOURCE - QLD GLOBE)

Lot 1 on RP731426 is identified Council's mapping as being within a Low Density Residential Zone and Lot 248 on SP337663 is identified as being within the Rural Zone.



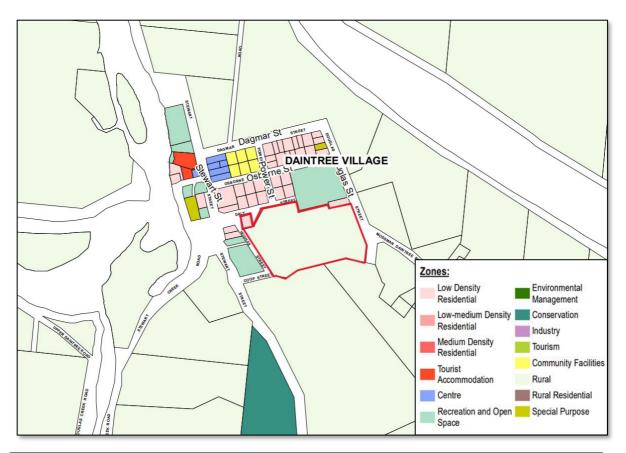


FIGURE 2: COUNCIL ZONE MAPPING

3.2. Existing Land Use

Lot 1 on RP731426 current use is a residential dwelling. The current use for Lot 248 on SP337663 is rural activities.

3.3. Surrounding Land Uses

There is a mixture of land uses within the existing surrounding area. To the north of the site there is residential dwellings and local community centre and sports reserve. There is also Community facilities such as Daintree State School. North of the site tourist accommodation such as the Daintree Village Hotel and Daintree Environmental Park.

Daintree Village is surrounded by mostly rural areas and conservation areas.

3.4. Ownership & Tenure

Rosaria Mealing is the owner of Lot 1 on RP731426 and Terri Anne Mantus & Chanelle Maree Osborne is the owner of Lot 248 on SP337663.

3.5. Easement and Covenants



No easement parcels were identified on the subject site.

3.6. Road and Access

Lot 1 on RP731426 has access via Hughes Street and Lot 248 on SP337663 has potential access via the formalisation of Hughes Street. The site also interfaces directly with Douglas Street.

3.7. Service Arrangements

Council mapping indicates that lot 1 on RP731426 is located within Council's water network service area. However, both sites are located outside the declared sewer service areas. The site is within NBN service available area.

3.8. Topography

The site slopes from the east and the south, with hilly areas located south of the site. Lot 1 on RP731426 gently slopes down in the easterly direction. Slope falls from 17m ADH to 10m ADH.

Lot 248 on SP337663 varies in topography but generally slopes down from the south from about 24/25m ADH to 6m ADH.

3.9. Vegetation

Both lots are mapped as not containing area of regulated vegetation including, no areas of essential habitat, vegetation management wetlands, and regional ecosystems. The subject site is however identified as a category X on regulated vegetation management map. Under Schedule 21, Part Section 2(d) clearing is exempt from this development.

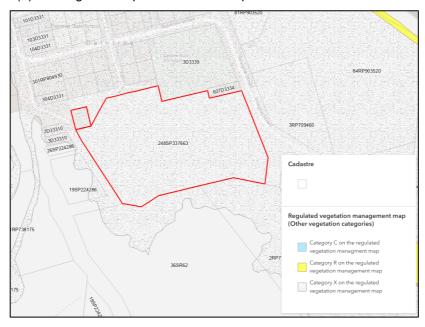


FIGURE 3: REGULATED VEGETATION MANAGEMENT MAP (SOURCE-QLD GOV)



4. Proposal

Veris has been commissioned by Renay Mealing ('the applicant') to prepare and lodge an application for a Development Permit for a Reconfiguration of a Lot (Boundary Realignment – 2 into 2 lots).

The proposed development aims to settle the encroachment of the exiting dwelling in Lot 1 to Lot 248. The proposed Lot 1 will be provided with 6m side setback. Both lots will retain their current existing uses.

4.1. Lot Dimensions and Size

Lot	Existing Site Area	Proposed Site Area	Minimum required lot size
Lot 1 on RP731426 (New Lot 1)	2023m²	2424m²	Low Density Residential Zone PO6 New lots contain a minimum area of: (a) 600m2 (in sewered areas); (b) 1000m2 (in unsewered areas). PO7 New lots have a minimum road frontage of 15 metres.
Lot 248 on SP337663 (New Lot 248)	102200m²	101800m²	Rural Zone PO7 The minimum lot size is 40 hectares, unless (a) the lot reconfiguration results in no additional lots (e.g. amalgamation, boundary realignments to resolve encroachments); or (b) the reconfiguration is limited to one additional lot to accommodate: (i) Telecommunications facility; (ii) Utility installation.



5. State Government Assessment Provisions

The development application requires assessment against the Planning Act 2016, other State legislation and supporting planning policies. Consideration of these matters is outlined below.

5.1. Planning Act 2016

The statutory framework for decision making in relation to land use and development within the State of Queensland is contained within the Planning Act 2016 (PACT) and its subordinate legislation (i.e., Planning Regulation 2017). Pursuant to Section 60(2) of the Planning Act 2016 to the extent the application involves development that requires code assessment, the assessment manager must decide to approve the application to the extent the development complies with all aspects of the assessment benchmarks for the development; and may decide to approve the application even if the development does not comply with some of the assessment benchmarks.

5.2. State Planning Policy

The State Planning Policy (SPP) defines the Queensland Government's policies about matters of state interest in land use planning and development assessment. Through the SPP, the state sets out the interests that must be addressed through local government planning schemes, regional plans and when making decisions about the designation of land for community infrastructure. The SPP establishes policies around matters of State significance including liveable communities and housing, economic growth, environment and heritage, safety and resilience to hazards and infrastructure.



FIGURE 4: MATTERS OF STATE INTERESTS (SOURCE - SINGLE STATE PLANNING POLICY)

The minister has identified that the SPP is integrated in the Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 in the following ways:



Aspects of a state planning policy appropriately integrated

Liveable communities and housing

- Liveable communities
- Housing supply and diversity
- Economic growth
- Agriculture
- Development and construction
- Tourism

Environment and heritage

- Biodiversity
- Coastal environment
- Cultural Heritage
- Water quality

Hazards and safety

- Emissions and hazardous activities
- Natural hazards (flood, bushfire, landslide and coastal hazards)

Infrastructure

- Energy
- State transport infrastructure

Aspects of a state planning policy not integrated

Nil

Aspects of a state planning policy not relevant to Douglas Shire

Economic growth

Mining and extractive resources

Infrastructure

- Water supply (bulk water infrastructure)
- Strategic airports and aviation facilities
- Strategic ports

Therefore, a separate assessment against the SPP is not required.

5.3. Far North Queensland Regional Plan

The Far North Queensland Regional Plan follows the Queensland Government's intention to guide and manage the region's development over the next 20 years to realise its 2020 vision for Queensland and address key regional environmental, social, economic and urban objectives. The regional plan aims to:



- identifies sufficient developable land to meet future growth
- prepares for growth in a way that progresses the Queensland Government's Q2 objectives, and protects and enhances the region's natural environment, biodiversity and natural resources
- resolves conflicts between state and local planning policies at a regional level
- establishes sound urban development principles that support a compact, well-serviced and efficient urban form
- promotes infrastructure delivery that is timely and cost-effective, and supports community and economic development
- maintains and enhances the quality of life for existing and future communities
- ensures the region's growth is responsive to the possible impacts of climate change and oil vulnerability
- promotes safe, efficient and effective movement of goods and people, and facilitates access to places and services
- supports a viable and diverse economy with well-located employment opportunities and economic activity centres
- gives the private sector greater certainty of future growth and development objectives when they make business investment decisions.

The development site is mapped within the Urban Footprint area (Figure 5). It is submitted that the proposed development generally supports the intent of the Urban Footprint Area, as per the FNQ Regional Plan.





FIGURE 5: URBAN FOOTPRINT AREA (SOURCE - DAMS)

5.4. Development Assessment Rules

The Planning Act 2016 provides for a new statutory instrument – the Development Assessment Rules (DA Rules) – which is a statutory instrument made under section 68(1) of the Planning Act 2016, which sets out the Minister's rules for the development assessment process in Queensland, including the processes and procedural requirements of the planning system.

The DA Rules provide for:

- When a development application may be taken to be properly made;
- How and when notification is to be carried out;
- The consideration of properly made submissions;
- The lapsing of an application;
- The revival of lapsed applications;
- How and when a referral agency may change its response;
- Changing, cancelling and lapsing development approvals.
- The effect of the Native Title Act 1992 (Cwlth) on development assessment.

This code assessable development application is lodged for assessment in accordance with the DA Rules.

5.5. Referral Agencies



Part 2 of the Development Assessment Rules establishes the process and actions required to properly refer an application to a referral agency, where applicable.

The matters triggering referral of an application to either the State Assessment and Referral Agency (SARA) and/or entities not administered by SARA, is contained under Schedules 9 and 10 of the Planning Regulation 2017.

The subject site is within the state transport corridor and the development involves a development permit for a boundary realignment. As a result, the development triggered assessment by SARA under Schedule 10, Part 9 of the Planning Regulation 2017. Under Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision 2, Table 1:

Development application for a reconfiguring a lot that is assessable development under section 21, if -

- (a) all or part of the premises are within 25m of a State transport corridor; and
- (b) 1 or more of the following apply—
 - (i) the total number of lots is increased;
 - (ii) the total number of lots adjacent to the State transport corridor is increased;
 - (iii) there is a new or changed access between the premises and the State transport corridor;
 - (iv) an easement is created adjacent to a railway as defined under the Transport Infrastructure Act, schedule 6; and
- (c) the reconfiguration does not relate to government supported transport infrastructure

A detailed review has identified SARA as the referral agency, refer to table 1.

5.6. State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP)

The State Assessment and Referral Agency (SARA) delivers a coordinated, whole-of-government approach to the state's assessment of development applications. SARA means that the chief executive of SPA, the Department's Director-General, is the assessment manager or referral agency for development applications where the state has a jurisdiction.

The State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP) provide assessment benchmarks (i.e., State Codes) for the assessment of development applications where the chief executive is the assessment manager or a referral agency.

Section 55(2) of the Act states that a regulation may prescribe the matters that a referral agency may, must or must only have regard to in its assessment. Each of the referral triggers in schedules 9 and 10 of the regulation specify the matters the referral agency's assessment must be against. For every trigger the chief executive is the referral agency for, the SDAP is specified as the matter the referral agency's assessment must be against. Additionally, section 23 of the regulation specifies other matters a referral agency must have regard to when assessing a development



application.

In consideration of the referrals identified by section 5.4 above, the table 1 below confirms any relevant State Codes applicable to the development proposal.

TABLE 1 RELEVANT STATE CODES

Matter of	Development Type	evelopment Assessment Pro Relevant provisions of	Relevant State Code	Applicable
Interest	Development Type	the regulation	recevant diate dode	(×/√)?
Native vegetation	Reconfiguring a lot	Schedule 10, Part 3, Div 4, Table 2	State Code 16 Native Vegetation Clearing	×
clearing	Operational work	Schedule 10, Part 3, Div 4, Table 1		×
	Material change of use	Schedule 10, Part 3, Div 4, Table 3		×
Contaminated Land	Reconfiguring a lot	Schedule 10, Part 4, Div 2, Table 1	State Code 13 Unexploded Ordinance	×
	Material change of use	Schedule 10, Part 4, Div 2, Table 1	·	×
Environmentally relevant activities	Material change of use	Schedule 10, Part 5, Div 4, Table 2	State Code 22 Environmentally Relevant Activities	×
Aquaculture	Material change of use	Schedule 10, Part 6, Div 1, Sub 3, Table 1	State Code 17 Aquaculture	×
Declared Fish Habitat Areas	Building work	Schedule 9, Part 3, Div 1, Table 2	State Code 12 Development in a Declared	×
development	Operational work	Schedule 10, Part 6, Div 2, Sub 3, Table 1	Fish Habitat Area	×
Marine plants	Operational work	Schedule 10, Part 6, Div 3, Sub 3, Table 2	State Code 11 Removal, Destruction or Damage of Marine Plants.	×
	Reconfiguring a Lot involving Operational Work for the removal, destruction or damage to marine plants	Schedule 10, Part 6, Div 3, Sub 3, Table 2		×
Materia involvir Work for destruction	Material Change of Use involving Operational Work for the removal, destruction or damage to marine plants	Schedule 10, Part 6, Div 3, Sub 3, Table 2		×
Waterway barrier works	Operational work	Schedule 10, Part 6, Div 4, Sub 3, Table 1	State Code 18 Construction or Raising Waterway Barrier Works in Fish Habitats	×
Queensland heritage	Various aspects of development	Schedule 10, Part 8, Div 2, Sub 3, Table 1 Schedule 10, Part 3, Div 2, Sub 3, Table 2	State Code 14 Queensland Heritage	×
State transport infrastructure (thresholds)	Various aspects of development	Schedule 10, Part 9, Div 4, Sub 1, Table 1	State Code 6 Protection of State Transport Networks	×



State Development Assessment Provisions				
Matter of	Development Type	Relevant provisions of the regulation	Relevant State Code	Applicable (×/√)?
State Transport Corridors	Building work	Schedule 9, part 3, div 1, table 3 Schedule 9, part 3, div 1,	State Code 1 Development in a State Controlled Road Environment	×
	Reconfiguring a lot	table 4 Schedule 10, part 9, div 4, sub 2, table 1 Schedule 10, part 9, div 4, sub 2, table 2 Schedule 10, part 9, div 4, sub 2, table 3	State Code 2 Development in a Railway Environment State Code 3 Development in a Busway Environment State Code 4 Development in a Light Rail Environment	J
	Material change of use or operational work	Schedule 10, Part 9, Div 4, Sub 2, Table 4		×
	Operational Work	Schedule 10, part 9, div 4, sub 2, table 5		×
		Schedule 10, part 9, div 4, sub 2, table 6		
State-controlled Transport Tunnels	Reconfiguring a lot	Schedule 10, Part 9, Div 4, Sub 3, Table 1	State Code 5 Development in a State Controlled Transport Tunnel Environment	×
	Material change of use or operational work	Schedule 10, Part 9, Div 4, Sub 3, Table 2		×
	Operational Work	Schedule 10, Part 9, Div 4, Sub 3, Table 3		×
Tidal works or development in	Material change of use	Schedule 10, Part 17, Div 3, Table 6	State Code 8 Coastal Development and	×
a coastal management district	Reconfiguring a lot	Schedule 10, Part 17, Div 3, Table 5	Tidal Works	×
uistrict	Operational Work	Schedule 10, Part 17, Div 3, Table 1		×
	Building work	Schedule 9, Part 3, Div 1, Table 1		×
Taking or Interfering with Water	Operational work	Schedule 10, Part 19, Div 1, Sub 3, Table 1	State Code 10 Taking or Interfering with Water	×
Removing quarry material	All aspects of development	Schedule 10, Part 19, Div 2, Sub 3, Table 1	State Code 15 Removal of Quarry Material from a Watercourse, Lake or Estuary	×
Referrable dams	Operational work	Schedule 10, Part 19, Div 3, Sub 3, Table 1	State Code 20 Referrable Dams	×
Category 3 Levees	Operational work	Schedule 10, Part 19, Div 4, Sub 3, Table 1	State Code 19 Category 3 Levees	×
Wetland Protection Area	Reconfiguring a lot	Schedule 10, Part 20, Div 4, Table 2	State Code 9 Great Barrier Reef Wetland	×
	Material change of use	Schedule 10, Part 20, Div 4, Table 3	Protection Measures	×
	Operational work	Schedule 10, Part 20, Div 4, Table 1		×



State Development Assessment Provisions				
Matter of Interest	Development Type	Relevant provisions of the regulation	Relevant State Code	Applicable (×/√)?
Maritime Safety	Operational work	Schedule 10, Part 17, Div 3, Table 2	State Code 7 Maritime Safety	×
State transport infrastructure (thresholds)	Various aspects of development	Schedule 10, Part 9, Div 4, Sub 1, Table 1	State Code 6 Protection of State Transport Networks	×
Urban design	Material change of use or operational work	Schedule 10, Part 18, Table 1	State Code 24 Urban design	×



6. Local Government Assessment Framework

6.1. Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018

Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018 is the applicable document for planning assessment for development applications with the Douglas Shire. The proposed development, being for a Development Permit for Reconfiguration of a Lot (Boundary Realignment – 2 into 2 lots) will trigger a Code Assessable development application.

6.2. Overlay Codes

In accordance with the *Douglas Shire Planning Scheme 2018*, it has been determined that no overlays alter the level of assessment of the Development Application. The proposed development however triggers Code Assessment against the following overlay codes -

Overlay	Level of Assessment	Benchmark Compliance
Acid Sulfate Soils	No Change	N/A
Bushfire Hazard	No Change	N/A
Hillslopes	No Change	N/A
Landscape Values	No Change	N/A
Landslide Hazard	No Change	N/A
Natural Areas	No Change	N/A
Places of Significance	No Change	N/A

Overlays identify areas in the planning scheme that reflect state and local level interests and that have one or more of the following characteristics:

- there is a particular sensitivity to the effects of development; or
- · there is the presence of valuable resources; or
- there are particular opportunities for development.

Where development is proposed on premises partly affected by an overlay, the assessment benchmarks for the overlay only relates to the part of the premises affected by the overlay.

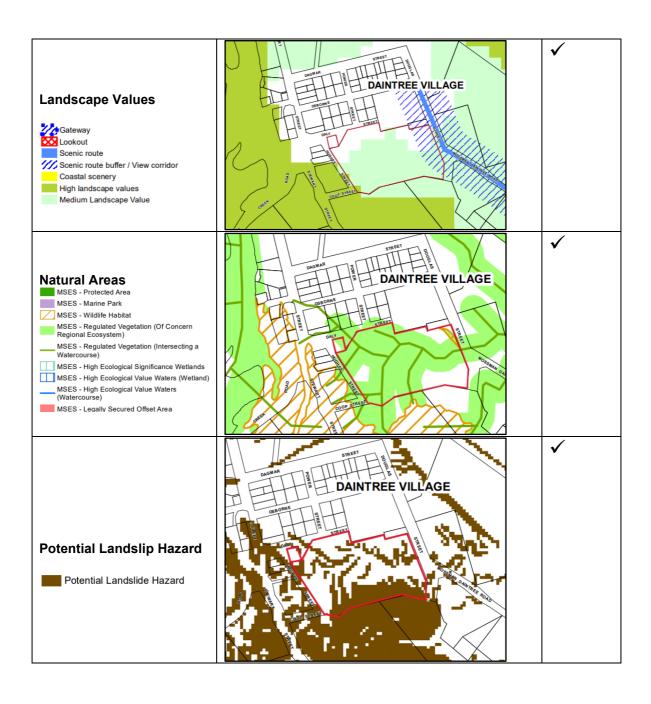
Table 2 below confirms the relevant Overlay Codes applicable to the development proposal.



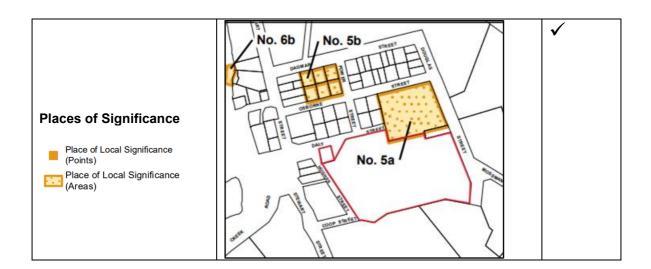
TABLE 2 OVERLAY CODES

Overlay Codes				
Overlay	Overlay Map Extract	Applicable (×/√)?		
Acid Sulfate Soils Acid Sulfate Soils (5-20m AHD) Acid Sulfate Soils (< 5m AHD)	DAINTREE VILLAGE	✓		
Bushfire Hazard Very High Potential Bushfire Intensity High Potential Bushfire Intensity Medium Potential Bushfire Intensity Potential Impact Buffer	DAINTREE VILLAGE	✓		
Hillslopes Area Affected by Hillslopes	DAINTREE VILLAGE	✓		











7. Conclusion

It is considered that the site's constraints have been effectively managed to allow for this development to occur, without compromising the purpose of the *Douglas Shire Planning Scheme* 2018, or the *Planning Act* 2016.

It is recommended that the proposed development be considered favourably by Council and approved subject to reasonable and relevant conditions.



8. Appendix

Appendix 1 DA Form 1



Appendix 2 – Survey Plan



Appendix 3 – Current search Titles



Appendix 4 – Registered Survey Plans



Appendix 5 – Code assessment tables



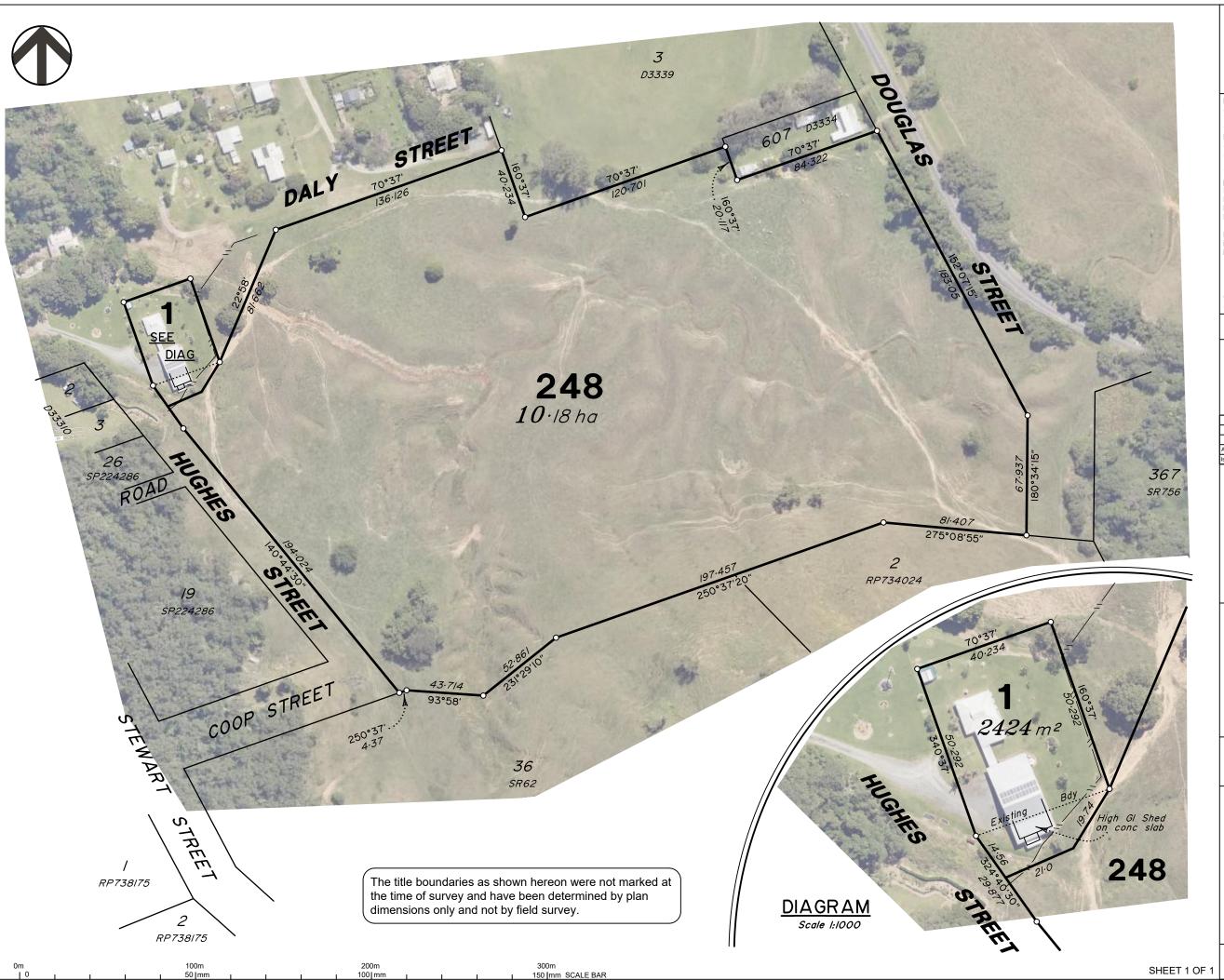
Appendix 6 – Pre-lodgement advice





Brisbane

Level 5, 16 Marie Street PO Box 1104 Milton QLD 4064 Australia T 07 3666 4700 brisbane@veris.com.au veris.com.au



Boundary Realignment

Sarina Mealing

IMPORTANT NOTES: (These notes are an integral part of this plan) This plan has been prepared for Sarina Mealing for the purposes of a proposal Plan
It is not to be used by any other person or corporation or for any other purposes and is subject to the following limitations:

The proposed boundaries as shown hereon are preliminary only and are subject to final design, local authority approval and registration in the Department of Natural Resources and Mines, Manufacturing and Regional and Rural Development.

In particular, no reliance should be placed on the information on this plan for any financial dealing involving the land.

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Data Sources Cadastral Boundaries Contours / Topographic Qld Globe Flood Level Engineering Design Architectural Design Landscape Design

Α	Original	23/06/2025	LJF
Issue	Revision	Date	Drawn

Locality: Local Authority: Daintree Douglas Shire Projection: Horizontal Meridian: Vertical Level Datum:

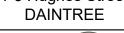
Level Origin: Scale: Surveyed: 1:2000 (A3)

Designed: Drawn: Checked: LJF 23/06/2025 CT 23/06/2025 Plot Date: 07 Jul, 2025

Computer File Ref: 403100 PP-01 (A).dwg

Plan of Proposed **Boundary Realignment**

between Lot 1 on RP731426 & Lot 248 on SP337663 1-3 Hughes Street







BRISBANE (07) 3666 4700

WHITSUNDAYS

MACKAY (07) 4957 9700

CAIRNS (07) 4252 9400

Issue

Α

ACN 615 735 727

Veris Australia Ptv Ltd

Drawing No 403100 PP-01



6.2.6 Low density residential zone code

6.2.6.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development in the Low density residential zone.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

6.2.6.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Low density residential zone code is to provide for predominantly dwelling houses supported by community uses and small-scale services and facilities that cater for local residents.
- (2) The local government purpose of the code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction set in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1: Settlement pattern, Element 3.4.2 Urban settlement, Element 3.4.5 Residential areas and activities, Element 3.4.7 Mitigation of hazards.
 - (ii) Theme 4 : Strong community and identity, Element 3.7.3 Active communities, Element 3.7.4 Sense of place, community and identity, Element 3.7.5 Housing choice and affordability.
 - (iii) Theme 6: Infrastructure and transport, Element 3.9.2 Energy, Element 3.9.3 Water and waste management, Element 3.9.4 Transport, Element 3.9.5 Information technology.
 - (b) retain the low density residential character and amenity of the area, consisting predominantly of low-rise 1 and 2 storey detached dwelling houses;
 - (c) provide support for compatible small scale non-residential use activities;
 - (d) ensure development occurs on appropriately sized and shaped lots.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) A range of housing, predominantly detached dwelling houses, on a range of lot sizes is provided.
 - (b) Development maintains a high level of residential amenity having regard to traffic, noise, dust, odour, lighting and other locally specific impacts.
 - (c) Development reflects and enhances the existing low density scale and character of the area.
 - (d) Development is reflective and responsive to the environmental constraints of the land.
 - (e) Development is supported by necessary community facilities, open space and recreational areas and appropriate infrastructure to support the needs of the local community.

6.2.6.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 6.2.6.3.a - Low density residential zone code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
For self-assessable and assessable development		



PO1 The height of all buildings and structures must be in keeping with the residential character of the area.	AO1 Buildings and structures are not more than 8.5 metres and two storeys in height. Note – Height is inclusive of the roof height.	Not Applicable No new construction of buildings and structures is proposed.
For assessable development		
PO2 The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for the Low density residential zone and protects the zone from the intrusion of inconsistent uses.	AO2 Uses identified in Table 6.2.2.3.b are not established in the Low density residential zone.	Complies Proposed Boundary realignment does not establish uses mentioned in the Table 6.2.2.3.b.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
PO3 The setback of buildings and structures: (a) maintains the amenity of adjoining lots and the residential character of the area; (b) achieves separation from neighbouring buildings and frontages.	AO3 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies 6m side boundary setback has been provided to maintain the access and character of neighboring rural lot.
PO4 Development is located, designed, operated and managed to respond to the natural characteristics, features and constraints of the site and surrounds. Note – Planning scheme policy – Site assessments provides guidance on identifying the characteristics and features and constraints of a site and its surrounds.	AO4 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies Proposed development has been designed in such a way that it responds and manages to the characteristics and constraints of the site and surrounds.
PO5 Development does not adversely affect the residential character and amenity of the area in terms of traffic, noise, dust, odour, lighting or other physical or environmental impacts.	AO5 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies Proposed boundary realignment does not impose any adversary impact on the character and amenity of the surrounding area.
PO6 New lots contain a minimum area of : (a) 600m² (in sewered areas); (b) 1000m² (in unsewered areas).	AO6 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies Proposed new Lot 1 and proposed new Lot 248 has an approximate area of 2424m² and 101800m² area respectively.
PO7 New lots have a minimum road frontage of 15 metres.	AO7 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies Proposed Lot 1 has frontage of approximate 50.2m.
PO8 New lots contain a 20m x 15m rectangle.	AO10 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies The proposed lot is generally rectangular shaped.



Table 6.2.6.3.b - Inconsistent uses within the Low density residential zone

Inconsistent uses

- Adult store
- Agricultural supplies store
- Air services •
- Animal husbandry
- Aquaculture
- Bar
- **Brothel**
- Bulk landscape supplies
- Car wash
- Club
- Crematorium
- Cropping
- **Detention facility**
- **Emergency services**
- Extractive industry
- Food and drink outlet
- Function facility
- Funeral parlour
- Garden centre
- Hardware and trade supplies
- High impact industry

- Hospital
- Hotel
- Indoor sport and recreation •
- Intensive animal industry
- Intensive horticulture
- Landing
- Low impact industry
- Major electricity infrastructure
- Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility
- Marine industry
- Medium impact industry
- Motor sport facility
- Nature based tourism
- Nightclub entertainment facility
- Non-resident workforce accommodation
- Office
- Outdoor sales
- Outstation
- Parking station

- Permanent plantation
- Port services
- Renewable energy facility
- Research and technology industry
- Resort complex
- Roadside stall
- Rooming accommodation
- Rural industry
- Rural workers accommodation
- Service industry
- Shop
- **Shopping Centre**
- Showroom
- Special industry
- Theatre
- Transport depot
- Veterinary services
- Warehouse
- Wholesale nursery
- Winery

Note – This table does not imply that all other uses not listed in the table are automatically consistent uses within the zone. Assessable development must still demonstrate consistency through the assessment process.





6.2.10 Rural zone code

6.2.10.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing development in the Rural zone.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

6.2.10.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Rural zone code is to provide for:
 - (a) provide for rural uses including cropping, intensive horticulture, intensive animal industries, animal husbandry, animal keeping and other primary production activities;
 - (b) provide opportunities for non-rural uses, such as ancillary tourism activities that are compatible with agriculture, the environmental features, and landscape character of the rural area where the uses do not compromise the long-term use of the land for rural purposes;
 - (c) protect or manage significant natural resources and processes to maintain the capacity for primary production.
- (2) The local government purpose of the code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction set in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 2: Environment and landscape values, Element 3.5.5 Scenic amenity.
 - (ii) Theme 3: Natural resource management, Element 3.6.2 Land and catchment management, Element 3.6.3 Primary production, forestry and fisheries, Element
 - 3.6.4 Resource extraction.
 - (iii) Theme 5 Economy, Element 3.8.2 Economic growth and diversification, Element 3.8.4 Primary production.
 - (iv) Theme 6: Infrastructure and transport, Element 3.9.4 Transport.
 - (b) recognise the primacy of rural production, in particular sugar cultivation, and other farming practices in rural areas;
 - (c) provide protection to areas of ecological significance and scenic amenity significance where present.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Areas for use for primary production are conserved and fragmentation is avoided.
 - (b) Development embraces sustainable land management practices and contributes to the amenity and landscape of the area.
 - (c) Adverse impacts of land use, both on-site and on adjoining areas, are avoided and any unavoidable impacts are minimised through location, design, operation and management.
 - (d) Areas of remnant and riparian vegetation are retained or rehabilitated.

6.2.10.3 Criteria for assessment



Table 6.2.10.3.a – Rural zone code assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
For self-assessable and assessable development		
PO1 The height of buildings is compatible with the rural character of the area and must not detrimentally impact on visual landscape amenity.	AO1.1 Dwelling houses are not more than 8.5 metres in height. Note – Height is inclusive of roof height. AO1.2 Rural farm sheds and other rural structures are not more than 10 metres in height.	Not Applicable No dwelling has been proposed as part of this development.



Performance outcomes Acce	otable outcomes	Response
Setbacks		
PO2 Buildings and structures are setback to maintain the rural character of the area and achieve separation from buildings on adjoining properties.	Buildings are setback not less than: (a) 40 metres from the property boundary and a State-controlled road; (b) 25 metres from the property boundary adjoining Cape Tribulation Road; (c) 20 metres from the boundary with any other road; (d) 6 metres from side and rear property boundaries.	Complies The existing dwelling in Proposed Lot 1 has been provided a 6m side boundary setback to Proposed Lot 2, which is sufficient to maintain the rural character of the area.
PO3 Buildings/structures are designed to maintain the rural character of the area.	AO3 White and shining metallic finishes are avoided on external surfaces of buildings.	Not applicable No building structures have been proposed in development.
For assessable development		
PO4 The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for the Rural zone and protects the zone from the intrusion of inconsistent uses.	AO4 Uses identified in Table 6.2.10.3.b are not established in the Rural zone.	Complies No new use has been proposed in the development. Proposed Lot 2 will retain its existing rural use.
Uses and other development include those that: (a) promote rural activities such as agriculture, rural enterprises and small scale industries that serve rural activities; or (b) promote low impact tourist activities based on the appreciation of the rural character, landscape and rural activities; or (c) are compatible with rural activities.	AO5 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies Proposed Lot 2 will retain its existing rural use.
PO6 Existing native vegetation along watercourses and in, or adjacent to areas of environmental value, or areas of remnant vegetation of value is protected.	AO6 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies Proposed boundary realignment does not include any vegetation clearing.



PO7	A07	Complies
The minimum lot size is 40 hectares, unless (a) the lot reconfiguration results in no additional lots (e.g. amalgamation, boundary realignments to resolve encroachments); or	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Both existing lots are less than 40ha, however, no new lots have been created in the proposed boundary realignment.
(b) the reconfiguration is limited to one additional lot to accommodate:(i) Telecommunications facility;(ii) Utility installation.		



Table 6.2.10.3.b — Inconsistent uses within the Rural zone.

Inconsistent uses				
 Adult store Bar Brothel Car wash Child care centre Club Community care centre Community residence Detention facility, Dual occupancy Dwelling unit Food and drink outlet Hardware and trade supplies Health care services High impact industry 	 Hotel Indoor sport and recreation Low impact industry Medium impact industry Multiple dwelling Nightclub entertainment facility Non-resident workforce accommodation Office Outdoor sales Parking station Permanent plantation Port services Relocatable home park Renewable energy facility, being a wind farm 	 Residential care facility Resort complex Retirement facility Rooming accommodation Sales office Service station Shop Shopping centre Short-term accommodation Showroom Special industry Theatre Warehouse 		

Note – This table does not imply that all other uses not listed in the table are automatically consistent uses within the zone. Assessable development must still demonstrate consistency through the assessment process.



8.2 Overlay codes

8.2.1 Acid sulfate soils overlay code

8.2.1.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Acid sulfate soils overlay, if:
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6:
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Acid sulphate soils overlay is identified on the Acid sulfate soils overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) Land at or below the 5m AHD sub-category;
 - (b) Land above the 5m AHD and below the 20m AHD sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

8.2.1.2 **Purpose**

- (1) The purpose of the acid sulfate soils overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 2: Environment and landscape values, Element 3.5.4 Coastal zones.
 - (ii) Theme 3: Natural resource management, Element 3.6.2 land and catchment management, Element 3.6.3 Primary production, forestry and fisheries.
- (2) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Acid sulfate soils overlay sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development ensures that the release of any acid and associated metal contaminant is avoided by not disturbing acid sulfate soils when excavating, removing soil or extracting ground water or filling land;
 - (b) Development ensures that disturbed acid sulfate soils, or drainage waters, are treated and, if required, on-going management practices are adopted that minimise the potential for environmental harm from acid sulfate soil and protect corrodible assets from acid sulfate soil.

8.2.1.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.1.3.a - Acid sulfate soils overlay code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
For assessable development		



PO1 The extent and location of potential or actual acid sulfate soils is accurately identified.	AO1.1 No excavation or filling occurs on the site.	Not Application Proposed boundary realignment does not involve any excavation or filling.
	or	
	AO1.2 An acid sulfate soils investigation is undertaken.	
	Note - Planning scheme policy SC 6.12– Potential and actual acid sulfate soils provides guidance on preparing an acid sulfate soils investigation.	



Performance outcomes

PO₂

Development avoids disturbing potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils, or is managed to avoid or minimise the release of acid and metal contaminants.

Acceptable outcomes

AO2.1

The disturbance of potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils is avoided by:

- (a) not excavating, or otherwise removing, soil or sediment identified as containing potential or actual acid sulfate soils;
- (b) not permanently temporarily extracting groundwater that results in the aeration of previously saturated acid sulfate soils;
- (c) not undertaking filling that results
- (d) actual acid sulfate soils being moved below the water table:
- (e) previously saturated acid sulfate soils being aerated.

or

AO2.2

The disturbance of potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils is undertaken in accordance with an acid sulfate soils management plan and avoids the release of metal contaminants by:

- (a) neutralising existing acidity and preventing the generation of acid and metal contaminants;
- (b) preventing the release of surface or groundwater flows containing acid and metal contaminants into the environment:
- (c) preventing the in situ oxidisation of potential acid sulfate soils and actual acid sulfate soils through ground water level management;
- (d) appropriately treating acid sulfate soils before disposal occurs on or off site;
- (e) documenting strategies and reporting requirements in an acid sulfate soils environmental management plan.

Note - Planning scheme policy SC 6.12 - Acid sulfate soils provides guidance on preparing an acid sulfate soils management plan.

PO₃

No environmental harm is caused as a result of exposure to potential acid

AO₃

No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.

Complies

This application is for a boundary realignment. Therefore, no activities involved disturbance to acid sulfate soils have been suggested.

Not applicable

The development will not result in any exposure to potential acid sulfate soils.



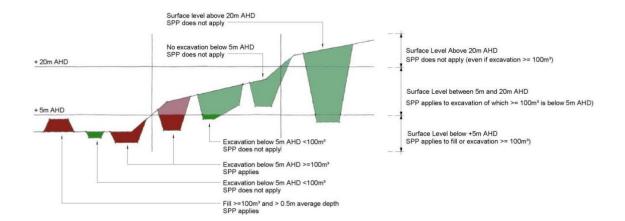


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Figure 8.2.1.3.a – Acid sulfate soils (SPP triggers)







8.2.2 Bushfire hazard overlay code

Note - Land shown on the bushfire hazard overlay map is designated as the bushfire prone area for the purposes of section 12 of the Building Regulations 2006. The bushfire hazard area (bushfire prone area) includes land covered by the high and medium hazard areas as well as the buffer area category on the overlay map.

8.2.2.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational works or building work in the Bushfire hazard overlay, if:
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6:
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Bushfire hazard overlay is identified on the Bushfire hazard overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) Medium bushfire risk sub-category;
 - (b) High bushfire risk sub-category;
 - (c) Very high bushfire risk sub-category;
 - (d) Potential impact buffer sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

8.2.2.2 **Purpose**

(1) The purpose of the Bushfire overlay code is to:

- (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1 Settlement pattern: Element 3.4.7 Mitigation of hazards;
- (ii) Theme 6 Infrastructure and transport: Element 3.9.2 Energy.
- (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Bushfire risk overlay sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development avoids the establishment or intensification of vulnerable activities within or near areas that are subject to bushfire hazard;
 - (b) development is designed and located to minimise risks to people and property from bushfires;
 - (c) bushfire risk mitigation treatments are accommodated in a manner that avoids or minimises impacts on the natural environment and ecological processes;
 - (d) development involving the manufacture or storage of hazardous materials does not increase the risk to public safety or the environment in a bushfire event:
 - (e) development contributes to effective and efficient disaster management response and recovery capabilities.



Note - A site based assessment may ground-truth the extent of hazardous vegetation and extent and nature of the bushfire hazard area (bushfire prone area). Such assessments should be undertaken using the methodology set out in Planning scheme policy SC6.9 - Natural Hazards.



8.2.2.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.2.3.a – Bushfire hazard overlay code –assessable development

Performance outcomes Acceptable outcomes		
For self-assessable and assessable development		
Compatible development		
PO1 A vulnerable use is not established or materially intensified within a bushfire hazard area (bushfire prone area) unless there is an overriding need or other exceptional circumstances. Note - See the end of this code for examples of vulnerable uses.	Vulnerable uses are not established or expanded. Note – Where, following site inspection and consultation with Council, it is clear that the mapping is in error in identifying a premises as being subject to a medium, high, very high bushfire hazard or potential impact buffer sub-category, Council may supply a letter exempting the need for a Bushfire Management Plan. Note – Where the assessment manager has not previously approved a Bushfire Management Plan (either by condition of a previous development approval), the development proponent will be expected to prepare such a plan. Note – Planning scheme policy SC6.9 - Natural hazards, provides a guide to the preparation of a Bushfire Management Plan.	Not applicable Proposed development is for boundary realignment. No vulnerable uses are proposed.
PO2	AO2	Not applicable
Emergency services and uses providing community support services are able to function effectively during and immediately after a bushfire hazard event.	Emergency Services and uses providing community support services are not located in a bushfire hazard sub-category and have direct access to low hazard evacuation routes.	No emergency services and community support services are proposed in the development.
PO3 Development involving hazardous materials manufactured or stored in bulk is not located in bushfire hazard sub-category.	AO3 The manufacture or storage of hazardous material in bulk does not occur within bushfire hazard subcategory.	Not applicable The development does not involve manufacturing or storage of hazardous material.
Development design and separation from bushfire		



PO4.1

Where reconfiguration is undertaken in an urban area or is for urban purposes or smaller scale rural residential purposes, a separation distance from hazardous vegetation is provided to achieve a radiant heat flux level of 29kW/m² at the edge of the proposed lot(s).

Note - "Urban purposes" and "urban area" are defined in the *Sustainable Planning Regulations 2009*. Reconfiguration will be taken to be for rural residential purposes where proposed lots are between 2000m² and 2ha in area. "Smaller scale" rural residential purposes will be taken to be where the average proposed lot size is 6000m² or less.

Note - The radiant heat levels and separation distances are to be established in accordance with method 2 set out in AS3959-2009

PO4.2

Where reconfiguration is undertaken for other purposes, a building envelope of reasonable dimensions is provided on each lot which achieves radiant heat flux level of 29kW/m² at any point.

AO4.1

No new lots are created within a bushfire hazard sub-category.

or

AO4.2

Lots are separated from hazardous vegetation by a distance that:

- (a) achieves radiant heat flux level of 29kW/m² at all boundaries: and
- (b) is contained wholly within the development site.

Note - Where a separation distance is proposed to be achieved by utilising existing cleared developed areas external to the site, certainty must be established (through tenure or other means) that the land will remain cleared of hazardous vegetation. For staged developments, temporary separation distances, perimeter roads or fire trails may be absorbed as part of subsequent stages.

Note - The achievement of a cleared separation distance may not be achievable where other provisions within the planning scheme require protection of certain ecological, slope, visual or character features or functions.

Complies

The subject site is within the bushfire buffer zone. Proposed development comprises a boundary realignment between two (2) lots.



Performance outcomes

PO₅

Where reconfiguration is undertaken in an urban area or is for urban purposes, a constructed perimeter road with reticulated water supply is established between the lots and the hazardous vegetation and is readily accessible at all times for urban fire fighting vehicles.

The access is available for both fire fighting and maintenance/defensive works

Acceptable outcomes

AO5.1

Lot boundaries are separated from hazardous vegetation by a public road which:

- (a) has a two lane sealed carriageway:
- (b) contains a reticulated water supply:
- (c) is connected to other public roads at both ends and at intervals of no more than 500m:
- (d) accommodates geometry and turning radii in accordance with Queensland Fire and Emergency Services' Fire Hydrant and Vehicle Access Guidelines:
- (e) has a minimum of 4.8m vertical clearance above the road:
- (f) is designed to ensure hydrants and water access points are not located within parking bay allocations: and
- (g) incorporates roll-over kerbing.

AO5.2

Fire hydrants are designed and installed in accordance with AS2419.1 2005, unless otherwise specified by the relevant water entity.

Note - Applicants should have regard to the relevant standards set out in the reconfiguration of a lot code and works codes in this planning scheme.

Complies with PO5

Both sites feature direct access to a road which can adequately service emergency vehicles.



PO6

Where reconfiguration is undertaken for smaller scale rural residential purposes, either a constructed perimeter road or a formed, all weather fire trail is established between the lots and the hazardous vegetation and is readily accessible at all times for the type of fire fighting vehicles servicing the area.

The access is available for both fire fighting and maintenance/hazard reduction works.

AO6

Lot boundaries are separated from hazardous vegetation by a public road or fire trail which has:

- (a) a reserve or easement width of at least 20m:
- (b) a minimum trafficable (cleared and formed) width of 4m capable of accommodating a 15 tonne vehicle and which is at least 6m clear of vegetation;
- (c) no cut or fill embankments or retaining walls adjacent to the 4m wide trafficable path;
- (d) a minimum of 4.8m vertical clearance:
- (e) turning areas for fire-fighting appliances in accordance with Queensland Fire and Emergency Services' Fire Hydrant and Vehicle Access Guidelines:
- (f) a maximum gradient of 12.5%:
- (g) a cross fall of no greater than 10 degrees;
- (h) drainage and erosion control devices in accordance with the standards prescribed in a planning scheme policy:
- (i) vehicular access at each end which is connected to the public road network at intervals of no more than 500m;
- (j) designated fire trail signage;
- (k) if used, has gates locked with a system authorised by Queensland Fire and Emergency Services; and
- (I) if a fire trail, has an access easement that is granted in favour of Council and Queensland Fire and Emergency Services.

Complies with PO6

Both sites feature direct access to a road which can adequately service emergency vehicles.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
Where reconfiguration is undertaken for other purposes, a formed, all weather fire trail is provided between the hazardous vegetation and either the lot boundary or building envelope, and is readily accessible at all times for the type of fire fighting vehicles servicing the area. However, a fire trail will not be required where it would not serve a practical fire management purpose.	Lot boundaries are separated from hazardous vegetation by a public road or fire trail which has: (a) a reserve or easement width of at least 20m; (b) a minimum trafficable (cleared and formed) width of 4m capable of accommodating a 15 tonne vehicle and which is at least 6m clear of vegetation; (c) no cut or fill embankments or retaining walls adjacent to the 4m wide trafficable path; (d) a minimum of 4.8m vertical clearance; (e) turning areas for fire-fighting appliances in accordance with Queensland Fire and Emergency Services' Fire Hydrant and Vehicle Access Guidelines; (f) a maximum gradient of 12.5%; (g) a cross fall of no greater than 10 degrees; (h) drainage and erosion control devices in accordance with the standards prescribed in a planning scheme policy; (i) vehicular access at each end which is connected to the public road network; (j) designated fire trail signage; (k) if used, has gates locked with a system authorised by Queensland Fire and Emergency Services; and (l) if a fire trail, has an access easement that is granted in favour of Council and Queensland Fire and Emergency Services.	Not applicable The proposal is only for boundary realignment associated with existing residential uses.



PO8 The development design responds to the potential threat of bushfire and establishes clear evacuation routes which demonstrate an acceptable or tolerable risk to people.	AO8 The lot layout: (a) minimises the length of the development perimeter exposed to, or adjoining hazardous vegetation; (b) avoids the creation of potential bottle-neck points in the movement network; (c) establishes direct access to a safe assembly /evacuation area in the event of an approaching bushfire; and (d) ensures roads likely to be used in the event of a fire are designed to minimise traffic congestion. Note - For example, developments should avoid finger-like or hour-glass subdivision patterns or substantive vegetated corridors between lots. In order to demonstrate compliance with the performance outcome, a bushfire management plan prepared by a suitably qualified person may be required. The bushfire management plan should be developed in accordance with the Public Safety Business Agency (PSBA) guideline entitled "Undertaking a Bushfire Protection Plan. Advice from the Queensland Fire and Emergency Services (QFES) should be sought as appropriate	 a) There is clear separation from proposed Lot 1 to any hazardous vegetation. Lot 2 is predominantly distanced from any vegetation on its perimeter. b) No bottle neck is created. c) There is clear and direct access to a safe place of refuge. d) There are no notable impacts on the traffic flow.
PO9 Critical infrastructure does not increase the potential bushfire hazard.	AO9 Critical or potentially hazardous infrastructure such as water supply, electricity, gas and telecommunications are placed underground.	Complies No new infrastructure is proposed.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
Development design and separation from bushfire hazard – material change of use		
PO10 Development is located and designed to ensure proposed buildings or building envelopes achieve a radiant heat flux level at any point on the building or envelope respectively, of: (a) 10kW/m² where involving a vulnerable use; or (b) 29kW/m² otherwise. The radiant heat flux level is achieved by separation unless this is not practically achievable. Note - The radiant heat levels and separation distances are to be established in accordance with method 2 set out in AS3959-2009.	Buildings or building envelopes are separated from hazardous vegetation by a distance that: (a) achieves a radiant heat flux level of at any point on the building or envelope respectively, of 10kW/m² for a vulnerable use or 29kW/m² otherwise; and (b) is contained wholly within the development site. Note - Where a separation distance is proposed to be achieved by utilising existing cleared developed areas external to the site, certainty must be established (through tenure or other means) that the land will remain cleared of hazardous vegetation. For staged developments, temporary separation distances, perimeter roads or fire trails may be absorbed as part of subsequent stages. Note - The achievement of a cleared separation distance may not be achievable where other provisions within the planning scheme require protection of certain ecological, slope, visual or	Not applicable Proposed development is a ROL – boundary realignment (2 into 2 lots).



PO11

A formed, all weather fire trail is provided between the hazardous vegetation and the site boundary or building envelope, and is readily accessible at all times for the type of fire fighting vehicles servicing the area.

However, a fire trail will not be required where it would not serve a practical fire management purpose.

Note - Fire trails are unlikely to be required where a development site involves less than 2.5ha

AO11

Development sites are separated from hazardous vegetation by a public road or fire trail which has:

- (a) a reserve or easement width of at least 20m:
- (b) a minimum trafficable (cleared and formed) width of 4m capable of accommodating a 15 tonne vehicle and which is at least 6m clear of vegetation;
- (c) no cut or fill embankments or retaining walls adjacent to the 4m wide trafficable path:
- (d) a minimum of 4.8m vertical clearance:
- (e) turning areas for fire-fighting appliances in accordance with Queensland Fire and Emergency Services' Fire Hydrant and Vehicle Access Guidelines;
- (f) a maximum gradient of 12.5%;
- (g) a cross fall of no greater than 10 degrees;
- (h) drainage and erosion control devices in accordance with the standards prescribed in a planning scheme policy;
- (i) vehicular access at each end which is connected to the public road network which is connected to the public road network at intervals of no more than 500m;
- (j) designated fire trail signage;
- (k) if used, has gates locked with a system authorised by Queensland Fire and Emergency Services; and

(I) if a fire trail, has an access

Not applicable

Proposed development is a ROL – boundary realignment (2 into 2 lots).



easement that is granted in favour of Council and Queensland Fire and Emergency Services.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
All development		
PO12 All premises are provided with vehicular access that enables safe evacuation for occupants and easy access by fire fighting appliances.	Private driveways: (a) do not exceed a length of 60m from the street to the building; (b) do not exceed a gradient of 12.5%; (c) have a minimum width of 3.5m; (d) have a minimum of 4.8m vertical clearance; (e) accommodate turning areas for fire-fighting appliances in accordance with Queensland Fire and Emergency Services' Fire Hydrant and Vehicle Access Guidelines; and (f) serve no more than 3 dwellings or buildings.	

PO13	AO13	Complies
Development outside reticulated water supply areas includes a dedicated static supply that is available solely for fire fighting purposes and can be accessed by fire fighting appliances.	A water tank is provided within 10m of each building (other than a class 10 building) which: (a) is either below ground level or of non- flammable construction; (b) has a take off connection at a level that allows the following dedicated, static water supply to be left available for access by fire fighters: (i) 10,000l for residential buildings Note – A minimum of 7,500l is required in a tank and the extra 2,500l may be in the form of accessible swimming pools or dams. (ii) 45,000l for industrial buildings; and (iii) 20,000l for other buildings; (c) includes shielding of tanks and pumps in accordance with the relevant standards; (d) includes a hardstand area allowing medium rigid vehicle (15 tonne fire appliance) access within 6m of the tank; (e) is provided with fire brigade tank fittings – 50mm ball valve and male camlock coupling and, if underground, an access hole of 200mm (minimum) to accommodate suction lines; and (f) is clearly identified by directional signage provided at the street frontage.	Complies
PO14	AO14	Not applicable
Landscaping does not increase the potential bushfire risk.	Landscaping uses species that are less likely to exacerbate a bushfire event, and does not increase fuel loads within separation areas.	No landscaping has been proposed in the development.



The risk of bushfire and the need to mitigate that risk is balanced against other factors (such as but not limited to, biodiversity or scenic amenity).

AO15

Bushfire risk mitigation treatments do not have a significant impact on the natural environment or landscape character of the locality where this has value.

Not applicable

No bushfire management plan has been included in the proposed boundary realignment as the conditions are pre-existing.

Note – 'Vulnerable activities' are those involving:

- (1) the accommodation or congregation of vulnerable sectors of the community such as child care centres, community care centre, educational establishments, detention facilities, hospitals, rooming accommodation, retirement facilities or residential care facilities; or
- (2) the provision of essential services including community uses, emergency services, utility installation, telecommunications facility, substations and major electricity infrastructure.



8.2.5 Hillslopes overlay code

8.2.5.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Hillslopes overlay, if:
 - (a) self assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Hillslopes overlay is identified on the Hillslopes overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) Hillslopes constraint sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

8.2.5.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Hillslopes overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1 Settlement pattern: Element 3.4.7 Mitigation of hazards;
 - (ii) Theme 2 Environment and landscape values: Element 3.5.5 Scenic amenity.
 - (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Hillslopes sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development on hillslopes is safe, serviceable and accessible;
 - (b) the ecological values, landscape character and visual quality of the hillslopes are protected from development so as to retain the scenic backdrop to the region;
 - (c) Development on hillslopes is appropriate, having regard to the topographic constraints and environmental characteristics of the land;
 - (d) Development responds to the constraints of the site including gradient and slope stability;
 - (e) Works do not involve complex engineering solutions.

8.2.5.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.5.3.a - Hillslopes overlay code -assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
For self-assessable development		



PO1 The landscape character and visual amenity quality of hillslopes areas is retained to protect the scenic backdrop to the region.	AO1.1 Development is located on parts of the site that are not within the Hillslopes constraint sub- category as shown on the Hillslopes overlay Maps contained in schedule 2.	Complies Proposed development is only for a boundary realignment between two lots.
For assessable development		
PO2 The landscape character and visual amenity quality of hillslopes areas is retained to protect the scenic backdrop to the region.	AO2.1 Development does not occur on land with a gradient in excess of 1 in 6 (16.6%) or AO2.2 Where development on land steeper than 1 in 6 (16.6%) cannot be avoided, development follows the natural contours of the site.	Complies This application is only for boundary realignment. Therefore, it will not pose any impact on landscape character or visual amenity.



Performance outcomes Acceptable outcomes Response



ΔΩ2 3

Access wavs and drivewavs are:

- (a) constructed with surface materials that blend with the surrounding environment;
- (b) landscaped with dense planting to minimise the visual impact of the construction;
- (c) provided with erosion control measures immediately after construction.

AO2.4

The clearing or disturbance of vegetation is limited to clearing and disturbance that:

- (a) is necessary for the construction of driveways;
- (b) is necessary to contain the proposed development;
- (c) minimises canopy clearing or disturbance;
- (d) minimises riparian clearing or disturbance.

AO2.5

On land with slopes greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%) or greater, alternative construction methods to concrete slab on ground are utilised (i.e. split level or post and beam constructed buildings that minimise modification to the natural terrain of the land).

AO2.6

Development does not alter the sky line.

AO2.7

Buildings and structures:

- (a) are finished predominantly in the following exterior colours or surfaces:
 - (i) moderately dark to darker shades of olive green, brown, green, blue, or charcoal; or
 - (ii) moderately dark to darker wood stains that blend with the colour and hues of the surrounding vegetation and landscape;
- (b) are not finished in the following exterior



colours or surfaces:

- pastel or terracotta colours, reds, yellows, shades of white or beige, or other bright colours that do not blend with the surrounding vegetation and landscape;
- (ii) reflective surfaces.

AO2.8

Exterior colour schemes limit the use of white or other light colours to exterior trim and highlighting of architectural features

AO2.9

Areas between the first floor (including outdoor deck areas) and ground level are screened from view.

AO2.10

Recreational or ornamental features (including



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
	tennis courts, ponds or swimming pools) do not occur on land: (a) with a gradient of 1 in 6 (16.6%) or more; (b) are designed to be sited and respond to the natural constraints of the land and require minimal earthworks.	
PO3 Excavation or filling does not have an adverse impact on the amenity, safety, stability or function of the site or adjoining premises through: (a) loss of privacy; (b) loss of access to sunlight; (c) intrusion of visual or overbearing impacts; (d) complex engineering solutions.	 AO3 Excavation or fill: (a) is not more than 1.2 metres in height for each batter or retaining wall; (b) is setback a minimum of 2 metres from property boundaries; (c) is stepped with a minimum 2 metre wide berm to incorporate landscaping in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping; (d) does not exceed a maximum of 3 batters and 3 berms (i.e. not greater than 3.6 metres in height) on any one lot. 	Not applicable. Proposed development does not involve any excavation or fill.
Lot reconfiguration		



For development that involves reconfiguring a lot, lot layout and design is responsive to the natural constraints of the land and each lot is capable of being used for its intended purpose.

AO4.1

The frontage and depth of all lots is of sufficient width to:

- (a) allow driveways to follow the natural contours of the site and not exceed a gradient of 1 in 6 (16.6%);
- (b) accommodate any changes in gradient between the road and lot within the lot boundary and not within the road reserve.

AO4.2

Development does not create new lots containing land of greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%), except where a rectangular area of land of lesser grade is contained within the new lots to accommodate the intended land use, with the balance left in its natural state to the greatest extent possible.

Note – The size of rectangular areas is outlined within each zone code.

AO4.3

Development does not alter ridgelines.

AO4.4

Lots are designed to ensure rooflines of future buildings and structures do not protrude above a ridgeline.

Complies

The proposal is for boundary realignment between two lots to settle minor encroachment. Proposed new lots will retain their existing uses.



8.2.6 Landscape values overlay code

8.2.6.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Landscape values overlay, if:
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Landscape values overlay is identified on the Landscape values overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes in following sub-categories:
 - (a) High landscape value sub-category;
 - (b) Medium landscape value sub-category;
 - (c) Scenic route buffer / view corridor area sub-category;
 - (d) Coastal scenery area sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

8.2.6.2 **Purpose**

- (1) The purpose of the Landscape values overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction of the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 2: Environment and landscape values Element 3.5.5 Scenic amenity;
 - (ii) Theme 3: Natural resource management Element 3.6.4 Resource extraction.
 - (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Landscape values overlay sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) areas of High landscape value are protected, retained and enhanced;
 - (b) areas of Medium landscape value are managed to integrate and limit the visual impact of development;
 - (c) the landscape values of the Coastal scenery area are managed to integrate and limit the visual impact of development;
 - (d) development maintains and enhances the significant landscape elements and features which contribute to the distinctive character and identity of Douglas Shire;
 - (e) ridges and vegetated hillslopes are not developed in a way that adversely impacts on landscape values;
 - (f) watercourses, forested mountains and coastal landscape character types remain predominantly natural in appearance in order to maintain the region's diverse character and distinctive tropical image, in particular:
 - (i) areas in the coastal landscape character type which are predominantly natural and undeveloped in appearance retain this natural landscape character;
 - (ii) watercourses which are predominantly natural and undeveloped in appearance retain this natural landscape character;



- (iii) the rural character of cane fields and lowlands landscape character types which are predominantly rural or natural in appearance are maintained:
- (iv) landscape values are maintained when viewed from lookouts, scenic routes, gateways and public places.
- (g) views towards High landscape value areas and the Coral Sea are not diminished;
- (h) development is consistent with the prevailing landscape character of its setting, and is neither visually dominant nor visually intrusive;
- (i) advertising devices do not detract from the landscape values, character types or amenity of an area.



8.2.6.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.6.3.a - Landscape values overlay code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
For assessable development		
Development in a High landscape value area		



Development within High landscape value areas identified on the Landscape values overlay maps contained in Schedule 2:

- (a) avoids detrimental impacts on the landscape values of forested skylines, visible hillslopes, ridgelines, the coastal foreshore or the shoreline of other water bodies through the loss of vegetation;
- (b) is effectively screened from view from a road, lookout or other public place by an existing natural landform or native vegetation, or will be effectively screened by native vegetation within 3 years of construction;
- (c) retains existing vegetation and incorporates new landscaping to enhance existing vegetation and visually soften built form elements:
- (d) incorporates development of a scale, design, height, position on site, construction materials and external finishes that are compatible with the landscape values of the locality;
- (e) avoids detrimental impacts on landscape values and excessive changes to the natural landform as a result of the location, position on site, scale, design, extent and alignment of earthworks, roads, driveways, retaining walls and other onground or in-ground infrastructure;
- (f) avoids detrimental impacts on landscape values and views as a result of the location, position on site, scale, design and alignment of telecommunications facilities, electricity towers, poles and lines and other tall infrastructure:
- (g) extractive industry operations are avoided.

Note - A visual impact assessment is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values in order to satisfy performance outcomes.

AO1.1

Buildings and structures are not more than 8.5 metres and two storeys in height.

Note - Height is inclusive of roof height.

AO1.2

Buildings and structures are setback not less than 50 metres from ridgelines or peaks.

AO1.3

Development is screened from view from roads or other public places by an existing natural landform or an existing native vegetation buffer.

A01.4

Where development on land steeper than 1 in 6 (16.6%) cannot be avoided:

- (a) development follows the natural; contours of the site;
- (b) buildings are split level or suspended floor construction, or a combination of the two;
- (c) lightweight materials are used to areas with suspended floors.

Note - Examples of suitable lightweight materials include timber or fibre cement boards or sheeting for walls and factory treated metal sheeting for walls and roofs.

AO1.5

The external features, walls and roofs of buildings and structures have a subdued and non-reflective palette.

Note - Examples of suitable colours include shades of green, olive green, blue green, green green, green blue, indigo, brown, blue grey, and green yellow.

AO1.6

No clearing of native vegetation occurs on land with a slope greater than 1 in 6 (16.5%).

Not applicable.



AO1.7 Where for accommodation activities or reconfiguration of a lot in a High landscape value area, development demonstrates that the height, design, scale, positioning on-site, proposed construction materials and external finishes are compatible with the landscape values. Note - A visual impact assessment undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values may be required.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
	AO1.8 Advertising devices do not occur.	
Development within the Medium landscape value a	rea	



Development within Medium landscape value areas identified on the Landscape values overlay maps contained in Schedule 2:

- (a) avoids detrimental impacts on the landscape values of forested skylines, visible hillslopes, ridgelines, the coastal foreshore or the shoreline of other water bodies through the loss of vegetation;
- (b) is effectively screened from view from a road, lookout or other public place by an existing natural landform or native vegetation, or will be effectively screened by native vegetation within 5 years of construction;
- (c) retains existing vegetation and incorporates new landscaping to enhance existing vegetation and visually soften built form elements:
- (d) incorporates development of a scale, design, height, position on site, construction materials and external finishes that are compatible with the landscape values of the locality;
- (e) avoids detrimental impacts on landscape values and excessive changes to the natural landform as a result of the location, position on site, scale, design and alignment of earthworks, roads, driveways, retaining walls and other onground or in-ground infrastructure;
- (f) avoids detrimental impacts on landscape values and views as a result of the location, position on site, scale, design and alignment of telecommunications facilities, electricity towers, poles and lines and other tall infrastructure:
- (g) extractive industry operations are avoided, or where they cannot be avoided, are screened from view.

Note - A visual impact assessment is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy ${\sf SC6.6}-{\sf Landscape}$ values in order

AO2.1

Buildings and structures are not more than 8.5 metres and two storeys in height.

Note - Height is inclusive of the roof height.

AO2.2

Development is screened from view from roads or other public places by an existing natural landform or an existing native vegetation buffer.

AO2.3

Where development on land steeper than 1 in 6 (16.6%) cannot be avoided:

- (a) development follows the natural; contours of the site:
- (b) buildings are split level or suspended floor construction, or a combination of the two;
- (c) lightweight materials are used to areas with suspended floors.

Note - Examples of suitable lightweight materials include timber or fibre cement boards or sheeting for walls and factory treated metal sheeting for walls and roofs.

AO2.4

The external features, walls and roofs of buildings and structures have a subdued and non-reflective palette.

Note - Examples of suitable colours include shades of green, olive green, blue green, green green, green blue, indigo, brown, blue grey, and green yellow.

AO2.5

No clearing of native vegetation occurs on land with a slope greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%).

AO2.6

Advertising devices do not occur.

Complies

The subject site is within Medium landscape value areas. Lot 1 has an existing dwelling house and Lot 248 is being used for rural activities. The proposal for boundary realignment will not have any impact on the landscaping values.



to satisfy performance outcomes.	



Development within a Scenic route buffer / view corridor area		
PO3 Development within a Scenic route buffer / view corridor area as identified on the Landscape values overlay maps contained in Schedule 2: (a) retains visual access to views of the surrounding landscape, the sea and other water bodies; (b) retains existing vegetation and incorporates landscaping to visually screen and soften built form elements whilst not impeding distant	AO3.1 Where within a Scenic route buffer / view corridor area, the height of buildings and structures is not more than identified within the acceptable outcomes of the applicable zone code. AO3.2 No clearing of native vegetation is undertaken within a Scenic route buffer area. AO3.3	Not applicable The proposed boundary realignment between two lots is not within Scenic buffer route. The Scenic buffer route overlay has been identified on the eastern side of the site, while the realignment has been proposed on the west side of the site.

Where within a Scenic route buffer / view corridor

views or view corridors;



c) incorporates building materials and external finishes that are compatible with the visual amenity and the landscape character; d) minimises visual impacts on the setting and views in terms of: area development is set back and screened from view from a scenic route by existing native vegetation with a width of at least 10 metres and landscaped in accordance with the requirements of the landscaping code.
(i) the scale, height and setback of buildings; (ii) the extent of earthworks and impacts on the landform including the location and configuration of access roads and driveways; (iii) the scale, extent and visual prominence of advertising devices. Note - A visual impact assessment is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values in order o satisfy performance outcomes. AO3.4 Development does not result in the replacement of, or creation of new, additional, or enlarged advertising devices.



The landscape values of the Coastal scenery zone as identified on the Landscape values overlay maps contained in Schedule 2 are managed to integrated and limit the visual impact of development.

Note - A visual impact assessment is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values in order to satisfy performance outcomes.

AO4.1

The dominance of the natural character of the coast is maintained or enhanced when viewed from the foreshore.

A04.2

Where located adjacent to the foreshore buildings and structures are setback:

- (a) Where no adjoining development, a minimum of 50 metres from the coastal high water mark and the setback area is landscaped with a native vegetation buffer that has a minimum width of 25 metres: or
- (b) Where there is adjoining development, setbacks will be consistent with that of adjoining buildings and structures, but not less than 10 metres from the coastal high water mark. The setback area is landscaped in accordance with the requirements of the Landscaping code.

AO4.3

Where separated from the foreshore by land contained within public ownership (e.g. unallocated State land, esplanade or other public open space), buildings and structures area setback:

- (a) where no adjoining development, a minimum of 6 metres from the coastward property boundary. The setback area is landscaped in accordance with the requirements of the Landscaping code; or
- (b) where there is adjoining development, setbacks will be consistent with that of adjoining buildings and structures. The setback area is landscaped in accordance with the requirements of the Landscaping code.

(c)

Not applicable

The subject site is not within Coastal scenery area.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
PO5 Development is to maximise opportunities to maintain and/or enhance natural landscape values through the maintenance and restoration of vegetated buffers between development and coastal waters, where practical.	AO5 No clearing of native vegetation is undertaken within a Coastal scenery area zone, except for exempt vegetation damage undertaken in accordance with the Vegetation management code	Not applicable The subject site is not within Coastal scenery area.
Note – A visual impact assessment is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.6 – Landscape values in satisfaction of a performance outcome.		



8.2.7 Natural areas overlay code

8.2.7.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Natural areas overlay, if:
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6:
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Natural areas overlay is identified on the Natural areas overlay map in Schedule 2 and includes the following sub-categories:
 - (a) MSES Protected area;
 - (b) MSES Marine park;
 - (c) MSES Wildlife habitat;
 - (d) MSES Regulated vegetation;
 - (e) MSES Regulated vegetation (intersecting a Watercourse);
 - (f) MSES High ecological significance wetlands;
 - (g) MSES High ecological value waters (wetlands);
 - (h) MSES High ecological value waters (watercourse);
 - (i) MSES Legally secured off set area.

Note – MSES = Matters of State Environmental Significance.

(3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

8.2.7.2 **Purpose**

- (1) The purpose of the Natural areas overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 2: Environment and landscape values, Element 3.5.3 Biodiversity, Element 3.5.4 Coastal zones:
 - ii) Theme 3: Natural resource management Element 3.6.2 Land and catchment management, Element 3.6.3 Primary production, forestry and fisheries.
 - (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Biodiversity area overlay sub-categories.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development is avoided within:
 - (i) areas containing matters of state environmental significance (MSES);



- (ii) other natural areas:
- (iii) wetlands and wetland buffers:
- (iv) waterways and waterway corridors.
- (b) where development cannot be avoided, development:
 - (i) protects and enhances areas containing matters of state environmental significance;
 - (ii) provides appropriate buffers;
 - (iii) protects the known populations and supporting habitat of rare and threatened flora and fauna species, as listed in the relevant State and Commonwealth legislation;
 - (iv) ensures that adverse direct or indirect impacts on areas of environmental significance are minimised through design, siting, operation, management and mitigation measures;
 - (v) does not cause adverse impacts on the integrity and quality of water in upstream or downstream catchments, including the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Area;
 - (vi) protects and maintains ecological and hydrological functions of wetlands, waterways and waterway corridors;
 - (vii) enhances connectivity across barriers for aquatic species and habitats;



- (viii) rehabilitates degraded areas to provide improved habitat condition, connectivity, function and extent;
 (ix) protects areas of environmental significance from weeds, pests and invasive species.
- strategic rehabilitation is directed to areas on or off site, where it is possible to achieve expanded habitats and increased connectivity.

8.2.7.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.7.3.a - Natural areas overlay code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
For self-assessable and assessable developme	nt	
Protection of matters of environmental signification	ance	
PO1 Development protects matters of environmental significance.	AO1.1 Development avoids significant impact on the relevant environmental values. or AO1.2 A report is prepared by an appropriately qualified person demonstrating to the satisfaction of the assessment manager, that the development site does not contain any matters of state and local environmental significance. or AO1.3 Development is located, designed and operated to mitigate significant impacts on environmental values. For example, a report certified by an appropriately qualified person demonstrating to the satisfaction of the assessment manager, how the proposed development mitigates impacts, including on water quality, hydrology and biological processes.	Complies Proposed development protects matters of environmental significance.
Management of impacts on matters of environm	nental significance	



Development is located, designed and constructed to avoid significant impacts on matters of environmental significance.

AO2

The design and layout of development minimises adverse impacts on ecologically important areas by:

- (a) focusing development in cleared areas to protect existing habitat;
- (b) utilising design to consolidate density and preserve existing habitat and native vegetation;
- (c) aligning new property boundaries to maintain ecologically important areas;
- (d) ensuring that alterations to natural landforms, hydrology and drainage patterns on the development site do not negatively affect ecologically important areas;
- (e) ensuring that significant fauna habitats are protected in their environmental context; and
- (f) incorporating measures that allow for the safe movement of fauna through the site.

Complies

The proposal comprises boundary realignment between two lots. Therefore, development will not have any impact on matters of environmental significance.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
PO3 An adequate buffer to areas of state environmental significance is provided and maintained.	AO3.1 A buffer for an area of state environmental significance (Wetland protection area) has a minimum width of: (a) 100 metres where the area is located outside Urban areas; or (b) 50 metres where the area is located within a Urban areas.	Not applicable The proposal is for boundary realignment between two lots.
	AO3.2 A buffer for an area of state environmental significance is applied and maintained, the width of which is supported by an evaluation of environmental values, including the function and threats to matters of environmental significance.	
PO4 Wetland and wetland buffer areas are maintained, protected and restored. Note – Wetland buffer areas are identified in AO3.1.	AO4.1 Native vegetation within wetlands and wetland buffer areas is retained. AO4.2 Degraded sections of wetlands and wetland buffer areas are revegetated with endemic native plants in	Not applicable The subject site is not within wetland or wetland buffer zone.
PO5 Development avoids the introduction of non- native pest species (plant or animal), that pose a risk to ecological integrity.	patterns and densities which emulate the relevant regional ecosystem. AO5.1 Development avoids the introduction of non-native pest species. AO5.2	Not applicable The development does not result in the introduction of any pest species.
Ecological connectivity	The threat of existing pest species is controlled by adopting pest management practices for long-term ecological integrity.	



Development protects and enhances ecological connectivity and/or habitat extent.

AO6.1

Development retains native vegetation in areas large enough to maintain ecological values, functions and processes.

and

AO6.2

Development within an ecological corridor rehabilitates native vegetation.

and

AO6.3

Development within a conservation corridor mitigates adverse impacts on native fauna, feeding, nesting, breeding and roosting sites and native fauna movements.

Complies

Proposed development retains and protects existing native flora and fauna and maintains ecological values.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
PO7 Development minimises disturbance to matters of state environmental significance (including existing ecological corridors).	AO7.1 Development avoids shading of vegetation by setting back buildings by a distance equivalent to the height of the native vegetation. and AO7.2 Development does not encroach within 10 metres of existing riparian vegetation and watercourses.	Complies. Proposed development does not involve any activities that would cause disturbance to matters of state environmental significance.
Waterways in an urban area		
PO8 Development is set back from waterways to protect and maintain: (a) water quality; (b) hydrological functions; (c) ecological processes; (d) biodiversity values; (e) riparian and in-stream habitat values and connectivity; (f) in-stream migration.	AO8.1 Where a waterway is contained within an easement or a reserve required for that purpose, development does not occur within the easement or reserve; or AO8.2 Development does not occur on the part of the site affected by the waterway corridor. Note – Waterway corridors are identified within Table 8.2.7.3.b.	Not applicable The subject site does not contain an easement or reserve or waterway corridor.
Waterways in a non-urban area		



evelopment is set back from aterways to protect and maintain:) water quality;) hydrological functions; ecological processes; biodiversity values; riparian and in-stream habitat values and connectivity; in-stream migration. AO9 Development does not occur on that part of the site affected by a waterway corridor. Note – Waterway corridors are identified within Table 8.2.7.3.b.	Not applicable The development site is not within areas affected by waterway corridor.
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Table 8.2.7.3.b — Widths of waterway corridors for waterways

Waterways classification	Waterway corridor width
Waterways in Urban areas	10 metres measured perpendicular from the top of the high bank.
Waterways in Other areas	For a dwelling house, 10 metres measured perpendicular from the top of the high bank. For all other development, 20 metres measured perpendicular from the top of the high bank.



8.2.8 Places of significance overlay code

8.2.8.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Places of significance overlay; if
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6;
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Places of significance overlay is identified on the Places of significance overlay maps in Schedule 2 and includes the following subcategories:
 - (a) Places of local significance sub-category;
 - (b) State heritage places sub-category;
 - (c) Premises adjoining a state heritage place sub-category.

Note - The places of significance overlay code does not apply to indigenous cultural heritage which is protected under the Aboriginal Cultural Heritage Act 2003

Note - Development on a state heritage place is regulated by the Queensland Heritage Act 1992. Development on premises adjoining a state heritage place is regulated by the Places of significance overlay code

(3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

8.2.8.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Places of significance overlay code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction of the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - Theme 4: Strong communities and identity Element 3.7.7 Cultural and landscape heritage.
 - (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Places of significance overlay.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) to ensure places of local significance are conserved and development is compatible with the cultural significance of the place. Development on premises adjoining a state heritage place protects the cultural significance of the place and its setting;
 - (b) development does not result in the demolition or removal of a place of local significance, unless there is no prudent and feasible alternative to the demolition or removal;

Note - In considering whether there is no prudent and feasible alternative to the demolition or removal of a place of local significance, the Council will have regard to:

- (i) safety, health, structural and economic considerations;
- (ii) any other matters the Council considers relevant.



- (c) development is compatible with the cultural significance of the place of local significance;
- (d) the adaptive reuse of a place of local significance is encouraged so that the cultural significance is retained;
- (e) the fabric and setting of a place of local significance is conserved and any changes are managed, documented and interpreted;
- (f) development does not have a detrimental impact on archaeological values;
- (g) development on premises adjoining a state heritage place is sympathetic to the cultural significance and setting of the state heritage place.



8.2.8.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.8.3.a - Places of significance overlay code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
For assessable development		
Demolition or removal of a place of local significance		
PO1 Development does not result in the demolition or removal of a place of local significance. Note - Guidance on meeting the performance outcome is provided within Planning scheme policy SC6.11 – Places of significance.	AO1 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable No demolition or removal of local significance is part of this application.
PO2 Development is compatible with the conservation and management of the cultural significance of the place. Note - Guidance on meeting the performance outcome is provided within Planning scheme policy SC6.11 – Places of significance.	AO2 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable Proposed development comprises a boundary realignment.
PO3 Development conserves the features and values of a place of local significance that contribute to its cultural significance. Note - Guidance on meeting the performance outcome is provided within Planning scheme policy SC6.11 – Places of significance.	AO3 Development does not alter, remove or conceal significant features of a place of local significance.	Complies The development does not suggest any alter, removal or concealment of significant features.



PO4 Changes to a place of local significance are appropriately managed, documented and interpreted. Note - Guidance on meeting the performance outcome is provided within Planning scheme policy SC6.11 - Places of significance.	AO4.1 Development is compatible with a conservation management plan prepared in accordance with the Australia ICOMOS Charter for Places of Cultural Heritage Significance.	Not applicable The proposal comprises a boundary realignment.
	AO4.2 An archival record is prepared to document the changes.	
	AO4.3 Development includes interpretation that explains the cultural significance of the place and the changes.	
PO5 Development does not adversely affect the character, setting or appearance of the place of local significance, including removal of vegetation that contributes to the cultural heritage significance of the place.	AO5.1 The scale, location and design of the development are compatible with the character, setting and appearance of the place of local significance. AO5.2 The development is unobtrusive and cannot readily be seen from surrounding streets or other public places.	Complies Proposed development does not affect the character setting and appearance of the place of local significance.
	AO5.3 Existing vegetation that forms part of the place is retained and incorporated into the design and layout of development.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
PO6 Excavation or other earthworks do not have a detrimental impact on archaeological values. Note - Guidance on meeting the performance criteria is provided within Planning scheme policy SC6.11 – Places of significance.	AO6.1 The impact of excavation is minor and limited to parts of the place of local significance that have been disturbed by previous excavation. AO6.2 An archaeological management plan is prepared for development involving subsurface disturbance.	Not applicable No excavation is part of the development.
Advertising devices		
PO7 Advertising devices located on, or on premises adjoining a state heritage place are sited and designed so as to: (a) be compatible with the cultural significance of the state heritage place or place of local significance; (b) not obscure the appearance or prominence of the state heritage place or place of local significance when viewed from the street or other public places; (c) not alter or conceal significant features of the state heritage place, or place of local significance.	AO7 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The proposal does not include any advertising devices.



Where on a premises adjoining a state heritage place or place of local significance, development is designed and constructed so as to:

- (a) not to obscure the appearance or prominence of the state heritage place from surrounding streets or public places;
- (b) not to intrude into important vistas of the state heritage place;
- (c) not to place buildings and structures between a state heritage place and its primary or secondary street frontage;
- (d) to ensure new buildings or structures are setback from the street frontage and are of a height, bulk and scale which retains the visual prominence and values of the state heritage place:
- (e) to minimise disturbance to the original fabric of the state heritage place;
- (f) to retain, where intact, the significant or original siting and context of the state heritage place.

Note - Guidance on meeting the performance criteria is provided within Planning scheme policy SC6.11 – Places of significance.

80A

No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.

Complies

Subject site is adjoining to place of local significance. The proposal is about boundary realignment between two lots. The proposed Lot 248 which will be adjacent to the place of local significance and will retain the existing rural activities



8.2.9 Potential landslide hazard overlay code

8.2.9.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot, operational work or building work within the Potential landslide hazard overlay; if
 - (a) self-assessable or assessable development where the code is identified as being applicable in the Assessment criteria for the Overlay Codes contained in the Levels of Assessment Tables in section 5.6:
 - (b) impact assessable development.
- (2) Land in the Potential landslip hazard overlay is identified on the Potential landslide hazard overlay maps in Schedule 2 and includes the following subcategories:
 - (a) Places of potential landslide hazard sub-category.
- (3) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

Note – The Potential landslide hazard overlay shows modelled areas where the factors contributing to landslip potential accumulate to provide a moderate or higher risk if certain factors are exacerbated (e.g. factors include significant vegetation clearing, filling and excavation, changes to soil characteristics, changes to overland water flow, or changes to sub-surface water flow). It shows areas that the Council has identified where landslides may occur and where land may be impacted by a landslide, but does not mean that landslides will occur or that the land will be impacted by a landslide. Other areas not contained within the potential landslide hazard overlay may sustain landslides or be impacted by landslides and consideration should be given to this issue, where appropriate.

8.2.9.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Potential landslide hazard overlay code is:
 - (a) implement the policy direction of the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1: Settlement pattern Element 3.4.7 Mitigation of hazards.
 - (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Potential landslip hazard overlay.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development is located, designed and constructed to not put at risk the safety of people, property and the environment;
 - (b) development is not at risk from and does not pose a risk to adjacent and nearby sites from landslides;
 - (c) ensures that community infrastructure is protected from the effects of potential landslides;
 - (d) ensures that vegetation clearing, stormwater management and filling and/or excavation does not create a landslide hazard and/or rectifies potential pre-existing landslide risks;
 - (e) development does not occur where works to provide a solution for safety of people, property or the environment involves complex engineering solutions to overcome the risk, or would result in a built form or outcome that causes an adverse visual impact on the Hillslopes or Landscape values of Douglas Shire.



8.2.9.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 8.2.9.3.a – Potential landslide hazard overlay code – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
For self-assessable and assessable d	evelopment	
PO1 The siting and design of development does not involve complex engineering solutions and does not create or increase the potential landslide hazard risk to the site or adjoining premises	AO1.1 Development is located on that part of the site not affected by the Potential landslide hazard overlay. or	Complies Development comprises a boundary realignment. No earthworks are proposed.





PO2

The siting and design of necessary retaining structures does not cause an adverse visual impact on landscape character or scenic amenity quality of the area.

AO2

Excavation or fill:

- (a) is not more than 1.2 metres in height for each batter or retaining wall;
- (b) is setback a minimum of 2 metres from property boundaries;
- (c) is stepped with a minimum 2 metre wide berm to incorporate landscaping in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping;
- (d) does not exceed a maximum of 3 batters and 3 berms (i.e. Not greater than 3.6 metres in height) on any one lot.

Not applicable

This application does not include any excavation or fill.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
Additional requirements for Community infrastructure		
PO3 Development for community infrastructure: (a) is not at risk from the potential landslide hazard areas; (b) will function without impediment from a landslide;	AO3 Development is designed in accordance with the recommendations of a site-specific geotechnical assessment which makes reference to the community infrastructure and its needs and function.	Not applicable No community infrastructure is proposed in the development.
(c) provides access to the infrastructure without impediment from the effects of a landslide;(d) does not contribute to an elevated risk of a landslide to adjoining properties.	Note - A site specific geotechnical assessment will detail requirements that will address the Acceptable Outcomes of this Performance Outcome. Planning scheme policy SC6.9 – Natural hazards provides guidance on preparing a site specific geotechnical assessment.	



9.4.7 Reconfiguring a lot code

9.4.7.1 Application

- (1) This code applies to assessing reconfiguring a lot if:
 - (a) assessable development where the code is an applicable code identified in the assessment criteria column of a table of assessment;
 - (b) impact assessable development, to the extent relevant.
- (2) When using this code, reference should be made to Part 5.

9.4.7.2 Purpose

- (1) The purpose of the Reconfiguring a lot code is to regulate development for reconfiguring a lot.
- (2) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) development results in a well-designed pattern of streets supporting walkable communities;
 - (b) lots have sufficient areas, dimensions and shapes to be suitable for their intend use taking into account environmental features and site constraints:
 - (c) road networks provide connectivity that is integrated with adjoining existing or planned development while also catering for the safe and efficient access for pedestrians, cyclists and for public transport:
 - (d) lots are arranged to front all streets and parkland such that development enhances personal safety, traffic safety, property safety and security; and contributes to streetscape and open space quality;
 - (e) development does not diminish environmental and scenic values, and where relevant, maintains and enhances public access and use of natural areas, rivers, dams, creeks and the foreshore, in a way that protects natural resources;
 - (f) people and property are not placed at risk from natural hazards:
 - (g) a range of functional parkland, including local and district parks, major areas of parkland with a region-wide focus and open space links are available for the use and enjoyment of residents and visitors to the region;
 - (h) the appropriate standard of infrastructure is provided.

9.4.7.3 Criteria for assessment

Table 9.4.7.3.a - Reconfiguring a lot code - assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
General lot design standards		
PO1 Lots comply with the lot reconfiguration outcomes of the applicable Zone code in Part 5.	AO1 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies Proposed boundary realignment complies with reconfiguration outcomes of Part 5 of the planning scheme.



PO2	AO2	Complies
New lots are generally rectangular in shape with functional areas for land uses intended by the zone.	Boundary angles are not less than 45 degrees.	The boundary angles are no less than 45 degrees.
PO3	AO3	Complies
Lots have legal and practical access to a public road.	Each lot is provided with: (a) direct access to a gazetted road reserve; or (b) access to a gazetted road via a formal access arrangement registered on the title.	Both new lots will have legal and practical access to a public road.
PO4 Development responds appropriately to its local context, natural systems and site features.	AO4 Existing site features such as: (a) significant vegetation and trees; (b) waterways and drainage paths; (c) vistas and vantage points are retained and/or	Complies The development responds to the character, local context, site features and natural systems of the site.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
	are incorporated into open space, road reserves, near to lot boundaries or as common property.	
PO5 New lots which have the capability of being further reconfigured into smaller lots at a later date are designed to not compromise ultimate development outcomes permitted in the relevant zone.	AO5 The ability to further reconfigure land at a later date is demonstrated by submitting a concept plan that meets the planning scheme requirements for the applicable Zone.	Not applicable No further subdivision of the proposed new lots is part of this application.
PO6 Where existing buildings or structures are to be retained, development results in: (a) boundaries that offer regular lot shapes and usable spaces; (b) existing improvements complying with current building and amenity standards in relation to boundary setbacks. Note - This may require buildings or structures to be modified, relocated or demolished to meet setback standards, resolve	AO6 Development ensures setbacks between existing buildings or structures and proposed boundaries satisfy relevant building standards or zone code requirements, whichever is the greater.	Complies 6m side setback has been proposed to proposed Lot 1 to retain the access and rural zone character of proposed Lot 248.



P07

Where rear lots are proposed, development:

- (a) provides a high standard of amenity for residents and other users of the site and adjoining properties;
- (b) positively contributes to the character of adjoining properties and the area;
- (c) does not adversely affect the safety and efficiency of the road from which access is gained.

AO7.1

Where rear lots are to be established:

- (a) the rear lot is generally rectangular in shape, avoiding contrived sharp boundary angles;
- (b) no more than 6 lots directly adjoin the rear lot;
- (c) no more than one rear lot occurs behind the road frontage lot;
- (d) no more than two access strips to rear lots directly adjoin each other:
- (e) access strips are located only on one side of the road frontage lot.

AO7.2

Access strips to the rear lot have a minimum width dimension of:

- (a) 4.0 metres in Residential Zones.
- (b) 8.0 metres in Industrial Zones category.
- (c) 5.0 metres in all other Zones.

Note - Rear lots a generally not appropriate in non-Residential or non-Rural zones.

AO7.3

Access strips are provided with a sealed pavement of sufficient width to cater for the intended traffic, but no less than:

- (a) 3.0 metres in Residential Zone.
- (b) 6.0 metres in an Industrial Zone.
- (c) 3.5 metres in any other Zone.

Not applicable

No rear lots are proposed in the development.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
Structure plans		
Additional requirements for: (a) a site which is more than 5,000m² in any of the Residential zones; or		
within these zones, and (b) creates 10 or more lots; or (c) involves the creation of new roads		
and/or public use land. or		
(d) For a material change of use involv (i) preliminary approval to vary the (ii) establishing alternative Zones	e effect of the planning scheme;	
Note - This part is to be read in conjunction with	the other parts of the code	
PO8 A structure plan is prepared to ensure that neighbourhood design, block and lot layout, street network and the location and provision on any open space recognises previous planning for the area and its surroundings, and integrates appropriately into its surroundings.	AO8.1 Neighbourhood design, lot and street layout, and open space provides for, and integrates with, any: (a) approved structure plan; (b) the surrounding pattern of existing or approved subdivision. Note - Planning scheme policy SC14– Structure planning provides guidance on meeting the performance outcomes.	No new lots are created as part of this application.
	AO8.2 Neighbourhood design, lot and street layouts enable future connection and integration with adjoining undeveloped land.	

PO9	AO9.1	Not applicable
Neighbourhood design results in a connected network of walkable streets providing an easy choice of routes within and surrounding the neighbourhood.	Development does not establish cul-desac streets unless: (a) cul-de-sacs are a feature of the existing pattern of development in the area; (b) there is a physical feature or incompatible zone change that dictates the need to use a cul-desac streets.	No new lots are created as part of this application.
	Where a cul-de-sac street is used, it: (a) is designed to be no longer than 150 metres in length; (b) is designed so that the end of the cul-de-sac is visible from its entrance; (c) provides connections from the top of the cul- de-sac to other streets for pedestrians and cyclists, where appropriate.	
	AO9.3 No more than 6 lots have access to the turning circle or turning-tee at the end of a cul-de-sac street.	
PO10 Neighbourhood design supports diverse housing choices through block sizes and lot design. In developing areas, significant changes in lot size and frontage occur at the rear of lots rather than on opposite sides of a street.	PO10 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	No new lots are created as part of this application.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
PO11 Provision of physical and social infrastructure in developing residential neighbourhoods is facilitated through the orderly and sequential development of land. Note - Part 4 – Local government infrastructure plan may identify specific levels of infrastructure to be provided within development sites.	AO11.1 New development adjoins adjacent existing or approved urban development. AO11.2 New development is not established beyond the identified Local government infrastructure plan area.	Not applicable The development does not suggest any development of residential neighborhood.
Urban parkland and environmental open space		
PO12 Where appropriate development maintains and enhances public access and use of natural areas, rivers, dams, creeks and the foreshore.	AO12 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable Open space and parkland are not part of this application.
PO13 Development provides land to: (a) meet the recreation needs of the community; (b) provide an amenity commensurate with the structure of neighbourhoods and land uses in the vicinity; and adjacent to open space areas; (c) provide for green corridors and linkages.	AO13 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed. Note - Part 4 – Priority infrastructure plan and Planning scheme policy SC14 – Structure Plans provides guidance in providing open space and recreation land.	Not applicable Open space and parkland are not part of this application.



AO14

Lot size, dimensions, frontage and orientation permits buildings to be established that will facilitate casual surveillance to urban parkland and environmental open space.

AO14.1

Urban parkland is regular in shape.

AO14.2

At least 75% of the urban parkland's frontage is provided as road.

AO14.3

Urban parkland and environmental open space areas are positioned to be capable of being overlooked by surrounding development.

AO14.4

Surrounding lots are orientated so that facades will front and overlook the urban parkland and environmental open space.

AO14.5

The number of lots that back onto, or are sideorientated to the urban parkland and environmental open space is minimised.



Inconsistent design solution - low total number of lots complying with the acceptable outcomes.

Not applicable

Open space and parkland are not part of this application.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	
Private subdivisions (gated communities)	Lots orientated to front and overlook park to provide casual surveillance. Consistent design solution - high total number of lots complying with the acceptable outcomes.	
PO15 Private subdivisions (gated communities) do not compromise the establishment of connected and integrated infrastructure and open space networks.	PO15 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The proposal does not involve private subdivision.
Additional requirements for reconfiguration involving the creation of public streets or roads		
PO16 The function of new roads is clearly identified and legible and provides integration, safety and convenience for all users.	AO16 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed. Note - The design and construction standards are set out in Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, with reference to the specifications set out in Sections D1 and D3.	Not applicable No public streets or roads are created as part of this application.



PO17	AO17	Not applicable
Street design supports an urban form that creates walkable neighbourhoods. Street design: (a) is appropriate to the function(s) of the street; (b) meets the needs of users and gives priority to the needs of vulnerable users.	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	No public streets or roads are created as part of this application.
Public transport network		
PO18 Development provides a street pattern that caters for the extension of public transport routes and infrastructure including safe pedestrian pick-up and set-down up facilities.	AO18 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The proposed development does not include the extension of public transport routes or infrastructures.
Pest plants		
PO19 Development activities and sites provide for the removal of all pest plants and implement ongoing measures to ensure that pest plants do not reinfest the site or nearby sites.	AO19 Pest plants detected on a development site are removed in accordance with a management plan prepared by an appropriately qualified person prior to earthworks commencing.	Not applicable Proposed development does not include any removal of pest plants.
Editor's note - This does not remove or replace all land owner's obligations or responsibilities under the Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002.	Note - A declaration from an appropriately qualified person validates the land being free from pest plants. Declared pest plants include locally declared and State declared pest plants.	

10 July, 2025

Chief Executive Officer Douglas Shire Council PO Box 723 Mossman QLD 4873

To whom it may concern

1-3 Hughes Street and 3437 Mossman Daintree Road, Daintree – described as Lot 1 RE: on RP731426 & Lot 248 on SP337663 respectively Owner's consent for lodgement of ROL Boundary Realignment 2 into 2 lots

I, the undersigned, being the registered owner of 1-3 Hughes Street, QLD 4873 (described as Lot 1 on RP731426, hereby consent to the lodgement of development applications for the abovementioned property.

We request that any associated matters that may arise from the lodgement and assessment of the application be addressed to our Town Planners - Veris - as nominated below:

Veris (Hayden Parker) PO Box 1104 Milton Q 4064

The email address to be used in all communications is h.parker@veris.com.au.

We request that all correspondence is forwarded to the address nominated by Veris.

Yours faithfully

Rosaria Mealing

Signature: R Maling Rosaria Mealing

10 July, 2025

Chief Executive Officer
Douglas Shire Council
PO Box 723
Mossman QLD 4873

To whom it may concern

RE: 1-3 Hughes Street and 3437 Mossman Daintree Road, Daintree – described as Lot 1 on RP731426 & Lot 248 on SP337663 respectively

Owner's consent for lodgement of ROL Boundary Realignment 2 into 2 lots

We, the undersigned, being one of the registered owners of 3437 Mossman Daintree Road, QLD 4873 (described as Lot 248 on SP337663, hereby consent to the lodgement of development applications for the above-mentioned property.

We request that any associated matters that may arise from the lodgement and assessment of the application be addressed to our Town Planners - Veris - as nominated below:

Veris (Hayden Parker) PO Box 1104 Milton Q 4064

The email address to be used in all communications is h.parker@veris.com.au.

We request that all correspondence is forwarded to the address nominated by Veris.

Yours faithfully

Terri Anne Mantus Chanelle Maree Osborne

Trustee

Signature:

Signature:

Channelle Maree Osborne

Terri Anne Mantus