

Stormwater Drainage Report

Lanskey Construction Pty Ltd

Craiglie Service Station Development at 5946 Davidson Street (Lot 1 on RP739151)





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APPENDIX A - DSC Permissible Change & Extension to the Relevant Period Letter

APPENDIX B – Cardno Port Pacific Estate Stages 3 & 4 Flood Study Report

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

This Stormwater Drainage Report has been prepared as a response to Douglas Shire Council (DSC) comments 1 and 2 stated in the Permissible Change & Extension to the Relevant Period letter dated 16 September 2015 (attached in Appendix A) in regards to the proposed service station development at 5946 Davidson Street, Lot 1 RP739151.

The DSC comments 1 and 2 are as follows:

- 1) Recent flood modelling for Craiglie associated with drainage upgrades for the Port Pacific development has established a more up-to-date understanding of the Craiglie stormwater environment. The drainage report submitted in support of the (Flanagan Consulting Engineers 2006) will need to be revised in line with this more recent modelling and the updated downstream parameters.
- 2) The revised model must also reconsider the roughness parameters adopted for this drainage path. Council officers consider the roughness values adopted in the 2006 model to be lower than would be anticipated for this drainage path. The review is required to assess the sensitivity roughness. Justification with photographs and appropriate drainage manual references is required to substantiate the roughness values selected in the modelling.

This report includes:

- re-assessment of the catchment, determines flows from a range of rainfall events, determines the stream flow levels, velocities and extent of inundation during peak events at the development site;
 and
- referencing to the flood study report prepared by Cardno for Port Pacific Estate Stages 3 and 4 dated 8 November 2012. A copy of the Cardno's flood study report is included in Appendix B.

This report also considers the works required for the proposed development to prevent increased inundation above that which already exists.

This report supersedes the previous drainage report (Reference no. 1633/01/R-EK0204) submitted by Flanagan Consulting Group in 2006.

2.0 REVIEW OF CARDNO FLOOD REPORT

Below are the findings of Cardno's flood study report for Port Pacific Estate:

- a) The stormwater catchment (named Northern Creek) flowing through the development site watercourse is approximately 17 hectares (ha); and
- b) The assessed 100 years ARI flood level (peak at time of concentration of 52 minutes at Craiglie Creek catchment and 50 minutes at Southern Creek catchment) at the northern side of the Port Pacific Estate (which is south east to the service station development site) is approximately 4.4m AHD (refer Cardno report, Appendix B, Figures B8 and B9).

The stormwater catchment flowing through the development site watercourse assessed by Flanagan Consulting Group in 2006 is approximately 105.2 ha. There is a huge discrepancy in catchment size. The stormwater catchment through the development site has significantly reduced from 105.2 ha to 17 ha. Therefore, re-assessment of the development site watercourse catchment is required using the best available topographic data in conjunction with site inspection to verify the catchment size.

The 100 years ARI flood level of 4.4m AHD by Cardno is adopted in determining the service station building floor level to ensure the building is immune during the major rainfall events.

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3.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

It is proposed to develop the site into a services station as shown on TFA Project Group Drawings 15017-03C, 15017-04C, 15017-05C, 15017-06C, 15017-07B and 15017-12A. These are attached in Appendix C.

The proposed development site is described as Lot 1 on RP739151 and is located on the Captain Cook Highway, Craiglie, Port Douglas. The site has an area of 0.573 ha and is bounded by Captain Cook Highway on the western boundary, Downing Street reserve on the eastern boundary, and commercial/industrial properties on the northern and southern boundaries.

The site has a varied profile. A raised portion of land at approximately RL 4.3m AHD exists in the south-western corner of the lot. This falls at approximately 14% to the rest of the site, which slopes from approximately RL 3.0m AHD at the western boundary to approximately RL 2.2m AHD along the eastern boundary.

The site is predominately covered in grasses, with a Melaleuca Ti-tree swamp on the eastern boundary. The "Paws and Claws Boarding Kennels" is currently established on the site, located on the raised parcel of land in the south-western corner.

An existing watercourse (along the northern boundary of the site) approximately 9m wide traverses the site from the western boundary to the eastern boundary. This watercourse is significantly vegetated and has a catchment west of the subject site. Stormwater flow from the catchment enters the watercourse from twin 2700x1800 RCBC's that run under the Captain Cook Highway.

A preliminary survey of the site was undertaken by C&B Group and is attached in Appendix D.

4.0 HYDROLOGIC ASSESSMENT

4.1 Catchment Area

As mentioned in Section 2.0, re-assessment of the development site watercourse catchment is required to verify the catchment size. The existing watercourse through the site has an upstream catchment which is located to the west of the site. The catchment extends into the Cassowary Range and includes a variety of different land uses including hill-side forest, farmland, industrial and residential development. The assessed catchment size is approximately 78.4 ha. The catchment extent is shown in Figure 1.

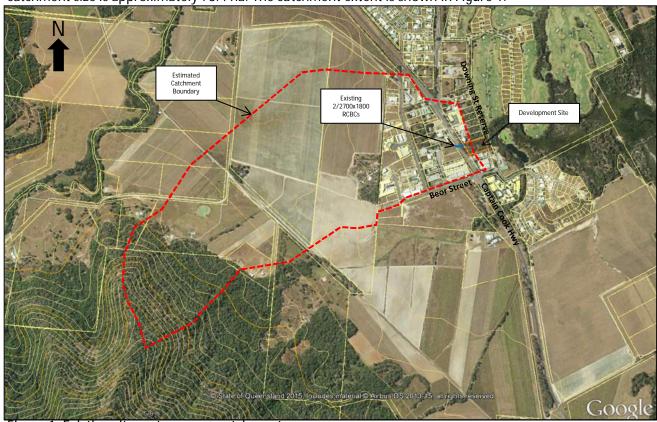


Figure 1: Existing site watercourse catchment

4.2 Methodology for Flow Calculations

The hydrology of the catchment has been analysed by the Rational Method. Use of the Rational Method and calculations for the peak flow are based on the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM) 2013.

The Rational Method for the calculation of peak flows (refer QUDM 2013 Section 4.3) is given by the following,

$$Q_y = (C_y . {}^tI_y . A) / 360$$

where

 Q_y = peak flow rate (m3/s) for average recurrence interval (ARI) of "y" years

 C_y = coefficient of discharge (dimensionless) for ARI of 'y' years

A = area of catchment (Hectares)

^tl_y = average rainfall intensity (mm/h) for a design duration of 't' hours and an ARI of 'y' years

t = the nominal design storm duration as defined by the time of concentration

The design ARI events assessed in this stormwater drainage report are 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 years.

Steps adopted for peak flows calculation can be summarised as follows:

- a) Analyse possible flow paths based on available surveyed data;
- b) Determine the time of concentration of each flow path;
- c) Adopt the flow path with the longest time of concentration for assessment;
- d) Determine the runoff coefficient; and
- e) Calculate peak flow rate.

4.3 Time of Concentration

The time of concentration (t_c) of a catchment is defined as the time required from the start of a design storm, for surface runoff to collect and flow from the most remote part of the catchment to its outlet. Generally, the longest time of concentration results from the longest flow path within the catchment.

The catchment flow path is shown in Figure 2. The catchment's longest time of concentration consists of a combination of overland and channel flow paths.

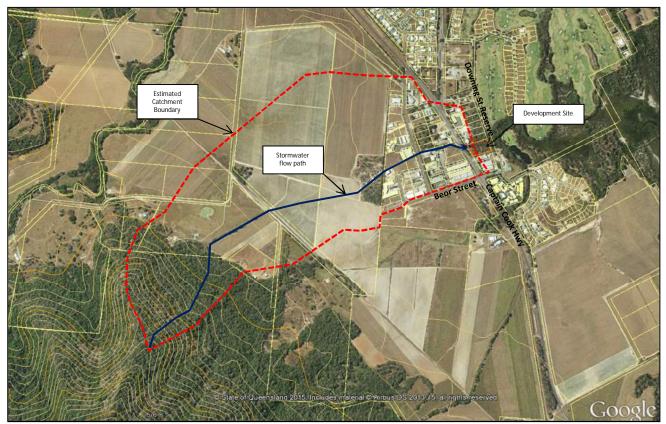


Figure 2: Catchment Flow Paths

The t_c for the overland flow path is estimated using Figure 4.6 of QUDM 2013. The t_c for the channel flow path is estimated using Table 4.6.6 of QUDM 2013.

Using Figure 4.6 and Table 4.6.6, the tabulated t_c of the catchment is approximately 49.8 minutes. Refer Appendix E for detailed hydrological calculations.

4.4 Runoff Coefficient

The runoff coefficient (C_y) for the catchment is determined in accordance with QUDM 2013 Section 4.5. The formula for the C_y is:

$$C_y = F_y \cdot C_{10}$$

where

 C_y = runoff coefficient for ARI of 'y' years

 F_y = frequency factor for ARI of 'y' years (refer QUDM 2013 Table 4.5.2)

 C_{10} = 10 year discharge coefficient

The catchment consists of bushland (63.9 ha) and developed areas (14.5 ha). The runoff coefficient has been adjusted to account for the composite catchment.

Using Tables 4.5.1, 4.5.3 and 4.5.4, with fraction impervious (f_i) of 0.9 (developed areas) and 0.0 (bushland), and one hour rainfall intensity for a 1 in 10 year ARI ($^1I_{10}$) of 82.2mm/hr, the 10 year discharge coefficient (C_{10}) are:

- 0.88 for developed areas; and
- 0.70 for bushland.

The runoff coefficient (C_v) for different ARI rainfall events is then tabulated and is summarised in Table 1.0.

ARI (Years)	Runoff Coefficient (C _y)
5	0.70
10	0.73
20	0.77
50	0.84
100	0.87

Table 1.0: Runoff coefficient for different ARI rainfall events

Refer Appendix E for detailed hydrological calculations.

4.5 Rainfall Intensity

Intensities for the flow rate calculations have been sourced from the Australian Government Bureau of Meteorology which is referenced from Intensity-Frequency-Duration (IFD) table developed from Australian Rainfall & Runoff 2001 Book 2.

The average rainfall intensity for time of concentration of 49.8 minutes for different ARI rainfall events is interpolated from the IFD table and summarised in Table 2.0. (The IFD table is included in the detailed calculations in Appendix E)

ARI (Years)	Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr)
5	82.3
10	90.4
20	102.0
50	117.1
100	128.6

Table 2.0: Rainfall intensity for different ARI rainfall events

4.6 Peak Flow Rate

Using the tabulated time of concentration, average rainfall intensity and runoff coefficient, the peak discharge (refer Table 3.0) for different ARI rainfall event for the catchment is:

ARI (Years)	Peak Flow Rate (m³/s)
5	12.49
10	14.45
20	17.11
50	21.46
100	24.37

Table 3.0: Peak flow rate for different ARI rainfall events

Refer Appendix E for detailed hydrological calculations.

5.0 HYDRAULIC ASSESSMENT (HECRAS)

5.1 Introduction

The purpose of the hydraulic modelling was to determine the flood extents for 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 years ARI rainfall events.

The hydraulic modelling for the study area was undertaken utilising the mathematical HEC-RAS software which accounts for steady-state, one-dimensional and constant flow. HEC-RAS is produced and supported by the US Army Corp of Engineers, and widely accepted in Australia and internationally for this type of hydraulic analysis.

5.2 Cross-Section Data

Topographic data to define the watercourse geometry in the HEC-RAS model were based on field survey data of the study area, provided by C&B Group. Various cross sections (also named as river station in HECRAS) were produced based on the preliminary survey as per Sketch 1633-SK02 attached in Appendix F.

5.3 Roughness Values

Manning's roughness coefficients were assigned to the left overbank, right overbank and main channel for each cross section. The roughness values were estimated from field inspection and aerial photographs. The existing site watercourse and properties are shown in Photos 1 and 2.



Photo 1: Existing site watercourse (looking east)



Photo 2: Watercourse channel and bank properties

Various manual references/guidelines (for e.g. Austroad, HECRAS guidelines, DTMR Road Drainage Manual, AR&R etc) have been studied to determine the appropriate Manning's value that suits the existing watercourse properties.

The existing watercourse properties are quite similar to the photograph (see Photo 3) shown in the Department of Transport and Main Roads (DTMR), Road Drainage Manual 2010, Chapter 8: Open Channel Design, Table 8.4.3(b).



Photo 3: TMR Manning's n = 0.08

However, the existing watercourse has more dense shrubs/weeds along the base and bank as shown in Photo 2. Using *DTMR Table 8.4.3(b)*, the existing channel generally fall under <u>part of</u> category of "Heavy stand of timber, a few fallen trees, little undergrowth – flood depth below branches" (Manning's values of 0.10 to 0.12). In this case, it is believed that the watercourse Manning's falls between 0.08 to 0.10.

As the hydraulic roughness has a substantial influence in assessing the stormwater level within the site channel, it is intended to test all the Manning's values (between 0.08 to 0.10) in the HECRAS model for a sensitivity checks and adopts the worst case for conservative assessment.

5.4 Boundary Conditions

When the HEC-RAS model is used for the mixed flow (subcritical and supercritical) simulations, the user is required to specify the boundary conditions at the upstream and downstream end of the model. This provides the starting conditions for the model and for this study; the upstream and downstream boundary condition was set at normal depth for the model runs.

Peak flows from the Rational Method calculations in Section 4.0 were entered into the HEC-RAS model. Flood extents and estimated flood water surface levels were then modelled for the 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 years ARI rainfall event.

5.5 Results

The resulting flood inundation levels (5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 ARI rainfall events) from the HEC-RAS modelling software were plotted and are attached in Appendix G, Sketch 4380-SK03.

The flow model long section, flood levels, typical cross sections and detailed HEC-RAS output (5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 ARI rainfall events) are included in Appendix H.

5.6 Discussion

5.6.1 Impacts of Roughness Coefficient (Manning's n Value)

As mentioned in Section 5.3, Manning's value of 0.08 to 0.10 is tested in the HECRAS model for a sensitivity checks.

The assessed average water level difference within the watercourse between the lowest (n = 0.08) and highest (n = 0.10) Manning's value for different ARI rainfall events are:

- 5 years ARI event approx. 122mm
- 10 years ARI event approx. 132mm
- 20 years ARI event approx. 148mm
- 50 years ARI event approx. 167mm
- 100 years ARI event approx. 181mm

As there is a substantial different in water levels between the lowest and highest coefficients, for conservative approach, the highest Manning's value of 0.10 has been adopted for the development site stormwater drainage assessment.

The same Manning's value has been assigned to left overbank, right overbank and main channel for each cross section.

Refer Appendix E for the water levels difference summary between Manning's values of 0.08 to 0.10.

5.6.2 Existing Watercourse Water Levels & Velocities

The assessed water level and channel velocities at the watercourse during the 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 years ARI rainfall events are summarised in Table 4.0. These are reported at various cross section (river station) locations along the existing watercourse alignment. Refer Sketch 1633-SK02 in Appendix F for cross section location.

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Cross Section	Existing	5 Year	rs ARI	10 Yea	ırs ARI	20 Yea	ırs ARI	50 Yea	ars ARI	100 Ye	ars ARI
(River	Channel	Water	Velocity								
Station)	Ground Level	Level	(m/s)								
	(m AHD)	(m AHD)									
116.64 (U/S)	1.61	3.61	1.06	3.70	1.09	3.82	1.09	3.99	1.08	4.10	1.07
100.97	1.5	3.53	0.68	3.62	0.71	3.74	0.75	3.92	0.79	4.03	0.81
89.11	1.4	3.47	0.82	3.56	0.85	3.68	0.89	3.86	0.94	3.97	0.98
78.47	1.6	3.43	0.77	3.52	0.80	3.64	0.84	3.81	0.91	3.92	0.94
67.50	1.47	3.37	0.85	3.46	0.89	3.57	0.95	3.75	1.01	3.86	1.03
54.52	1.22	3.28	0.94	3.36	1.00	3.47	1.08	3.63	1.20	3.74	1.26
44.52	1.34	3.22	0.96	3.30	1.03	3.40	1.12	3.55	1.23	3.65	1.38
34.52	1.46	3.17	0.83	3.25	0.85	3.36	0.87	3.52	0.94	3.62	0.95
24.52	1.72	3.16	0.32	3.24	0.33	3.35	0.35	3.51	0.37	3.61	0.39
17.21 (D/S)	1.94	3.15	0.32	3.24	0.34	3.34	0.36	3.50	0.39	3.60	0.40

U/S – Upstream; D/S - Downstream

Table 4.0: 5, 10, 20, 50 & 100 years ARI water levels and flow velocities for the existing watercourse

The modelling has identified that the flow is not contained entirely within the defined watercourse and that the adjacent low lying areas of the site are used for conveyance of stormwater flows. The raised parcel of land in the south-western portion of the site is the only region within the lot that has 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 years ARI rainfall event immunity. This represents approximately 40% of the site area.

The non-uniform configuration of the existing watercourse results in varying velocities and water surface elevations at each cross section.

5.6.3 HECRAS Model Limitations

As the extent of survey does not adequately cover the entire flood plain to the north and east of the site, the model has a "glass wall" effects along the extent of survey. As a consequence of this, the flood levels to the north and east of the site cannot be accurately determined. However, saying that, the "glass wall" effect is allowing a conservative approach in assessing the flood inundation levels.

The hydraulic model does not take into consideration the impacts of the adjacent watercourse that connects further downstream of the watercourse. However, it is recommended that the Q100 water level of 4.4m AHD assessed by Cardno (as mentioned in Section 2.0) to be adopted in determining the development building floor levels.

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6.0 HYDROLOGY AND HYDRAULICS FOR PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

Hydraulic modelling indicates that any filling or reduction in area of the existing waterway through the site may increase flood levels in the surrounding areas. Therefore, filling works should not be undertaken in the hydraulic conveyance corridor without compensated flood storage earthworks.

Because of this hydraulic constraint, the proposed development has been designed with a raised concrete platform on the northwest of the development which is over the footprint of the conveyance corridor. The level of this raised platform will need to be high enough so that the under side of the slab and supporting beams are above the 100 year ARI water surface level.

This will ensure that the proposed development does not impact on the existing conveyance corridor, and does not alter the existing flood levels of the site or the surrounding area.

The proposed finish floor level of the service station building is <u>4.7m AHD</u>. According to our model, the assessed Q100 level adjacent to the building site is <u>3.74m AHD</u>, which indicated the service station building is approximately 1.0m above the Q100 level.

Please note that the Q100 level indicated in Cardno flood report is approximately <u>4.4m AHD</u> (as mentioned in Section 2.0) however, this Q100 level is not at the location of the proposed development site. In saying that, the service station building level still 300mm above the Q100 level.

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7.0 CONCLUSION

Hydrologic and hydraulic modelling for this catchment and conveyance corridor has been undertaken.

The extent of survey does not adequately cover the entire flood plain to the north and east of the site. The extent of the hydraulic model is restricted to the extent of survey. As a consequence of this, the model has a "glass wall" along the extent of survey and accurate flood levels to the north and east of the site cannot be determined. However, saying this, this allowed a conservative approach in assessing the flood inundation levels.

The modelling has shown that 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100 years ARI event flow is not contained within the channel and uses the surrounding low lying land as a flow conveyance corridor.

Hydraulic modelling indicates that any filling or reduction in area of the existing waterway through the site will increase flood levels upstream of the site, through the site and on the developments to the north and east of the site.

The proposed development has been designed with a raised concrete platform on the northwest of the development which is over the footprint of the conveyance corridor. The level of this raised platform will need to be high enough so that the under side of the slab and supporting beams are above the 100 year ARI water surface level.

The proposed finish floor level of the service station building is <u>4.7m AHD</u> which is approximately 1.0m above the Q100 level of 3.74m AHD indicated in the model and 300mm above the Q100 level of 4.4m AHD indicated by Cardno.

The site is able to be developed without adversely impacting on the existing hydraulic conveyance corridor, and without altering the existing flood levels of the site or the surrounding area if the abovementioned development constraints are adhered to.



APPENDIX: A

DSC Permissable Change & Extension to the Relevant Period Letter





YOUR REF:

OUR REF: MCUI 4077/2006 (461843) 56

Administration Office 64 - 66 Front St Mossman P 07 4099 9444 F 07 4098 2902

16 September 2015

TFA Project Group PO Box 301 ALBION QLD 4010

Email: Hayley.Edmunds@tfa.com.au

Attention: John Rowell - Principal Town Planner /Hayley Edmunds - Town

Planner

Dear Sir/Madam

PERMISSIBLE CHANGE & EXTENSION TO THE RELEVANT PERIOD – SERVICE STATION AT 5946 DAVIDSON STREET, CRAIGLIE

Reference is made to our letter dated 3 August 2015 and your response letter dated 11 August 2015. We have undertaken an engineering review of the proposed development and the following comments apply:

- 1) Recent flood modelling for Craiglie associated with drainage upgrades for the Port Pacific development has established a more up-to-date understanding of the Craglie stormwater environment. The drainage report submitted in support of the (Flanagan Consulting Engineers 2006) will need to be revised in line with this more recent modelling and the updated downstream parameters.
- 2) The revised model must also reconsider the roughness parameters adopted for this drainage path. Council officers consider the roughness values adopted in the 2006 model to be lower than would be anticipated for this drainage path. The review is required to assess the sensitivity of the model (capacity and flood levels) to increased channel roughness. Justification with photographs and appropriate drainage manual references is required to substantiate the roughness values selected in the modelling.
- 3) As a more general comment, it appears there may be potential to optimise the site footprint further to reduce the intrusion into the drainage line and to reduce the extent of suspended slab. This may also have significant positive cost implications for the applicant.

Optimising the orientation of the building and the fuel bowsers and locating these as far south as possible appears to allow greater flexibility with the northern extent of the footprint. From the information provided it appears that turning templates can accommodate this site optimisation. From an engineering perspective it would also appear that it may offer drainage benefits through less intrusion into the drainage line.

4) The response provided in your letter to the issue of vegetation loss indicates the removal of one tree (as arrowed in Figure 1). Notwithstanding this response, it would appear that there will be a total loss of vegetation along road frontage, given ingress and egress pavements, road widening and sight-line requirements. It will also be highly likely that the Raintree that is shown in Figure 1 as being retained, will also require removal.

As previously advised, this part of Craiglie is an important gateway into Port Douglas as a premium tourism destination of international renown. It was anticipated that a response referencing a survey plan would provide better clarification to this issue rather than photographs provided in the response.

Please advise of how you wish to proceed with the request to extend and the permissible change application in light of the abovementioned issues. Should you require any further information or assistance, please contact either Neil Beck of Development and Environment on telephone number 07 4099 9451 or Simon Clarke on telephone number 07 4099 9480.

Yours faithfully

Donna Graham

Manager Development & Environment



APPENDIX: B

Cardno Port Pacific Estate Stages 3 & 4 Flood Study Report

Port Pacific Estate Stages 3 & 4

Flood Study

Q074061

Prepared for Port Pacific Estates Pty Ltd

8 November 2012







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Appendices

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1 Introduction

The Port Pacific Estate is located at Craiglie, just south of Port Douglas. Entry to the subject site is obtained from Beor Street.

The site is generally bounded by the Captain Cook Highway and the existing Plantation Resort to the west, the Beor Street road reserve to the north, and farming land to the south.

Stages 1 and 2 of the development have been constructed. It is now proposed to construct Stages 3 and 4 of the Estate. The layout of the development is shown in Appendix A.

A flood study of the area around the Port Pacific Estate was carried out, to determine:

- the flood levels in the area, for a range of Average Recurrence Interval (ARI) events, assuming existing climate conditions; and
- the 100 year flood levels in the area assuming the predicted impacts of Climate Change to the year 2100, as these levels will be used to set the allotment levels within Stages 3 and 4.

This report presents the results of the investigation.



2 Catchment Hydrology

2.1 Catchment Area

Two main catchments discharge stormwater runoff to the Port Pacific Estate. A third smaller catchment discharges runoff into Craiglie Creek downstream of the subject site. The size of these catchments was determined from topographic data of the area. The catchment boundaries are shown in Appendix C (Figure C1). The total catchment areas upstream of the Captain Cook Highway were calculated to be approximately:

Craiglie Creek 196 hectares;

Southern Creek
 90 hectares; and

• Northern Creek 17 hectares.

2.2 Time of Concentration

The time of concentration for the two main catchments was calculated using two different methodologies, as described in the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM), Section 4.06.11: the Bransby-Williams' Equation and the Modified Friend's Equation.

The formula for the Bransby-Williams' Equation is:

$$t_c = \frac{58L}{A^{0.1}S^{0.2}}$$

where:

 t_c = time of concentration of the catchment (min)

L = length of flowpath from the outlet to the catchment divide (km)

A = catchment area (ha)

S = equal area slope (%)

The formula for the Modified Friend's Equation is:

$$t_c = \frac{800L}{ChA^{0.1}S^{0.4}}$$

where:

 t_c = time of concentration of the catchment (min)

L = length of flowpath from the outlet to the catchment divide (km)

Ch = Chezy's coefficient at the site = $R^{1/6}/n$

 $R = \text{hydraulic radius} = 0.65R_s$ (where the slope varies along the stream)

 R_s = hydraulic radius at the site (m)

n = average Manning's n roughness along the stream

A = catchment area (ha)

S = equal area slope (%)

Using these equations, the time of concentration of each catchment to the subject site was calculated, as shown in Table 2-1.



Table 2-1 Time of Concentration

Parameter	Craiglie Creek	Southern Creek
Stream Length (m)	2117	1908
Catchment Area (ha)	196.1	90.3
Equal Area Slope (%)	5.4	6.0
Hydraulic Radius at Outlet (m)	1.0	0.75
Average Manning's n	0.10	0.10
Time of Concentration – Bransby Williams (min)	52	50
Time of Concentration – Modified Friends (min)	55	54

These results show that the calculated times of concentration are consistent using both methodologies. Thus, the following times of concentration were adopted for each catchment:

• Craiglie Creek 52 minutes; and

Southern Creek 50 minutes.

2.3 Coefficient of Runoff

The coefficient of runoff for the catchment was determined in accordance with the FNQROC Development Manual (Version No. 11/06) and the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (2007), as shown below.

The catchments are generally undeveloped, thus a 10 year coefficient of runoff of 0.70 was adopted.

The coefficient of runoff for the 100 year ARI event is therefore 0.84.

2.4 Rational Method

Using the times of concentration shown above, the Rational Method was used to calculate the 100 year discharge from each catchment.

Design rainfall intensities for Port Douglas were obtained using the Intensity-Frequency-Duration data contained in FNQROC Development Manual (Version No. 11/06).

The resultant peak discharges for the 100 year event using the Rational Method are:

Craiglie Creek 56 m³/s; and

Southern Creek 27 m³/s.



2.5 WBNM Model

A WBNM hydrologic model of the catchments was established. The layout of the model is shown in Appendix C (Figure C2).

The design rainfall data for the catchment was determined in accordance with Australian Rainfall & Runoff. The information used is as follows:

2 Year ARI, 1 hour Intensity	60 mm/h
2 Year ARI, 12 hour Intensity	13 mm/h
2 Year ARI, 72 hour Intensity	5.0 mm/h
50 Year ARI, 1 hour Intensity	100 mm/h
50 Year ARI, 12 hour Intensity	27.5 mm/h
50 Year ARI, 72 hour Intensity	9.5 mm/h
Regional Skewness	0.15
Geographical Factor F2	3.86
Geographical Factor F50	17.1

The design rainfall losses adopted for the analysis were:

Pervious Area Initial Loss = 0 mm

Continuing Loss = 2.5 mm/h

Impervious Area Initial Loss = 0 mm

Continuing Loss = 0 mm/h

A Lag Parameter of 1.50 was used in the WBNM model. Studies carried out using WBNM have found that the average value of the Lag Parameter across a wide range of catchments is between 1.30 and 1.80 (ref. WBNM User Manual). Thus, the adopted value of 1.50 is within the accepted bounds.

The WBNM model was run for a range of storm durations, from 10 minutes to 72 hours, with the 1.5 hour event producing the peak discharge from each catchment. The peak discharges calculated by the WBNM model are:

Craiglie Creek 61 m³/s; and

Southern Creek 28 m³/s.

This result shows that the peak flows calculated by the WBNM model agree well with those from the Rational Method (refer Section 5.4). Thus, it was considered that the WBNM model could be used to calculate the discharge hydrographs from the catchment.



3 Hydraulic Analysis

3.1 Topographic Information

The flood flow within the study area was modelled using the 2 dimensional unsteady flow software TUFLOW (Build 2012-05-AA-iSP-w64).

A digital terrain model (DTM) of the study area was set up using:

- Lidar data of the floodplain and surrounds in the vicinity of the subject site;
- field survey of key areas around the subject site;
- as-constructed survey of Stages 1 and 2 of Port Pacific Estate; and
- design DTM of Stages 3 and 4 of Port Pacific Estate.

Council recently approved flood mitigation works for Stages 1 and 2 of the Port Pacific Estate. These works included:

- a 20 metre wide grass-lined open channel along the southern boundary of the Port Pacific site (known as the Southern Drain);
- a stormwater drainage line, running from the sag in Dulku Close to the Southern Drain;
- additional filling for the existing vacant lots in Stage 2; and
- upgrading the existing overland flow path from the Stage 2 sag to a 10 metre wide concrete path.

Some details of the flood mitigation works are shown in Appendix A. Thus, these works were also incorporated into the DTM for the TUFLOW model.

This DTM was used to define the existing ground levels within the flood model study area.

Based on this DTM, a TUFLOW model with a fine 5 metre grid was established. The extent of the TUFLOW model is shown in Figure B1 in Appendix B.

It is noted that a formal open channel (known as the Northern Drain) may be constructed along the northern boundary of the site. In addition, there may be changes to:

- the elevation of the Entry Road; and
- the size and number of culverts underneath the Entry Road.

Various flood mitigation options have been modelled, however a final design has not yet been approved. Thus, this report does not include any possible changes to the topography and drainage design at the northern end of the site.



3.2 1-D Links

Culverts were input into the TUFLOW model as 1-dimensional flow links. Inlet and outlet loss coefficients of 0.5 and 1.0 respectively were used for all structures. The TUFLOW model checks the operation of culverts under both inlet and outlet flow control, for Class 1 (free water surface) and Class 2 (submerged entrance) conditions.

The existing open channel along the western boundary of the site was also modelled as a series of 1-dimensional flow links. Cross sections of the open channel were extracted from field survey, and used in the TUFLOW model to define the flow area.

3.3 Floodplain Roughness

The Manning's n roughness values applicable to the study area were determined from site inspections and aerial photography. The values used are summarised in Table 3-1.

Table 3-1 Manning's n Values

Location	Manning's n		
Road Reserves	0.02		
Golf Course	0.035		
Heavily Grassed or Vegetated Areas	0.08		
Densely Treed/Mangrove Areas	0.15		
Commercial Precincts	0.20		

3.4 Tailwater Level

The downstream boundary of the TUFLOW model is located at the outfall of Craiglie Creek to the Pacific Ocean, near Port Douglas. Relevant ocean levels are as follows.

- The Highest Astronomical Tide (HAT) level at Port Douglas is 1.78 mAHD (ref. *Queensland Tide Tables 2012*, Queensland Government).
- The 100 year storm tide level in the vicinity of Port Douglas (i.e. at Oak Beach) is 1.9 mAHD (ref. Queensland Climate Change and Community Vulnerability to Tropical Cyclones Ocean Hazards Assessment Stage 3, Queensland Government, July 2004). An allowance of 300 mm was added to this level, to account for wave setup at the coastline.

Based on these levels, a 100 year storm tide level of 2.2 mAHD was adopted for the existing 100 year event, and a Highest Astronomical Tide level of 1.78 mAHD was adopted for the smaller events.



3.5 Catchment Inflows

Subcatchment hydrographs calculated by the WBNM model were input into the TUFLOW model. As discussed in Section 2.5, the 1.5 hour storm event produced the peak discharges in the vicinity of the subject site.

Direct rainfall-on-grid was applied to the TUFLOW model for all parts of catchment area east of the Captain Cook Highway. This included the subject site, the Coral Gardens site to the south, and the Juniper development to the north.

Overland flow from Stages 3 and 4 of the subject site discharges along Wabul Street to the Southern Drain, or along Jiwal Street into the floodplain to the east of the site.

3.6 Model Results

The TUFLOW model was used to calculate the flood levels in the vicinity of the Port Pacific Estate for a range of average recurrence interval (ARI) flood events.

The calculated flood levels and extent of inundation for each event are shown in Appendix B. A summary of the results is presented in Table 3-2. The location of the reporting points is shown in Figure B2 in Appendix B.

Table 3-2 Peak Flood Levels

	Peak Flood Level (mAHD)					
Location	2 year ARI	5 year ARI	10 year ARI	20 year ARI	50 year ARI	100 year ARI
Southern Drain Upstream End of Stage 3	3.29	3.33	3.37	3.44	3.52	3.60
Southern Drain Midway Along Boundary	3.07	3.10	3.13	3.17	3.23	3.29
Southern Drain Downstream End	2.66	2.72	2.75	2.81	2.88	2.97
Port Pacific Site Eastern Boundary	2.49	2.59	2.64	2.71	2.79	2.90



3.7 Climate Change

The allotment fill levels in Stages 3 and 4 will be designed to account for the impacts of Climate Change on the Craiglie Creek flood levels.

Recent climate change investigations (ref. *Increasing Queensland's resilience to inland flooding in a changing climate: Final Scientific Advisory Group report – Derivation of a rainfall intensity figure to inform an effective interim policy approach to managing inland flooding risks in a changing climate, Department of Environment and Resource Management, 2010)* recommend that an allowance for a 20% increase in design rainfall intensities should be adopted for climate change.

The current projection for sea level rise by the International Panel on Climate Change (IPCC, 2007) is 800 mm by the Year 2100.

An analysis was therefore carried out for the 100 year ARI event, incorporating the following elements of climate change:

- increase in rainfall intensity of 20%; and
- sea level rise of 800 mm (i.e. giving a tailwater level = 3.0 mAHD).

The impact of climate change on the calculated 100 year ARI flood levels is shown in Table 3-3. The extent of inundation and flood levels associated with this event are shown in Figure B9 in Appendix B. As discussed above, these flood levels will be used to determine the minimum allotment levels in Stages 3 and 4 of the Port Pacific Estate.

Table 3-3 Impact of Climate Change on Flood Levels

	Peak Flood Level (mAHD)			
Location	100 year ARI	100 year ARI + Climate Change		
Southern Drain – Upstream End of Stage 3	3.60	3.77		
Southern Drain – Midway Along Boundary	3.29	3.44		
Southern Drain – Downstream End	2.97	3.22		
Port Pacific Site – Eastern Boundary	2.90	3.20		



4 Conclusions

It is proposed to develop Stages 3 and 4 of the Port Pacific Estate at Craiglie.

A flood study was carried out to determine the flood levels applicable to the proposed development.

A WBNM hydrologic model of the catchment discharging to the Port Pacific Estate site was setup. The model achieved similar results to the peak flows calculated using the Rational Method.

A TUFLOW hydraulic model of the study area was set up to determine the flood levels applicable to the site.

The allotment fill levels in Stages 3 and 4 will be designed to account for the following impacts of Climate Change on the Craiglie Creek flood levels:

- · increase in rainfall intensity of 20%; and
- sea level rise of 800 mm (i.e. tailwater level = 3.0 mAHD).

The peak flood levels and extent of inundation at the site are shown in Appendix B.

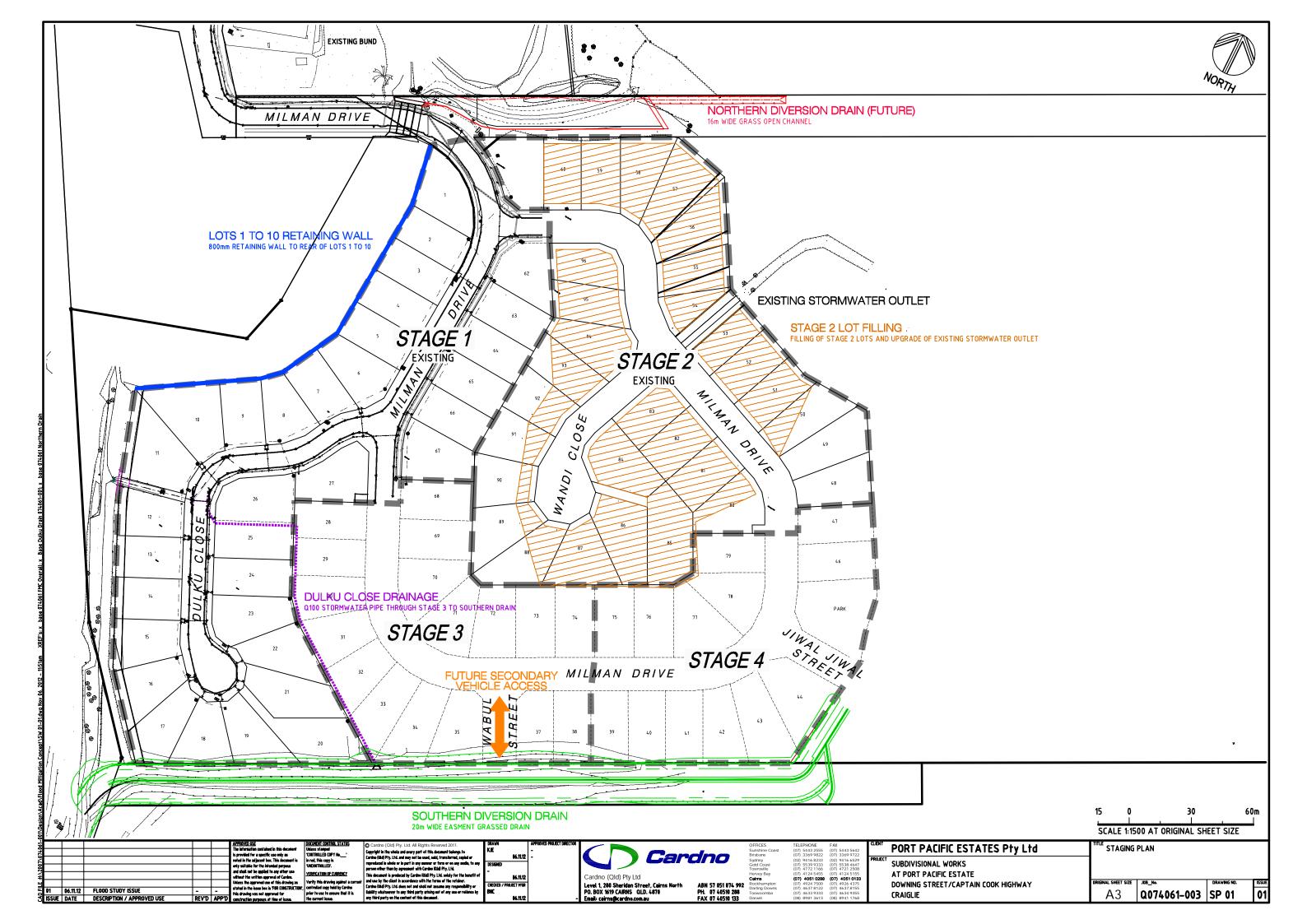
Port Pacific Estate - Stages 3 & 4

APPENDIX



Development Layout





FLOOD MITIGATION WORKS AT PORT PACIFIC ESTATE DOWNING STREET/CAPTAIN COOK HIGHWAY, CRAIGLIE SOUTHERN DIVERSION DRAIN AND DULKU CLOSE DRAINAGE

DRAWING SCHEDULE CARDNO SD C00-1 DRAWING SCHEDULE AND LOCALITY PLAN SD C01 NOTES SD C02 SITE WORKS PLAN AND DETAILS SD C03 LONGITUDINAL SECTION AND DETAILS SD C04 CROSS SECTIONS - SHEET 1 OF 2 SD C05 CROSS SECTIONS - SHEET 2 OF 2 ND DC08 DULKU CLOSE DRAINAGE - Q100 RELIEF PIPE PLAN ND DC09 DULKU CLOSE DRAINAGE - STORMWATER DETAILS ND DC10 DULKU CLOSE DRAINAGE - STORMWATER LONGITUDINAL SECTIONS - Q100 ND DC11 DULKU CLOSE DRAINAGE - STORMWATER CALCULATION TABLE - Q100 IMEAQ D-0041 SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES FNQROC S1000 CONCRETE KERB AND CHANNEL



DISCLAIMER

The proposed Southern Diversion Drain as shown on these drawings is proposed to form a part of proposed flood mitigation works for Port Pacific Estate.

The concept shown on these drawings is subject to approval by Cairns Regional Council of an overall proposal for provision of flood mitigation works for Port Pacific Estate, approval by Cairns Regional Council of the report prepared by Cardno (Qld) Pty Ltd titled Port Pacific Estate Port Douglas Flood Study and agreement by other stakeholders including affected landowners to the overall proposal for provision of flood mitigation works for Port Pacific Estate. The design intent of the proposed Southern Diversion Drain is to convey from the east side of the road reserve of the Captain Cook Highway to outfall east of proposed Stage 4 of Port Pacific Estate the part of the estimated discharge corresponding to a

Cook Highway to outfall east of proposed Stage 4 of Port Pacific Estate the part of the estimated discharge corresponding to a flood event of average recurrence interval (ARI) 100 years in the waterway described in the Port Pacific Estate Port Douglas Flood Study as the Southern Creek which would cross the Captain Cook Highway in existing culverts.

It is proposed that eventually the outfall of the Southern Diversion Drain will be diverted through culverts between proposed Stages 4 and 5 of Port Pacific Estate to outfall to the north of proposed Stage 5 of Port Pacific Estate.

Hydrological investigation performed by Cardno (Qld) Pty Ltd (refer Flood Study report) has estimated that the discharge approaching the west side of the Captain Cook Highway in the Southern Creek catchment for a flood event with an average recurrence interval of 100 years is approximatley 28 m³/s. Further hydraulic investigation by Cardno (Qld) Pty Ltd has estimated that a peak discharge approximately 19 m³/s would cross the Highway via the existing culverts, no flow would overtop the Highway and the balance of the discharge from the southern Creek catchment would be diverted towards the north along the west side of the Highway or be attenuated by the flood storage available in this area.

A detailed hydraulic investigation by Cardno (Qld) Pty Ltd has estimated that the capacity of the proposed drain dimensioned and surfaced as shown on these drawings will be adequate to convey the estimated discharge of 19 m³/s corresponding to a flood event with an average recurrence interval of 100 years with 300mm freeboard.

The proposed Southern Diversion Drain as shown on these Cardno (Qld) Pty Ltd drawings relies on the findings of the Cardno (Qld) Pty Ltd Flood Study and associated investigations.

Other flood mitigation works proposed to be implemented in conjunction with the proposed Southern Diversion Drain include the following.

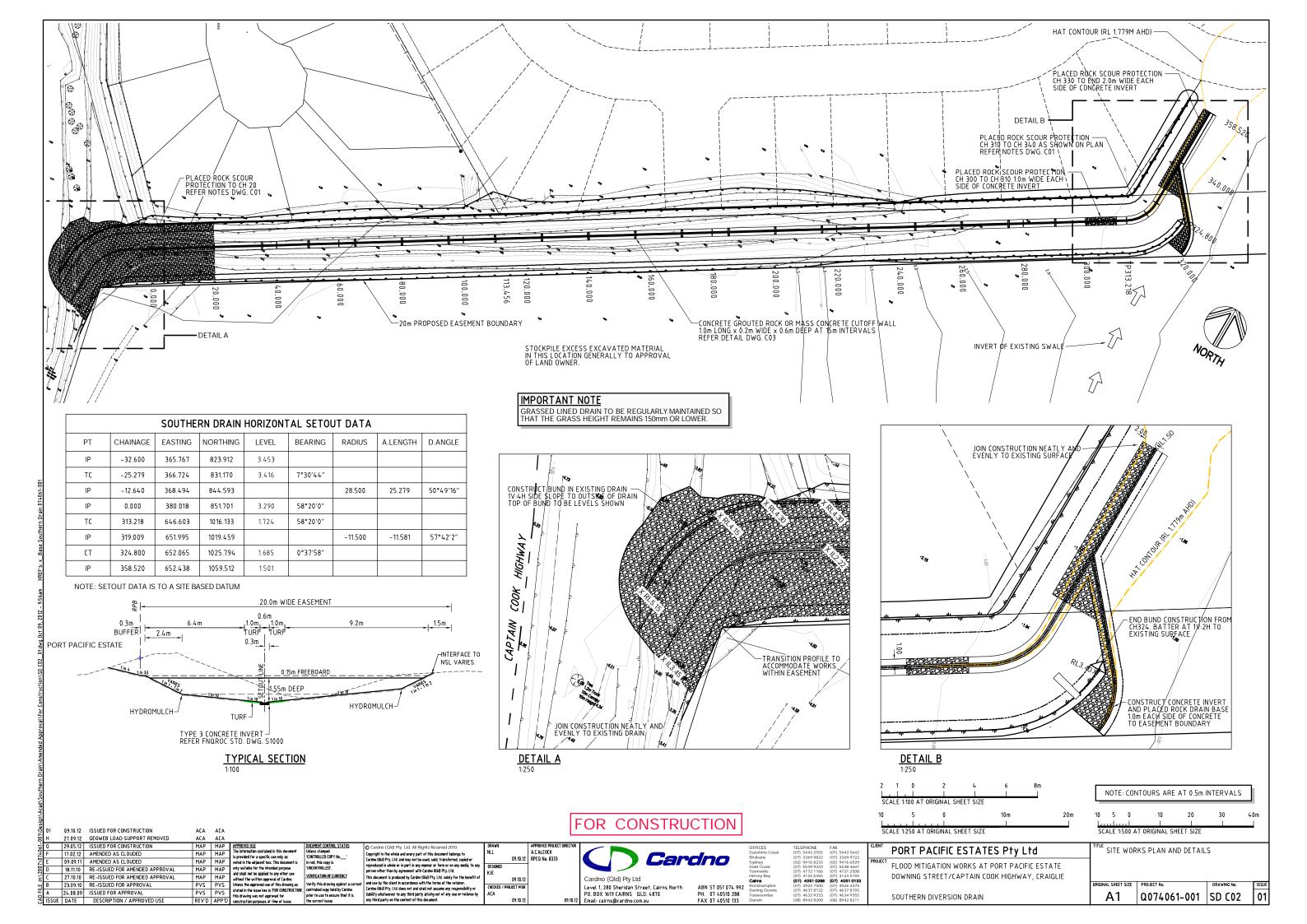
- Flood mitigation works within Stage 1 of Port Pacific Estate as described in the Port Pacific Estate Port Douglas Flood Study.
- Construction of a Northern Diversion Drain generally in the unformed road reserve of Downing Street along the northern boundary of Port Pacific Estate.

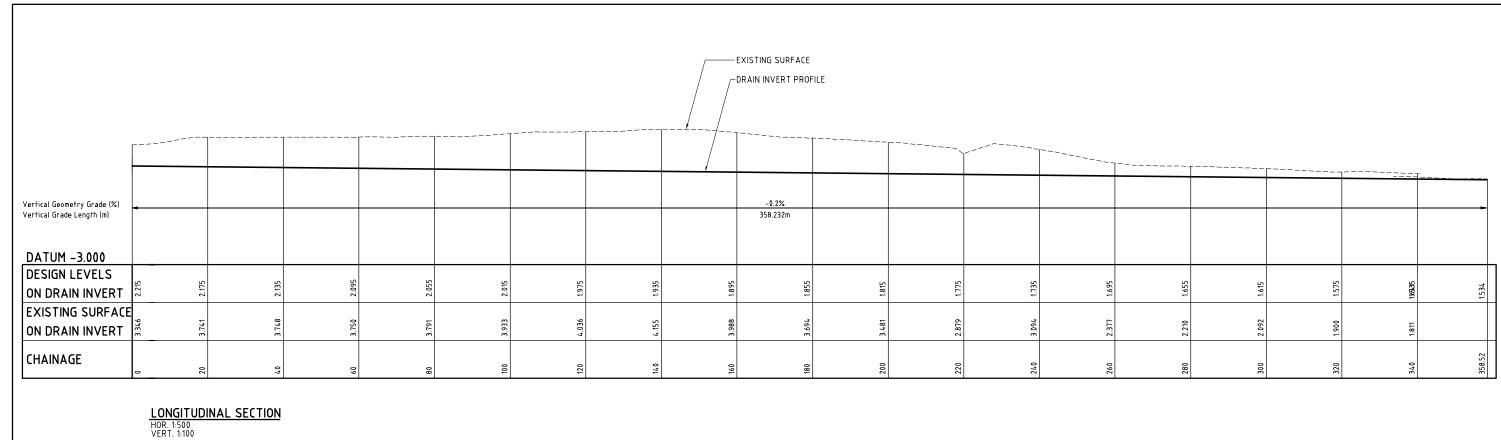
The proposed flood mitigation works will not achieve compliance with the requirements of the FNQROC Development Manual or the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual for stormwater drainage design, particularly with respect to the depth of inundation of the Port Pacific Estate entrance road.

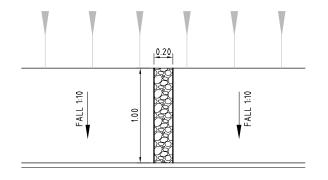
The extent of flood mitigation in Port Pacific Estate expected to be achieved by the proposed Southern Diversion Drain is described in the Port Pacific Estate Port Douglas Flood Study.

It is expected that construction of the proposed Southern Diversion Drain would increase the extent of the 100 years ARI flood inundation and corresponding flood water levels at the downstream end of the proposed Southern Diversion Drain including in property other than the Port Pacific Estate property, as discussed in the Port Pacific Estate Port Douglas Flood Study. The largest increases in the 100 years ARI flood levels near the eastern end of the Southern Diversion Drain have been estimated as part of the Flood Study to be approximately 330mm for all flood mitigation options considered by the Flood Study. Increases in the 100 years ARI flood levels within the heavily vegetated area downstream of the Port Pacific site have been estimated as part of the Flood Study to be up to 100mm for all flood mitigation options considered by the Flood Study.

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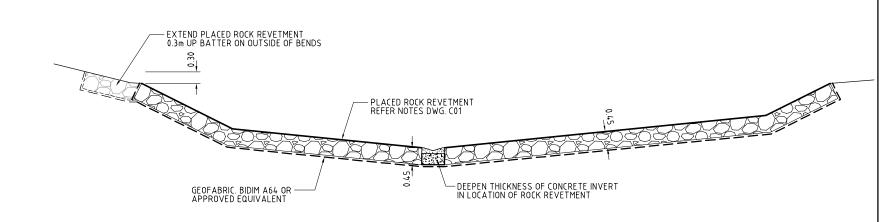




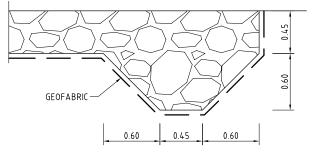


CONCRETE INVERT PULLY CONCRETE GROUTED STONE
OR UNREINFORCED MASS CONCRETE
OUTOFF WALK 0.6m/DEEP AT 15m
(NTERVALS ACROSS BASE OF DRAIN
CONSTRUCT GROWEB AROUND
EUTOFF WALLS

CUTOFF WALL TYPICAL DETAIL 1:20

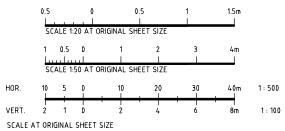


PLACED ROCK TYPICAL DETAIL



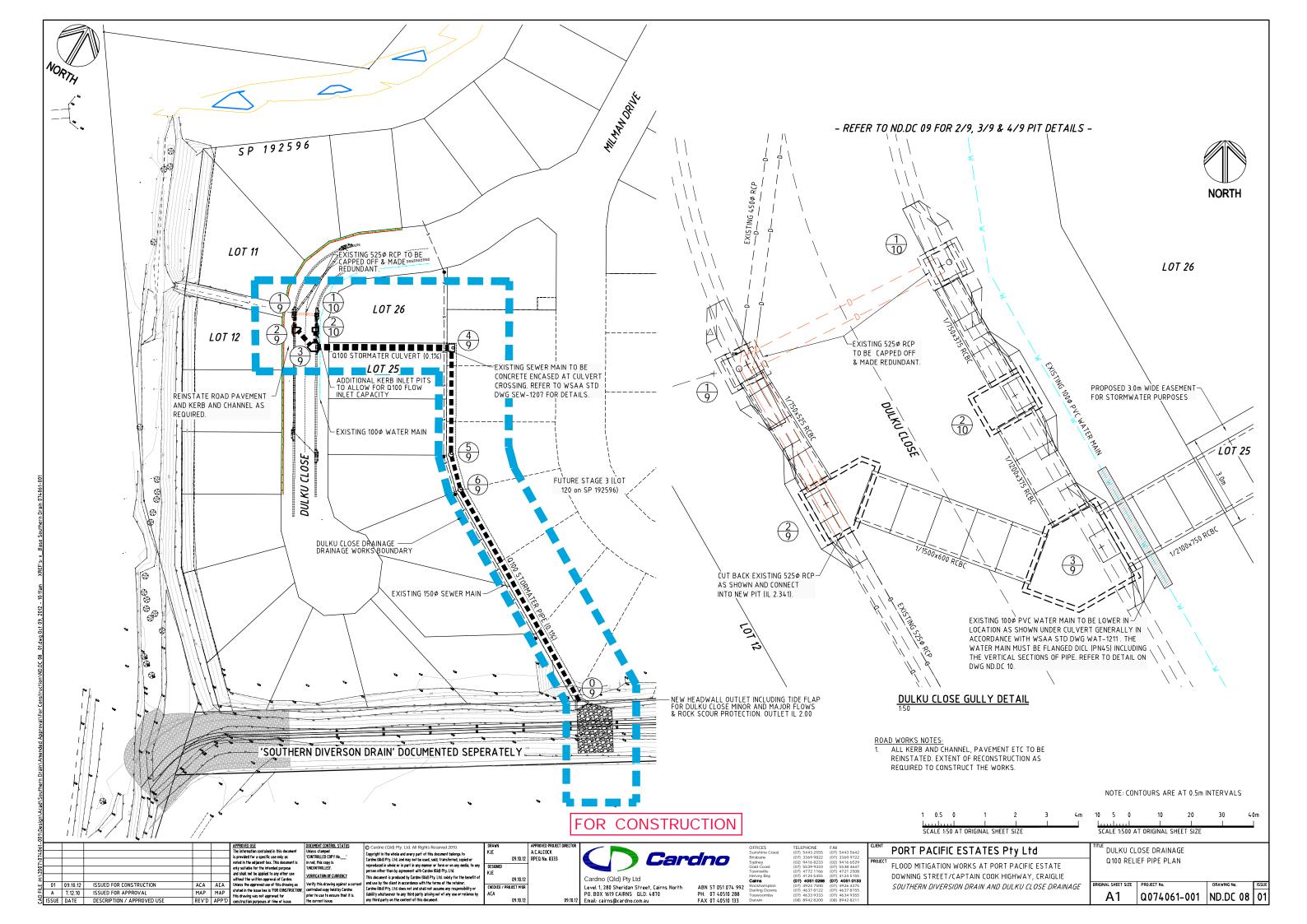
PLACED ROCK END TREATMENT TYPICAL DETAIL

THIS TREATMENT IS REQUIRED AT THE UPSTREAM AND DOWNSTREAM ENDS OF BOTH REVETMENT ZONES.



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Port Pacific Estate - Stages 3 & 4

APPENDIX

B

TUFLOW Model Results





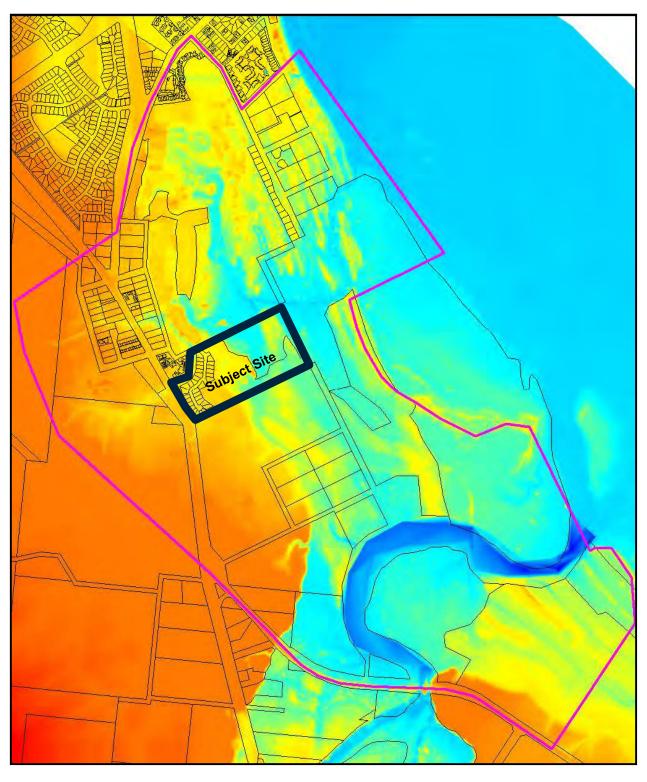


Figure B1. TUFLOW Model Extent





Figure B2 – Location of Reporting Points





Figure B3 – 2 Year ARI Flood Levels





Figure B4 – 5 Year ARI Flood Levels





Figure B5 – 10 Year ARI Flood Levels



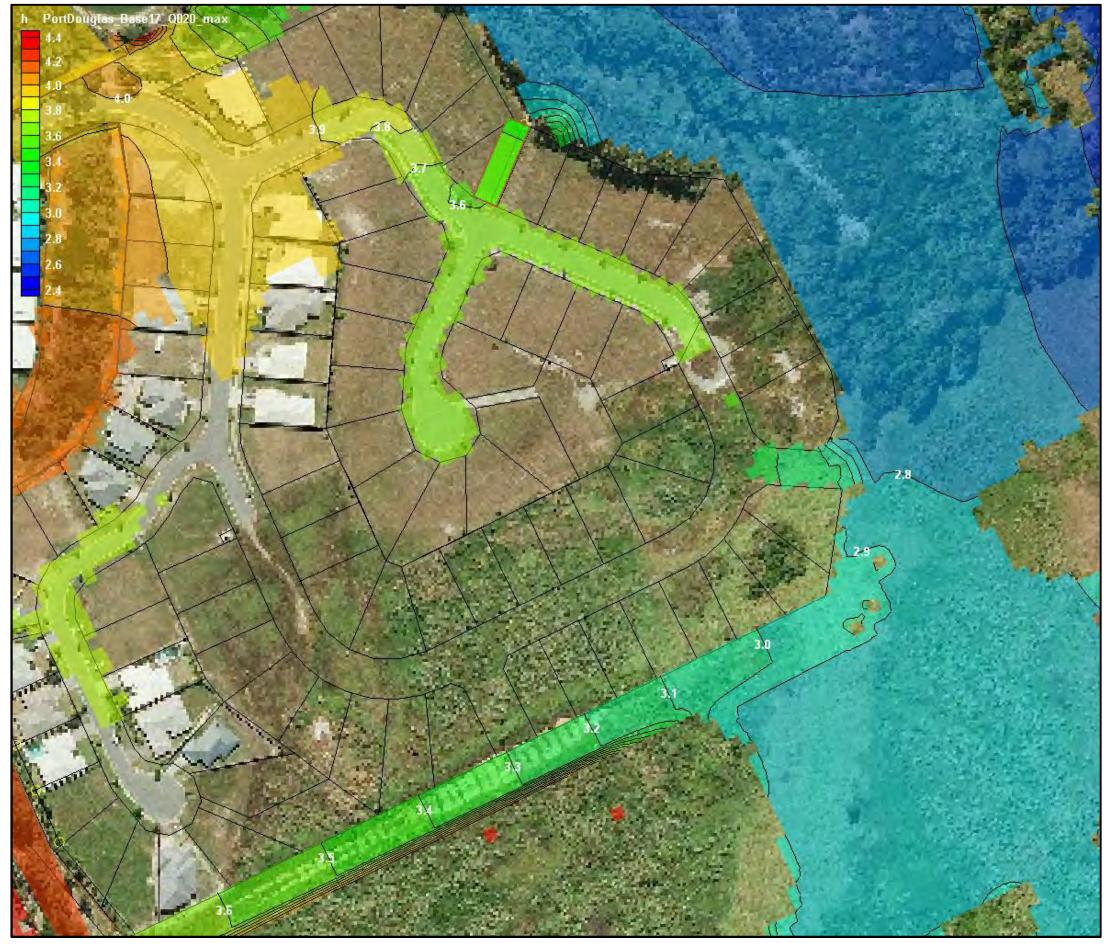


Figure B6 – 20 Year ARI Flood Levels



8 November 2012

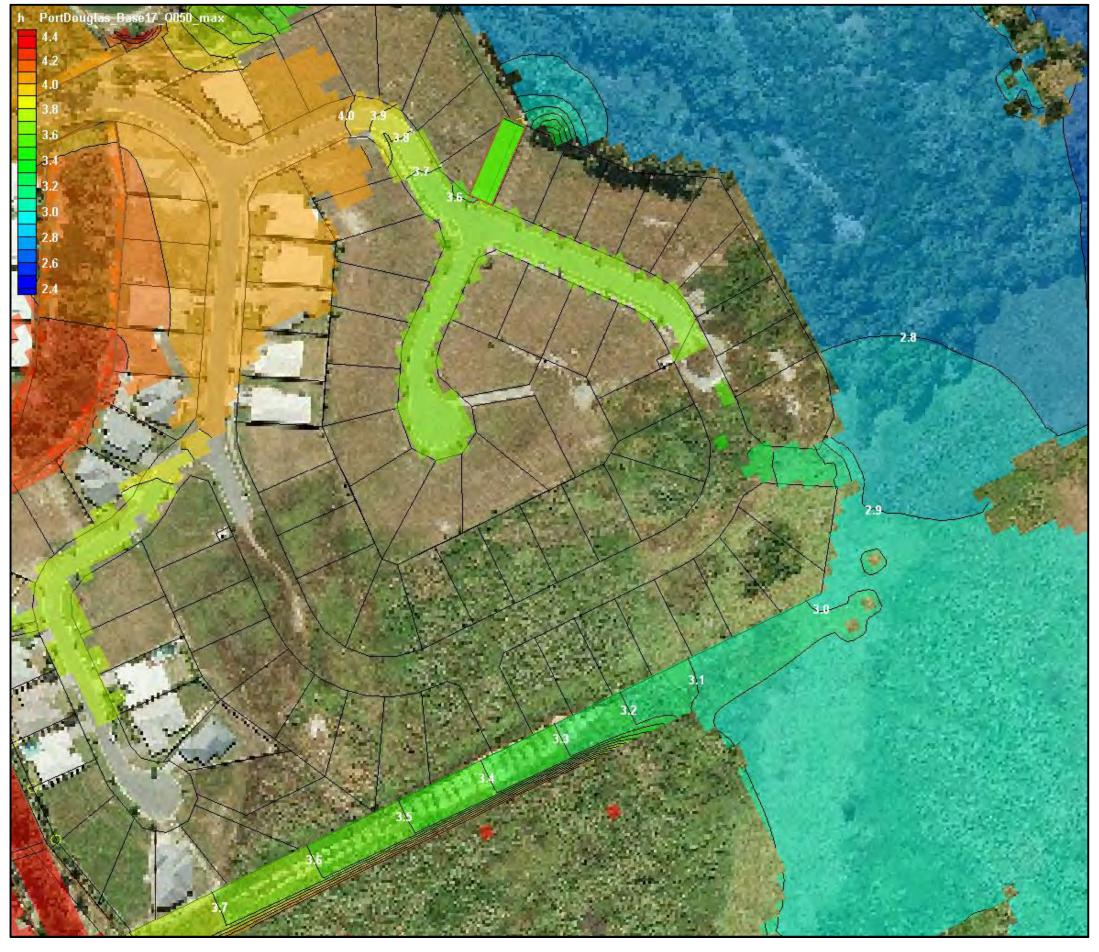


Figure B7 – 50 Year ARI Flood Levels





Figure B8 – 100 Year ARI Flood Levels



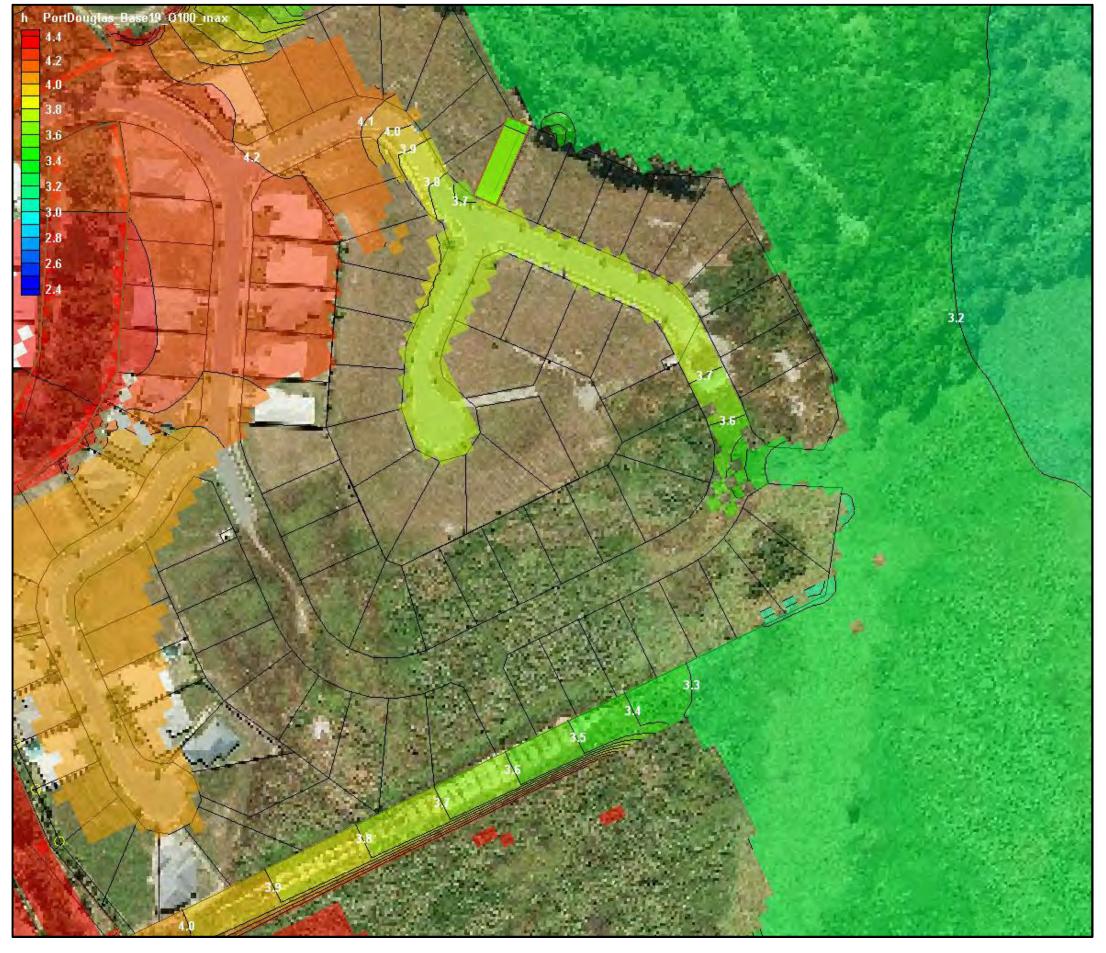


Figure B9 – 100 Year ARI + Climate Change Flood Levels

Port Pacific Estate - Stages 3 & 4

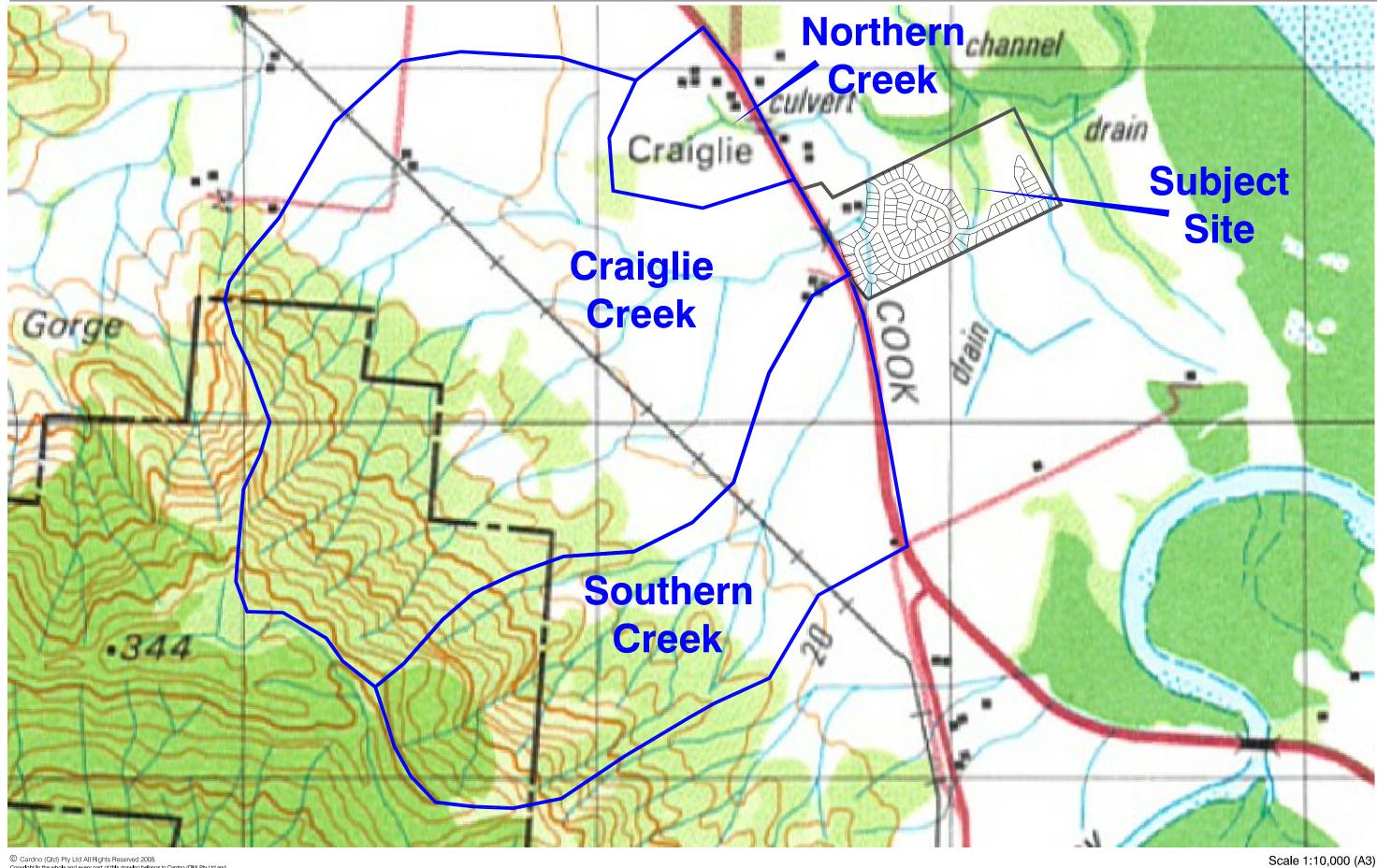
APPENDIX

C

Catchment Boundaries







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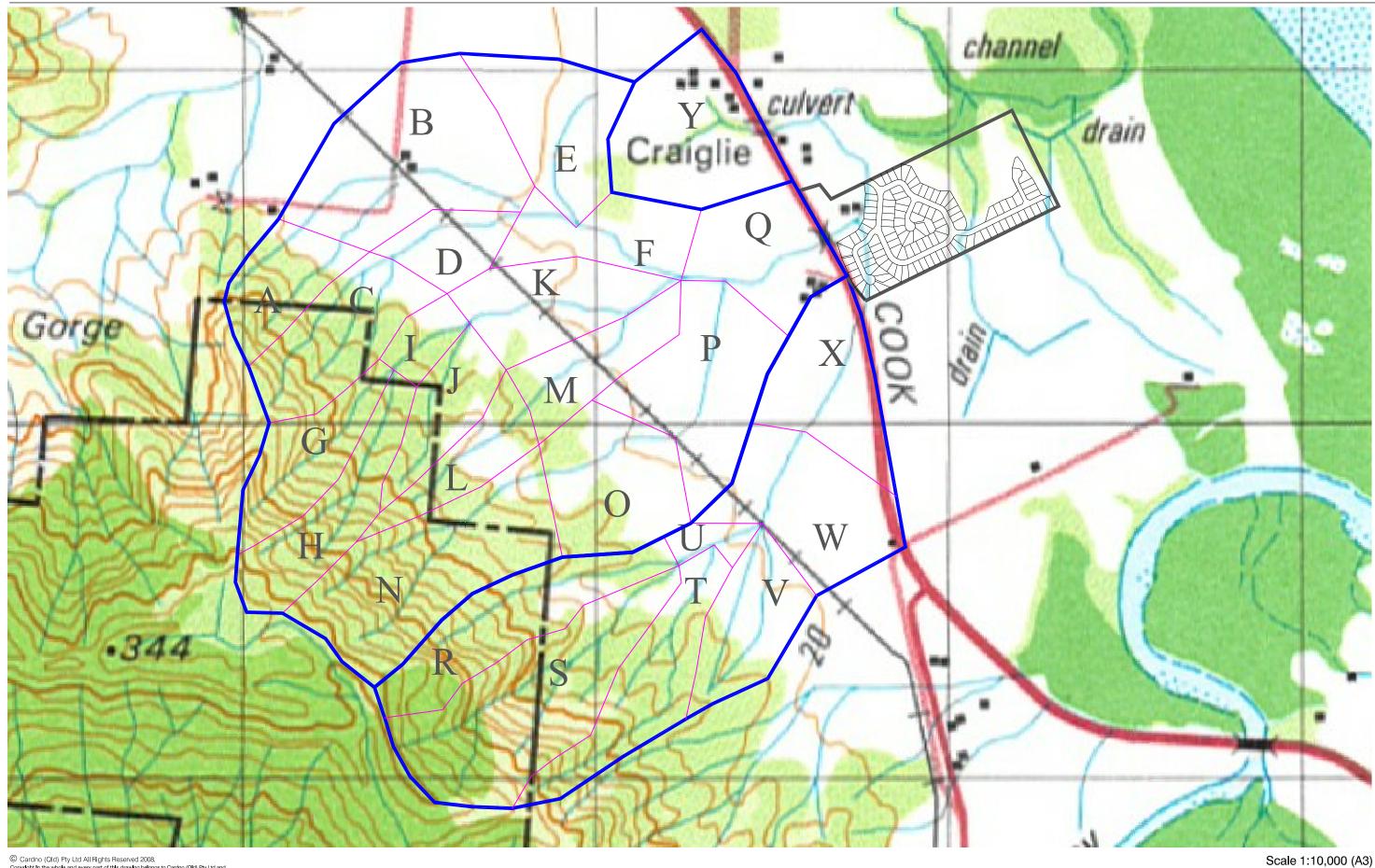
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FIGURE C1 **CATCHMENT BOUNDARIES**

Project No.: Q074061

PRINT DATE: 09 June, 2009 - 10:36am





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FIGURE C2 **WBNM MODEL SUBAREAS**

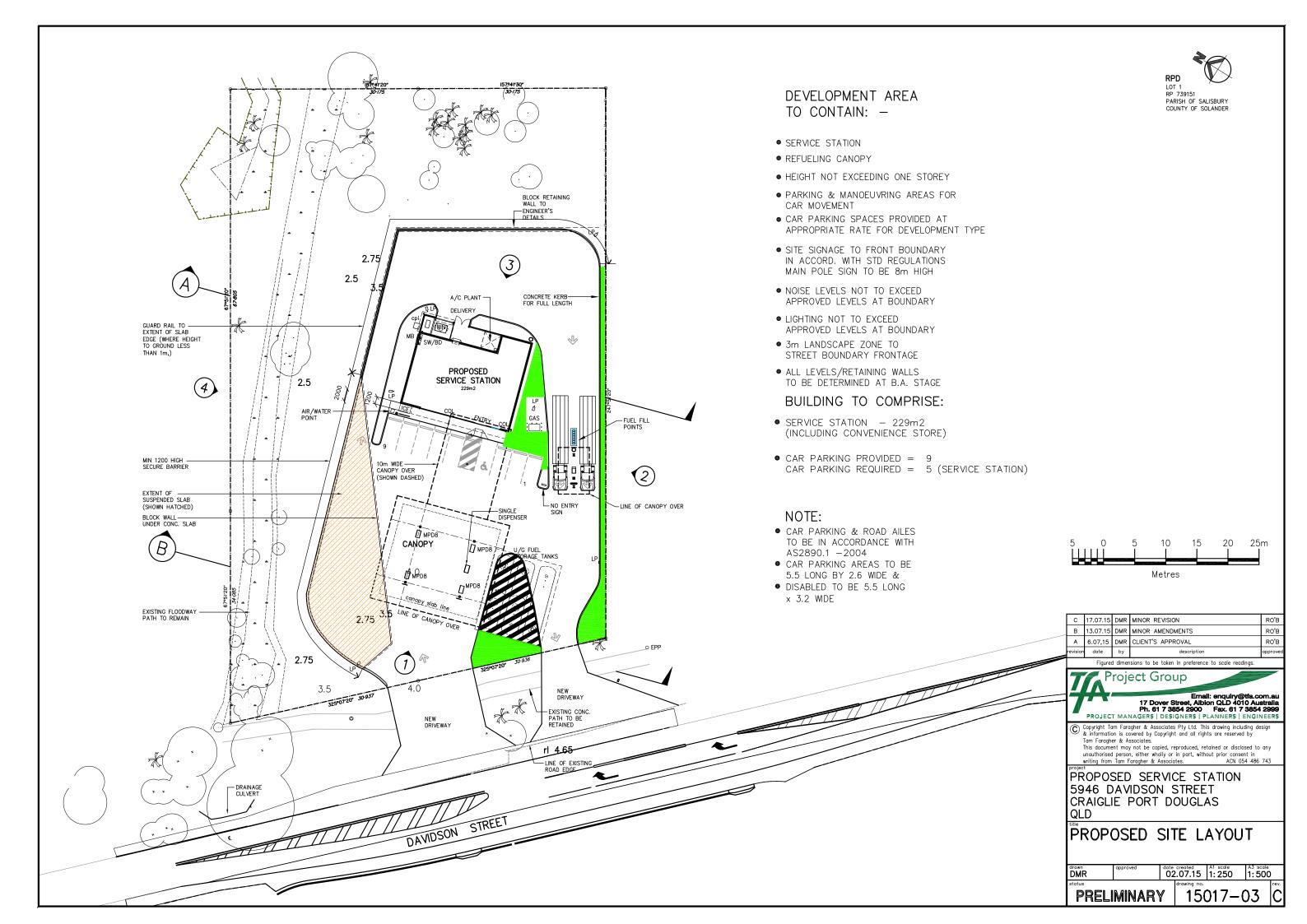
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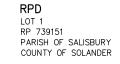


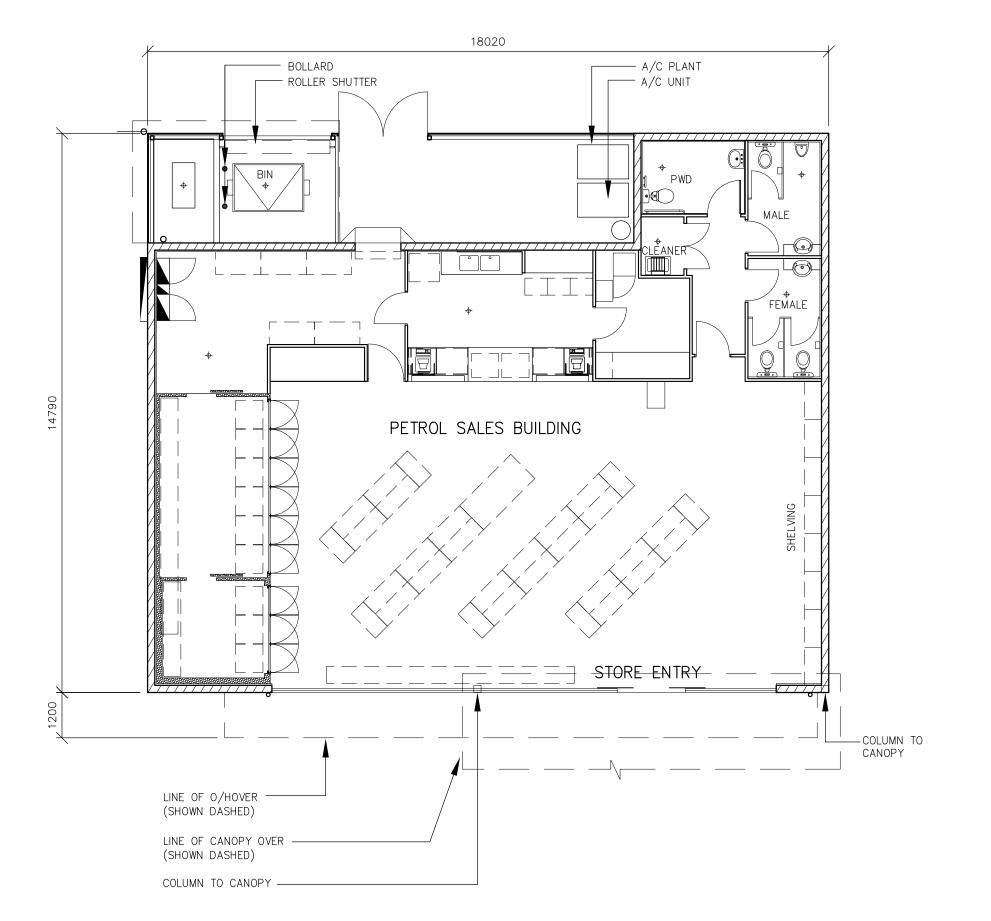
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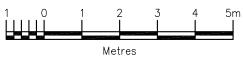
TFA Project Group Drawings











revision	date	by	description	approve
Α	6.07.15	DMR	CLIENT'S APPROVAL	RO'B
В	13.07.15	DMR	MINOR AMENDMENTS	RO'B
С	17.07.15	DMR	MINOR REVISION	RO'B



Emall: enquiry@tfa.com.au 17 Dover Street, Ablon QLD 4010 Australia Ph. 61 7 3854 2900 Fax. 61 7 3854 2999 PROJECT MANAGERS | DESIGNERS | PLANNERS | ENGINEERS

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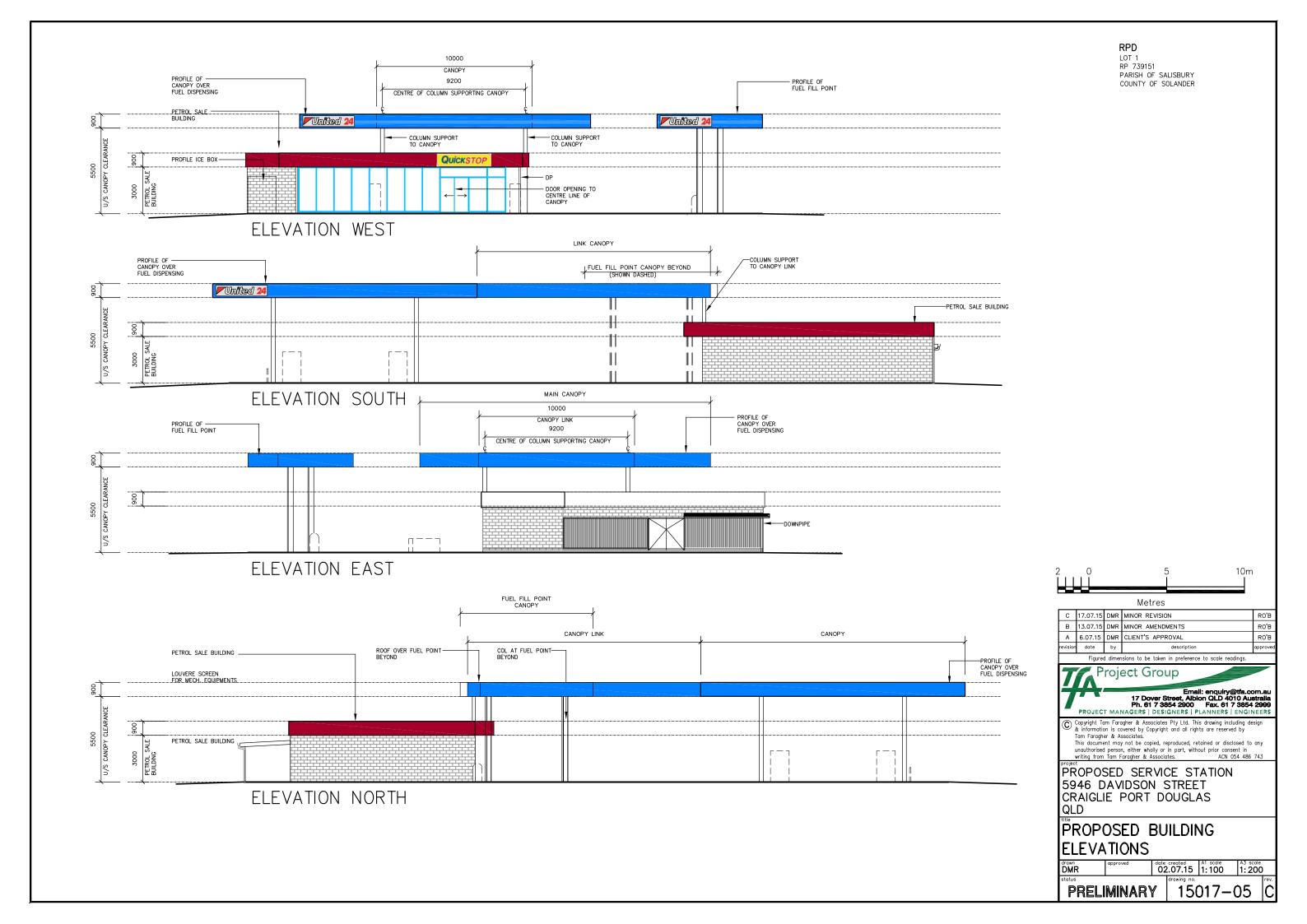
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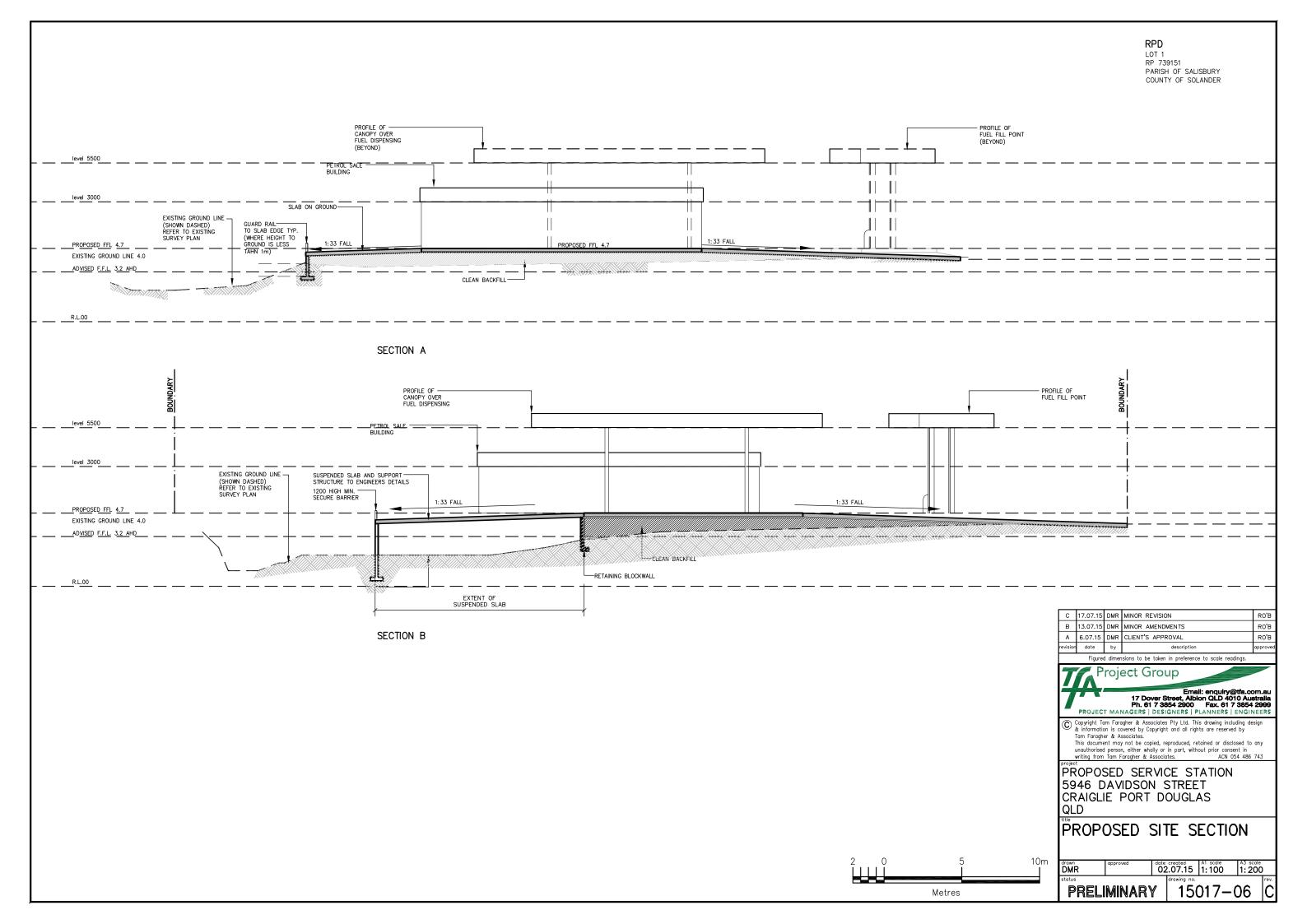
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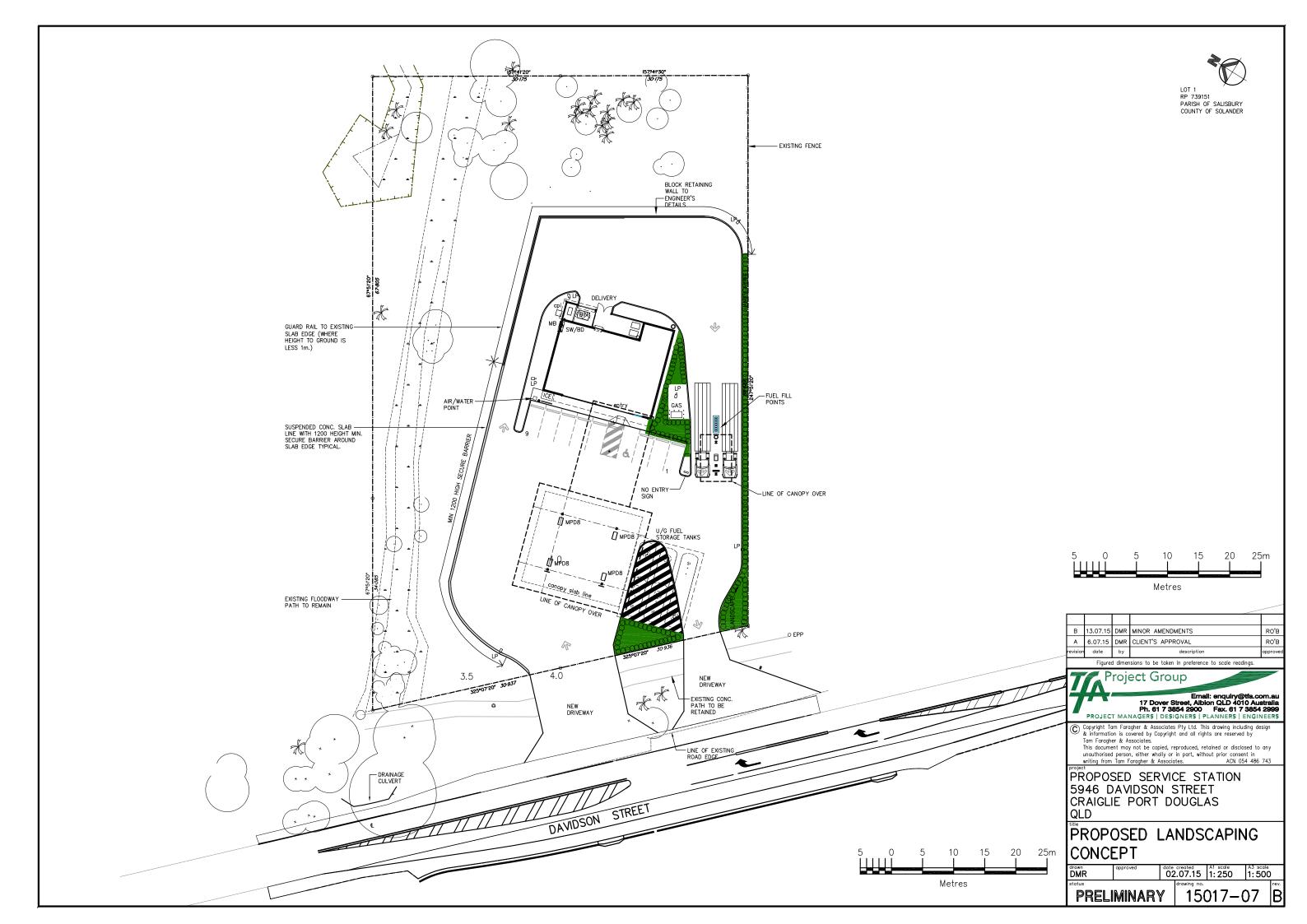
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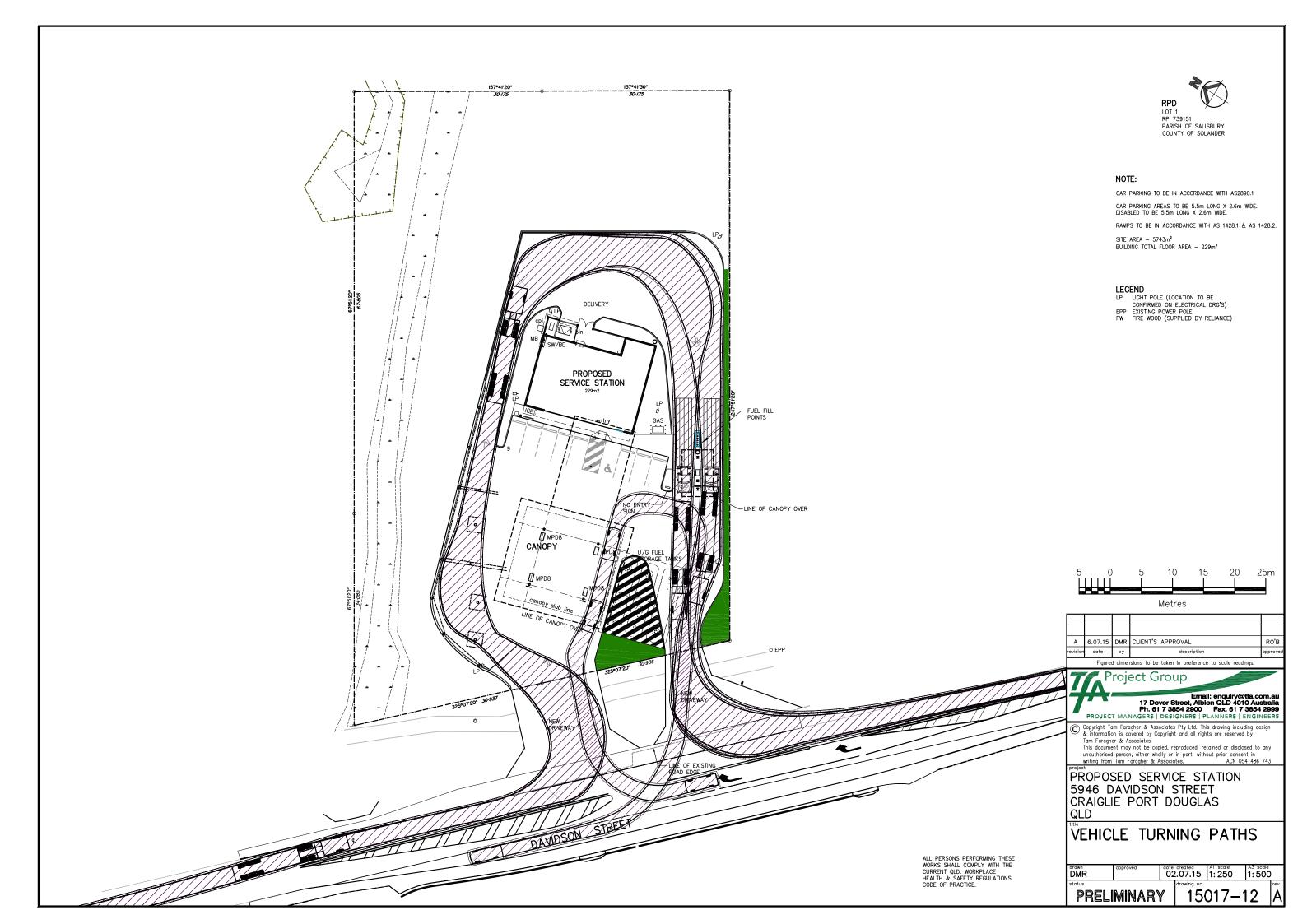
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PRELI	MINAR	1	150)17–()4	C





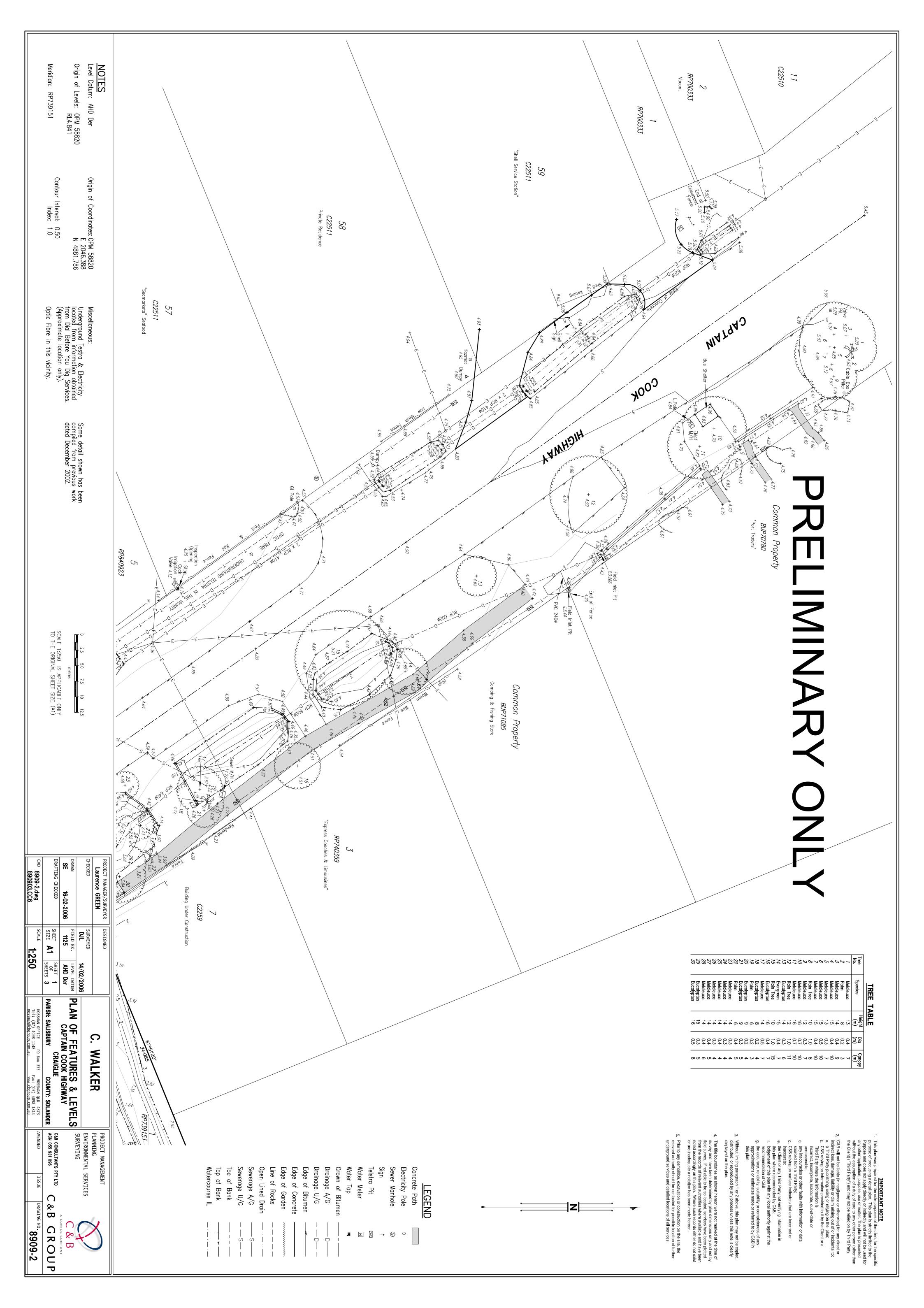


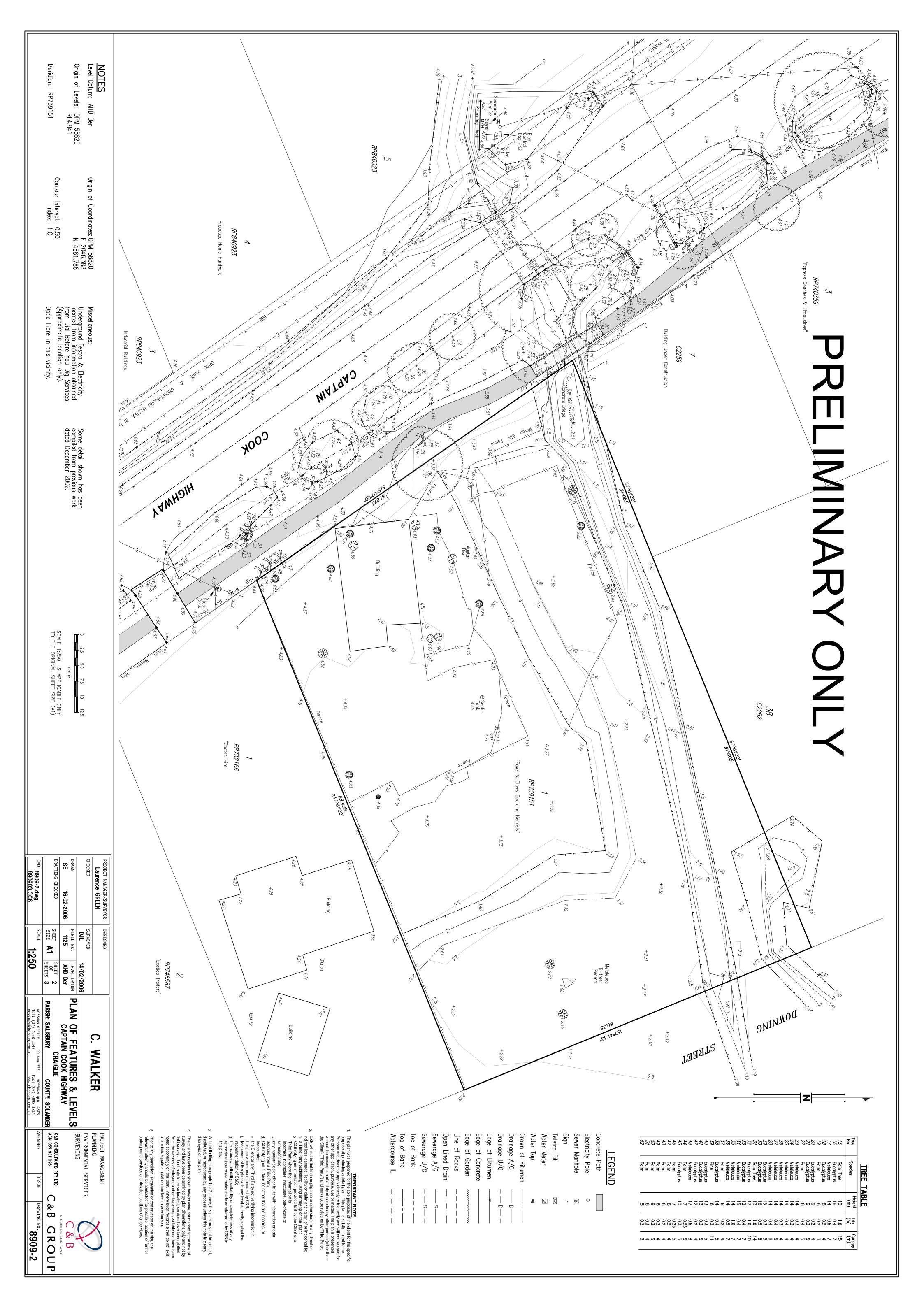


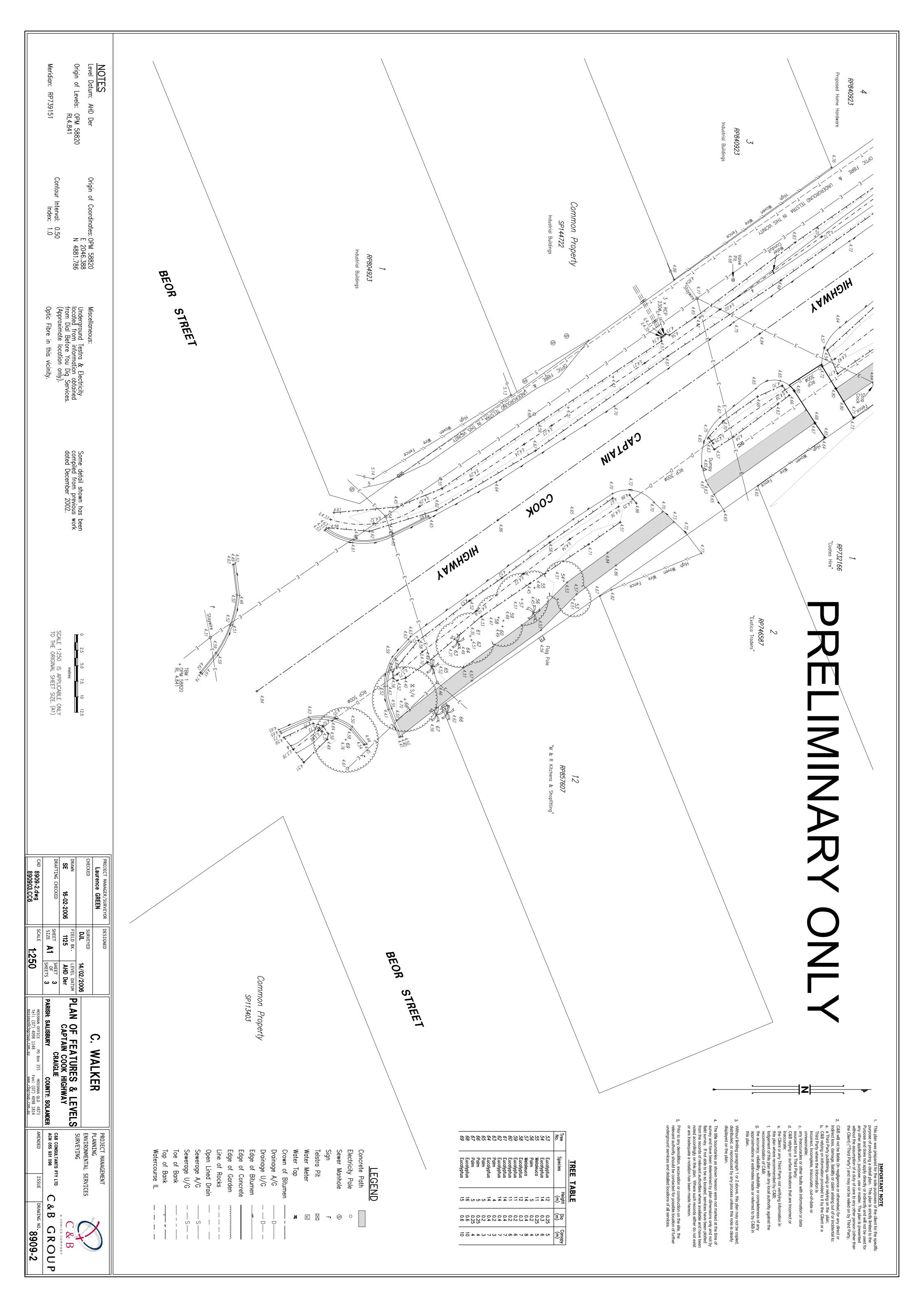


APPENDIX: D

C&B Group Preliminary Site Survey









APPENDIX: E

Hydrological Calculation



PROJECT No.		4380/01	
CALCULATION BY	FN	DATE	14/10/15
CHECKED BY		DATE	
SHEET	1	OF	3

Craiglie Service S					
Proposed site chani	<u>1el tc & </u>	flow tak	<u>oulatio</u>	n (Lot 1 RP739151)	
1) Time of Concentration					
Overland Flow 1					
- Initial overland flow time at th					
- Assume steep bushland at th				and flavor law with its FOrms	
- Based on QUDM 2013 Table				•	u timos is:
- Using QUDIVI 2013 Figure 4.0	5, WILIT 20%	o & derisely (grasseu si	urface ($n = 0.06$), the estimated overland sheet flow	v umes is.
$t_c =$	13.0	minutes			
Channel Flow 1					
	I flow come	onent to the	hase of th	ne mountain range, the slope is estimated to be ap	nrov 28%:
- QUDM Table 4.6.6 recomme			3.0	m/s	prox.2070,
- The length of flow in this sect			440	m	
- The estimated flow time is:					
$t_c =$	2.4	minutes			
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.4	minutes			
Channel Flow 2					
				f the land is estimated to be approx. 7%;	
- QUDM Table 4.6.6 recomme			0.9	m/s	
- The length of flow in this sect	tion is appi	rox.	280	m	
- The estimated flow time is:					
$t_c =$	5.2	minutes			
· c -	0.2	minutes			
Channel Flow 3					
- The flows are expected to rei	main conc	entrated, hov	vever the	grade of the terrian redues to approx. 2%	
- QUDM Table 4.6.6 recomme			0.7	m/s	
- The length of flow in this sect	tion is appi	rox.	500	m	
- The estimated flow time is:					
$t_c =$	11.9	minutes			
Channel Flow 4					
- The flows then entered into a	defined c	hannel with a	a slone of a	annrox 11%	
- QUDM Table 4.6.6 recomme			0.3	m/s	
- The length of flow in this sect			140	m	
- The estimated flow time is:					
$t_c =$	7.8	minutes			
Channel Flow 4					
- The flows then entered into a					
- QUDM Table 4.6.6 recomme			0.3 170	m/s	
- The length of flow in this sector - The estimated flow time is:	ιστι ιδ αρρι	UX.	170	m	
The estimated now time is.					
$t_c =$	9.4	minutes			
Total t _c =	<u>49.8</u>	minutes			
2) Design Flow					
Using Rational Method					
Q = Q	C x I x A)/3	360 or 0.	00278 C.I.	.A	
,					
Catchment area, A =	14.5	ha	- develop	ped areas	
Catchment area, A =	63.9	ha	- bushlan	nd	
Total catchment, A =	78.4	ha			
¹ I ₁₀ =	82.2	mm/hr			
Fraction impervious, f _i =	0.90			UDM 2013 Table 4.5.1 - developed areas	
Fraction impervious, f _i =	0.00			UDM 2013 Table 4.5.1 - bushland	
C ₁₀ =	0.88			JDM 2013 Table 4.5.3 - developed areas	
C ₁₀ =	0.7		- refer Ql	UDM 2013 Table 4.5.4 - bushland	1

Design ARI =	5	years							
Design ARI =	<u> </u>	years							
Frequency factor, F ₅ =	0.95		- refer QUDI		Table 4.5.2				
C ₅ =	0.84		- developed	areas					
C ₅ = C ₅ =	0.67 0.70		- bushland						
O ₅ =	0.70		- composite						
^{tc} I ₅ =	82.3	mm/hr							
. 5									
Q ₅ =	0.00278	х	C ₅	x	tc I 5	X	Α		
=		х	0.70	X	82.3	X	78.4		
=	<u>12.49</u>	m³/s							
Design ARI =	10	years							
		youro							
Frequency factor, F ₁₀ =	1.0		- refer QUDI		Table 4.5.2				
C 10 =	0.88		- developed	areas					
C 10 =	0.70		- bushland						
C ₁₀ =	0.73		- composite						
^{tc} I ₁₀ =	90.4	mm/hr							
1 10 =	30.4	11111/111							
Q ₁₀ =	0.00278	х	C 10	х	^{tc} ₁₀	х	Α		
=		X	0.73	X	90.4	X	78.4		
=	<u>14.45</u>	m³/s							
Design ARI =	20	years							
Frequency factor, F ₂₀ =	1.05		- refer QUDI	M 2013	Table 4.5.2				
C ₂₀ =	0.92		- developed	areas					
C ₂₀ =	0.74		- bushland						
C ₂₀ =	0.77		- composite						
to .									
^{tc} I ₂₀ =	102.0	mm/hr							
Q ₂₀ =	0.00278		C 20	· ·	tc 20		Λ		
=	0.00278	X X	0.77	x	102.0	x	78.4		
=	<u>17.11</u>	m³/s	<u> </u>		10210		70.7		
Design ADI	50								
Design ARI =	50	years							
Frequency factor, F ₅₀ =	1.15		- refer QUDI	M 2013	Table 4.5.2				
C ₅₀ =	1.00		- developed	areas					
C ₅₀ =	0.81		- bushland						
C ₅₀ =	0.84		- composite						
tc ,	117.1	mm/hr							
^{tc} I ₅₀ =	111.1	HHIVIII							
Q ₅₀ =	0.00278	х	C 50	х	^{tc} I ₅₀	X	Α		
= =	0.00278	Х	0.84	X	117.1	X	78.4		
=	<u>21.46</u>	m³/s							
	400			-	-	-	-		
Design ARI =	100	years							
C 100 =	F ₁₀₀ x C ₁₀								
Frequency factor, F ₁₀₀ =	1.2		- refer QUDI		Table 4.5.2				
C ₁₀₀ =	1.0		- developed	areas					
$C_{100} = C_{100} =$	0.84 0.87		- bushland - composite						
O 100 =	0.07		- composite						
^{tc} I ₁₀₀ =	128.6	mm/hr							
					4-				
Q ₁₀₀ =		X	C 100	X	^{tc} I ₁₀₀	X	Α		
=	0.00278	<i>X</i>	0.9	X	128.6	X	78.4		
=	<u>24.37</u>	m³/s							



 PROJECT No.
 4380/01

 CALCULATION BY
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 DATE
 14/10/15

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 DATE
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 3

	RAS Outputs (Water Level Cor	nparison a	at Site Cha	nnel with	Various Roughness	<u>Coefficie</u>
<u>25</u>						,	
	River Station	Channel Elevation	Wate	er Elevation (m	AHD)	Δ Water elevation	
	(Cross Section)	(m)	n = 0.08	n = 0.09	n = 0.10	- (m) btw Manning's	
/S	116.64	1.61	3.49	3.55	3.61	0.12	
/0	100.97	1.50	3.40	3.47	3.53	0.13	
	89.11	1.40	3.34	3.41	3.47	0.13	
	78.47	1.50	3.30	3.37	3.43	0.13	
	67.50	1.47	3.24	3.3	3.37	0.13	
	54.52	1.22	3.16	3.22	3.28	0.12	
	44.52	1.34	3.1	3.16	3.22	0.12 0.12	
-	34.52 24.52	1.46 1.72	3.05 3.05	3.12 3.11	3.17 3.16	0.12	
)/S	17.21	1.94	3.04	3.1	3.15	0.11	
•	· · · · · ·					J +:::	
<u>210</u>						A Mater elevation	
	River Station	Channel Elevation	Wate	er Elevation (m	AHD)	Δ Water elevation - (m) btw Manning's	
	(Cross Section)	(m)	n = 0.08	n = 0.09	n = 0.10	0.08 & 0.10	
/S	116.64	1.61	3.56	3.64	3.7	0.14	
	100.97	1.50	3.48	3.55	3.62	0.14	
	89.11	1.40	3.43	3.50	3.56	0.13	
ļ	78.47	1.50	3.38	3.45	3.52	0.14	
-	67.50	1.47	3.32	3.39	3.46	0.14	
	54.52 44.52	1.22 1.34	3.23 3.17	3.30 3.23	3.36 3.30	0.13 0.13	
+	34.52 34.52	1.34	3.17	3.23	3.30	0.13	
1	24.52	1.72	3.12	3.18	3.24	0.12	
/S	17.21	1.94	3.11	3.17	3.24	0.13	
· · ·				•	•	·	
<u>20</u>			M/sta	er Elevation (m	AHD)	Δ Water elevation	
_	River Station	Channel Elevation			,	- (m) btw Manning's	
- [(Cross Section)	(m)	n = 0.08	n = 0.09	n = 0.10	0.08 & 0.10	
3	116.64	1.61	3.66	3.74	3.82	0.16	
J	100.97	1.50	3.59	3.67	3.74	0.15	
_	89.11	1.40	3.53	3.61	3.68	0.15	
	78.47 67.50	1.50 1.47	3.49 3.42	3.56 3.50	3.64 3.57	0.15 0.15	
	54.52	1.47	3.42	3.40	3.47	0.15	
	44.52	1.34	3.25	3.33	3.40	0.15	
	34.52	1.46	3.22	3.29	3.36	0.14	
	24.52	1.72	3.21	3.28	3.35	0.14	
)/S	17.21	1.94	3.20	3.27	3.34	0.14	
250							
	River Station	Channel Elevation	Wate	er Elevation (m	AHD)	Δ Water elevation	
	(Cross Section)	(m)	n = 0.08	n = 0.09	n = 0.10	- (m) btw Manning's 0.08 & 0.10	
/S	116.64	1.61	3.82	3.90	3.99	0.17	
	100.97	1.50	3.75	3.84	3.92	0.17	
	89.11	1.40	3.69	3.78	3.86	0.17	
	78.47	1.50	3.65	3.73	3.81	0.16	
	67.50	1.47	3.57	3.66	3.75	0.18	
-	54.52	1.22	3.46	3.55	3.63	0.17	
-	44.52 34.52	1.34 1.46	3.38 3.36	3.47 3.44	3.55 3.52	0.17 0.16	
	24.52	1.72	3.35	3.43	3.52	0.16	
/S	17.21	1.94	3.34	3.42	3.50	0.16	
10	<u> </u>						
110		Changel Florida	Wate	er Elevation (m	AHD)	Δ Water elevation	-
\dashv	River Station (Cross Section)	Channel Elevation (m)	n = 0.08	n = 0.09	n = 0.10	(m) btw Manning's	
'S	116.64	1.61	3.91	4.00	4.10	0.08 & 0.10 0.19	
_	100.97	1.50	3.85	3.94	4.03	0.19	
	89.11	1.40	3.79	3.88	3.97	0.18	
	78.47	1.50	3.74	3.83	3.92	0.18	
	67.50	1.47	3.67	3.76	3.86	0.19	
		1.22	3.55	3.64	3.74	0.19	
	54.52						
	44.52	1.34	3.47	3.56	3.65	0.18	
			3.47 3.44 3.44	3.56 3.53 3.53	3.65 3.62 3.61	0.18 0.18 0.17	



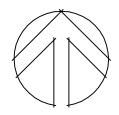
PROJECT No.	4.	380/01	
CALCULATION BY	FN	DATE	14/10/15
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_		<u>tation</u>								
D										
turn Period	A	В	С	D	F	F	G			
1	3.884688854	-5.54E-01	-7.26E-02	6.62E-03	4.94E-03	-1.88E-04	_	< Paste va	lues from BOM v	vebsite
2	4.118324757	-5.47E-01	-6.48E-02	6.64E-03	4.17E-03	-1.87E-04	-1.15E-04			
5	4.313015938	-5.28E-01	-4.52E-02	6.67E-03	2.23E-03	-1.85E-04	-6.31E-05			
10	4.408716679	-5.18E-01	-3.46E-02	6.80E-03	1.16E-03	-1.96E-04	-3.17E-05			
20	4.530264378	-5.09E-01	-2.56E-02	6.58E-03	3.05E-04	-1.71E-04	-1.25E-05			
50	4.669937611	-5.00E-01	-1.54E-02	6.80E-03	-7.24E-04	-1.91E-04	1.88E-05			
100	4.764779091	-4.93E-01	-8.64E-03	6.73E-03	-1.38E-03	-1.84E-04	3.52E-05			
700	4.704773037	4.33E 01	0.04L 00	0.732 00	7.002 00	1.042 04	3.02L 00			
Duration	1 Year	2 Years	5 Years	10 Years	20 Years	50 Years	100 Years	Duration		
(Hours)								(Mins)		
0.083	133	168	207	229	261	302	333	5.0		
0.100	125	158	195	216	246	285	314	6.0		
0.167	105.2	134	164	182	206	238	263	10.0		
0.333	81.9	103.4	126	138	156	180	198	20.0		
0.500	68.9	86.9	105.2	116	130	149	164	30.0		
1.000	48.7	61.5	74.7	82.2	92.8	106.7	117	60.0		
2.000	32.1	40.9	50.8	56.6	64.5	75.0	83.2	120.0		
3.000	24.6	31.6	40.0	4 5.1	51.9	60.9	68.0	180.0		
6.000	15.5	20.2	26.5	30.4	35.6	42.7	48.2	360.0		
12.000	9.96	13.12	17.7	20.7	24.5	29.8	34.0	720.0		
24.000	6.71	8.88	12.11	14.2	16.9	20.6	23.6	1440.0		
48.000	4.58	6.04	8.21	9.60	11.41	13.9	15.9	2880.0		
72.000	3.50	4.63	6.32	7.42	8.84	10.82	12.39	4320.0		
				In	tensity (mm/hr)				1	
Calcui	ated t c	4.17	0.1/		, , ,	00.14	50.17	4001/		
minutes	Hours	1 Year	2 Years	5 Years	10 Years	20 Years	50 Years	100 Years		
49.8	0.83	53.8	67.9	82.3	90.4	102.0	117.1	128.6	1	
10.0	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	1	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	†	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	1	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	+	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	1	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!		
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	1	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	+	
									+	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	1	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	1	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	1	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!		
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	4	
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!		
	0.00	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!		
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	0.00	#NUM!			#NUM!	#NUM!	#NUM!			



APPENDIX: F

HECRAS Model Cross Sections (Sketch 1633-SK02)





116.64 Cross Section

NOTES

Preliminary survey detail provided by C&B Group



Craiglie Service Station
Lanwal Pty Ltd.
Plan view of Cross Sections
For HEC RAS Model

1633-SK02

1:1000 A4 Full Size

Acad No. 1633SK02

A.52

7 September 2006



APPENDIX: G

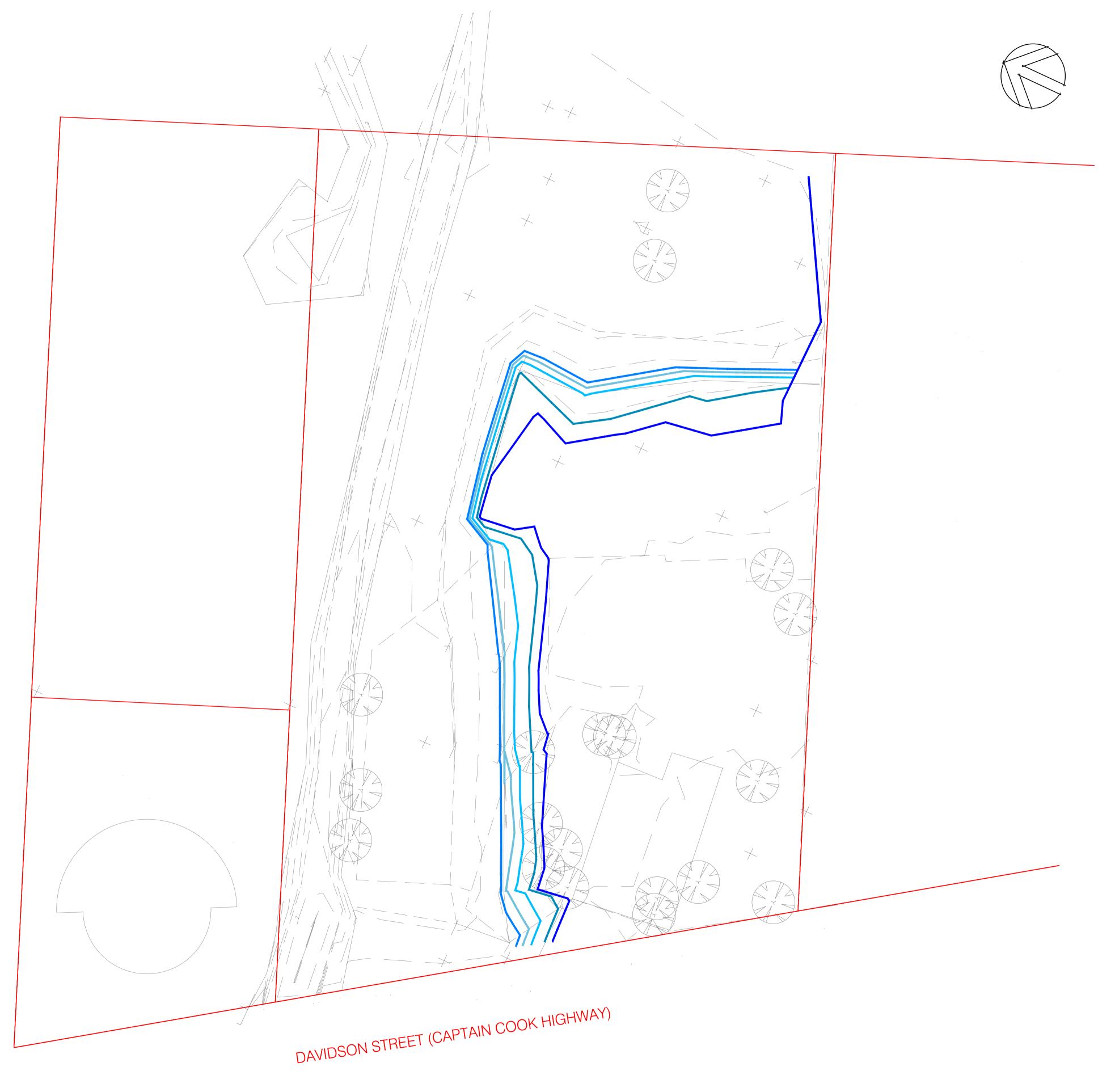
Development Site Stormwater Extents (Sketch 4380-SK03)

Q5 Flow Event Boundary
Q10 Flow Event Boundary
Q20 Flow Event Boundary
Q50 Flow Event Boundary

— Q100 Flow Event Boundary

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(07) 4031 3199 (08) 894

(08) 8943 0620 (07) 4944 1200 (07) www.flanaganconsulting.com.au

Proposed Craiglie Service Station 5946 Davidson Road, Port Douglas

HEC RAS MODEL (n=0.10) & DEVELOPMENT SITE WATER EXTENT

4380-SK03

1:250 A1 Full Size

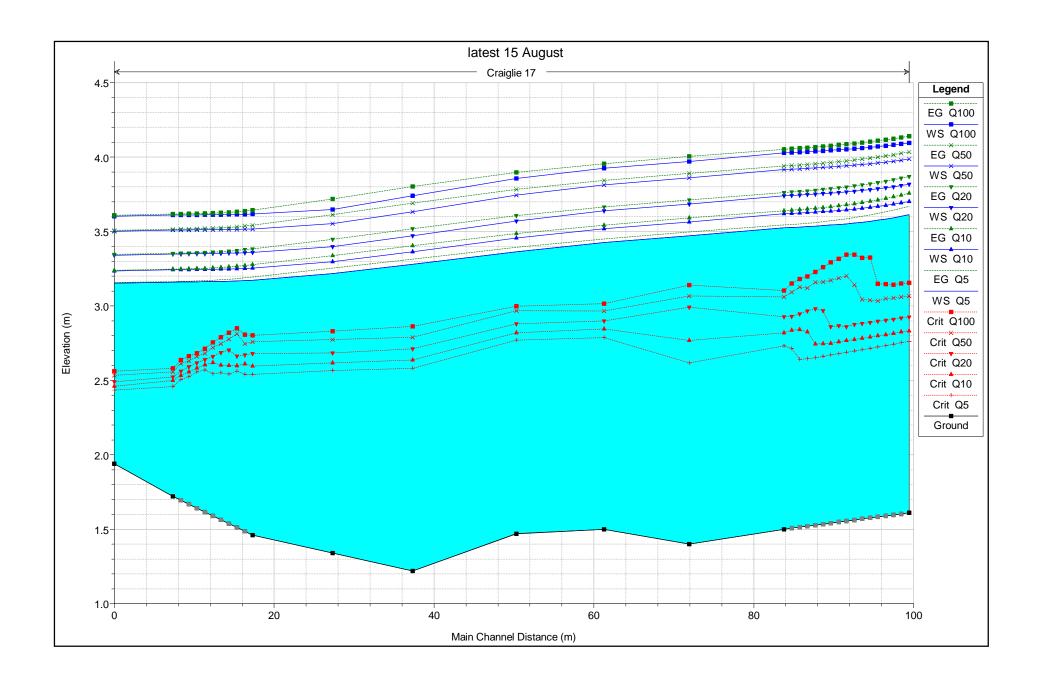
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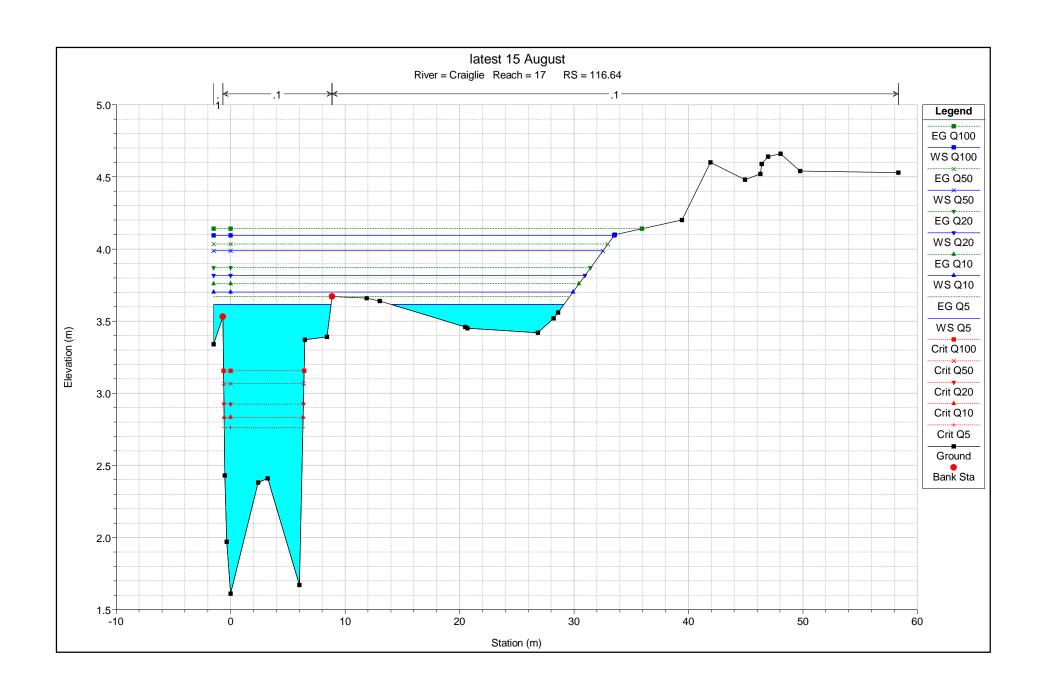
13 October 2015

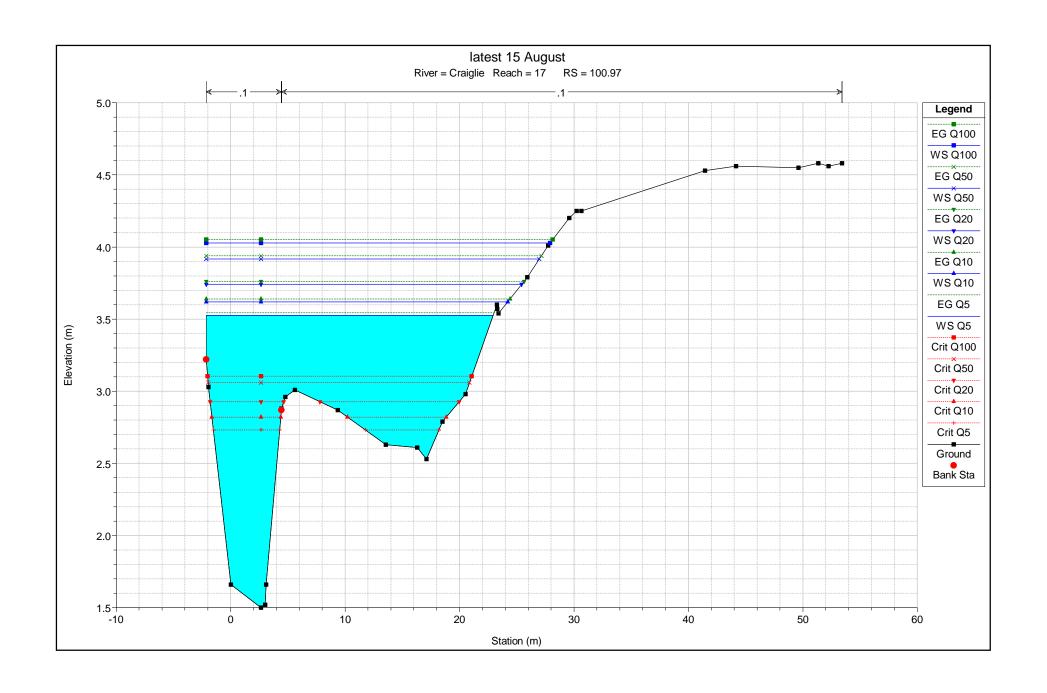


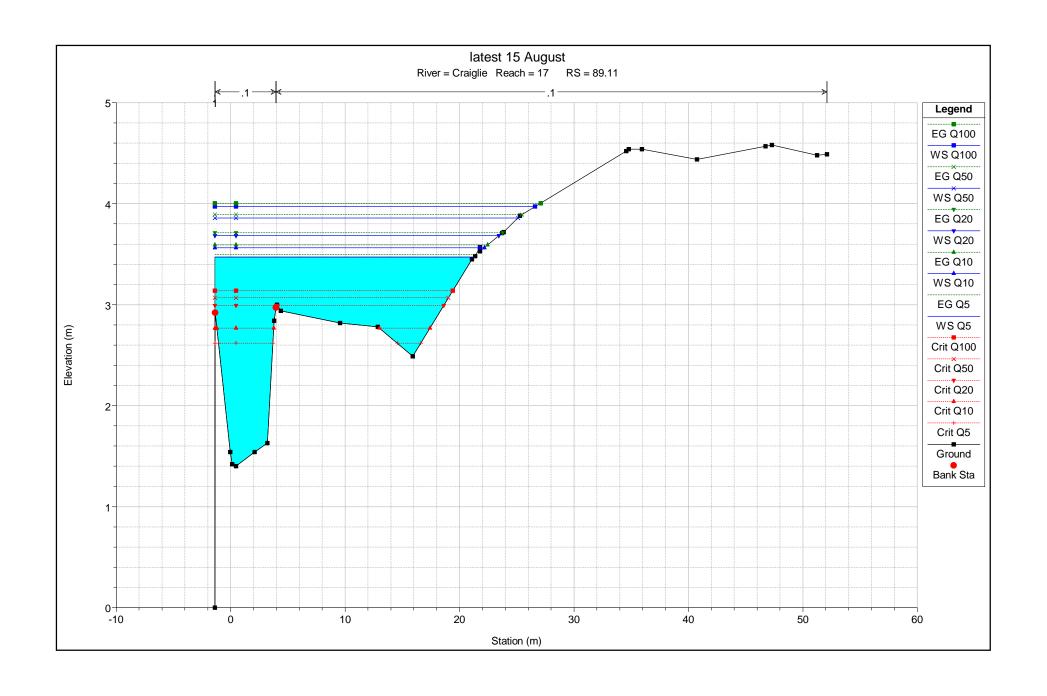
APPENDIX: H

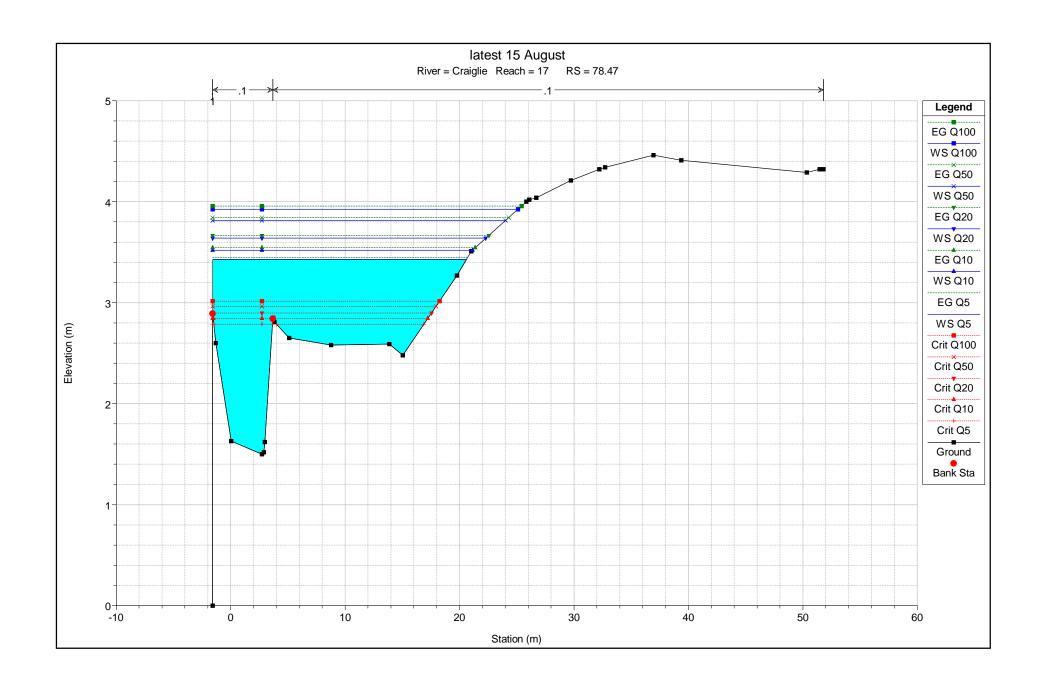
HECRAS Flow Profile (Long Section), Typical Cross Sections & Detailed Outputs

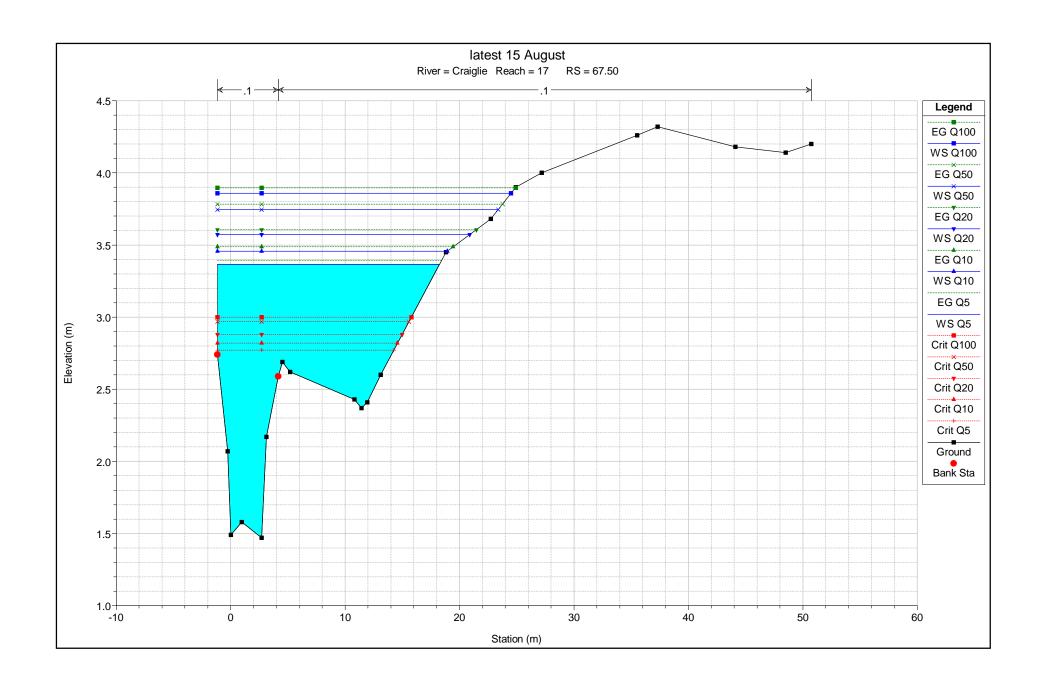


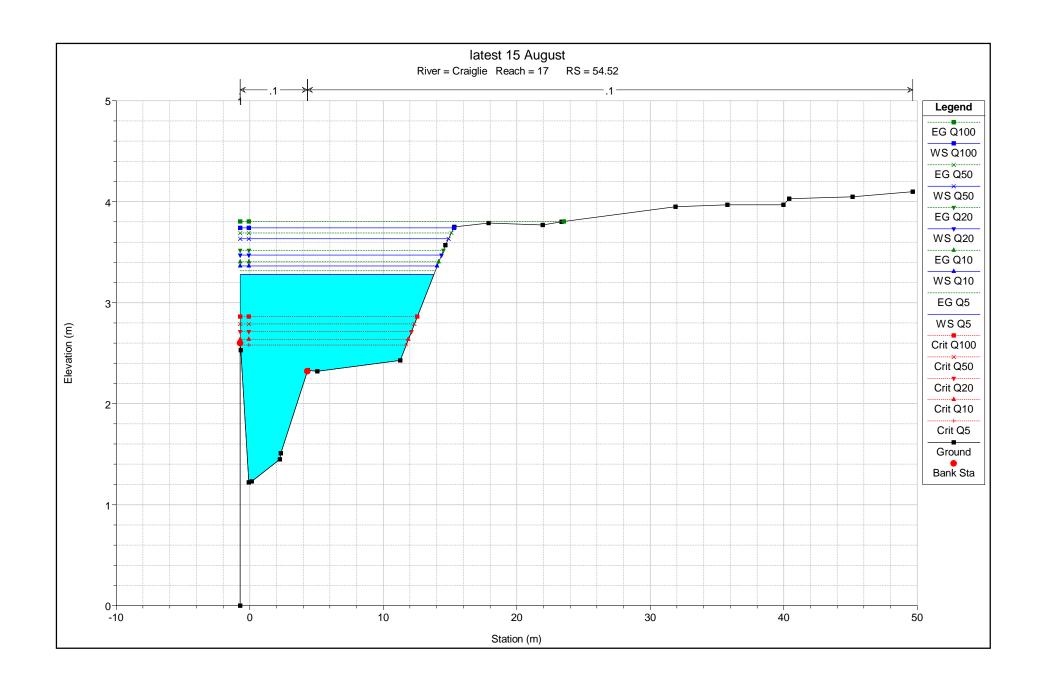


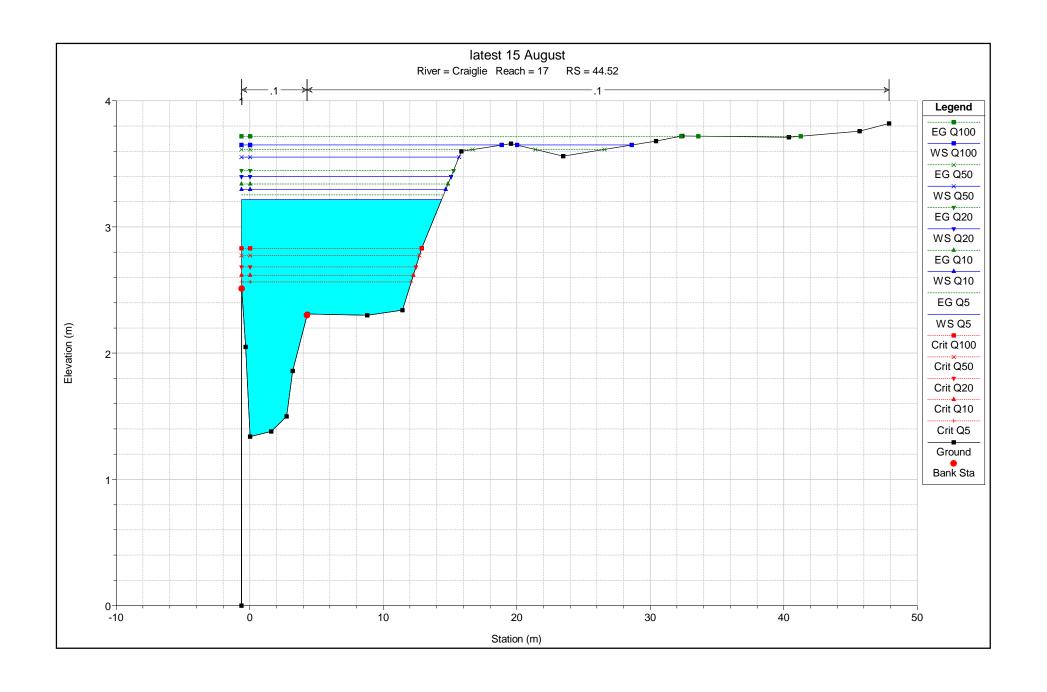


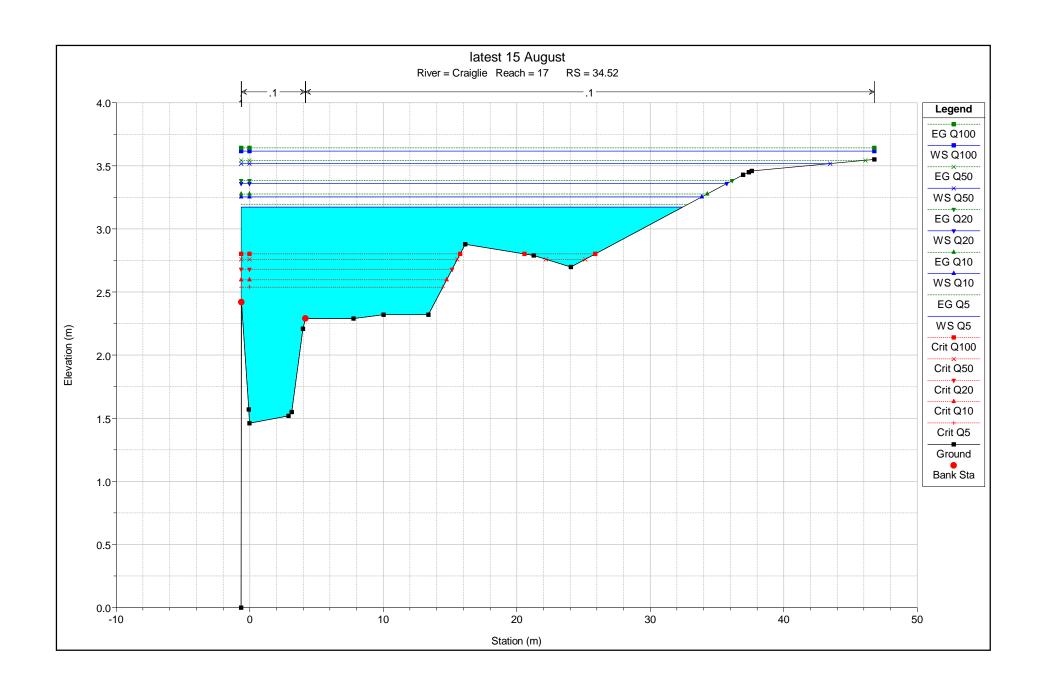


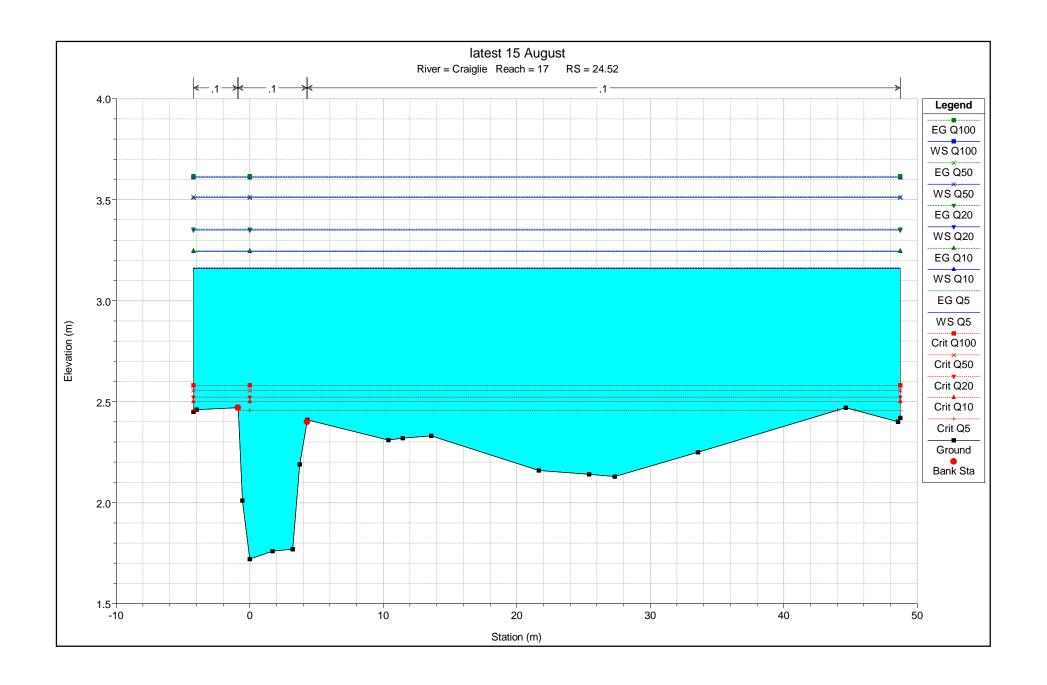


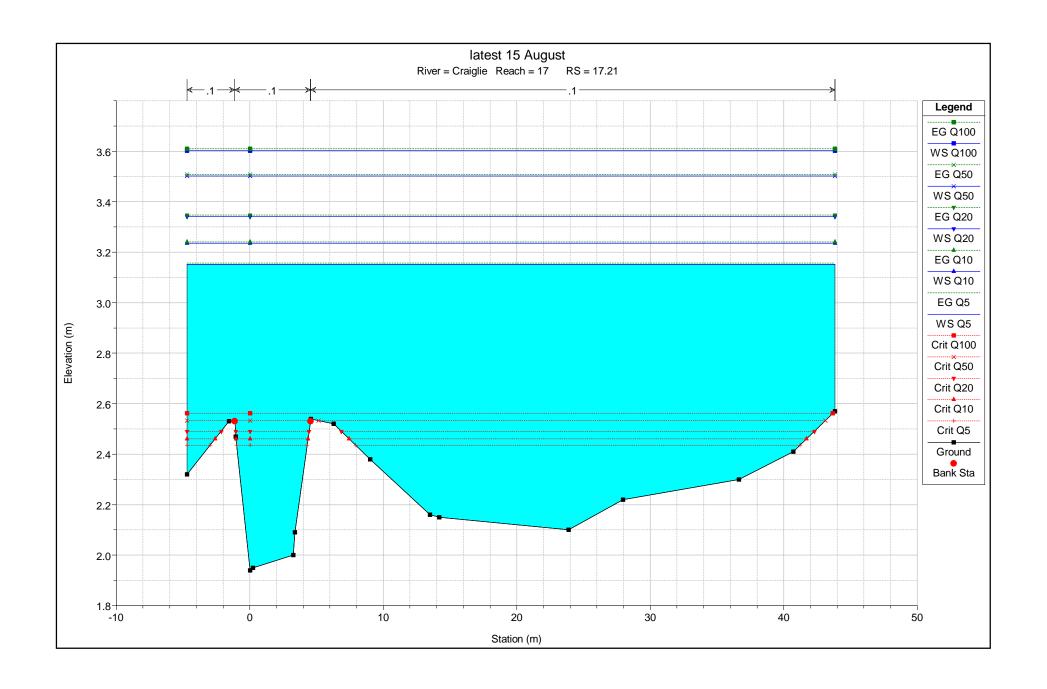












HEC-RAS Plan: Plan 01 Locations: User Defined

River	Reach	ocations: Use	Profile	Q Total	Min Ch El	W.C. Flan	C=+ W C	F.C. Fla	F.C. Cl	Vel Chnl	ГI А	Ta = 10/:-/44	Froude # Chl
River	Reacn	River Sta	Profile	(m3/s)	Min Ch El (m)	W.S. Elev (m)	Crit W.S.	E.G. Elev (m)	E.G. Slope (m/m)	(m/s)	Flow Area (m2)	Top Width (m)	Froude # Cni
Croiglio	17	116.64	Q5	12.49	1.61	3.61	2.76	3.67	0.012836	1.06	13.27	25.31	0.31
Craiglie Craiglie	17	116.64	Q10	14.45	1.61	3.70	2.76	3.76	0.012538	1.06	15.78	31.42	0.31
Craiglie	17	116.64	Q20	17.11	1.61	3.82	2.03	3.87	0.012538	1.09	19.45	32.47	0.31
Craiglie	17	116.64	Q50	21.46	1.61	3.82	3.07	4.04	0.009334	1.09	25.10	34.02	0.30
Craiglie	17	116.64	Q100	24.37	1.61	4.10	3.16	4.04	0.009334	1.07	28.82	35.01	0.26
Craigile	17	110.04	Q100	24.37	1.61	4.10	3.10	4.14	0.006370	1.07	20.02	35.01	0.20
Craiglie	17	100.97	Q5	12.49	1.50	3.53	2.73	3.54	0.003382	0.68	22.64	25.08	0.18
Craiglie	17	100.97	Q10	14.45	1.50	3.62	2.82	3.64	0.003382	0.00	25.05	26.36	0.18
Craiglie	17	100.97	Q20	17.11	1.50	3.74	2.93	3.76	0.003510	0.75	28.31	27.58	0.18
Craiglie	17	100.97	Q50	21.46	1.50	3.92	3.06	3.70	0.003510	0.79	33.31	29.12	0.18
Craiglie	17	100.97	Q100	24.37	1.50	4.03	3.10	4.05	0.003510	0.73	36.60	30.06	0.18
Orangiic	.,	100.57	Q100	24.07	1.00	4.00	3.10	4.00	0.000010	0.01	30.00	30.00	0.10
Craiglie	17	89.11	Q5	12.49	1.40	3.47	2.62	3.50	0.004680	0.82	19.52	22.66	0.20
Craiglie	17	89.11	Q10	14.45	1.40	3.56	2.77	3.59	0.004666	0.85	21.66	23.51	0.20
Craiglie	17	89.11	Q20	17.11	1.40	3.68	2.99	3.71	0.004740	0.89	24.55	24.81	0.21
Craiglie	17	89.11	Q50	21.46	1.40	3.86	3.07	3.89	0.004705	0.94	29.06	26.47	0.21
Craiglie	17	89.11	Q100	24.37	1.40	3.97	3.14	4.00	0.004695	0.98	32.08	27.97	0.21
Orangii O			4.00	2		0.07	0.11	1.00	0.001.000	0.00	02.00	27.07	0.21
Craiglie	17	78.47	Q5	12.49	1.50	3.43	2.79	3.45	0.004221	0.77	20.26	22.18	0.20
Craiglie	17	78.47	Q10	14.45	1.50	3.52	2.85	3.54	0.004259	0.80	22.34	22.72	0.20
Craiglie	17	78.47	Q20	17.11	1.50	3.64	2.90	3.66	0.004334	0.84	25.10	23.88	0.20
Craiglie	17	78.47	Q50	21.46	1.50	3.81	2.97	3.84	0.004409	0.91	29.43	25.59	0.21
Craiglie	17	78.47	Q100	24.37	1.50	3.92	3.02	3.96	0.004395	0.94	32.33	26.68	0.21
Craiglie	17	67.50	Q5	12.49	1.47	3.37	2.77	3.39	0.006206	0.85	17.43	19.40	0.22
Craiglie	17	67.50	Q10	14.45	1.47	3.46	2.82	3.49	0.006349	0.89	19.22	20.07	0.23
Craiglie	17	67.50	Q20	17.11	1.47	3.57	2.88	3.61	0.006716	0.95	21.65	22.04	0.23
Craiglie	17	67.50	Q50	21.46	1.47	3.75	2.97	3.78	0.006881	1.01	25.72	24.54	0.24
Craiglie	17	67.50	Q100	24.37	1.47	3.86	3.00	3.90	0.006726	1.03	28.54	25.66	0.23
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Craiglie	17	54.52	Q5	12.49	1.22	3.28	2.58	3.32	0.005870	0.94	15.67	14.51	0.23
Craiglie	17	54.52	Q10	14.45	1.22	3.36	2.64	3.41	0.006285	1.00	16.90	14.76	0.24
Craiglie	17	54.52	Q20	17.11	1.22	3.47	2.71	3.52	0.006764	1.08	18.50	15.08	0.26
Craiglie	17	54.52	Q50	21.46	1.22	3.63	2.79	3.69	0.007373	1.20	20.97	15.61	0.27
Craiglie	17	54.52	Q100	24.37	1.22	3.74	2.86	3.80	0.007604	1.26	22.67	16.01	0.28
Craiglie	17	44.52	Q5	12.49	1.34	3.22	2.57	3.25	0.006385	0.96	15.40	14.99	0.25
Craiglie	17	44.52	Q10	14.45	1.34	3.30	2.62	3.34	0.006863	1.03	16.61	15.30	0.26
Craiglie	17	44.52	Q20	17.11	1.34	3.40	2.68	3.45	0.007403	1.12	18.18	15.70	0.27
Craiglie	17	44.52	Q50	21.46	1.34	3.55	2.77	3.61	0.008033	1.23	20.67	16.30	0.28
Craiglie	17	44.52	Q100	24.37	1.34	3.65	2.83	3.72	0.009437	1.38	22.68	28.09	0.31
Craiglie	17	34.52	Q5	12.49	1.46	3.17	2.54	3.20	0.004804	0.83	21.83	33.07	0.21
Craiglie	17	34.52	Q10	14.45	1.46	3.25	2.60	3.28	0.004689	0.85	24.60	34.52	0.21
Craiglie	17	34.52	Q20	17.11	1.46	3.36	2.68	3.38	0.004518	0.87	28.33	36.37	0.21
Craiglie	17	34.52	Q50	21.46	1.46	3.52	2.76	3.54	0.004704	0.94	34.42	44.11	0.22
Craiglie	17	34.52	Q100	24.37	1.46	3.62	2.80	3.64	0.004427	0.95	39.12	47.44	0.22
0	47	04.56	05			*			0.00001				
Craiglie	17	24.52	Q5	12.49	1.72	3.16	2.46	3.16	0.000815	0.32	47.58	52.97	0.09
Craiglie	17	24.52	Q10	14.45	1.72	3.24	2.50	3.25	0.000818	0.33	51.98	52.97	0.09
Craiglie	17	24.52	Q20	17.11	1.72	3.35	2.52	3.35	0.000821	0.35	57.60	52.97	0.09
Craiglie	17	24.52	Q50	21.46	1.72	3.51	2.56	3.52	0.000824	0.37	66.09	52.97	0.09
Craiglie	17	24.52	Q100	24.37	1.72	3.61	2.58	3.62	0.000824	0.39	71.44	52.97	0.09
0	47	17.04	05	40.15		0:-		0.10	0.00465	0.00	40.55	40 - :	
Craiglie	17	17.21	Q5	12.49	1.94	3.15	2.44	3.16	0.001001	0.32	43.28	48.54	0.10
Craiglie	17	17.21	Q10	14.45	1.94	3.24	2.46	3.24	0.001001	0.34	47.31	48.54	0.10
Craiglie	17	17.21	Q20	17.11	1.94	3.34	2.49	3.35	0.001001	0.36	52.45	48.54	0.10
Craiglie	17	17.21	Q50	21.46	1.94	3.50	2.53	3.51	0.001002	0.39	60.22	48.54	0.10
Craiglie	17	17.21	Q100	24.37	1.94	3.60	2.56	3.61	0.001001	0.40	65.12	48.54	0.10