

PO Box 181 Edge Hill QLD 4870
 07 4041 0445
 info@planztp.com

97 Anderson Street Manunda QLD 4870planztp.com83 128 085 870

23 October 2019

Chief Executive Officer Douglas Shire Council PO Box 723 Mossman Qld 4873 Our ref: P61947

via email: enquiries@douglas.qld.gov.au

Attention: Jenny Elphinstone

Dear Jenny

Development Application Reconfiguring a Lot (Boundary Realignment & Access Easement) 20 Warner Street & 23-25 Macrossan Street, Port Douglas

I am pleased to submit this application for a Reconfiguring a Lot – Boundary Realignment and Access Easement over land located at 20 Warner Street and 23-25 Macrossan Street, Port Douglas, described as Lot 1 RP718896 and part of Lot 1 SP267838. The relevant information for the application is:

Applicant: Scali Nominees Pty Ltd and Second York Pty Ltd

c/- Planz Town Planning

Mailing address: PO Box 181

Edge Hill Qld 4870

Landowner: Scali Nominees Pty Ltd and Second York Pty Ltd

Application fee: \$988.00

Please call me and I will arrange for payment. If you require any further information, please call me.

Yours sincerely

Susie Lord

Planz Town Planning

Att:

- 1. DA Form 1
- 2. Planning Report with Appendices
- 3. Landowner's consent





DA Form 1 – Development application details

Approved form (version 1.1 effective 22 JUNE 2018) made under section 282 of the Planning Act 2016.

This form **must** be used to make a development application **involving code assessment or impact assessment**, except when applying for development involving building work.

For a development application involving building work only, use DA Form 2 - Building work details.

For a development application involving **building work associated with any other type of assessable development** (i.e. material change of use, operational work or reconfiguring a lot), use this form (*DA Form 1*) and parts 4 to 6 of *DA Form 2 – Building work details*.

Unless stated otherwise, all parts of this form **must** be completed in full and all required supporting information **must** accompany the development application.

One or more additional pages may be attached as a schedule to this development application if there is insufficient space on the form to include all the necessary information.

This form and any other form relevant to the development application must be used to make a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land under the *Transport Infrastructure Act 1994*, and airport land under the *Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008*. For the purpose of assessing a development application relating to strategic port land and Brisbane core port land, any reference to a planning scheme is taken to mean a land use plan for the strategic port land, Brisbane port land use plan for Brisbane core port land, or a land use plan for airport land.

Note: All terms used in this form have the meaning given under the Planning Act 2016, the Planning Regulation 2017, or the Development Assessment Rules (DA Rules).

PART 1 – APPLICANT DETAILS

1) Applicant details	
Applicant name(s) (individual or company full name)	Scali Nominees Pty Ltd & Second York Pty Ltd
Contact name (only applicable for companies)	C/- Planz Town Planning
Postal address (P.O. Box or street address)	PO Box 181
Suburb	Edge Hill
State	Qld
Postcode	4870
Country	Australia
Contact number	07 40410445
Email address (non-mandatory)	info@planztp.com
Mobile number (non-mandatory)	0447 323 384
Fax number (non-mandatory)	
Applicant's reference number(s) (if applicable)	P61947

2) Owner's consent
2.1) Is written consent of the owner required for this development application?
Yes – the written consent of the owner(s) is attached to this development application
⊠ No – proceed to 3)



PART 2 - LOCATION DETAILS

Note: P		elow and a				3) as applicable) premises part of the developmen	t application. For further information, see <u>DA</u>			
3.1) St	reet addres	s and lot	on plar	n						
⊠ Stre	eet address	AND lot	on plar	n (a <i>ll l</i> d	ots must be liste	ed), or				
							premises (appropriate for development in			
water bt	Unit No.	Street I			etty, pontoon; all lots must be listed). reet Name and Type Suburb					
	Office 140.	20			er Street	1,700	Port Douglas			
a)	Postcode	Lot No.				ımber (e.g. RP, SP)	Local Government Area(s)			
	4877	Lot 1		RP71	• •		Douglas Shire Council			
	107.1	В		SP20			Douglas Shire Council			
		С		SP20			Douglas Shire Council			
	Unit No.	Street I			t Name and	Type	Suburb			
		23-25			ossan Street		Port Douglas			
b)	Postcode	Lot No.				ımber (e.g. RP, SP)	Local Government Area(s)			
	4877	Lot 1		SP26	• •		Douglas Shire Council			
3.2) Co	oordinates o	of premis	es (appr	ropriate	for developme	nt in remote areas, over part of a	a lot or in water not adjoining or adjacent to land			
e.g. cha	nnel dredging i	n Moreton	Bay)							
					e and latitud	set of coordinates is required fo	r tnis part.			
Longitu		premise	-		e and latitud	Datum	Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)			
Longit	uue(3)		Latitu	.atitude(s) Datum Local Government Area(s) (if applied) WGS84		Local Government Area(3) (II applicable)				
						☐ GDA94				
						Other:				
☐ Cod	ordinates of	premise	s by ea	sting	and northing)				
Easting	g(s)	North	ning(s)		Zone Ref.	Datum	Local Government Area(s) (if applicable)			
					<u>54</u>	☐ WGS84				
					<u></u> 55	☐ GDA94				
					□ 56	☐ Other:				
	dditional pre									
	ditional premule to this ap			nt to t	his developn	nent application and their	details have been attached in a			
	required	plication	1							
_										
4) Ider	ntify any of th	ne follow	ring tha	t appl	y to the pren	nises and provide any rele	vant details			
						in or above an aquifer				
Name	of water boo	dy, water	rcourse	or ac	juifer:	·				
On	strategic po	rt land u	nder th	e Tra	nsport Infras	structure Act 1994				
	plan descrip				·					
Name of port authority for the lot:										
	tidal area	,								
Name	of local gove	ernment	for the	tidal a	area (if applica	able):				
	of port author									

On airport land under the Airport Assets (Restructuring and Disposal) Act 2008	
Name of airport:	
Listed on the Environmental Management Register (EMR) under the Environmental Protection Act 1994	
EMR site identification:	
Listed on the Contaminated Land Register (CLR) under the Environmental Protection Act 1994	
CLR site identification:	
CEN site identification.	
5) Are there any existing easements over the premises?	
Note: Easement uses vary throughout Queensland and are to be identified correctly and accurately. For further information on easements and how they may affect the proposed development, see <u>DA Forms Guide</u> .	
∑ Yes – All easement locations, types and dimensions are included in plans submitted with this development	
application	
∐ No	
PART 3 – DEVELOPMENT DETAILS	
PART 3 - DEVELOPMENT DETAILS	
Section 1 – Aspects of development	
6.1) Provide details about the first development aspect	
a) What is the type of development? (tick only one box)	
☐ Material change of use ☐ Reconfiguring a lot ☐ Operational work ☐ Building work	
b) What is the approval type? (tick only one box)	
☑ Development permit ☐ Preliminary approval ☐ Preliminary approval that includes	
a variation approval	
c) What is the level of assessment?	
☐ Code assessment ☐ Impact assessment (requires public notification)	
d) Provide a brief description of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit apartment building defined as multi-unit dwelling, reconfiguration of 1 lot int lots):	o 3
Reconfiguring a lot – boundary realignment and creation of access easement	
e) Relevant plans	
Note : Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms guide</u> : Relevant plans.	
Relevant plans of the proposed development are attached to the development application	
6.2) Provide details about the second development aspect	
a) What is the type of development? (tick only one box)	
b) What is the approval type? (tick only one box)	
Development permit Preliminary approval Preliminary approval that includes a variation approval	
c) What is the level of assessment?	
☐ Code assessment ☐ Impact assessment (requires public notification)	
d) Provide a brief description of the proposal (e.g. 6 unit apartment building defined as multi-unit dwelling, reconfiguration of 1 lot int lots):	o 3
e) Relevant plans	
Note : Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see <u>DA Forms Guide</u> .	<u>:</u>
Relevant plans.	

Relevant plans of the propose	ed develo	opment are	attached to the de	evelopment a	application	on	
6.3) Additional aspects of develo	ppment						
Additional aspects of develop		e relevant to	o this development	t application	and the	details for the	se aspects
that would be required under Pa							
Section 2 – Further developm	nent det	tails					
7) Does the proposed developm	ent appli	cation invol	lve any of the follow	wing?			
Material change of use	Yes –	complete	division 1 if assess	able agains	t a local _l	planning instru	ument
Reconfiguring a lot	⊠ Yes –	complete	division 2				
Operational work	Yes –	complete	division 3				
Building work	Yes –	complete	DA Form 2 – Build	ing work det	ails		
Division 1 – Material change of		one part of the	a development applicati	ion involves a m	antorial obs	ange of use seems	anabla against a
Note : This division is only required to be co local planning instrument.	тріецей ії г	any pan oi ine	е аечеторттепт аррпсат	on involves a n	iateriai cria	ange or use asses	ssable agairist a
8.1) Describe the proposed mate	erial chan	nge of use					
Provide a general description of proposed use	the		ne planning scheme ch definition in a new ro			er of dwelling applicable)	Gross floor area (m²) (if applicable)
8.2) Does the proposed use invo	olve the u	se of existi	ing buildings on the	e premises?			
Yes							
□ No							
Division 2 – Reconfiguring a lot Note : This division is only required to be co		any part of the	e develonment annlicati	on involves rec	onfiguring	a lot	
9.1) What is the total number of				on involved rec	omigamig	a lot.	
2							
9.2) What is the nature of the lot	reconfig	uration? (tid	ck all applicable boxes)				
Subdivision (complete 10))			Dividing land	into parts by	agreem	ent (complete 1	1))
Boundary realignment (comple	ete 12))		☐ Creating or changing an easement giving access to a lot				
			from a construction road (complete 13))				
10) Subdivision10.1) For this development, how	many lot	ts are bein	g created and wha	t is the inten	ded use	of those lots:	
Intended use of lots created	Resider		Commercial	Industrial		Other, please	snecify:
interrace acc or lots created	i toolao.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Commercial	maaama	1	Outor, product	, op 66y.
Number of lots created							
10.2) Will the subdivision be stag	ned?						
Yes – provide additional deta							
No	iii3 DelUW						
How many stages will the works	include?						
What stage(s) will this developm							
apply to?	71						

11) Dividing land in parts?	to parts by aç	greement – hov	w many parts are	being crea	ated and what	is the ir	ntended use of the	
Intended use of par	ts created	Residential	Commercia	al Ind	Industrial		Other, please specify:	
Number of parts cre	eated							
12) Boundary realig	nmont							
12.1) What are the		roposed areas	s for each lot com	orising the	premises?			
,	Curre	nt lot			Pr	oposed	lot	
Lot on plan descrip	tion	Area (m²)		Lot on pl	on plan description		Area (m²)	
Lot 1 RP718896		610m²		1		853m²		
Lot 1 SP267838		1,266m²		Lot 2			1,023m²	
12.2) What is the re	eason for the	boundary reali	gnment?					
To include carparki	ng area on Lo	ot 1 SP267838	within Lot 1RP71	8896 for d	levelopment p	urpose	S	
12) What are the di	monoione on	d natura of any	, ovieting cocomo	nto boing o	shanged and/	or only n	reneed ecoment?	
(attach schedule if there	are more than t	wo easements)	existing easeme	nis being t	changed and/	or arry p	proposed easement?	
Existing or proposed?	Width (m)	Length (m)	ength (m) Purpose of the eas pedestrian access)		asement? (e.g.		Identify the land/lot(s) benefitted by the easement	
Proposed	2.95m	10.457m	Reciprocal vehic	cular acces	r access		Lot 1 SP267838	
Division 3 – Operati Note: This division is only n 14.1) What is the na	equired to be co			application in	volves operationa	al work.		
Road work			Stormwater		Water inf	rastruct	ure	
Drainage work			Earthworks	Sewage ii		nfrastru	cture	
Landscaping] Signage		Clearing vegetation		ion	
Other – please s	specify:							
14.2) Is the operation	anal work noo	coccary to facil	itate the creation	of now lote	2 (a.a. aubdivia	ion		
Yes – specify nu			itate the creation	or new lots	s: (e.g. subdivisi	OH)		
□ No		1010.						
14.3) What is the m	nonetary value	e of the propos	sed operational wo	ork? (include	e GST. materials	and labo	ur)	
\$,		,	,	,			
PART 4 – ASSI	ESSMEN ⁻	T MANAGI	ER DETAILS					
15) Identify the ass	essment mar	ager(s) who w	rill be assessing th	nis develop	oment applica	tion		
Douglas Shire Cou								
16) Has the local go						evelopm	ent application?	
Yes – a copy of			•			ot role	avant dagumanta	
attached	iii is iakeii io	nave agreed t	o the superseded	platitilitig	scrieme reque	:st – 1616	evant documents	
⊠ No								

PART 5 – REFERRAL DETAILS

17) Do any aspects of the proposed development require referral for any referral requirements? Note: A development application will require referral if prescribed by the Planning Regulation 2017.
No, there are no referral requirements relevant to any development aspects identified in this development application − proceed to Part 6
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Executive of the Planning Regulation 2017:
☐ Clearing native vegetation
Contaminated land (unexploded ordnance)
Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA have not been devolved to a local government)
Fisheries – aquaculture
Fisheries – declared fish habitat area
Fisheries – marine plants
Fisheries – waterway barrier works Hazardous chemical facilities
☐ Queensland heritage place (on or near a Queensland heritage place)
Infrastructure – designated premises
☐ Infrastructure — state transport infrastructure
☐ Infrastructure – state transport corridors and future state transport corridors
☐ Infrastructure – state-controlled transport tunnels and future state-controlled transport tunnels
☐ Infrastructure – near a state-controlled road intersection
On Brisbane core port land near a State transport corridor or future State transport corridor
On Brisbane core port land – ERA
On Brisbane core port land – tidal works or work in a coastal management district
On Brisbane core port land – hazardous chemical facility
On Brisbane core port land – taking or interfering with water
On Brisbane core port land – referable dams
☐ On Brisbane core port land - fisheries ☐ Land within Port of Brisbane's port limits
SEQ development area
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – tourist activity or sport and
recreation activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – community activity
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – indoor recreation
☐ SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – urban activity
SEQ regional landscape and rural production area or SEQ rural living area – combined use
Tidal works or works in a coastal management district
Reconfiguring a lot in a coastal management district or for a canal
Erosion prone area in a coastal management district
Urban design
 Water-related development – taking or interfering with water Water-related development – removing quarry material (from a watercourse or lake)
Water-related development – referable dams
Water-related development – construction of new levees or modification of existing levees (category 3 levees only)
Wetland protection area
Matters requiring referral to the local government:
☐ Airport land
Environmentally relevant activities (ERA) (only if the ERA have been devolved to local government)
Local heritage places

Matters requiring referral to the chief exec Blectricity infrastructure	utive of the distribution entity or trans	smission entity:
 Matters requiring referral to: The Chief executive of the holder of The holder of the licence, if the holder Oil and gas infrastructure 	·	
Matters requiring referral to the Brisbane Brisbane core port land	City Council:	
Matters requiring referral to the Minister u Brisbane core port land (inconsistent wi Strategic port land	nder the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act</i> ith Brisbane port LUP for transport reason	
Matters requiring referral to the relevant p Land within Port of Brisbane's port limit		
Matters requiring referral to the Chief Execution Land within limits of another port (below		
Matters requiring referral to the Gold Coas Tidal works, or work in a coastal manage		
Matters requiring referral to the Queenslar Tidal works marina (more than six vess		
18) Has any referral agency provided a ref Yes – referral response(s) received and No	erral response for this development appli	
Referral requirement	Referral agency	Date of referral response
Identify and describe any changes made to referral response and the development application (if applicable).		
PART 6 – INFORMATION REQ	UEST	
19) Information request under Part 3 of the		pment application

F

PART 7 - FURTHER DETAILS

20) Are there any associated de	volonment applications or currer	at approvale? (a.g. a proliminari a	nnro((a))		
∑ Yes – provide details below of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
No	il illolude detalls ill a solleddie to	illis development application			
List of approval/development application references	Reference number	Date	Assessment manager		
☐ Approval ☐ Development application		23/10/2019 (lodgement date)	Douglas Shire Council		
☐ Approval ☐ Development application					
21) Has the portable long service operational work)	e leave levy been paid? (only appl	licable to development applications in	volving building work or		
	QLeave form is attached to this	development application			
☐ No – I, the applicant will prov			n paid before the		
assessment manager decides th	ne development application. I ac	knowledge that the assessme	nt manager may give		
a development approval only if I	•	,	s been paid		
Not applicable (e.g. building a					
·	Date paid (dd/mm/yy)	QLeave levy number			
\$					
22) Is this development application notice?☐ Yes – show cause or enforce☒ No		notice or required as a result	of an enforcement		
Z No					
23) Further legislative requireme	ents				
Environmentally relevant activ					
23.1) Is this development applica		tion for an environmental auth	ority for an		
Environmentally Relevant Acti	vity (ERA) under section 115 of	the Environmental Protection	Act 1994?		
Yes – the required attachmen			al authority		
accompanies this development a	application, and details are provi	ded in the table below			
No Note: Application for an environmental a			w.qld.gov.au. An ERA		
	perate. See <u>www.business.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.				
Proposed ERA number:		Proposed ERA threshold:			
Proposed ERA name:					
Multiple ERAs are applic schedule to this develop	cable to this development application. ment application.	ation and the details have bee	n attached in a		
Hazardous chemical facilities					
23.2) Is this development applica	ation for a hazardous chemical	facility?			
Yes – Form 69: Notification of	f a facility exceeding 10% of sch	nedule 15 threshold is attached	d to this development		
application ⊠ No					
Note: See www.business.qld.gov.au for	further information about hazardous che	emical notifications.			
Clearing native vegetation					

23.3) Does this development application involve clearing native vegetation that requires written confirmation that the chief executive of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> is satisfied the clearing is for a relevant purpose under section 22A of the <i>Vegetation Management Act 1999</i> ?
 Yes – this development application includes written confirmation from the chief executive of the Vegetation Management Act 1999 (s22A determination) No
Note: 1. Where a development application for operational work or material change of use requires a s22A determination and this is not included,
the development application is prohibited development. 2. See https://www.gld.gov.au/environment/land/vegetation/applying for further information on how to obtain a s22A determination.
Environmental offsets
23.4) Is this development application taken to be a prescribed activity that may have a significant residual impact on a prescribed environmental matter under the <i>Environmental Offsets Act 2014?</i>
Yes – I acknowledge that an environmental offset must be provided for any prescribed activity assessed as having a significant residual impact on a prescribed environmental matter
No Note: The environmental offset section of the Queensland Government's website can be accessed at www.qld.gov.au for further information on environmental offsets.
Koala conservation
23.5) Does this development application involve a material change of use, reconfiguring a lot or operational work within an assessable development area under Schedule 10, Part 10 of the Planning Regulation 2017?
Yes
No
Note : See guidance materials at <u>www.des.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.
Water resources
23.6) Does this development application involve taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore, taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring, or taking overland flow water under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> ?
Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application and I acknowledge that a relevant authorisation or licence under the <i>Water Act 2000</i> may be required prior to commencing development
No Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at www.dnrme.gld.gov.au for further information.
DA templates are available from https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/ . If the development application involves:
Taking or interfering with underground water through an artesian or subartesian bore: complete DA Form 1 Template 1
Taking or interfering with water in a watercourse, lake or spring: complete DA Form1 Template 2
Taking overland flow water: complete DA Form 1 Template 3.
Waterway barrier works 23.7) Does this application involve waterway barrier works?
☐ Yes – the relevant template is completed and attached to this development application☒ No
DA templates are available from https://planning.dsdmip.qld.gov.au/ . For a development application involving waterway barrier works, complete DA Form 1 Template 4.
Marine activities
23.8) Does this development application involve aquaculture, works within a declared fish habitat area or removal, disturbance or destruction of marine plants?
Yes – an associated <i>resource</i> allocation authority is attached to this development application, if required under the <i>Fisheries Act 1994</i>
No No
Note: See guidance materials at www.daf.qld.gov.au for further information.
Quarry materials from a watercourse or lake

23.9) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from a watercourse or lake under the Water Act 2000?

☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing development ☐ No
Note: Contact the Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy at www.business.qld.gov.au for further information.
Quarry materials from land under tidal waters
23.10) Does this development application involve the removal of quarry materials from land under tidal water under the <i>Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995?</i>
☐ Yes – I acknowledge that a quarry material allocation notice must be obtained prior to commencing development ☐ No
Note: Contact the Department of Environment and Science at www.des.qld.gov.au for further information.
Referable dams
23.11) Does this development application involve a referable dam required to be failure impact assessed under section 343 of the <i>Water Supply (Safety and Reliability) Act 2008</i> (the Water Supply Act)?
☐ Yes – the 'Notice Accepting a Failure Impact Assessment' from the chief executive administering the Water Supply Act is attached to this development application
No Note: See guidance materials at www.dnrme.qld.gov.au for further information.
Tidal work or development within a coastal management district
23.12) Does this development application involve tidal work or development in a coastal management district?
☐ Yes – the following is included with this development application:
 Evidence the proposal meets the code for assessable development that is prescribed tidal work (only required if application involves prescribed tidal work) A certificate of title
⊠ No
Note : See guidance materials at <u>www.des.qld.gov.au</u> for further information.
Queensland and local heritage places
23.13) Does this development application propose development on or adjoining a place entered in the Queensland heritage register or on a place entered in a local government's Local Heritage Register ?
Yes – details of the heritage place are provided in the table below
No Note: See guidance materials at www.des.gld.gov.au for information requirements regarding development of Queensland heritage places.
Name of the heritage place: Place ID:
Brothels 23.14) Does this development application involve a material change of use for a brothel?
☐ Yes – this development application demonstrates how the proposal meets the code for a development
application for a brothel under Schedule 3 of the <i>Prostitution Regulation 2014</i>
No Decision under section 62 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>
23.15) Does this development application involve new or changed access to a state-controlled road?
Yes - this application will be taken to be an application for a decision under section 62 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> (subject to the conditions in section 75 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> being satisfied)
No No

PART 8 - CHECKLIST AND APPLICANT DECLARATION

24) Development application checklist			
I have identified the assessment manager in question 15 and all relevant referral requirement(s) in question 17 Note: See the Planning Regulation 2017 for referral requirements	⊠ Yes		
If building work is associated with the proposed development, Parts 4 to 6 of <i>DA Form 2 – Building work details</i> have been completed and attached to this development application	☐ Yes☒ Not applicable		
Supporting information addressing any applicable assessment benchmarks is with development application Note: This is a mandatory requirement and includes any relevant templates under question 23, a planning report and any technical reports required by the relevant categorising instruments (e.g. local government planning schemes, State Planning Policy, State Development Assessment Provisions). For further information, see DA Forms Guide: Planning Report Template.	⊠ Yes		
Relevant plans of the development are attached to this development application Note : Relevant plans are required to be submitted for all aspects of this development application. For further information, see DA Forms Guide: Relevant plans .	⊠ Yes		
The portable long service leave levy for QLeave has been paid, or will be paid before a development permit is issued (see 21))	☐ Yes ☒ Not applicable		
25) Applicant declaration ☑ By making this development application, I declare that all information in this development correct ☑ Where an amplifications is provided in Part 1 of this form. I consent to receive future also			
Where an email address is provided in Part 1 of this form, I consent to receive future electronic communications from the assessment manager and any referral agency for the development application where written information is required or permitted pursuant to sections 11 and 12 of the <i>Electronic Transactions Act 2001</i> **Note: It is unlawful to intentionally provide false or misleading information.			
Privacy – Personal information collected in this form will be used by the assessment manager and/or chosen assessment manager, any relevant referral agency and/or building certifier (including any professional advisers which may be engaged by those entities) while processing, assessing and deciding the development application. All information relating to this development application may be available for inspection and purchase, and/or published on the assessment manager's and/or referral agency's website.			
Personal information will not be disclosed for a purpose unrelated to the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> , and the DA Rules except where: • such disclosure is in accordance with the provisions about public access to documents	G G		
Act 2016 and the Planning Regulation 2017, and the access rules made under the Plann Regulation 2017; or	Act 2016 and the Planning Regulation 2017, and the access rules made under the Planning Act 2016 and Planning		
 required by other legislation (including the <i>Right to Information Act 2009</i>); or otherwise required by law. 			
This information may be stored in relevant databases. The information collected will be retained as required by the <i>Public Records Act 2002.</i>			
PART 9 – FOR OFFICE USE ONLY			
Date received: Reference number(s):			
Notification of engagement of alternative assessment manager Prescribed assessment manager			
Name of chosen assessment manager			
Date chosen assessment manager engaged			
Contact number of chosen assessment manager			

manager	
QLeave notification and payment	
Note: For completion by assessment manager if applicable	
Description of the work	
QLeave project number	
Amount paid (\$)	
Date paid	
Date receipted form sighted by assessment manager	
Name of officer who sighted the form	



APPLICATION FOR A DEVELOPMENT PERMIT

RECONFIGURING A LOT
(BOUNDARY REALIGNMENT & ACCESS EASEMENT)
20 WARNER STREET & 23-25 MACROSSAN STREET,
PORT DOUGLAS

23 OCTOBER 2019

PREPARED BY

PLANZ TOWN PLANNING PTY LTD

on behalf of

SCALI NOMINEES PTY LTD & SECOND YORK PTY LTD

CREATING GREAT PLACES FOR PEOPLE



Contents

1	Propos	sed Development	1
	1.1	Nature of the Proposal	1
	1.2	The Site	2
2	Plannir	ng Considerations	6
	2.1	State Interest	6
	2.2	Planning Scheme Assessment	6
	2.3	Compliance	7
3	Infrast	ructure	8
	3.1	Effluent Disposal	8
	3.2	Water Supply	8
	3.3	Excavation and Fill	8
4	Conclu	ısion	9
Арр	endix 1	: Assessment against the planning scheme	10
	6.2.1 0	Centre zone code	10
	7.2.4 P	Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code	14
	8.2.1 A	Acid sulfate soils overlay code	29
	8.2.3 C	Coastal environment overlay code	33
	8.2.4 F	Flood and storm tide hazard overlay code	46
	8.2.10	Transport network overlay code	59
	9.4.1 A	Access, parking and servicing code	66
	9.4.3 E	Environmental performance code	72
	9.4.4 F	illing and excavation code	78
	9.4.5 lr	nfrastructure works code	82
	9.4.6 L	andscaping code	96
	9.4.9 V	/egetation management code	101
۸nn	andiv 2	· Proposal plans	106



Application Summary

Application details		
Proposal	Reconfiguring a Lot – Boundary Realignment and Access Easement	
Applicant	Scali Nominees Pty Ltd and Second York Pty Ltd	
Property Owner	Scali Nominees Pty Ltd and Second York Pty Ltd	
Address	20 Warner Street & 23-25 Macrossan Street, Port Douglas	
Real Property Description	 20 Warner St: Lot 1 RP718896 Easement No 711390791 (Access) benefiting the land over Easement C on SP204455 Easement No 711390793 (Access) benefiting the land over Easement B on SP204455 23-25 Macrossan St: Lot 1 SP267838 	
Local Government Area	Douglas Shire Council	
Lot Size	20 Warner St: 607m ² 23-25 Macrossan St: 1,266m ²	
Zone	Centre Zone	
Current Use	20 Warner St: Vacant 23-25 Macrossan St: Restaurant and shopping facilities	
Level of Assessment	Code	
Applicable Codes	Centre Zone code Port Douglas / Craiglie Local Plan code Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay code Coastal Environment Overlay code Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay code Transport Network Overlay code Access, Parking and Servicing code Environmental Performance code Filling and Excavation code Infrastructure Works code Landscaping code Vegetation Management code	
Referral Triggers	None	



1 PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT

1.1 Nature of the Proposal

This application is over land located at 20 Warner Street & 23-25 Macrossan Street, Port Douglas described as Lot 1 RP718896 and Lot 1 SP267838, and is for a code assessable Reconfiguring a Lot for:

- 1. boundary realignment; and
- 2. creation of a reciprocal access easement.

The development includes realigning the boundary to include a part of Lot 1 SP267838 into Lot 1 RP718896. The proposal plan is shown below:



Figure 1: Proposed boundary realignment plan

The proposal is to enable excess carparking on Lot 1 SP267838 to be used for a proposed hotel development on Lot 1 RP718896. The proposed hotel is the subject of a separate development application.



1.2 The Site

The land the subject of this application is located on Warner Street and Macrossan Street between Grant and Wharf Streets, in Port Douglas township (refer Figure 2). The Warner St site is 607m² in area and is currently vacant, while the Macrossan St site was developed in 2011 for restaurant and shops.

Three easements exist adjacent and on the sites. Two access easements benefit land, and provide access to the Macrossan Street site and the basement carparking of the adjoining Mantra 'In the Village'.



Figure 2: Locality Map

The lots are located in the Centre Zone, Precinct 1a and are affected by the Port Douglas / Craiglie Local Plan and the following overlays:



- Acid Sulfate Soils Overlay;
- Coastal Environment Overlay;
- Flood and Storm Tide Hazard Overlay; and
- Transport Network Overlay.



Figure 3: Aerial view of sites

The development site at 20 Warner Street is significantly constrained in terms of the available space, configuration and flood level. This application seeks to enable excess car parking at the rear of the site (on 23-25 Macrossan Street) to be better utilised for the proposed hotel development at 20 Warner Street.







Photos 1 & 2: The site viewed from Warner Street



Photo 3: View of 20 Warner Street, from Macrossan Street site



Photo 4: Part of the Macrossan St site to be excised





Photo 5: Existing access easement



2 PLANNING CONSIDERATIONS

2.1 State Interest

The Planning Regulations and State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP) set out the matters of interest to the state for development assessment. The lots are mapped as containing:

- Coastal erosion prone area (both lots);
- Coastal medium storm tide inundation area (Lot 1 RP718896)
- Coastal high storm tide inundation area (Lot 1 RP718896)
- Area within 25m of a State-controlled road (Lot 1 SP267838)

Referral is not required for this application, as there is no referral trigger for this site or this development.

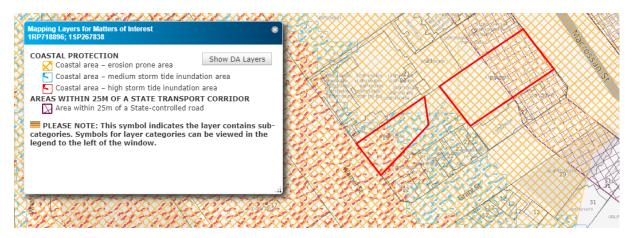


Figure 5: Extract from DA Mapping

2.2 Planning Scheme Assessment

The proposed use is Code Assessable Development against the Douglas Shire Planning Scheme. In considering the proposal against the relevant codes, there are Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes which are to be considered:

- 1. Assessable development must demonstrate that the Performance Outcomes can be achieved.
- 2. The Acceptable Outcomes that are nominated in the Codes are just one means by which the Performance Outcomes may be achieved.

The proposal satisfies the Purpose and Overall Outcomes of the Planning Scheme Codes, as identified in **Appendix 1**. The assessment and compliance table for this development is shown below.



Planning Scheme Assessment Table Codes Applicability		
Zone Code	Centre Zone	✓
Local Plan	Port Douglas / Craiglie Local Plan	✓
	8.2.1 Acid Sulphate Soils	✓
Overlay	8.2.3 Coastal Environment	✓
Codes	8.2.4 Flood and storm tide hazard	✓
	8.2.10 Transport Network	✓
	9.4.1 Access, parking and servicing	✓
	9.4.3 Environmental performance	✓
	9.4.4 Filling and Excavation	✓
Other Development Codes	9.4.5 Infrastructure works	✓
	9.4.6 Landscaping	✓
	9.4.7 Reconfiguring a lot code	✓
	9.4.9 Vegetation management	✓

2.3 Compliance

The proposed reconfiguring a lot (boundary realignment) complies with all applicable Acceptable Outcomes of the relevant planning scheme codes.



3 INFRASTRUCTURE

3.1 Effluent Disposal

Both lots are connected to the Council's reticulated sewerage infrastructure.

3.2 Water Supply

Both lots are connected to the Council's reticulated water supply infrastructure.

3.3 Excavation and Fill

Excavation or fill is not required for the proposed reconfiguring a lot.



4 CONCLUSION

The proposed boundary realignment is considered appropriate, and will maximise the use of land. The proposed development will allow the development of a boutique hotel on 20 Warner Street by providing carparking spaces on the existing 23-25 Macrossan Street site.

The proposal retains sufficient number of carparking on-site for the purposes of the existing restaurant and shops at 23-25 Macrossan Street and will not alter the existing access to either site. A reciprocal access easement will ensure access is maintained to 23-25 Macrossan Street.

The proposed reconfiguring a lot can achieve the acceptable outcomes of the relevant planning scheme codes and Council is requested to approve the application subject to reasonable conditions.



APPENDIX 1: ASSESSMENT AGAINST THE PLANNING SCHEME

6.2.1 Centre zone code

- (1) The purpose of the Centre zone code is to provide for a mix of land uses and activities.
 - (a) These uses include, but are not limited to, business, retail, professional, administrative, community, entertainment, cultural and residential activities.
 - (b) Centres are found at a variety of scales based on their location and surrounding activities.
- (2) The local government purpose of the code is to:
 - (a) implement the policy direction set in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1: Settlement pattern, Element 3.4.3 Activity Centres.
 - (ii) Theme 4: Strong communities and identity, Element 3.7.4 Sense of place, community and identity, Element 3.7.6 Arts and Culture
 - (iii) Theme 5: Economy, Element 3.8.2 Economic growth and diversification, Element 3.8.3 Tourism.
 - (b) provide for a mix of uses and level of economic and social activity to serve community needs.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Development creates a range of retail, commercial, community and residential uses.
 - (b) Development is consistent with any location specific provisions contained within a Local Plan.
 - (c) Development provides activation and surveillance at ground level where adjoining roads or other public spaces.
 - (d) Development is integrated and coordinated both within the site and in relation to surrounding land uses and activities.
 - (e) Development provides a built form that establishes a cohesive streetscape and continuous pedestrian connections and shelters.
 - (f) Development is sensitively designed and managed to mitigate impacts on surrounding sensitive land uses.
 - (g) Development has access to infrastructure and services.



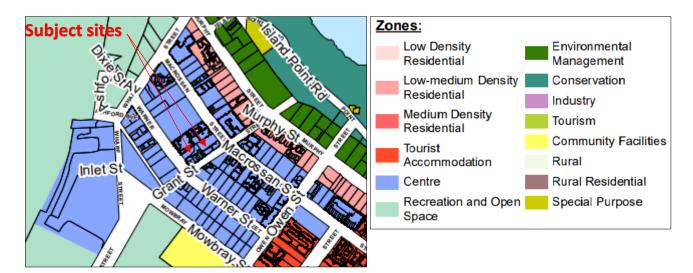


Figure 6: Extract from Planning Scheme Zone Map

Table 6.2.1.3.a – Centre zone – assessable development

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
For self-assessable and assessable development		
PO1 The height of all buildings is in keeping with the character of the surrounding residential neighbourhoods and must not adversely affect the amenity of the neighbourhood.	AO1.1 The maximum height of buildings and structures is: (a) in accordance with the provisions of any applicable local plan; (b) if no local plan applies, not more than 8.5 metres and two storeys in height. Note – Height is inclusive of the roof height.	Not applicable for ROL
PO2	AO2.1 Buildings and structures are setback to road frontages:	Complies The proposed ROL will not affect setbacks to road frontages.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
The siting of buildings contributes to the use of the land, desired amenity and character of the area and protects the amenity of other land uses.	(a) in accordance with the provisions of any applicable local plan;(b) a minimum of 6 metres where no local plan applies or there are no particular provisions specified in the local plan for the site.	
	Where adjoining land in the Industry zone, buildings are setback: (a) 0 metres from the side and rear boundaries; or (b) 2.5 metres or ¼ of the height of the building, whichever is the greater; and (c) not any distance between 0 metres and 2.5 metres.	Not applicable The sites adjoin land within the Centre zone.
	AO2.3 Where adjoining land in any other zone, buildings are setback 3 metres or ¼ of the height of the building, whichever is the greater and are provided with an acoustic barrier in accordance with the recommendations of a qualified acoustic expert.	Complies The proposed ROL will not affect setbacks to side boundaries.
	AO2.4 Setback areas are provided with a 2 metre landscaped strip capable of deep planting, which is kept clear of service equipment and storage areas: (a) adjacent to the road frontage in all areas not required for pedestrian or vehicular access for the setback area nominated in AO2.1(b) above; (b) adjacent to the boundary with the other zone for the setback area nominated in AO2.3 above.	Not applicable
PO3	AO3 Site coverage does not exceed 80%, unless otherwise specified in a Local plan.	Complies The Macrossan St site is already developed, and the proposed boundary realignment will reduce the lot



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response		
The site coverage of buildings ensures that there is sufficient space available to cater for services, landscaping and on-site parking.		size to 1,023m². This will result in the site coverage of the development of approx. 60%.		
For assessable development	For assessable development			
PO4 The establishment of uses is consistent with the outcomes sought for the Centre zone and protects the zone from the intrusion of inconsistent uses.	AO4 Inconsistent uses as identified in Table 6.2.1.3.b are not established in the Centre zone.	Not applicable for ROL		
PO5 Development provides a range of convenient goods and services for the daily needs of discrete residential communities.	AO5 Development complies with the requirements specified in a local plan.	Not applicable for ROL		
PO6 Development does not lower the standard of amenity in terms of air, noise, odour, electrical interference and vibrations at any land use	AO6 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable		
associated with the: (a) the Accommodation activity group, located outside the Centre zone; (b) the Sensitive land use activity group, located outside the Centre zone.	AO5.2 Buildings and structures and associated infrastructure are not located on slopes greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%) or on a ridgeline.	Complies		
PO7 Reconfiguration of land results in (a) a practical layout for centre land use activities, generally consisting of regular rectangular-shaped lots. (b) lots no less than 600m2 in area.	AO7 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies The proposed boundary realignment will result in the Macrossan Street site being of a regular shape and size, and will increase the lot size of the Warner Street site enabling a better development outcome.		



7.2.4 Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code

- (1) The purpose of the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan code is to facilitate development outcomes consistent with community values, the local tropical built-form and protection of the natural environment within the Port Douglas/Craiglie local plan area, while providing a platform for investment and prosperity.
 - (a) In addition, the purpose of the code is supported by the Port Douglas Waterfront Master Plan which provides a clear strategic direction for the incremental transformation of the Port Douglas Waterfront, including the following objectives:
 - (b) To set out a vision for revitalisation of the waterfront;
 - (c) To protect and enhance the environmental attributes; and
- (2) To provide a flexible framework, expressed through several key strategies that will assist the Council and community in managing change.
- (3) The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Port Douglas will continue to develop as the premium destination for international and domestic tourists in the Far North Queensland Region, while also acting for permanent residents attracted to the associated lifestyle.
 - (b) Major tourist, retail, dining and entertainment facilities will consolidate in the Town Centre and the Waterfront North sub-precincts, with improved pedestrian connections between the town centre and the waterfront.
 - (c) Craiglie will develop as an integrated residential community with some low scale tourism development opportunities in appropriate locations. Craiglie will also function as small scale commercial and light industry node, providing employment opportunities for the Shire's permanent resident population.
 - (d) All forms of development will complement the tropical image of the town through distinctive tropical vernacular, urban design and landscaping.
 - (e) Character will be enhanced through the identification of gateway sites, landmarks, main approach routes and pedestrian thoroughfares and view corridors;
 - (f) The Flagstaff Hill, Dickson Inlet, Four Mile Beach and other areas of scenic and environmental significance will be protected from development. Vegetation cover will dominate over built form.
 - (g) Vegetation, iconic to the character of Port Douglas, including the avenues of Oil Palms, is retained and where appropriate supplemented.
 - (h) Development will be indistinguishable from view from Four Mile Beach. In addition, any development on Flagstaff Hill will be indistinguishable when viewed from vantage points in Port Douglas.



- (i) Residential areas are designed as pleasant, functional and distinctive, in visually well defined areas.
- (4) The purpose of the code will be further achieved through the following overall outcomes:
 - (a) Precinct 1 Port Douglas precinct
 - (i) Sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct
 - (ii) Sub-precinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct
 - (iii) Sub-precinct 1c Waterfront South sub-precinct
 - (iv) Sub-precinct 1d Limited Development sub-precinct
 - (v) Sub-precinct 1e Community and recreation sub-precinct
 - (vi) Sub-precinct 1f Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct
 - (b) Precinct 2 Integrated Resort precinct
 - (c) Precinct 3 Craiglie Commercial and Light Industry precinct
 - (d) Precinct 4 Old Port Road / Mitre Street precinct.

Precinct 1 – Port Douglas precinct

- (5) In addition to the overall outcomes, the outcomes sought for the precinct are to ensure that:
 - (a) development will contribute to the incremental transformation of the township, preserving and enhancing maritime activities and environmental areas, delivering tropical open spaces and a high quality public realm, and allowing for tourism opportunities and investment.
 - (b) development contributes to the enhancement of the Port Douglas precinct through the following development outcomes:
 - (i) access and connectivity throughout the township is enhanced through a series of improvements to circulation and mobility, including:.
 - (A) access to, and connectivity along, the waterfront and foreshore areas is maintained and, where appropriate, enhanced;
 - (B) reducing reliance on the waterfront as a car parking resource.



- (ii) the use of land in the Port Douglas precinct improves the cohesive layout of the township through:
 - (A) the establishment of distinct sub-precincts that reinforce the character and built form of the Port Douglas local plan area including:
 - (a) Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct;
 - (b) Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct;
 - (c) Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1c Waterfront South sub-precinct;
 - (d) Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1d Limited development subprecinct;
 - (e) Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1e Community and recreation precinct;
 - (f) Port Douglas centre sub-precinct 1f Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct;
 - (B) facilitating marina facilities and supporting marine industry uses as a key part of the local economy;
 - (C) reducing conflict between industry, community and commercial activities in the waterfront, without diminishing the marine industry capacity in the Port Douglas precinct;
- (i) environment and sustainability is integrated into the township through:
 - (A) preservation and enhancement of the qualities and characteristics of environmental areas of the township;
 - (B) water sensitive urban design is considered as a means of water quality improvement and management of overland flow to ensure hard infrastructure solutions in Warner Street can be mitigated;
 - (C) design of buildings and access way improvements prioritises walking and cycling modes of transport.
- (ii) the tropical character of the Port Douglas precinct is enhanced by ensuring development:
 - (A) maintains and enhances the built form, local character, streetscapes and natural elements of the township;
 - (B) is compatible with the desired character and amenity of local places and neighbourhoods;
 - (C) does not exceed the height of buildings designations which contribute to the desired form of the township which contains three storey development heights in sub-precinct 1a Town Centre sub-precinct and part of subprecinct 1b Waterfront North sub-precinct;
 - (D) implements high quality landscaped environments around buildings and on streets;
 - (E) protects the recognisable character and locally significance sites throughout the precinct.
- (iii) public spaces and the streetscape are enhanced through:



- (A) an increase in the quantity and quality of public land and places throughout the precinct;
- (B) consolidating community recreation and sporting uses to create a precinct of community focussed activity between Mudlo Street and Wharf Street;
- (C) improved connections between the town centre and the waterfront marina, including an investigation of a plaza on the waterfront;
- (D) improved streetscapes with high quality landscaping, surface treatments and shaded pedestrian environments;
- (E) the creation of a sense of place through aesthetic streetscapes and built form character;
- (F) managing vegetation to ensure succession of planting and the ongoing presence of significant trees.
- (iv) advertising signage is small scale, low-key and complements the tropical character of the town.

Sub-precinct 1a – Town Centre sub-precinct

- (6) In addition to other overall development outcomes, development in the Town Centre subprecinct facilitates the following development outcomes:
 - (a) tourist, retail, dining and entertainment activities are facilitated at an appropriate pedestrian scale;
 - (b) drive-through developments, bulky goods showrooms, outdoor sales, saleyards and other big-box retailing or entertainment facilities are not established;
 - (c) development contributes to a high quality public realm;
 - (d) parking (and associated infrastructure) does not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or pedestrian circulation patterns;
 - (e) consolidation of community and cultural land use activities along Mowbray Street between Wharf Street and Mudlo Street;
 - (f) active street frontages are established along Macrossan and Wharf Streets and other nearby streets as shown on the Port Douglas Centre Active Frontages and Pedestrian and Cycle Network Plan;
 - (g) Live entertainment activities are concentrated within the Live Entertainment Precinct and are subject to the recommendations of a suitably qualified acoustic engineer.



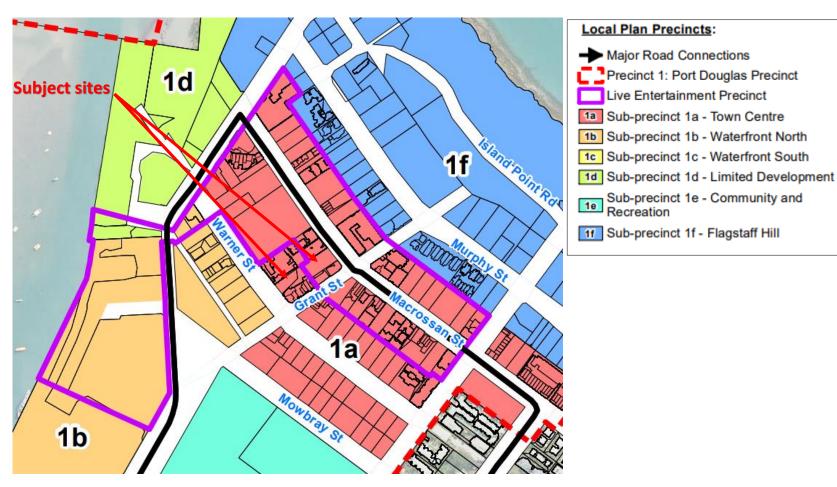


Figure 7: Extract from Port Douglas / Craiglie Local Plan Precinct 1



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response		
For self-assessable and assessable development	For self-assessable and assessable development			
Development in the Port Douglas / Craiglie local pla	n area generally			
PO1 Pedestrians, cyclists, motorists and public transport users can easily move into and through the precinct along planned connectivity routes, identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO1 A pedestrian and cycle movement network is integrated and delivered through development.	Complies The ROL will not affect pedestrian and cycle movement networks.		
PO2 Development retains and enhances key landscape elements including character trees and areas of significant vegetation contributing to the character and quality of the local plan area and significant views and vistas and other landmarks important to the context of Port Douglas / Craiglie (as identified on the Port Douglas/ Craiglie Townscape Plan map contained in Schedule 2).	AO2.1 Development provides for the retention and enhancement of existing mature trees and character vegetation that contribute to the lush tropical character of the town, including: (a) the tree covered backdrop of Flagstaff Hill; (b) natural vegetation along watercourses, in particular the Mowbray River, Beor Creek and Dickson Inlet; (c) the tidal vegetation along the foreshore; (d) beachfront vegetation along Four Mile Beach, including the fringe of Coconut Palms; (e) the oil palm avenues along the major roads; (f) the lush landscaping within major roundabouts at key nodes; (g) Macrossan Street and Warner Street; (h) Port Douglas waterfront.	Complies The proposed ROL will not affect existing vegetation on the sites.		
	AO2.2 Development protects and does not intrude into important views and vistas as identified on the Port	Not applicable for ROL		



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
	Douglas Townscape Plan map contained in Schedule 2, in particular: (a) Flagstaff Hill; (b) Four Mile Beach; (c) Across to the ranges over Dickson Inlet; (d) Mowbray Valley.	
	AO2.3 Important landmarks, memorials and monuments are retained.	Complies No important landmarks, memorial or monuments exist on the sites.
PO3 Development contributes to the protection, reinforcement and where necessary enhancement of gateways and key intersections identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO3 Development adjacent to the gateways and nodes as identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2 incorporates architectural features and landscaping treatments and design elements that enhance the sense of arrival and way finding within the town.	Not applicable for ROL
PO4 Landscaping of development sites complements the existing tropical character of Port Douglas and Craiglie.	AO4 Landscaping incorporates the requirements of Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping, in particular landscaping should be capable of achieving a 60% screening of development within 5 years and predominantly consists of endemic vegetation.	Not applicable for ROL
PO5 Development does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the State-controlled road network.	AO5 Direct access is not provided to a State-controlled road where legal and practical access from another road is available.	Complies The proposed ROL will not affect existing access to the sites.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
For assessable development		
Additional requirements in Precinct 1 – Port Dougla	s precinct	
PO6 The views and vistas identified on the Port Douglas / Craiglie local plan maps contained in Schedule 2 are maintained.	AO6.1 Development does not impede continued views to scenic vistas and key streetscapes within the local plan area.	Complies The ROL will not affect impede views as identified on the local plan maps.
	AO6.2 Unless otherwise specified within this Local Plan, buildings are set back not less than 6 metres from the primary street frontage.	Complies The ROL will not affect building setbacks.
PO7 Vehicle access, parking and service areas: (a) do not undermine the relationship between buildings and street or dominate the streetscape; (b) are designed to minimise pedestrian vehicle conflict; (c) are clearly identified and maintain ease of access at all times.	AO7.1 For all buildings, parking is: (a) to the side of buildings and recessed behind the main building line; or (b) behind buildings; or (c) wrapped by the building façade, and not visible from the street.	Complies The carparking area for the existing development will be retained.
	AO7.2 Ground level parking incorporates clearly defined pedestrian routes.	Complies The carparking area for the existing development will be retained.
	AO7.3 Any porte-cocheres, disabled and pedestrian accesses are accommodated within the boundary of new or refurbished development.	Complies The carparking area for the existing development will be retained.
	AO7.4 Where the development is an integrated mixed use development incorporating short term accommodation or multiple dwellings and either food and drink outlet or hotel or shop or shopping	Not applicable



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
	centre or office, on-site parking spaces are provided as per the number prescribed in the Parking and access code with a relaxation of 30% of spaces required for the non-residential uses.	
	AO7.5 On-site car parking available for public use is clearly signed at the site frontage.	Complies
	AO7.6 Boom gates, pay machines or other regulatory devices to control access to a publicly available car parking area are not constructed or installed.	Complies
PO8 Precinct 1 – Port Douglas precinct is not characterised by a proliferation of advertising signs.	AO8 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1a – Town	Centre sub-precinct	
PO9 Building heights: (a) do not overwhelm or dominate the town centre; (b) respect the desired streetscape; (c) ensure a high quality appearance when viewed from both within the town centre subprecinct and external to the town centre subprecinct; (d) remain subservient to the natural environment and the backdrop of Flagstaff Hill. (e) do not exceed 3 storeys.	AO9 Buildings and structures are not more than 3 storeys and 13.5 metres in height, with a roof height of not less than 3 metres. Note – Height is inclusive of the roof height.	Not applicable for ROL
PO10 Building design, the streetscape, pedestrian paths and street front spaces promote integration with the surrounding area and the rest of Precinct 1 – Port Douglas Precinct.	AO10 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed	Not applicable for ROL



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
PO11 Buildings: (a) address street frontages; (b) ensure main entrances front the street or public spaces; (c) do not focus principally on internal spaces or parking areas.	AO11 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL
PO12 Setbacks at ground level provide for: (a) connection between pedestrian paths and public places; (b) areas for convenient movement of pedestrians; (c) changes in gradient of the street.	AO12 Setbacks at ground level: (a) are clear of columns and other obstructions; (b) have pavement matching the gradient of adjoining footpaths and connecting pedestrian areas on adjoining sites; (c) connect without any lip or step to adjoining footpaths.	Not applicable for ROL
PO13 Buildings do not result in a reduction of views and vistas from public places to: (a) Flagstaff Hill; (b) Dickson Inlet; (c) public open space; (d) places of significance	AO13 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL
PO14 Development enhances the distinctive tropical resort town and identity of Port Douglas and encourages pedestrian activity at street level including shade protection across the footpath for the length of the building.	AO14 Development is built up to the street frontage/s at the street level and incorporates a light frame awning, a minimum of 3 metres in width for the length of the street frontage/s; or If a development includes an outdoor dining area at ground/footpath level, the dining area has a maximum setback of 3 metres and the required awning is still maintained along the length of the street frontage/s.	Not applicable for ROL



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
	Note – PO24 provides more detail on awning design.	
PO15 Development is predominantly commercial in nature with any tourist accommodation having a secondary focus and not located on the street level	AO15.1 Centre activities establish: at street level on active street frontages; a maximum of one level above street level.	Not applicable for ROL
frontage where active frontages are encouraged as identified the Port Douglas local plan maps contained in Schedule 2.	AO15.2 Any residential development activities or short term accommodation is located above street level of the active frontage, but not on or up to the street frontage in any development, including mixed use development.	Not applicable for ROL
PO16 Detailed building design: (a) enhances the visual amenity of the streetscape; (b) has a legible and attractive built form that is visually enhanced by architectural elements; (c) contributes to a distinctive tropical north Queensland, seaside tourist town character; (d) integrates major landscaping elements to maximise their aesthetic value to ensure that the lush, vegetated character of the Town Centre subprecinct is maintained.	AO16 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL
PO17 Buildings exhibit variations to their external appearance and the shape of the built form to provide visual interest through: (a) surface decoration; (b) wall recesses and projections; (c) a variation in wall finishes; windows, balconies, awnings and other visible structural elements.	AO17 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
(d) differentiating between the lower, middle and upper parts of the building by varying the façade and/or the shape of the built form, where comprised of more than two storeys.		
PO18 Roofs are not characterised by a cluttered display of plant and equipment, in particular: (a) building caps and rooftops contribute to the architectural distinction of the building and create a coherent roofscape for the Town Centre sub-precinct; (b) service structures, lift motor rooms and mechanical plant and equipment are designed as an architectural feature of the building or are screened from public view; (c) rooftops are not used for advertising.	AO18 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL
Windows and sun/rain control devices are used in the building form, in particular, sun shading devices are provided to: (a) shade windows; (b) reduce glare; (c) assist in maintaining comfortable indoor temperatures; (d) minimising heat loads; (e) enrich the North Queensland tropical character of the Town Centre sub-precinct; (f) provide architectural interest to building façades.	AO19 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL
PO20	AO20 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
Buildings are finished with high quality materials, selected for: (a) their ability to contribute the character of Town Centre sub-precinct; (b) easy maintenance, durability and an ability not to readily stain, discolour or deteriorate.		
PO21 Buildings do not incorporate any type of glass or other materials that are likely to reflect the sun's rays in a manner that may create a nuisance, discomfort or a hazard.	AO21 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL
Façades and elevations do not include large blank walls. Openings and setbacks are used to articulate vertical building surfaces.	AO22.1 Development has a maximum length of unbroken building facade of 20 metres and a maximum extent of overall development in the same style/design along the street frontage/s of 40 metres.	Not applicable for ROL
	AO22.2 Any break in the building façade varies the alignment by a 1 metre minimum deviation.	Not applicable for ROL
	AO22.3 A minimum of three of the following building design features and architectural elements detailed below are incorporated to break the extended facade of a development: (a) a change in roof profile; (b) a change in parapet coping; (c) a change in awning design; (d) a horizontal or vertical change in the wall plane; or	Not applicable for ROL



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
	(e) a change in the exterior finishes and exterior colours of the development.	
PO23 Building facades that face public spaces at ground level: (a) complement the appearance of the development and surrounding streetscape; (b) enhance the visual amenity of the public place; (c) include a variety of human scale architectural elements and details; (d) provide an opportunity for the casual and convenient surveillance of public space from within the development.	Building facades at the ground floor of development that face public space are designed to ensure: (a) a minimum of 70% of the façade area is comprised of windows, wall openings or shop fronts that permit the casual surveillance of the public space from the development; (b) a visually prominent main entrance that faces the principal public place; (c) vertical architectural elements and features are incorporated at 3 metre or less intervals along the length of the façade.	Not applicable for ROL
PO24 Awnings for pedestrian shelter are consistent with the character setting of the Town Centre subprecinct and: (a) extend and cover the footpath to provide protection from the sun and rain; (b) include lighting under the awning; (c) are continuous across the frontage of the site; (d) align to provide continuity with existing or future awnings on adjoining sites; (e) are a minimum of 3.0 metres in width and generally not more than 3.5 metres above pavement height; (f) do not extend past a vertical plane,1.2 metres inside the kerb-line to enable street trees to be planted and grow;	AO24 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Applicant Response
(g) are cantilevered from the main building with any posts within the footpath being non loadbearing.		
PO25 Development integrates with the streetscape and landscaping improvements for Port Douglas.	AO25 Development fronting Davidson Street, Macrossan Street, Wharf Street, Mowbray Street and Warner Street is designed to integrate with the on-street landscaping and design improvements as outlined within the Port Douglas landscape master plan contained within Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.7 - Landscaping provides guidance on meeting the Performance Outcome.	Not applicable for ROL The proposed ROL will not affect the existing development fronting Macrossan Street.
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1b – Wat	erfront North sub-precinct – PO26 – PO51 Not applica	ble
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1c – Water	erfront South sub-precinct - PO52 – PO60 Not applica	ble
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1d – Limit	ted Development sub-precinct — PO61 Not applicable	
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1e - Com	munity and recreation sub-precinct – PO62 Not applic	able
Additional requirements for Sub-precinct 1f – Flagstaff Hill sub-precinct – PO63 – PO64 Not applicable		
Additional requirements for Precinct 3 – Craiglie Co	ommercial and Light Industry precinct – PO65 – PO66 N	Not applicable
Additional requirements for Precinct 6 – Very Low Residential Density / Low Scale Recreation / Low Scale Educational / Low Scale Entertainment Uses precinct – PO67 – PO68 Not applicable		



8.2.1 Acid sulfate soils overlay code

The purpose of the acid sulfate soils overlay code is to:

- (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 2: Environment and landscape values, Element 3.5.4 Coastal zones.
 - (ii) Theme 3: Natural resource management, Element 3.6.2 land and catchment management, Element 3.6.3 Primary production, forestry and fisheries.
- (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Acid sulfate soils overlay sub-categories.

The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:

- (a) Development ensures that the release of any acid and associated metal contaminant is avoided by not disturbing acid sulfate soils when excavating, removing soil or extracting ground water or filling land;
- (b) Development ensures that disturbed acid sulfate soils, or drainage waters, are treated and, if required, on-going management practices are adopted that minimise the potential for environmental harm from acid sulfate soil and protect corrodible assets from acid sulfate soil.





Figure 8: Extract from Acid Sulphate Soils Overlay Map

Table 8.2.1.3.a – Acid sulfate soils overlay code – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For assessable development		
PO1 The extent and location of potential or actual acid sulfate soils is accurately identified.	AO1.1 No excavation or filling occurs on the site. or AO1.2 An acid sulfate soils investigation is undertaken. Note - Planning scheme policy SC 6.12—Potential and actual acid sulfate soils provides guidance on preparing an acid sulfate soils investigation.	Not applicable for ROL The proposed ROL will not result in any excavation or filling on the sites.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO2 Development avoids disturbing potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils, or is managed to avoid or minimise the release of acid and metal contaminants.	ACCEPTABLE OUTCOMES AO2.1 The disturbance of potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils is avoided by: (a) not excavating, or otherwise removing, soil or sediment identified as containing potential or actual acid sulfate soils; (b) not permanently or temporarily extracting groundwater that results in the aeration of previously saturated acid sulfate soils; (c) not undertaking filling that results in: (d) actual acid sulfate soils being moved below the water table; (e) previously saturated acid sulfate soils being aerated. or AO2.2 The disturbance of potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils is undertaken in accordance with an acid sulfate soils management plan and avoids the release of metal contaminants by:	Not applicable for ROL
	 (f) neutralising existing acidity and preventing the generation of acid and metal contaminants; (g) preventing the release of surface or groundwater flows containing acid and metal contaminants into the environment; (h) preventing the in situ oxidisation of potential acid sulfate soils and actual acid sulfate soils through ground water level management; (i) appropriately treating acid sulfate soils before disposal occurs on or off site; (j) documenting strategies and reporting 	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	requirements in an acid sulfate soils environmental management plan.	
	Note - Planning scheme policy SC 6.12 – Acid sulfate soils provides guidance on preparing an acid sulfate soils management plan.	
PO3 No environmental harm is caused as a result of exposure to potential acid sulfate soils or actual acid sulfate soils.	AO3 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL



8.2.3 Coastal environment overlay code

The purpose of the Coastal environment overlay code is to:

- (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1 Settlement pattern: Element 3.4.7 Mitigation of hazards;
 - (ii) Theme 2 Environment and landscape values: Element 3.5.4 Coastal zones;
 - (iii) Theme 3 Natural resource management: Element 3.6.2 Land and catchment management.
- (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Coastal processes sub-categories.

The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:

- (a) facilitate the protection of both coastal processes and coastal resources;
- (b) facilitating coastal dependent development on the foreshore over other development;
- (c) public access to the foreshore protects public safety;
- (d) maintain the erosion prone area as a development free buffer zone (other than for coastal dependent, temporary or relocatable development);
- (e) require redevelopment of existing permanent buildings or structures in an erosion prone area to avoid coastal erosion risks, manage coastal erosion risks through a strategy of planned retreat or mitigate coastal erosion risks;
- (f) require development to maintain or enhance natural processes and the protective function of landforms and vegetation that can mitigate risks associated with coastal erosion;
- (g) locate and design community infrastructure to maintain the required level of functionality during and immediately after a coastal hazard event.



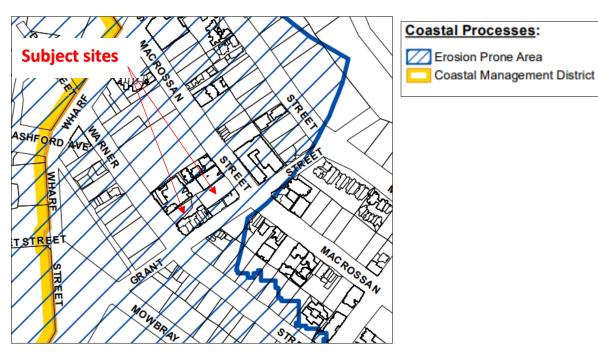


Figure 9: Extract from Coastal Processes Overlay Map



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self- assessable and assessable development		
PO1 No works other than coastal protection works extend seaward of the coastal building line.	AO1.1 Development (including all buildings and other permanent structures such as swimming pools and retaining walls) does not extend seaward of a coastal building line. Note – Coastal building lines are declared under the Coastal Protection and Management Act 1995 and are administered by the State Department of Environment and Heritage Protection.	Not applicable
	AO1.2 Coastal protection works are only undertaken as a last resort where coastal erosion presents an immediate threat to public safety or existing buildings or structures and the property cannot be relocated or abandoned.	Not applicable
	AO1.3 Coastal protection works are as far landward as practicable on the lot containing the property to the maximum extent reasonable.	Not applicable
	AO1.4 Coastal protection work mitigates any increase in the coastal hazard.	Not applicable
PO2 Where a coastal building line does not exist on a lot fronting the coast or a reserve adjoining the coast, development is setback to maintain the amenity	AO2 Where a coastal building line does not exist on a lot fronting the coast or a reserve adjoining the coast, development (including all buildings and structures	Not applicable

CREATING GREAT PLACES FOR PEOPLE



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
and use of the coastal resource.	such as swimming pools) and retaining walls are set back not less than 6 metres from the seaward boundary of the lot.	
For assessable development		
Erosion prone areas		
PO3 Development identifies erosion prone areas (coastal hazards).	AO3 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable for ROL
PO4 Erosion prone areas are free from development to allow for natural coastal processes.	AO4.1 Development is not located within the Erosion prone area, unless it can be demonstrated that the development is for: (a) community infrastructure where no suitable alternative location or site exists for this infrastructure; or (b) development that reflects the preferred development outcomes in accordance with the zoning of the site (i.e. in the Low density residential zone, a dwelling house is a preferred development outcome in accordance with the zoning of the site)	Not applicable for ROL
	AO4.2 Development involving existing permanent buildings and structures within an erosion prone area does not increase in intensity of its use by: (a) adding additional buildings or structures; or (b) incorporating a land use that will result in an increase in the number of people or employees occupying the site.	Complies



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Coastal management districts		
Natural processes and protective functions of landforms and vegetation are maintained.	AO5.1 Development within the coastal management district: (a) maintains vegetation on coastal land forms where its removal or damage may: (i) destabilise the area and increase the potential for coastal erosion, or (ii) interrupt the natural sediment trapping processes or dune or land building processes; (b) maintains sediment volumes of dunes and near-shore coastal landforms, or where a reduction in sediment volumes cannot be avoided, increased risks to development from coastal erosion are mitigated by location, design and construction and operating standards; (c) minimises the need for erosion control structures or riverine hardening through location, design and construction standards; (d) maintains physical coastal processes outside the development footprint for the development, including longshore transport of sediment along the coast; (e) reduces the risk of shoreline erosion for areas adjacent to the development footprint to the maximum extent feasible in the case of erosion control structures.	Not applicable The development site is not located within a Coastal Management District.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	PO5.2 Where development proposes the construction of an erosion control structure: (a) it is demonstrated that it is the only feasible option for protecting permanent structures from coastal erosion; and (b) those permanent structures cannot be abandoned or relocated in the event of coastal erosion occurring.	Not applicable
	 AO5.3 Development involving reclamation: (a) does not alter, or otherwise minimises impacts on, the physical characteristics of a waterway or the seabed near the reclamation, including flow regimes, hydrodynamic forces, tidal water and riverbank stability; (b) is located outside active sediment transport area, or otherwise maintains sediment transport processes as close as possible to their natural state; (c) ensures activities associated with the operation of the development maintain the structure and condition of vegetation communities and avoid wind and water runoff erosion. 	Not applicable
PO6 Development avoids or minimises adverse impacts on coastal resources and their values to the maximum extent reasonable.	AO6.1 Coastal protection work that is in the form of beach nourishment uses methods of placement suitable for the location that do not interfere with the long-term use of the locality, or natural values within or neighbouring the proposed placement	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	and	
	AO6.2 Marine development is located and designed to expand on or redevelop existing marine infrastructure unless it is demonstrated that it is not practicable to co-locate the development with existing marine infrastructure;	
	AO6.3 Measures are incorporated as part of siting and design of the development to maintain or enhance water quality to achieve the environmental values and water quality objectives outlined in the Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 2009.	
	AO6.4 Development avoids the disturbance of acid sulfate soils, or where it is demonstrated that this is not possible, the disturbance of acid sulfate soils is carefully managed to minimise and mitigate the adverse effects of disturbance on coastal resources. And AO6.5 Design and siting of development protects and retains identified ecological values and underlying ecosystem processes within the development site to the greatest extent practicable.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO7 Development is to maintain access to and along the foreshore for general public access.	AO7.1 Development provides for regular access points for pedestrians including approved walking tracks, boardwalks and viewing platforms. and AO7.2 Development provides for regular access points for vehicles including approved roads and tracks. or AO7.3 Development demonstrates an alternative solution to achieve an equivalent standard of performance.	Not applicable
PO8 Public access to the coast is appropriately located, designed and operated.	AO8.1 Development maintains or enhances public access to the coast. Or AO8.2 Development is located adjacent to state coastal land or tidal water and minimises and offsets any loss of access to and along the foreshore within 500 metres. or AO8.3 Development adjacent to state coastal land or tidal water demonstrates an alternative solution to achieve an equivalent standard and quality of access.	Not applicable
PO9 Development adjacent to state coastal land or tidal water is located, designed and operated to: (a) maintain existing access to and along the	AO9.1 Development adjacent to state coastal land or tidal water: (a) demonstrates that restrictions to public access	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
foreshore; (b) minimise any loss of access to and along the foreshore, or (c) offset any loss of access to and along the foreshore by providing for enhanced alternative access in the general location.	are necessary for: (i) the safe and secure operation of development; (ii) the maintenance of coastal landforms and coastal habitat; or (b) maintains public access (including public access infrastructure that has been approved by the local government or relevant authority) through the site to the foreshore for: (i) pedestrians via access points including approved walking tracks, boardwalks and viewing platforms; (ii) vehicles via access points including approved roads or tracks.	
	AO9.2 Development adjacent to state coastal land or tidal water: (a) is located and designed to: (i) allow safe unimpeded access to, over, under or around built infrastructure located on, over or along the foreshore, for example through the provision of esplanades or easement corridors to preserve future access; (ii) ensure emergency vehicles can access the area near the development. Or (a) minimises and offsets any loss of access to and along the foreshore within 500m of existing access points and development is located and designed to: (i) allow safe unimpeded access to, over, under	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	or around built infrastructure located on, over or along the foreshore, and (ii) ensure emergency vehicles can access the area near the development	
PO10 Development that involves reconfiguring a lot for urban purposes adjacent to the coast is designed to ensure public access to the coast in consideration of public access demand from a whole-of-community basis and the maintenance of coastal landforms and coastal habitat.	AO10.1 Development complies if consideration of public access demand from a whole-of-community basis and the maintenance of coastal landforms and coastal habitat is undertaken. or AO10.2 Development demonstrates an alternative solution to achieve an equivalent standard and quality of access.	Not applicable
PO11 Development maintains public access to State coastal land by avoiding private marine development attaching to, or extending across, nontidal State coastal land.	AO11 Private marine access structures and other structures such as decks or boardwalks for private use do not attach to or extend across State coastal land that is situated above high water mark.	Not applicable
PO12 Development in connection with an artificial waterway enhances public access to coastal waters.	AO12 The artificial waterway avoids intersecting with or connection to inundated land or leased land where the passage, use or movement of vessels in water on the land could be restricted or prohibited by the registered proprietor of the inundated land or leased land.	Not applicable
Coastal landscapes, views and vistas		
PO13 Development maintains and / or enhances natural	AO13 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
coastal landscapes, views and vistas.		
PO14 Coastal settlements are consolidated through the concentration of development within the existing urban areas through infill and conserving the natural state of the coastal area outside existing urban areas.	AO14 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies
Private marine development		
PO15 Private marine development is to avoid attaching to, or extending across, non-tidal State coastal land.	Private marine development and other structures such as decks or boardwalks for private use do not attach to, or extend across, State coastal land that is situated above high water mark. Note – For occupation permits or allocations of State land, refer to the Land Act 1994.	Not applicable
PO16 The location and design of private marine development does not adversely affect the safety of members of the public access to the foreshore.	AO16 Private marine development does not involve the erection or placement of any physical barrier preventing existing access, along a public access way to the foreshores.	Not applicable
PO17 Private marine development is of a height and scale and size compatible with the character and amenity of the location.	AO17 Private marine development has regard to: (a) the height, scale and size of the natural features of the immediate surroundings and locality; (b) the height, scale and size of existing buildings or other structures in the immediate surroundings and	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	the locality; (c) if the relevant planning scheme states that desired height, scale or size of buildings or other structures in the immediate surroundings or locality – the stated desired height, scale or size. Note – The prescribed tidal works code in the Coastal Protection and Management Regulation 2003 outlines design and construction requirements that must be complied with.	
PO18 Private marine development avoids adverse impacts on coastal landforms and coastal processes.	AO18 Private marine development does not require the construction of coastal protection works, shoreline or riverbank hardening or dredging for marine access.	Not applicable
For dry land marinas and artificial waterways		
PO19 Dry land marinas and artificial waterways: (a) avoid impacts on coastal resources; (b) do not contribute to the degradation of water quality; (c) do not increase the risk of flooding; (d) do not result in the degradation or loss of MSES; (e) do not result in an adverse change to the tidal prism of the natural waterway to which development is connected. (f) does not involve reclamation of tidal land other than for the purpose of: (i) coastal dependent development, public marine development; or	AO19 No acceptable solutions are prescribed.	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
(ii) community infrastructure, where there is no feasible alternative; or (iii) strategic ports, boat harbours or strategic airports and aviation facilities in accordance with a statutory land use plan; or (iv) coastal protection works or works necessary to protect coastal resources and processes.		



8.2.4 Flood and storm tide hazard overlay code

The purpose of the Flood and storm tide hazard overlay code is to:

- (a) implement the policy direction in the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1 Settlement pattern: Element 3.4.7 Mitigation of hazards;
 - (ii) Theme 6 Infrastructure and transport: Element 3.9.2 Energy.
- (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Flood and storm tide hazard sub-categories.

The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:

- (a) development siting, layout and access responds to the risk of the natural hazard and minimises risk to personal safety;
- (b) development achieves an acceptable or tolerable risk level, based on a fit for purpose risk assessment;
- (c) the development is resilient to natural hazard events by ensuring siting and design accounts for the potential risks of natural hazards to property;
- (d) the development supports, and does not unduly burden disaster management response or recovery capacity and capabilities;
- (e) the development directly, indirectly and cumulatively avoids an unacceptable increase in severity of the natural hazards and does not significantly increase the potential for damage on site or to other properties;
- (f) the development avoids the release of hazardous materials as a result of a natural hazard event;
- (g) natural processes and the protective function of landforms and/or vegetation are maintained in natural hazard areas;
- (h) community infrastructure is located and designed to maintain the required level of functionality during and immediately after a hazard event.



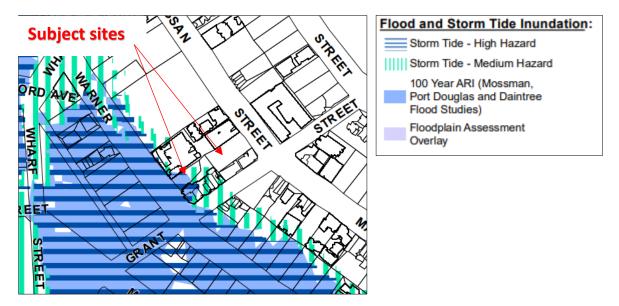


Figure 10: Extract from Flood and Storm Tide Inundation Overlay Map

Table 8.2.4.3.a – Flood and storm tide hazards overlay code –assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
For assessable development and self-assessable dev	For assessable development and self-assessable development		
 PO1 Development is located and designed to: ensure the safety of all persons; minimise damage to the development and contents of buildings; provide suitable amenity; minimise disruption to residents, recovery time, and rebuilding or restoration costs after inundation events. 	AO1.1 Development is sited on parts of the land that is not within the Flood and Storm tide hazards overlay maps contained in Schedule 2; or For dwelling houses, AO1.2	Not applicable for ROL	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Note – For assessable development within the flood plain assessment sub-category, a flood study by a suitably qualified professional is required to identify compliance with the intent of the acceptable outcome.	Development within the Flood and Storm Tide hazards overlay maps (excluding the Flood plain assessment sub-category) is designed to provide immunity to the Defined Inundation Event as outlined within Table 8.2.4.3.b plus a freeboard of 300mm.	
	AO1.3 New buildings are: (a) not located within the overlay area; (b) located on the highest part of the site to minimise entrance of flood waters; (c) provided with clear and direct pedestrian and vehicle evacuation routes off the site. AO1.4 In non urban areas, buildings and infrastructure are set back 50 metres from natural riparian corridors to maintain their natural function of reducing velocity	
	of floodwaters.	
For assessable development		
PO2 The development is compatible with the level of risk associated with the natural hazard.	AO2 The following uses are not located in land inundated by the Defined Flood Event (DFE) / Storm tide: (a) Retirement facility; (b) Community care facility; (c) Child care centre.	Not applicable for ROL
PO3 Development siting and layout responds to flooding	For Material change of use	Not applicable for ROL



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
potential and maintains personal safety	AO3.1 New buildings are: (d) not located within the overlay area; (e) located on the highest part of the site to minimise entrance of flood waters; (f) provided with clear and direct pedestrian and vehicle evacuation routes off the site.	
	AO3.2 The development incorporates an area on site that is at least 300mm above the highest known flood inundation level with sufficient space to accommodate the likely population of the development safely for a relatively short time until flash flooding subsides or people can be evacuated.	
	AO3.3 Where involving an extension to an existing dwelling house that is situated below DFE /Storm tide, the maximum size of the extension does not exceed 70m2 gross floor area. Note – If part of the site is outside the Hazard Overlay area, this is the preferred location of all buildings.	
	For Reconfiguring a lot AO3.4 Additional lots:	Complies No new lots or access ways will be created.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(a) are not located in the hazard overlay area; or(b) are demonstrated to be above the flood level identified for the site.	
	Note - If part of the site is outside the Hazard Overlay area, this is the preferred location for all lots (excluding park or other open space and recreation lots).	
	Note – Buildings subsequently developed on the lots will need to comply with the relevant building assessment provisions under the Building Act 1975.	
	 AO3.5 Road and/or pathway layout ensures residents are not physically isolated from adjacent flood free urban areas and provides a safe and clear evacuation route path: (a) by locating entry points into the reconfiguration above the flood level and avoiding culs-de-sac or other non-permeable layouts; and (b) by direct and simple routes to main carriageways. 	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO3.6 Signage is provided on site (regardless of whether the land is in public or private ownership) indicating the position and path of all safe evacuation routes off the site and if the site contains, or is within 100m of a floodable waterway, hazard warning signage and depth indicators are also provided at key hazard points, such as at floodway crossings or entrances to low-lying reserves. Or AO3.7 There is no intensification of residential uses within the flood affected areas on land situated below the DFE/Storm tide.	Will be complied with
PO4 Development is resilient to flood events by ensuring design and built form account for the potential risks of flooding.	For Material change of use (Residential uses) AO4.1 The design and layout of buildings used for residential purposes minimise risk from flooding by providing: (a) parking and other low intensive, nonhabitable uses at ground level; Note - The high-set 'Queenslander' style house is a resilient low-density housing solution in floodplain areas. Higher density residential development should ensure only nonhabitable rooms (e.g. garages, laundries) are located on the ground floor.	Not applicable for ROL
	For Material change of use (Non-residential uses) AO4.2 Non residential buildings and structures allow for the flow through of flood waters on the ground	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	floor. Note - Businesses should ensure that they have the necessary contingency plans in place to account for the potential need to relocate property prior to a flood event (e.g. allow enough time to transfer stock to the upstairs level of a building or off site). Note - The relevant building assessment provisions under the Building Act 1975 apply to all building work within the Hazard Area and need to take into account the flood potential within the area.	
	 AO4.3 Materials are stored on-site: (a) are those that are readily able to be moved in a flood event; (b) where capable of creating a safety hazard by being shifted by flood waters, are contained in order to minimise movement in times of flood. 	Not applicable for ROL
	Notes — (a) Businesses should ensure that they have the necessary contingency plans in place to account for the potential need to relocate property prior to a flood event (e.g. allow enough time to transfer stock to the upstairs level of a building or off site). (b) Queensland Government Fact Sheet 'Repairing your House after a Flood' provides information about water resilient products and building techniques.	
PO5 Development directly, indirectly and cumulatively avoids any increase in water flow velocity or flood level and does not increase the potential flood damage either on site or on other properties.	For Operational works AO5.1 Works in urban areas associated with the proposed development do not involve: (a) any physical alteration to a watercourse or floodway including vegetation clearing; or	Not applicable for ROL



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Note – Berms and mounds are considered to be an undesirable built form outcome and are not supported.	 (b) a net increase in filling (including berms and mounds). AO5.2 Works (including buildings and earthworks) in non urban areas either: (a) do not involve a net increase in filling greater than 50m3; or (b) do not result in any reductions of on-site flood storage capacity and contain within the subject site any changes to depth/duration/velocity of flood waters; or (c) do not change flood characteristics outside the subject site in ways that result in: (i) loss of flood storage; (ii) loss of/changes to flow paths; (iii) acceleration or retardation of flows or any reduction in flood warning times elsewhere on the flood plain. 	
	For Material change of use AO5.3 Where development is located in an area affected by DFE/Storm tide, a hydraulic and hydrology report, prepared by a suitably qualified professional, demonstrates that the development maintains the flood storage capacity on the subject site; and (g) does not increase the volume, velocity, concentration of flow path alignment of stormwater flow across sites upstream, downstream or in the general vicinity of the	Not applicable for ROL



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	subject site; and (h) does not increase ponding on sites upstream, downstream or in the general vicinity of the subject site.	
	For Material change of use and Reconfiguring a lot AO5.4 In non urban areas, buildings and infrastructure are set back 50 metres from natural riparian corridors to maintain their natural function of reducing velocity of floodwaters. Note – Fences and irrigation infrastructure (e.g. irrigation tape) in rural areas should be managed to minimise adverse the impacts that they may have on downstream properties in the event of a flood.	Not applicable The development is within an urban area.
PO6 Development avoids the release of hazardous materials into floodwaters.	For Material change of use AO6.1 Materials manufactured or stored on site are not hazardous or noxious, or comprise materials that may cause a detrimental effect on the environment if discharged in a flood event; Or AO6.2 If a DFE level is adopted, structures used for the	Not applicable for ROL
	manufacture or storage of hazardous materials are: (a) located above the DFE level; or (b) designed to prevent the intrusion of floodwaters.	
	AO6.3	Not applicable for ROL



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Infrastructure is designed and constructed to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces as a result of inundation by the DFE.	
	AO6.4 If a flood level is not adopted, hazardous materials and their manufacturing equipment are located on the highest part of the site to enhance flood immunity and designed to prevent the intrusion of floodwaters. Note – Refer to Work Health and Safety Act 2011 and associated Regulation and Guidelines, the Environmental Protection Act 1994 and the relevant building assessment provisions under the Building Act 1975 for requirements related to the manufacture and storage of hazardous materials.	Not applicable for ROL
PO7 The development supports, and does not unduly burden, disaster management response or recovery capacity and capabilities.	AO7 Development does not: (a) increase the number of people calculated to be at risk of flooding; (b) increase the number of people likely to need evacuation; (c) shorten flood warning times; and (d) impact on the ability of traffic to use evacuation routes, or unreasonably increase traffic volumes on evacuation routes.	Complies
PO8 Development involving community infrastructure: (a) remains functional to serve community need during and immediately after a flood event; (b) is designed, sited and operated to avoid adverse impacts on the community or	AO8.1 The following uses are not located on land inundated during a DFE/Storm tide: (a) community residence; and (b) emergency services; and (c) residential care facility; and	Not applicable The proposed development does not involve community infrastructure or include any of the uses listed.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
environment due to impacts of flooding on infrastructure, facilities or access and egress routes; (c) retains essential site access during a flood event; (d) is able to remain functional even when other infrastructure or services may be compromised in a flood event.	 (d) utility installations involving water and sewerage treatment plants; and (e) storage of valuable records or items of historic or cultural significance (e.g. archives, museums, galleries, libraries). Or AO8.2	
	The following uses are not located on land inundated during a 1% AEP flood event: (a) community and cultural facilities, including facilities where an education and care service under the Education and care Services National law (Queensland) is operated or child care service under the Child Care Act 2002 is conducted, (b) community centres; (c) meeting halls; (d) galleries; (e) libraries.	
	The following uses are not located on land inundated during a 0.5% AEP flood event. (a) emergency shelters; (b) police facilities; (c) sub stations; (d) water treatment plant. The following uses are not located on land inundated during a 0.2% AEP flood event: (a) correctional facilities;	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(b) emergency services;(c) power stations;(d) major switch yards.	
	and/or	
	AO8.3 The following uses have direct access to low hazard evacuation routes as defined in Table 8.2.4.3.c: (a) community residence; and (b) emergency services; and (c) hospitals; and (d) residential care facility; and (e) sub stations; and (f) utility installations involving water and sewerage treatment plants.	
	AO8.4 Any components of infrastructure that are likely to fail to function or may result in contamination when inundated by flood, such as electrical switch gear and motors, telecommunications connections, or water supply pipeline air valves are: (a) located above DFE/Storm tide or the highest known flood level for the site; (b) designed and constructed to exclude floodwater intrusion / infiltration.	
	AO8.5 Infrastructure is designed and constructed to resist hydrostatic and hydrodynamic forces as a result of inundation by a flood.	

ROL (BOUNDARY REALIGNMENT & ACCESS EASEMENT)
20 WARNER ST & 23-25 MACROSSAN ST, PORT DOUGLAS





8.2.10 Transport network overlay code

The purpose of the Transport network overlay code is to:

- (a) implement the policy direction of the Strategic Framework, in particular:
 - (i) Theme 1: Settlement pattern Element 3.4.2 Urban settlement, Element 3.4.3 Activity centres;
 - (ii) Theme 6: Infrastructure and transport Element 3.9.4 Transport;
- (b) enable an assessment of whether development is suitable on land within the Transport network overlay. The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:
- (a) development provides for transport infrastructure (including active transport infrastructure);
- (b) development contributes to a safe and efficient transport network;
- (c) development supports the existing and future role and function of the transport network;
- (d) development does not compromise the safety and efficiency of major transport infrastructure and facilities.



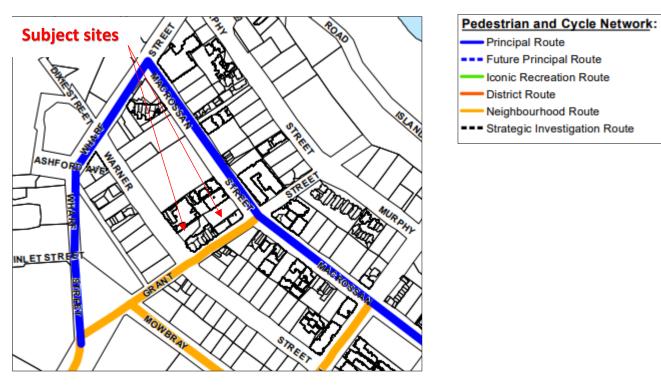


Figure 11: Extract from Transport Network (Pedestrian and Cycle) Overlay Map



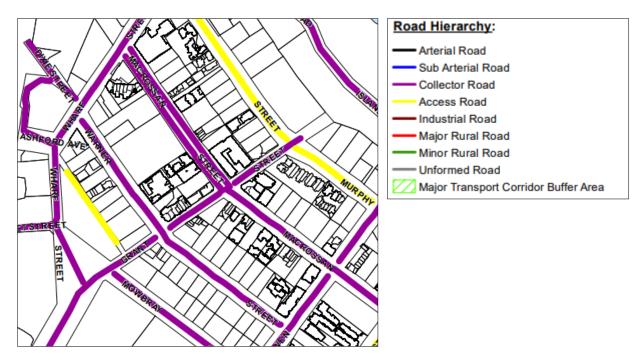


Figure 12: Extract from Transport Network (Road Hierarchy) Overlay Map



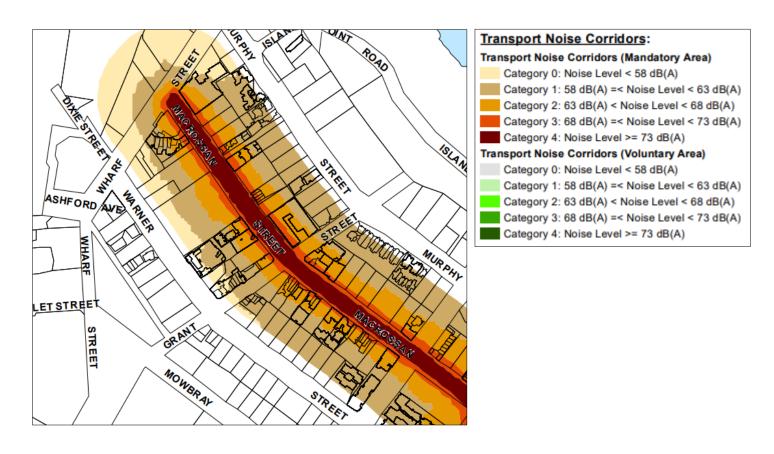


Figure 13: Extract from Transport Network Overlay Map 1:15,000 Map



Table 8.2.10.3.a – Transport network overlay code – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For assessable development		
PO1 Development supports the road hierarchy for the region. Note -A Traffic impact assessment report prepared in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.10 - Parking and access is one way to demonstrate achievement of the Performance Outcomes.	AO1.1 Development is compatible with the intended role and function of the transport network as identified on the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2.	Complies The proposed ROL does not affect the existing development on the Macrossan St site.
	AO1.2 Development does not compromise the safety and efficiency of the transport network.	Complies Access to the Macrossan St site is via an existing crossover and shared access easement from Warner Street. The proposed ROL includes the creation of a new access easement with reciprocal benefit to each lot, ensuring access to Macrossan Street site is maintained as existing. The development will not compromise the safety and efficiency of the transport network.
	AO1.3 Development is designed to provide access via the lowest order road, where legal and practicable access can be provided to that road.	Complies The sites are only accessible from Warner Street.
PO2 Transport infrastructure is provided in an integrated and timely manner. Note - A Traffic impact assessment report prepared in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.10 - Parking and access is one way to demonstrate achievement of the Performance Outcomes.	AO2 Development provides infrastructure (including improvements to existing infrastructure) in accordance with: (a) the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2; (b) any relevant Local Plan. Note – The Translink Public Transport Infrastructure Manual	Not applicable Access to the development sites is via an existing crossover and shared access easement.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	provides guidance on the design of public transport facilities.	
PO3 Development involving sensitive land uses within a major transport corridor buffer area is located, designed and maintained to avoid or mitigate adverse impacts on amenity for the sensitive land use.	AO3 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed. Note – Part 4.4 of the Queensland Development Code provides requirements for residential building design in a designated transport noise corridor.	Not applicable for ROL
PO4 Development does not compromise the intended role and function or safety and efficiency of major transport corridors.	AO4.1 Development is compatible with the role and function (including the future role and function) of major transport corridors.	Complies The development site does not directly access a major transport corridor.
Note - A Traffic impact assessment report prepared in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.10 - Parking and access is one way to demonstrate achievement of the Performance Outcomes.	AO4.2 Direct access is not provided to a major transport corridor where legal and practical access from another road is available.	Complies
	AO4.3 Intersection and access points associated with major transport corridors are located in accordance with: (a) the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2; and (b) any relevant Local Plan.	Complies
	AO4.4 The layout of development and the design of the associated access is compatible with existing and future boundaries of the major transport corridor or major transport facility.	Complies The development site does not access a major transport corridor.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO5 Development retains and enhances existing vegetation between a development and a major transport corridor, so as to provide screening to potential noise, dust, odour and visual impacts emanating from the corridor.	AO5 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Complies Existing vegetation between the site and major transport corridor will be retained.
Pedestrian and cycle network		
PO6 Lot reconfiguration assists in the implementation of the pedestrian and cycle movement network to achieve safe, attractive and efficient pedestrian and cycle networks.	AO6.1 Where a lot is subject to, or adjacent to an element of the pedestrian and cycle Movement network (identified on the Transport network overlay maps contained in Schedule 2) the specific location of this element of the pedestrian and cycle network is incorporated in the design of the lot layout.	Not applicable The proposed ROL will not affect the pedestrian and cycle movement network.
	AO6.2 The element of the pedestrian and cycle network is constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D4 and D5 of the Planning scheme policy SC6.5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Not applicable



9.4.1 Access, parking and servicing code

The purpose of the Access, parking and servicing code is to assess the suitability of access, parking and associated servicing aspects of a development.

- (a) sufficient vehicle parking is provided on-site to cater for all types of vehicular traffic accessing and parking on-site, including staff, guests, patrons, residents and short term delivery vehicles;
- (b) sufficient bicycle parking and end of trip facilities are provided on-site to cater for customer and service staff;
- (c) on-site parking is provided so as to be accessible and convenient, particularly for any short term uses;
- (d) development provides walking and cycle routes through the site which link the development to the external walking and cycling network;
- (e) the provision of on-site parking, loading / unloading facilities and the provision of access to the site do not impact on the efficient function of street network or on the area in which the development is located;
- (f) new vehicular access points are safely located and are not in conflict with the preferred ultimate streetscape character and local character and do not unduly disrupt any current or future on-street parking arrangements.

Table 9.4.1.3.a – Access, parking and servicing code – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
For self-assessable and assessable development	For self-assessable and assessable development		
PO1 Sufficient on-site car parking is provided to cater for the amount and type of vehicle traffic expected to be generated by the use or uses of the site, having particular regard to: (a) the desired character of the area; (b) the nature of the particular use and its specific characteristics and scale; (c) the number of employees and the likely	AO1.1 The minimum number of on-site vehicle parking spaces is not less than the number prescribed in Table 9.4.1.3.b for that particular use or uses. Note - Where the number of spaces calculated from the table is not a whole number, the number of spaces provided is the next highest whole number.	Complies The proposed ROL will excise part of the existing carparking area for 23-25 Macrossan Street, which will reduce the number of on-site carparking spaces for the Macrossan St site to 12 spaces. The carparking required under the current planning scheme is for 12 spaces. Therefore, sufficient number of carparking can be retained on the Macrossan St site.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
number of visitors to the site; (d) the level of local accessibility; (e) the nature and frequency of any public transport serving the area; (f) whether or not the use involves the retention	AO1.2 Car parking spaces are freely available for the parking of vehicles at all times and are not used for external storage purposes, the display of products or rented/sub-leased.	Complies The carparking on site is dedicated solely for carparking purposes.
of an existing building and the previous requirements for car parking for the building (g) whether or not the use involves a heritage building or place of local significance; (h) whether or not the proposed use involves the	AO1.3 Parking for motorcycles is substituted for ordinary vehicle parking to a maximum level of 2% of total ordinary vehicle parking.	Not applicable
retention of significant vegetation.	AO1.4 For parking areas exceeding 50 spaces parking, is provided for recreational vehicles as a substitute for ordinary vehicle parking to a maximum of 5% of total ordinary vehicle parking rate.	Not applicable
PO2 Vehicle parking areas are designed and constructed in accordance with relevant standards.	AO2 Vehicle parking areas are designed and constructed in accordance with Australian Standard: (a) AS2890.1; (b) AS2890.3; (c) AS2890.6.	Complies
PO3 Access points are designed and constructed: (a) to operate safely and efficiently; (b) to accommodate the anticipated type and volume of vehicles (c) to provide for shared vehicle (including cyclists) and pedestrian use, where appropriate;	AO3.1 Access is limited to one access cross over per site and is an access point located, designed and constructed in accordance with: (a) Australian Standard AS2890.1; (b) Planning scheme policy SC6.5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual - access crossovers.	Complies The development does not propose any changes to the existing access from Warner Street.
(d) so that they do not impede traffic or	AO3.2	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
pedestrian movement on the adjacent road area; (e) so that they do not adversely impact upon existing intersections or future road or intersection improvements; (f) so that they do not adversely impact current and future on-street parking arrangements; (g) so that they do not adversely impact on existing services within the road reserve adjacent to the site;	Access, including driveways or access crossovers: (a) are not placed over an existing: (i) telecommunications pit; (ii) stormwater kerb inlet; (iii) sewer utility hole; (iv) water valve or hydrant. (b) are designed to accommodate any adjacent footpath; (c) adhere to minimum sight distance requirements in accordance with AS2980.1.	The development does not propose any changes to the existing access point from Warner Street.
(h) so that they do not involve ramping, cutting of the adjoining road reserve or any built structures (other than what may be necessary to cross over a stormwater channel).	 AO3.3 Driveways are: (a) designed to follow as closely as possible to the existing contours, but are no steeper than the gradients outlined in Planning scheme policy SC6.5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; (b) constructed such that where there is a grade shift to 1 in 4 (25%), there is an area with a grade of no more than 1 in in 6 (16.6%) prior to this area, for a distance of at least 5 metres; (c) on gradients greater than 1 in 6 (16.6%) driveways are constructed to ensure the crossfall of the driveway is one way and directed into the hill, for vehicle safety and drainage purposes; (d) constructed such that the transitional change in grade from the road to the lot is fully contained within the lot and not within the road reserve; (e) designed to include all necessary associated 	Complies The development does not propose any changes to the existing driveway access. A reciprocal access easement is proposed to ensure access to the Macrossan St site is maintained.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	drainage that intercepts and directs storm water runoff to the storm water drainage system.	
	AO3.4 Surface construction materials are consistent with the current or intended future streetscape or character of the area and contrast with the surface construction materials of any adjacent footpath.	Complies
PO4 Sufficient on-site wheel chair accessible car parking spaces are provided and are identified and reserved for such purposes.	AO4 The number of on-site wheel chair accessible car parking spaces complies with the rates specified in AS2890 Parking Facilities.	Complies
PO5 Access for people with disabilities is provided to the building from the parking area and from the street.	AO5 Access for people with disabilities is provided in accordance with the relevant Australian Standard.	Complies
PO6 Sufficient on-site bicycle parking is provided to cater for the anticipated demand generated by the development.	AO6 The number of on-site bicycle parking spaces complies with the rates specified in Table 9.4.1.3.b.	Complies Sufficient space is available on the site to accommodate bicycle parking.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO7 Development provides secure and convenient bicycle parking which: (a) for visitors is obvious and located close to the building's main entrance; (b) for employees is conveniently located to provide secure and convenient access between the bicycle storage area, end-of-trip facilities and the main area of the building; (c) is easily and safely accessible from outside the site.	AO7.1 Development provides bicycle parking spaces for employees which are co-located with end-of-trip facilities (shower cubicles and lockers); AO7.2 Development ensures that the location of visitor bicycle parking is discernible either by direct view or using signs from the street. AO7.3 Development provides visitor bicycle parking which does not impede pedestrian movement.	Not applicable for ROL
PO8 Development provides walking and cycle routes through the site which: (a) link to the external network and pedestrian and cyclist destinations such as schools, shopping centres, open space, public transport stations, shops and local activity centres along the safest, most direct and convenient routes; (b) encourage walking and cycling; (c) ensure pedestrian and cyclist safety.	AO8 Development provides walking and cycle routes which are constructed on the carriageway or through the site to: (a) create a walking or cycle route along the full frontage of the site; (b) connect to public transport and existing cycle and walking routes at the frontage or boundary of the site.	Complies Walking and cycle routes exist along Macrossan and Warner Streets.
PO9 Access, internal circulation and on-site parking for service vehicles are designed and constructed: (a) in accordance with relevant standards; (b) so that they do not interfere with the amenity	AO9.1 Access driveways, vehicle manoeuvring and onsite parking for service vehicles are designed and constructed in accordance with AS2890.1 and AS2890.2.	Can be complied with
of the surrounding area; (c) so that they allow for the safe and convenient movement of pedestrians, cyclists and other	AO9.2 Service and loading areas are contained fully within the site.	Complies Parking for service vehicles is provided within the Macrossan Street site.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
vehicles.	AO9.3 The movement of service vehicles and service operations are designed so they: (a) do not impede access to parking spaces; (b) do not impede vehicle or pedestrian traffic movement.	Complies The proposed ROL will not change the existing access arrangements, and a reciprocal access easement will ensure this is retained.
PO10 Sufficient queuing and set down areas are provided to accommodate the demand generated by the development.	AO10.1 Development provides adequate area on-site for vehicle queuing to accommodate the demand generated by the development where drive through facilities or drop-off/pick-up services are proposed as part of the use, including, but not limited to, the following land uses: (a) car wash; (b) child care centre; (c) educational establishment where for a school; (d) food and drink outlet, where including a drivethrough facility; (e) hardware and trade supplies, where including a drive-through facility; (f) hotel, where including a drive-through facility; (g) service station.	Not applicable
	AO10.2 Queuing and set-down areas are designed and constructed in accordance with AS2890.1.	Not applicable



9.4.3 Environmental performance code

The purpose of the Environmental performance code is to ensure development is designed and operated to avoid or mitigate impacts on sensitive receiving environments.

- (a) activities that have potential to cause an adverse impact on amenity of adjacent and surrounding land, or environmental harm is avoided through location, design and operation of the development;
- (b) sensitive land uses are protected from amenity related impacts of lighting, odour, airborne particles and noise, through design and operation of the development;
- (c) stormwater flowing over, captured or discharged from development sites is of a quality adequate to enter receiving waters and downstream environments;
- (d) development contributes to the removal and ongoing management of weed species.

Table 9.4.3.3.a – Environmental performance code – assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
Lighting	Lighting		
PO1 Lighting incorporated within development does not cause an adverse impact on the amenity of adjacent uses and nearby sensitive land uses.	AO1.1 Technical parameters, design, installation, operation and maintenance of outdoor lighting comply with the requirements of Australian standard AS4282-1997 Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting.	Not applicable for ROL	
	AO1.2 Development that involves flood lighting is restricted to a type that gives no upward component of light where mounted horizontally.	Not applicable for ROL	
	AO1.3	Complies	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Access, car parking and manoeuvring areas are designed to shield nearby residential premises from impacts of vehicle headlights.	
Noise		
PO2 Potential noise generated from the development is avoided through design, location and operation of the activity. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	AO2.1 Development does not involve activities that would cause noise related environmental harm or nuisance; or AO2.2 Development ensures noise does not emanate from the site through the use of materials, structures and architectural features to not cause an adverse noise impact on adjacent uses.	Not applicable for ROL
	AO2.3 The design and layout of development ensures car parking areas avoid noise impacting directly on adjacent sensitive land uses through one or more of the following: (a) car parking is located away from adjacent sensitive land uses; (b) car parking is enclosed within a building; (c) a noise ameliorating fence or structure is established adjacent to car parking areas where the fence or structure will not have a visual amenity impact on the adjoining premises; (d) buffered with dense landscaping.	Complies Access, parking and manoeuvring areas will remain unchanged on the Macrossan St site.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Editor's note - The Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 2008, Schedule 1 provides guidance on acoustic quality objectives to ensure environmental harm (including nuisance) is avoided.	
Airborne particles and other emissions		
PO3 Potential airborne particles and emissions generated from the development are avoided through design, location and operation of the activity. Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	AO3.1 Development does not involve activities that will result in airborne particles or emissions being generated; or AO3.2 The design, layout and operation of the development activity ensures that no airborne particles or emissions cause environmental harm or nuisance. Note - examples of activities which generally cause airborne particles include spray painting, abrasive blasting, manufacturing activities and car wash facilities. Examples of emissions include exhaust ventilation from basement or enclosed parking structures, air conditioning/refrigeration ventilation and exhaustion. The Environmental Protection (Air) Policy 2008, Schedule 1 provides guidance on air quality objectives to ensure environmental harm (including nuisance) is avoided.	Not applicable for ROL
Odours		
PO4 Potential odour causing activities associated with the development are avoided through design, location and operation of the activity.	AO4.1 The development does not involve activities that create odorous emissions; or	Not applicable for ROL



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	AO4.2 The use does not result in odour that causes environmental harm or nuisance with respect to surrounding land uses.	
Waste and recyclable material storage		
PO5 Waste and recyclable material storage facilities are located and maintained to not cause adverse impacts on adjacent uses.	AO5.1 The use ensures that all putrescent waste is stored in a manner that prevents odour nuisance and is disposed of at regular intervals.	Not applicable for ROL
Note – Planning Scheme Policy SC6.4 – Environmental management plans provides guidance on preparing a report to demonstrate compliance with the purpose and outcomes of the code.	Waste and recyclable material storage facilities are located, designed and maintained to not cause an adverse impact on users of the premises and adjacent uses through consideration of: (a) the location of the waste and recyclable material storage areas in relation to the noise and odour generated; (b) the number of receptacles provided in relation to the collection, maintenance and use of the receptacles; (c) the durability of the receptacles, sheltering and potential impacts of local climatic conditions; (d) the ability to mitigate spillage, seepage or leakage from receptacles into adjacent areas and sensitive receiving waters and environments. Editor's note - the Environmental Protection (Waste Management) Policy 2008 provides guidance on the design of waste containers (receptacles) to ensure environmental harm	Complies



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	(including nuisance) is avoided.	
Sensitive land use activities		
PO6 Sensitive land use activities are not established in areas which will receive potentially incompatible impacts on amenity from surrounding, existing development activities and land uses.	AO6.1 Sensitive land use activities are not established in areas that will be adversely impacted upon by existing land uses, activities and potential development possible in an area; or AO6.2 Sensitive land activities are located in areas where potential adverse amenity impacts mitigate all potential impacts through layout, design, operation and maintenance.	Not applicable for ROL
Stormwater quality		
The quality of stormwater flowing over, through or being discharged from development activities into watercourses and drainage lines is of adequate quality for downstream environments, with respect to: (a) the amount and type of pollutants borne from the activity; (b) maintaining natural stream flows; (c) the amount and type of site disturbance; (d) site management and control measures.	AO7.1 Development activities are designed to ensure stormwater over roofed and hard stand areas is directed to a lawful point of discharge.	Not applicable for ROL
	AO7.2 Development ensures movement of stormwater over the site is not impeded or directed through potentially polluting activities.	Not applicable for ROL
	AO7.3 Soil and water control measures are incorporated into the activity's design and operation to control sediment and erosion potentially entering	Not applicable for ROL



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	watercourses, drainage lines and downstream receiving waters. Note - Planning scheme policy - FNQROC Regional Development Manual provides guidance on soil and water control measures to meet the requirements of the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i> . During construction phases of development, contractors and builders are to have consideration in their work methods and	
	site preparation for their environmental duty to protect stormwater quality.	
Pest plants (for material change of use on vacant lar	nd over 1,000m2)	
PO8 Development activities and sites provide for the removal of all pest plants and implement ongoing measures to ensure that pest plants do not reinfest the site or nearby sites. Editor's note - This does not remove or replace all land owner's obligations or responsibilities under the Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002.	AO8.1 The land is free of declared pest plants before development establishes new buildings, structures and practices; or AO8.2 Pest plants detected on a development site are removed in accordance with a management plan prepared by an appropriately qualified person prior to construction of buildings and structures or earthworks. Note - A declaration from an appropriately qualified person validates the land being free from pest plants.	Will Be complied with
	Declared pest plants include locally declared and State declared pest plants.	



9.4.4 Filling and excavation code

The purpose of the Filling and excavation code is to assess the suitability of development for filling or excavation.

- (a) filling or excavation does not impact on the character or amenity of the site and surrounding areas;
- (b) filling and excavation does not adversely impact on the environment;
- (c) filling and excavation does not impact on water quality or drainage of upstream, downstream or adjoining properties;
- (d) filling and excavation is designed to be fit for purpose and does not create land stability issues;
- (e) filling and excavation works do not involve complex engineering solutions.

Table 9.4.4.3.a - Filling and excavation code - for self-assessable and assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
For self-assessable and assessable development		
Filling and excavation - General		
PO1 All filling and excavation work does not create a detrimental impact on the slope stability, erosion potential or visual amenity of the site or the surrounding area.	AO1.1 The height of cut and/or fill, whether retained or not, does not exceed 2 metres in height. and Cuts in excess of those stated in A1.1 above are separated by benches/ terraces with a minimum width of 1.2 metres that incorporate drainage provisions and screen planting.	Complies The ROL does not require any filling or excavation works.
	AO1.2 Cuts are supported by batters, retaining or rock walls and associated benches/terraces are capable of supporting mature vegetation.	Not applicable Cuts, batters, berms and terraces are not required.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO1.3 Cuts are screened from view by the siting of the building/structure, wherever possible.	Not applicable As above
	AO1.4 Topsoil from the site is retained from cuttings and reused on benches/terraces.	Not applicable As above
	AO1.5 No crest of any cut or toe of any fill, or any part of any retaining wall or structure is closer than 600mm to any boundary of the property, unless the prior written approval of the adjoining landowner has been obtained.	Not applicable As above
	AO1.6 Non-retained cut and/or fill on slopes are stabilised and protected against scour and erosion by suitable measures, such as grassing, landscaping or other protective/aesthetic measures.	Not applicable As above
Visual Impact and Site Stability		
PO2 Filling and excavation are carried out in such a manner that the visual/scenic amenity of the area and the privacy and stability of adjoining properties is not compromised.	AO2.1 The extent of filling and excavation does not exceed 40% of the site area, or 500m2 whichever is the lesser, except that AO2.1 does not apply to reconfiguration of 5 lots or more.	Complies The development does not require filling or excavation.
	AO2.2 Filling and excavation does not occur within 2 metres of the site boundary.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Flooding and drainage		
PO3 Filling and excavation does not result in a change to the run off characteristics of a site which then have a detrimental impact on the site or nearby land or adjacent road reserves.	AO3.1 Filling and excavation does not result in the ponding of water on a site or adjacent land or road reserves.	Not applicable Filling and excavation is not required.
	AO3.2 Filling and excavation does not result in an increase in the flow of water across a site or any other land or road reserves.	As above
	AO3.3 Filling and excavation does not result in an increase in the volume of water or concentration of water in a watercourse and overland flow paths.	As above
	AO3.4 Filling and excavation complies with the specifications set out in Planning Scheme Policy No SC5 – FNQROC Development Manual.	As above
Water quality		
PO4 Filling and excavation does not result in a reduction of the water quality of receiving waters.	AO4 Water quality is maintained to comply with the specifications set out in Planning Scheme Policy No SC5 – FNQROC Development Manual.	Not applicable
Infrastructure		
PO5 Excavation and filling does not impact on Public Utilities.	AO5 Excavation and filling is clear of the zone of influence of public utilities.	Not applicable There are no public utilities on the site.

ROL (BOUNDARY REALIGNMENT & ACCESS EASEMENT)
20 WARNER ST & 23-25 MACROSSAN ST, PORT DOUGLAS





9.4.5 Infrastructure works code

The purpose of the Infrastructure works code is to ensure that development is safely and efficiently serviced by, and connected to, infrastructure.

- (a) the standards of water supply, waste water treatment and disposal, stormwater drainage, local electricity supply, telecommunications, footpaths and road construction meet the needs of development and are safe and efficient;
- (b) development maintains high environmental standards;
- (c) development is located, designed, constructed and managed to avoid or minimise impacts arising from altered stormwater quality or flow, wastewater discharge, and the creation of non-tidal artificial waterways;
- (d) the integrity of existing infrastructure is maintained;
- (e) development does not detract from environmental values or the desired character and amenity of an area.

Table 9.4.5.3.a – Infrastructure works code –assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
For self-assessable and assessable development	For self-assessable and assessable development		
Works on a local government road			
PO1 Works on a local government road do not adversely impact on footpaths or existing infrastructure within the road verge and maintain the flow, safety and efficiency of pedestrians, cyclists and vehicles.	AO1.1 Footpaths/pathways are located in the road verge and are provided for the hierarchy of the road and located and designed and constructed in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.		
	AO1.2 Kerb ramp crossovers are constructed in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC 5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	Not applicable Existing access driveway will be retained.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO1.3 New pipes, cables, conduits or other similar infrastructure required to cross existing footpaths: (a) are installed via trenchless methods; or (b) where footpath infrastructure is removed to install infrastructure, the new section of footpath is installed to the standard detailed in the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, and is not less than a 1.2 metre section.	Not applicable
	 AO1.4 Where existing footpaths are damaged as a result of development, footpaths are reinstated ensuring: (a) similar surface finishes are used; (b) there is no change in level at joins of new and existing sections; (c) new sections are matched to existing in terms of dimension and reinforcement. Note - Figure 9.4.5.3.a provides guidance on meeting the outcomes. 	Not applicable / Will be complied with
	AO1.5 Decks, verandahs, stairs, posts and other structures located in the road reserve do not restrict or impede pedestrian movement on footpaths or change the level of the road verges.	Not applicable
Accessibility structures		
PO2 Development is designed to ensure it is accessible for people of all abilities and accessibility features	AO2.1 Accessibility structures are not located within the road reserve.	Complies



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
do not impact on the efficient and safe use of footpaths.	AO2.2 Accessibility structures are designed in accordance with AS1428.3.	Not applicable for ROL
Note – Accessibility features are those features required to ensure access to premises is provided for people of all abilities and include ramps and lifts.	AO2.3 When retrofitting accessibility features in existing buildings, all structures and changes in grade are contained within the boundaries of the lot and not within the road reserve.	Not applicable for ROL
Water supply		
PO3 An adequate, safe and reliable supply of potable, fire fighting and general use water is provided.	AO3.1 The premises is connected to Council's reticulated water supply system in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D6 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or AO3.2 Where a reticulated water supply system is not available to the premises, on site water storage tank/s with a minimum capacity of 10,000 litres of stored water, with a minimum 7,500 litre tank, with the balance from other sources (e.g. accessible swimming pool, dam etc.) and access to the tank/s for fire trucks is provided for each new house or other development. Tank/s are to be fitted with a	Complies / Will be complied with
	50mm ball valve with a camlock fitting and installed and connected prior to occupation of the house and sited to be visually unobtrusive.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
Treatment and disposal of effluent		
PO4 Provision is made for the treatment and disposal of effluent to ensure that there are no adverse impacts on water quality and no adverse ecological impacts as a result of the system or as a result of increasing the cumulative effect of systems in the locality.	AO4.1 The site is connected to Council's sewerage system and the extension of or connection to the sewerage system is designed and constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D7 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual; or AO4.2 Where not in a sewerage scheme area, the proposed disposal system meets the requirements of Section 33 of the Environmental Protection Policy (Water) 1997 and the proposed on site effluent disposal system is designed in accordance with the Plumbing and Drainage Act (2002).	Complies / Will be complied with
Stormwater quality		
PO5 Development is planned, designed, constructed and operated to avoid or minimise adverse impacts on stormwater quality in natural and developed catchments by: (a) achieving stormwater quality objectives; (b) protecting water environmental values; (c) maintaining waterway hydrology.	AO5.1 A connection is provided from the premises to Council's drainage system; or AO5.2 An underground drainage system is constructed to convey stormwater from the premises to Council's drainage system in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D4 and D5 of the	Not applicable for ROL



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	
	AO5.3 A stormwater quality management plan is prepared, and provides for achievable stormwater quality treatment measures meeting design objectives listed in Table 9.4.5.3.b and Table 9.4.5.3.c, reflecting land use constraints, such as: (a) erosive, dispersive and/or saline soil types; (b) landscape features (including landform); (c) acid sulfate soil and management of nutrients of concern; (d) rainfall erosivity.	Not applicable
	AO5.4 Erosion and sediment control practices are designed, installed, constructed, monitored, maintained, and carried out in accordance with an erosion and sediment control plan.	Not applicable No works are required for the ROL.
	AO5.5 Development incorporates stormwater flow control measures to achieve the design objectives set out in Table 9.4.5.3.b and Table 9.4.5.3.c, including management of frequent flows, peak flows, and construction phase hydrological impacts.	Not applicable
	Note – Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual provides guidance on soil and water control measures to meet the requirements of the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i> . Note – During construction phases of development, contractors	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	and builders are to have consideration in their work methods and site preparation for their environmental duty to protect stormwater quality.	
Non-tidal artificial waterways		
PO6 Development involving non-tidal artificial waterways is planned, designed, constructed and operated to: (a) protect water environmental values; (b) be compatible with the land use constraints for the site for protecting water environmental values; (c) be compatible with existing tidal and non-tidal waterways; (d) perform a function in addition to stormwater management; (e) achieve water quality objectives.	AO6.1 Development involving non-tidal artificial waterways ensures: (a) environmental values in downstream waterways are protected; (b) any ground water recharge areas are not affected; (c) the location of the waterway incorporates low lying areas of the catchment connected to an existing waterway; (d) existing areas of ponded water are included.	Not applicable The proposed development does not involve non-tidal artificial waterways.
	AO6.2 Non-tidal artificial waterways are located: (a) outside natural wetlands and any associated buffer areas; (b) to minimise disturbing soils or sediments; (c) to avoid altering the natural hydrologic regime in acid sulfate soil and nutrient hazardous areas.	Not applicable
	AO6.3 Non-tidal artificial waterways located adjacent to, or connected to a tidal waterway by means of a weir, lock, pumping system or similar ensures: (a) there is sufficient flushing or a tidal range of >0.3 m; or (b) any tidal flow alteration does not adversely	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	impact on the tidal waterway; or (c) there is no introduction of salt water into freshwater environments.	
	AO6.4 Non-tidal artificial waterways are designed and managed for any of the following end-use purposes: (a) amenity (including aesthetics), landscaping or recreation; or (b) flood management, in accordance with a drainage catchment management plan; or (c) stormwater harvesting plan as part of an integrated water cycle management plan; or (d) aquatic habitat.	Not applicable
	AO6.5 The end-use purpose of the non-tidal artificial waterway is designed and operated in a way that protects water environmental values.	Not applicable
	AO6.6 Monitoring and maintenance programs adaptively manage water quality to achieve relevant water quality objectives downstream of the waterway.	Not applicable
	AO6.7 Aquatic weeds are managed to achieve a low percentage of coverage of the water surface area, and pests and vectors are managed through design and maintenance.	Not applicable
Wastewater discharge		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
PO7 Discharge of wastewater to waterways, or off site: (a) meets best practice environmental management; (b) is treated to: (i) meet water quality objectives for its receiving waters; (ii) avoid adverse impact on ecosystem health or waterway health; (iii) maintain ecological processes, riparian vegetation and waterway integrity; (iv) offset impacts on high ecological value waters.	AO7.1 A wastewater management plan is prepared and addresses: (a) wastewater type; (b) climatic conditions; (c) water quality objectives; (d) best practice environmental management. AO7.2 The waste water management plan is managed in accordance with a waste management hierarchy that: (a) avoids wastewater discharge to waterways; or (b) if wastewater discharge cannot practicably be	Not applicable Not applicable
	avoided, minimises wastewater discharge to waterways by re-use, recycling, recovery and treatment for disposal to sewer, surface water and ground water.	
	AO7.3 Wastewater discharge is managed to avoid or minimise the release of nutrients of concern so as to minimise the occurrence, frequency and intensity of algal blooms.	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Development in coastal catchments avoids or minimises and appropriately manages soil disturbance or altering natural hydrology and: (a) avoids lowering ground water levels where potential or actual acid sulfate soils are present; (b) manages wastewater so that: (i) the pH of any wastewater discharges is maintained between 6.5 and 8.5 to avoid mobilisation of acid, iron, aluminium and other metals; (ii) holding times of neutralised wastewater ensures the flocculation and removal of any dissolved iron prior to release; (iii) visible iron floc is not present in any discharge; (iv) precipitated iron floc is contained and disposed of; (v) wastewater and precipitates that cannot be contained and treated for discharge on site are removed and disposed of through trade waste or another lawful method.	Not applicable
Electricity supply		
PO8 Development is provided with a source of power that will meet its energy needs.	AO8.1 A connection is provided from the premises to the electricity distribution network; or	Complies The premises will be connected to the electricity distribution network.
	AO8.2	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	The premises is connected to the electricity distribution network in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Section D8 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual. Note - Areas north of the Daintree River have a different standard.	
PO9 Development incorporating pad-mount electricity infrastructure does not cause an adverse impact on amenity.	AO9.1 Pad-mount electricity infrastructure is: (a) not located in land for open space or sport and recreation purposes; (b) screened from view by landscaping or fencing; (c) accessible for maintenance.	Not applicable
	AO9.2 Pad-mount electricity infrastructure within a building, in a Town Centre is designed and located to enable an active street frontage. Note – Pad-mounts in buildings in activity centres should not be located on the street frontage.	Not applicable
Telecommunications		
PO10 Development is connected to a telecommunications service approved by the relevant telecommunication regulatory authority.	AO10 The development is connected to telecommunications infrastructure in accordance with the standards of the relevant regulatory authority.	Complies / Will be complied with
PO11 Provision is made for future telecommunications	AO11 Conduits are provided in accordance with Planning	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
services (e.g. fibre optic cable).	scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	
Road construction		
PO12 The road to the frontage of the premises is constructed to provide for the safe and efficient movement of: (a) pedestrians and cyclists to and from the site; (b) pedestrians and cyclists adjacent to the site; (c) vehicles on the road adjacent to the site; (d) vehicles to and from the site; (e) emergency vehicles.	AO12.1 The road to the frontage of the site is constructed in accordance with the Design Guidelines set out in Sections D1 and D3 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual, for the particular class of road, as identified in the road hierarchy.	Not applicable for ROL
	AO12.2 There is existing road, kerb and channel for the full road frontage of the site.	Not applicable for ROL
	AO12.3 Road access minimum clearances of 3.5 metres wide and 4.8 metres high are provided for the safe passage of emergency vehicles.	Not applicable Existing access will be retained.
Alterations and repairs to public utility services		
PO13 Infrastructure is integrated with, and efficiently extends, existing networks.	AO13 Development is designed to allow for efficient connection to existing infrastructure networks.	Will be complied with
PO14 Development and works do not affect the efficient functioning of public utility mains, services or installations.	AO14.1 Public utility mains, services and installations are not required to be altered or repaired as a result of the development; or	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO14.2 Public utility mains, services and installations are altered or repaired in association with the works so that they continue to function and satisfy the relevant Design Guidelines set out in Section D8 of the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual.	
Construction management		
PO15 Work is undertaken in a manner which minimises adverse impacts on vegetation that is to be retained.	Works include, at a minimum: (a) installation of protective fencing around retained vegetation during construction; (b) erection of advisory signage; (c) no disturbance, due to earthworks or storage of plant, materials and equipment, of ground level and soils below the canopy of any retained vegetation; (d) removal from the site of all declared noxious weeds.	Not applicable for ROL No works are required for the ROL.
PO16 Existing infrastructure is not damaged by construction activities.	AO16 Construction, alterations and any repairs to infrastructure is undertaken in accordance with the Planning scheme policy SC5 – FNQROC Regional Development Manual. Note - Construction, alterations and any repairs to Statecontrolled roads and rail corridors are undertaken in accordance with the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> .	Will be complied with as applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
High speed telecommunication infrastructure		
PO17 Development provides infrastructure to facilitate the roll out of high speed telecommunications infrastructure.	AO17 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Will be complied with
Trade waste		
PO18 Where relevant, the development is capable of providing for the storage, collection treatment and disposal of trade waste such that: (a) off-site releases of contaminants do not occur; (b) the health and safety of people and the environment are protected; (c) the performance of the wastewater system is not put at risk.	AO18 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable
Fire services in developments accessed by common	private title	
PO19 Hydrants are located in positions that will enable fire services to access water safely, effectively and efficiently.	AO19.1 Residential streets and common access ways within a common private title places hydrants at intervals of no more than 120 metres and at each intersection. Hydrants may have a single outlet and be situated above or below ground.	Not applicable
	AO19.2 Commercial and industrial streets and access ways within a common private title serving commercial properties such as factories and warehouses and offices are provided with above or below ground fire hydrants located at not more than 90 metre	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	intervals and at each intersection. Above ground fire hydrants have dual-valved outlets.	
PO20 Hydrants are suitably identified so that fire services can locate them at all hours.	AO20 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable On-site fire fighting equipment is provided.
Note – Hydrants are identified as specified in the Department of Transport and Main Roads Technical Note: 'Identification of street hydrants for fire fighting purposes' available under 'Publications'.		



9.4.6 Landscaping code

The purpose of the Landscaping code is to assess the landscaping aspects of a development.

The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:

- (a) The tropical, lush landscape character of the region is retained, promoted and enhanced through high quality landscape works;
- (b) The natural environment of the region is enhanced;
- (c) The visual quality, amenity and identity of the region is enhanced;
- (d) Attractive streetscapes and public places are created through landscape design;
- (e) As far as practical, existing vegetation on site is retained, and protected during works and integrated with the built environment;
- (f) Landscaping is provided to enhance the tropical landscape character of development and the region;
- (g) Landscaping is functional, durable, contributes to passive energy conservation and provides for the efficient use of water and ease of ongoing maintenance;
- (h) Landscaping takes into account utility service protection;
- (i) Weed species and invasive species are eliminated from development sites;
- (j) Landscape design enhances personal safety and incorporates CPTED principles.



Table 9.4.6.3.a – Landscaping code –assessable development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
or self-assessable and assessable development		
Landscape design		
PO1 Development provides landscaping that contributes to and creates a high quality landscape character for the site, street and local areas of the Shire by: (a) promoting the Shire's character as a tropical environment; (b) softening the built form of development; (c) enhancing the appearance of the development from within and outside the development and makes a positive contribution to the streetscape;	AO1 Development provides landscaping: (a) in accordance with the minimum area, dimensions and other requirements of applicable development codes; (b) that is designed and planned in a way that meets the guidelines for landscaping outlined in Planning Scheme Policy SC6.7 – Landscaping; (c) that is carried out and maintained in accordance with a landscaping plan that meets the guidelines for landscaping outlined in Planning	Complies The proposed ROL will reduce the amount of landscaping on the Macrossan St site. The Centre Activities code requires a minimum 10% of the site is set aside for landscape planting. The proposed new Macrossan St site will provide for approx. 11% landscaped area.
 (d) screening the view of buildings, structures, open storage areas, service equipment, machinery plant and the like from public places, residences and other sensitive development; (e) where necessary, ensuring the privacy of habitable rooms and private outdoor recreation areas; 	Scheme Policy SC6.7 – Landscaping. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping provides guidance on meeting the outcomes of this code. A landscape plan submitted for approval in accordance with the Planning policy is one way to achieve this outcome.	
(f) contributing to a comfortable living environment and improved energy efficiency, by providing shade to reduce glare and heat absorption and re-radiation from buildings, parking areas and other hard surfaces; (g) ensuring private outdoor recreation space is useable; (h) providing long term soil erosion protection;		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
 (i) providing a safe environment; (j) integrating existing vegetation and other natural features of the premises into the development; (k) not adversely affecting vehicular and pedestrian sightlines and road safety. 		
For assessable development		
PO2 Landscaping contributes to a sense of place, is functional to the surroundings and enhances the streetscape and visual appearance of the development.	AO2.1 No acceptable outcomes are specified. Note - Landscaping is in accordance with the requirements specified in Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Not applicable for ROL The proposed ROL will not affect existing landscaping on the sites.
	AO2.2 Tropical urbanism is incorporated into building design. Note – 'Tropical urbanism' includes many things such as green walls, green roofs, podium planting and vegetation	Not applicable for ROL
PO3 Development provides landscaping that is, as far as practical, consistent with the existing desirable landscape character of the area and protects trees, vegetation and other features of ecological, recreational, aesthetic and cultural value.	AO3.1 Existing vegetation on site is retained and incorporated into the site design, wherever possible, utilising the methodologies and principles outline in AS4970-2009 Protection of Trees on Development Sites.	Complies
	AO3.2 Mature vegetation on the site that is removed or damaged during development is replaced with advanced species.	Not applicable



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO3.3 Where there is an existing landscape character in a street or locality which results from existing vegetation, similar species are incorporated into new development.	Not applicable for ROL
	AO3.4 Street trees are species which enhance the landscape character of the streetscape, with species chosen from the Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Not applicable for ROL
PO4 Plant species are selected with consideration to the scale and form of development, screening, buffering, streetscape, shading and the locality of the area.	AO4 Species are selected in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Not applicable for ROL
PO5 Shade planting is provided in car parking areas where uncovered or open, and adjacent to driveways and internal roadways.	AO5 Species are selected in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Not applicable for ROL
PO6 Landscaped areas are designed in order to allow for efficient maintenance.	AO6.1 A maintenance program is undertaken in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Not applicable for ROL
	AO6.2 Tree maintenance is to have regard to the 'Safe Useful Life Expectancy of Trees (SULE). Note – It may be more appropriate to replace trees with a SULE of less than 20 years (as an example), and replant with younger	Not applicable for ROL



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	healthy species.	
PO7 Podium planting is provided with appropriate species for long term survival and ease of maintenance, with beds capable of proper drainage.	AO7.1 Podium planting beds are provided with irrigation and are connected to stormwater infrastructure to permit flush out.	Not applicable for ROL
	AO7.2 Species of plants are selected for long term performance designed to suit the degree of access to podiums and roof tops for maintenance.	Not applicable for ROL
PO8 Development provides for the removal of all weed and invasive species and implement on-going measures to ensure that weeds and invasive species do not reinfest the site and nearby premises.	AO8 Weed and invasive species detected on a development site are removed in accordance with a management plan prepared by an appropriately qualified person.	Not applicable for ROL
PO9 The landscape design enhances personal safety and reduces the potential for crime and vandalism.	AO9 No acceptable outcomes are specified. Note - Planning scheme policy SC6.3 – Crime prevention through environmental design (CPTED) provides guidance on meeting this outcome.	Not applicable for ROL
PO10 The location and type of plant species does not adversely affect the function and accessibility of services and facilities and service areas.	AO10 Species are selected in accordance with Planning scheme policy SC6.7 – Landscaping.	Not applicable for ROL



9.4.9 Vegetation management code

The purpose of the Vegetation management code is achieved through the overall outcomes.

The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:

- (a) vegetation is protected from inappropriate damage;
- (b) where vegetation damage does occur it is undertaken in a sustainable manner;
- (c) significant trees are maintained and protected;
- (d) biodiversity and ecological values are protected and maintained;
- (e) habitats for rare, threatened and endemic species of flora and fauna are protected and maintained;
- (f) landscape character and scenic amenity is protected and maintained;
- (g) heritage values are protected and maintained.

Table 9.4.9.3.a – Vegetation management –assessable development

Note - All vegetation damage is to have regard to the provisions of AS4373-2009 Pruning of Amenity Trees

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response	
For self-assessable and assessable development	For self-assessable and assessable development		
 Vegetation is protected to ensure that: (a) the character and amenity of the local area is maintained; (b) vegetation damage does not result in fragmentation of habitats; (c) vegetation damage is undertaken in a sustainable manner; (d) the Shire's biodiversity and ecological values are maintained and protected; (e) vegetation of historical, cultural and / or visual significance is retained; 	AO1.1 Vegetation damage is undertaken by a statutory authority on land other than freehold land that the statutory authority has control over; or AO1.2 Vegetation damage is undertaken by or on behalf of the local government on land controlled, owned or operated by the local government;	Complies No significant native vegetation exists on the site.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
(f) vegetation is retained for erosion prevention and slope stabilisation.	AO1.3 Vegetation damage, other than referenced in AO1.1 or AO1.2 is the damage of: (a) vegetation declared as a pest pursuant to the Land Protection (Pest and Stock Route Management) Act 2002; or (b) vegetation identified within the local government's register of declared plants pursuant to the local government's local laws; or (c) vegetation is located within a Rural zone and the trunk is located within ten metres of an existing building; or (d) vegetation is located within the Conservation zone or Environmental management zone and the trunk is located within three metres of an existing or approved structure, not including a boundary fence;.	
	AO1.4 Vegetation damage that is reasonably necessary for carrying out work that is: (a) authorised or required under legislation or a local law; (b) specified in a notice served by the local government or another regulatory authority; or	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	AO1.5 Vegetation damage for development where the damage is on land the subject of a valid development approval and is necessary to give effect to the development approval;	
	or	
	AO1.6 Vegetation damage is in accordance with an approved Property Map of Assessable Vegetation issued under the Vegetation Management Act 1999;	
	Or	
	AO1.7	
	Vegetation damage is essential to the maintenance of an existing fire break;	
	or	
	AO1.8 Vegetation damage is essential to prevent interference to overhead service cabling;	
	or	
	AO1.9 Vegetation damage is for an approved Forest practice, where the lot is subject to a scheme	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	approved under the <i>Vegetation Management Act</i> 1999;	
	or	
	AO1.10 Vegetation damage is undertaken in accordance with section 584 of the Sustainable Planning Act 2009.	
	AO1.11 Vegetation damage where it is necessary to remove one tree in order to protect an adjacent more significant tree (where they are growing close to one another).	
	AO1.12 Private property owners may only remove dead, dying, structurally unsound vegetation following receipt of written advice from, at minimum, a fully qualified Certificate V Arborist. A copy of the written advice is to be submitted to Council for its records, a minimum of seven business days prior to the vegetation damage work commencing.	
PO2 Vegetation damaged on a lot does not result in a nuisance.	AO2.1 Damaged vegetation is removed and disposed of at an approved site;	Will be complied with
	or	
	AO2.2	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Applicant response
	Damaged vegetation is mulched or chipped if used onsite.	
For assessable development		
PO3 Vegetation damage identified on the Places of significance overlay lot does not result in a negative impact on the site's heritage values.	AO3 No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	Not applicable The site is not identified on the Places of Significance overlay.



APPENDIX 2: PROPOSAL PLANS

Drawing or Document	Reference	Date
Proposed survey plan – Proposed Lots 1 & 2 & Emt D in Lot 1 – Cancelling Lot 1 on RP718896 & Lot 1 on SP2677838	PR144236-1 by RPS Australia East Pty Ltd	11/10/2019





Scali Nominees Pty Ltd
Proposed Lots 1 & 2 & Emt D in Lot 1 - Cancelling Lot 1 on
RP718896 & Lot 1 on SP267838 - Warner Street, Port Douglas

RPS Australia East Pty Ltd ACN 140 292 762 135 Abbott St PO Box 1949 CAIRNS QLD 4870 T +61 7 4031 1336 F +61 7 4031 2942 W rpsgroup.com



Consent to the making of a development application under the *Planning Act* 2016

1/we: SCALINGS E/O DEAS	WHEES AM LIS + SECOND LCORP X 4213 FICHMOND EAG	> YORK PSTY
On behalf of: VICTO	RIA 3/21	
Of premises identified as:	23-25 Macrossan St, Port Douglas And 20 Warner Street, Port Douglas	
Described as: Insert Real Property Description	Lot 1 SP267838 Lot 1 RP718896	
Consent to Planz Town Planning making application for:	Reconfiguring a Lot to address parking and access ma	atters.
	12/	17/19
[Signature of Owner.	/ Director** / Body Corporate**] [D	ate]
** If signing on behalf of Company o	or Body Corporate - insert name of Company or Bod	y Corporate

**Guide - To determine who is the owner of the land

** If signing on behalf of Company or Body Corporate - insert name of Company or Body Corporate

[Date]

Landowner: The Person, Company, or Body Corporate shown on the rates notice or lease documents.

When there are multiple owners: The consent of each owner must be obtained.

When there are multiple lots: The consent of each of those landowners is required.

[Signature of Owner / Director / Body Corporate]

When the owner is a company: The company must consent to the application in accordance with Section 127 of The Corporations

Act 2001

Easements: The consent of easement owners is not always required. This is considered on an application by application basis.

Leases: If the land leased to you from someone else, Council or State, the lessors (not you) of the land must give the owner's consent.

COHACHE.

State owned land: If the land is state-owned land that is leased or subleased, The State as the lessor of the land must give owner's consent

Power of attorney: If power of attorney has been granted authorising another person to sign on the owner's behalf, a certified copy of the power of attorney is required to accompany the consent.